X20SP1130

Information:

B&R makes every effort to keep data sheets as current as possible. From a safety point of view, however, the current version of the data sheet must always be used.

The certified, currently valid data sheet can be downloaded from the B&R website <u>www.br-automa-</u> tion.com.

Organization of notices

Safety notices

Contain only information that warns of dangerous functions or situations.

Signal word	Description
Danger!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices will result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property.
Warning!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property.
Caution!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in minor injury or damage to property.
Notice!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in damage to property.

Table 1: Organization of safety notices

General notices

Contain useful information for users and instructions for avoiding malfunctions.

Signal word	Description
Information:	Useful information, application tips and instructions for avoiding malfunctions.

Table 2: Organization of general notices

1 General information

The modules are equipped with 1 safe digital output. The nominal output current is 10 A. Power supply modules are used for the internal I/O power supply.

A safe digital output channel is integrated in the module for cutting off the I/O power supply of connected X20 modules in safety-related applications up to PL e or SIL 3.

The output is designed using semiconductor technology so that the safety-related characteristics do not depend on the number of operating cycles. The "high-side high-side" variant (output type B) is required for actuators with reference potential (e.g. enable inputs on frequency inverters). It is important to observe the special notices for the wiring in this case.

In addition, the instructions for cutting off X20 potential groups must be observed.

Safe digital output modules are equipped with protection against automatic restart in the event of network errors.

These modules are designed for X20 12-pin terminal blocks.

- 1 safe digital output with 10 A
- Source circuit
- Output type B
- 24 VDC power supply module for internal I/O power supply
- Safe cutoff of potential groups with standard outputs
- · Safely switched potential can also be tapped externally
- Integrated output protection

1.1 Function

Power supply module

The power supply module is used for the internal I/O power supply. A safe digital output channel is integrated in the module for cutting off the I/O power supply of connected X20 modules in safety-related applications up to PL e or SIL 3.

The modules arranged in the X20 potential group must support the "safe cutoff of an X20 potential group" operating principle.

The potential switched with the safe digital output channel is conducted on pins 11 and 21 of the terminal block so that externally connected actuators can be cut off in this way as well. The output is designed using semiconductor technology so that the safety-related characteristics do not depend on the number of operating cycles.

Safe digital output channels provide protection against automatic restart when network errors occur. Function blocks needed to fulfill additional requirements regarding protection against automatic restart are available in SafeDESIGNER. The outputs can also be controlled by the standard application. The combination of safety-related control and standard control is arranged such that the execution of a cutoff request always has top priority. For diagnostic purposes, the outputs are designed to be read back.

Safe digital outputs

The module is equipped with a safe digital output channel. It can be flexibly used for controlling actuators in safety-related applications up to PL e or SIL 3.

The output is designed using semiconductor technology so that its safety-related characteristics do not depend on the number of operating cycles. In order to handle all situations involving actuators, there are basically 2 different types of outputs: the high-side - low-side variant (type A) and the high-side - high-side variant (type B). Type A outputs have safety-related advantages since the actuator can be cut off in its connection cable in all error scenarios. Type A outputs are limited to actuators without reference potential (e.g. relays, valves). For actuators with reference potential (e.g. enable inputs on frequency inverters), type B outputs are required. It is important to observe the special notices for the wiring in this case.

Safe digital output channels provide protection against automatic restart when network errors occur. Function blocks needed to fulfill additional requirements regarding protection against automatic restart are available in SafeDESIGNER. The outputs can also be controlled by the standard application. The combination of safety-related control and standard control is arranged such that the execution of a cutoff request always has top priority. For diagnostic purposes, the outputs are readable.

Depending on the product, the safe digital output channels are equipped with current measurement for detecting open circuits. This function can also be used to monitor muting lamps, for example.

The testing of the semiconductors that is necessary from a safety point of view results in what are known as OSSD low phases in many products. The effect of this is that when an output is active (high state), a switch-off situation (low state) occurs for a very brief amount of time. The test can be cut off if this behavior leads to problems in the application. Observe the associated safety-related notices!

openSAFETY

This module uses the protective mechanisms of openSAFETY when transferring data to the various bus systems. Because the data is encapsulated in the openSAFETY container in a fail-safe manner, the components on the network that are involved in the transfer do not require any additional safety-related features. At this point, only the safety-related characteristic values specified for openSAFETY in the technical data are to be consulted. The data in the openSAFETY container undergoes safety-related processing only when received by the remote station; for this reason, only this component is involved from a safety point of view. Read access to the data in the openSAFETY container for applications without safety-related characteristics is permitted at any point in the network without affecting the safety-related characteristics of openSAFETY.



2 Overview

Module	X20SP1130	
Number of outputs	1	
Nominal voltage	24 VDC	
Nominal output current	10 A	
Output protection	Protection for switching inductive loads	

Table 3: Power supply modules

3 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Power supply modules
X20SP1130	X20 power supply module, with integrated safe cutoff function, for internal I/O power supply, 24 VDC, 10 A, 1 safe type B1 digital output, 24 VDC, 10 A, without OSSD, note the list of permitted modules in the potential group
	Required accessories
	Bus modules
X20BM23	X20 power supply bus module, for X20 SafeIO power supply modules, internal I/O power supply interrupted to the left
X20BM26	X20 power supply bus module, for X20 SafeIO power supply modules, with node number switch, internal I/O power supply interrupted to the left
	Terminal blocks
X20TB52	X20 terminal block, 12-pin, safety-keyed

Table 4: X20SP1130 - Order data

4 Technical data

Model number	X20SP1130		
Short description			
I/O module	1 safe type B1 digital output, 24 VDC, 10 A, without OSSD, note list of permitted modules in the potential group		
General information			
B&R ID code	0x1DBF		
System requirements			
Automation Studio	3.0.81.15 or later		
Automation Runtime	3.00 or later		
SafeDESIGNER	2.70 or later		
Safety Release	1.2 or later		
Status indicators	I/O function per channel, operating state, module status		
Diagnostics			
Module run/error	Yes, using status LED and software		
Outputs	Yes, using status LED and software		
Blackout mode			
Scope	Module		
Function	Module function		
Standalone mode	No		
Max. I/O cycle time	800 µs		
Power consumption			
Bus	0.2 W		
Internal I/O	1.5 W		
Electrical isolation			
Channel - Bus	Yes		
Certifications			
CE	Yes		
KC	Yes		
EAC	Yes		
UL	cULus E115267		
UL	COLUS E 115267 Industrial control equipment		
HazLoc	cCSAus 244665		
HazLoc	Process control equipment		
	for hazardous locations		
	Class I, Division 2, Groups ABCD, T5		
ATEX	Zone 2, II 3G Ex nA nC IIA T5 Gc		
	IP20, Ta (see X20 user's manual)		
	FTZÚ 09 ATEX 0083X		
DNV GL	In preparation		
Functional safety	cULus FSPC E361559		
-	Energy and industrial systems		
	Certified for functional safety		
	ANSI UL 1998:2013		
Functional safety	IEC 61508:2010, SIL 3		
	EN 62061:2013, SIL 3		
	EN ISO 13849-1:2015, Cat. 4 / PL e IEC 61511:2004, SIL 3		
Functional safety	EN 50156-1:2004		
Safety characteristics	EN 50150-1.2004		
EN ISO 13849-1:2015			
Category	Cat. 4		
PL	PL e		
DC	>94%		
MTTFD	2500 years		
Mission time	Max. 20 years		
IEC 61508:2010,			
IEC 61511:2004,			
EN 62061:2013	0" 0		
SIL CL	SIL 3		
SFF	>90%		
PFH / PFH _d			
Module	<1*10 ⁻¹⁰		
openSAFETY wired	Negligible		
openSAFETY wireless	<1*10 ⁻¹⁴ * Number of openSAFETY packets per hour		
PFD	<2*10-5		
Proof test interval (PT)	20 years		
Input I/O power supply ¹⁾			
Input voltage	24 VDC -15% / +20%		
Fuse	Required line fuse: Max. 10 A, slow-blow		
Reverse polarity protection	No		
Safe digital outputs			
Variant	FET, 2x positive switching, type B1, output level readable		
Nominal voltage	24 VDC		

