8BVI0028HWDS.000-1

1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function thanks to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information in the standard application as well
- Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality in dual-axis modules as well

2 Order data

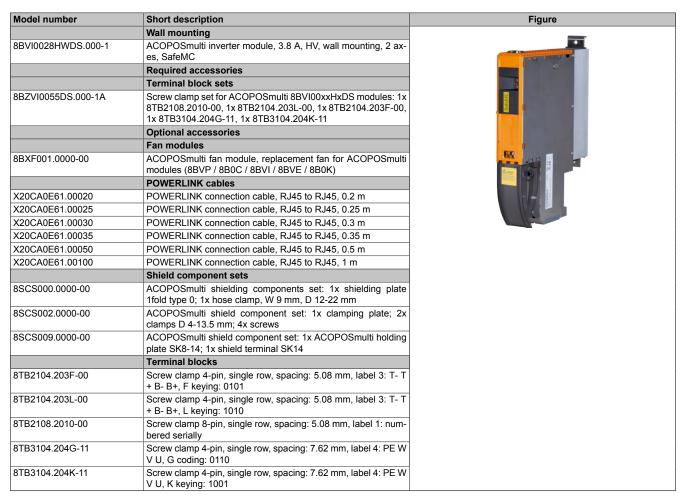


Table 1: 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Order data

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R may be used to connect the motor interfaces.

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R may be used to connect the encoder interfaces.

3 Technical data

Product ID General information	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1
B&R ID code	0xAA11
	Wall mounting
Cooling and mounting method Slots for plug-in modules	2 ¹)
Certification	Σ',
CE	Yes
cULus	Yes
KC	Yes
FSC	Yes
DC bus connection	
Voltage	
Nominal	750 VDC
Continuous power consumption 2)	5.73 kW
Power loss depending on the switching frequency 3)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[1.2*I_M^2+2.62*I_M+100]$ W
Switching frequency 10 kHz	$[2.56^*I_M^2+2.8^*I_M+200]$ W
Switching frequency 20 kHz	$[6*I_{M}^{2}-9.4*I_{M}+430]$ W
DC bus capacitance	165 µF
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC supply	
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%
Input capacitance	235 μF
Max. power consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} + P _{Fan8B0M} 4)
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC output	
Quantity	2
Output voltage	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%
protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset
Motor connection 5)	
Quantity	2
Continuous power per motor connection 2)	2.8 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 2)	3.8 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on the	**
switching frequency 6)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	No reduction 7)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	No reduction
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.12 A/K (from 13°C) 8)
Reduction of continuous current depending on the	
installation elevation	
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.38 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	9.5 A _{eff}
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz
Possible switching frequencies 9)	5/10/20 kHz
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IFC TS 60034 35 10	Limit value curve A
dance with IEC TS 60034-25 10)	
Protective measures	Vaa
Overload protection	Yes Yes
Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency	600 Hz ¹¹⁾
Design	000 ΠZ ^{···}
U, V, W, PE	Male connector
Shield connection	Yes
Terminal connection cross section	100
Flexible and fine wire lines	
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²
Approbation data	
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10
CSA	28 to 10
Terminal cable cross section dimension of the	12 to 22 mm
shield connection	
Max. motor line length depending on the switching	
frequency	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m
Motor holding brake connection	
Quantity	2
Output voltage 12)	24 VDC +5.8% / -0% ¹³⁾ 1.1 A
Continuous current	

Table 2: 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Product ID	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1
Max. internal resistance	0.5 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Protective measures	******
Overload and short circuit protection	Yes
Open line monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open line monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC +0% / -4%
Encoder interfaces 14)	
Quantity	2
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁵⁾
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No
Encoder monitoring	Yes
Max. encoder cable length	100 m
	Depends on the cross section of the encoder's supply wires 16)
Encoder supply	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capability	350 mA
Protective measures	,,
Short circuit protection	Yes
Overload protection	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	D0.105
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate	625 Mbit/s
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ¹⁷)
Trigger inputs	0
Quantity	2
Wiring	Sink
Electrical isolation	Von
Input - Inverter module Input - Input	Yes Yes
Input voltage	165
Nominal	24 VDC
Maximum	30 VDC
Switching threshold	00.150
Low	<5 V
High	>15 V
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA
Switching delay	
Positive edge	52 μs ± 0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Negative edge	53 μs ± 0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V
Electrical characteristics	
Discharge capacitance	0.2 μF
Operating conditions	
Permitted mounting orientations	
Hanging vertically	Yes
Lying horizontally	Yes
Standing horizontally	No
Installation at elevations above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum 18)	4000 m
Degree of pollution in accordance with EN 60664-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with IEC	III
60364-4-443:1999	
EN 60529 protection	IP20
Environmental conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	F1- 4000
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum ¹⁹⁾	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C -25 to 70°C
Transport Relative humidity	-20 to 70 C
Operation	5 to 85%
Storage	5 to 95%
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C
anoport	Wide. 50 /0 at 40 O

