# X67DM9321

### **1** General information

This module has 8 digital channels that can be configured as inputs or outputs. The inputs are designed for sink connections, the outputs for source connections.

The node number switch for setting the X2X Link address is a unique feature. When modular machine configurations change, it is necessary, for example, to define specific module groups at a fixed address that is independent of the preceding modules in the line. All subsequent standard modules refer to this offset and use it automatically for addressing purposes.

- 8 digital channels, configurable as inputs or outputs
- Node number switches for setting the X2X Link address
- Outputs with short circuit protection
- All outputs with single-channel diagnostics
- Configurable input delay
- 2 additional channels with counter functions

### 2 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Digital mixed modules	
X67DM9321	X67 digital mixed module, 8 channels configurable as inputs or outputs, 24 VDC, 0.5 A, configurable input filter, 2 event counters 50 kHz X2X Link address switch	

#### Table 1: X67DM9321 - Order data

Required accessories For a general overview, see section "Accessories - General overview" of the X67 system user's manual.

## 3 Technical data

Model number	X67DM9321
Short description	
I/O module	8 digital channels, configurable as inputs or outputs using software, inputs with additional functions
General information	
Isolation voltage between channel and bus	500 V <sub>Eff</sub>
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
B&R ID code	0x199B
Sensor/Actuator power supply	0.5 A summation current
Status indicators	I/O function for each channel, supply voltage, bus function
Diagnostics	
Outputs	Yes, using status LED and software
I/O power supply	Yes, using status LED and software
Connection type	
X2X Link	M12, B-keyed
Inputs/Outputs	8x M8, 3-pin
I/O power supply	M8, 4-pin
Power consumption	
Internal I/O	2.5 W
X2X Link power supply	0.75 W
Certifications	0.75 W
	Vaa
CE KC	Yes
EAC	Yes
UL	cULus E115267
HazLoc	Industrial control equipment
HALLUG	cCSAus 244665 Process control equipment
	for hazardous locations
	Class I, Division 2, Groups ABCD, T5
ATEX	Zone 2, II 3G Ex nA IIA T5 Gc
	IP67, Ta = 0 - Max. 60°C
	TÜV 05 ATEX 7201X
I/O power supply	
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
Voltage range	18 to 30 VDC
Integrated protection	Reverse polarity protection
Power consumption	
Sensor/Actuator power supply	Max. 12 W <sup>1)</sup>
Sensor/Actuator power supply	
Voltage	I/O power supply minus voltage drop for short circuit protection
Voltage drop for short-circuit protection at 0.5 A	Max. 2 VDC
Summation current	Max. 0.5 A
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Digital inputs	
Input voltage	18 to 30 VDC
Input current at 24 VDC	
	Typ. 4 mA
Input characteristics per EN 61131-2	Туре 1
Input filter	
Hardware	<10 μs (channels 1 to 4) / <70 μs (channels 5 to 8)
Software	Default 0 ms, configurable between 0 and 25 ms in 0.2 ms intervals
Input circuit	Sink
Additional functions	50 kHz event counting, gate measurement
Input resistance	Typ. 5 kΩ
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 VDC
High	>15 VDC
Event counter	
Quantity	2
Signal form	Square wave pulse
Evaluation	Each falling edge, cyclic counter
Evaluation Input frequency	
	Each falling edge, cyclic counter
Input frequency	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz
Input frequency Counter 1	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement Quantity	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz 16-bit
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement Quantity Signal form	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz 16-bit 1 Square wave pulse
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement Quantity Signal form Evaluation	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz 16-bit
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement Quantity Signal form Evaluation Counter frequency	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz 16-bit 1 Square wave pulse Rising edge - Falling edge
Input frequency Counter 1 Counter 2 Counter frequency Counter size Gate measurement Quantity Signal form Evaluation	Each falling edge, cyclic counter Max. 50 kHz Input 1 Input 3 Max. 50 kHz 16-bit 1 Square wave pulse