Table 5: X20SP1130 - Technical data

Model number	X20SP1130			
Nominal output current	10 A			
Output protection	Protection for switching inductive loads 2)			
Braking voltage when switching off inductive loads	1 VDC			
Diagnostic status	Output monitoring, current measurement (shutdown in the event of overcurrent)			
Error detection time	2 s			
Isolation voltage between channel and bus	500 V _{eff}			
Leakage current when switched off	1 mA			
Residual voltage	≤200 mVDC at nominal output current			
Switching voltage	I/O power supply minus residual voltage			
Max. switching frequency	5 times per minute with max. 2 Hz			
Test pulse length	Without test pulse			
Max. capacitive load	1 mF			
Minimum load	15 mA			
Current on loss of ground				
I _{out}	<1 mA			
I _{GND}	<50 mA			
Operating conditions				
Mounting orientation				
Horizontal	Yes			
Vertical	Yes			
Installation elevation above sea level	0 to 2000 m, no limitation			
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20			
Ambient conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Horizontal mounting orientation	0 to 60°C			
Vertical mounting orientation	0 to 35°C			
Derating	See section "Derating".			
Storage	-40 to 85°C			
Transport	-40 to 85°C			
Relative humidity				
Operation	5 to 95%, non-condensing			
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing			
Transport	5 to 95%, non-condensing			
Mechanical properties				
Note	Order 1x safety-keyed terminal block separately.			
	Order 1x safety-keyed bus module separately.			
Spacing	25 ^{+0.2} mm			

Table 5: X20SP1130 - Technical data

If a hardware revision < B9 or firmware version < 320 is used, then the power supply used must be able to charge a capacitance of 4 mF in a time period of 2 ms.
 The protective function is provided for max. 30 minutes for a continuous short circuit.

Danger!

Operation outside the technical data is not permitted and can result in dangerous states.

Information:

For detailed information about installation, see chapter "Installation notes for X20 modules" on page 37.

Derating

The derating curve refers to standard operation and can be shifted to the right by the specified derating bonus if in a horizontal mounting orientation.

Module	X20SP1130
Derating bonus	
At 24 VDC	+0°C
Dummy module on the left	+2.5°C
Dummy module on the right	+0°C
Dummy module on the left and right	+5°C
With double PFH / PFH _d	+0°C

Table 6: Derating bonus

The maximum nominal current per channel depends on the operating temperature and the mounting orientation. The resulting nominal current per channel can be found in the following table.

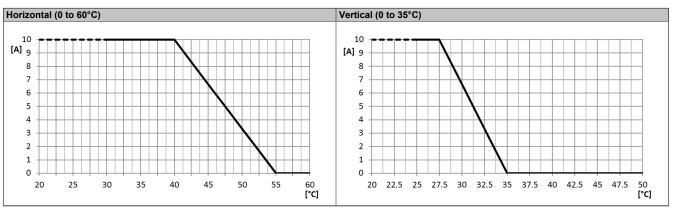


Table 7: Derating in relation to operating temperature and mounting orientation

Information:

Regardless of the values specified in the derating curve, the module cannot be operated above the values specified in the technical data.

5 LED status indicators

Figure	LED	Color	Status	Description
	r	Green	Off	No power to module
			Single flash	Reset mode
			Double flash	Updating firmware
			Blinking	PREOPERATIONAL mode
			On	RUN mode
	e	Red	Off	No power to module or everything OK
			Pulsating	Boot loader mode
			Triple flash	Updating safety-related firmware
			On	Error or I/O component not provided with voltage
	e + r	Red on / gr	een single flash	Invalid firmware
	1		us of the digital output	
		Red	On	Warning/Error on output channel, connection to the SafeLOGIC controller not OK or booting not yet completed
		Orange	On	Output set
	SE	Red	Off	RUN mode or I/O component not provided with voltage
				Boot phase, missing X2X Link or defective processor
SE				Safety PREOPERATIONAL state Modules that are not used in the SafeDESIGNER application remain in the PREOPERATIONAL state.
				Safe communication channel not OK
				The firmware for this module is a non-certified pilot customer version.
				Boot phase, faulty firmware
			On	Safety state active for the entire module (= "FailSafe" state)
		The "SE" L ("E" LED).	EDs separately indicate	the status of safety processor 1 ("S" LED) and safety processor 2

Table 8: Status display

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a defective module that must be replaced immediately. It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

```
X20SP1130
```

6 Pinout

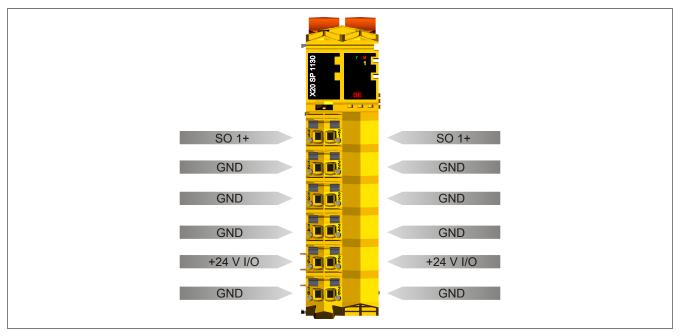


Figure 1: X20SP1130 - Pinout

7 Connection examples

The typical connection examples in this section only represent a selection of the different wiring methods. The user must take error detection into account in each case.

Information:

For details about connection examples (such as circuit examples, compatibility class, max. number of supported channels, terminal assignments, etc.), see chapter Connection examples of the "Integrated safety technology" user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG).

7.1 Module behavior when GND connection is lost

In this section and all of its subsections, the term "connection element" is to be understood as follows for the respective system (X20, X67):

- X20: e.g. terminal block
- X67: e.g. M12, M8

A loss of GND on the module may cause current to flow from the module via the output or the GND connection of the connection element.

If power supplies, actuators or GND connections are grounded, the user must ensure that no grounding wires or any associated potential short circuits or open circuits will cause any additional impermissible GND connections.

The two currents I_{OUT} and I_{GND} are module-specific and must be taken from the technical data.

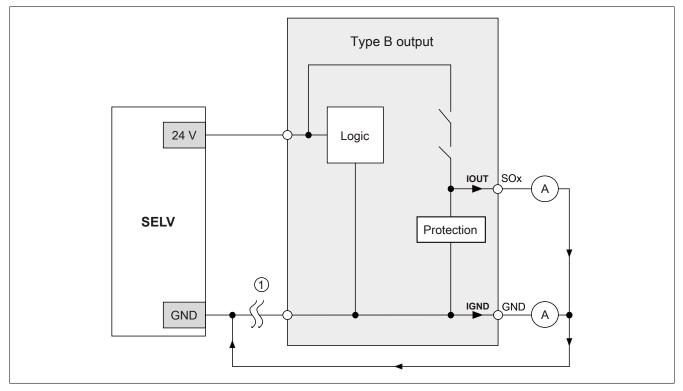


Figure 2: Module behavior when GND connection is lost

Danger!

The user is responsible for preventing any safety problems that could occur as a result of the I_{OUT} and I_{GND} currents specified in the technical data and the selected method of installation.

7.1.1 GND feedback to connection element, no external GND

If the module is used in the following wiring mode, then a loss of GND will not cause any problems because current is not able to flow via I_{OUT} or I_{GND} .

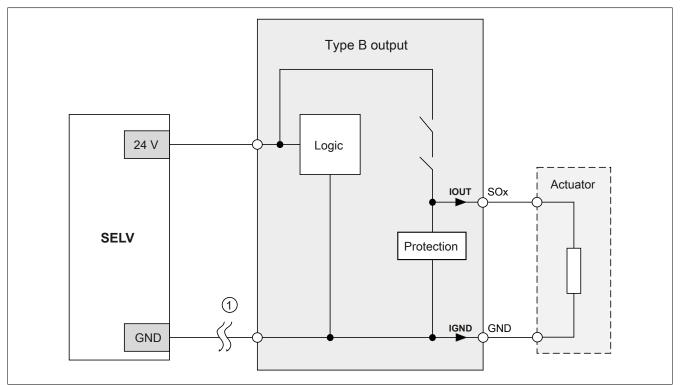


Figure 3: GND feedback to connection element

Danger!

Other wiring methods

If another wiring method is used, the user must ensure that a safety-critical state cannot occur if there are 2 external faults (open circuit, etc.). In addition, the current specifications for I_{OUT} and I_{GND} must be taken into consideration in the event that the GND connection is lost.

