# Decentralized motion control <br> <br> User's manual 

 <br> <br> User's manual}

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Manual history

## Information:

B\&R makes every effort to keep user's manuals as current as possible. From a safety point of view, however, the current version must be downloaded from the B\&R website (www.br-automation.com).

| Version | Date | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.30 | 2023-02-06 | Changes / New features <br> - Updated ACOPOSmotor Compact gearboxes (8D1B / 8D1C). <br> - Chapter "ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1)" <br> - "Power supply" on page 281 <br> - "Power supply unit" on page 281 <br> - "Fuse protection of the power supply cable" on page 281 <br> - Chapter "Standards and certifications" <br> - "UKCA" on page 393 <br> - "Supply of machinery (safety) regulations" on page 394 |
| 1.20 | 2022-02-16 | Changes / New features <br> - Restructured entire manual. <br> - Added ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1). |
| 1.10 | 2021-07-07 | Changes / New features <br> - Chapter "General information" <br> - Updated cybersecurity disclaimer for products. <br> - Chapter "ACOPOSremote" <br> - Added 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1. <br> - Chapter "ACOPOSmotor" <br> - Added "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". <br> - Updated "Connecting an ACOPOSmotor 8DI to an ACOPOS P3 drive system" <br> - Chapter "General accessories" <br> - Added hybrid cable 8CCHxxxx.11130-1, 8CCHxxxx.11230-1, 8CCHxxxx.11220-1 <br> - Revised chapter "Standards and certifications" completely and added "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". <br> - Updated appendix "UL markings". |
| 0.40 | 2014-07-07 | Changes / New features <br> - ACOPOSremote chapter <br> - Added section "Connecting an ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter module to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system" to dimensioning chapter. <br> - ACOPOSmotor chapter: <br> - Updated dimensioning. <br> - Added size 3. <br> - Infrastructure components chapter: <br> - Updated dimensioning. <br> - Added input/output diagram. <br> - Safety technology chapter: <br> - Revised figures. <br> - Safety categories table: Added values. <br> - Added "General accessories" chapter. <br> - Added appendix. |
| 0.30 | 2013-08-01 | Changes / New features <br> - Revised chapter "Safety technology" (8DI). <br> - Added chapter "ACOPOSmotor". |
| 0.20 | 2012-07-06 | Changes / New features <br> - Revised chapter "Standards and certifications". <br> - Updated available accessories. <br> - Revised images in chapter "Safety technology". |
| 0.10 | 2011-08-25 | Start of revision history publication |

## 2 General safety guidelines

### 2.1 Organization of notices

## Safety notices

Contain only information that warns of dangerous functions or situations.

| Signal word | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Danger! | Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices will result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property. |
| Warning! | Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property. |
| Caution! | Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in minor injury or damage to property. |
| Notice! | Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in damage to property. |

## General notices

Contain useful information for users and instructions for avoiding malfunctions.

| Signal word | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Information: | Useful information, application tips and instructions for avoiding malfunctions. |

### 2.2 General information

$B \& R$ drive systems and servo motors have been designed, developed and manufactured for conventional use in industrial environments.

They have not been designed, developed and manufactured for use that involves fatal risks or hazards that could result in death, injury, serious physical harm or other loss without the assurance of exceptionally stringent safety precautions.

In particular, these risks include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, in flight control or flight safety systems as well as in the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems or weapons systems.
Servo drives, inverter modules and frequency inverters from B\&R are not dual-use goods per Annex I of Council Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 | 3A225, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2420.
The electrical output frequency of these modules is monitored; if the limit frequency is exceeded, the current movement is aborted and an error is reported.
Servo drives, inverter modules and frequency inverters with the dual-use option are dual-use goods per Annex I of Council Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 | 3A225, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2420.
The electrical output frequency of these modules is not monitored.
Modules with the dual-use option are subject to various export restrictions.

## Danger!

Drive systems and servo motors can have exposed parts with voltages applied (e.g. terminals) or hot surfaces. Additional hazards include moving machine parts. The removal of required covers, inappropriate use of the devices or their improper installation or operation can result in severe personal injury or damage to property.

All tasks such as the transport, installation, commissioning and servicing of devices are only permitted to be carried out by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are persons who are familiar with the transport, installation, assembly, commissioning and operation of the product and have the appropriate qualifications for their job. National accident prevention regulations must be observed.
The safety guidelines, information about connection conditions (nameplate and documentation) and limit values specified in the technical data must be read carefully before installation and commissioning and must be strictly observed.

### 2.3 Qualified personnel

Use of safety-related products is restricted to the following persons:

- Qualified personnel who are familiar with relevant safety concepts for automation technology as well as applicable standards and regulations
- Qualified personnel who plan, develop, install and commission safety equipment in machines and systems Qualified personnel in the context of this manual's safety guidelines are those who, because of their training, experience and instruction combined with their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention guidelines and operating conditions, are qualified to carry out essential tasks and recognize and avoid potentially dangerous situations.
In this regard, sufficient language skills are also required in order to be able to properly understand this manual.


### 2.4 Intended use

Servo drives are components intended to be installed in electrical systems or machines. This intended use is prohibited until it has been determined that the machine complies with the regulations of EC directives 2006/42/ EC (Machinery Directive) and 2004/108/CE (EMC Directive).
$B \& R$ drive systems are only permitted to be directly operated on grounded industrial power systems (TN, TN-C-S). When used in residential areas, commercial areas or small businesses, additional protective and filtering measures must be implemented by the user.

## Danger!

Drive systems are not permitted to be operated directly on TT, IT and corner-grounded TN-S systems!
For technical data as well as specifications for connection and ambient conditions, see the nameplate and user documentation. The connection and ambient conditions must be observed!

## Danger!

Electronic devices are generally not failsafe. If the drive systems fails, the user is responsible for making sure that the motor is brought to a secure state.

### 2.5 Protection against electrostatic discharge

Electrical assemblies that can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD) must be handled accordingly.

### 2.5.1 Packaging

Electrical assemblies with housing do not require special ESD packaging but must be handled properly (see section 2.5.2 "Regulations for proper ESD handling " on page 12).

Electrical assemblies without housings are protected by ESD-suitable packaging.

### 2.5.2 Regulations for proper ESD handling

## Electrical assemblies with housing

- Do not touch the connector contacts of connected cables.
- Do not touch the contact tips on circuit boards.


## Electrical assemblies without housing

The following applies in addition to "Electrical assemblies with housing":

- All persons handling electrical assemblies and devices in which electrical assemblies are installed must be grounded.
- Assemblies are only permitted to be touched on the narrow sides or front plate.
- Always place assemblies on suitable surfaces (ESD packaging, conductive foam, etc.). Metallic surfaces are not suitable surfaces!
- Assemblies must not be subjected to electrostatic discharges (e.g. due to charged plastics).
- A minimum distance of 10 cm from monitors or television sets must be maintained.
- Measuring instruments and devices must be grounded.
- Test probes of floating potential measuring instruments must be discharged briefly on suitable grounded surfaces before measurement.


## Individual components

- ESD protective measures for individual components are implemented throughout B\&R (conductive floors, shoes, wrist straps, etc.).
- The increased ESD protective measures for individual components are not required for handling B\&R products at customer locations.


### 2.6 Transport and storage

During transport and storage, devices must be protected against undue stress (mechanical stress, temperature, humidity, aggressive atmosphere).
Drive systems contain components sensitive to electrostatic charges that can be damaged by inappropriate handling. It is therefore necessary to provide the required protective measures against electrostatic discharge when installing or removing these drive systems.

### 2.7 Handling and installation

## Warning!

B\&R drive systems and servo motors can be heavy.
When handling and installing heavy B\&R drive systems or servo motors, there is therefore the risk of personal injury or damage to property caused by shearing, impacts, cutting or crushing. If required, use suitable protective equipment (e.g. safety glasses, protective gloves, safety shoes)!

Installation must be performed according to this documentation using suitable equipment and tools.
Devices may only be installed by qualified personnel without voltage applied. Before installation, voltage to the control cabinet must be switched off and prevented from being switched on again.
General safety guidelines and national accident prevention regulations (e.g. VBG 4) for working with high voltage systems must be observed.

Electrical installation must be carried out in accordance with relevant regulations (e.g. line cross section, fuse protection, protective ground connection, see also "Dimensioning" on page 253).

### 2.8 Operation

### 2.8.1 Protection against touching electrical parts

## Danger!

To operate drive systems, it is necessary for certain parts to carry dangerous voltage levels over 60 VDC. Touching one of these components can result in a life-threatening electric shock. There is a risk of death, serious injury or damage to property.

Before turning on a drive system, it is important to ensure that the housing is properly connected to ground (PE rail). Ground connections must be established even when testing or operating the drive system for a short time!

Before turning the device on, all parts that carry voltage must be securely covered. During operation, all covers and control cabinet doors must remain closed.

## Danger!

If the safety functions integrated in the drive system are used in an application, then the safety functions must be fully validated before the drive system is switched on for the first time. There is a risk of death, serious injury or damage to property.

Control and power connections can still carry voltage even if the motor is not turning. Touching these connections when the device is switched on is prohibited.

Before performing any work on drive systems, they must first be disconnected from the power mains and prevented from being switched on again.

## Danger!

## Dangerously high voltage!

Before starting work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the capacitors have discharged. Observe regulations!
This delay time of 5 minutes begins as soon as all of the synchronous motors connected to the drive system that has been disconnected from the power supply have come to a standstill. If the synchronous motors are not at standstill when the drive system is disconnected from the power supply, then the delay time must be extended accordingly.
ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor modules are labeled with the following warning:


Figure 1: Warning sticker on ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor modules
The connections on the drive system for signal voltages in the voltage range 5 to 30 V are safely isolated circuits. The signal voltage connections and interfaces are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or electrical components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 and that correspond to SELV / PELV or a protective extra-low voltage of class DVC A per EN 61800-5-1.
Never remove the electrical connections from the drive system with voltage applied. In some cases, electric arcs may occur that can cause personal injury and/or damage to contacts.

### 2.8.2 Protection against hazardous movements

## Danger!

Improper control of motors can result in unintended hazardous movements! Such incorrect behavior can have various causes:

- Incorrect installation or faults when handling components
- Improper or incomplete wiring
- Defective devices (drive system, motor, position encoder, cables, brake)
- Incorrect control (e.g. caused by software error)

Several of these fault causes are detected and prevented by the drive system's internal monitoring. Nevertheless, it is still possible for the motor shaft to move any time after the device is switched on! For this reason, higher-level protective measures must be put in place to ensure that personnel and the machine are protected.

The moving parts on machines must be shielded in such a way as to prevent unintentional access by personnel. This type of protection can be achieved by using stable mechanical protective equipment such as protective covers, protective fences, protective gates or photoelectric sensors.
It is prohibited to remove, bypass or circumvent this safety equipment or to remain within the machine's range of movement.

A sufficient number of emergency switch-offs must be installed in the immediate vicinity of the machine and easily accessible at all times. This emergency switch-off equipment must be checked before the machine is commissioned.

On free running motors, the shaft key (if present) must be removed or measures taken to prevent its ejection. The holding brake built into motors cannot prevent hoisting equipment from dropping the suspended load.

### 2.8.3 Protection against burns

The surfaces of servo drives and servo motors can reach very high temperatures during operation.
Servo drives are therefore labeled with the following warning:


Figure 2: Warning on the servo drive

## Information:

A "hot surface" warning sticker is provided with the servo motors. It must be applied so that it can be seen at any time after the motor has been mounted.

### 2.9 Functional safety data and specifications

Specifications for individual safety functions are listed in the section Safety technology.
Specifications are calculated based on a proof test interval of maximum 20 years. Since a proof test cannot be carried out for B\&R drive systems, the proof test interval is the same as the system's mission time.
In accordance with EN ISO 13849, EN 62061 and IEC 61508 standards, the safety functions described in the section Safety technology cannot be used beyond the specified mission time.

## Danger!

The user must ensure that all B\&R drive systems that fulfill a safety function are replaced by new $B \& R$ drive systems or removed from operation before their mission time expires.

### 2.10 Cybersecurity disclaimer for products

B\&R products communicate via a network interface and were developed for secure connection with internal and, if necessary, other networks such as the Internet.

## Information:

In the following, B\&R products are referred to as "product" and all types of networks (e.g. internal networks and the Internet) are referred to as "network".

It is the sole responsibility of the customer to establish and continuously ensure a secure connection between the product and the network. In addition, appropriate security measures must be implemented and maintained to protect the product and entire network from any security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, digital intrusion, data leakage and/or theft of data or information.

B\&R Industrial Automation $G m b H$ and its subsidiaries are not liable for damages and/or losses in connection with security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, digital intrusion, data leakage and/or theft of data or information.

The aforementioned appropriate security measures include, for example:

- Segmentation of the network (e.g. separation of the IT network from the control network ${ }^{11}$ )
- Use of firewalls
- Use of authentication mechanisms
- Encryption of data
- Use of anti-malware software

Before B\&R releases products or updates, they are subjected to appropriate functional testing. Independently of this, we recommend that our customers develop their own test processes in order to be able to check the effects of changes in advance. Such changes include, for example:

- Installation of product updates
- Significant system modifications such as configuration changes
- Deployment of updates or patches for third-party software (non-B\&R software)
- Hardware replacement

These tests should ensure that implemented security measures remain effective and that systems in the customer's environment behave as expected.

## 3 System overview

### 3.1 ACOPOSremote

### 3.1.1 System characteristics

### 3.1.1.1 Decentralized and flexible



Figure 3: ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter module
Drive solutions that are optimally tailored to the application are a basic requirement for competitive machines and plants. Here, the direct integration of the inverters into the actuator's environment - without the need for additional accompanying measures - represents an ideal configuration. B\&R takes this into account with the decentralized ACOPOSremote drive system.

This architecture offers many different advantages when it comes to machine configuration.

### 3.1.1.2 Integrated modularity

All modules in the ACOPOSremote product line are designed with IP65 protection, which makes it possible to mount them directly on the machine. The control cabinet then only has to contain the power supply, high-powered inverter modules and other necessary electrical switching equipment. The result is a much easier implementation of modular machine architectures. When optional machine functions are required, they can easily be connected with the requisite dimensioning of the power supply - to the machine's main line using hybrid cables.

### 3.1.1.3 Free motor selection

Because the inverter is separate from the motor, the user is free to select the actuator best suited to his drive solution. This type of installation is particularly well suited for the increasingly prevalent linear and torque motors. It prevents the properties of the motor from being negatively influenced, and the maximum possible dynamics remain available throughout.

### 3.1.1.4 Homogeneous and compatible

ACOPOSremote drive systems offer the well-known functionality of the ACOPOSmulti drive family and can therefore be integrated homogeneously into a drive solution.
Optimal machine and system configurations are based on the ACOPOSremote - the ideal enhancement for modular drive solutions that require the highest levels of performance and flexibility.

### 3.1.1.5 The ideal topology

One of the most substantial advantages has to do with the hybrid cabling between the inverters themselves. Simply connecting ACOPOSremote drive modules together in a line - the "daisy chain" wiring scheme - results in an uncomplicated and flexible machine architecture where energy is passed from one drive module to the next.

## System overview

### 3.1.1.6 ACOPOSmotor configurations

ACOPOSmotor drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOSmotor functions listed below are basic functions that the user can switch between as needed within $400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. In addition, manipulations such as changes in product length, registration mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

- Point-to-point
- Electronic gears
- Electronic compensation gears
- Cross cutter
- Electronic cams
- Flying saws
- Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSmotor drive systems can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.

Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSmotor drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with B\&R automation components

## Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor



Figure 4: Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor


Figure 5: Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

### 3.2 8CVE connection box

### 3.2.1 System characteristics

### 3.2.1.1 8CVE remote connection box



Figure 6: ACOPOSremote 8CVE connection box
An ACOPOSremote drive system is usually connected via a hybrid cable by simply arranging individual 8CVI inverter modules in a line structure. The demands placed on using a hybrid cable in this way are many. In addition to its main tasks of supplying energy and handling network communication, other aspects such as connector technology, manageability and bending radius also need to be taken into consideration. The sum of these demands results in a reasonable maximum cable diameter, but it ultimately limits the available maximum current for supplying all of the ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverters in this line structure.

In applications where this maximum current is insufficient, the necessary power must be provided in another way, made available to a remote location on-site and then redistributed from there. This is where the 8CVE remote connection box comes in.

### 3.2.1.1.1 Robust and resistant

Like all modules in an ACOPOSremote drive system, the 8CVE remote connection box is designed with IP65 protection so it can be mounted directly on the machine. The stable housing means that it can be used even in demanding environments. This gives users flexibility when selecting installation sites in order to best suit their requirements.

### 3.2.1.1.2 Separate cable routing means more free space

Because the power supply, the 24 V supply, the safety technology (STO signals) and the POWERLINK network are wired separately, the 8CVE remote connection box can provide a considerable amount of power directly to the machine (up to 30 kW ).

Not only that, but it's also possible to use standard cables to implement alternative solutions such as transferring energy using slip rings. This provides the user with the flexibility to work with conventional connector technology while still being able to use remote servo drive technology.

### 3.2.1.1.3 Extensive connection options

The 8CVE decentralized connection box features four hybrid cable connections. In this way, performance can be divided among up to four line structures for ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules and/or ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules.
Classic wiring solutions have also been taken into consideration. The necessary connections for the STO (Safe Torque Off) signals are also part of the 8CVE decentralized connection box and have a direct effect on the ACOPOSremote 8 CVI inverter modules and/or ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules which are connected via hybrid cables.
In addition, the 8CVE remote connection box is equipped with two local I/O connections - another example of exemplary support for modular machine concepts.

### 3.2.1.1.4 ACOPOSremote configuration

ACOPOSremote drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOS functions listed below are basic functions which the user can switch between as needed within $400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Furthermore, manipulations such as changes in product length, print mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

- Point-to-point movements
- Electronic gears
- Electronic compensation gears
- Cutting units
- Electronic cam profiles
- Flying saws
- Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSremote servo drives can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.
Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSremote drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with $B \& R$ automation components.

## System overview

Decentralized architecture with 8CVE connection box, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor


Figure 7: Decentralized architecture with 8CVE connection box, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

### 3.3 ACOPOSmotor

### 3.3.1 System characteristics

### 3.3.1.1 Compact and safe



ACOPOSmotor modules combine the following components in a single compact unit:

- Servo drive
- Servo motor as an energy transducer
- The built-in position sensor

ACOPOSmotor modules deliver maximum performance through the use of advanced power component technology that minimizes power loss as well as a motor series optimized for motion applications.
Available in 3 different sizes, ACOPOSmotor modules cover the entire spectrum with a torque range of 5.7 to 17 Nm and a power range of 1 kW to 2.3 kW . For applications that demand more power, an optional fan component can be added at any time to boost performance considerably.

### 3.3.1.2 Decentralized and flexible

In terms of topology, the ACOPOSmotor module can be integrated into a simple line or tree structure. Node number assignment takes place automatically in the line structure. If the address still needs to be set, however, this can be done without opening the housing.

The connection to the drive network is made using a hybrid connector. It contains all power and signal lines needed to operate the ACOPOSmotor module as well as those required by the POWERLINK network.
Highly effective IP65 protection allows ACOPOSmotor modules to be mounted directly on the machine. The control cabinet then only has to contain the power supply, high-powered inverter modules and other necessary electromechanical components. This makes it much easier to implement modular machine architectures and optional machine functions since they can be easily connected - with the requisite dimensioning of the power supply - to the machine's main line using hybrid cables.

Also ideal for modular machine engineering is the ability to connect X67 modules directly to ACOPOSmotor modules, something that paves the way for implementing machine modules as completely self-sufficient and testable production units.

### 3.3.1.3 Homogeneous and compatible

ACOPOSmotor modules provide the well-known functionality of the ACOPOSmulti drive family and can therefore be completely integrated into a drive solution.

### 3.3.1.4 Cooling

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are self-cooling and have a long, slim design. The modules must be installed on the cooling surface (flange).

### 3.3.1.5 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION



B\&R's well-established safety solution - consisting of X20 SafelO modules, SafeLOGIC controllers and the SafeDESIGNER toolset in Automation Studio - is rounded off by ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules. All B\&R "Integrated Safety Technology" products are optimized to work together, delivering elegant applications at extremely low cost levels.
openSAFETY sets technical standards
Although there are many new approaches to safe fieldbus systems, most of them are restricted by proprietary standards and sluggish response times. The B\&R safety system - including its ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules - takes a different approach by implementing openSAFETY across the board. This approach allows integrated safety functions such as Safely Limited Speed to be activated directly over the network instead of having to wire these types of safety-related signals to the drive.
Information is collected directly from its source via safe digital inputs and outputs before being distributed to the respective sensors and actuators - in this case, the drive with integrated safety functions - via a safe CPU, the SafeLOGIC controller. Connecting over a POWERLINK network makes it easy to achieve the best possible communication between the SafeLOGIC controller and the standard controller for non safety-related program engineering.

## Short cycle times

Cycle times of $800 \mu$ s are achieved on ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules while still satisfying SIL 3 requirements.

## Modular, expandable system

Because not all drives and axes in a production machine are safety-related, ACOPOSmotor modules are offered both with and without integrated safety functionality (SafeMOTION). This makes it possible to combine safe and non-safe axes in an application as needed.

### 3.3.1.6 ACOPOSmotor configurations

ACOPOSmotor drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOSmotor functions listed below are basic functions that the user can switch between as needed within $400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. In addition, manipulations such as changes in product length, registration mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

- Point-to-point
- Electronic gears
- Electronic compensation gears
- Cross cutter
- Electronic cams
- Flying saws
- Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSmotor drive systems can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.

Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSmotor drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with $B \& R$ automation components.

Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor


Figure 8: Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor
Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor


Figure 9: Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

### 3.4 ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 3.4.1 System characteristics

### 3.4.1.1 Compact and safe



ACOPOSmotor Compact modules combine the following components in a single compact unit:

- Servo drive
- Servo motor as an energy transducer
- Built-in position sensor

The ACOPOSmotor Compact module achieves maximum performance through the use of the latest technology in power components with minimal power dissipation as well as from the motor series optimized for this use case.

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules cover a power range up to 0.35 kW , and the smallest variant measures just 60 $\mathrm{mm} \times 90 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{w} \times \mathrm{h})$. Despite their compact dimensions, they have a full-fledged integrated servo drive with control loop cycle times as fast as $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. The motors are optionally available with an integrated gearbox.

## Daisy chaining

The devices have two connections for hybrid cables, so only a single cable is required to connect to the control cabinet. The hybrid cable transmits both the power supply and POWERLINK communication. Additional ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are easily connected via daisy chaining.


ACOPOSmotor Compact modules function over a wide voltage range from 24 to 58 VDC.

Multi-turn and single-turn encoder variants are available.
ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are designed for use in harsh environments. With an oil seal, the device corresponds to IP65 protection. It requires neither fans nor heat sinks.

### 3.4.1.2 Decentralized and flexible

In terms of topology, the ACOPOSmotor Compact module is wired either as a simple line structure or as a tree structure. Node number assignment takes place automatically in the line structure. If the address must still be set, however, this can be done without opening the housing.
The connection to the drive system is made using a hybrid connector. This contains all of the power and signal lines needed to operate the ACOPOSmotor Compact module as well as the POWERLINK network.

With the oil seal option, the high IP65 degree of protection allows ACOPOSmotor Compact modules to be mounted directly on the machine. The control cabinet contains only the power supply modules, high-power inverter modules and the necessary electromechanical components. This makes it much easier to implement modular machine architectures and optional machine functions since they can be easily connected - with the requisite dimensioning of the power supply - to the machine's main line using hybrid cables.

The option of connecting X67 modules directly to ACOPOSmotor Compact modules is also ideal for modular machine manufacturing. This opens the door to the implementation of machine modules as production units that can be completed and tested independently.

### 3.4.1.3 Homogeneous and compatible

The ACOPOSmotor Compact module provides the familiar functions of the ACOPOS family and thus fits homogeneously into the drive solution.

### 3.4.1.4 Cooling

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are self-cooling and have a long, slim design. The modules must be installed on the cooling surface (flange).

### 3.4.1.5 ACOPOSmotor Compact configurations

ACOPOSmotor Compact drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOSmotor Compact functions listed below are basic functions that the user can switch between as needed within $400 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. In addition, manipulations such as changes in product length, registration mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

- Point-to-point
- Electronic gearbox
- Electronic compensation gears
- Cross cutter
- Electronic cams
- Flying saws
- Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSmotor Compact drive systems can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.
Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSmotor Compact drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with B\&R automation components.

## Topologies

## ACOPOSmotor Compact modules do not require an additional servo drive.

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules do not require an additional servo drive and are simply integrated into the POWERLINK network. Power is supplied via an DC power supply unit.


## ACOPOSmotor Compact modules can be integrated into ACOPOSmulti architecture.

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules can be integrated into ACOPOSmulti architecture. Power is supplied via the DC bus.


## ACOPOSmotor Compact modules can be connected directly to the ACOPOStrak power supply.

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules can be connected directly to the ACOPOStrak power supply. This greatly simplifies the wiring of processing stations on the track system. A separate power supply is not necessary for ACOPOSmotor Compact.


## 4 Technical data

### 4.1 ACOPOSremote

### 4.1.1 Overview

Inverter modules (single-axis modules)

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 4.5 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS encoder <br> interface, cold plate mounting | 39 |
| 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 4.5 A, AS, IP65, 1x HIPERFACE encoder interface, cold <br> plate mounting | 44 |
| 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 4.5 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos encoder interface, cold plate <br> mounting | 34 |
| 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 8.8 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS encoder <br> interface, cold plate mounting | 54 |
| 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 8.8 A, AS, IP65, 1x HIPERFACE encoder interface, cold <br> plate mounting | 59 |
| 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 8.8 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos encoder interface, cold plate <br> mounting | 49 |
| 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 15.5 A, AS, IP65, integrated cold plate, 1x SinCos encoder <br> interface, cold plate mounting | 64 |

Motor cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCM0001.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector <br> size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | 73 |
| 8CCM0002.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector <br> size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | 73 |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector <br> size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | 73 |
| 8CCM0004.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector <br> size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | 73 |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector <br> size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | 73 |

## SinCos cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCS0001.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 76 |
| 8CCS0002.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal <br> connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 76 |
| 8CCS0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 76 |
| 8CCS0004.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 76 |
| 8CCS0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal <br> connector, $15-$-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 76 |

## EnDat 2.1 cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCE0001.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 79 |
| 8CCE0002.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 79 |
| 8CCE0003.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor <br> connector, $15-$-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 79 |
| 8CCE0004.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 79 |
| 8CCE0005.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor <br> connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 79 |

## Screw sets

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $20 \times$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $52 \times$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $100 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |

## General accessories

Connection cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0015.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0020.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0025.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |

## Hybrid cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0007.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| Order number | Short description | Page |
| 8CCH0001.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0002.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0004.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0005.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0001.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0002.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0003.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0004.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0005.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~mm}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times$ <br> $15-$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0007.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ <br> 15 -pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0010.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0015.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0020.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |

Slot covers / Threaded caps

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: $1 \times$ slot cover for hybrid connector | 377 |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |

### 4.1.2 Inverter modules

### 4.1.2.1 Status indicators

## 8CVI045x1HCS0.00-1



Figure 10: 8CVI045x1HCS0.00-1 - Display group overview
8CVI088x1HCS0.00-1


Figure 11: 8CVI088x1HCS0.00-1 - Display group overview

8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1


Figure 12: Status indicator group 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Overview

### 4.1.2.1.1 LED status indicators

| Status indicator group | Label | Color | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWERLINK | R/E | Green/Red | Ready/Error | see Tab. 2 "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on page 33 |
|  | L/D1 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 1 |  |
|  | L/D2 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 2 |  |
|  | L/D3 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 3 |  |
| Power inverter | RDY | Green | Ready | see Tab. 3 "RDY, RUN, ERR - LED status indicators" on page 33 |
|  | RUN | Orange | Run |  |
|  | ERR | Red | Error |  |
| Power supply | 24 V | Green | 24 V OK | 24 VDC module voltage supply is within the tolerance range. |
| Encoder | UP | Orange | Encoder direction of rotation + | Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit. |
|  | DN | Orange | Encoder direction of rotation - | Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit. |

Table 1: 8CVI inverter modules - LED status indicators

### 4.1.2.1.2 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R/E | Green/Red | Ready/Error | LED off | The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed. |
|  |  |  | Solid red | The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0 . |
|  |  |  | Blinking red/green | The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (1x) | The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (2x) | Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (3x) | Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation. |
|  |  |  | Solid green | The client is participating in cyclic operation. |
|  |  |  | Flickering green | The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation. |
| L/D1 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 1 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |
| L/D2 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 2 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |
| L/D3 | Green | Link/Data activity on port 3 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |

Table 2: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

### 4.1.2.1.3 RDY, RUN, ERR - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RDY | Green | Ready | Solid green | The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green ${ }^{1)}$ | The module is not ready for operation. <br> Examples: <br> - No signal on one or both enable inputs <br> - DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range <br> - Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor) <br> - Motor feedback not connected or defective <br> - Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective <br> - Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.) <br> - Disturbance on network |
| RUN | Orange | Run | Solid orange |  |
| ERR | Red | Error | Solid red ${ }^{1)}$ | There is a permanent error on the module. <br> Examples: <br> - Permanent overcurrent <br> - Invalid data in EPROM |

Table 3: RDY, RUN, ERR - LED status indicators

1) Firmware V2. 130 and later.

