## X20DO4F49

## 1 General information

This module is equipped with 4 relay outputs. It can switch DC voltages up to 250 VDC and is therefore suitable for use in power generation systems.

- 4 digital outputs
- Relay module for 250 VDC / 240 VAC
- 2 normally open contacts and 2 changeover contacts
- Single-channel isolated outputs


## Danger!

Risk of electric shock!
The terminal block is only permitted to conduct voltage when it is connected. It is not permitted to be disconnected or connected while voltage is applied or have voltage applied to it while it is removed under any circumstances.

This module is not permitted to be the last module connected on the X2X Link network. At least one subsequent X20ZF dummy module must provide protection against contact.

## Danger!

The voltage classes on the terminal block must not be mixed! Only operation at mains voltage (e.g. 230 VAC) OR safety extra-low voltage (e.g. 24 VDC SELV) is permitted.

## 2 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Digital outputs |  |
| X20DO4F49 | X20 digital output module, 4 relays, 2 x normally open contacts, $2 x$ changeover contacts, 240 VAC / 2 A, 250 VDC / 0.28 A |  |
|  | Required accessories |  |
|  | Bus modules |  |
| X20BM32 | X20 bus module, for double-width modules, 240 VAC keyed, internal I/O power supply connected through |  |
|  | Terminal blocks |  |
| X20TB32 | X20 terminal block, 12-pin, 240 VAC keyed |  |

Table 1: X20DO4F49 - Order data

## 3 Technical data

| Order number | X20DO4F49 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Short description |  |
| I/O module | 4 digital outputs 250 VDC / 240 VAC, outputs single-channel isolated |
| General information |  |
| B\&R ID code | 0xF76A |
| Status indicators | I/O function per channel, operating state, module status |
| Diagnostics |  |
| Module run/error | Yes, using LED status indicator and software |
| Outputs | Yes, using LED status indicator |
| Power consumption |  |
| Bus | 1.1 W |
| Internal I/O | - |
| Additional power dissipation caused by actuators (resistive) [W] ${ }^{1)}$ | +0.32 |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety | IEC 61508 in preparation EN 62061 in preparation EN ISO 13849-1 in preparation IEC 61511 in preparation |
| UL | cULus E115267 <br> Industrial control equipment |
| DNV | Temperature: $\mathbf{B}\left(0-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Humidity: B (up to 100\%) <br> Vibration: B (4 g) <br> EMC: B (bridge and open deck) |
| Digital outputs |  |
| Variant | Relays: 2 normally open contacts and 2 changeover contacts Channels are single-channel isolated. |
| Nominal voltage | 250 VDC / 240 VAC |
| Max. voltage | 250 VAC |
| Switching voltage | Max. 250 VDC / 250 VAC |
| Rated frequency | DC / 45 to 63 Hz |
| Nominal output current | DC: See section "DC switching capacity". AC: 2 A at 240 VAC |
| Total nominal current | DC: See section "DC switching capacity". AC: 8 A at 240 VAC |
| Actuator power supply | External |
| Inrush current | Max. 8 A (per channel) |
| Contact resistance | Max. $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |
| Switching delay |  |
| $0 \rightarrow 1$ | Normally open contact $\leq 15 \mathrm{~ms} /$ Changeover contact $\leq 19 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| $1 \rightarrow 0$ | Normally open contact $\leq 11 \mathrm{~ms} /$ Changeover contact $\leq 15 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Insulation voltages |  |
| Channel - Bus | Tested at 3500 VAC |
| Channel - Channel | Tested at 1700 VAC |
| Channel - Ground | Tested at 3500 VAC |
| Service life |  |
| Electrical ${ }^{2)}$ | $10^{5}$ at 2 A (normally open contact and changeover contact) |
| Mechanical | $30 \times 10^{6}$ cycles (normally open contact and changeover contact) |
| Switching capacity |  |
| Minimum | 0.12 W DC / 2.4 W AC |
| Maximum | DC: See section "DC switching capacity". AC: 480 W |
| Protective circuit |  |
| Internal | None |
| External |  |
| AC | RC combination or VDR |
| DC | Inverse diode, RC combination or VDR |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Electrical isolation | Channel isolated from channel, bus and I/O power supply |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Mounting orientation |  |
| Horizontal | Yes |
| Vertical | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| 0 to 2000 m | No limitation |
| >2000 m | Reduction of ambient temperature by $0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ per $100 \mathrm{~m}{ }^{3)}$ |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP20 |