7.1.2 Using external GND without GND from connection element

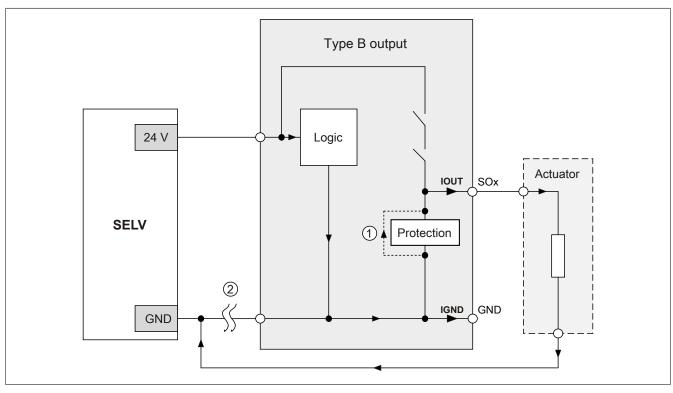


Figure 4: External GND only

Fault sequence:

- Fault ① (defective protective component): A component connected to GND on the output short circuits or behaves like an ohmic resistor. This fault is not always detected.
- Fault ② (open circuit on module GND): The module loses its direct connection to GND and current begins to flow through the defective protective component → I_{OUT} → actuator. As a result, current above the maximum value permitted by the module is supplied to the actuator.

As a result, current above the maximum value permitted by the module is a

Danger!

This type of installation can cause hazardous situations and is therefore NOT permitted.

7.1.3 Using external GND and GND from connection element

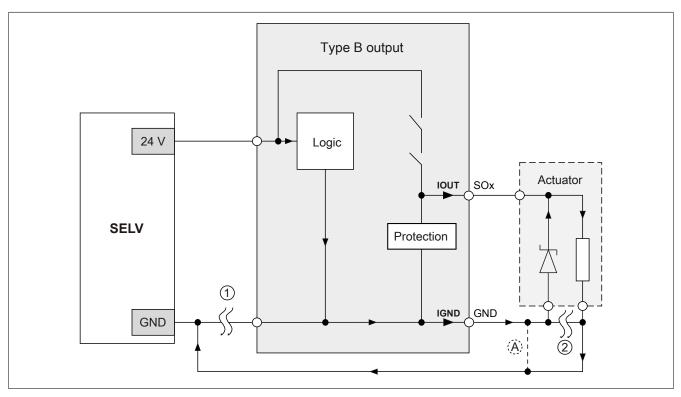


Figure 5: Possible connection error

Fault sequence:

- Fault ① (open circuit on module GND): No error is detected and the module continues to operate normally due to the additional external GND connection.
- Fault ② (open circuit on actuator's protective circuit): The module loses its direct connection to GND and current begins to flow through $I_{GND} \rightarrow$ damping diode \rightarrow actuator.

As a result, current above the maximum value permitted by the module is supplied to the actuator.

Danger!

This type of installation can cause hazardous situations and is therefore NOT permitted.

Possible remedies

This wiring method could be made possible, for example, by using two wires to complete the connection that experienced the open circuit fault in $@ \rightarrow$ see connection (A).

Information:

The diode in the actuator shown in the "Possible connection error" image is intended only to illustrate the error and is not mandatory.

7.1.4 X20SP1130 with permissible modules and external GND

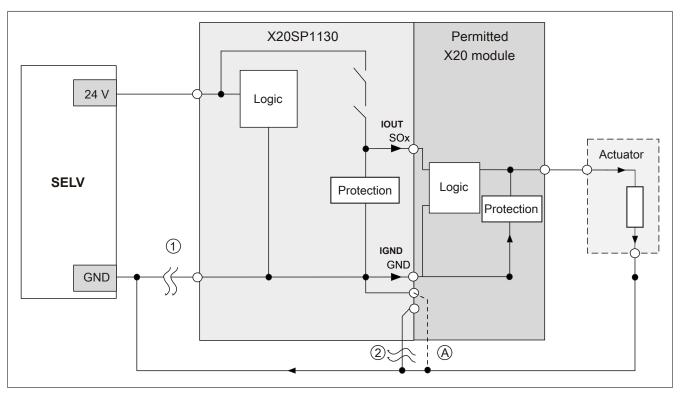


Figure 6: X20SP1130 - Possible connection error

If the permissible module is wired without external GND, then current will not flow on the X20SP1130 if the GND connection is lost. However, if an external GND connection is used, then the currents I_{OUT} and I_{GND} could flow in the following scenarios:

Fault sequence:

- Fault ①: Loss of GND on the X20SP1130
- Fault 2: Loss of GND on return line to the X20SP1130 terminal block

Danger!

This type of installation can cause hazardous situations and is therefore NOT permitted.

Possible remedies

This wiring method could be made possible, for example, by using two wires to complete the connection that experienced the open line fault in $@ \rightarrow$ see connection @.

7.2 Connecting safety-oriented actuators for Type B outputs

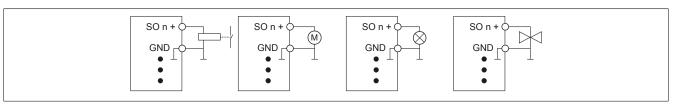


Figure 7: Connecting safety-oriented actuators for Type B outputs

Safety actuators (contactors, motors, muting lamps, valves) that are compatible with module performance data can be connected directly.

With this connection, the module satisfies Category 4 requirements in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1:2015. Be aware that this statement applies only to the module and not to the wiring shown. You are responsible for wiring the actuator in accordance with the required category and the characteristics of actuator.

If the actuators contain an inverse diode or electronic components, then the special instructions in section "Module behavior when GND connection is lost" must be followed.

7.3 Operating principle "safe cutoff of an X20 potential group"

The operating principle "Safe cutoff of an X20 potential group" enables the user to execute safety-related functions within an X20 potential group that is supplied with module X20SP1130 per standard EN ISO 13849-1:2015 or EN ISO 13849-2:2012 and EN 62061:2013. The safety function is limited to cutting off or interrupting the power to connected actuators.

Correct functionality was proven in a separate certification test. The result of the certification test is documented in certificate "FS certificate for the operating principle safe cutoff of an X20 potential group". The certificate is available for download from the B&R website (www.br-automation.com).

The user and danger warnings in the documentation associated with the certificate must be observed in all cases (see chapter "Safe cutoff" of the "Integrated safety technology" user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG))!

Functionality:

An X20SP1130 module provides the I/O supply for the potential group. When the functional safe state is requested or a FAILSAFE state occurs, this power supply module cuts off the I/O supply of the potential group. The power is then also cut off for all actuators connected to this potential group.

8 Error detection

8.1 Internal module errors

The red "SE" LED makes it possible to evaluate the following error states:

- Module error, e.g. defective RAM, defective CPU, etc.
- Overtemperature/Undertemperature
- Overvoltage/Undervoltage
- Incompatible firmware version

Errors that occur within the module are detected according to the requirements of the standards listed in the certificate and within the minimum safety response time specified in the technical data. After this occurs, the module enters a safe state.

The internal module tests needed for this are only performed, however, if the module's firmware has been booted and the module is in either the PREOPERATIONAL state or the OPERATIONAL state. If this state is not achieved (for example, because the module has not been configured in the application), then the module will remain in the boot state.

BOOT mode on a module is clearly indicated by a slowly blinking SE LED (2 Hz or 1 Hz).

The error detection time specified in the technical data is relevant only for detecting external errors (i.e. wiring errors) in single-channel structures.

Danger!

Operating the safety module in BOOT mode is not permitted.

Danger!

A safety-related output channel is only permitted to be switched off for a maximum of 24 hours. The channel must be switched on by the end of this period so that the module's internal channel test can be performed.

8.2 Wiring errors

The wiring errors described in section "Error detection" are indicated by the red channel LED according to the application.

If a module detects an error, then:

- The channel LED is lit constantly red.
- Status signal (e.g. (Safe)ChannelOK, (Safe)InputOK, (Safe)OutputOK, etc.) is set to (SAFE)FALSE.
- Signal "SafeDigitalInputxx" or "SafeDigitalOutputxx" is set to SAFEFALSE.
- An entry is generated in the logbook.

Danger!

Recognizable errors (see the following chapters) are detected by the module within the error detection time. Errors not recognized by the module (or not recognized on time) that can lead to safety-critical states must be detected using additional measures.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

8.2.1 Type B output channels

Danger!

As illustrated in the following circuit examples, the connected actuators can be connected to GND on the load side. Connecting actuators on just one side without a GND supply is not permitted, however. This would cause a series connection of the actuators in the event of an open circuit, which could then cause a hazardous module error.