Table 2: 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Product ID	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1	
Mechanical characteristics		
Dimensions ²⁰⁾		
Width	53 mm	
Height	317 mm	
Depth		
Wall mounting	263 mm	
Weight	Approx. 2.8 kg	
Module width	1	

Table 2: 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation altitude <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 3) I_M ... Average value of the currents on both motor connectors [A].
- 4) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMC module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SMC2} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMC module in SLOT2 (see the section "Encoder interfaces")
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W)
 - $P_{\text{Fan8B0M...}}$... Portion of the power [W] that is used by the fan modules in the mounting plate or the 8B0M0040HFF0.000-1 fan module (see the technical data for the respective 8B0M... mounting plate / 8B0M0040HFF0.000-1 fan module).
- 5) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R may be used to connect the motor interfaces.
- 6) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 7) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 8) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which a derating of the continuous current must be accounted for, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 9) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using dual-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 10) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system be reduced by an additional externally-wired dU/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dU/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 11) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with EC 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 600 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power element: Limit speed exceeded).
- 12) During project development, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 13) The specified values is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 14) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R may be used to connect the encoder interfaces.
- 15) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and SS1 functions are monitored with respect to timing!
- 16) The maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{\text{max}} = 7.9/I_{\text{G}} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the supply wire [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [$\Omega mm^2/m$] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 17) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 18) Continuous operation at altitudes ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 19) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 20) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

4 Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

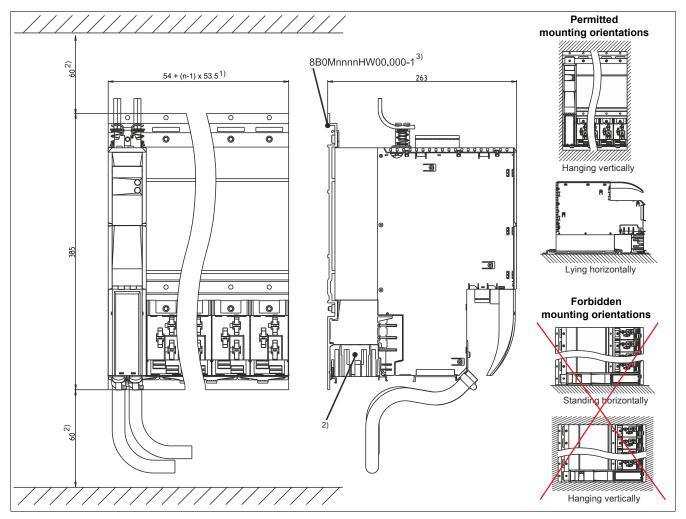


Figure 1: Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

- 1) n... Necessary width (slots) of the mounting plate.
- 2) For proper air circulation, at least 60 mm clearance must be available above and below the module.
- To ensure that the fan modules in the mounting plate can be replaced easily, at least 250 mm clearance must be available below the module.
- 3) nnnn indicates the number of slots (e.g. 0160 refers to 16 slots).

5 Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (dual-axis modules)