### 4.1.2.2 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.2.1 Order data



Table 4: 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | SinCos cables |  |
| 8CCS0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 12-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 12-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |  |

Table 4: 8CVIO45S1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.2.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | 0xB5CB |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15-pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| KC | Yes |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16\right.$ * $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+5.6$ * $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2}$ * 0.25$] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49{ }^{*} \mathrm{I}^{2}+4.7{ }^{*} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87\right.$ * $\left.\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4}$ |
| Variant | $15-$ pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 1.5 kW |

Table 5: 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | $4.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.45 A per 1,000 m |
| Peak current | $13.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10$ / 20 kHz |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9 }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10)}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | SinCos |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Load capacity | $300 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | 2 , compensation of max. $2 \times 0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signals, symmetrical |
| Signal frequency (-3 dB) | DC up to 300 kHz |
| Signal frequency ( -5 dB ) | DC up to 400 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| ADC resolution | 12-bit |

Table 5: 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reference input |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, symmetrical |
| Differential voltage for low | $\leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Differential voltage for high | $\geq 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {Ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Limit switch inputs ${ }^{15)}$ |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Source |
| Input resistance | 1470 ת |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Minimum | -12 V |
| Nominal | 5 V |
| Maximum | 20 V |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | >2 V |
| Switching delay | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | <5 V |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{16)}$ | Permitted Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Sensor/Actuator power supply |  |
| Voltage | 24 VDC |
| Summation current | Max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{\text {17) }}$ |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.35.1 and higher |

Table 5: 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{18)}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{\text {19) }}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{20)}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to 95\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{21)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 5: 8CVI045S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24}$ v out corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) B\&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 12 mA exists for terminating resistors and limit switch inputs
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) The measurement system offered by Heidenhain with limit switch outputs LIDA $47 x$, LIDA 48 x and LIF4x1 was tested for compatibility. In practice, the cable length is limited by the encoder.
16) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
17) The summation current corresponds to the current that is output on the X23A and X24A connectors on the module.
18) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$.
19) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
20) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
21) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.3 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.3.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSremote inverter units |  |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 4.5 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS encoder interface, cold plate mounting |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | $1.5 \mathbf{~ m m}^{2}$ motor cables |  |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains | atas |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8 -pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules |  |
|  | EnDat 2.1 cables |  |
| 8CCE0003.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0005.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 17$-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0003.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | One-sided hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 x$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 6: 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0010.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0015.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
|  | Threaded caps |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs . |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs . |

Table 6: 8CVIO45E1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.3.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | $0 \times \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{B0}$ |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15-pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| KC | Yes |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16 * 1_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+5.6 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49 * \mathrm{I}^{2}+4.7 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87\right.$ * $\left.\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] ~ W ~$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4}$ |
| Variant | 15 -pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 1.5 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2}$ | $4.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6)}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |

Table 7: 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.45 A per $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Peak current | $13.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9) }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10)}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | EnDat 2.1 |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Load capacity | $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | 2, compensation of max. $2 \times 0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signals, symmetrical |
| Signal frequency (-3 dB) | DC up to 300 kHz |
| Signal frequency ( -5 dB ) | DC up to 400 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Resolution | 12-bit |
| Reference input |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, symmetrical |
| Differential voltage for low | $\leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Differential voltage for high | $\geq 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{\text {14) }}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |

Table 7: 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Synchronous serial interface |  |
| Signal transmission | RS485 |
| Data transfer rate | Depends on the configured functionality ${ }^{15)}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. 100 s |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{16)}$ | Permitted <br> Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | <5 V |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.35.1 and higher |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{17}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN $60529{ }^{18)}$ | IP65 |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{19)}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to 95\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Table 7: 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{20}$ 8 |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 7: 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15 -pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{v} \text { out }}$ corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) B\&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) $428 / 2009$ | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 57 mA is available for terminating resistors.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio ( 16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) EnDat 2.1 ... $781.25 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}$, SSI ... 100 to $400 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}$, BiSS ... $1560 \mathrm{kbit} / \mathrm{s}$.
16) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
17) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$.
18) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
19) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
20) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.4 8CVIO45H1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.4.1 Order data



Table 8: 8CVIO45H1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
|  | Threaded caps |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |

Table 8: 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.4.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | 0xC1B1 |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15-pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+5.6 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2}\right.$ * 0.25$] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+4.7 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { V out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4)}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 1.5 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | $4.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.45 A per 1,000 m |
| Peak current | $13.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |

Table 9: 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9 }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10)}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | HIPERFACE |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | Typ. 10 V |
| Load capacity | $130 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | - |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, asymmetrical |
| Signal frequency | DC up to 200 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Resolution | 12-bit |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Asynchronous serial interface |  |
| Signal transmission | RS485 |
| Data transfer rate | $9600 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |

Table 9: 8CVIO45H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI045H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{15}$ | Permitted Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Sensor/Actuator power supply |  |
| Voltage | 24 VDC |
| Summation current | Max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{16)}$ |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.28.0 and higher |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{17)}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{18)}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{19)}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{20)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 9: 8CVIO45H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{v} \text { out }}$ corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X 31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) $\quad \mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{R}$ recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) $428 / 2009$ | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 40 mA is available for terminating resistors.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
16) The summation current corresponds to the current that is output on the X 23 A and X 24 A connectors on the module.
17) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$.
18) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
19) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
20) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.5 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.5.1 Order data



Table 10: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |
|  | SinCos cables |
| 8CCS0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCS0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCS0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCS0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 12-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |
|  | Threaded caps |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |

Table 10: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.5.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | 0xDDA6 |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15 -pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Support |  |
| Dynamic node allocation (DNA) | Yes |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+5.6 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2}\right.$ * 0.25$] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+4.7 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87 * 1_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] ~ \mathrm{~W}$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |

Table 11: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 4 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | $8.8 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5}$ ) |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.88 A per $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Peak current | $24.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9 }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10)}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | SinCos |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Load capacity | $300 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | 2 , compensation of max. $2 \times 0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signals, symmetrical |
| Signal frequency ( -3 dB ) | DC up to 300 kHz |
| Signal frequency (-5dB) | DC up to 400 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| ADC resolution | 12-bit |

Table 11: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reference input |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, symmetrical |
| Differential voltage for low | $\leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Differential voltage for high | $\geq 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {Ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{14}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Limit switch inputs ${ }^{15}$ |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Source |
| Input resistance | 1470 ת |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Minimum | -12 V |
| Nominal | 5 V |
| Maximum | 20 V |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | >2 V |
| Switching delay | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{16)}$ | Permitted <br> Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{\text {3) }}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Sensor/Actuator power supply |  |
| Voltage | 24 VDC |
| Summation current | Max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{\text {17) }}$ |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.35.1 and higher |

Table 11: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{18)}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{\text {19) }}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{20}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{21)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 11: 8CVI088S1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24}$ v out corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) $B \& R$ recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 12 mA exists for terminating resistors and limit switch inputs.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) The measurement system offered by Heidenhain with limit switch outputs LIDA $47 x$, LIDA $48 x$ and LIF $4 \times 1$ was tested for compatibility. In practice, the cable length is limited by the encoder.
16) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
17) The summation current corresponds to the current that is output on the $X 23 A$ and $X 24 \mathrm{~A}$ connectors on the module.
18) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$.
19) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
20) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
21) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.6 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.6.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSremote inverter units |  |
| 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 8.8 A, AS, IP65, 1x SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS encoder interface, cold plate mounting |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ motor cables |  |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains | 4 |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{x} 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 4 x hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules |  |
|  | EnDat 2.1 cables |  |
| 8CCE0003.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0005.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0003.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | One-sided hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 12: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0010.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 x 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 x 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \mathrm{x} 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1 x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs . |  |

Table 12: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.6.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | 0xDDA4 |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15-pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Support |  |
| Dynamic node allocation (DNA) | Yes |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+5.6\right.$ * $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+(\mathrm{P} \text { out } / 750)^{2}$ * 0.25$] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+4.7 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87 * \mathrm{I}^{2}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4)}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| $24 \mathrm{VDC}, \mathrm{COM}$ | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 4 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | $8.8 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |

Table 13: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6)}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.88 A per 1,000 m |
| Peak current | $24.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 8) | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9 }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | EnDat 2.1 |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Load capacity | $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | 2, compensation of max. $2 \times 0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signals, symmetrical |
| Signal frequency (-3 dB) | DC up to 300 kHz |
| Signal frequency ( -5 dB ) | DC up to 400 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Resolution | 12-bit |

Table 13: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reference input |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, symmetrical |
| Differential voltage for low | $\leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Differential voltage for high | $\geq 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Synchronous serial interface |  |
| Signal transmission | RS485 |
| Data transfer rate | Depends on the configured functionality ${ }^{15)}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | >15 V |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{16)}$ | Permitted Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.35.1 and higher |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{17}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{18)}$ |

Table 13: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Ambient conditions | 8CVIO88E1HCS0.00-1 |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $\left.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{19}\right)$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to $85 \%$, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{20)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 13: 8CVI088E1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{v} \text { out }}$ corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: $750 \mathrm{VDC} D C$ bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) $B \& R$ recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) $428 / 2009$ | 3 A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 57 mA is available for terminating resistors.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) EnDat 2.1 ... 781.25 kbit/s, SSI ... 100 to 400 kbit/s, BiSS ... 1560 kbit/s.
16) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
17) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$
18) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
19) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
20) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.7 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1

### 4.1.2.7.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSremote inverter units |  |
| 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, 8.8 A , AS, IP65, $1 \times$ HIPERFACE encoder interface, cold plate mounting |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ motor cables |  |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains | $2$ |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{x} 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{x} 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1× 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1 x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 4 x hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0003.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | One-sided hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 x$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 14: 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length 20 m, 2x <br> $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female <br> TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, <br> can be used in cable drag chains |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ <br> $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x} 15$-pin female <br> TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, <br> can be used in cable drag chains |
|  | Threaded caps |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |

Table 14: 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.7.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| (\|l|ler |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSremote module |
| B\&R ID code | 0xDDA5 |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15 -pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Support |  |
| Dynamic node allocation (DNA) | Yes |
| Cooling and mounting type | Cold plate mounting |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| Functional safety ${ }^{1)}$ | Yes |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| DC bus connection |  |
| Voltage |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{2)}$ | In preparation |
| Power dissipation depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | $\left[0.16 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}{ }^{2}+5.6\right.$ * $\left.\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+55+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | $\left[0.49 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+4.7 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+95+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | $\left[0.87 * \mathrm{I}^{2}+10 * \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{M}}+200+\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {out }} / 750\right)^{2} * 0.25\right] \mathrm{W}$ |
| DC bus capacitance | $35 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |
| Input capacitance | In preparation |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }}{ }^{4)}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Line length |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection | Electronic (per pin) |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | M8 connector |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 4 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2}$ | $8.8 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6)}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | No reduction |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | No reduction |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 0.88 A per $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Peak current | $24.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7}$ ) | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |

Table 15: 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{\text {9 }}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10)}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{11)}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | HIPERFACE |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | Typ. 10 V |
| Load capacity | $130 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | - |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, asymmetrical |
| Signal frequency | DC up to 200 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Resolution | 12-bit |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {Ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{\text {14) }}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Asynchronous serial interface |  |
| Signal transmission | RS485 |
| Data transfer rate | $9600 \mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |

Table 15: 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{15}$ | Permitted Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | <5 V |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Sensor/Actuator power supply |  |
| Voltage | 24 VDC |
| Summation current | Max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{16)}$ |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.28.0 and higher |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{\text {17) }}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{18)}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{\text {19) }}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{20)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | 4.8 kg |

Table 15: 8CVI088H1HCS0.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{v} \text { out }}$ corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) $B \& R$ recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) $428 / 2009$ | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 40 mA is available for terminating resistors.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
16) The summation current corresponds to the current that is output on the X 23 A and X 24 A connectors on the module.
17) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B\&R.
18) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
19) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
20) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.8 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1

### 4.1.2.8.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSremote inverter units |  |
| 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 | ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter module, $15.5 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{AS}$, IP65, integrated cold plate, $1 \times$ SinCos encoder interface, cold plate mounting |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ motor cables |  |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains | \%. |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{x} 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1,8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCM0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 4 x hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0003.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | One-sided hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x} 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 16: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0020.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0025.11150-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8EI to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | SinCos cables |  |
| 8CCS0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 12-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{x} 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ $+2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, $50 \mathrm{pcs}$. |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs . |  |

Table 16: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Order data

### 4.1.2.8.2 Technical data



Table 17: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Motor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Continuous power per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | 7.5 kW |
| Continuous current per motor connection ${ }^{2)}$ | $15.5 \mathrm{~A}_{\text {eff }}$ |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ${ }^{5)}$ |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | No reduction ${ }^{6)}$ |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | In preparation |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | In preparation |
| Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation |  |
| Starting at 500 m above sea level | 1.4 A per 1,000 m |
| Peak current | 40 A |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{7 /}$ | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ${ }^{8)}$ | Limit value curve A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection | Yes |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection | Yes |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{9}$ |
| Variant |  |
| U, V, W, PE | 8-pin speedtec connector, size 1 |
| Shield connection | Yes (via connector housing) |
| Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency |  |
| Switching frequency 5 kHz | 10 m |
| Switching frequency 10 kHz | 5 m |
| Switching frequency 20 kHz | 5 m |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Output voltage ${ }^{10}$ | 24 VDC +5.8\% / -0\% |
| Continuous current per connection | 1.1 A |
| Max. internal resistance | In preparation |
| Extinction potential | Approx. 30 V |
| Max. extinction energy per switching operation | 1.5 Ws |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload and short-circuit protection | Yes |
| Open-circuit monitoring | Yes |
| Undervoltage monitoring | Yes |
| Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring | Approx. 0.25 A |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC +0\% / -4\% |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | Internal 3-port hub, 2x male 15-pin TYCO connector, 1x M12 connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{\text {11) }}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Encoder inputs |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Type | SinCos |
| Module-side connection | 15-pin female springtec connector |
| Status indicators | UP/DN LEDs |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Encoder - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Encoder monitoring | Yes |
| Max. encoder cable length | 10 m |
| Encoder power supply |  |
| Output voltage | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ |
| Load capacity | $300 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{12)}$ |
| Sense lines | 2 , compensation of max. $2 \times 0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | Yes |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Sine/Cosine inputs |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signals, symmetrical |
| Signal frequency (-3 dB) | DC up to 300 kHz |
| Signal frequency (-5dB) | DC up to 400 kHz |
| Differential voltage | 0.5 to $1.25 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ss }}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| ADC resolution | 12-bit |

Table 17: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reference input |  |
| Signal transmission | Differential signal, symmetrical |
| Differential voltage for low | $\leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Differential voltage for high | $\geq 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Common-mode voltage | Max. $\pm 7$ V |
| Terminating resistor | $120 \Omega$ |
| Position |  |
| Resolution @ $1 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {Ss }}{ }^{13)}$ | Number of encoder lines * 5700 |
| Accuracy ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Noise ${ }^{14)}$ | - |
| Limit switch inputs ${ }^{15)}$ |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Source |
| Input resistance | 1470 ת |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - ACOPOSremote | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Minimum | -12 V |
| Nominal | 5 V |
| Maximum | 20 V |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>2 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |
| Input - Input | Yes |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 30 mA |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | <5 V |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | Max. 20.5 ms |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | Max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| OSSD signal connections ${ }^{16)}$ | Permitted <br> Max. test pulse length: $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{3)}$ |
| Trigger inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Circuit | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |
| Input - Inverter module | No |
| Input - Input | No |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | In preparation |
| Switching delay |  |
| Rising edge | In preparation |
| Falling edge | In preparation |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | In preparation |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | M8 connector |
| Sensor/Actuator power supply |  |
| Voltage | 24 VDC |
| Summation current | Max. $250 \mathrm{~mA}{ }^{\text {17) }}$ |
| Temperature sensor connection |  |
| Quantity | 1 |
| Resistance range | $500 \Omega$ to $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.35.1 and higher |

Table 17: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical properties |  |
| Discharge capacitance | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{18)}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Flow rate |  |
| Minimum | $3 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{min}^{19}$ ) |
| Maximum | $6 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{min}^{19}$ ) |
| Pressure drop depending on flow volume |  |
| $3 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{min}$ | Typ. 0.3 bar |
| $61 / \mathrm{min}$ | Typ. 0.7 bar |
| Max. continuous pressure ${ }^{20}$ | 5 bar |
| Max. permissible return temperature | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{\text {11) }}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{22)}$ |
| Maximum | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to 95\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions ${ }^{23)}$ |  |
| Width | 137 mm |
| Height | 287.2 mm |
| Depth | 131 mm |
| Weight | In preparation |

Table 17: 8CVI155S1HCS0.01-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
3) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
4) The power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{v} \text { out }}$ corresponds to the portion of the power that is output on the X31 connector on the module.
5) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
6) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
7) B\&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
8) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/ dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
10) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
11) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
12) An additional reserve of 12 mA exists for terminating resistors and limit switch inputs.
13) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
14) Limited by the encoder in practice.
15) The measurement system offered by Heidenhain with limit switch outputs LIDA $47 x$, LIDA $48 x$ and LIF $4 \times 1$ was tested for compatibility. In practice, the cable length is limited by the encoder.
16) Output signal switching device (OSSD) signals are used for monitoring signal lines for short circuits and cross faults.
17) The summation current corresponds to the current that is output on the $X 23 A$ and $X 24 \mathrm{~A}$ connectors on the module.
18) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with $B \& R$.
19) Valid under the following conditions: Coolant = Tap water. Values vary depending on the coolant and/or connection fitting being used!
20) The requirements of the complete system (tubing, heat exchangers, recooling systems, etc.) as well as any necessary application-specific requirements must be taken into account.
21) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
22) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
23) The dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting and connection.

### 4.1.2.9 Pinouts

## Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

## Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage.
Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

## Information:

To satisfy UL/CSA requirements, components of B\&R drive systems are only permitted to be wired with copper wires with a permitted wire temperature of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

### 4.1.2.9.1 Overview



Figure 13: Pinout overview

### 4.1.2.9.2 X4A (motor connection)

| Figure | Pin | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | U | Motor connection U |
|  | 2 | PE | Protective ground conductor |
|  | 3 | W | Motor connection W |
|  | 4 | V | Motor connection V |
|  | A | T+ | Temperature + |
|  | B | T- | Temperature - |
|  | C | B+ | Brake + |
|  | D | B- | Brake - |

Table 18: X4A connector - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.3 X11A encoder connection

### 4.1.2.9.3.1 SinCos (only 8CVIxxxS1HCS0.00-1)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | +5 V | Encoder power supply +5 V |
|  | 2 | R | Reference pulse |
|  | 3 | R\} | Reference pulse inverted |
|  | 4 | T+ | Temperature sensor + |
|  | 5 | T- | Temperature sensor - |
|  | 6 | Sense- | Sense input 0 V |
|  | 7 | COM | Encoder power supply 0 V |
|  | 8 | A | Channel A |
|  | 9 | Al | Channel A inverted |
|  | 10 | B | Channel B |
|  | 11 | B | Channel B inverted |
|  | 12 | --- | --- |
|  | A | Limit+ | Positive limit (L1) |
|  | B | Limit- | Negative limit (L2) |
|  | C | Sense+ | Sense input +5 V |

Table 19: X11A SinCos connector - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.3.2 EnDat 2.1 encoder connection (8CVIOxxE1HCS0.00-1 only)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | SSI SinCos | EnDat 2.1 | BiSS | SSI |
|  | 1 | +5V | Encoder supply +5 V |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | D | Data input |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | D | Data input inverted |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | T+ | Temperature sensor + |  |  |  |
| (2) (1) (12) | 5 | T- | Temperature sensor - |  |  |  |
| (3) | 6 | Sense- | Sense input 0 V |  |  |  |
|  | 7 | COM | Encoder supply 0 V |  |  |  |
| (4)) (B) (10) | 8 | A | Channel A |  | --- |  |
| 5 (C) | 9 | Al | Channel A inverted |  | --- |  |
| (5) | 10 | B | Channel B |  | --- |  |
| (6) (7) 8) | 11 | B | Channel B inverted |  | --- |  |
|  | 12 | --- | --- |  |  |  |
|  | A | T | Clock output |  |  |  |
|  | B | T | Clock output inverted |  |  |  |
|  | C | Sense+ | Sense input +5 V |  |  |  |

Table 20: EnDat 2.1 connector X11A - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.3.3 HIPERFACE encoder connection (8CVIOxxH1HCS0.00-1 only)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | --- | --- |
|  | 2 | D | Data input |
|  | 3 | D | Data input inverted |
|  | 4 | Temp+ | Temperature sensor + |
|  | 5 | Temp- | Temperature sensor - |
|  | 6 | --- | --- |
|  | 7 | COM | Encoder supply 0 V |
|  | 8 | SIN | Channel SIN |
|  | 9 | REF A | REF SIN channel |
|  | 10 | COS | Channel COS |
|  | 11 | REF B | REF COS channel |
|  | 12 | +10 V | Encoder supply +10 V |
|  | A | --- | --- |
|  | B | --- | --- |
|  | C | --- | --- |

Table 21: HIPERFACE connector X11A - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.4 X21 (POWERLINK)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1 | TXD | Transmit data |
|  | 2 | RXD | Receive data |
|  | 3 | TXD | Transmit data inverted |
|  | 4 | RXD | Receive data inverted |

Table 22: Connector X21x/X22x - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.5 X23A, X24A (trigger)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | +24 V | Sensor/actuator power supply 24 VDC ${ }^{1)}$ |
|  | 3 | GND | GND |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | Trigger | Trigger input |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 23: X23A, X24A connector - Pinout

1) An external sensor/actuator power supply is not permitted.

### 4.1.2.9.6 X31 (24 VDC routing)



Table 24: Connector X31x - Pinout

### 4.1.2.9.7 Ground connection (PE)

The protective ground conductor is attached via a cable lug to the M5 threaded bolt provided for this purpose, with a tightening torque of 3.5 Nm .


Table 25: Ground connection (PE)

### 4.1.2.10 Setting the POWERLINK node number

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two HEX rotary code switches located behind the black cover.
Remove cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Using the Torx screwdriver, unscrew the two fixing screws indicated (M3x6 mm Torx screws)
- Remove the cover


Fit cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Replace the cover on the module.
- Fasten the cover using the two fixing screws (M3x6 mm Torx screws). Tightening torque: 0.6 Nm


### 4.1.3 Accessories

### 4.1.3.1 Cables

### 4.1.3.1.1 General information

## Assembling cables

Cables assembled by the user are equivalent to cables from 3rd-party manufacturers.
If cables from 3rd-party manufacturers are used, $B \& R$ is exempt from any liability and can make no guarantee for the respective characteristics or proper function of the $B \& R$ drive system. The user must ensure that the respective national regulations are observed.

## Information:

Pre-assembled cables from $B \& R$ are designed specifically for $B \& R$ drive systems and provide considerable support for the disturbance-free operation of $B \& R$ drive systems. Whenever possible, always use pre-assembled cables from B\&R!

### 4.1.3.1.2 Motor cables

### 4.1.3.1.2.1 General information

- Can be used in cable drag chains
- Assembled specifically for use with ACOPOSremote / ACOPOSmulti65 8CVI inverter modules and B\&R servo motors with size 1 motor connectors
- speedtec - Innovative connector system for secure connections


### 4.1.3.1.2.2 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ motor cables | $=-1 /$ |  |
| 8CCM0001.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |  |
| 8CCM0002.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |  |
| 8CCM0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{x} 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 8$-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8 -pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |  |
| 8CCM0004.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |  |
| 8CCM0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote motor cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x} 2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 8-pin female speedtec motor connector size 1, 8-pin male speedtec servo connector size 1 , can be used in cable drag chains |  |  |

Table 26: 8ССМ0001.11110-0, 8ССМ0002.11110-0, 8ССМ0003.11110-0, 8CCM0004.11110-0, 8CCM0005.11110-0 - Order data

## Technical data

### 4.1.3.1.2.3 Technical data

| Order number 8CCM0001.11110-0 8CCM0002.11110-0 8CCM0003.11110-0 8CCM0004.11110-0 8CCM0005.11110-0 <br> Gen      |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $4 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | Oil resistance per VDE 0472 Part 803 as well as standard hydraulic oils |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | UL AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$, E63216 and CSA AWM I/II A/B, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$, FT2 LL46064 |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, brown, blue, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | White, white/red, white/blue, white/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Individually shielded in pairs, tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | White with white/red and white/blue with white/green |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | BERNECKER + RAINER 4x1,5+2×2×0,75 FLEX UL AWM STYLE 20234 $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V E63216 CSA AWM I/II A/B $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT2 LL46064 |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 8-pin female speedtec connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | >50 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 8 (4 power and 4 signal contacts) |  |  |  |  |
| Additional connectors | 8 -pin male speedtec coupling |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP67 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties |  |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | 3 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | 3 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 0.01 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.03 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.04 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.06 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.07 \Omega$ |
| Signal line | $\leq 0.03 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.06 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.09 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.12 \Omega$ | $\leq 0.15 \Omega$ |
| Insulation resistance | $>200 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ | $>100 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ | $>66.67 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ | $>50 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ | $>40 \mathrm{G} \Omega$ |
| Current-carrying capacity per DIN VDE 0298 part 4, table 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall mounting | 20 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in conduit or cable duct | 17.8 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in cable tray | 20.9 A |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | -10 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | -40 to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 4 m | 5 m |
| Diameter | 12.8 mm $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | >40 mm |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 99 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | $<60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles ${ }^{1)}$ | $\geq 3000000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | $\leq 4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.5 kg | 0.77 kg | 1.03 kg | 1.29 kg | 1.5 kg |

Table 27: 8CCM0001.11110-0, 8CCM0002.11110-0, 8CCM0003.11110-0, 8ССМ0004.11110-0, 8ССМ0005.11110-0 - Technical data

1) At an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and bend radius of 125 mm .