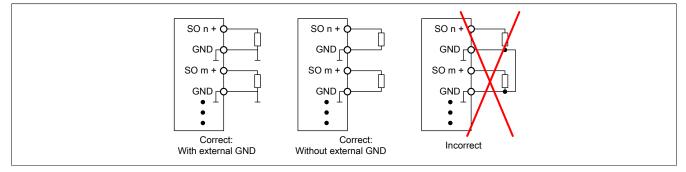


Figure 8: Invalid wiring

8.2.2 Safety actuator connection

Error / module	Disable O			Yes-ATTENTION
	Switched off		on output	Switched on
Ground fault on SOx+ (output	Switched off t type A) or SOx (output type B	Switched on	Switched off	Switched on
All SO types	Not detected	Detected	Not detected	Detected
Ground fault on SOx- (output		Deteoled	Not detected	Deteolou
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5		
X20SRTxxx	Not detected	Detected	Not detected	Not detected
X20SOx1x0	-			
SOx+ shorted to 24 VDC (out	put type A)			
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx	Detected	Detected	Detected	Not detected
X20SRTxxx	Detected	Detected	Detected	Not detected
X20SOx1x0				
SOx shorted to 24 VDC (outp	ut type B)			
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx				
X20SRTxxx		Not detected		
X20SO6300	Detected ¹⁾		Detected 1)	Not detected
X20SP1130			4	
X20SC2212		Detected ¹⁾		
X67SC4122.L12				
SOx- shorted to 24 VDC (outp	put type A)			1
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx	Detected	Detected	Detected	Detected
X20SRTxxx	_			
X20SOx1x0				
GND shorted to 24 VDC				
X20SC0xxx X20SLXxxx				
X20SRTxxx	-			
X20SR1XXX X20SO6300	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
X20SP1130		Not detected	Not detected	
X20SC2212	-			
X203C2212 X67SC4122.L12	-			
	utput type A) and the other sig	nal (high)		
X20SC0xxx	acput type A) and the other sign			
X20SLXxxx			Detected	Not detected
X20SRTxxx	Detected	Detected		
X20SOx1x0				
	tput type B) and the other signa	al (high)		<u></u>
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx			Detected ¹⁾	Not detected
X20SRTxxx		Not detected		
X20SO6300	Detected ¹⁾			
X20SP1130				
X20SC2212	-			
X67SC4122.L12	-	Detected ¹⁾		
Cross fault between SOx- (ou	utput type A) and the other sign	al (high)		
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx	Detected	Detected	Detected	Not detected
X20SRTxxx			Dotoolog	Not detected
X20SOx1x0				
Cross fault between GND and	d the other signal (high)		1	
X20SC0xxx				
X20SLXxxx	-			
X20SRTxxx				
X20SO6300	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
X20SP1130	-			
X20SC2212	-			
K67SC4122.L12	nd D)			
Open circuit (output type A a	na 8)			
X20SC0xxx	4	Not detected	_	Not data at a d
VODEL View				Not detected
X20SRTxxx		Net det - t - d ?)	-	
X20SLXxxx X20SRTxxx X20SOx1x0	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾
X20SRTxxx X20SOx1x0 X20SO6300	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾
X20SRTxxx X20SOx1x0 X20SO6300 X20SP1130	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾	Not detected	Not detected ²⁾ Not detected
X20SRTxxx X20SOx1x0 X20SO6300	Not detected		Not detected	

Table 9: SO error detection

Error / module	Disable OSSD = No		Disable OSSD = Yes-ATTENTION		
		Error o	n output		
	Switched off	Switched off Switched on Switched off Sw			
Short circuit between SOx+ (output type A) and SOx- (outpu	t type A)			
X20SC0xxx					
X20SLXxxx	Not detected	Detected	Not detected	Detected	
X20SRTxxx					
X20SOx1x0					

Table 9: SO error detection

1) If SOx is shorted to high potentials, this will be detected by the module, but the connected actuator cannot be cut off due to the "only-plus-switching" design of the channel.

2) Open circuit can be detected via signal "CurrentOK". However, this signal cannot be used for safety purposes.

Danger!

With "Disable OSSD = Yes-ATTENTION", the module has reduced error detection capabilities and no longer meets the requirements for SIL 3 per EN 62061:2013 or PL e per EN ISO 13849-1:2015.

In order to meet the requirements for applications up to SIL 2 per EN 62061:2013 or PL d per EN ISO 13849-1:2015, the user must check the safety function on a daily basis when using type B output channels.

For type B2 output channels, it is also important to ensure that all of the module's output channels are simultaneously in a switched-off state for at least 1 s during this test.

On X20SRTxxx modules, each output channel being used must be checked before the first safety request and every 24 hours. For this check, the corresponding channel must be switched on and off at least once.

Danger!

Possible error behavior of the actuators must be analyzed and avoided using corresponding responses (positively driven read-back contacts on a contactor, pressure switch on valves, etc.).

Danger!

This danger warning applies to all the modules listed in the "SO error detection" table with the exception of output channels of type A!

If SOx is shorted to high potentials, this will be detected by the module, but the connected actuator cannot be cut off due to the "only-plus-switching" design of the channel. Make sure that the wiring is correct in order to rule out SOx short circuits to high potentials (see EN ISO 13849-2:2012, Annex D.2.4, Table D.4).

9 Output circuit diagram

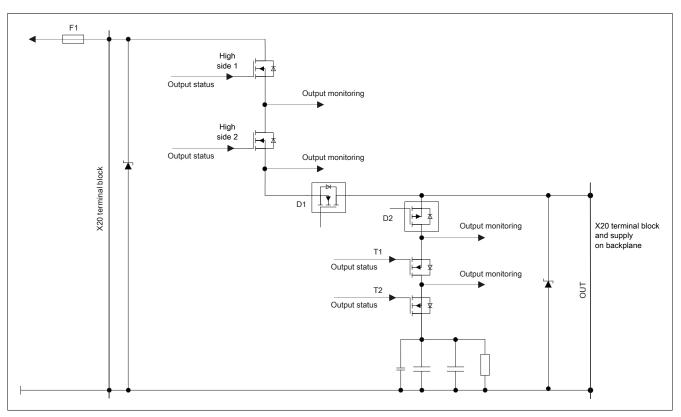


Figure 9: Output circuit diagram

10 Minimum cycle time

The minimum cycle time specifies the time up to which the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring.

Minimum cycle time
200 µs

11 I/O update time

The time needed by the module to generate a sample is specified by the I/O update time.

Minimum I/O update time
400 µs
Maximum I/O update time
1600 µs

12 Enabling principle

Each output channel has an additional standard switching signal that can be used to access the output channel from the standard application. As soon as the output channel has been enabled from a safety-related point of view (the setting of the channel is enabled from the point of view of the safety technology), the output channel can be set or cleared in the standard application independently of the additional safety-related runtime and jitter times.

Use of the enabling principle is specified in the I/O configuration in Automation Studio.

13 Restart behavior

Each digital input channel is not equipped with an internal restart interlock, which means that the associated channel data reverts back to the proper state automatically after an error situation on the module and/or network. It is the responsibility of the user to connect the channel data of the safe input channels correctly and to provide them with a restart interlock. The restart interlocks of PLCopen function blocks can be used here, for example. Using input channels without a correctly connected restart interlock can result in an automatic restart.

Each output channel is equipped with an internal restart interlock, which means that the following sequence must be followed in order to switch on a channel after an error situation on the module/network and/or after ending the safety function:

- Correct all module, channel or communication errors.
- Enable the safety-related signal for this channel (SafeOutput, etc.).
- Pause to ensure that the safety-related signal has been processed on the module (min. 1 network cycle).
- Positive edge on the release channel

For switching the release signal, the notes for manual reset function in EN ISO 13849-1:2015 must be observed.

The restart interlock functions independently of the enabling principle, which means that the behavior described above is not influenced by the parameter settings for the enabling principle or by the chronological position of the functional switching signal.

An automatic restart of the module can be configured by setting parameters. With this function, the output channel can be enabled using safety technology without an additional signal edge on the release channel. This function remains active as long as the release signal is TRUE and there is no error situation on the module/network.

Regardless of this parameter, a positive edge is required on the release channel for enabling the output channel in the following situations:

- After switching on
- · After correcting an error on the safe communication channel
- · After correcting a channel error
- · After the release signal drops out

The automatic restart is configured in SafeDESIGNER using the channel parameters. If using an automatic restart, note the information in EN ISO 13849-1:2015.