Table 2: X67DM9321 - Technical data

Model number	X67DM9321
Length of pause between pulses	≥100 µs
Pulse length	≥20 µs
Supported inputs	Input 2 or input 4
Digital outputs	
Variant	FET positive switching
Switching voltage	I/O power supply minus residual voltage
Nominal output current	0.5 A
Total nominal current	4 A
Output circuit	Source
Output protection	Thermal cutoff for overcurrent and short circuit, integrated protection for
	switching inductances, reverse polarity protection for output power supply
Diagnostic status	Output monitoring with 10 ms delay
Leakage current when switched off	5 µA
Switching on after overload shutdown	Approx. 10 ms (depends on the module temperature)
Residual voltage	<0.3 V at 0.5 A rated current
Peak short-circuit current	<12 A
Switching delay	
$0 \rightarrow 1$	<400 µs
$1 \rightarrow 0$	<00 µ0
Switching frequency	
Resistive load	Max. 100 Hz
Braking voltage when switching off inductive loads	50 VDC
Electrical properties	
Electrical isolation	Channel isolated from bus
	Channel not isolated from channel
Operating conditions	
Mounting orientation	
Any	Yes
Installation elevation above sea level	
0 to 2000 m	No limitations
>2000 m	Reduction of ambient temperature by 0.5°C per 100 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP67
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	-25 to 60°C
Derating	-
Storage	-40 to 85°C
Transport	-40 to 85°C
Mechanical properties	
Dimensions	
Width	53 mm
Height	85 mm
Depth	42 mm
Weight	190 g
Torque for connections	
M8	Max. 0.4 Nm
M12	Max. 0.6 Nm

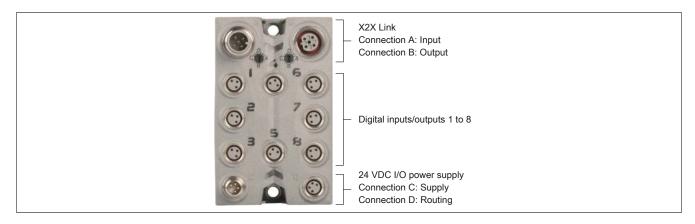
#### Table 2: X67DM9321 - Technical data

1) The power consumption of the sensors and actuators connected to the module is not permitted to exceed 12 W.

## 4 LED status indicators

Figure	LED	Color/State	us	Description		
	Status ind	icator 1: Status	indicator for X2X L	ink		
Status indicator 1:	LED	Green	Red	Description		
Left: Green, Right: Red		Off	Off	No power supply via X2X Link		
		On	Off	X2X Link supplied, communication OK		
		Off	On	X2X Link supplied but X2X Link communication not functioning		
		On	On	PREOPERATIONAL: X2X Link supplied, module not initialized		
	I/O LEDs					
01 0 60	LED	Color	Status	Description		
$\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$	1 - 8	Orange	-	Output status of the corresponding digital input/output		
2 7	Status indicator 2: Status indicator for module function					
0 0	LED	Color	Status	Description		
3 5 8	Left	Green	Off	No power to module		
$\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$			Single flash	RESET mode		
			Blinking	PREOPERATIONAL mode		
			On	RUN mode		
	Right	Red	Off	No power to module or everything OK		
			On	Error or reset status		
Status indicator 2: Left: Green, Right: Red			Single flash	Warning/Error on an I/O channel. Level monitoring for digital out-		
Leit. Green, Right. Red				puts has been triggered.		
			Double flash	Supply voltage not in the valid range		

### **5** Operating and connection elements



### 6 Node number switches



The decentralized X2X Link backplane, which connects individual X67 modules with one another, is set up to be self-addressing. Because of this, it is not necessary to set the node numbers. The module address is assigned according to its position in the X2X Link line.

In certain cases, e.g. when configurations of modular machines change, it is necessary to define specific module groups at a fixed address, regardless of the preceding modules in the line.