### 4.1.3.1.2.4 Cable construction



Table 28: Motor cables - Cable construction

### 4.1.3.1.2.5 Pinout

| Female circular connector | Pin | Name | Function | Pin | Male circular connector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | U | Motor connection U | 1 |  |
|  | 2 | PE | Protective ground conductor | 2 |  |
|  | 3 | W | Motor connection W | 3 |  |
|  | 4 | V | Motor connection V | 4 |  |
|  | A | T+ | Temperature + | A |  |
|  | B | T- | Temperature - | B |  |
|  | C | B+ | Brake + | C |  |
|  | D | B- | Brake - | D |  |

Table 29: Motor cables - Pinout

### 4.1.3.1.2.6 Cable diagram



Figure 14: Motor cables - Cable diagram

### 4.1.3.1.3 SinCos cable

### 4.1.3.1.3.1 General information

- Can be used in cable drag chains
- Assembled specifically for use with ACOPOSremote / ACOPOSmulti65 8CVI inverter modules and B\&R servo motors with series 615 built-in connectors
- itec - Innovative connector system for secure connections


### 4.1.3.1.3.2 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SinCos cables |  |
| 8CCS0001.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains | OLI IIE /I |
| 8CCS0002.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0004.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCS0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12$-pin female series 615 signal connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 30: 8CCS0001.11110-0, 8CCS0002.11110-0, 8CCS0003.11110-0, 8CCS0004.11110-0, 8CCS0005.11110-0 - Order data

### 4.1.3.1.3.3 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCS0001.11110-0 | 8CCS0002.11110-0 | 8CCS0003.11110-0 | 8CCS0004.11110-0 | 8CCS0005.11110-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \times 2 \times 0.50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | Oil resistance per VDE 0472 Part 803 as well as standard hydraulic oils ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | UL AWM Style 20963, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$, E63216 and CSA AWM I/II A/B, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$, FT1 LL46064 ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | White/Green, white/red |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | White/Red with white/green and filler elements |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Blue, brown, yellow, gray, green, pink, red, black, violet, white |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Green with brown, gray with yellow, white with violet, black with red, pink with blue |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With terminating foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Green, similar to RAL 6018 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | BERNECKER + RAINER $5 \times 2 \times 0,14+2 \times 0,50$ FLEX UL AWM STYLE $2096380^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 30$ V E63216 CSA AWM I/II A/B $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 30$ V FT1 LL46064 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 12-pin female springtec connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | <500 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 12 |  |  |  |  |

Table 31: 8CCS0001.11110-0, 8CCS0002.11110-0, 8CCS0003.11110-0, 8CCS0004.11110-0, 8CCS0005.11110-0 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CCS0001.11110-0 | 8CCS0002.11110-0 | 8CCS0003.11110-0 | 8CCS0004.11110-0 | 8CCS0005.11110-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Additional connectors | 15-pin male springtec connectorMating cycles: $<500$Contacts: 15Degree of protection per EN 60529: IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | $\leq 30 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | 1 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | 0.8 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply lines | $\leq 40 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 140$ ת/km |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | >200 M ${ }^{\text {akm }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 4 m | 5 m |
| Diameter | $7.85 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $\geq 24 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~g}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles ${ }^{2)}$ | >3,000,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | $\leq 4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.24 kg | 0.32 kg | 0.4 kg | 0.48 kg | 0.56 kg |

Table 31: 8CCS0001.11110-0, 8CCS0002.11110-0, 8CCS0003.11110-0, 8CCS0004.11110-0, 8CCS0005.11110-0 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.
2) At an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and bend radius of 65 mm .

### 4.1.3.1.3.4 Cable construction



Table 32: SinCos cables - Cable construction

### 4.1.3.1.3.5 Pinout

| Connector |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table 33: SinCos cables - Pinout

### 4.1.3.1.3.6 Cable diagram



Figure 15: SinCos cables - Cable diagram

### 4.1.3.1.4 EnDat 2.1 cables

### 4.1.3.1.4.1 General information

- Can be used in cable drag chains
- Assembled specifically for use with ACOPOSremote / ACOPOSmulti65 8CVI inverter modules and B\&R servo motors


### 4.1.3.1.4.2 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EnDat 2.1 cables |  |
| 8CCE0001.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0002.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0003.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0004.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15 -pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCE0005.11210-0 | ACOPOSremote EnDat 2.1 cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \mathrm{x}$ $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 17-pin female speedtec motor connector, 15-pin male series 615 signal connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 34: 8CCE0001.11210-0, 8CCE0002.11210-0, 8CCE0003.11210-0 8CCE0004.11210-0, 8CCE0005.11210-0 - Order data

### 4.1.3.1.4.3 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCE0001.11210-0 | 8CCE0002.11210-0 | 8CCE0003.11210-0 | 8CCE0004.11210-0 | 8CCE0005.11210-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \times 2 \times 0.50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | Oil resistance per VDE 0472 Part 803 as well as standard hydraulic oils ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | UL AWM Style 20963, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$, E63216 and CSA AWM I/II A/B, $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~V}$, FT1 LL46064 ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | White/Green, white/red |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | White/Red with white/green and filler elements |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | Special thermoplastic material |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Blue, brown, yellow, gray, green, pink, red, black, violet, white |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.14 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Green with brown, gray with yellow, white with violet, black with red, pink with blue |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With terminating foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Green, similar to RAL 6018 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | BERNECKER + RAINER $5 \times 2 \times 0,14+2 \times 0,50$ FLEX UL AWM STYLE $2096380^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 30$ V E 63216 CSA AWM I/II A/B $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 30$ V FT1 LL46064 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 17-pin female speedtec motor connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | <500 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 17 |  |  |  |  |

Table 35: 8CCE0001.11210-0, 8CCE0002.11210-0, 8CCE0003.11210-0, 8CCE0004.11210-0, 8CCE0005.11210-0 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CCE0001.11210-0 | 8CCE0002.11210-0 | 8CCE0003.11210-0 | 8CCE0004.11210-0 | 8CCE0005.11210-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Additional connectors | 15-pin male springtec servo connectorMating cycles: $<500$Contacts: 15Degree of protection per EN 60529: IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | $\leq 30 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | 1 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | 0.8 kV |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply lines | $\leq 40 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 140$ ת/km |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | >200 M ${ }^{*}$ *m |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 4 m | 5 m |
| Diameter | $7.85 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $\geq 24 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | $\leq 6 \mathrm{~g}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles ${ }^{2)}$ | >3,000,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | $\leq 4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.08 kg | 0.28 kg | 0.24 kg | 0.32 kg | 0.4 kg |

Table 35: 8CCE0001.11210-0, 8CCE0002.11210-0, 8CCE0003.11210-0,
8CCE0004.11210-0, 8CCE0005.11210-0 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.
2) At an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and bend radius of 65 mm .

### 4.1.3.1.4.4 Wiring

Cable construction


Table 36: EnDat 2.1 cables - Cable construction

Pinout


Table 37: EnDat 2.1 cables - Pinout

## Cable diagram



Figure 16: EnDat 2.1 cables - Cable diagram

## Technical data

### 4.1.3.2 Screw sets

### 4.1.3.2.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8СXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules |  |
| 8CXM000.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $20 x$ hex socket screw $\mathrm{M} 6 \times 80 \mathrm{~mm}$ for 8 CVI inverter modules |  |
| 8СXM000.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $52 x$ hex socket screw $\mathrm{M} 6 \times 80 \mathrm{~mm}$ for 8 CVI inverter modules |  |
| 8CXM000.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 100x hex socket screw $\mathrm{M} 6 \times 80 \mathrm{~mm}$ for 8 CVI inverter modules |  |

Table 38: 8CXM000.0000-00, 8CXM000.0002-00, 8CXM000.0005-00, 8CXM000.000A-00 - Order data

### 4.1.3.2.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CXM000.0000-00 | 8CXM000.0002-00 | 8CXM000.0005-00 | 8CXM000.000A-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Accessory set for 8CVI inverter modules: $4 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm | Accessory set for 8CVI inverter modules: $20 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm | Accessory set for 8CVI inverter modules: $52 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm | Accessory set for 8CVI inverter modules: 100x hex socket screw M6x80mm |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 77 g | 382 g | 1011 g | 1886 g |

Table 39: 8CXM000.0000-00, 8CXM000.0002-00, 8CXM000.0005-00, 8CXM000.000A-00 - Technical data

### 4.2 8CVE connection box

### 4.2.1 Overview

Connection boxes

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8 CVE28000HC00.00-1 | ACOPOSremote/ACOPOSmotor connection box, AS, IP65, cold plate mounting, 4x connection for hybrid cable, <br> $2 \times 24$ VDC Out | 84 |

Accessory set

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXC001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 2x bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, pitch 10 mm | 96 |

## Screw sets

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXM000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $20 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $52 x$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |
| 8CXM000.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $100 \times$ hex socket screw M6x80mm for 8CVI inverter modules | 82 |

## Fuse sets

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CXS000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $8 \times$ fuse $10 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~A}$, fast-acting | 97 |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 4 x flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting | 97 |
| 8CXS001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 x$ flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting | 97 |
| 8CXS001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting | 97 |
| 8CXS001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting | 97 |
| 8CXS002.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $4 x$ blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting | 98 |
| 8CXS002.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 x$ blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting | 98 |
| 8CXS002.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $52 x$ blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting | 98 |
| 8CXS002.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting | 98 |

## General accessories

Hybrid cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8 CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| $8 \mathrm{CCH} 0007.11110-1$ | Hybrid cable, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0001.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0002.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0004.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0005.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0001.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0002.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0003.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0004.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0005.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times$ <br> $15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0007.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times$ <br> $15-$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0010.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0015.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0020.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, <br> $1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |

## Slot covers

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: $1 \times$ slot cover for hybrid connector | 377 |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |

### 4.2.2 Connection boxes

### 4.2.2.1 8CVE28000HC00.00-1

### 4.2.2.1.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Connection boxes |  |
| 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 | ACOPOSremote/ACOPOSmotor connection box, AS, IP65, cold plate mounting, 4 x connection for hybrid cable, 2 x 24 VDC Out |  |
|  | Required accessories |  |
|  | Fuse sets |  |
| 8CXS000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $8 \times$ fuse $10 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}, 20 \mathrm{~A}$, fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $4 \times$ blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1 x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |
| 8CXC001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $2 x$ bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, pitch 10 mm |  |
| 8CXC001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 20x bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, pitch 10 mm |  |
| 8CXC001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 50x bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, pitch 10 mm |  |
| 8CXC001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 100x bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, pitch 10 mm |  |
| 8CXD000.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 1x dry cartridge M36x1.5 for 8CVE connection box |  |
| 8CXM001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ hex socket head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 20x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 52 x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 100x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
|  | Fuse sets |  |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 4 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 \times$ blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 x$ blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x blade fuse 15 A , fast-acting |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0003.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+$ $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, $50 \mathrm{pcs}$. |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs . |  |

Table 40: 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 - Order data

### 4.2.2.1.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 |
| :--- | ---: |
| General information |  |
| B\&R ID code | 0xB41D |
| Status indicators | Safety status, interface status |

Table 41: 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 - Technical data


Table 41: 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Power dissipation with continuous power |  |
| DC+ and DC- |  |
| 20 A | In preparation |
| 24 VDC |  |
| 15 A | In preparation |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload protection |  |
| DC+ and DC- | No (overload status can be retrieved via fieldbus) ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ |
| 24 VDC | No (overload status can be retrieved via fieldbus) ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ |
| Short-circuit and ground fault protection |  |
| DC+ and DC- | Yes |
| 24 VDC | Yes |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Variant | 15-pin male TYCO connector ${ }^{7}$ ) |
| 24 VDC output |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC power supply |
| Continuous current | Max. 8 A (max. 4 A per pin) |
| Fuse protection per pin |  |
| Type | Blade fuses conforming to UL/CSA |
| Tripping characteristic | Fast-acting |
| Rated current of fuse depending on ambient temperature |  |
| $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 A |
| $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 7.5 A |
| Protective measures |  |
| Overload-proof | No (overload status can be retrieved via fieldbus) ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ |
| Short-circuit proof | Yes |
| Variant |  |
| 24 VDC, COM | Female M8 connector |
| Fieldbus |  |
| Type | POWERLINK (V1/V2) 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |
| Variant | 1x internal 4-port hub, 1x internal 5-port hub; 4x 19-pin hybrid connector, 4x M12 female connector |
| Line length | Max. 100 m between two stations (segment length) ${ }^{\text {8) }}$ |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Enable inputs |  |
| Quantity | 2 |
| Input voltage |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |
| Permissible input current | Max. 2 A |
| Variant | Cage clamp terminal block |
| Terminal connection cross sections |  |
| Flexible and fine-stranded wires |  |
| With plastic wire end sleeves | 0.25 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Approbation data |  |
| UL/C-UL-US | 26 to 12 |
| CSA | - |
| Terminal cross sections (cable diameter) | 5 to 9 mm (M16 cable grommet) |
| Max. line length | 30 m |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Permissible mounting orientations |  |
| Hanging vertically | Yes |
| Horizontal, face up | Yes |
| Standing horizontally | Yes |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{\text {9) }}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 ${ }^{\text {00) }}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{11)}$ |
| Maximum ${ }^{12)}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to 95\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Table 41: 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 - Technical data

| Order number |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Dimensions $^{13}$ 8 | 293 mm |
| Width | 328 mm |
| Height | 80 mm |
| Depth | 7 kg |
| Weight |  |

## Table 41: 8CVE28000HC00.00-1 - Technical data

1) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
2) Caution! Power for 8CVE remote connection boxes is only permitted to be supplied by an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module)!
3) Power consumption refers to the 24 VDC2 input since this supplies the module.
4) For a cable with 15 A rated current, KLKD020 fuses from Littlefuse must be used.
5) The continuous power and continuous current are valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC nominal DC bus voltage, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation < 500 m above sea level. The values specified take into account a reserve of $48 \%$ (recommended by fuse manufacturer) of the rated current (for a max. ambient temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ).
6) In preparation.
7) It is important to note that the 15-pin male TYCO connector is designed for max. 20 mating cycles.
8) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
9) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B\&R.
10) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
11) The temperature of the module's mounting surface is not permitted to exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
12) At ambient temperatures above $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the module must be coupled to a cooling surface (machine base frame).
13) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

### 4.2.2.1.3 Status indicators



Figure 17: Indicator groups - Overview

### 4.2.2.1.3.1 LED status indicators

| Status indicator group | Label | Color | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ready/Error | R/E | Green/Red | Ready/Error | see Tab. 43 "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on page 88 |
| POWERLINK 1 | L3A | Green | Link/Data activity on port 1 |  |
|  | L22A | Green | Link/Data activity on port 2 |  |
|  | L3B | Green | Link/Data activity on port 3 |  |
|  | L21A | Green | Link/Data activity on port 4 |  |
| POWERLINK 2 | L3C | Green | Link/Data activity on port 1 |  |
|  | L21C | Green | Link/Data activity on port 2 |  |
|  | L3D | Green | Link/Data activity on port 3 |  |
|  | L22C | Green | Link/Data activity on port 4 |  |
| Power supplies | FUSE | Red | Fuse tripped | One or more internal fuses for the power supply have been tripped. |
|  | 24V1 | Green | 24 VDC 1 ready | 24 VDC 1 module power supply is within the tolerance range. |
|  | 24V2 | Green | 24 VDC 2 ready | 24 VDC 2 module power supply is within the tolerance range. |

Table 42: 8CVE remote connection box - LED status indicators

### 4.2.2.1.3.2 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R/E | Green/Red | Ready/Error | LED off | The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed. |
|  |  |  | Solid red | The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0 . |
|  |  |  | Blinking red/green | The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (1x) | The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (2x) | Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (3x) | Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation. |
|  |  |  | Solid green | The client is participating in cyclic operation. |
|  |  |  | Flickering green | The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { L3A } \\ & \text { L3C } \end{aligned}$ | Green | Link/Data activity on port 1 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { L22A } \\ \text { L21C } \end{array}$ | Green | Link/Data activity on port 2 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { L3B } \\ \text { L3D } \end{array}$ | Green | Link/Data activity on port 3 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { L21A } \\ & \text { L22C } \end{aligned}$ | Green | Link/Data activity on port 4 | Solid green | A physical connection has been established to another station on the network. |

Table 43: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

### 4.2.2.1.4 Pinouts

## Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

## Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage.
Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

## Information:

To satisfy UL/CSA requirements, components of B\&R drive systems are only permitted to be wired with copper wires with a permitted wire temperature of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

### 4.2.2.1.4.1 Overview

Up to revision C0


Figure 18: Pinout overview up to revision C0

## Starting with revision D0



Figure 19: Pinout overview starting with revision DO

### 4.2.2.1.4.2 X1 (DC bus power supply cable)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | 1 | DC+ ${ }^{1}$ | U DC bus + |
| $\Longrightarrow \square$ | 2 | PE | PE |
| Br | 3 | DC- 1) | U DC bus - |
| 123 |  |  |  |

Table 44: Connector X1 - Pinout

1) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 30 m .

## Information:

B\&R strongly recommends the use of a shielded cable for the DC bus power supply cable. Shielding is carried out via the cable gland.

## Caution!

Power for 8CVE remote connection boxes is only permitted to be supplied by an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module)!

### 4.2.2.1.4.3 X2 (cable for 24 VDC power supply)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| = | 1 | 24 VDC $1^{1{ }^{12)}}$ | 24 VDC 1 |
| $0 \mathrm{~F}=0 \mathrm{~F}$ | 2 | 24 VDC $2^{1)^{\text {2) }}}$ | 24 VDC ${ }^{4}{ }^{4}$ |
|  | 3 | $\operatorname{COM~(1)~}{ }^{3}$ | 24 VDC 10 V |
|  | 4 | COM (2) ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ | 24 VDC 20 V |
| $\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5\end{array}$ | 5 | PE | Protective ground |

Table 45: Connector X2 - Pinout

1) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 30 m .
2) Accessory set 8CXC001.xxxxx is available to connect 24 VDC 1 and 24 VDC 2.
3) Accessory set $8 C X C 001 . x x x x x$ is available to connect $\operatorname{COM}(1)$ and $\operatorname{COM}(2)$.
4) The 24 VDC power supply of the 8CVE connection box is provided via connections 24 VDC 2 and $\operatorname{COM}(2)$ and is mandatory for the proper functioning of the 8CVE connection box.

## Caution!

Power for 8CVE remote connection boxes is only permitted to be supplied by an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module)!

### 4.2.2.1.4.4 X4 (enable power supply cable)

## Up to revision C0

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | COM (2) | Enable 20 V |
|  | 2 | Enable $2{ }^{1)}$ | Enable 2 |
|  | 3 | COM (4) | Enable 10 V |
| 㞋 2 | 4 | Enable ${ }^{11}$ | Enable 1 |
| 1234 |  |  |  |

Table 46: Connector X4 - Pinout

1) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 30 m .

## Starting with revision D0

| Figure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Pin | Description | Function |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 47: Connector X4 - Pinout

1) Optional.
2) Wiring is not permitted to exceed a total length of 30 m .

### 4.2.2.1.4.5 X21A, X22A, X21C, X22C (POWERLINK)



Table 48: Connector X21x/X22x - Pinout

### 4.2.2.1.4.6 X31A, X31C (24 VDC routing)



Table 49: Connector X31x - Pinout

### 4.2.2.1.4.7 Ground connection (PE)

The protective ground conductor is connected to the M5 threaded bolt provided using a cable lug.


Table 50: Ground connection (PE)

### 4.2.2.1.5 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two hexadecimal coded rotary switches located behind the module's black cover.

Removing the back cover:

- Required tool: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Remove the two marked mounting screws (M3x6 mm Torx screws) with the Torx screwdriver.
- Remove the back cover.

| Figures |  | Coded rotary switches | POWERLINK node number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 16s position (high) |
| 9 dr merme 19 | - | 2 | 1s position (low) |
|  |  | A change to the POWERLINK node number only takes effect the next time the ACOPOSmulti drive system is switched on. <br> Information: <br> In principle, node numbers between $\$ 01$ and \$FD are permitted. <br> However, node numbers between \$FO and \$FD are intended for future system expansions. To ensure compatibility, these node numbers should be avoided. <br> Node numbers \$00, \$FE and \$FF are reserved and are therefore not permitted to be set. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 雷 温 |  |  |  |
| Cover closed | Cover open |  |  |

Installing the back cover:

- Required tool: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Place the cover on the module.
- Secure the cover with the two mounting screws (M3x6 mm Torx screws). Tightening torque: 0.6 Nm


### 4.2.2.1.5.1 POWERLINK - Cabling examples

Connection box 8BVE is equipped with 2 isolated POWERLINK hubs. The connection box itself as well as all modules connected to hybrid cable connectors X21A/X22A are allocated to the first hub. All modules connected to hybrid cable connectors X21C/X22C are allocated to the second hub.

Cabling for a shared POWERLINK network for all hybrid cable connectors


Figure 20: Cabling for a shared POWERLINK network for all hybrid cable connectors
The 2 hubs in connection box 8CVE are connected to each other. Connection box 8CVE as well as all modules connected to hybrid cable connectors X21A/X22A/X21C/X22C are part of a separate POWERLINK network.

Cabling for 2 independent POWERLINK networks


Figure 21: Cabling for 2 independent POWERLINK networks
The 2 hubs in connection box 8CVE are not connected to each other. Connection box 8CVE as well as all modules connected to hybrid cable connectors X21A/X22A are part of network POWERLINK 1. All modules connected to hybrid cable connectors X21C/X22C are part of network POWERLINK 2.

### 4.2.2.1.6 Input/Output circuit diagram

## Up to revision C0



Figure 22: Connection box 8CVE - Input/Output circuit diagram

## Starting with revision D0



Figure 23: Connection box 8CVE - Input/Output circuit diagram

### 4.2.3 Accessories

### 4.2.3.1 General accessories

### 4.2.3.1.1 8СХС001.0000-00

### 4.2.3.1.1.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| $8 \mathrm{8CXC001.0000-00}$ | ACOPOSremote accessory set: 2x bridge, 2-pin, fully isolated, <br> pitch 10 mm |  |

Table 51: 8CXC001.0000-00 - Order data

### 4.2.3.1.1.2 Technical data

| Order number |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| General information | 8CXC001.0000-00 |
| Short description |  |
| Certifications | Pccessory set for 8CVE connection box: 2x bridge, 2-pin, fully insulated, pitch 10 mm, rated current: 57 A |
| CE | Yes |
| UL | PULus E2225616 |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Weight |  |

Table 52: 8CXC001.0000-00 - Technical data

### 4.2.3.2 Screw sets

### 4.2.3.2.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXM001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $4 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ hex socket head <br> screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $20 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ hex socket <br> head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $52 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ hex socket <br> head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |
| 8CXM001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote accessory set: $100 \times \mathrm{M6x25mm} \mathrm{hex} \mathrm{socket}$ <br> head screw for 8CVE connection boxes |  |

Table 53: 8CXM001.0000-00, 8CXM001.0002-00, 8CXM001.0005-00, 8CXM001.000A-00 - Order data

### 4.2.3.2.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CXM001.0000-00 | 8CXM001.0002-00 | 8CXM001.0005-00 | 8CXM001.000A-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Accessory set for 8CVE connection boxes: 4 x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw | Accessory set for 8CVE connection boxes: 20x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw | Accessory set for 8CVE connection boxes: $52 x$ M6x25 mm hex socket head screw | Accessory set for 8CVE connection boxes: 100x M6x25 mm hex socket head screw |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 30 g | 143 g | 413 g | 752 g |

Table 54: 8CXM001.0000-00, 8CXM001.0002-00, 8CXM001.0005-00, 8CXM001.000A-00 - Technical data

### 4.2.3.3 Fuse sets

### 4.2.3.3.1 Fuse sets for 24 VDC outputs

### 4.2.3.3.1.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fuse sets |  |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 4 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 x$ blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x blade fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |

Table 55: 8CXS001.0000-00, 8CXS001.0002-00, 8CXS001.0005-00, 8CXS001.000A-00 - Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Fuse sets |  |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 4x flat fuse 7.5 A, fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 20 x flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x flat fuse 7.5 A , fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS001.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x flat fuse 7.5 A, fast-acting |  |

Table 56: 8CXS001.0000-00, 8CXS001.0002-00, 8CXS001.0005-00, 8CXS001.000A-00 - Order data

### 4.2.3.3.1.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CXS001.0000-00 | 8CXS001.0002-00 | 8CXS001.0005-00 | 8CXS001.000A-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: $4 x$ fuses for 24 VDC outputs <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA Rated current: 7.5 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: 20x fuses for 24 VDC outputs <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA Rated current: 7.5 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: $52 x$ fuses for 24 VDC outputs <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA <br> Rated current: 7.5 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: 100x fuses for 24 VDC outputs <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA <br> Rated current: 7.5 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 7 g | 35 g | 91 g | 175 g |

Table 57: 8CXS001.0000-00, 8CXS001.0002-00, 8CXS001.0005-00, 8CXS001.000A-00 - Technical data

### 4.2.3.3.2 Fuse sets for hybrid cable outlets

### 4.2.3.3.2.1 8CXS000.0000-00

## Order data



Table 58: 8CXS000.0000-00 - Order data

## Technical data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8CXS000.0000-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Short description | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: |
|  | 8x fuses for hybrid cable outlets, DC+ and DC- |
|  | Type: Melting fuse per UL/CSA, $\varnothing 10 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Rated current: 20 A |  |
|  | Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting |

Table 59: 8CXS000.0000-00 - Technical data

### 4.2.3.3.2.2 8CXS002.000x-00

## Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Fuse sets |  |
| 8CXS002.0000-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $4 \times$ blade fuse 15 A, fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.0002-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: $20 \times$ blade fuse 15 A, fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.0005-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 52 x blade fuse 15 A, fast-acting |  |
| 8CXS002.000A-00 | ACOPOSremote fuse set: 100 x blade fuse 15 A, fast-acting |  |

Table 60: 8CXS002.0000-00, 8CXS002.0002-00, 8CXS002.0005-00, 8CXS002.000A-00 - Order data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8CXS002.0000-00 | 8CXS002.0002-00 | 8CXS002.0005-00 | 8CXS002.000A-00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: $4 x$ fuses for hybrid cable outlets, 24 VDC <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA <br> Rated current: 15 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: 20x fuses for hybrid cable outlets, 24 VDC <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA Rated current: 15 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: $52 x$ fuses for hybrid cable outlets, 24 VDC <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA <br> Rated current: 15 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting | Fuse set for 8CVE connection box: 100x fuses for hybrid cable outlets, 24 VDC <br> Type: Blade fuse per UL/CSA <br> Rated current: 15 A Tripping characteristic: Fast-acting |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 7 g | 35 g | 91 g | 175 g |

Table 61: 8CXS002.0000-00, 8CXS002.0002-00, 8CXS002.0005-00, 8CXS002.000A-00 - Technical data

### 4.3 ACOPOSmotor

### 4.3.1 8DI - Order key

$$
\begin{array}{lllll|l|l|l|l|l|l}
\text { 8DI } & \text { c } & \text { d } & \text { e } & \text {. } & \text { ff } & \text { ggg } & \text { h } & \text { i } & 0 & k \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## Size

Valid values: 3, 4, 5

## Length

Valid values: 3, 4, 5, 6

## Safety technology

Valid values: $\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{S}$

## Motor encoder system

Motor sizes 3 and 4
S8/D8 ... EnDat 2.2 encoder, inductive, 19-bit single-turn
S9/D9 ... EnDat 2.2 encoder, inductive, 19-bit single-turn, 12-bit mul-
ti-turn
Motor sizes 5 and 6
SA/DA ... EnDat 2.2 encoder, inductive, 19-bit single-turn
SB/DB ... EnDat 2.2 encoder, inductive, 19-bit single-turn, 12-bit mul-ti-turn

## Nominal speed

$022 \ldots 2,200 \mathrm{rpm}$
045 ... 4,500 rpm

## Electronics options

Valid values: 0, 7

## Motor options

0 ... No oil seal, smooth shaft end, no holding brake
1 ... Oil seal, smooth shaft end, no holding brake
2 ... No oil seal, keyed shaft end, no holding brake
3 ... Oil seal, keyed shaft end, no holding brake
4 ... No oil seal, smooth shaft end, no holding brake
5 ... Oil seal, smooth shaft end, no holding brake
6 ... No oil seal, keyed shaft end, holding brake
7 ... Oil seal, keyed shaft end, holding brake

## Special motor options

0 ... No special motor option
1 ... Special motor option special-purpose shaft 14 h 6 , shaft length 30 mm

## Motor version

1 ... Version 1

## Note:

Order keys only provide information about possible combinations in exceptional cases.

### 4.3.1.1 Size (c)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes (3, 4 and 5). They have different dimensions (especially flange dimensions) and power ratings. These different sizes are indicated by a number represented by (c) in the model number. The larger the number, the larger the flange dimensions and power rating for the ACOPOSmotor module.

### 4.3.1.2 Length (d)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes. They have different power ratings with identical flange dimensions. These different lengths are indicated by a number represented by (d) in the model number.

| Length | Available sizes |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| 3 | Yes | No | Yes |
| 4 | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 5 | No | Yes | Yes |
| 6 | No |  | Yes |

### 4.3.1.3 Safety technology (e)

By default, ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules are delivered with wired safety technology or SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.

| Name | Note | Code for order key |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wired safety technology | --- | 0 |
| SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 | --- | S |

The following table lists the safety functions integrated in ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules as well as the safety levels that can be achieved when they are used:

| Safety function | ACOPOSmotor <br> SafeMOTION | EN ISO 13849-1 | EN 61508 / EN 62061 | Safe <br> Encoder evaluation <br> Necessary |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Starting in Safe- <br> ty Release |  | SIL 3 |  |  |

Table 62: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

[^0]
### 4.3.1.4 Encoder system (ff)

## EnDat 2.2 encoder

## General information

Digital drive systems and position control loops require fast and highly secure transfer of data obtained from position measuring instruments. In addition, other data such as drive-specific characteristics, correction tables, etc. should also be available. To ensure a high level of system security, measuring instruments must be integrated in routines for detecting errors and be able to perform diagnostics.