Table 2: X20DO4F49 - Technical data

| Order number | X20DO4F49 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation | -25 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Horizontal mounting orientation | -25 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Vertical mounting orientation | - |
| Derating | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport |  |
| Relative humidity | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Operation | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport |  |
| Mechanical properties | Order 1x terminal block X20TB32 separately. |
| Note | Order 1x bus module X20BM32 separately. |
| Pitch | $25^{+0.2} \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Table 2: X20DO4F49 - Technical data

1) Number of outputs $x$ Contact resistance $x$ Nominal output current ${ }^{2}$. For a calculation example, see section "Mechanical and electrical configuration" in the X20 system user's manual.
2) With resistive load. See also section "Electrical service life".
3) Maximum permissible height: 4000 m

### 3.1 DC switching capacity

The following table shows the possible load on the outputs with resistive or inductive load based on the DC voltage applied.

| Voltage [VDC] | Resistive load [A] | Inductive load (L/R = 20 $\mathbf{~ m s}$ [ [A] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | 2 | 0.7 |
| 48 | $0.58^{1)}$ | 0.3 |
| 72 | $0.38^{1)}$ | 0.2 |
| 110 | 0.28 | 0.15 |
| 125 | 0.28 | 0.14 |
| 200 | 0.28 | 0.1 |
| 250 | 0.28 | - |

1) Based on R300 rating per UL 508

## Switching capacity for resistive load



## 4 LED status indicators

For a description of the various operating modes, see section "Additional information - Diagnostic LEDs" in the X20 system user's manual.

| Figure | LED | Color | Status | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | r | Green | Off | No power to module |
|  |  |  | Single flash | Mode RESET |
|  |  |  | Blinking | Mode PREOPERATIONAL |
| - - |  |  | On | Mode RUN |
| 守 | e | Red | Off | Module not supplied with power or everything OK |
| $\bigcirc \quad \square$ |  |  | On | Error or reset state |
| (1) 4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline e+r \\ \hline 1-4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Solid red / Single green flash |  | Invalid firmware |
| \$ |  | Orange |  | Output state of the corresponding digital output |

## 5 Pinout



## 6 Connection example



## 7 Output circuit diagram



## 8 Electrical service life

The diagram shows the number of switching cycles based on current at 240 VAC and with resistive load.


## 9 Register description

### 9.1 General data points

In addition to the registers described in the register description, the module has additional general data points. These are not module-specific but contain general information such as serial number and hardware variant.

General data points are described in section "Additional information - General data points" in the X20 system user's manual.

### 9.2 Function model 0 - Standard

| Register | Fixed offset | Name | Data type | Read |  | Write |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Cyclic | Acyclic | Cyclic | Acyclic |
| 2 | 0 | DigitalOutput | USINT |  |  | - |  |
|  |  | DigitalOutput01 | Bit 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | ... |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | DigitalOutput04 | Bit 3 |  |  |  |  |

Fixed modules require their data points to be in a specific order in the X2X frame. Cyclic access occurs according to a predefined offset, not based on the register address.

Acyclic access continues to be based on the register numbers.

### 9.3 Function model 254 - Bus controller

| Register | Offset ${ }^{1}$ | Name | Data type | Read |  | Write |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Cyclic | Acyclic | Cyclic | Acyclic |
| 2 | 0 | Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 4 | USINT |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |
|  |  | DigitalOutput01 | Bit 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ... | ... |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | DigitalOutput04 | Bit 3 |  |  |  |  |

1) The offset specifies the position of the register within the CAN object.

### 9.3.1 Using the module on the bus controller

Function model 254 "Bus controller" is used by default only by non-configurable bus controllers. All other bus controllers can use other registers and functions depending on the fieldbus used.

For detailed information, see section "Additional information - Using I/O modules on the bus controller" in the X20 user's manual (version 3.50 or later).

### 9.3.2 CAN I/O bus controller

The module occupies 1 digital logical slot on CAN I/O.

### 9.4 Digital outputs

The output state is transferred to the output channels with a fixed offset ( $<60 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ) based on the network cycle (SyncOut).