5.1 Pinout overview

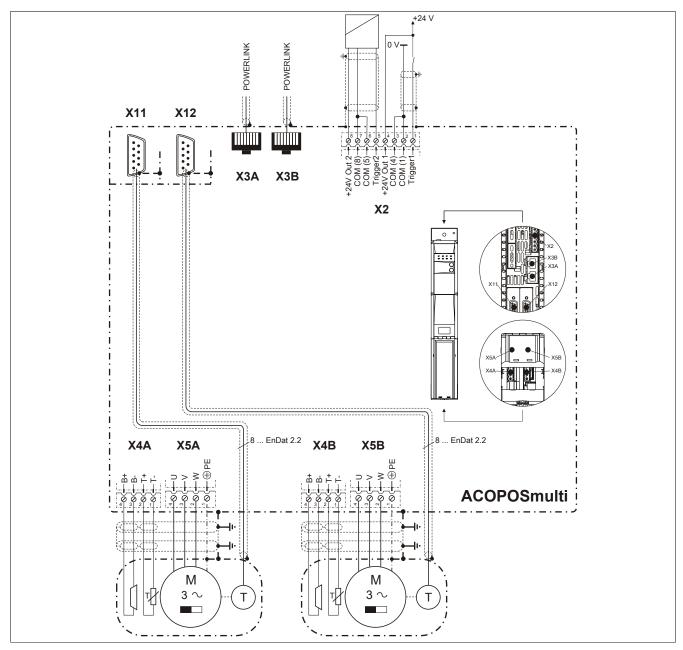


Figure 2: Pinout overview

5.2 X2 connector - Pinout

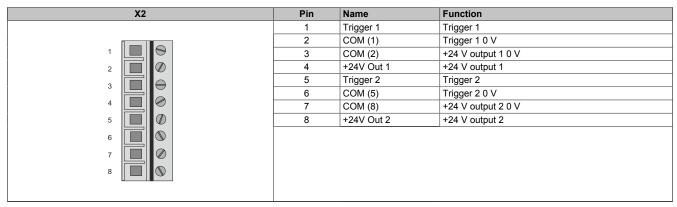


Table 3: X2 connector - Pinout

5.3 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

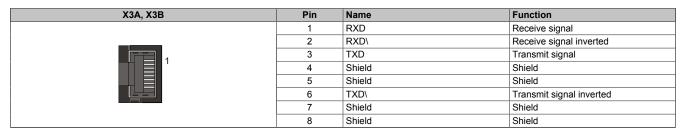


Table 4: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

5.4 X4A connector - Pinout

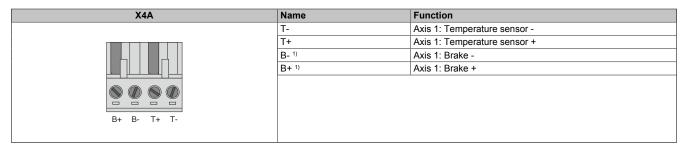


Table 5: X4A connector - Pinout

1) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 3 m.

Danger!

The functional fail safe state is enabled if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). However, the brake always remains on/released because of the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake (and in the case of hanging loads, the unrestrained reduction) cannot be halted/prevented!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24V!

For a double-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- may not be wired to multiple modules!
- may not be wired as open emitter!
- · may not be wired as open collector!

Danger!

Only one output voltage of ≤5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user has to make sure that the required braking torque is reached at a current voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

5.5 Pinout - X4B connector

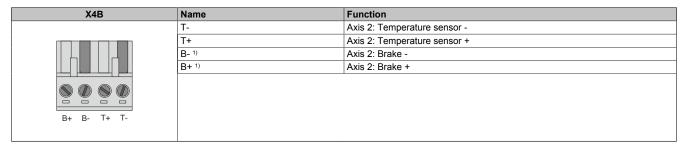


Table 6: Pinout - X4B connector

1) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 3 m.

Danger!

The functional fail safe state is enabled if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). However, the brake always remains on/released because of the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake (and in the case of hanging loads, the unrestrained reduction) cannot be halted/prevented!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24V!

For a double-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- may not be wired to multiple modules!
- may not be wired as open emitter!
- · may not be wired as open collector!

Danger!

Only one output voltage of ≤5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user has to make sure that the required braking torque is reached at a current voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to X4B/T+ and X4B/T- on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT2 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

5.6 X5A connector - Pinout

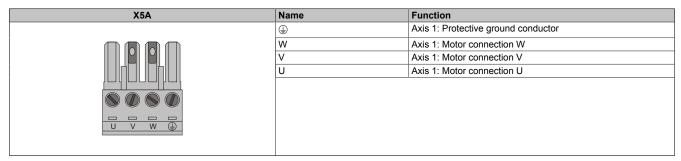


Table 7: X5A connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R may be used to connect the motor interfaces.

5.7 X5B connector - Pinout

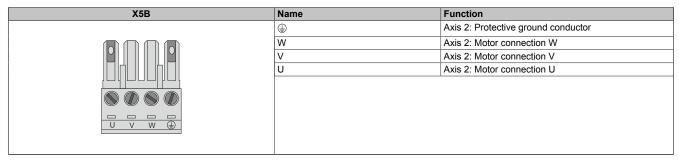


Table 8: X5B connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R may be used to connect the motor interfaces.

5.8 Pinout - SafeMC module

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Name	Function
1-0-2		1	U+	Encoder supply +125 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
(0)		6	COM (1)	Encoder supply 0 V
	' 6	7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
3 6	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5 • J 9			
<u> </u>				

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R may be used to connect the encoder interfaces.

Information:

The SafeMC modules cannot be replaced! SafeMC modules and the corresponding inverter module form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire inverter module must be replaced.