The EnDat interface from HEIDENHAIN is a digital, bidirectional interface for measuring instruments. It is able to output position values from incremental and absolute measuring instruments and can also read and update information on the measuring instrument or store new data there. Because it relies on serial data transfer, only 4 signal lines are needed. Data is transferred synchronously to the clock signal defined by the subsequent electronics. The type of transfer used (e.g. for position values, parameters, diagnostics, etc.) is selected using mode commands sent to the measuring instrument by the subsequent electronics.
As a serial interface, EnDat 2.2 is also suitable for safety-related applications up to SIL 3.

## Technical data

| Description |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order code (ff) | S8/D8 | S9/D9 | SA/DA | SB/DB |
| Can be used with | Size 3 | Size 3 | Sizes 4 and 5 | Sizes 4 and 5 |
| Encoder type | EnDat single-turn functional safety | EnDat multi-turn functional safety | EnDat single-turn functional safety | EnDat multi-turn functional safety |
| Operating principle | Inductive |  |  |  |
| EnDat protocol | EnDat 2.2 |  |  |  |
| Position values per revolution | 524,288 (19-bit) |  |  |  |
| Distinguishable revolutions | --- | 4096 (12-bit) | --- | 4096 (12-bit) |
| Precision | $\pm 120$ " |  | $\pm 65$ " |  |
| Vibration during operation 55 to $2,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Stator: $\leq 400 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, rotor: $\leq 600 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\left(\mathrm{EN} \mathrm{60068-2-6)}{ }^{\text {1) }}\right.$ |  | Stator: $\leq 200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, rotor: $\leq 600 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\left(\right.$ IEC 60068-2-6) ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ |  |
| Shock during operation Duration 6 ms | $\leq 2,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (EN 60068-2-27) |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's website | Dr. Johannes Heidenhain GmbH www.heidenhain.de |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's product ID | ECI 1119 | EQI 1131 | ECI 1319 | EQI 1331 |

1) Valid according to standard at room temperature,

10 to 55 Hz , constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
10 to 55 Hz , constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak
10 to 55 Hz , constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak
2) In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : $\leq 300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, up to $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : $\leq 150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. 10 to 55 Hz , constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
10 to 55 Hz , constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak
10 to 55 Hz , constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

### 4.3.1.5 Nominal speed (ggg)

The nominal speed is listed as part of the model number in the form of a 3-digit code (ggg). This code represents the nominal speed divided by 100.

| Size | Available nominal speeds $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2200 (code for order key: 022) |  |  | 4500 (code for order key: 045) |  |
| 3 | No | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| 4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| 5 | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| Length | 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 4 |

### 4.3.1.6 Electronics options (h)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with optional external connections:

- One additional POWERLINK connection
- Two 24 VDC outputs for supplying external components (e.g. X67 modules)
- Two trigger inputs

The respective execution of the module is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (h) as part of the model number.

| POWERLINK | 24 VDC outputs (2x) | Trigger inputs (2x) | Code for order key |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No | No | No | 0 |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | 7 |

### 4.3.1.7 Motor options (i)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with the following features depending on size and length:

- With or without a holding brake
- With a smooth or keyed shaft end
- With or without an oil seal

The respective combination of motor options is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (i) as part of the model number.

| Code for order key (i) | Holding brake | Design of the shaft end | Oil seal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | No | Smooth shaft end | No |
| 1 |  |  | Yes |
| 2 |  | Keyed shaft end | No |
| 3 |  | Keyed shaft end | Yes |
| 4 | Yes | Smooth shaft end | No |
| 5 |  |  | Yes |
| 6 |  | Keyed shaft end | No |
| 7 |  |  | Yes |

## Holding brake

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be delivered with a holding brake. It is installed directly behind the A-side flange on the module and is used to hold the motor shaft when the power is switched off on the ACOPOSmotor module.

The holding brake is a spring-loaded brake. Based on principle, this type of holding brake exhibits a minimal amount of backlash.

This brake is designed as a holding brake and is not permitted to be used for operational braking! Under these conditions, the brake has a service life of approximately $5,000,000$ cycles (opening and closing the brake is one cycle). Loaded braking during an emergency stop is permitted but reduces its service life. The required brake holding torque is determined based on the actual load torque. If not enough information is known about the load torque, it is recommended to assume a safety factor of 2.

| Name | ACOPOSmotor module |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 8DI3... | 8DI4... | 8DI5... |
| Holding torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.2 | 9 | 18 |
| Connected load $\mathrm{P}_{\text {on }}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 12 | 18 | 24 |
| Activation delay $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{on}}[\mathrm{ms}]$ | 29 | 40 | 50 |
| Release delay $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}[\mathrm{ms}]$ | 19 | 7 | 10 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.38 | 0.54 | 1.66 |
| Mass $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{kg}]$ | 0.3 | 0.46 | 0.9 |

Table 63: Technical data for the holding brake per ACOPOSmotor module

## Design of the shaft end

8DI ACOPOSmotor module shafts comply with the DIN 748 standard and are available with a smooth or keyed shaft end.

## Smooth shaft end

A smooth shaft end is used for a force-fit shaft-hub connection and guarantees a backlash-free connection between the shaft and hub as well as a high degree of operating smoothness. The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole.

## Keyed shaft end

A keyed shaft end is used for a form-fit torque transfer with low demands on the shaft-hub connection and for handling torque in a constant direction.

The keyways for 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules conform to keyway form N1 in accordance with DIN 6885-1. Form A keyed shafts that conform to DIN 6885-1 are used. Balancing motors with keyways is done using the shaft and fitment key convention in accordance with DIN ISO 8821.

The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole that can be used to mount machine actuators with shaft end cover plates.

## Oil seal

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with an optional Form A oil seal in accordance with DIN 3760. When equipped with an oil seal, 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules have IP65 protection in accordance with EN 60034-5. Proper lubrication of the oil seal must be ensured throughout the entire service life of the motor.

### 4.3.1.8 Special motor options (k)

The respective special motor option is specified as part of the order number in the form of a 1-digit code (k).

## Availability of special motor options

For the availability of special motor options, see the following tables.

| Order code (k) | Special motor option | No special motor option |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Special-purpose shaft $\mathbf{1 4 h 6}$, shaft length $\mathbf{3 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$ | --- |
| 0 | Yes | Yes |
| 1 | --- |  |

### 4.3.1.9 Version

ACOPOSmotor module versions are assigned automatically.

### 4.3.2 8ZDFB fan kits



8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be optionally equipped with a fan kit depending on size. The fan kit considerably improves the nominal values of 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules (see speed-torque characteristic curve for the respective 8DI ACOPOSmotor module).

The fan kit is mounted on the back of the 8DI ACOPOSmotor module, with 24 VDC supplied to the fan kit either externally or via connector X31 on the ACOPOSmotor module (8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1).

| Size | Corresponding fan kit |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | In preparation |
| 4 | 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 |
| 5 | 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 |

### 4.3.3 Load capacity of the shaft end and bearings

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are equipped with grooved ball bearings that are sealed on both sides and lubricated. Radial and axial forces ( $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{r}}, \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}$ ) applied to the shaft end during operation and installation must be within the specifications listed below. Bearing elements must not be subjected to shocks or impacts! Incorrect handling will reduce the service life and result in damage to the bearings.

The axial forces $F_{a}$ permitted during the installation of pinion gears, couplings, etc. depend on the size of the ACOPOSmotor module and can be found in the following table:

| Size | Permissible axial force $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{a}}[\mathbf{N}]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Standard bearing |
| 3 | 1400 |
| 4 | 2300 |
| 5 | 2500 |

## Radial force

The radial force $F_{r}$ on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. belt tension on pulleys) and operation (e.g. load torque on the pinion). The maximum radial force $F_{r}$ depends on the shaft end type, bearing type, average speed, the position where the radial force is applied and the desired service life of the bearings.

## Axial force, shift in shaft position caused by axial force

The axial force $F_{a}$ on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. stress caused by mounting) and operation (e.g. thrust caused by slanted tooth pinions). The maximum axial force $F_{a}$ depends on the bearing type and the desired lifespan of the bearings. The fixed bearing is secured on the $A$ flange with a retaining ring. The floating bearing is preloaded on the $B$ flange with a spring in the direction of the $A$ flange. Axial forces in the direction of the $B$ flange can cause the spring bias to be overcome, which shifts the shaft by the amount of axial backlash in the bearing (approx. $0.1-0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ). This shift can cause problems on ACOPOSmotor modules with holding brakes or ACOPOSmotor modules with EnDat encoders (D8, D9, DA and DB). As a result, no axial force is permitted in the direction of the B flange when using these ACOPOSmotor modules.
Axial loads are not permitted on shaft ends of ACOPOSmotor modules with holding brakes. It is especially important to prevent axial forces in the direction of the $B$ flange since these forces can cause the brake to fail!

## Determining permissible values of $F_{r}$ and $F_{a}$

Information for determining permissible values of $F_{r}$ and $F_{a}$ can be found in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmotor modules. Permissible values are based on a bearing lifespan of 20,000 h (bearing lifespan calculation based on DIN ISO 281).

## Definitions for maximum shaft load diagrams

[^1]4.3.5 ACOPOSmotor modules - Indicators


Figure 24: 8DI - Status indicators

### 4.3.5.1 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H11 | Green/Red | Ready/Error | LED off | The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed. |
|  |  |  | Solid red | The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0 . |
|  |  |  | Blinking red/green | The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (1x) | The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (2x) | Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (3x) | Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation. |
|  |  |  | Solid green | The client is participating in cyclic operation. |
|  |  |  | Flickering green | The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation. |

Table 64: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

### 4.3.5.2 RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H12 | Green | Ready | Solid green | The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green | The module is not ready for operation. |
|  |  |  |  | - No signal on one or both enable inputs |
|  |  |  |  | - DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range |
|  |  |  |  | - Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor) |
|  |  |  |  | - Motor feedback not connected or defective |
|  |  |  |  | - Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective |
|  |  |  |  | - Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.) |
|  |  |  |  | - Disturbance on network |
|  | Red | Error | Solid red | There is a permanent error on the module. |
|  |  |  |  | Examples: |
|  |  |  |  | - Permanent overcurrent |
|  |  |  |  | - Invalid data in EPROM |

Table 65: RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

### 4.3.5.3 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:
Width of box: 50 ms
Repeats after: 3,000 ms

| Status | LED | Display |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Boot procedure for base hardware active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T | T |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Network configuration active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Waiting for network telegram | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Network communication active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. ACOPOS operating system being transferred/burned ${ }^{1)}$ | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 66: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

1) Firmware V2.140 and later.

### 4.3.6 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION - Indicators



Figure 25: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION - Display

### 4.3.6.1 LED status indicators

| Status indicator group | Label | Color | Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| POWERLINK | R/E | Green/Red | Ready/Error | see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on <br> page 107 |
| Power inverter | RDY | Green | Ready | see "RDY/ERR - LED status indicators" on page |
|  | 107 |  |  |  |

Table 67: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

### 4.3.6.2 RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H12 | Green | Ready | Solid green | The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green | The module is not ready for operation. |
|  |  |  |  | Examples: |
|  |  |  |  | - No signal on one or both enable inputs |
|  |  |  |  | - DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range |
|  |  |  |  | - Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor) |
|  |  |  |  | - Motor feedback not connected or defective |
|  |  |  |  | - Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective |
|  |  |  |  | - Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.) |
|  |  |  |  | - Disturbance on network |
|  | Red | Error | Solid red | There is a permanent error on the module. |
|  |  |  |  | Examples: |
|  |  |  |  | - Permanent overcurrent |
|  |  |  |  | - Invalid data in EPROM |

Table 68: RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

### 4.3.6.3 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

| Label | Color | Function | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H11 | Green/Red | Ready/Error | LED off | The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed. |
|  |  |  | Solid red | The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0 . |
|  |  |  | Blinking red/green | The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation). |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (1x) | The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network. |
|  |  |  | Blinking green (2x) | Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant. |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Blinking green } \\ (3 \mathrm{x}) \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation. |
|  |  |  | Solid green | The client is participating in cyclic operation. |
|  |  |  | Flickering green | The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation. |

Table 69: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

### 4.3.6.4 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators



Table 70: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

## Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.
Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

### 4.3.6.5 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:
Width of box: 50 ms
Repeats after: $3,000 \mathrm{~ms}$

| Status | LED | Display |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Boot procedure for base hardware active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T |  | T | T | T |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Network configuration active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Waiting for network telegram | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Network communication active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. ACOPOS operating system being transferred/burned ${ }^{1)}$ | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 71: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

1) Firmware V2. 140 and later.

### 4.3.7 ACOPOSmotor with electronic options - Order data

| Model number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSmotor |  |
| 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1 | ACOPOSmotor module configuration with electronics options 1 x PLK, 1x 24VOut, 2x trigger |  |
|  | Required accessories | $\leq x)$ |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 threaded caps M8, 50 pcs. |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 threaded caps M12, 50 pcs. |  |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1x slot cover for male hybrid connector | c |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0001.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0002.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH01X1.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1.10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH01X2.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1.20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
|  | I/O supply cable |  |
| X67CA0P00.0010 | Power connection cable, 1 m |  |
| X67CA0P00.0020 | Power connection cable, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0P00.0050 | Power connection cable, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0P10.0010 | Power connection cable, angled, 1 m |  |
| X67CA0P10.0020 | Power connection cable, angled, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0P10.0050 | Power connection cable, angled, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0P40.0002 | Power open cable, 0.20 m |  |
| X67CA0P40.0020 | Power open cable, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0P40.0050 | Power open cable, 5m |  |
|  | Assembled cables |  |
| X67CA0E41.0010 | POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 1 m |  |
| X67CA0E41.0050 | POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0E61.0020 | POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0E61.0050 | POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0E61.0100 | POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 10 m |  |
|  | Sensor cable |  |
| X67CA0A41.0020 | M12 sensor cable, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0A41.0050 | M12 sensor cable, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0A41.0100 | M12 sensor cable, 10 m |  |
| X67CA0A51.0020 | M12 sensor cable, angled, 2 m |  |
| X67CA0A51.0050 | M12 sensor cable, angled, 5 m |  |
| X67CA0A51.0100 | M12 sensor cable, angled, 10 m |  |
|  | 8BVE/8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0002.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1× 15 -pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |

Table 72: 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1 - Order data

### 4.3.8 ACOPOSmotor without electronic options - Order data

| Model number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ACOPOSmotor |  |
| 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 | ACOPOSmotor module configuration without electronics options | 10 |
|  | Required accessories | 4 |
|  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: $1 \times$ slot cover for male hybrid connector |  |
|  | Optional accessories |  |
|  | Hybrid cables |  |
| 8CCH0001.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector | $8$ |
| 8CCH0002.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH01X1.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1.10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector | $(0)$ |
| 8CCH01X2.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1.20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
|  | 8BVE/8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0002.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female hybrid connector |  |

Table 73: 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Order data

### 4.3.9 Technical data

### 4.3.9.1 General information

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSmotor module |
| Current-carrying capacity of 15-pin TYCO connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| cULus | Yes ${ }^{1)}$ |
| FSC | Yes ${ }^{1)}$ |
| Support |  |
| Software |  |
| ACP10 | V2.422 or higher |
| Thermal properties |  |
| Cooling method per EN 60034-6 (IC code) |  |
| Standard | Self-cooling, free circulation surface cooling (IC4A0A0) |
| With fan kit 8ZBDF installed | External cooling, surface cooling with machine-mounted independent fan component (IC4A0A6) |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Type of construction and mounting arrangement per EN 60034-7 (IM code) | Horizontal, motor shaft aligned horizontally (IM 3001) Vertical, motor standing on the machine (IM 3011) Vertical, motor hanging on the machine (IM 3031) ${ }^{2}$ |
| Reduction of nominal current and stall current at installation elevations starting at 500 m above sea level | 10\% per 1,000 m |
| Reduction of continuous power at installation elevations starting at 500 m above sea level | 10\% per 1,000 m |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum ${ }^{3)}$ | 4000 m |
| Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 | 2 (non-conductive pollution) |
| Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 | III |
| Degree of protection per EN $60529{ }^{4)}$ | Without oil seal option: IP64 With oil seal option: IP65 With fan kit 8ZDFB installed: IP24 |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum | $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{5}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Max. flange temperature | $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5 to 85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Motor coating | Water-based paint, RAL 2005 flat |
| Inverter coating | Electrophoretic deposition (EPD), black |
| Vibration severity per EN 60034-14 | Vibration severity level A ${ }^{6}$ ) |
| Roller bearing, dynamic load rating and nominal service life | Based on DIN ISO 281 |
| Shaft end per DIN 748 | Form E |
| Oil seal per DIN 3760 | Form A |
| Key and keyway per DIN 6885-1 | Keyway form N1, key form A |
| Balancing of shaft per DIN ISO 8821 | Shaft and fitment key convention |
| Mounting flange per DIN 42948 | Form A |
| Radial runout, concentricity and axial runout of mounting flange per DIN 42955 | Tolerance R |

Table 74: Technical data

1) Revision C 1 and later.
2) The IM3031 type of construction and mounting arrangement (vertical, motor hanging on the machine) must be avoided since production fluids or oils, e.g. from a gearbox, can penetrate the motor and damage it. If this is not possible, it is mandatory to select the oil seal option and to ensure that no production fluids or oils get onto the seal.
3) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to $4,000 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account. Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B\&R.
4) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps or slot covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
5) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to max. $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is possible taking the reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
6) Vibration severity level $B$ on request.

## Technical data

### 4.3.9.2 Inverter module

| Product ID | 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1 | 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC bus connection |  |  |
| Voltage |  |  |
| Nominal | 750 VDC |  |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{1)}$ | $\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}} / 0.97\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\text {IM }}$ |  |
| DC bus capacitance | Size 3 (8DI3x): $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ Size 4 (8DI4x): $15 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ Size 5 (8DI5x): $24 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  |
| Design | 19-pin hybrid connector ${ }^{2)}$ |  |
| Cable length |  |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |  |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +20\% / -25\% |  |
| Input capacitance | $120 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  |
| Max. power consumption | $10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24} \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{Out} 1[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \mathrm{Out} 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}]$ |  |
| Design | 19-pin hybrid connector ${ }^{2)}$ |  |
| Cable length |  |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |  |
| 24 VDC Out 1 |  |  |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC supply | - |
| Continuous current | Max. 4 A | - |
| Fuse protection | Electronic | - |
| Design |  |  |
| 24 VDC | M8 connector | - |
| COM | M8 connector | - |
| Cable length |  |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |  |
| 24 VDC Out 2 |  |  |
| Output voltage | Depends on the 24 VDC supply | - |
| Continuous current | Max. 0.5 A | - |
| Fuse protection | Electronic | - |
| Design |  |  |
| 24 VDC | M12 connector | - |
| COM | M12 connector | - |
| Cable length |  |  |
| Maximum | 30 m |  |
| Motor connection |  |  |
| Nominal switching frequency | 5 kHz |  |
| Possible switching frequencies ${ }^{3)}$ | $5 / 10 / 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}{ }^{4}$ |  |
| Motor holding brake connection |  |  |
| Quantity | 1 |  |
| Continuous current | 1 A |  |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |  |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC -25\% |  |
| Fieldbus |  |  |
| Type | POWERLINK V1/V2 100BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3) |  |
| Design | Internal 2-port hub, 2x 19-pin male hybrid connector | Internal 3-port hub, 2x 19-pin hybrid connector, 1x M12 connector, female |
| Cable length | Max. 100 m between two s | (segment length) ${ }^{5}$ ) |
| Transfer rate | 100 N |  |
| Enable inputs |  |  |
| Quantity | 2 |  |
| Wiring | Sink |  |
| Electrical isolation |  |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |  |
| Input - Input | Yes |  |
| Input voltage |  |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |  |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |  |
| Input current at nominal voltage | 60 mA |  |
| Switching threshold |  |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | 12 ms |  |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | 1 ms |  |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Design | 19-pin hybrid connector ${ }^{2)}$ |  |
| Trigger inputs |  |  |
| Quantity | 2 | - |
| Wiring | Sink | - |

Table 75: 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data


## Table 75: 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data

1) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
2) It is important to note that the 19-pin hybrid connector is designed for max. 20 connection cycles.
3) $B \& R$ recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
4) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
5) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.

### 4.3.9.3 Encoder

| Description |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order code (ff) | S8/D8 | S9/D9 | SA/DA | SB/DB |
| Can be used with | Size 3 | Size 3 | Sizes 4 and 5 | Sizes 4 and 5 |
| Encoder type | EnDat single-turn functional safety | EnDat multi-turn functional safety | EnDat single-turn functional safety | EnDat multi-turn functional safety |
| Operating principle | Inductive |  |  |  |
| EnDat protocol | EnDat 2.2 |  |  |  |
| Position values per revolution | 524,288 (19-bit) |  |  |  |
| Distinguishable revolutions | --- | 4096 (12-bit) | --- | 4096 (12-bit) |
| Precision | $\pm 120 "$ |  | $\pm 65$ " |  |
| Vibration during operation 55 to $2,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Stator: $\leq 400 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, rotor: $\leq 600 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\left(\right.$ EN 60068-2-6) ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  | Stator: $\leq 200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\mathbf{2}}$, rotor: $\leq 600 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\mathbf{2}}\left(\right.$ IEC 60068-2-6) ${ }^{2)}$ |  |
| Shock during operation Duration 6 ms | $\leq 2,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (EN 60068-2-27) |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's website | Dr. Johannes Heidenhain GmbH www. heidenhain.de |  |  |  |
| Manufacturer's product ID | ECI 1119 | EQI 1131 | ECI 1319 | EQI 1331 |

1) Valid according to standard at room temperature, 10 to 55 Hz , constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak 10 to 55 Hz , constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak 10 to 55 Hz , constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak
2) In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : $\leq 300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$, up to $115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : $\leq 150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. 10 to 55 Hz , constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
10 to 55 Hz , constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak 10 to 55 Hz , constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

## Technical data

### 4.3.10 Size 3

### 4.3.10.1 Technical data

| Product ID | 8DI33x.ff045hi00-1 | 8DI34x.ff045hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 4 |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.17 | 1.52 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 551 | 716 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 1.08 | 1.39 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.4 | 2.86 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 2.22 | 2.62 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 6.12 | 9.81 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.67 | 9 |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 1.08 | 1.09 |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 65.97 |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 4.81 | 3.9 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 19.81 | 16.5 |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 34 | 38 |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm ${ }^{2}$ ] | 0.95 | 1.2 |
| Mass without brake m [kg] | 4.7 | 5.6 |

Table 76: 8DI33x.ff045hi00-1, 8DI34x.ff045hi00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8DI330.ff045hi00-1 | 8DI340.ff045hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 4 |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.17 | 1.52 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 551 | 716 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 1.08 | 1.39 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.4 | 2.86 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 2.22 | 2.62 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 6.12 | 9.81 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.67 | 9 |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 1.08 | 1.09 |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 65.97 |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 4.81 | 3.9 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 19.81 | 16.5 |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 34 | 38 |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm ${ }^{2}$ ] | 0.95 | 1.2 |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 4.7 | 5.6 |

Table 77: 8DI330.ff045hi00-1, 8DI340.ff045hi00-1 - Technical data

### 4.3.10.2 8DI33e.ffggghi00-I - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 26: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve
With 750 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 27: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.10.3 8DI34e.ffggghi00-I - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 28: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve
With 750 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 29: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.10.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.


Maximum axial force: Famax $=66 \mathrm{~N}$

### 4.3.11 Size 4

### 4.3.11.1 Technical data

| Product ID | 8DI44x.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI45x.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI46x.ff022hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2200 |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 5 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 1037 | 1175 | 1198 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 2.26 | 2.4 | 2.35 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 5.7 | 6.7 | 7.7 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 2.57 | 3.02 | 3.49 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 20.5 | 27.4 | 31.1 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 14.46 | 19.29 | 21 |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 12000 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 2.22 |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}[\mathrm{V} / 1000 \mathrm{rpm}]$ | 134.04 |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\text {2ph }}[\Omega]$ | 6.24 | 4.32 | 3.61 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 44.8 | 41 | 32 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | In preparation | 9.49 | 8.86 |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}[\mathrm{min}]$ | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 2.73 | 3.58 | 4.39 |
| Mass without brake m [kg] | 5.26 | 6.7 | 8.1 |

Table 78: 8DI44x.ff022hi00-1, 8DI45x.ff022hi00-1, 8DI46x.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8DI440.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI450.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI460.ff022hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2200 |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 5 | 5.1 | 5.2 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 1037 | 1175 | 1198 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 2.26 | 2.4 | 2.35 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 5.7 | 6.7 | 7.7 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 2.57 | 3.02 | 3.49 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 20.5 | 27.4 | 31.1 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 14.46 | 19.29 | 21 |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 12000 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 2.22 |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 134.04 |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 6.24 | 4.32 | 3.61 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 44.8 | 41 | 32 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | In preparation | 9.49 | 8.86 |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {trerm }}$ [min] | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 2.73 | 3.58 | 4.39 |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 5.26 | 6.7 | 8.1 |

Table 79: 8DI440.ff022hi00-1, 8DI450.ff022hi00-1, 8DI460.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

### 4.3.11.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 30: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

## 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1



Figure 31: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve


Figure 32: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.11.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 33: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI45e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 34: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

## 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1



Figure 35: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.11.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.

## Technical data



Maximum allowed axial force: $F_{a \max }=110 \mathrm{~N}$

### 4.3.12 Size 5

### 4.3.12.1 Technical data

| Product ID | 8DI54x.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI55x.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI56x.ff022hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2200 |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 4 |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 7.1 | 8.4 | 10 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 1636 | 1935 | 2304 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 3.2 | 3.79 | 4.51 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}$ [ Nm ] | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 3.61 | 4.51 | 5.42 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 21.6 | 36.5 | 46.6 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 14.9 | 21 |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 9000 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 2.22 |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 134.04 |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 3.44 | 2.265 | 1.51 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 34.5 | 24.29 | 17.6 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | 10 | 10.724 | In preparation |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}[\mathrm{min}]$ | 37 | 40 | 48 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 6.04 | 8.19 | 10 |
| Mass without brake m [kg] | 11.46 | 13.29 | 16.4 |

Table 80: 8DI54x.ff022hi00-1, 8DI55x.ff022hi00-1, 8DI56x.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8DI540.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI550.ff022hi00-1 | 8DI560.ff022hi00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] |  | 2200 |  |
| Number of pole pairs |  | 4 |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 7.1 | 8.4 | 10 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 1636 | 1935 | 2304 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 3.2 | 3.79 | 4.51 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 3.61 | 4.51 | 5.42 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 21.6 | 36.5 | 46.6 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 14.9 | 21 |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 9000 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 2.22 |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 134.04 |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 3.44 | 2.265 | 1.51 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 34.5 | 24.29 | 17.6 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 10 | 10.724 | In preparation |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {trerm }}$ [min] | 37 | 40 | 48 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 6.04 | 8.19 | 10 |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 11.46 | 13.29 | 16.4 |

Table 81: 8DI540.ff022hi00-1, 8DI550.ff022hi00-1, 8DI560.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

### 4.3.12.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 36: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve
8DI55e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 37: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI56e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 38: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.12.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 39: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve


Figure 40: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

## 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1



Figure 41: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.3.12.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.