Danger!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

14 Register description

14.1 Parameters in the I/O configuration

Group: Function model

Parameter	Description	Default value	Unit
Function model	This parameter is reserved for future functional expansions.	Default	-
		Delddit	

Table 10: I/O configuration parameters: Function model

Group: General

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit			
Module supervised	System behavior when a	a module is missing	On	-			
	Deversetersselve	Description					
	Parameter value	Description					
	On A missing module triggers service mode.						
	Off	A missing module is ignored.					
Module information (up to AS 3.0.90)	This parameter enables/ ping: • SerialNumber	disables the module-specific information in the I/O map-	Off	-			
	ModuleID						
	HardwareVariant						
	FirmwareVersion						
Blackout mode (hardware upgrade 1.10.0.6 or later)	This parameter enables blackout mode (see section Blackout mode in Automation Help under: Hardware \rightarrow X20 system \rightarrow Additional information \rightarrow Blackout mode).						
	Parameter value	Description					
	On	Blackout mode is enabled.					
	Off Blackout mode is disabled.						
Output status information	This parameter enables I/O mapping.	On	-				
Restart inhibit state information	This parameter enables	/disables restart interlock status information.	Off	-			
SafeLOGIC ID	In applications with multiple SafeLOGIC controllers, this parameter defines the Assigned automatically automatically			-			
	Permissible values: 1 to 1024						
SafeMODULE ID	Unique safety address of	of the module	Assigned	-			
	Permissible valu	automatically					

Table 11: I/O configuration parameters: General

Group: Output signal path

Parameter		Description C				
DigitalOutputxx	This parameter specifie to access the output ch	s the mode that can be used by the standard application annel.	Direct	-		
	Parameter value	Description				
	Direct	he standard app accordingly.	lication. Signals			
	Via SafeLOGIC	The output channel cannot be accessed directly by the standard application. Signals "DigitalOutputxx" are not available in the I/O mapping accordingly. It is only possible for the standard application to influence the output channel via the communication channels from the CPU to the SafeLOGIC controller.				

Table 12: I/O configuration parameters: Output signal path

14.2 Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - up to Release 1.9

Group: Basic

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit			
Min_required_FW_Rev	This parameter is reserv	ved for future functional expansions.	Basic Release	-			
Optional	modules do not have to	used to configure the module as "optional". Optional be present, i.e. the SafeLOGIC controller will not in- es are not present. However, this parameter does not ignal or status data.	No	-			
	Parameter value	Description					
	No	This module is mandatory for the application.					
		The module must be in OPERATIONAL mode after startup, and s tion to the SafeLOGIC controller must be established without errors = SAFETRUE). Processing of the safety application on the SafeLO delayed after startup until this state is achieved for all modules with					
		After startup, module problems are indicated by a on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is also made					
	Yes	The module is not required for the application.					
		The module is not taken into account during star plication is started regardless of whether the mod OPERATIONAL mode or if safe communication these modules and the SafeLOGIC controller.	ules with "Option	nal = Yes" are in			
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated by a quickly blinkin LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NOT made in the logbod					
	Startup						
		If it is determined that the module is physically present during start of whether it is in OPERATIONAL mode or not), then the module "Optional = No" is set.					
		If it is determined that the module is not physically module behaves as if "Optional = Yes" is set.	module is not physically present during startup, then the third startup is set.				
	Not_Present (Release 1.9 and later)	The module is not required for the application.					
		The module is ignored during startup, which means the sa regardless of whether the modules with "Optional = Not present.					
		Unlike when "Optional = Yes" is configured, the module is = Not_Present", which optimizes system startup behavior.					
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated by a quickly bline LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NOT made in the lo					
External_UDID	This parameter enables specified externally by the	the option on the module for the expected UDID to be ne CPU.	No	-			
	Parameter value	Description					
	Yes-ATTENTION	The UDID is determined by the CPU. The SafeLC if the UDID is changed.	GIC controller m	ust be restarted			
	No	If the UDID is changed. The UDID is specified by a teach-in procedure during startup.					

Table 13: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Basic

Danger!

If function "External_UDID = Yes-ATTENTION" is used, incorrect specifications from the CPU can lead to safety-critical situations.

Perform an FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis) in order to detect these situations and implement additional safety measures to handle them.

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit	
Manual_Configuration	This parameter makes safety response time fo	it possible to manually and individually configure the r the module.	No	-	
	way for all stations invo ters are configured for th cation situations in whic	e safety response time are generally set in the same lved in the application. For this reason, these parame- he SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For appli- ch individual safety functions require optimal response meters for the safety response time can be configured ective module.			
	Parameter value	Description	.		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety_Response_Time safety response time for the module's signals.	" group is used	to calculate the	
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety_Response_Time" group on the SafeLOGI		en from the	
Synchronous_Network_Only		es the synchronization characteristics of the network efined in Automation Studio / Automation Runtime.	Yes	-	
	Parameter value	Description			
	Yes	In order to calculate the safety response time, net			
	No No requirement for synchronization of the networks				
May X2X CualeTime us	This noremeter enceifie	the maximum VOV sucle time used to calculate the	5000		
Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	 This parameter specifies the maximum X2X cycle time used to calculate the safety response time. Permissible values: 200 to 25,000 µs (corresponds to 0.2 to 25 ms) 		5000	μs	
Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies late the safety response	5000	μs		
Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_ CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies	ues: 200 to 25,000 µs (corresponds to 0.2 to 25 ms) s the maximum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU afety response time. The value 0 indicates that a copy the response time.	5000	μs	
	Permissible values: 0 to 25,000 μs (corresponds to 0 to 25 ms)				
Min_X2X_CycleTime_us	safety response time.	es the minimum X2X cycle time used to calculate the	200	μs	
Min Doworlink CycleTime up		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs (corresponds to 0.2 to 25 ms) s the minimum POWERLINK cycle time used to calcu-	200		
Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	late the safety response	e time.	200	μs	
Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_	This parameter specifie	ues: 200 to 25,000 µs (corresponds to 0.2 to 25 ms) s the minimum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU	0	μs	
CycleTime_us	rations without a copy ta	fety response time. The value 0 indicates that configu- ask are also included for the response time.			
		ues: 0 to 25,000 µs (corresponds to 0 to 25 ms)			
Worst_Case_Response_Time_us		s the limit value for monitoring the safety response time.	50000	μs	
Node_Guarding_Lifetime	• Permissible values: 3000 to 5,000,000 μs (corresponds to 3 ms to 5 s) This parameter specifies the maximum number of attempts to be made dur- ing the time set with parameter "Node_Guarding_Timeout_s". The purpose of these attempts is to ensure that the module is available.			-	
	Permissible valu	ues: 1 to 255			
	Note				
	The larger the onous data traffic	configured value, the greater the amount of asynchro- c.			
	 This setting is ly cutting off ac 	not critical to safety functionality. The time for safe- tuators is determined independently using parameter Response Time us".			

Table 14: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety_Response_Time

Group: SafeDigitalOutputxx, SafeDigitalOutputxxyy

Para	meter
Auto	Restar

	Description			
	This parameter can be used to configure an automatic restart on the module (see section "Restart behavior").		-	
	meter value Description			
Parameter value	Description			
Parameter value Yes-ATTENTION	Description "Automatic restart" function is activated.			

Table 15: SafeDESIGNER parameters: SafeDigitalOutputxx, SafeDigitalOutputxxyy

Danger!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

14.3 Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - Release 1.10 and higher

Group: Basic

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit			
Min required FW Rev	This parameter is reser	ved for future functional expansions.	Basic Release	-			
Optional	modules do not have to	used to configure the module as "optional". Optional o be present, i.e. the SafeLOGIC controller will not in- les are not present. However, this parameter does not signal or status data.	No	-			
	Parameter value	Description					
	No	This module is absolutely necessary for the applic	ation.				
		The module must be in OPERATIONAL mode after startup, and safe communit tion to the SafeLOGIC controller must be established without errors (SafeModuled = SAFETRUE). Processing of the safety application on the SafeLOGIC controlle delayed after startup until this state is achieved for all modules with "Optional = N After startup, module problems are indicated by a quickly blinking "MXCHG" LI on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is also made in the logbook.					
	Yes	This module is not necessary for the application.					
		The module is not taken into account during star plication is started regardless of whether the mod OPERATIONAL mode or if safe communication these modules and the SafeLOGIC controller.	ules with "Optior	nal = Yes" are in			
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated by a quickly blinking "MXCH LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NOT made in the logbook.					
	Startup	This module is optional. The system determines ho startup.	w the module wil	l proceed during			
		If it is determined that the module is physically pr of whether it is in OPERATIONAL mode or not), "Optional = No" is set.					
		If it is determined that the module is not physically module behaves as if "Optional = Yes" is set.	ally present during startup, then the				
	NotPresent	This module is not necessary for the application.					
		The module is ignored during startup, which means the safety application is s ed regardless of whether the modules with "Optional = NotPresent" are physic present.					
		Unlike when "Optional = Yes" is configured, the module is not starter = NotPresent", which optimizes system startup behavior.					
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated by a quickly blinking "MXCH LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NOT made in the logbook.					
External UDID	This parameter enables specified externally by t	the option on the module for the expected UDID to be the CPU.	No	-			
	Parameter value	Description					
	Yes-ATTENTION	The UDID is determined by the CPU. The SafeLO if the UDID is changed.	GIC controller m	ust be restarted			
	No	The UDID is specified by a teach-in procedure du	5				

Table 16: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Basic

Danger!