For this reason, the digital mixed module is equipped with node number switches that can be used to set the X2X Link address. All subsequent modules refer to this offset and use it automatically for addressing purposes.

#10	) #11 #12	#30 #31	#20 #21 #22	#50 #51 #52
X2X Link © ©				

Figure 1: Sample configuration

If the node number on the module is set to 0x00, then the module address is assigned according to its position in the X2X Link line.

### 7 X2X Link

This module is connected to X2X Link using pre-assembled cables. The connection is made using M12 circular connectors.

Connection		Pinout
<sup>3</sup> , <b>A</b>	Pin	Description
	1	X2X+
	2	X2X
2	3	X2X⊥
	4	X2X\
	Shield connect	ion made via threaded insert in the module.
	$A \rightarrow B$ -keyed (i $B \rightarrow B$ -keyed (f	male), input řemale), output

### 8 24 VDC I/O power supply

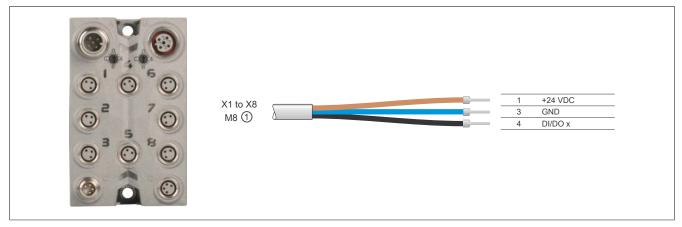
The I/O power supply is connected via M8 connectors C and D. The I/O power supply is connected via connector C (male). Connector D (female) is used to route the I/O power supply to other modules.

### Information:

### The maximum permissible current for the I/O power supply is 8 A (4 A per connection pin)!

Connection		Pinout
<sup>2</sup> C	Pin	Description
1	1	24 VDC
	2	24 VDC
4	3	GND
	4	GND
3		
	$C \rightarrow Connecto$	r (male) in module, feed for I/O power supply
D <sup>2</sup>	$D \rightarrow Connection$	on (female) in module, routing of I/O power supply
4-67-1		

### 9 Pinout

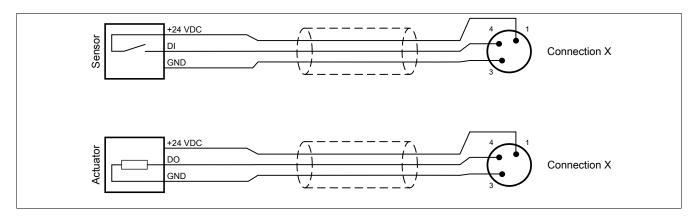


① X67CA0D40.xxxx: M8 sensor cable, straight X67CA0D50.xxxx: M8 sensor cable, angled

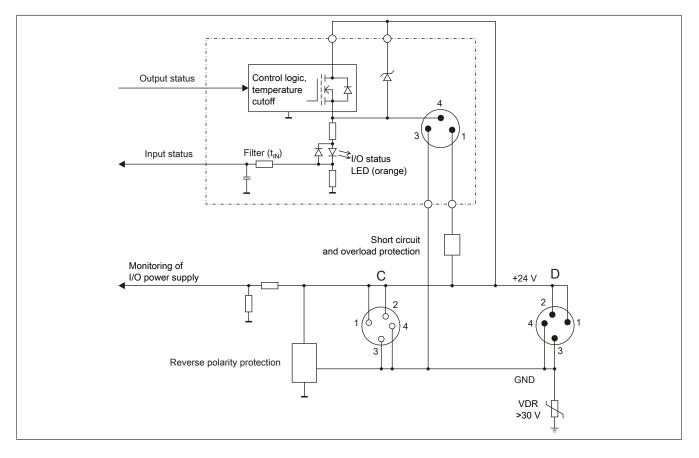
### 9.1 Connections X1 to X8

M8, 3-pin		Pinout
3	Pin	Name
4	1	24 VDC sensor/actuator power supply <sup>1)</sup>
( 1)	3	GND
	4	Inputs/Outputs
1	1) Sensors/Act	uators are not permitted to be supplied externally.
	Connections (f	emale), input/output