### 4.3.13 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

### 4.3.13.1 Size 3

8DI3de.ffggg7i00-1


Figure 42: 8DI3en.ffggg7i00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

## Technical data

8DI3de.ffggg0i00-1


Figure 43: 8DI3de.ffgggOi00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions


Figure 44: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ depending on motor option [mm] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ACOPOSmotor module | Length $\mathrm{K}_{\mathbf{0}}[\mathrm{mm}]$ | Holding brake |
| 8DI33x.xxxxxxxxx-x | 203.5 | 27 |
| 8DI34x.xxxxxxxxx-x | 214.5 | 31 |

### 4.3.13.2 SafeMOTION - Size 3

8DI3dS.ffggghi00-1



Figure 45: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathrm{K}_{0}$ depending on motor option $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ACOPOSmotor module | Length $\mathrm{K}_{0}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ | Holding brake | Oil seal |
| 8DI33x.xxxxxxxxx-x | 203.5 | 27 | 5 |
| 8DI34x.xxxxxxxxx-x | 214.5 | 31 | 5 |

### 4.3.13.3 Size 4

8DI4de.ffggg7i00-1


Figure 46: 8DI4de.ffggg7i00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions
8DI4de.ffggg0i00-1


Figure 47: 8DI4de.ffggg0i00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

With optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0


Figure 48: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ depending on motor option [mm] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model number | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ | Holding brake | Oil seal |
| 8DI44x.Dxggghi00-1 | 222.5 | 32 | --- |
| 8DI45x.Dxggghi00-1 | 246.5 | 32 | --- |
| 8DI46x.Dxggghi00-1 | 266.5 | 32 | --- |

## Technical data

### 4.3.13.4 SafeMOTION - Size 4

## 8DI4dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0


Figure 49: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ depending on motor option [mm] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model number | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ | Holding brake | Oil seal |
| 8DI44x.Dxggghi00-1 | 222.5 | 32 | --- |
| 8DI45x.Dxggghi00-1 | 246.5 | 32 | --- |
| 8DI46x.Dxggghi00-1 | 266.5 | 32 | --- |

### 4.3.13.5 Size 5

## 8DI5de.ffggg7i00-1



Figure 50: 8DI5de.ffggg7i00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

## 8DI5de.ffggg0i00-1



Figure 51: 8DI5de.ffggg0i00-1 - Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

With optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0


Figure 52: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ depending on motor option [mm] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model number | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ | Holding brake | Oil seal |
| 8DI54x.Dxggghi00-1 | 215 | 35 | --- |
| 8DI55x.Dxggghi00-1 | 240 | 30 | --- |
| 8DI56x.Dxggghi00-1 | 265 | 30 | --- |

### 4.3.13.6 SafeMOTION - Size 5

## 8DI5dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0



Figure 53: Flange details

|  |  | Extension of $\mathbf{K}_{0}$ depending on motor option $[\mathrm{mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model number | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ | Holding brake | Oil seal |
| 8DI54x.Dxggghi00-1 | 215 | 35 | --- |
| 8DI55x.Dxggghi00-1 | 240 | 30 | --- |
| 8DI56x.Dxggghi00-1 | 265 | 30 | --- |

### 4.3.13.7 Permissible mounting orientations

IM3001 horizontal

Table 82: Type of construction and mounting arrangement per EN 60034-7 (IM code)

### 4.3.14 Pinouts

## Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

## Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage.
Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

## Information:

Within the scope of UL/CSA, the components of B\&R drive systems are only permitted to be wired with copper cables with a permissible wire temperature of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ !

### 4.3.14.1 Overview

ACOPOSmotor - Pinout


Table 83: Pinout overview

## ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION - Pinout

| 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1 | 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

### 4.3.14.1.1 X21 (POWERLINK)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 | TXD | Transmit data |
|  | 2 | RXD | Receive data |
|  | 3 | 4 | TXD |
|  |  | RXD | Transmit data inverted |

Table 84: Connector X21-Pinout

### 4.3.14.1.2 X23A (trigger)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | +24 V | Sensor/actuator power supply 24 VDC ${ }^{1)}$ |
|  | 2 | Trigger1 | Trigger input 1 |
|  | 3 | GND | GND |
|  | 4 | Trigger2 | Trigger input 2 |
|  | 5 | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 85: Connector X23A - Pinout

[^2]
### 4.3.14.1.3 X31 (24 VDC routing)



Table 86: Connector X31 - Pinout

### 4.3.14.1.4 Ground connection (PE)

The protective ground conductor is connected to the M5 threaded bolt provided using a cable lug.

| Figure | Pin | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | --- | PE | Protective ground conductor |
|  |  |  |  |
| Terminal cross sections |  | [ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ] | AWG |
| Cable lug for M5 threaded bolt |  | 0.25-16 | 23-5 |

Table 87: Ground connection (PE)

### 4.3.15 Setting the POWERLINK node number

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two HEX rotary code switches located on top of the module:

| Figure | Rotary code switches | POWERLINK node number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 16s position (high) |
|  | 2 | 1s position (low) |
|  | Changed POWERL is restarted. | rs will not take effect until the drive system |
|  | Inform |  |
|  | In principle, However, no ture system bers should | between \$01 and \$FD are permitted. ween \$F0 and \$FD are intended for fuensure compatibility, these node num- |
|  | Node number be set. | \$FF are reserved and may therefore not |

Table 88: POWERLINK node number setting

## Technical data

### 4.4 ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 4.4.1 8D1 order key

$$
\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}
\text { 8D1 } & \text { b } & \text { c } & \text { d } & . & e & f & g & h & i & j & k & \text { II } & - & \text { m }
\end{array}
$$

## Construction type

A ... Without gearbox
B ... Direct gearbox mounting
C ... Gearbox flanged
see "Construction type (b)" on page 141

## Size

Valid values: $\mathbf{2}$ see "Size (c)" on page 141

## Length

Valid values: 2, $\mathbf{3}$ see "Length (d)" on page 141
Motor encoder system / Electronics option

Valid values: A, B, G, H see "Motor encoder system / Electronics option (e)" on page 142
Nominal speed
D ... 2,000 rpm
H... 4,100 rpm
I ... 4,500 rpm
see "Nominal speed (f)" on page 142

Motor options
Valid values: $\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}, \mathbf{3}, \mathbf{4}, 5,6,7$
see "Motor options (g)" on page 142


## Gearbox options

0 ... Without gearbox
see "Gearbox options (k)" on page 148

Valid values: 0, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, P, Q, R, S, T, U

## Special motor options

00 ... No special motor options
For 8GA angular planetary gearbox see "Special motor options (II)" on page 148
Valid values: 00, 0A, OB, OC, OD
Version
1 ... Version 1 (the motor version is specified as code $(m)$ in the order number)

## Note:

Order keys only provide information about possible combinations in exceptional cases. Information about possible combinations is available in the CAD configurator (cad.br-automation.com).

### 4.4.1.1 Construction type (b)


ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are available in 3 different construction types (8D1A, 8D1B and 8D1C).
The construction type is differentiated by a letter (b) in the order number.

| Construction type (b) | Cooling type | Connection type | Gearbox | Order code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1A | Self-cooling | Connector | Without gearbox | 8D1Acd.efg000000-1 |
| 8D1B |  |  | Yes (direct mounting) | 8D1Bcd.efghijkll-1 |
| 8D1C |  |  | Yes (flanged) | 8D1Ccd.efghijkll-1 |

## 8D1A



- Integrated servo drive
- Without gearbox

8D1B


- Integrated servo drive
- Direct mounted gearbox

8D1C


- Integrated servo drive
- Flanged gearbox


### 4.4.1.2 Size (c)


ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are available in size 2 .
The size is differentiated by a digit (c) in the order number. The larger this digit, the larger the flange dimensions and power data of the respective ACOPOSmotor Compact module.

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| 8D1A |  |
| 8D1B |  |
| 8D1C |  |

### 4.4.1.3 Length (d)

```
8D1 b c d . e fl g h i j m ll - 1 see "Order key" on page 140
```

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are available in various lengths. These differ in the power data with identical flange dimensions. The different lengths are differentiated by a digit (d) in the order number.

|  | Lengths (d) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8D1xx2 | 8D1xx3 |
| 8D1A2 | Yes | Yes |
| 8D1B2 | Yes | Yes |
| 8D1C2 | Yes | Yes |

### 4.4.1.4 Motor encoder system / Electronics option (e)


ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are equipped with EnDat 2.2 encoders and optionally available with 2 external connections. The external connections are a combination of a 24 VDC output and trigger input.
The respective variant of the module is specified in the form of a one-digit code (e) as part of the order number.

| Order code (e) | Motor encoder system | Electronics option |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Encoder type | 2 external connections |
| A | B8 | --- |
| B | B9 | --- |
| G | B8 | Yes |
| H | B9 | Yes |

## EnDat 2.2 encoder

## General information

Digital drive systems and position control loops require fast and highly secure transfer of data obtained from position measuring instruments. In addition, other data such as drive-specific characteristic values, correction tables, etc. should also be available. To ensure a high level of system security, measuring instruments must be integrated in routines for detecting errors and be able to perform diagnostics.
The EnDat interface from HEIDENHAIN is a digital, bidirectional interface for measuring instruments. It is able to output position values from incremental and absolute measuring instruments and can also read and update information on the measuring instrument or store new data there. Because it relies on serial data transfer, only 4 signal lines are needed. The data is transferred synchronous to the clock signal defined by the subsequent electronics. The transfer method (position values, parameters, diagnostics, etc.) is selected with mode commands that the subsequent electronics transmit to the measuring instrument.

## Technical data



### 4.4.1.5 Nominal speed (f)


The nominal speed is specified as part of the order number in the form of a code (f).

|  | Order code (f) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D | H | I |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 2000 | 4100 | 4500 |

## Availability

|  | Nominal speeds $\mathbf{n}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathbf{r p m}]$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 0 0}$ |
| $8 \mathrm{D} 1 \times 22$ | --- | -- | Yes |
| 8D1x23 | Yes | Yes | --- |

### 4.4.1.6 Motor options (g)

8D1

The motor option is specified as part of the order number in the form of a one-digit code ( $\mathbf{g}$ ).

8D1A

| Order code (g) | Motor options |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Holding brake | Shaft end | Oil seal |
| 0 | No | Smooth shaft | No |
| 1 |  | Keyed shaft |  |
| 2 | Yes | Smooth shaft |  |
| 3 |  | Keyed shaft |  |
| 4 | No | Smooth shaft | Yes |
| 5 |  | Keyed shaft |  |
| 6 | Yes | Smooth shaft |  |
| 7 |  | Keyed shaft |  |

8D1B / 8D1C

| Order code (g) | Motor options |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Holding brake | Gearbox shaft end | Oil seal |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | No | see "Gearbox options |  |
| (k)" on page 148 |  |  |  |

## Holding brake

The holding brake is a permanent magnet brake. Voltage (see the technical data) must be applied to release the brake. Based on principle, this type of holding brake exhibits a minimal amount of backlash.

The brake is designed as a holding brake. It not permitted to be used for operational braking! Loaded braking during an emergency stop is permitted but reduces its service life.

## Information:

The required brake holding torque is determined based on the actual load torque. It is recommended by the brake manufacturer to take into account a safety factor of 2.

## Warning!

The holding brake is not intended for normal braking. The maximum motor torque far exceeds the holding torque for the brake.

## Warning!

The number of revolutions of the motor shaft with the holding brake applied is not permitted to exceed the value 3200 since safety function STO can no longer be ensured in this case. ${ }^{2)}$

## Technical data

|  |  | Motor size |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8D1x2 |
| Holding torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ |  | 2.2 |
| Connected load $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{On}}[\mathrm{W}]$ |  | 8.4 |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\max }[\mathrm{rpm}]$ |  | 12000 |
| Supply current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{On}}[\mathrm{A}]$ |  | 0.35 |
| Supply voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{On}}[\mathrm{V}]$ |  | $24 \mathrm{VDC}+6 \% /-10 \%$ |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ |  | 0.07 |
| Weight $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{kg}]$ |  | 0.16 |
| Service life |  | Approx. 5,000,000 switching cycles ${ }^{1)}$ |

1) This specification is only valid if all conditions are observed.

Releasing and re-engaging corresponds to 1 switching cycle.
The brake is designed as a holding brake. It not permitted to be used for operational braking! Loaded braking during an emergency stop is permitted but reduces its service life.

## 8D1A - Shaft end design

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules (8D1A) can be delivered with a smooth shaft end or keyed shaft end.
A smooth shaft end is used for a force-fit shaft-hub connection and guarantees a backlash-free connection between the shaft and hub as well as a high degree of operating smoothness. The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole.
A keyed shaft end is used for a form-fit torque transfer with low demands on the shaft-hub connection and for handling torque in a constant direction.
The keyways for ACOPOSmotor Compact modules conform to keyway form N1 per DIN 6885-1. Form A keyed
shafts that conform to DIN 6885-1 are used. Balancing motors with keyways is done using the shaft and fitment key convention per DIN ISO 8821.
The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole that can be used to install machine actuators with shaft end cover plates.

## 8D1A - Oil seal

All ACOPOSmotor Compact modules without gearbox (8D1A) are available with an optional form A oil seal per DIN 3760.
With an oil seal, the ACOPOSmotor Compact modules meet the requirements for IP65 protection per EN 60529. Proper lubrication of the oil seal must be ensured throughout the entire service life of the motor.

### 4.4.1.7 Gearbox (h)


The gearbox is specified by a code ( $\mathbf{k}$ ) in the order key. Code 0 must be used in the order code for no gearbox.

8D1A

| Order code | Gearbox type | Class | Toothing type | Degree of <br> protection | Gearbox type - Description |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Without gearbox | $\ldots-$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | -- |  |

8D1B

| Order code | Gearbox type | Class | Toothing type | Degree of protection |  | Gearbox type - Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | 8GM40 | Standard | Straight | IP54 |  | Planetary gearbox with output shaft |
| C | 8GM45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | 8GM50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| E | 8GM55 |  |  | IP65 |  |  |
| H | 8GG40 |  |  | IP54 |  | Planetary gearbox with output flange |

8D1C

| Order code | Gearbox type | Class | Toothing type | Degree of protection |  | Gearbox type - Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | 8GP40 | Standard | Straight | IP54 |  | Planetary gearbox with output shaft |
| C | 8GP45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | 8GP50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| E | 8GP55 |  |  | IP65 |  |  |
| F | 8GP60 | Premium ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| G | 8GP70 |  | Helical |  |  |  |
| H | 8GF40 | Standard | Straight | IP54 |  | Planetary gearbox with output flange |
| 1 | 8GF60 | Premium ${ }^{1)}$ | Straight | IP65 |  |  |
| J | 8GF70 |  | Helical |  |  |  |
| K | 8GA40 | Standard | Straight | IP54 |  | Angular planetary gearbox |
| L | 8GA45 |  |  |  |  |  |
| M | 8GA50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N | 8GA55 |  |  |  |  |  |
| P | 8GA60 | Premium | Spiral bevel | IP65 |  |  |

1) Premium class

For applications that demand high precision. In addition to standard spur toothing, helical gearing, which runs even smoother and quieter, is also possible.

## Technical data

### 4.4.1.8 Gearbox size (i)

 $B \& R$ gearboxes are available in different sizes.

The gearbox size is specified by a code (i) in the order key (e.g. H).
The larger the size (e.g. 080), the larger the flange dimensions and power data of the respective gearbox.

| 8D1A | 8D1B | 8D1C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order code ... Without gearbox | Order code ... Gearbox size | Order code ... Gearbox size |
| 0 ... Without gearbox | D $\ldots 060$ E $\ldots 064$ F $\ldots 067$ G $\ldots 070$ | D ... 060 E ... 064 F $\ldots 067$ G $\ldots 070$ H ... 080 I $\ldots 089$ J... 090 |

## 8D1B (8GM / 8GG) - Possible gearbox sizes

| Gearbox series | Gearbox size $^{\text {1) }}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 8GM40 | 060 |
| 8GM45 | 067 |
| 8GM50 | 070 |
| 8GM55 | 060 |
| 8GG40 | 064 |

## 8D1C (8GP) - Possible gearbox sizes

| Gearbox series | Gearbox size $^{2)}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 8 GP40 | 060,080 |
| 8GP45 | 067,089 |
| 8GP50 | 070,090 |
| 8GP55 | 060,080 |
| 8GP60 | 070 |
| 8 GP70 | 070 |

## 8D1C (8GF) - Possible gearbox sizes

| Gearbox series |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| 8GF40 | Gearbox size $^{2)}$ |
| 8GF60 | 064 |
| 8GF70 | 064 |

## 8D1C (8GA) - Possible gearbox sizes

| Gearbox series | Gearbox size $^{2)}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 8GA40 | 060,080 |
| 8GA45 | 067,089 |
| 8GA50 | 070,090 |
| 8GA55 | 064 |
| 8GA60 | 070 |

1) 1-stage or 2 -stage: Defined only by the selected gear ratio.
2) 1-stage, $\mathbf{2}$-stage or $\mathbf{3}$-stage: Defined only by the selected gear ratio.

### 4.4.1.9 Gear ratio (j)


$B \& R$ gearboxes are available with different gear ratios.
The code ( $\mathbf{j}$ ) in the order number contains the gear ratio.

| 8D1A | 8D1B / 8D1C |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Order code ... Without gearbox | Order code ... Gear ratio |  |  |
| 0 ... Without gearbox | B $\ldots 003$ C $\ldots 004$ D $\ldots 005$ E $\ldots 007$ F $\ldots 008$ G $\ldots 009$ H $\ldots .010$ | $\begin{array}{lll} \hline \mathbf{I} \ldots & 012 \\ \mathbf{J} \ldots . & 015 \\ \mathbf{K} \ldots . & 016 \\ \mathbf{L} \ldots . & 020 \\ \mathbf{M} \ldots . & 025 \\ \mathbf{N} \ldots . .032 \\ \mathbf{P} \ldots . . & 035 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathbf{Q} \ldots .040 \\ & \mathbf{R} \ldots . .050 \\ & \mathbf{S} \ldots .060 \\ & \mathbf{T} \ldots . .064 \\ & \mathbf{U} \ldots . \\ & \mathbf{V} \ldots 070 \\ & \mathbf{V} \ldots . .080 \\ & \mathbf{W} \ldots \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

## 8D1B - Possible gear ratios

| Gearbox series $/$ <br> Gearbox size | Gear ratio |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1-stage: | 2-stage: | 3-stage: |  |  |
| 8GM40 / 060 | $005,008,010$ | $015,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |  |
| 8GM45 /067 | $005,008,010$ | $015,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |  |
| 8GM50 /070 | $005,008,010$ | $015,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |  |
| 8GM55 /060 | $005,008,010$ | $015,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |  |
| 8GG40 /064 | $005,008,010$ | $015,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |  |

## 8D1C (8GP) - Possible gear ratios

| Gearbox series / Gearbox size | Gear ratio |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-stage: | 2-stage: | 3-stage: |
| 8GP40 / 060 | 003, 004, 007 | 009, 012, 016 | --- |
| 8GP40 / 080 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 008, 010 | 009, 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 032, 040, 064, 100 | 060, 080 |
| 8GP45 / 067 | 003, 004, 007 | 009, 012, 016 | --- |
| 8GP45 / 089 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 008, 010 | 009, 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 032, 040, 064, 100 | 060, 080 |
| 8GP50 / 070 | 003, 004, 007 | 009, 012, 016 | --- |
| 8GP50 / 090 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 008, 010 | 009, 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 032, 040, 064, 100 | --- |
| 8GP55 / 060 | 003, 004, 007 | 009, 012, 016 | --- |
| 8GP55 / 080 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 008, 010 | 009, 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 032, 040, 064, 100 | --- |
| 8GP60 / 070 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 008, 010 | 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 032, 040, 064, 100 | --- |
| 8GP70 / 070 | 003, 004, 005, 007, 010 | 012, 015, 016, 020, 025, 035, 040, 050, 070, 100 | --- |

## 8D1C (8GF) - Possible gear ratios

| Gearbox series $/$ <br> Gearbox size | 1-stage: | 2-stage: | Gear ratio |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8GF40 / 064 | $003,004,007$ | $009,012,016$ | 3-stage: |
| 8GF60 $/ 064$ | $004,005,007,008,010$ | $016,020,025,032,040,050,064,100$ | --- |
| 8GF70 /064 | $004,005,007,010$ | $016,020,025,035,040,050,070,100$ | --- |

## 8D1C (8GA) - Possible gear ratios

| Gearbox series I <br> Gearbox size | Gear ratio |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1-stage: | 2-stage: | 3-stage: |  |
| 8GA40 / 060 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | 060,080 |
| 8GA40 /080 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | 060,080 |
| 8GA45 /067 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | 060,080 |
| 8GA45 /089 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | 060,080 |
| 8GA50 /070 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |
| 8GA50 /090 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ |  |
| 8GA55 /064 | $003,004,005,007,008,010$ | $009,012,015,016,020,025,032,040,064,100$ | --- |
| 8GA60 /070 | $004,005,008,010$ | $016,020,025,032,040,050,064,100$ | --- |

### 4.4.1.10 Gearbox options (k)

8D1 bllllllllllllll see "Order key" on page 140
$B \& R$ gearboxes are available with various options.
The respective option is specified by a character ( $\mathbf{k}$ ) in the order key.

| Order code |  | Output shaft | Variant | Backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  | Without gearbox (8D1A) | --- | --- |
| A |  | Flange output shaft | Standard | Standard |
| B |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| C |  |  | Food-grade lubrication | Standard |
| D |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| E |  | Smooth shaft | Standard | Standard |
| F |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| G |  |  | Food-grade lubrication | Standard |
| H |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 1 |  | Keyed shaft <br> DIN 6885 T1 | Standard | Standard |
| J |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| K |  |  | Food-grade lubrication | Standard |
| L |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| M |  | Toothed shaft DIN 5480 | Standard | Standard |
| N |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| P |  |  | Food-grade lubrication | Standard |
| Q |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| R | $\left(\begin{array}{ll} (6) \\ 0 & L_{0} \\ 0 \end{array}\right)$ | Flange output shaft with dowel pin hole | Standard | Standard |
| S |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |
| T |  |  | Food-grade lubrication | Standard |
| U |  |  |  | Reduced backlash ${ }^{1)}$ |

1) Reduced backlash is only available for premium gearboxes: 8GP60, 8GP70 / 8GA60, 8GA75 / 8GF60, 8GF70.

### 4.4.1.11 Special motor options (II)

8D1
b c d . $e f g$ h i j k II 1

## see "Order key" on page 140

The special motor options are specified as part of the order number in the form of a 2-digit code (II).
For ACOPOSmotor Compact 8D1C modules with an 8GA angular gearbox, a mounting position for the gearbox must be defined using code (II).
For all other motors, there are no special motor options and code $\mathbf{0 0}$ must be used.
Valid values: 00, 0A, OB, 0C, OD


## 8D1C example:

ACOPOSmotor Compact 8D1C with 8GA angular gearbox in mounting position A (code 0A)
Order key =8D1Cxx.xxxxx0A-1

### 4.4.2 Load due to radial and axial force

Radial and axial forces ( $F_{r}, F_{a}$ ) applied to the shaft end during operation and installation must observe the conditions listed below.

Simultaneously loading the shaft end with the maximum values of $F_{r}$ and $F_{a}$ is not permitted! Contact $B \& R$ if this occurs.

## Radial force

Radial force $F_{r}$ on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. belt tension on pulleys) and operation (e.g. load torque on the pinion). The maximum radial force $F_{r}$ depends on the shaft end variant, bearing type, average speed, the position where the radial force is applied and the desired service life of the bearings.

## Axial force, shift in shaft position caused by axial force

Axial force $F_{a}$ on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. stress caused by mounting) and operation (e.g. thrust caused by slanted tooth pinions). The maximum axial force $F_{a}$ depends on the bearing type and the desired service life of the bearings.

## 8D1x2 (with holding brake)

The fixed bearing is secured on the $\mathbf{B}$-side flange with a retaining ring. The floating bearing on the A -side flange is preloaded with a spring in the direction of the B-side flange. Axial forces in the direction of the A-side flange can cause the spring bias to be overcome, which shifts the shaft by the amount of axial backlash in the bearing (approx. $0.1-0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ). This shift can cause problems on motors with holding brakes or all motors with inductive encoder systems. As a result, no axial force in excess of the calculated values is permitted in the direction of the A-side flange when using these motor (see "Determining permissible values of $F_{r}$ and $F_{a}$ ).

## 8D1x2 (without holding brake) <br> 8D1x3 (with/without holding brake)

The fixed bearing is secured on the A-side flange with a retaining ring. The floating bearing on the B-side flange is preloaded with a spring in the direction of the A-side flange. Axial forces in the direction of the B-side flange can cause the spring bias to be overcome, which shifts the shaft by the amount of axial backlash in the bearing (approx. $0.1-0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ). This shift can cause problems on motors with holding brakes or all motors with inductive encoder systems. As a result, no axial force in excess of the calculated values is permitted in the direction of the $B$-side flange when using these motor (see "Determining permissible values of $F_{r}$ and $F_{a}$ ).
$A$ - and $B$-side flange position


## Definitions for maximum shaft load diagrams



Figure 54: Definition of shaft load
$\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{r}}$.......... Radial force
$\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{a}}$.......... Axial force
$\mathbf{x}$........... Distance between the motor flange and the point where radial force Fr is applied

## Overdetermined bearing

Avoid an overdetermined bearing when attaching drive elements onto the output shaft!. The necessarily occurring tolerances cause additional forces on the output shaft bearing. This can damage or significantly reduce the service life of the bearings!

### 4.4.3 Status indicators



### 4.4.3.1 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

| Color | Function | Description | The module is not supplied with power or network interface initialization has failed. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Green/Red | Ready/Error | LED off | The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0. |
| Solid red | The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation). |  |  |
|  | Blinking green <br> $(1 \mathrm{x})$ | The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network. |  |
|  | Blinking green <br> $(2 \mathrm{x})$ | Cyclic operation on the network, but the client itself is not yet in cyclic operation. |  |
|  | Blinking green <br> $(3 \mathrm{x})$ | Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation. |  |
|  | Solid green | Flickering green | The client is in cyclic operation. <br> The client is not in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network <br> in cyclic operation. |

Table 89: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

### 4.4.3.2 RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

| Color | Function | Description | Solid green |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Green | Ready | Blinking green | The module is ready for operation and the power stage can be enabled (operating system <br> present and booted, no pending permanent or temporary errors). |

Table 90: RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

### 4.4.3.3 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:
Width of box: 50 ms
Repeats after: $3,000 \mathrm{~ms}$

| Status | LED | Display |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Boot procedure for base hardware active | RDY |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T |  |  |  |  |  |  | T | - | - |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Network configuration active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Waiting for network telegram | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Network communication active | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. ACOPOS operating system being transferred/burned | RDY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RUN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ERR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 91: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

### 4.4.4 Order data for ACOPOSmotor Compact modules



Table 92: 8D1bcd.efghijkhh-1 - Order data

### 4.4.5 Technical data

### 4.4.5.1 General information

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Module type | ACOPOSmotor Compact |
| Current-carrying capacity of 9-pin hybrid connector |  |
| Power contacts | Max. 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Certifications |  |
| CE | Yes |
| UL | cURus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |
| Support |  |
| Motion system |  |
| mapp Motion ACP10 | V5.17 or higher V 5.17 or higher |
| Thermal properties |  |
| Cooling method per EN 60034-6 (IC code) |  |
| Standard | Self-cooling, free circulation surface cooling (IC4A0A0) |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Type of construction and mounting arrangement per EN 60034-7 (IM code) | Horizontal, motor shaft aligned horizontally (IM 3001) Vertical, motor standing on the machine (IM 3011) Vertical, motor hanging on the machine (IM 3031) ${ }^{1)}$ |
| Reduction of the continuous current at temperatures above $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : <br> 8D1A22.el... (4500 rpm) <br> 8D1A23.eD... (2000 rpm) <br> 8D1A23.eH... (4100 rpm) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.156 A/K } \\ & 0.139 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{K} \\ & 0.273 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{K} \end{aligned}$ |
| Reduction of the nominal current and stall current at installation elevations over 1000 m above sea level | -10\% per 1,000 m |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum | 4,000 m |
| Degree of protection per EN $60529{ }^{\text {2) }}$ | Without oil seal option: IP54 With oil seal option: IP65 |
| Degree of protection per UL 50 | Type 1 |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Operation |  |
| Nominal | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum | $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{3)}$ |
| Storage | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Max. flange temperature | $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 5-85\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 5\%-95\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Motor coating | Water-based paint, RAL 9005 flat |
| Inverter coating | EPD coating, RAL 9005 flat |
| Roller bearing, dynamic load rating and nominal service life | Based on DIN ISO 281 |
| Shaft end per DIN 748 | Form E |
| Oil seal per DIN 3760 | Form A |
| Key and keyway per DIN 6885-1 | Keyway form N1, key form A |
| Shaft balancing per ISO 1940/1, G6.3 | Shaft and fitment key convention |
| Radial runout, concentricity and axial runout of mounting flange per DIN 42955 | Tolerance R |

Table 93: Technical data

1) The IM3031 type of construction and mounting arrangement (vertical, motor hanging on the machine) must be avoided since production fluids or oils, e.g from a gearbox, can penetrate the motor and damage it. If this is not possible, it is mandatory to select the oil seal option and to ensure that no production fluids or oils get onto the seal.
2) The specified degree of protection is only met if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable threaded caps or slot covers! Suitable threaded caps covers are available as optional accessories. The module is delivered with IP20 protection.
3) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to max. $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is possible taking the reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.