### 9.4.1 Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 4

Name:
DigitalOutput
DigitalOutput01 to DigitalOutput04
This register is used to store the switching state of digital outputs 1 to 4 .
Only function model 0 - Standard:
Setting "Packed outputs" in the Automation Studio I/O configuration determines whether all bits of this register should be applied individually as data points in the Automation Studio I/O assignment ("DigitalOutput01" to "DigitalOutput0x") or whether this register should be displayed as a single USINT data point ("DigitalOutput").

| Data type | Values | Information |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| USINT | 0 to 15 | Packed outputs = On |
|  | See the bit structure. | Packed outputs = Off or function model $\neq 0$ - Standard. |

Bit structure:

| Bit | Description | Value | Information |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | DigitalOutput01 | 0 | Digital output 01 reset |
|  |  | 1 | Digital output 01 set |
| $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ |  |
| 3 | DigitalOutput04 | 0 | Digital output 04 reset |
|  |  | 1 | Digital output 04 set |

### 9.5 Minimum cycle time

The minimum cycle time specifies how far the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring. It is important to note that very fast cycles reduce the idle time available for handling monitoring, diagnostics and acyclic commands.

Minimum cycle time
$250 \mu \mathrm{~s}$

### 9.6 Minimum I/O update time

The minimum I/O update time specifies how far the bus cycle can be reduced so that an I/O update is performed in each cycle.

To install the device(s) according to the UL/CSA/IEC standard, the following rules must be observed.

## Information:

- The switch or circuit-breaker must be included in the installation of external device connected to MAINS SUPPLY through switching contacts of X20DO4F49, be suitably located, easily reached and marked as the disconnecting device for the equipment. If there is only one device - one switch or one circuit-breaker - symbols 9 and 10 of Table 1, UL/CSA/IEC 61010 are sufficient if the symbols are marked on or adjacent to the switch or circuit-breaker.
a) Circuit-breaker employed as a disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of UL Standard 489 / CSA Standard (C22.2) No. 5 / IEC 60947-2, be suitable for the application and installed near the equipment.
b) Switch employed as a disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of UL Standard 508 / CSA Standard (C22.2) No. 14 / IEC 60947-3, be suitable for the application and installed near the equipment.
- Equipment intended to be energized from a MAINS supply shall be protected by fuses, cir-cuit-breakers, thermal cut-outs, impedance limiting circuits or similar means, to provide protection against excessive current being drawn from the MAINS in case of a fault in the equipment.
a) Overcurrent protection devices shall not be fitted in the protective conductor. Fuses or single pole circuit-breakers shall not be fitted in the neutral conductor of multi-phase equipment.
b) A single-pole circuit-breaker used as an overcurrent protective device shall be connected in the ungrounded supply conductor.
c) A multiple-pole circuit-breaker used as an overcurrent protective device or devices shall be so constructed as to interrupt all of the neutral (grounded) and ungrounded conductors of the MAINS supply simultaneously.
d) Fuses shall meet the relevant requirements of UL Standard 248 / CSA Standard (C22.2) No. 248 / IEC 60127, be suitable for the application and installed near the equipment.
e) A single fuse used as an overcurrent protective device shall be connected in the ungrounded supply conductor.
f) Where fuses are used as overcurrent protective devices in both the neutral (grounded) and ungrounded supply conductors, the fuse holders shall be mounted adjacent to each other and the fuses shall be of the same RATING and characteristics.
g) The screw shell of a plug fuse holder and the ACCESSIBLE contact of an extractor fuse holder connected to the ungrounded supply conductor shall be connected towards the load. The ACCESSIBLE contact or screw shell of fuse holders connected in the neutral (grounded) conductor shall be located towards the grounded supply line.


## Information:

- If the equipment is used in a not specified manner, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- The devices are intended to be used in a final safety enclosure that must conform with rquirements for protection against the spread of fire and have adequate rigidity per UL 61010-1 and UL 61010-2-201.
- Minimum temperature rating of the cable to be connected to the field wiring terminals $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, AWG 28 ... 14, Use Copper Conductors Only.
- The devices are designed to be maintenance-free, repairs are not permitted to be carried out.


## Caution!

- The external circuits intended to be connected to this device, except for MAINS supply of the equipment, shall be galvanically separated from MAINS supply or hazardous live voltage by reinforced or double insulation and meet the requirements of SELV/PELV.