If function "External UDID = Yes-ATTENTION" is used, incorrect specifications from the CPU can lead to safety-critical situations.

Perform an FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis) in order to detect these situations and implement additional safety measures to handle them.

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit
Manual Configuration	This parameter makes it possible to manually and individually configure the safety response time for the module. No The parameters for the safety response time are generally set in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be configured individually on the respective module.			
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety Response Time safety response time for the module's signals.	group is used t	o calculate the
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety Response Time" group on the SafeLOGIC		en from the
Safe Data Duration		s the maximum permissible data transmission time be-	20000	μs
	tween the SafeLOGIC of For more information al agnostics and service - Calculation of safety run application must also be			
	Permissible value s)			
Additional Tolerated Packet Loss	This parameter specifie data transfer.	0	Packets	
	Permissible values: 0 to 10			
Packets per Node Guarding	This parameter specifies ing.	5	Packets	
	Permissible values: 1 to 255			
	• The larger the onous data traffic	configured value, the greater the amount of asynchro- c.		
		ot critical to safety functionality. The time for safely cut- s is determined independently of this.		

Table 17: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety Response Time

Group: SafeDigitalOutputxx

Parameter	Description Default value Unit					
Auto Restart	This parameter can be used to configure an automatic restart on the module (see section "Restart behavior").				No	-
	Parameter value					
	Yes-ATTENTION					
	No "Automatic restart" function is not activated.					

Table 18: SafeDESIGNER parameters: SafeDigitalOutputxx

Danger!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

14.4 Channel list

Channel name	Access via Au- tomation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type		Description
ModuleOk	Read	-	BOOL		Indicates if the module is OK
SerialNumber	Read	-	UDINT		Module serial number
ModuleID	Read	-	UINT		Module ID
HardwareVariant	Read	-	UINT	Hardware variant	
FirmwareVersion	Read	-	UINT	Firmware version of the module	
UDID_low	(Read) 1)	-	UDINT		UDID, lower 4 bytes
UDID_high	(Read) 1)	-	UINT		UDID, upper 2 bytes
SafetyFWversion1	(Read) 1)	-	UINT		Firmware version - Safety processor 1
SafetyFWversion2	(Read) 1)	-	UINT		Firmware version - Safety processor 2
SafetyFWcrc1 (hardware upgrade 1.10.1.0 or later)	(Read) ¹⁾	-	UINT	CR	C of firmware header on safety processor 1
SafetyFWcrc2 (hardware upgrade 1.10.1.0 or later)	(Read) ¹⁾	-	UINT	CR	C of firmware header on safety processor 2
Bootstate (hardware upgrade 1.10.1.0 or later)	(Read) ¹⁾	-	UINT	Notes:	ate of the module.
				sta	artup or are cycled through so quickly that they e not visible externally.
				or	e boot states usually cycle through in ascending der. There are cases, however, in which a previ- s value is captured.
				Value	Description
				0x0003	Startup communication processor OK, no communication to the safety processors (check 24 V supply voltage!)
				0x0010	FAILSAFE. At least one of the safety processors is in the safe state.
				0x0020	Internal communication to safety processors started
				0x0024	Firmware update of safety processors
				0x0040	Firmware of safety processors started
				0x0440	Firmware of safety processors running
				0x0840	Waiting for openSAFETY "Operational" (load- ing SafeDESIGNER application or no valid application exists, waiting on acknowledg- ments such as module exchange)
				0x1040	Evaluating the configuration according to the SafeDESIGNER application
				0x3440	Stabilizing cyclic openSAFETY data ex- change. Note: If the boot state remains here, check SafeDESIGNER parameters "(Default) Safe Data Duration", "(Default) Additional Tolerated Packet Loss".
				0x4040	RUN. Final state, startup completed.
Diag1_Temp	(Read) 1)	-	INT		Module temperature in °C
SafeModuleOK	-	Read	SAFEBOOL	Indica	ates if the safe communication channel is OK
DigitalOutputxx	Write	-	BOOL		Enable signal - Channel SO xx
SafeDigitalOutputxx	-	Write	SAFEBOOL		Safe channel SO xx
SafeChannelOKxx	Read	Read	SAFEBOOL		Status of channel SO xx
ReleaseOutputxx	-	Write	BOOL	Release	signal for the restart interlock of channel SO xx
PhysicalStateChannelx	Read	Read	BOOL		ead-back value of physical channel SO x
CurrentOKxx	Read	Read	BOOL		is of current measurement of channel SO x
FBK_Status_1	Read	rteau	UINT		ate number of the restart interlock of chan-
	iteau		UINT		el x. See "Restart interlock state diagram".

Table 19: Channel list

1) This data is accessed in Automation Studio using the ASIOACC library.

Restart interlock state diagram

The following state diagram illustrates the effect of the restart interlock integrated in the module. The hexadecimal value in parentheses corresponds to the state number that is provided via the channel "FBK_Status_1". For detailed information regarding restart interlock, see section "Restart behavior".

Information:

To set an output channel, a positive edge on signal "ReleaseOutput0x" is required after signal "SafeDigitalOutput0x". This edge must occur at least 1 network cycle after signal "SafeDigitalOutput0x". If this timing is not adhered to, the output channel remains inactive.

Information:

For the maximum switching frequency, see the technical data for the module.

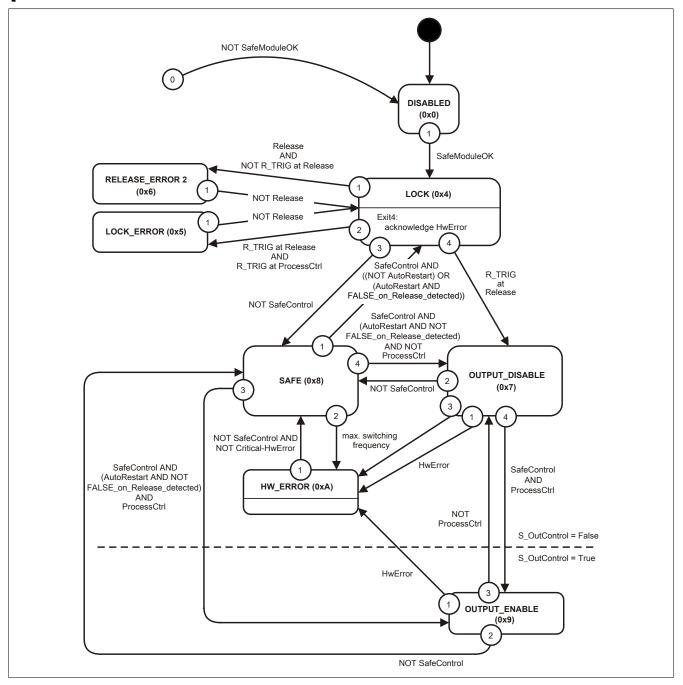


Figure 10: Restart interlock - State diagram

15 Safety response time

The safety response time is the time between the arrival of the signal on the input channel and the output of the cutoff signal on the output.

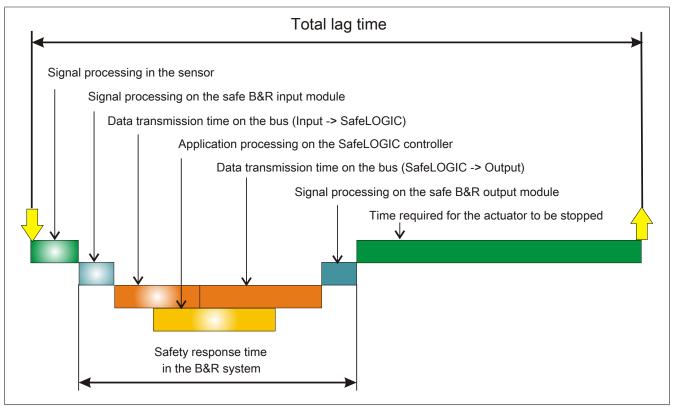


Figure 11: Total lag time

As illustrated in the figure, the safety response time in the B&R system is composed of the following partial response times:

- Signal processing on the safe B&R input module
- Data transmission time on the bus (Input -> SafeLOGIC)
- Data transmission time on the bus (SafeLOGIC -> Output)
- · Signal processing on the safe B&R output module

Danger!