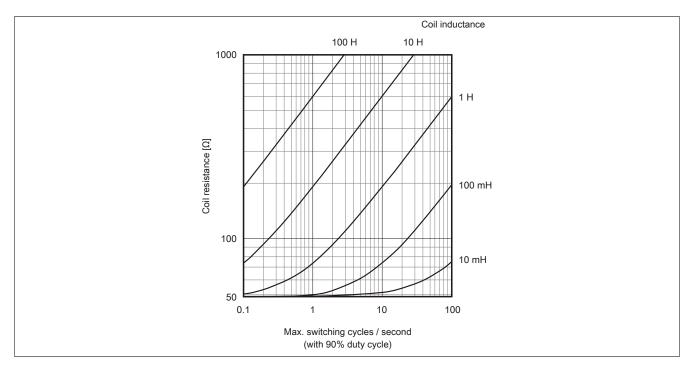
## **10 Connection examples**



## 11 Input/Output circuit diagram



## 12 Switching inductive loads



## **13 Register description**

### 13.1 General data points

In addition to the registers listed in the register description, the module also has other more general data points. These registers are not specific to the module but contain general information such as serial number and hardware version.

These general data points are listed in section "Additional information - General data points" of the X67 system user's manual.

### 13.2 Function model 2 - Standard

Register	Name	Data type	R	ead	Write	
			Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
onfiguratio	n					
16	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
18	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
ommunicat	ion					
0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 8	USINT	٠			
	DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
	DigitalInput08	Bit 7				
2	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 8	USINT		Acyclic     Cyclic       Acyclic     Cyclic		
	DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
	DigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
30	30 Status of digital outputs 1 to 8 USINT •					
	StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
	StatusDigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
26	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	٠			
	InputLatch01	Bit 0				
	InputLatch08	Bit 7			•	
28	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT			•	
	QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0				
	QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
8192	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8196	asy_SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
8208	asy_SupplyInput	USINT		•		

## 13.3 Function model 1 - Counter

Register	Name	Data type	R	ead	Write	
			Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
onfiguratio	n					
16	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
20	ConfigOutput01 (counter channel 1)	USINT				•
22	ConfigOutput02 (counter channel 2)	USINT				•
18	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
ommunicat	ion					_
0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 8	USINT	•			
	DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
	DigitalInput08	Bit 7				
2	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 8	USINT			Cyclic Cyclic Cyclic	
	DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
	DigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
30	Status of digital outputs 1 to 8	USINT	٠			
	StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
	StatusDigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
26	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	•	•		
	InputLatch01	Bit 0				
	InputLatch08	Bit 7				
28	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT			•	
	QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0				
	QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
4	Counter01	UINT	•			
6	Counter02	UINT	•			
20	Reset counter 1	USINT			•	
	ResetCounter01	Bit 5				
22	Reset counter 2 USINT		•			
	ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
8192	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8196	asy SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
8208	asy SupplyInput	USINT		•		

13.4 Function	model 254	- Bus	controller
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Register	Offset <sup>1)</sup>	Name	Data type	R	ead	W	rite
-				Cyclic	Acyclic	Cyclic	Acyclic
onfiguration							
16	-	ConfigIOMask01	USINT				•
20	-	ConfigOutput01 (counter channel 1)	USINT				•
22	-	ConfigOutput02 (counter channel 2)	USINT				•
18	-	ConfigOutput03 (input filter)	USINT				•
ommunicatio	n						
0	0	Input state of digital inputs 1 to 8	USINT	•			
		DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
		DigitalInput08	Bit 7				
2	0	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 8	USINT			•	
		DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
		DigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
30	-	Status of digital outputs 1 to 8	USINT	٠			
		StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
		StatusDigitalOutput08	Bit 7				
26	-	Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8	USINT	•			
		InputLatch01	Bit 0				
		InputLatch08	Bit 7				
28	-	Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8	USINT			•	
		QuitInputLatch01	Bit 0				
		QuitInputLatch08	Bit 7				
4	-	Counter01	UINT		•		
6	-	Counter02	UINT		•		
20	-	Reset counter 1	USINT			•	
		ResetCounter01	Bit 5				
22	-	Reset counter 2	USINT			•	
		ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
8192	-	asy_ModulID	UINT		•		
8196	-	asy_SupplyStatus	USINT		•		
8208	-	asy_SupplyInput	USINT		•		1