## Technical data

### 4.4.5.2 Inverter module

| Product ID | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1xxx.A... } \\ & \text { 8D1xxx.B... } \end{aligned}$ | 8D1xxx.G... 8D1xxx.H... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC bus connection |  |  |
| Voltage |  |  |
| Minimum | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & 54 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & 58 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Nominal |  |  |
| Maximum |  |  |
| Continuous power consumption ${ }^{1)}$ | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {mech }} / 0.85+\mathrm{P}_{\text {ln }}($ optional $)+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vcc}, \text { Out }}($ optional $)+10 \mathrm{~W}$ |  |
| DC bus capacitance | $264 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  |
| Variant | 9 9-pin hybrid connector ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| Max. line length | $15 \mathrm{~m}^{2)}$ |  |
| 24 VDC Out 1 |  |  |
| Output voltage ${ }^{7}$ ) | - | 24 VDC $\pm 3 \%$ |
| Continuous current | - | Max. 250 mA ${ }^{4)}$ |
| Fuse protection | - | Electronic |
| Variant | M8 connector |  |
| Max. line length | 30 m |  |
| 24 VDC Out 2 |  |  |
| Output voltage ${ }^{\text {7) }}$ | - | 24 VDC $\pm 3 \%$ |
| Continuous current | - | Max. 250 mA ${ }^{4)}$ |
| Fuse protection | - | Electronic |
| Variant | M8 connector |  |
| Max. line length | 30 m |  |
| Motor connection |  |  |
| Nominal switching frequency | 40 kHz |  |
| Max. output frequency | $598 \mathrm{~Hz}^{5}$ |  |
| Motor holding brake |  |  |
| Max. switching frequency | 0.5 Hz |  |
| Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring | 24 VDC -10\% |  |
| Fieldbus |  |  |
| Type | POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN) |  |
| Variant | Internal 2-port hub, 2x 9-pin male hybrid connector ${ }^{3)}$ |  |
| Cable length | Max. 30 m between two stations |  |
| Transfer rate | $100 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| Enable inputs |  |  |
| Quantity | 1 |  |
| Circuit | Sink |  |
| Electrical isolation |  |  |
| Input - Inverter module | Yes |  |
| Input voltage |  |  |
| Nominal | 24 VDC |  |
| Maximum | 30 VDC |  |
| Input current at nominal voltage | Approx. 4 mA (typical/nominal) |  |
| Switching threshold |  |  |
| Low | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| High | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Switching delay at nominal input voltage |  |  |
| Enable $1 \rightarrow 0$, PWM off | 2 ms |  |
| Enable $0 \rightarrow 1$, ready for PWM | 1 ms |  |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| OSSD signal connections | $0.05-0.5 \mathrm{~ms}^{6)}$ |  |
| Variant | 9 -pin hybrid connector ${ }^{3)}$ |  |
| Trigger inputs |  |  |
| Quantity | - | 2 |
| Circuit | - | Sink |
| Electrical isolation |  |  |
| Input - Inverter module | - | No |
| Input - Input | - | No |
| Input voltage |  |  |
| Nominal | - | 24 VDC |
| Maximum | - | 30 VDC |
| Switching threshold |  |  |
| Low | - | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| High | - | $>15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current at nominal voltage | - | 4 mA |
| Switching delay |  |  |
| Rising edge | - | $51 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Falling edge | - | $51 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Modulation compared to ground potential | - | Max. $\pm 38 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Variant | - | male connector |

Table 94: 8D1bcd.efghijkhh-1 - Technical data

| Product ID | 8D1xxx.A... <br> 8D1xxx.B... | 8D1xxx.G... <br> 8D1xxx.H... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Max. line length |  | 30 m |
| Support |  |  |
| Motion system |  | V5.17 or higher |
| mapp Motion |  | $V 5.17$ or higher |
| ACP10 |  |  |

Table 94: 8D1bcd.efghijkhh-1 - Technical data

1) Valid under the following conditions: 54 VDC DC bus voltage, 40 kHz switching frequency, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature, installation elevation $<500 \mathrm{~m}$ above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
$\mathbf{P}_{\text {mech }} \ldots$ Mechanical power at the motor shaft: $P_{\text {mech }}=\omega \cdot M=2 \pi \cdot n[r p m] / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot M$
$\mathbf{P}_{\text {In }} \ldots$ Connection power of the holding brake depending on the motor size, see "holding brake technical data" on page 142
$\mathbf{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}, \text { out }} \ldots$. Maximum power consumption of the 24 VDC output: 7 W
2) Also valid for the daisy-chain connection from module to module.
3) $<500$ mating cycles
4) The continuous current of 24 VDC Out 1 and Out 2 together are not permitted to exceed 250 mA .
5) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s , then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
6) If shorter or no OSSD low pulses are applied, STO must be tested manually at regular intervals. If this is not done, the safety characteristics cannot be maintained. (Diagnostic test interval: see "Chapter "Safety technology", ACOPOSmotor Compact, General information, Table 1" on page 335)
7) Depends on the DC bus. Dropout voltage of 2 V must be taken into account. starting at a DC bus voltage $<26 \mathrm{VDC}$.

### 4.4.5.3 Power dissipation

Power from ACOPOSmotor Compact modules is dissipated via the motor flange and surface of the motor. The following factors are important to ensure optimal heat dissipation:

- Thermally open installation
- Free convection

The motor data specified for the nominal operating point apply to a motor installed in a thermally open system. The dimensions of the flange plates used for the measurement are shown in the table below.

Generally speaking, the larger the flange, the better the heat dissipation.

| Size | Dimensions [mm] | Material |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8D1x2 | $250 \times 250 \times 6$ | Aluminum |

### 4.4.5.4 Formula symbols

| Term | Symbol | Unit | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal speed | $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | rpm | Nominal speed of the motor |
| Nominal torque | $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Nm | The nominal torque is output by the motor $\left(\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}\right)$ when the nominal current is being drawn. This is possible for any length of time if the ambient conditions are correct. |
| Nominal power | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | kW | The nominal power is supplied by the motor when $n=n_{N}$. This is possible for any length of time if the ambient conditions are correct. |
| Nominal current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | A | The nominal current is the RMS value for the phase current (current in the motor supply line) when generating the nominal torque at the nominal speed. This is possible for any length of time if the ambient conditions are correct. |
| Stall torque | M | Nm | The stall torque is output by the motor at the speed $\mathrm{n}_{0}$ and when the stall current is being applied. This is possible for any length of time if the ambient conditions are correct. Speed $n_{0}$ must be high enough for the temperature in all windings to be homogeneous and stationary (for B\&R motors, $\left.\mathrm{n}_{0}=50 \mathrm{rpm}\right)$. The continuous torque is reduced when the motor is at a complete standstill. |
| Stall current | $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ | A | The stall current is the RMS value of the phase current (current in the motor supply line) for generating the stall torque at speed $n_{0}$. This is possible for any length of time if the ambient conditions are correct. Speed $n_{0}$ must be high enough for the temperature in all windings to be homogeneous and stationary (for B\&R motors, $\mathrm{n}_{0}=50 \mathrm{rpm}$ ). |
| Peak torque | $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}$ | Nm | The peak torque is briefly output by the motor when the peak current is being drawn. |
| Peak current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}$ | A | The peak current is the RMS value of the phase current (current in the motor supply line) for generating the peak torque. This is only permitted for a short time. The peak current is determined by the magnetic circuit. Exceeding this value for a short time can cause irreversible damage (demagnetization of the magnet material). |
| Maximum speed | $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ | rpm | Maximum motor speed. This is a mechanical condition (centrifugal force, bearing wear). |
| Average speed | $\mathrm{n}_{\text {average }}$ | rpm | Average speed for one cycle |
| Torque constant | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ | Nm/A | The torque constant specifies the torque generated by the motor at 1 Arms phase current. This value applies at a motor temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If the temperature increases, the torque constant is reduced (typically down to 10\%). If the current increases, the torque constant is reduced (typically starting at twice the value of the nominal current). |
| Voltage constant | $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | V/1000 rpm | The voltage constant specifies the RMS value (phase-phase) of the reverse voltage induced by the motor at a speed of 1000 rpm (EMF). This value applies at a motor temperature of $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. When the temperature increases, the voltage constant is reduced (usually down to $5 \%$ ). If the current increases, the voltage constant is reduced (typically starting at twice the value of the nominal current). |
| Stator resistance | $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}$ | $\Omega$ (Ohm) | Resistance measured in ohms between two motor leads (phase-phase) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ winding temperature. On B\&R motors, the windings use a star connection. |
| Stator inductance | $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}$ | mH | Winding inductance measured between two motor leads. Stator inductance depends on the rotor position. |
| Electrical time constant | $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {e }}$ | ms | Corresponds to $1 / 5$ of the time needed for the stator current to stabilize with constant operating conditions. |
| Thermal time constant | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ | Min | Corresponds to $1 / 5$ of the time needed for the motor temperature to stabilize with constant operating conditions. |
| Moment of inertia without brake | J | $\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}$ | Moment of inertia for a motor without a holding brake |
| Weight without brake | m | kg | Mass of motor without holding brake |
| Moment of inertia of brake | $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ | $\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}$ | Moment of inertia for the built-in holding brake |
| Mass of brake | $\mathrm{m}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ | kg | Mass of built-in holding brake |
| Brake holding torque | $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ | Nm | Minimum torque required to hold the rotor when the brake is activated |
| Installed load | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {on }}$ | W | Installed load for the built-in holding brake |
| Installed current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {on }}$ | A | Installed current for the built-in holding brake |
| Connection voltage | $\mathrm{U}_{\text {on }}$ | V | Operating voltage for the built-in holding brake |
| Activation delay | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {on }}$ | ms | Delay time required for the holding torque of the brake to be established after the operating voltage has been removed from the holding brake |
| Release delay | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {off }}$ | ms | Delay time required until the holding torque of the holding brake is reduced by $90 \%$ (the brake is released) after operating voltage has been returned to the holding brake |

### 4.4.6 8D1A2 - Technical data

### 4.4.6.1 Technical data

| Order number | 8D1A22.elg000000-1 | 8D1A23.eDg000000-1 | 8D1A23.eHg000000-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |
| UL | cURus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 | 2000 | 4100 |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 | 1.047 | 0.792 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 | 219 | 340 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 | 4.76 | 7.2 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 | 1.118 | 0.88 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 | 5.08 | 8 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 | 3.01 | 1.56 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\text {T }}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.1 | 0.22 | 0.11 |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 | 13.41 | 6.6 |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 | 0.76 | 0.2 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 | 0.93 | 0.24 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | 0.93 | 1.2 |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 | 38 |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm $\left.{ }^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 | 0.41 |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 | 1.62 |  |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $J_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |

Table 95: 8D1A22.elg000000-1, 8D1A23.eDg000000-1, 8D1A23.eHg000000-1 - Technical data

### 4.4.6.2 8D1A22.elghijkhh-1 - Speed-Torque characteristic curve

## With 54 VDC DC bus voltage



Figure 55: 8D1A22.elghijkhh-1 with 54 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve
4.4.6.3 8D1A23.eDghijkhh-1 - Speed-Torque characteristic curve

With 54 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 56: 8D1A23.eDghijkhh-1 with 54 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.4.6.4 8D1A23.eHghijkhh-1 - Speed-Torque characteristic curve

With 54 VDC DC bus voltage


Figure 57: 8D1A23.eHghijkhh-1 with 54 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

### 4.4.6.5 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20000 operating hours.

maximum allowed axial force: $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{amax}}=42 \mathrm{~N}$


Figure 58: Definition of shaft load
$F_{\text {r }}$......... Radial force
$F_{a} \ldots \ldots .$. Axial force
$x . . . . . . . .$. . Distance between the motor flange and the point where radial force $F_{r}$ is applied.

## Technical data

### 4.4.7 8D1B2 - Technical data

### 4.4.7.1 Overview

8D1B22-4,500 rpm

| Order number | Gearbox type Gearbox size |  | Technical data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1B22.elgBD | 8GM40, 060 |  | see "8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data" on page 161 |
| 8D1B22.elgCF | 8GM45, 067 |  | see "8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data" on page 163 |
| 8D1B22.elgDG | 8GM50, 070 |  | see "8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data" on page 165 |
| 8D1B22.elgED | 8GM55, 060 |  | see "8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM55, gearbox size 060) - Technical data" on page 167 |
| 8D1B22.elgHE | 8GG40, 064 |  | see "8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data" on page 169 |

## 8D1B23-2,000 rpm

| Order number | Gearbox type Gearbox size |  | Technical data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1B23.eDgBD | 8GM40, 060 |  | see "8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data" on page 171 |
| 8D1B23.eDgCF | 8GM45, 067 |  | see "8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data" on page 173 |
| 8D1B23.eDgDG | 8GM50, 070 |  | see "8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data" on page 175 |
| 8D1B23.eDgED | 8GM55, 060 |  | see "8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data" on page 175 |
| 8D1B23.eDgHE | 8GG40, 064 |  | see "8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data" on page 179 |

8D1B23-4,100 rpm

| Order number | Gearbox type Gearbox size |  | Technical data |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1B23.eHgBD | 8GM40, 060 |  | see "8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data" on page 181 |
| 8D1B23.eHgCF | 8GM45, 067 |  | see "8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data" on page 183 |
| 8D1B23.eHgDG | 8GM50, 070 |  | see "8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data" on page 185 |
| 8D1B23.eHgED | 8GM55, 060 |  | see "8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data" on page 185 |
| 8D1B23.eHgHE | 8GG40, 064 |  | see "8D1B23.eH-4,100 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data" on page 189 |

4.4.7.2 8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgBDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgBDFk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgBDHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgBDJk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgBDLk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.57 |  | 0.58 | 0.75 | 0.76 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.019 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.015 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgBDMk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgBDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgBDQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgBDTk00-1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgBDWk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.6 | 2.5 |  | 2.3 | 2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.77 |  | 0.78 |  | 0.96 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.005 |  |  | 0.003 |

4.4.7.3 8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | 8D1B22.elgCFDk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgCFFk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgCFHk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgCFJk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgCFLk00-1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

General information


## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgCFMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgCFNk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgCFQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgCFTk00-1 | 8D1B22. <br> elgCFWk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 700 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.98 |  | 0.99 |  | 1.16 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.005 |  | 0.003 |

4.4.7.4 8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgDGJk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\max }[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm ${ }^{2}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{K N}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\text {Br }}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 33 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 26 | 24 |  | 53 |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 32 | 30 |  | 66 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{\text {2v }}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.1 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.39 | 1.4 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.035 | 0.013 | 0.008 | 0.018 | 0.016 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGMk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgDGNk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgDGTk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgDGWk00-1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}$ [ Nm ] | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\text {Br }}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 30 | 33 | 30 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 48 | 53 | 48 | 29 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 60 | 66 | 60 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 3.3 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 | 1.41 |  | 1.42 | 1.57 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

4.4.7.5 8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GM55, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgEDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgEDFk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgEDHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgEDJk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgEDLk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.93 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4200 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3400 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.037 | 0.014 | 0.008 | 0.021 | 0.019 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgEDMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgEDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgEDQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgEDTk00-1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgEDWk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.018 | 0.007 |  | 0.006 | 0.004 |

### 4.4.7.6 8D1B22.el - 4,500 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgHEDk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgHEFk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgHEHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B22.elgHEJk00-1 | 8D1B22.elgHELk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {1N100\% }}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14.2 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 11.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.78 |  | 0.79 | 1 | 1.02 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.049 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.019 | 0.017 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgHEMk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgHENk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B22. } \\ & \text { elgHEQk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 8D1B22.elgHETk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B22. } \\ \text { elgHEWk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.659 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 12 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 5.1 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.02 | 1.03 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 1.09 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.7 8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.57 |  | 0.58 | 0.75 | 0.76 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.019 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.015 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDTk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgBDWk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\text {Br }}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.6 | 2.5 |  | 2.3 | 2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.77 |  | 0.78 |  | 0.96 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.005 |  |  | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.8 8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFHk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.78 |  | 0.79 | 0.96 | 0.97 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.024 | 0.008 | 0.005 | 0.016 | 0.015 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B23. } \\ & \text { eDgCFMk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFNk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgCFQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eDgCFTk00-1 | 8D1B23. eDgCFWk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.98 |  | 0.99 |  | 1.16 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.005 |  | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.9 8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 33 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 26 | 24 |  | 53 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 66 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.1 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.39 | 1.4 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.035 | 0.013 | 0.008 | 0.018 | 0.016 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGNk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgDGTk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B23. } \\ & \text { eDgDGWk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 30 | 33 | 30 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 48 | 53 | 48 | 29 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 60 | 66 | 60 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 3.3 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 | 1.41 |  | 1.42 | 1.57 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.10 8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GM55, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDHk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 1.93 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4200 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3400 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.037 | 0.014 | 0.008 | 0.021 | 0.019 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgEDTk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B23. } \\ & \text { eDgEDWk00-1 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.018 | 0.007 |  | 0.006 | 0.004 |

### 4.4.7.11 8D1B23.eD - 2,000 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHELk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14.2 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 11.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.78 |  | 0.79 | 1 | 1.02 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.049 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.019 | 0.017 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eDgHENk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eDgHEQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eDgHETk00-1 | 8D1B23. eDgHEWk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.047 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 219 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 4.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.118 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 5.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 3.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.22 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 13.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.76 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.93 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 12 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 5.1 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.02 | 1.03 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 1.09 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.12 8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM40, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.57 |  | 0.58 | 0.75 | 0.76 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.019 | 0.007 | 0.004 | 0.016 | 0.015 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDMk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgBDTk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B23. } \\ & \text { eHgBDWk00-1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{tel}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm²] | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at 100\% $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.6 | 2.5 |  | 2.3 | 2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.77 |  | 0.78 |  | 0.96 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.005 |  |  | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.13 8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM45, gearbox size 067) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eHgCFFk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFHk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eHgCFJk00-1 | 8D1B23. eHgCFLk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\max }[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia J [kgcm ${ }^{2}$ ] | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{K N}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\text {Br }}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{\text {2v }}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.8 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.78 |  | 0.79 | 0.96 | 0.97 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.024 | 0.008 | 0.005 | 0.016 | 0.015 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFMk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFNk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgCFTk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eHgCFWk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.98 |  | 0.99 |  | 1.16 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.014 | 0.006 | 0.005 |  | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.14 8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM50, gearbox size 070) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.69 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 33 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 26 | 24 |  | 53 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 66 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.1 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.39 | 1.4 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.035 | 0.013 | 0.008 | 0.018 | 0.016 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGNk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGTk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgDGWk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 30 | 33 | 30 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 48 | 53 | 48 | 29 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 60 | 66 | 60 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 3.3 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1350 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 | 1.41 |  | 1.42 | 1.57 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

### 4.4.7.15 8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GM55, gearbox size 060) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDFk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDJk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDLk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.93 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4200 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3400 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.037 | 0.014 | 0.008 | 0.021 | 0.019 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDMk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDNk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDQk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgEDTk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1B23. } \\ & \text { eHgEDWk00-1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $M_{\text {KN }}$ [ Nm ] | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}$ [ Nm ] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\text {Br }}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4400 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.018 | 0.007 |  | 0.006 | 0.004 |

### 4.4.7.16 8D1B23.eH - 4,100 rpm (8GG40, gearbox size 064) - Technical data

Gear ratio 005 to 020

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgHEDk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eHgHEFk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgHEHk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. eHgHEJk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgHELk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\left.\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}\right]$ | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {el }}$ [ms] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. permissible output torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ [ Nm ] | 1.8 | 2.7 | 3.37 | 5.06 | 6.74 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 6.7 | 10.72 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 26.8 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 16 | 15 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 25 | 24 |  | 70 |  |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Emergency switch-off torque } T_{2 s t o p ~} \\ {[\mathrm{Nm}]}\end{array}$ <br> Nax a | 32 | 30 |  | 88 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14.2 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 11.7 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.78 |  | 0.79 | 1 | 1.02 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.049 | 0.018 | 0.011 | 0.019 | 0.017 |

## Technical data

Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | 8D1B23. <br> eHgHEMk00-1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgHENk00-1 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1B23. } \\ \text { eHgHEQk00-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 8D1B23. <br> eHgHETk00-1 | 8D1B23. eHgHEWk00-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4100 |  |  |  |  |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.792 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.88 |  |  |  |  |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.56 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{Imax}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}$ [rpm] | 6600 |  |  |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 6.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{2 \text { ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.24 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ ms ] | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {therm }}$ [min] | 38 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.41 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.62 |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Max. permissible output torque } \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{KN}}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 8.43 | 10.78 | 13.48 | 21.57 | 33.7 |
| Max. permissible peak torque $M_{k \max }$ [ Nm ] | 33.5 | 42.88 | 53.6 | 85.76 | 134 |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 70 | 64 | 30 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 80 | 88 | 80 | 36 | 30 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 12 | 11.4 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 5.1 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}$ [dB(A)] | 58 |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\mathrm{\eta}$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.02 | 1.03 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 1.09 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.015 | 0.006 |  | 0.005 | 0.003 |

### 4.4.8 8D1C2 - Technical data

ACOPOSmotor Compact 8D1C modules consist of an 8D1A module with flange-mounted gearbox. Due to the variety of combinations, the technical data for the motor and gearbox is listed separately.

## Motor data (without gearbox)



| Product ID | 8D1C22 | 8D1C23 | 8D1C23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |
| UL | cURus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |
| Motor |  |  |  |
| Nominal speed $\mathrm{n}_{\mathrm{N}}$ [rpm] | 4500 | 2000 | 4100 |
| Number of pole pairs | 5 |  |  |
| Nominal torque $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{n}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.536 | 1.047 | 0.792 |
| Nominal power $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{W}]$ | 253 | 219 | 340 |
| Nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 5.36 | 4.76 | 7.2 |
| Stall torque $\mathrm{M}_{0}$ [ Nm ] | 0.659 | 1.118 | 0.88 |
| Stall current $\mathrm{I}_{0}[\mathrm{~A}]$ | 6.59 | 5.08 | 8 |
| Maximum torque $\mathrm{M}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 1.34 | 3.01 | 1.56 |
| Maximum current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{A}]$ | 15.7 |  |  |
| Maximum speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 6600 |  |  |
| Torque constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{T}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{A}$ ] | 0.1 | 0.22 | 0.11 |
| Voltage constant $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{E}}$ [V/1000 rpm] | 5.97 | 13.41 | 6.6 |
| Stator resistance $\mathrm{R}_{\text {2ph }}[\Omega]$ | 0.4 | 0.76 | 0.2 |
| Stator inductance $\mathrm{L}_{2 \mathrm{ph}}[\mathrm{mH}]$ | 0.37 | 0.93 | 0.24 |
| Electrical time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{el}}$ [ms] | 0.93 | 1.2 |  |
| Thermal time constant $\mathrm{t}_{\text {trerm }}$ [min] | 35 | 38 |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 | 0.41 |  |
| Weight without brake m [kg] | 1.26 | 1.62 |  |
| Holding brake |  |  |  |
| Holding torque of brake $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{Br}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 2.2 |  |  |
| Mass of brake [kg] | 0.28 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia of brake $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{Br}}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.12 |  |  |

Table 126: 8D1C22, 8D1C23, 8D1C23 - Technical data
Flange-mounted 8GP - Gearbox data


| Gearbox | Technical data |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8GP40, gearbox size 060 | see "8GP40, gearbox size 060 - Technical data" on page 193 |
| 8GP40, gearbox size 080 | see "8GP40, gearbox size 080 - Technical data" on page 194 |
| 8GP45, gearbox size 067 | see "8GP45, gearbox size 067 - Technical data" on page 197 |
| 8GP45, gearbox size 089 | see "8GP45, gearbox size 089 - Technical data" on page 198 |
| 8GP50, gearbox size 070 | see "8GP50, gearbox size 070 - Technical data" on page 201 |
| 8GP50, gearbox size 090 | see "8GP50, gearbox size 090 - Technical data" on page 202 |
| 8GP55, gearbox size 060 | see "8GP55, gearbox size 060 - Technical data" on page 205 |
| 8GP55, gearbox size 080 | see "8GP55, gearbox size 080 - Technical data" on page 206 |
| 8GP60, gearbox size 070 | see "8GP60, gearbox size 070 - Technical data" on page 209 |
| 8GP70, gearbox size 070 | see "8GP70, gearbox size 070 - Technical data" on page 212 |

Flange-mounted 8GF - Gearbox data


| Gearbox | Technical data |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8GF40, gearbox size 064 | see "8GF40, gearbox size 064 - Technical data" on page 215 |
| 8GF60, gearbox size 064 | see "8GF60, gearbox size 064 - Technical data" on page 216 |
| 8GF70, gearbox size 064 | see "8GF70, gearbox size 064 - Technical data" on page 219 |

Flange-mounted 8GA - Gearbox data


| Gearbox | Technical data |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8GA40, gearbox size 060 | see "8GA40, gearbox size 060 - Technical data" on page 221 |
| 8GA40, gearbox size 080 | see "8GA40, gearbox size 080 - Technical data" on page 224 |
| 8GA45, gearbox size 067 | see "8GA45, gearbox size 067 - Technical data" on page 227 |
| 8GA45, gearbox size 089 | see "8GA45, gearbox size 089 - Technical data" on page 230 |
| 8GA50, gearbox size 070 | see "8GA50, gearbox size 070 - Technical data" on page 233 |
| 8GA50, gearbox size 090 | see "8GA50, gearbox size 090 - Technical data" on page 236 |
| 8GA55, gearbox size 064 | see "8GA55, gearbox size 064 - Technical data" on page 239 |
| 8GA60, gearbox size 070 | see "8GA60, gearbox size 070 - Technical data" on page 242 |

### 4.4.8.1 8GP40, gearbox size 060 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 016

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-060h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP40-060hh004kimm | 8GP40-060hh007kImm | 8GP40-060hh009klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-060h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP40-060hh016klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 28 | 38 | 25 |  | 44 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 61 | 40 |  | 70 |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 88 | 80 |  | 88 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.15 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.3 |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 340 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 0.9 |  |  | 1.1 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.135 | 0.093 | 0.072 | 0.131 | 0.127 | 0.088 |

### 4.4.8.2 8GP40, gearbox size 080 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 010

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h004kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h005klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h007kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h008klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP40-080hh010kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 85 | 115 | 110 | 65 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 136 | 184 | 176 | 104 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.35 |  | 0.25 | 0.2 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 | 3900 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2700 | 2500 | 3000 | 4000 |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.77 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.42 | 0.39 |  |

## Gear ratio 009 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h009klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h015klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP40-080hh016klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP40-080h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 9 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 130 | 120 | 110 |  |  | 110 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 208 | 192 | 176 |  |  | 176 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 260 | 240 | 220 |  |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.25 |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3050 | 3750 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.5 | 0.44 |  |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 032 to 080

| Order number | 8GP40-080hh032kImm | 8GP40-080hh040kImm | 8GP40-080hh064kImm | 8GP40-080hh100kImm | 8GP40-080hh060kImm | 8GP40-080hh080kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 80 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 120 | 110 | 50 | 38 | 110 | 120 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 192 | 176 | 80 | 61 | 176 | 192 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 240 | 220 | 190 | 200 | 220 | 240 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 | 0.15 |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {1N100\% }}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  | 11 |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  |  |  | 6.3 |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  | 90 |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.6 |  |  |  | 3.1 |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.39 |  |  |  | 0.51 | 0.5 |

### 4.4.8.3 8GP45, gearbox size 067 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 016

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP45-067h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP45-067hh004kimm | 8GP45-067hh007klmm | 8GP45-067hh009kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP45-067h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP45-067hh016klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 28 | 38 | 25 | 44 |  |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 61 | 40 | 70 |  |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 88 | 80 | 88 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.15 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4200 | 4300 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.3 |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.1 |  |  | 1.3 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.135 | 0.093 | 0.072 | 0.131 | 0.127 | 0.088 |