The following sections are dedicated exclusively to the safety response time in the B&R system. When assessing the complete safety response time, the user must include signal processing in the sensor as well as the time until the actuator is stopped.

Be sure to validate the total lag time on the system!

Information:

The safety response time in B&R products already contains all delays caused by sampling input data (sampling theorem).

15.1 Signal processing on the safe B&R input module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R input module.

15.2 Data transmission time on the bus

The following relationship must be taken into consideration for the data transmission time on the bus:

- The time needed to transfer data from the input to the SafeLOGIC controller or to the output depends on the sum of the cycle times and CPU copy times in effect on the transfer line.
- POWERLINK MN (managing node, standard CPU) settings are important for the actual timing on the bus, but they cannot be used from a safety point of view since the values can be changed at any time in the course of modifications made outside of the safety application.
- In the SafeLOGIC controller, data transmission times are monitored on the bus using openSAFETY services. The time needed to process the application on the SafeLOGIC controller is taken into account in this test (system-dependent). Monitoring is defined in SafeDESIGNER using the parameters in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if modified parameters on the POWERLINK MN alter the data transmission times on the bus so that they lie outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if EMC disturbances cause data failures that fall outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - up to Release 1.9:

The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated by adding parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe input module and parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual_Configuration". If parameter "Manual_Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default_Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" is used.

 Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module: The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated by adding parameter "Cycle_Time_max_us" + 2000 µs and parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual_Configuration". If parameter "Manual_Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default_Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" is used.

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - Release 1.10 and later:

The following parameters are relevant for calculating the data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module; parameter "Manual Configuration" deserves special attention.

- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = No":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Default Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Default Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 12 ms
 - "PacketLoss2": Same as "PacketLoss1"
 - "DataDuration2": Same as "DataDuration1"
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": Same as "NetworkSyncCompensation1"
- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = Yes":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe input module
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe input module
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 12 ms
 - "PacketLoss2": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe output module
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe output module
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": Same as "NetworkSyncCompensation1"
- Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module:
 - "PacketLoss1": 0
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 µs
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 0 ms
- Special case: Local outputs on the X20SLX module:
 - "PacketLoss2": 0
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 µs
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": 0 ms
- Special case: Linking local inputs with local outputs on the X20SRT module:
 - "PacketLoss1": 0
 - "PacketLoss2": 0
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 0 ms
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": 0 ms

The following equation is used to calculate the maximum data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module:

Maximum data transmission time = (PacketLoss1+1)* DataDuration1 + NetworkSyncCompensation1 + (PacketLoss2+1)* DataDuration2 + NetworkSyncCompensation2

Information:

In addition to the data transmission time on the bus, the time for signal processing in the safe B&R input and output module must be taken into account (see section 15 "Safety response time").

Information:

For more information about the actual data transmission time, see Automation Help, section Diagnostics and service \rightarrow Diagnostics tools \rightarrow Network analyzer \rightarrow Editor \rightarrow Calculation of safety runtime. The cycle time of the safety application must also be added.

15.3 Signal processing on the safe B&R output module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R output module.

15.4 Minimum signal lengths

The parameters in group "Safety Response Time" in SafeDESIGNER influence the maximum number of data packets that are permitted to fail without triggering a safety response. These parameters therefore act like a switch-off filter. If several data packets are lost within the tolerated amount, safety signals may not be detected if their low phase is shorter than the determined data transmission time.

Danger!

Lost signals can result in serious safety errors. Check all signals to determine the smallest possible pulse length and make sure that it is larger than the determined data transmission time.

Suggested solution:

- The switch-on filter can be used to extend the low phase of a signal on the input module.
- Low phases of signals from the SafeLOGIC controller can be lengthened with restart interlock functions or timer function blocks.

16 Intended use

Danger!

Danger from incorrect use of safety-related products/functions

Proper functionality is only ensured if the products/functions are used in accordance with their intended use by qualified personnel and the provided safety information is taken into account. The aforementioned conditions must be observed or covered by supplementary measures on your own responsibility in order to ensure the specified protective functions.

16.1 Qualified personnel

Use of safety-related products is restricted to the following persons:

- Qualified personnel who are familiar with relevant safety concepts for automation technology as well as applicable standards and regulations
- Qualified personnel who plan, develop, install and commission safety equipment in machines and systems

Qualified personnel in the context of this manual's safety guidelines are those who, because of their training, experience and instruction combined with their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention guidelines and operating conditions, are qualified to carry out essential tasks and recognize and avoid potentially dangerous situations.

In this regard, sufficient language skills are also required in order to be able to properly understand this manual.

16.2 Application range

The safety-related B&R control components described in this manual were designed, developed and manufactured for special applications for machine and personnel protection. They are not suitable for any use involving serious risks or hazards that could lead to the injury or death of several people or serious environmental impact without the implementation of exceptionally stringent safety precautions. In particular, this includes the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, flight control systems, air traffic control, the control of mass transport vehicles, medical life support systems and the control of weapon systems.

When using safety-oriented control components, the safety precautions applying to industrial control systems (e.g. the provision of safety devices such as emergency stop circuits, etc.) must be observed in accordance with applicable national and international regulations. The same applies for all other devices connected to the system, e.g. drives or light curtains.

The safety guidelines, information about connection conditions (nameplate and documentation) and limit values specified in the technical data must be read carefully before installation and commissioning and must be strictly observed.

16.3 Security concept

B&R products communicate via a network interface and were developed for integration into a secure network. The network and B&R products are affected by the following hazards (not a complete list):

- Unauthorized access
- Digital intrusion
- Data leakage
- Data theft
- A variety of other types of IT security breaches

It is the responsibility of the operator to provide and maintain a secure connection between B&R products and the internal network as well as other networks, such as the Internet, if necessary. The following measures and security solutions are suitable for this purpose:

- Segmentation of the network (e.g. separation of the IT and OT networks)
- · Firewalls for the secure connection of network segments
- · Implementation of a security-optimized user account and password concept
- · Intrusion prevention and authentication systems
- Endpoint security solutions with modules for anti-malware, data leakage prevention, etc.
- Data encryption

It is the responsibility of the operator to take appropriate measures and to implement effective security solutions.

B&R Industrial Automation GmbH and its subsidiaries are not liable for damages and/or losses resulting from, for example, IT security breaches, unauthorized access, digital intrusion, data leakage and/or data theft.

Before B&R releases products or updates, they are subjected to appropriate functional testing. Independently of this, the development of customized test processes is recommended in order to be able to check the effects of changes in advance. Such changes include, for example:

- · Installation of product updates
- Notable system modifications such as configuration changes
- Import of updates or patches for third-party software (non-B&R software)
- Hardware replacement

These tests should ensure that implemented security measures remain effective and that systems behave as expected.

16.4 Safety technology disclaimer

The proper use of all B&R products must be guaranteed by the customer through the implementation of suitable training, instruction and documentation measures. The guidelines set forth in system user's manuals must be taken into consideration here as well. B&R has no obligation to provide verification or warnings with regard to the customer's purpose of using the delivered product.

Changes to the devices are not permitted when using safety-related components. Only certified products are permitted to be used. Currently valid product versions in each case are listed in the corresponding certificates. Current certificates are available on the B&R website (<u>www.br-automation.com</u>) in the Downloads section for the respective product. The use of non-certified products or product versions is not permitted.

All relevant information regarding these safety products must be read in the latest version of the related data sheet and the corresponding safety notices observed before the safety products are permitted to be operated. Certified data sheets are available on the B&R website (<u>www.br-automation.com</u>) in the Downloads section for the respective product.

B&R and its employees are not liable for any damages or loss resulting from the incorrect use of these products. The same applies to misuse that may result from specifications or statements made by B&R in connection with sales, support or application activities. It is the sole responsibility of the user to check all specifications and statements made by B&R for proper application as it pertains to safety-related applications. In addition, the user assumes sole responsibility for the proper design of the safety function as it pertains to safety-related applications.

16.5 X20 system characteristics

Because all X20 safety products are seamlessly integrated into the B&R base system, the same system characteristics and user notices from the X20 system user's manual also apply to X20 safety products.

Warning!

Possible failure of safety function

Malfunction of module due to unspecified operating conditions The notes for installation and operation of the modules provided in the applicable documents must be observed.