1) The offset specifies the position of the register within the CAN object.

### 13.4.1 Using the module on the bus controller

Function model 254 "Bus controller" is used by default only by non-configurable bus controllers. All other bus controllers can use additional registers and functions depending on the fieldbus used.

For detailed information, see section "Additional information - Using I/O modules on the bus controller" of the X67 user's manual (version 3.30 or later).

### 13.4.2 CAN I/O bus controller

The module occupies 1 digital logical slot on CAN I/O.

### **13.5 Configuration**

### 13.5.1 I/O mask 1 to 8

Name:

ConfigIOMask01

Channels are configured as inputs/outputs in this register. It also determines whether output monitoring or filtering is applied to the channels. Outputs are monitored but not filtered.

### Information:

In counter operation, channels 1 to 4 can only be configured as inputs.

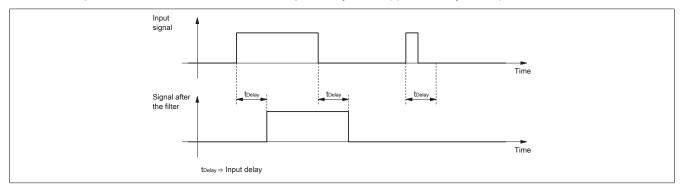
Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See bit structure.	0

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	Channel 1 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output
7	Channel 8 configured as input/output	0	Configured as input (bus controller default setting)
		1	Configured as output

### 13.5.2 Input filter

An input filter is available for each input. The input delay can be set using register "ConfigOutput03" on page 11. Disturbance pulses which are shorter than the input delay are suppressed by the input filter.



### 13.5.2.1 Digital input filter

Name:

ConfigOutput03

This register can be used to specify the filter value for all digital inputs.

The filter value can be configured in steps of 100  $\mu$ s. It makes sense to enter values in steps of 2, however, since the input signals are sampled every 200  $\mu$ s.

Data type	Value	Filter	
USINT	0	lo software filter (bus controller default setting)	
	2	0.2 ms	
	250	25 ms - Higher values are limited to this value	

### 13.5.3 Configuration of Counter Channels 1 and 2

Name: ConfigOutput01 to ConfigOutput02 ResetCounter01 to ResetCounter02

Counter channels 1 and 2 are configured in this register.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 2	Configuration of the counter frequency (only with gate mea-	000	Counter frequency = 48 MHz (bus controller default setting)
	surement)	001	Counter frequency = 3 MHz
		010	Counter frequency = 187.5 kHz
		011 to 111	Reserved
3 - 4	Reserved	0	
5	ResetCounter0x	0	No affect on counter (bus controller default setting)
		1	Delete counter
6 - 7	Configuration of the operating mode	0	Event counter operation (Bus controller default setting)
		1	Gate measurement

#### Event counter operation

The falling edges are registered on the counter input.

The counter status is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

### Gate measurement

### Information:

### Only one of the counter channels at a time can be used for gate measurement.

The time of rising to falling edges for the gate input is registered using an internal frequency. The result is checked for overflow (0xFFFF).

The recovery time between measurements must be >100 µs.

The measurement result is transferred with the falling edge to the result memory.

### **13.6 Communication**

### 13.6.1 Digital inputs

### Unfiltered

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

#### Filtered

The filtered status is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle. Filtering takes place asynchronously to the network in multiples of 200 µs with a network-related jitter of up to 50 µs.