### 4.4.8.4 8GP45, gearbox size 089 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 010

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP45-089hh004kImm | 8GP45-089hh005klmm | 8GP45-089hh007kImm | 8GP45-089hh008kImm | 8GP45-089hh010kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 85 | 115 | 110 | 65 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 136 | 184 | 176 | 104 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.55 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3400 | 3450 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2400 | 2350 | 2800 |  | 4000 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.77 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.42 | 0.39 |  |

## Gear ratio 009 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h009klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ \text { h015klmm } \end{gathered}$ | 8GP45-089hh016klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h020klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 9 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 130 | 120 | 110 | 120 |  | 110 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 208 | 192 | 176 | 192 |  | 176 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 260 | 240 | 220 | 240 |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.25 |  | 0.3 | 0.25 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 2950 | 3650 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.71 | 0.5 | 0.44 |  |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP45-089h- } \\ & \text { h032kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP45-089hh040kImm | 8GP45-089hh060kImm | 8GP45-089hh064kImm | 8GP45-089hh080kImm | 8GP45-089hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 60 | 64 | 80 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 120 | 110 |  | 50 | 120 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 192 | 176 |  | 80 | 192 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 240 | 220 |  | 190 | 240 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.15 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {1N100\% }}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  | 11 | 9 | 11 | 9 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  | 90 | 94 | 90 | 94 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.7 |  | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.7 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.39 |  | 0.51 | 0.39 | 0.5 | 0.39 |

### 4.4.8.5 8GP50, gearbox size 070 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 016

| Order number | 8GP50-070hh003klmm | 8GP50-070hh004kImm | 8GP50-070hh007klmm | 8GP50-070hh009klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-070h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP50-070hh016klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  | - | 2 |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 28 | 33 | 25.0 | 33 |  |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 45 | 53 | 40.0 | 53 |  |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 88 | 80 | 88 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.4 | 0.25 | 0.15 |  |  | 0.1 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3650 | 4100 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.3 |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  | - | Any |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  | - | IP54 |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.5 |  | 1.50 | 1.8 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.157 | 0.106 | 0.078 | 0.133 | 0.128 | 0.089 |

### 4.4.8.6 8GP50, gearbox size 090 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 010

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP50-090hh004kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h005klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h007klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h008klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP50-090hh010kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 85 | 90 | 82 | 65 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 136 | 144 | 131 | 104 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.75 | 0.55 | 0.45 | 0.3 |  | 0.25 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3250 | 3750 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2300 | 2650 | 3200 | 4000 |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  | 0 | 7000 |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 7 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.82 | 0.57 | 0.48 | 0.45 | 0.4 |  |

## Gear ratio 009 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h009klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP50-090h- h015klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h016klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP50-090h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 9 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 97 | 90 | 82 |  |  | 82 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 155 | 144 | 131 |  |  | 131 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 260 | 240 | 220 |  |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 |  | 0.25 |  |  | 0.2 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3450 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.5 | 0.44 |  |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GP50-090hh032kImm | 8GP50-090hh040kImm | 8GP50-090hh064kImm | 8GP50-090hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 90 | 82 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 144 | 131 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 240 | 220 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  | 0.15 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $J_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6.5 |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1500 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 60 |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.7 |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.39 |  |  |  |

### 4.4.8.7 8GP55, gearbox size 060 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 016

| Order number | 8GP55-060hh003klmm | 8GP55-060hh004kImm | 8GP55-060hh007klmm | 8GP55-060hh009kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-060h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP55-060hh016klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 28 | 38 | 25 | 44 |  |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 61 | 40 | 70 |  |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 88 | 80 | 88 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.5 | 0.35 | 0.2 |  | 0.15 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2950 | 3500 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 2500 | 2900 | 4500 | 4200 | 4500 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.3 |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 |  |  | 1.6 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.15 | 0.102 | 0.075 | 0.133 | 0.128 | 0.089 |

### 4.4.8.8 8GP55, gearbox size 080 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 010

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h004klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h005klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h007klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h008klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP55-080hh010kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 85 | 115 | 110 | 65 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 136 | 184 | 176 | 104 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.55 | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.3 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2450 | 2700 | 3250 |  | 4000 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 1900 | 2000 | 2400 |  | 4000 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 5500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 5700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 6400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.803 | 0.538 | 0.462 | 0.428 | 0.395 | 0.393 |

## Gear ratio 009 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h009klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP55-080h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP55-080hh015kImm | 8GP55-080hh016klmm | 8GP55-080hh020klmm | 8GP55-080hh025kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | ( 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 9 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 130 | 120 | 110 | 120 |  | 110 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 208 | 192 | 176 | 192 |  | 176 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 260 | 240 | 220 | 240 |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.3 | 0.35 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 2850 | 3550 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 4800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 5500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 5700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 6400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.744 | 0.722 | 0.71 | 0.5 | 0.44 |  |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GP55-080hh032kImm | 8GP55-080hh040kImm | 8GP55-080hh064kImm | 8GP55-080hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 120 | 110 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 192 | 176 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 240 | 220 | 190 | 200 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  | 0.15 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 9 |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4800 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 5500 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 5700 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 6400 |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 60 |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | 90 |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3.4 |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.39 |  |  |  |

### 4.4.8.9 8GP60, gearbox size 070 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 010

| Order number | 8GP60-070hh003klmm | 8GP60-070hh004kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP60-070h- } \\ & \text { h005klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP60-070hh007klmm | 8GP60-070h h008klmm | 8GP60-070hh010kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 60 | 65 | 45 | 40 | 27 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 72 | 96 | 104 | 72 | 64 | 43 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 90 | 120 | 130 | 80 | 90 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.3 | 0.25 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2050 | 2300 | 2650 | 3450 | 3800 | 4400 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 1700 | 1900 | 2100 | 2950 | 3300 | 4000 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 98 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.4 | 0.32 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.25 |  |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 012 to 032

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP60-070h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP60-070hh015kimm | 8GP60-070hh016kImm | 8GP60-070hh020klmm | 8GP60-070hh025kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP60-070h- } \\ & \text { h032klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 32 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 68 |  | 77 |  | 65 | 77 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 109 |  | 123 |  | 104 | 123 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 135 |  | 150 |  |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.35 | 0.3 |  | 0.25 |  | 0.2 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3550 | 4000 | 3800 | 4300 | 4500 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 2900 | 3300 | 3150 | 3600 | 4100 | 4500 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.4 | 0.38 | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.3 | 0.32 |

Gear ratio 040 to 100

| Order number | 8GP60-070hh040klmm | 8GP60-070hh064kImm | 8GP60-070hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 65 | 40 | 27 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 104 | 64 | 43 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 150 | 80 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $n_{1 \mathrm{~N}_{100 \%}}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 7 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3900 |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{PA}}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | -25 |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ ] | 90 |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.4 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.25 |

### 4.4.8.10 8GP70, gearbox size 070 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 012

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP70-070h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP70-070hh004kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GP70-070h- } \\ & \text { h005klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP70-070hh007klmm | 8GP70-070hh010kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP70-070h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 12 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 29 | 39 | 40 | 37 | 28 | 29 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 46 | 62 | 64 | 59 | 45 | 46 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 90 | 120 | 130 | 80 | 90 | 135 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.65 | 0.45 | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.2 | 0.45 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3000 | 3700 | 4400 |  | 4500 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2850 | 3400 | 4050 |  | 4500 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 3 |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 98 |  |  |  |  | 95 |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.9 |  |  |  |  | 2.7 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.273 | 0.191 | 0.163 | 0.137 | 0.125 | 0.18 |

## Gear ratio 015 to 040

| Order number | 8GP70-070hh015kImm | 8GP70-070hh016kImm | 8GP70-070hh020kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP70-070h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GP70-070h- } \\ & \text { h035klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GP70-070hh040kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 35 | 40 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 29 | 39 |  | 40 |  | 39 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 46 | 62 |  | 64 |  | 62 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 135 | 150 |  |  |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 |  | 0.2 | 0.15 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.156 | 0.175 | 0.152 | 0.151 | 0.131 | 0.123 |

## Gear ratio 050 to 100

| Order number | 8GP70-070hh050kImm | 8GP70-070hh070kImm | 8GP70-070hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 50 | 70 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 37 | 28 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 64 | 59 | 45 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 150 | 80 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.15 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 5 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $n_{1 \mathrm{~N}_{100 \%}}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 5 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3900 |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4400 |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 57 |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | -25 |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ ] | 90 |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.7 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.122 |  |  |

### 4.4.8.11 8GF40, gearbox size 064 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 016

| Order number | 8GF40-064hh003klmm | 8GF40-064hh004kImm | 8GF40-064hh007kImm | 8GF40-064hh009klmm | 8GF40-064hh012kImm | 8GF40-064hh016kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  | - | 2 |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 12 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 28 | 38 | 25.0 | 44 |  |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 61 | 40.0 | 70 |  |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 88 | 80 | 88 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.15 |  |  | 0.1 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3950 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3200 | 3450 | 4500 | 4400 | 4500 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 10 |  |  | 12 |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 18 |  | 18.0 | 12 |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  | 94 |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  | - | Any |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  | - | IP54 |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.1 |  | 1.10 | 1.5 |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.183 | 0.123 | 0.084 | 0.145 | 0.134 | 0.101 |

### 4.4.8.12 8GF60, gearbox size 064 - Technical data

Gear ratio 004 to 016

| Order number | 8GF60-064hh004kImm | 8GF60-064hh005kImm | 8GF60-064hh007klmm | 8GF60-064hh008klmm | 8GF60-064hh010kImm | 8GF60-064hh016klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  | - | 1 |  | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 16 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 60 | 65 | 45.0 | 40 | 27 | 77 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 96 | 104 | 72.0 | 64 | 43 | 123 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 120 | 130 | 90 |  |  | 150 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.7 | 0.55 | 0.40 | 0.35 | 0.3 | 0.35 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2100 | 2450 | 3200 | 3550 | 4100 | 3700 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 1750 | 2000 | 2800 | 3100 | 3800 | 3050 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  | 5 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 16 |  | 16.0 | 16 |  | 14 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 117 |  | 117.0 | 117 |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 148 |  | 148.0 | 148 |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 98 |  |  |  |  | 95 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  | - | Any |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  | - | IP 65 |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.5 |  | 1.50 | 1.5 |  | 2.2 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.240 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.32 |

## Gear ratio 020 to 064

| Order number | 8GF60-064hh020klmm | 8GF60-064hh025kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GF60-064h- } \\ & \text { h032kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GF60-064hh040kImm | 8GF60-064hh050kImm | 8GF60-064hh064kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 64 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 77 | 65 | 77 | 65 |  | 40 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 123 | 104 | 123 | 104 |  | 64 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 150 |  |  |  |  | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.25 |  | 0.2 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4200 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3500 | 4000 | 4400 |  | 4500 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 117 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 148 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 2100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.3 | 0.27 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.23 |

Gear ratio 100

| Order number | 8GF60-064hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: |
| \| $\mathrm{Searbox}^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 27 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 43 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2stop }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 117 |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 148 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 2100 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2400 |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3800 |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 4300 |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 65 |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | -25 |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ | 90 |
| Mounting orientation | Any |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.2 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.22 |

### 4.4.8.13 8GF70, gearbox size 064 - Technical data

Gear ratio 004 to 020

| Order number | 8GF70-064hh004kImm | 8GF70-064hh005kImm | 8GF70-064hh007klmm | 8GF70-064hh010kImm | 8GF70-064hh016kImm | 8GF70-064hh020klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 4 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 39 | 40 | 37 | 28 | 39 |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 62 | 64 | 59 | 45 | 62 |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 120 | 130 | 80 | 90 | 150 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.65 | 0.5 | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.45 | 0.3 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3200 | 3800 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 3000 | 3600 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 3 |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 16 |  |  |  | 14 |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 117 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 148 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 98 |  |  |  | 95 |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.5 |  |  |  | 2.2 |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.192 | 0.163 | 0.138 | 0.125 | 0.175 | 0.152 |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 025 to 100

| Order number | 8GF70-064hh025kImm | 8GF70-064hh035kImm | 8GF70-064hh040kImm | 8GF70-064hh050kImm | 8GF70-064hh070kImm | 8GF70-064hh100klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 25 | 35 | 40 | 50 | 70 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 |  | 39 | 40 | 37 | 28 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 64 |  | 62 | 64 | 59 | 45 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 150 |  |  |  | 80 | 90 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.15 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {1N100\% }}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 14000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 117 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 148 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.151 | 0.131 | 0.123 | 0.122 |  |  |

### 4.4.8.14 8GA40, gearbox size 060 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-060h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA40-060hh004kImm | 8GA40-060hh005kImm | 8GA40-060hh007klmm | 8GA40-060hh008kImm | 8GA40-060hh009klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 1 |  | - | 1 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 14 | 19 | 24 | 25.0 | 18 | 44 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 22 | 30 | 38 | 40.0 | 29 | 70 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 86 |  | 80 |  | 88 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.25 |  | 0.2 | 0.20 | 0.2 | 0.25 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3900 | 3950 | 4000 |  |  | 3550 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 |  |  |  |  | 2.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  | - | Any |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  | - | IP54 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.7 |  |  | 1.70 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.246 | 0.204 | 0.189 | 0.183 | 0.176 | 0.242 |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | 8GA40-060hh010kImm | 8GA40-060hh012kImm | 8GA40-060hh015kImm | 8GA40-060hh016kImm | 8GA40-060hh020kImm | 8GA40-060hh025kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 15 | 44 |  |  |  | 40 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 24 | 70 |  |  |  | 64 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 | 0.25 | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{\text {1N100\% }}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 | 4150 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.7 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.175 | 0.238 | 0.188 | 0.199 | 0.186 |  |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GA40-060hh032kImm | 8GA40-060hh040kImm | 8GA40-060hh060kImm | 8GA40-060hh064kImm | 8GA40-060hh080kImm | 8GA40-060hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 60 | 64 | 80 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 44 | 40 | 44 | 18 | 44 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 64 | 70 | 29 | 70 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 88 | 80 | 88 | 80 | 88 | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 18 |  | 21 | 18 | 21 | 18 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 340 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  | 88 | 92 | 88 | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.9 |  | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.175 |  | 0.187 | 0.175 | 0.186 | 0.175 |

### 4.4.8.15 8GA40, gearbox size 080 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | 8GA40-080hh003klmm | 8GA40-080hh004kImm | 8GA40-080hh005klmm | 8GA40-080hh007kImm | 8GA40-080hh008klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h009klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 1 |  | - | 1 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 53 | 67 | 65.0 | 50 | 130 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 85 | 107 | 104.0 | 80 | 208 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 260 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.6 |  | 0.55 | 0.50 | 0.5 | 0.55 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3500 | 3550 | 3600 | 4000 |  | 3250 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2500 | 2450 |  | 3100 | 3800 | 2100 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 |  |  |  |  | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  | - | Any |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  | - | IP54 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 4.4 |  |  | 4.40 | 4.4 | 5 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 1.189 | 0.939 | 0.869 | 0.839 | 0.809 | 1.159 |

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h010kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA40-080hh015kImm | 8GA40-080hh016kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 38 | 120 | 110 | 120 |  | 110 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 61 | 192 | 176 | 192 |  | 176 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 170 | 240 | 220 | 240 |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.5 | 0.55 | 0.5 | 0.55 | 0.5 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 | 3850 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 | 2650 | 3150 | 3100 | 3550 | 4000 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 4.4 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.809 | 1.139 | 1.129 | 0.919 | 0.859 |  |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h032kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA40-080hh040kImm | 8GA40-080hh064kimm | 8GA40-080hh060kImm | 8GA40-080h- h080klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA40-080h- } \\ & \text { h100kImm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  | 3 |  | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 60 | 80 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 120 | 110 | 50 | 110 | 120 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 192 | 176 | 80 | 176 | 192 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 240 | 220 | 190 | 220 | 240 | 170 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.45 |  |  | 0.5 |  | 0.45 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 15 |  |  | 17 |  | 15 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  |  | 6.3 |  | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 650 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 750 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{PA}}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  |  | 88 |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 5 |  |  | 5.5 |  | 5 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.809 |  |  | 0.929 | 0.919 | 0.809 |

### 4.4.8.16 8GA45, gearbox size 067 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | 8GA45-067hh003kImm | 8GA45-067hh004kImm | 8GA45-067hh005kImm | 8GA45-067hh007klmm | 8GA45-067h- h008klmm | 8GA45-067hh009klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 14 | 19 | 24 | 25 | 18 | 44 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 22 | 30 | 38 | 40 | 29 | 70 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 86 | 80 |  |  | 88 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.25 |  |  | 0.2 | 0.25 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3700 | 3800 | 3850 | 4500 |  | 3500 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 |  |  |  |  | 2.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.9 |  |  |  |  | 2.1 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.246 | 0.204 | 0.189 | 0.183 | 0.176 | 0.242 |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-067h- } \\ & \text { h010kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-067h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA45-067hh015kImm | 8GA45-067hh016klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-067h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-067h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 15 | 44 |  |  |  | 40 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 24 | 70 |  |  |  | 64 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 | 0.25 | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 | 4100 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.9 | 2.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.175 | 0.238 | 0.188 | 0.199 | 0.186 |  |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GA45-067h- h032kImm | 8GA45-067hh040kImm | 8GA45-067h h060kImm | 8GA45-067hh064kImm | 8GA45-067hh080kImm | 8GA45-067hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 60 | 64 | 80 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 44 | 40 | 44 | 18 | 44 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 64 | 70 | 29 | 70 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 88 | 80 | 88 | 80 | 88 | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 18 |  | 21 | 18 | 21 | 18 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 800 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  | 88 | 92 | 88 | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.1 |  | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.175 |  | 0.187 | 0.175 | 0.186 | 0.175 |

### 4.4.8.17 8GA45, gearbox size 089 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | 8GA45-089hh003kImm | 8GA45-089hh004kimm | 8GA45-089hh005kImm | 8GA45-089hh007kImm | 8GA45-089hh008kImm | 8GA45-089hh009klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 1 |  | - | 1 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 53 | 67 | 65.0 | 50 | 130 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 85 | 107 | 104.0 | 80 | 208 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 260 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.85 | 0.75 | 0.65 |  |  | 0.6 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3100 | 3250 | 3350 |  |  | 3150 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 2300 |  | 2350 | 3000 | 3650 | 2050 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 |  |  |  |  | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  | - | Any |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  | - | IP54 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 5.5 |  |  | 5.50 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 1.189 | 0.939 | 0.869 | 0.839 | 0.809 | 1.159 |

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | 8GA45-089hh010kImm | 8GA45-089hh012kimm | 8GA45-089hh015klmm | 8GA45-089hh016klmm | 8GA45-089hh020kImm | 8GA45-089h h025klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~L}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 38 | 120 | 110 | 120 |  | 110 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 61 | 192 | 176 | 192 |  | 176 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{\text {2stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 170 | 240 | 220 | 240 |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.5 | 0.55 |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 | 3750 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 | 2600 | 3100 | 3050 | 3500 | 4000 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 4.5 | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 5.5 | 6.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.809 | 1.139 | 1.129 | 0.919 | 0.859 |  |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-089h- } \\ & \text { h032kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA45-089hh040kImm | 8GA45-089h- h060kImm | 8GA45-089hh064kImm | 8GA45-089h- h080klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA45-089h- } \\ & \text { h100klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 60 | 64 | 80 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 120 | 110 |  | 50 | 120 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 192 | 176 |  | 80 | 192 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 240 | 220 |  | 190 | 240 | 170 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.45 |  | 0.5 | 0.45 | 0.5 | 0.45 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 15 |  | 17 | 15 | 17 | 15 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{PA}}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  | 88 | 92 | 88 | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 6.1 |  | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.809 |  | 0.929 | 0.809 | 0.919 | 0.809 |

### 4.4.8.18 8GA50, gearbox size 070 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h004kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA50-070hh005kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h007klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA50-070hh008kImm | 8GA50-070h- h009klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  | - | 1 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 14 | 19 | 24 | 25.0 | 18 | 33 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 22 | 30 | 38 | 40.0 | 29 | 53 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 86 | 80 |  |  | 88 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.25 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4200 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3300 | 3500 | 3600 | 4300 | 4500 | 4000 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 |  |  |  |  | 2.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] |  | 0 |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  | - | Any |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  | - | IP54 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.3 |  |  | 2.30 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.157 | 0.106 | 0.086 | 0.077 | 0.068 | 0.133 |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h010klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA50-070hh012kImm | 8GA50-070hh015kImm | 8GA50-070hh016kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-070h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 15 | 33 |  |  |  | 30 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 24 | 53 |  |  |  | 48 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.25 |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 1.5 | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.3 | 2.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $J_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.066 | 0.128 | 0.078 | 0.089 | 0.076 | 0.075 |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GA50-070hh032kImm | 8GA50-070hh040kImm | 8GA50-070hh064kImm | 8GA50-070hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 33 | 30 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 53 | 48 | 29 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 88 | 80 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 18 |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $J_{t}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 2.5 |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 900 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1050 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1000 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1350 |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 70 |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max. operating temperature } \mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }} \\ & {\left[\left[^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]\right.} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 90 |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.6 |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.064 |  |  |  |

### 4.4.8.19 8GA50, gearbox size 090 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | 8GA50-090hh003klmm | 8GA50-090hh004kImm | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ \text { h005kImm } \end{gathered}$ | 8GA50-090hh007kImm | 8GA50-090h h008klmm | 8GA50-090hh009klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  | 1 |  | - | 1 | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 40 | 53 | 67 | 65.0 | 50 | 97 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 64 | 85 | 107 | 104.0 | 80 | 155 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 180 | 240 | 220 | 178 | 190 | 260 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 1.05 | 0.85 | 0.75 | 0.60 | 0.6 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3000 | 3150 | 3250 | 3950 | 4000 | 3500 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 2200 | 2250 | 2300 | 2900 | 3550 | 2450 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 4.5 |  |  |  |  | 6.5 |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0 |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | $94-25$ |  |  |  |  | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  | - | Any |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  | - | IP54 |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 5.3 |  |  | 5.30 | 5.3 | 6.1 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.82 | 0.57 | 0.48 | 0.440 | 0.4 | 0.75 |

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | 8GA50-090hh010kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ & \text { h012klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ & \text { h015klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ & \text { h016kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ & \text { h020kImm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA50-090h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 38 | 90 | 82 | 90 |  | 82 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 61 | 144 | 131 | 144 |  | 131 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $T_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 170 | 240 | 220 | 240 |  | 220 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.55 |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 | 3000 | 3500 | 3450 | 3900 | 4000 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 7000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 13 | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 4.5 | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 94 | 92 |  |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 5.3 | 6.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.4 | 0.73 | 0.71 | 0.5 | 0.44 |  |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GA50-090hh032kImm | 8GA50-090hh040kImm | 8GA50-090hh064kImm | 8GA50-090hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 90 | 82 | 50 | 38 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}$ [ Nm ] | 144 | 131 | 80 | 61 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 240 | 220 | 190 | 170 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.5 | 0.45 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4000 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 7000 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 15 |  |  |  |
| Reduced backlash $J_{t}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t} 21}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 6.5 |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} /$ arcmin] | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 1700 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1900 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1500 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 2000 |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 73 |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 92 |  |  |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Max. operating temperature } \mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }} \\ & {\left[\left[^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]\right.} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 90 |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 6.1 |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.39 |  |  |  |

### 4.4.8.20 8GA55, gearbox size 064 - Technical data

Gear ratio 003 to 009

| Order number | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ & \text { h003klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA55-064hh004kImm | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ \text { h005kImm } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ & \text { h007klmm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA55-064hh008kImm | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ \text { h009klmm } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |
| Gear ratio i | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 14 | 19 | 24 | 25 | 18 | 44 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 22 | 30 | 38 | 40 | 29 | 70 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 66 | 86 |  | 80 |  | 88 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.3 | 0.25 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.15 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4000 | 4400 |  | 4500 |  | 4300 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 3300 | 3500 | 3700 | 4400 | 4500 | 3200 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 11.6 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 11.6 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 550 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $20,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 93 |  |  | 92 | 91 | 92 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 |  |  |  |  | 2.3 |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.439 | 0.294 | 0.265 | 0.24 | 0.235 | 0.359 |

## Technical data

## Gear ratio 010 to 025

| Order number | 8GA55-064hh010kImm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ & \text { h012kImm } \end{aligned}$ | 8GA55-064hh015kImm | 8GA55-064hh016klmm | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ & \text { h020klmm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8GA55-064h- } \\ & \text { h025klmm } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 10 | 12 | 15 | 16 | 20 | 25 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 15 | 44 |  |  |  | 40 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ [ Nm ] | 24 | 70 |  |  |  | 64 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{\text {2top }}$ [ Nm ] | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 80 |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.35 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 | 3700 | 4300 | 4400 | 4500 |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 16 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 8.9 | 11.6 | 11.9 |  |  | 11.3 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})$ ] | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 90 | 92 | 91 |  | 90 | 89 |
| Min. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 1.4 | 2.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.228 | 0.352 | 0.235 | 0.244 | 0.233 | 0.232 |

## Gear ratio 032 to 100

| Order number | 8GA55-064hh032kImm | 8GA55-064hh040kImm | 8GA55-064hh064kImm | 8GA55-064hh100kImm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 2 |  |  |  |
| Gear ratio i | 32 | 40 | 64 | 100 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 44 | 40 | 18 | 15 |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 70 | 64 | 29 | 24 |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 88 | 80 |  |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 0.1 | 0.35 |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S1 | 4500 |  |  |  |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 13000 |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 18 |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 10.5 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 9.1 |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 500 |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 550 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 1200 |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 1200 |  |  |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 70 |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 89 | 87 | 75 | 64 |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP54 |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 2.3 |  |  |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.223 |  | 0.222 | 0.22 |

### 4.4.8.21 8GA60, gearbox size 070 - Technical data

Gear ratio 004 to 020

| Order number | 8GA60-070hh004kImm | 8GA60-070hh005klmm | 8GA60-070hh008klmm | 8GA60-070hh010kImm | 8GA60-070hh016kImm | 8GA60-070hh020klmm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gearbox |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of gear stages | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Gear ratio i | 4 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 20 |
| Nominal output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 45 | 42 | 27 | 22 |  |  |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { max }}[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 72 | 67 | 43 | 35 |  |  |
| Emergency switch-off torque $\mathrm{T}_{2 \text { stop }}$ [ Nm ] | 100 |  | 75 |  | 150 |  |
| Idle torque [ Nm ] at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 3000 rpm | 1.5 | 1.35 | 1.25 | 1.2 | 1 | 0.9 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 50 \%}$ [rpm] at $50 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 1800 | 2000 | 2350 | 2500 | 1850 | 2000 |
| Max. average drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \mathrm{~N} 100 \%}$ [rpm] at $100 \% \mathrm{~T}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$ and S 1 | 1450 | 1650 | 2100 | 2300 | 1550 | 1700 |
| Max. drive speed $\mathrm{n}_{1 \text { max }}$ [rpm] | 16000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] | 5 |  |  |  | 7 |  |
| Reduced backlash $\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{t}}$ [arcmin] less than | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{121}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 2.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilting rigidity $\mathrm{C}_{2 \mathrm{~K}}$ [ $\mathrm{Nm} / \mathrm{arcmin}$ ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. breakdown torque $\mathrm{M}_{2 \mathrm{Kmax}}$ [ Nm ] | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for $30,000 \mathrm{~h}$ | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. radial force $\mathrm{Fr}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 3200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\max }[\mathrm{N}]$ for 30,000 h | 3700 |  |  |  | 3900 |  |
| Max. axial force $\mathrm{Fa}_{\text {max }}[\mathrm{N}]$ for 20,000 h | 4300 |  |  |  | 4400 |  |
| Operating noise $\mathrm{L}_{\text {PA }}[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{A})]$ | 66 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency at full load $\eta$ [\%] | 96 |  |  |  | 94 |  |
| Min. operating temperature $B_{\text {Tempmin }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | -25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. operating temperature $\mathrm{B}_{\text {Tempmax }}$ [ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ] | 90 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting orientation | Any |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight m [kg] | 3 |  |  |  | 3.9 |  |
| Moment of inertia $\mathrm{J}_{1}\left[\mathrm{kgcm}^{2}\right]$ | 0.654 | 0.6 | 0.532 | 0.516 | 0.639 | 0.591 |