In this regard, this means the content and user notices in the following applicable documentation must be observed for X20 safety products:

- X20 system user's manual
- Installation / EMC guide

16.6 Installation notes for X20 modules

Products must be protected against impermissible dirt and contaminants. Products are protected from dirt and contaminants up to pollution degree II as specified in the IEC 60664 standard.

Pollution degree II can usually be achieved in an enclosure with IP54 protection, but uncoated modules are NOT permitted to be operated in condensing relative humidity and temperatures under 0°C.

The operation of coated modules is allowed in condensing relative humidity.

Danger!

Pollution levels higher than specified by pollution degree II in standard IEC 60664 can result in dangerous failures. It is extremely important that you ensure a proper operating environment.

Danger!

In order to guarantee a specific voltage supply, a SELV power supply that conforms to IEC 60204 must be used to supply the bus, SafeIO and SafeLOGIC controller. This also applies to all digital signal sources that are connected to the modules.

If the power supply is grounded (PELV system), then only a GND connection is permitted for grounding. Grounding types that have ground connected to +24 VDC are not permitted.

The power supply of X20 potential groups must generally be protected using a fuse with a maximum of 10 A. For more information, see chapter "Mechanical and electrical configuration" of the X20 or X67 user's manual.

16.7 Safe state

If an error is detected by the module (internal or wiring error), the modules enable the safe state. The safe state is structurally designed as a low state or cutoff and cannot be modified.

Danger!

Applications in which the safe state must actively switch on an actuator cannot be implemented with this module. In these cases, other measures must be taken to meet this safety-related requirement (e.g. mechanical brakes for hanging load that engage on power failure).

16.8 Mission time

All safety modules are designed to be maintenance-free. Repairs are not permitted to be carried out on safety modules.

All safety modules have a maximum mission time of 20 years.

This means that all safety modules must be taken out of service one week (at the latest) before the expiration of this 20-year time span (starting from B&R's delivery date).

Danger!

Operating safety modules beyond the specified mission time is not permitted! The user must ensure that all safety modules are replaced by new safety modules or removed from operation before their mission time expires.

17 Release information

A manual version always describes the respective range of functions for a given product set release. The following table shows the relationship between manual versions and releases.

Manual version		Valid for	
V1.141			
V1.140	Version	Starting with	Up to
V1.131	Product set	Release 1.2	Release 1.10
V1.130	SafeDESIGNER	2.70	4.9
V1.123	Firmware	270	399
V1.122			
V1.121	Upgrades	1.2.0.0	1.10.999.999
V1.120			
V1.111			
V1.110			
/1.103			
/1.102			
/1.101			
/1.100			
/1.92			
/1.91			
/1.90			
/1.80			
/1.71			
/1.70			
/1.64			
/1.63.2			
/1.63.1			
/1.63			
/1.62			
/1.61			
/1.60			
/1.52.1			
/1.52			
/1.51			
/1.50.1			
/1.50			
/1.42			
/1.41			
/1.40			
/1.20			
/1.10			
V1.02			
V1.01	Version	Starting with	Up to
V1.00	Product set	Release 1.0	Release 1.1
	SafeDESIGNER	2.58	2.69
	Firmware	256	269

Table 20: Release information

18 Version history

Version	Date	Comment
1.141	April 2019	Chapter 4 "Technical data": Updated standards.
		Updated chapter 16.3 "Security concept".
		Updated chapter 16.6 "Installation notes for X20 modules".
1.140	February 2019	Chapter 4 "Technical data": Limited installation elevation to 2000 m.
		Chapter 14.1 "Parameters in the I/O configuration": Added parameter "Blackout mode".
		Chapter 15.2 "Data transmission time on the bus": Updated calculation of maximum data transmission time.
		Chapter 16 "Intended use": Added danger notice.
		Added chapter "Security notes".
		Chapter 16.5 "X20 system characteristics": Added warning notice.
		Updated standards.
		Editorial changes.
1.120	January 2018	Chapter 4 "Technical data":
		 Updated standards and safety characteristics.
		 I/O power supply: Added footnote.
		 Updated residual voltage.
		 Added max. switching frequency.
		 Updated temperature range for vertical mounting orientation.
		 Added information.
		 Updated derating.
		Chapter 7 "Connection examples". Added information
		 Chapter 7 "Connection examples": Added information. Chapter 13 "Restart behavior": Updated description.
		 Chapter 14.3 "Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - Release 1.10 and higher": Group "Safety Response Time": Removed parameter "Synchronous Network Only" and updated parameter "Safe Data Duration".
		Chapter 14.4 "Channel list": Added new channels and information.
		Chapter 15.2 "Data transmission time on the bus": Updated description and added information.
		Chapter 16.6 "Installation notes for X20 modules": Updated danger notice.
		Chapter 16.7 "Safe state": Updated danger notice.
		Updated standards.
		Editorial changes.
1.101	March 2016	Chapter 15 "Safety response time": Added information.
1.100	January 2016	Chapter 1 "General information": Added.
		Chapter 4 "Technical data":
		 Updated standards.
		 Diputed standards. Limited output protection to max. 30 minutes.
		 Updated temperature range. Updated technical data.
		Chapter 8.2.2 "Safety actuator connection": Added new modules.
		Revised chapter 11 "I/O update time".
		Chapter 14.3 "Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - Release 1.10 and higher": Added.
		Chapter 14.4 "Channel list": Updated figure "Restart interlock state diagram".
		Chapter 15.1 "Signal processing on the safe B&R input module": Updated description.
		Chapter 15.2 "Data transmission time on the bus": Updated description with "Release 1.10 and later".
		Chapter 15.3 "Signal processing on the safe B&R output module": Updated description.
		Chapter 15.4 "Minimum signal lengths": Updated description.
		Revised chapter 16.4 "Safety technology disclaimer".
		Chapter 17 "Release information": Updated.
1.90	October 2014	Chapter 4 "Technical data": "Temperature": "Operation": "Horizontal mounting orientation": Extended temperature reases to 60°C
		range to 60°C.
		Updated chapter 17 "Release information".
		Editorial changes.

Table 21: Version history

Version	Date	Comment
1.80	July 2014	Chapter 4 "Technical data":
		 "Short description": "I/O module": Adapted text to order data.
		 Added "System requirements".
		 Added "Safety-related characteristic values" and deleted chapter "Safety-related characteristic values".
		 "Temperature": "Operation": Added "Derating bonus with dummy modules".
		 Section "Derating": Updated description and curves.
		 Chapter 7.3 "Operating principle "safe cutoff of an X20 potential group"": Reformulated text, deleted subchapters and danger notices.
		Chapter 8.2.2 "Safety actuator connection": Newly restructured for all modules.
		Chapter 13 "Restart behavior": Updated description.
		 Chapter 14.2 "Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - up to Release 1.9": Group "Basic": Added parameter value "Not_Present" for "Optional".
		Chapter 14.2 "Parameters in SafeDESIGNER - up to Release 1.9": Group "Safety_Response_Time": Added parameter "Node_Guarding_Lifetime".
		Chapter 15.2 "Data transmission time on the bus": Updated description.
		 Chapter 16.6 "Installation notes for X20 modules": Removed figure "Protecting various potential groups", updated description accordingly.
		Updated chapter 17 "Release information".
1.63	November 2013	Updated standards.
		Chapter 4 "Technical data": Added danger notice.
		Chapter 8.1 "Internal module errors": Updated description.
		Chapter 13 "Restart behavior": Updated the behavior of input channels.
		Added chapter 15 "Safety response time".
		Updated chapter 17 "Release information".
		Editorial changes.
1.51	August 2012	Chapter 4 "Technical data": Derating added
1.50	April 2012	First edition as a product-specific manual

Table 21: Version history

19 EC declaration of conformity

This document was originally written in the German language. The German edition therefore represents the original documentation in accordance with the 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive. Documents in other languages are to be interpreted as translations of the original documentation.

Product manufacturer:

B&R Industrial Automation GmbH

B&R Strasse 1

5142 Eggelsberg

Austria

Telephone: +43 7748 6586-0

Fax: +43 7748 6586-26

office@br-automation.com

The place of jurisdiction, in accordance with article 17 of the European Convention on Courts of Jurisdiction and Enforcement, is A-4910

Ried im Innkreis, Austria, commercial register court: Ried im Innkreis, Austria

Commercial register number: FN 111651 v.

The place of fulfillment in accordance with article 5 of the European Convention on Courts of Jurisdiction and Enforcement is A-5142 Eggelsberg, Austria

VATIN: ATU62367156

The EC declarations of conformity for B&R products can be downloaded from the B&R website <u>www.br-automa-tion.com</u>.