### 13.6.1.1 Input state of digital inputs 1 to 8

Name:

DigitalInput01 to DigitalInput08

This register indicates the input state of digital inputs 1 to 8.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInput01	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 1
7	DigitalInput08	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 8

### 13.6.2 Digital outputs

The output status is transferred to the output channels with a fixed offset in relation to the network cycle (SyncOut).

### 13.6.2.1 Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 8

Name:

DigitalOutput01 to DigitalOutput08

This register is used to store the switching state of digital outputs 1 to 8.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalOutput01	0	Digital output 01 reset
		1	Digital output 01 set
7	DigitalOutput08	0	Digital output 08 reset
		1	Digital output 08 set

#### 13.6.3 Monitoring status of the digital outputs

On the module, the output states of the outputs are compared to the target states. The control of the output driver is used for the target state.

A change in the output state resets monitoring for that output. The status of each individual channel can be read. A change in the monitoring status generates an error message.

### 13.6.3.1 Status of digital outputs 1 to 8

Name:

StatusDigitalOutput01 to StatusDigitalOutput08

This register is used to indicate the status of digital outputs 1 to 8.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	StatusDigitalOutput01	0	Channel 01: No error
		1	Channel 01: Short circuit or overload
7	StatusDigitalOutput08	0	Channel 08: No error
		1	Channel 08: Short circuit or overload

### 13.6.4 Input latch

It works in the same way as a dominant reset RS flip-flop.



### 13.6.4.1 Input latch - Rising edges 1 to 8

Name:

InputLatch01 to InputLatch08

The rising edges of the input signal can be latched with a resolution of 200 µs in this register. The input latch is either reset or prevented from latching with register "QuitInputLatch0x" on page 14.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

### Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	InputLatch01	0	Do not latch input 1
		1	Latch input 1
7	InputLatch08	0	Do not latch input 8
		1	Latch input 8

### 13.6.4.2 Acknowledgment - Input latch 1 to 8

#### Name:

QuitInputLatch01 to QuitInputLatch08

This register is used to reset the input latch by channel.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

### Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	QuitInputLatch01	0	Do not reset input 1
		1	Reset input 1
7	QuitInputLatch08	0	Do not reset input 8
		1	Reset input 8

#### 13.6.5 Event counter / Gate measurement

Name:

### Counter01 and Counter02

Depending on the mode, this register contains the counter value or gate time of channel 1 and channel 2.

Data type	Values
UINT	0 to 65535

#### 13.6.6 Reading the module ID

Name:

asy\_ModulID

This register offers the possibility to read the module ID.

Data type	Values
UINT	Module ID

#### 13.6.7 Operating limit status registers

Name: asy\_SupplyStatus

This register can be used to read the status of the operating limits.

Data type	Values
USINT	See bit structure.

#### Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0	I/O power supply within/outside warning limits	0	Within the warning limits (18 to 30 V)
		1	Outside of the warning limits (<18 V or >30 V)
1 - 7	Reserved	0	

### 13.6.8 I/O supply voltage

Name:

asy\_SupplyInput

This register contains the I/O supply voltage measured by the module.

Data type	Values	Information
USINT	0 to 255	Resolution 1 V

### 13.6.9 Output supply voltage

Name:

asy\_SupplyOutput

This register contains the output supply voltage measured by the module.

Data type	Values	Information
USINT	0 to 255	Resolution 1 V

### 13.7 Minimum I/O update time

The minimum I/O update time defines how far the bus cycle can be reduced while still allowing an I/O update to take place in each cycle.

Minimum I/O update time		
Without filtering	150 µs	
With filtering	200 µs	
Counter operation	250 µs	

### **13.8 Minimum cycle time**

The minimum cycle time specifies the time up to which the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring. It is important to note that very fast cycles reduce the idle time available for handling monitoring, diagnostics and acyclic commands.

Minimum cycle time		
Without filtering	150 µs	
With filtering	200 µs	
Counter operation	250 µs	