## Gear ratio 025 to 100



### 4.4.9 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

### 4.4.9.1 Overview

| Motor construction type | Order code | Gearbox | Dimension diagrams ${ }^{1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1A2x | 8D1A2x.xxx00 | Without gearbox | see "8D1A2x" on page 245 |
| 8D1B2x | 8D1B2x.xxxBD | 8GM40 (gearbox size 060) | see "8D1B2x.xxxBD - 8GM40 gearbox (gearbox size 060)" on page 246 |
|  | 8D1B2x.xxxCF | 8GM45 (gearbox size 067) | see "8D1B2x.xxxCF - 8GM45 gearbox (gearbox size 067)" on page 247 |
|  | 8D1B2x.xxxDG | 8GM50 (gearbox size 070) | see "8D1B2x.xxxDG - 8GM50 gearbox (gearbox size 070)" on page 248 |
|  | 8D1B2x.xxxED | 8GM55 (gearbox size 060) | see "8D1B2x.xxxED - 8GM55 gearbox (gearbox size 060)" on page 249 |
|  | 8D1B2x.xxxHE | 8GG40 (gearbox size 064) | see "8D1B2x.xxxHE - 8GG40 gearbox (gearbox size 064)" on page 250 |
| 8D1C2x | 8D1C2x.xxxxx | With gearbox | Dimension diagrams can only be retrieved in the CAD configurator cad.br-automation.com. |

1) Dimension diagrams can also be retrieved in the CAD configurator at cad.br-automation.com
4.4.9.2 8D1A2x


Without electronics option (8D1A2x.A, 8D1A2x.B)

|  | $\mathbf{K}_{0}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1A22 | 126 | 159.5 |
| 8D1A23 | 146.5 | 180 |

With electronics option (8D1A2x.G, 8D1A2x.H)

|  | $\mathbf{K}_{1}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1A22 | 141 | 174.5 |
| 8D1A23 | 161.5 | 195 |

4.4.9.3 8D1B2x.xxxBD - 8GM40 gearbox (gearbox size 060)


Without electronics option (8D1B2x.A, 8D1B2x.B)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM40 2-stage | 173 | 206.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM40 1-stage | 185.5 | 219 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM40 2-stage | 193.5 | 227 |

With electronics option (8D1B2x.G, 8D1B2x.H)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{1}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
|  | 188 | 221.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM40 2-stage | 200.5 | 234 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM40 1-stage | 208.5 | 242 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM40 2-stage | 221 | 254.5 |

4.4.9.4 8D1B2x.xxxCF - 8GM45 gearbox (gearbox size 067)


Without electronics option (8D1B2x.A, 8D1B2x.B)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{0}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM45 1-stage | 181 | 214.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM45 2-stage | 193.5 | 227 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM45 1-stage | 201.5 | 235 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM45 2-stage | 214 | 247.5 |

With electronics option (8D1B2x.G, 8D1B2x.H)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{1}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM45 1-stage | 196 | 229.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM45 2-stage | 208.5 | 242 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM45 1-stage | 216.5 | 250 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM45 2-stage | 229 | 262.5 |

4.4.9.5 8D1B2x.xxxDG - 8GM50 gearbox (gearbox size 070)


Without electronics option (8D1B2x.A, 8D1B2x.B)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{0}}[\mathrm{mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM50 1-stage | 177 | 210.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM50 2-stage | 190 | 223.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM50 1-stage | 197.5 | 231 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM50 2-stage | 210.5 | 244 |

With electronics option (8D1B2x.G, 8D1B2x.H)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{1}}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM50 1-stage | 192 | 225.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM50 2-stage | 205 | 238.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM50 1-stage | 212.5 | 246 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM50 2-stage | 225.5 | 259 |

4.4.9.6 8D1B2x.xxxED - 8GM55 gearbox (gearbox size 060)


Without electronics option (8D1B2x.A, 8D1B2x.B)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{0}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM55 1-stage | 181 | 214.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM55 2-stage | 193.5 | 227 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM55 1-stage | 201.5 | 235 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM55 2-stage | 214 | 247.5 |

With electronics option (8D1B2x.G, 8D1B2x.H)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{1}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM55 1-stage | 196 | 229.5 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GM55 2-stage | 208.5 | 242 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM55 1-stage | 216.5 | 250 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GM55 2-stage | 229 | 262.5 |

4.4.9.7 8D1B2x.xxxHE - 8GG40 gearbox (gearbox size 064)


Without electronics option (8D1B2x.A, 8D1B2x.B)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{0}[\mathrm{~mm}]$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GG40 1-stage | 151.5 | 185 |
| 8D1B22 with 8GG40 2-stage | 164 | 197.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GG40 1-stage | 172 | 205.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GG40 2-stage | 184.5 | 218 |

With electronics option (8D1B2x.G, 8D1B2x.H)

| Gearbox motor | $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{1}}$ [mm] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Without holding brake | With holding brake |
| 8D1B22 with 8GG40 2-stage | 166.5 | 200 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GG40 1-stage | 179 | 212.5 |
| 8D1B23 with 8GG40 2-stage | 187 | 220.5 |

### 4.4.10 Pinouts

## Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

## Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage.
Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

## Information:

ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are only permitted to be wired using the cables provided by B\&R for this purpose.
see "Cables" on page 379

### 4.4.10.1 Hybrid cable - Pinout



ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are equipped with two connections for hybrid cables; as a result, only one cable to the control cabinet is needed. The hybrid cable transmits both the power supply and POWERLINK communication. Additional ACOPOSmotor Compact modules are easily added on via daisy-chain cabling.

(1) Power supply cable (X3A / control cabinet)

| 915 connector 2+3+Bus female | Pin | Function | Color | Pin | RJ45 connector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | DC bus + | Red | --- |  |
|  | 2 | DC bus - | Black | --- |  |
|  | B | Receive signal inverted | --- | 6 |  |
|  | C | Receive signal | --- | 3 |  |
|  | D | Transmit signal | --- | 1 |  |
|  | E | Transmit signal inverted | --- | 2 |  |
|  | F | Enable signal - | Brown | --- |  |
|  | G | Enable signal + | Violet | --- |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

4.4.10.2 Electronics option - Pinout
(20)

X23A, X24A (trigger)

| Figure | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | +24 V | Sensor/actuator power supply 24 VDC ${ }^{1)}$ |
|  | 3 | GND | GND |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | Trigger | Trigger input |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 178: X23A, X24A connector - Pinout

1) An external sensor/actuator power supply is not permitted.

### 4.4.11 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two hexadecimal coded rotary switches located on the back of the module:

| Figure | Coded rotary switches | POWERLINK node number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 16s position (high) |
|  | 2 | 1s position (low) |
|  | A change to the POWERLINK node number only takes effect the next time the drive system is switched on. |  |
|  | Information: |  |
|  | In principle, node numbers between \$01 and \$FD are permitted. However, node numbers between \$F0 and \$FD are intended for future system expansions. To ensure compatibility, these node numbers should be avoided. |  |
| $0$ | Node numbers $\$ 00$, SFE and $\$$ FF are reserved and are therefore not permitted to be set. |  |
|  |  |  |
| 1 2 |  |  |

Table 179: POWERLINK node number setting

## 5 Dimensioning

### 5.1 ACOPOSremote

### 5.1.1 Power supply

Power is supplied to ACOPOSremote 8CVI modules via the X3A connection.

## Caution!

The power supply for ACOPOSremote 8CVI modules is only permitted to be provided via an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module), the DC bus of an ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive or a decentralized 8CVE connection box!

## Warning!

ACOPOSremote drive systems are suitable for networks that can supply a maximum short-circuit current (SCCR) of $65 \mathrm{kA}_{\text {eff }}$ at $480 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }}$ and are protected with class J fuses ${ }^{3}$ ).

## Warning!

ACOPOSremote drive systems provide integral solid state short circuit protection. Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

## Warning!

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

### 5.1.2 Protective ground connection

The following information concerning the protective ground connection corresponds to IEC 61800-5-1; see figure 15: Connection elements for the protective ground conductor - this must be observed.

A protective ground conductor must be connected to the 8 CVI inverter module.


Figure 59: Connection elements for the protective ground conductor

## Line cross section

The line cross section of the protective ground conductor is oriented to the line conductors and must be selected according to the following table:

[^3]Dimensioning

| Line cross section for line conductor $\mathbf{A}\left[\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]$ | Minimum wire cross section for the pro- <br> tective ground connection $A_{\text {PE }}\left[\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]^{1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A} \leq 16$ | $\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=\mathrm{A}$ |
| $16<\mathrm{A} \leq 35$ | $\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=16$ |
| $35<\mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=\mathrm{A} / 2$ |

Table 180: Selecting the cross section of the protective ground conductor

1) Any protective ground conductor that is not part of a cable must have a minimum wire cross section of $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

### 5.1.3 Motor connection

On B\&R motors, the power connections, connections for the holding brake and connections for the motor temperature sensor are all made using the same motor connector.

The motor connection is made via the ACOPOSremote inverter module on the ACOPOSremote drive system. The motor connection must be shielded appropriately.
The following figure illustrates how the motor connection is designed:


Figure 60: ACOPOSremote inverter modules, motor connection - Circuit diagram
The cross section of the motor cable must be dimensioned for the thermal equivalent RMS value of the motor current.
If information about load torques, inertias and friction is available, the thermal equivalent RMS value of the motor current for the motor being used can be calculated as follows:
$I_{q}[A]=\sqrt{\frac{1}{T_{\text {cycle }}[s]} \cdot \sum_{i} I_{i}[A] 2 . t_{i}[s]}$
The cross section of the motor cable is selected for $B \& R$ motor cables according to the following table so that the permissible current-carrying capacity of the selected cable cross section is greater than or equal to the thermal equivalent RMS value of the motor current:
$I_{B} \geq I_{Z}$

## Motor cables - For use in cable drag chains

The following table shows the current-carrying capacity of specially insulated three-phase cables per DIN VDE $0298-4$ at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{4)}$ and maximum cable temperature of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :

| Wire cross section [ $\mathrm{mm}^{\mathbf{2}]}$ | Maximum current load on the wire $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{z}}$ [A] depending on type of installation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Installation in electro- <br> cal installation pipes | Installation on a wall | Installation in the air |
|  | B2 | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| 0.75 | 11.5 | 13 | 13.5 |
| 1.5 | 17.8 | 20 | 20.9 |
| 2.5 | 23.7 | 27.3 | 29.1 |

Table 181: Maximum current load for specially insulated three-phase cables

[^4]| Wire cross section [ $\mathbf{m m}^{\mathbf{2}]}$ | Maximum current load on the wire $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{z}}[\mathbf{A}]$ depending on type of installation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Installation in electri- <br> cal installation pipes | Installation on a wall | Installation in the air |
|  | $\mathbf{B 2}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| 4 | $31.9^{1)}$ | $36.4^{1)}$ | $38.2^{1)}$ |
| 6 | 40 | 47.3 | 49.1 |
| 10 | 54.6 | 64.6 | 68.3 |
| 16 | 72.8 | 87.4 | 91 |
| 25 | 95.6 | 108.3 | 115.6 |
| 35 | 116.5 | 133.8 | 143.8 |
| 50 | 140.1 | 162.9 | 174.7 |

Table 181: Maximum current load for specially insulated three-phase cables

1) Pre-assembled $8 B C M x x x x x x$. $1312 \mathrm{~A}-0$ motor cables from $B \& R$ are only permitted to be loaded with max. 30 A .

## Motor cables - Not for use in cable drag chains

The following table shows the current-carrying capacity of PVC-insulated three-phase cables per DIN VDE 0298-4 at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{5}$ ) and maximum cable temperature of $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ :

| Wire cross section [ $\left.\mathbf{m m}^{2}\right]$ | Maximum current load on the wire $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{Z}}[\mathbf{A}]$ depending on type of installation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Installation in electri- <br> cal installation pipes | Installation on a wall | Installation in the air |
|  | $\mathbf{B 2}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| 0.75 | 8.5 | 9.8 | 10.4 |
| 1.5 | 13.1 | 15.2 | 16.1 |
| 2.5 | 17.4 | 20.9 | 21.8 |
| 4 | 23.5 | 27.9 | 29.6 |
| 6 | 29.6 | 35.7 | 37.4 |
| 10 | 40 | 51.7 | 52.2 |

Table 182: Maximum current load for PVC-insulated three-phase cables

## Information:

Observe the minimum permissible supply voltage of the motor holding brake!
This value is listed in the data sheet for the motor being used.
${ }^{5)}$ Current-carrying capacity is specified in DIN VDE $0298-4$ for an ambient temperature of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The values listed in the "Current-carrying capacity of PVC-insulated three-phase cables or single conductors" table are converted for use at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ using the factor $\mathrm{k}_{\text {Temp }}=0.91$ specified in the standard.
The specified current-carrying capacity does not take into account a reduction factor for groups of cables and single conductors. If necessary, this must be taken from the corresponding standards and included in the calculation.

### 5.1.4 Connecting ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules to the ACOPOSmulti drive system

## Warning!

The DC power supply fuse protection of the ACOPOSremote 8 CVI inverter modules is only permitted to be fused in the 8BVE expansion module using fuses 5020106.50 or 5011806.20 from SIBA.

### 5.1.4.1 Procedure

## Note:

The electrical installation must comply with national regulations and laws.


Figure 61: Procedure for connecting ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system

### 5.1.4.2 Example

The following ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules should be connected to an ACOPOSmulti drive system:

- $2 \times 8 \mathrm{CVIO45E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$
- $2 \times 8 \mathrm{CVI045E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$, with connected motor with motor holding brake
- $1 \times 8 \mathrm{CVI045E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$, with connected motor with motor holding brake and 24 VDC consumer ( 2 x X67DM9321.L12: 24 VDC power consumption, 75 W each)

Holding brakes BRAKE1...3: Minimum permissible connection voltage: $\mathrm{U}_{\text {min }} 22 \mathrm{~V}$, maximum 24 VDC power consumption: 20 W ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}$ )
For cable lengths, see Fig. 62 "8CVI wiring with an ACOPOSmulti drive system":


Figure 62: 8CVI wiring with an ACOPOSmulti drive system

### 5.1.4.2.1 Calculation

Step 1) determine total continuous consumption of all connected 8CVI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ )
The continuous power is 1.5 kW for each 8 CVI module.
$P_{N}=5 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}=7.5 \mathrm{~kW}$
$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the continuous power of all 8CVI modules $\left(P_{N}\right)$ is lower than the upper limit of 11.2 kW or 15 kW (depending on the selected fuse in the 8BVE expansion module). These 8CVI modules can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.
$\Rightarrow$ Select the fuse set for the 8BVE expansion module based on the continuous power of all modules and the selected power supply module (8B0P or 8BVP) according to "Procedure for connecting ACOPOSremote 8 CVI inverter modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system" on page 258. Fuse set 8BXS001.0000-00 must be chosen in this example.

Step 2) Determine the total 24 VDC power consumption of all 8 CVI modules ( $\mathbf{P}_{\text {24voc }}$ )

| ACOPOSremote modules |  | Quantity | Calculation of the 24 VDC power consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CVI2 | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI5 | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI1 | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI3 | 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI4 | 8CVIO45E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake and 24 VDC consumer | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+(2 \times 75 \mathrm{~W})+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =180 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Sum of 24 VDC power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ |  |  | $=260 \mathrm{~W}$ |

$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all 8 CVI modules $\left(\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}\right)$ is less than the upper limit of 500 W. These 8CVI modules can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.

Step 3) Calculation of the 24 VDC internal supply voltage at the 8 BVE expansion module ( $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \text { calc }}$ )
To ensure the functionality of the 8 CVI modules of the drive system, the last 8 CVI module of the drive system must be supplied with at least 18 VDC . For an estimation, voltage of at least 18 V is assumed on the last 8 CVI module for the calculation. By calculating using the known power consumption and cable resistances, it is possible to calculate back to a supply voltage of $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}$. This calculated voltage must then be compared with the minimum permissible voltage (according to the technical data in the respective user's manual):
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}<24.6 \mathrm{~V}(25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%)$... Dimensioning OK
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}>24.6 \mathrm{~V}(25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%)$... Voltage drop in drive system is too high


Figure 63: ACOPOSremote drive
(3) $\mathrm{R}_{\text {Daisychanin }} \ldots 0.007 \Omega$ system - Equivalent circuit diagram
(3) $R_{\text {DaisyChain } \ldots 0.007}$ (1) $R_{\text {BBVE }} \ldots 0.029 \Omega$
(2) $R_{\text {HybridCable1 }} \ldots 0.078 \Omega$
(4) $R_{\text {HybridCable2-5 }} \ldots 0.031 \Omega$
$\Rightarrow$ Result: $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}<24.6 \mathrm{~V}$ (25 V-1.6\%)
These 8BVI modules can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.
Step 4) Determine the actual voltage on the holding brake1... 3

$$
U_{B R A K E(i)}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V K(i))}-\left(R_{C A B(i)} * I_{B R A K E(i)}\right)
$$

$U_{B R A K E 1}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 1)}-\left(R_{C A B 1} * I_{B R A K E 1}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.03 \Omega * 0.91 A)=23.97 \mathrm{~V}$
$U_{B R A K E 2}=U_{\text {BRAKE }(8 C V I 3)}-\left(R_{C A B 2} * I_{B R A K E 2}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.06 \Omega * 0.91 \mathrm{~A})=23.94 \mathrm{~V}$
$U_{B R A K E 3}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 4)}-\left(R_{C A B 3} * I_{B R A K E 3}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.15 \Omega * 0.91 \mathrm{~A})=23.86 \mathrm{~V}$
For $R_{C A B(i)}$, see the technical data for the respective cables. If this value is not found, it can be calculated as follows: $R_{C A B(i)}=\rho^{*} \mid / A{ }^{6)}$
$\Rightarrow$ The voltage is more than 22 V for all holding brakes.

[^5]
## Symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {24VDC }}$ | Total power |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Sum of the continuous power of all 8CVI modules |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \ldots . .5}$ | 24 VDC power consumption of the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | +24 VDC internal system power supply of the ACOPOSmulti drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \text { calc }}$ | Calculated +24 VDC internal system voltage supply at the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{CVI} 2 . .5}$ | +24 VDC voltage in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BEVE }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {Hybrid cable 1...5 }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CCH cable |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {Daisychain(i) }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | Actual voltage on the holding brake |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(8CVI) }}$ | Minimum voltage at the motor holding brake output of an 8CVI module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {CAB(i) }}$ | Resistance of brake line in motor cable for Motor i |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | Max. permitted current for holding brake i |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain }}$ | Resistance in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {BbVE }}$ | Resistance in the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {HybridCable }}$ | Conductor resistance of power conductors in the 8CCH cable |

### 5.1.5 Connecting ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules to the ACOPOS P3 drive system

### 5.1.5.1 Procedure



Figure 64: Procedure for connecting ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules to an ACOPOS P3 drive system

## Dimensioning

### 5.1.5.2 Example

The following ACOPOSremote 8CVI inverter modules should be connected to an ACOPOS P3 drive system:

- $2 \times 8 \mathrm{CVIO45E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$
- $2 \times 8 \mathrm{CVIO45E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$, with connected motor with motor holding brake
- $1 \times 8 \mathrm{CVI045E} 1 \mathrm{HCS} 0.00-1$, with connected motor with motor holding brake and 24 VDC consumer ( 2 x X67DM9321.L12: 24 VDC power consumption, 75 W each)
- Power supply unit 24 VDC 0PS3200.1, max. output power 480 W
- $1 \times 8 \mathrm{El} 2 \mathrm{X} 2 \mathrm{HWT} 10 . \mathrm{XXXX}-1$, self-consumption 24 VDC

Holding brakes BRAKE1...3: Minimum permissible connection voltage: $\mathrm{U}_{\min } 22 \mathrm{~V}$, maximum 24 VDC power consumption: 20 W ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}$ )

For cable lengths, see Fig. 65 "8CVI wiring with an ACOPOS P3 drive system":


Figure 65: 8CVI wiring with an ACOPOS P3 drive system

### 5.1.5.2.1 Calculation

Step 1) Calculate the sum of the continuous power consumption of all connected 8 CVI modules $\left(\mathbf{P}_{\mathrm{N}}\right)$
The continuous power is 1.5 kW for each 8CVI module.
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}=5 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}=7.5 \mathrm{~kW}$

Step 2) Calculate the sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all 8 CVI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ )

| ACOPOSremote modules | Quantity | Calculation of the 24 VDC power consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vout}}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, including connected motor with motor holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, including connected motor with motor holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vout}}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, including connected motor with motor holding brake and 24 VDC consumer | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+(2 \times 75 \mathrm{~W})+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =180 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| ACOPOS P3 modules |  |  |
| 8EI2X2HWT10.XXXX-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}, 8 \mathrm{EI}} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~W}+1.2 \mathrm{~A} * 24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & =28.8 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Sum of 24 VDC power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ |  | $=288.8 \mathrm{~W}$ |

$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all modules $\left(P_{24 V D C}\right)$ is less than the upper limit of 840 W .

## Step 3) Calculate the 24 VDC internal supply voltage ( $\left.\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \text { calc }}\right)$

The minimum voltage of 18 V must be maintained on the last module of the drive system to ensure that the drive system functions properly. For an estimation, voltage of at least 18 V is assumed on the last module for the calculation. By calculating using the existing power consumption and cable resistances, it is possible to calculate back to a supply voltage of $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc. }}$. This calculated voltage must then be compared with the minimum permissible voltage (according to the technical data in the respective manual):
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} 1 \text { calc }}<23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%) \ldots$ Dimensioning OK
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}>23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%) \ldots$ Voltage drop in the drive system too high


Figure 66: ACOPOSremote drive system - Equivalent circuit diagram
(2) $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain 1-5 }} \ldots 0.007 \Omega$
(1) $R_{\text {HybridCable1 }} \ldots 0.078 \Omega$
(3) $R_{\text {HybridCable2-5 }} \ldots 0.031 \Omega$
$\Rightarrow$ Result: $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}<23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%)$

Step 4) Calculate the actual voltage on holding brakes BRAKE1... 3

$$
\begin{gathered}
U_{B R A K E(i)}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I(i))}-\left(R_{C A B(i)} * I_{B R A K E(i)}\right) \\
U_{B R A K E 1}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 1)}-\left(R_{C A B 1} * I_{B R A K E 1}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.03 \Omega * 0.91 A)=23.97 \mathrm{~V} \\
U_{B R A K E 2}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 3)}-\left(R_{C A B 2} * I_{B R A K E 2}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.06 \Omega * 0.91 \mathrm{~A})=23.94 \mathrm{~V} \\
U_{B R A K E 3}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V 14)}-\left(R_{C A B 3} * I_{B R A K E 3}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.15 \Omega * 0.91 A)=23.86 \mathrm{~V}
\end{gathered}
$$

For $R_{C A B(i)}$, see the technical data for the respective cables. If this value is not found, it can be calculated as follows: $R_{C A B(i)}=\rho^{*} / / A^{7)}$.
$\Rightarrow$ The voltage is more than 22 V for all holding brakes.
Formula symbols

| Symbol | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | Total power |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Sum of the continuous power of all 8CVI modules |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \ldots 5}$ | 24 VDC power consumption of the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | Minimum output voltage of the +24 VDC power supply of the ACOPOS P3 drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \mathrm{calc}}$ | Calculated minimum required voltage on the +24 VDC connector of the ACOPOS P3 drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{CVI2} . .5}$ | +24 VDC voltage in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {HybridCable1...5 }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CCH cable |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {DaisyChain(i) }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | Actual voltage on the holding brake |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(8CVI) }}$ | Minimum voltage at the motor holding brake output of an 8CVI module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{CAB}(\mathrm{i})}$ | Resistance brake supply line in motor cable for motor i |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | Max. permissible current of holding brake i |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain }}$ | Resistance in the ACOPOSremote 8CVI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {HybridCable }}$ | Resistance in the 8CCH cable |

### 5.2 8CVE connection box

### 5.2.1 Power supply

Power is supplied to the 8CVE remote connection box via the X 1 and X 2 connections.

## Caution!

Power for the 8CVE remote connection box must be supplied by an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module)!

## Warning!

ACOPOSremote drive systems are suitable for power mains that can provide a short circuit current (SCCR) of $65 \mathrm{kA}_{\text {eff }}$ at a maximum of $480 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }}$ and that are protected with class J fuses.

## Warning!

ACOPOSremote drive systems provide integral solid state short circuit protection. Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

## Warning!

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

### 5.2.2 Protective ground connection

The following information concerning the protective ground connection corresponds to section "Connection elements for the protective ground conductor" in IEC 61800-5-1 and must be observed. A protective ground conductor must be connected to the CVE connection box.

[^6]

Figure 67: Protective ground connection

## Line cross section

The line cross section of the protective ground conductor is oriented to the line conductors and must be selected according to the following table:

| Line cross section for line conductor $\mathbf{A}\left[\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]$ | Minimum wire cross section for the pro- <br> tective ground connection $A_{\text {PE }}\left[\mathbf{m m ~}^{2}\right]^{1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A} \leq 16$ | $\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=\mathrm{A}$ |
| $16<\mathrm{A} \leq 35$ | $\mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=16$ |
| $35<\mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{PE}}=\mathrm{A} / 2$ |

Table 183: Selecting the cross section of the protective ground conductor

1) Any protective ground conductor that is not part of a cable must have a minimum wire cross section of $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
5.2.3 Procedure for connecting an ACOPOSremote inverter module to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system

### 5.2.3.1 Procedure



Figure 68: Procedure for connecting an ACOPOSremote inverter module to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system

### 5.2.3.2 Example



### 5.2.3.2.1 Calculation

The following ACOPOSmotor modules should be connected to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system:

- 1x ACOPOSremote connection box 8CVE28000HC00.00-1
- $2 x$ ACOPOSremote inverter module 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1
- $2 x$ ACOPOSremote inverter module 8 CVIO45E1HCSO.00-1, with connected motor and motor brake
- $2 x$ ACOPOSremote inverter module 8CVIO45E1HCS0.00-1, with connected motor and motor brake with 24 VDC consumer ( $2 x$ X67DM9321.L12: 24 VDC power consumption each 75 W )
BRAKE1...3: minimum permitted connection voltage: $\mathrm{U}_{\text {min }} 22 \mathrm{~V}$, max. 24VDC Input: 20 W ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {Brake }}$ )
Step 1) determine total continuous consumption of all connected 8CVI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ )
The continuous power per ACOPOSremote inverter module is 1.5 kW .
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}=5 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}=7.5 \mathrm{~kW}$
$\Rightarrow$ The total of the continuous power of all the modules $\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}\right)$ is lower than the upper limit of 10.1 kW . These modules can therefore be connected to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system.

Step 2) Determine the total 24 VDC power consumption of all 8 CVI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ )

| ACOPOSremote modules | Quantity | Calculation of the 24VDC power consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVIO45E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =30 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8CVI045E1HCS0.00-1, incl. connected motor with holding brake and 24 VDC consumer | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{~V} \text { out }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {Trigger }} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+(2 \times 75 \mathrm{~W})+20 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =180 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Total of the 24VDC power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ |  | $=260 \mathrm{~W}$ |

$\Rightarrow$ The total of the 24 VDC power consumption of all the modules $\left(\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}\right)$ is lower than the upper limit of 360 W. These modules can therefore be connected to an existing ACOPOSmulti drive system.

Step 3) Calculate 24 VDC supply voltage for all 8CVI modules ( $\left.\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{CVV(i)}}\right)$
$U_{\text {total }}=18 \mathrm{~V}+\sum V_{\text {Hybrid cable 1..5 }}+\sum V_{\text {Daisychain1...5 }}+V_{8 \mathrm{CVE}}$
$R_{\text {DaisyChain } \ldots 0.007 \Omega} \Omega$
$R_{\text {BCVE }} \ldots 0.016 \Omega$
$R_{\text {HybridCable }} \ldots 0.031 \Omega$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& I_{5}=\frac{P_{5}}{U}=\frac{10 \mathrm{~W}}{18 \mathrm{~V}}=0.5 \mathrm{~A} \\
& V_{\text {DaisyChain } 5}=0.007 \Omega * I_{5}=0.007 \Omega * 0.5 A=0.0035 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{\text {HybridCable5 }}=0.031 \Omega * I_{5}=0.031 \Omega * 0.5 A=0.0155 \mathrm{~V} \\
& U_{8 \mathrm{CVI5}}=18 \mathrm{~V}+V_{\text {DaisyChain5 }}+V_{\text {HybridCable5 }}=18 \mathrm{~V}+0.004 \mathrm{~V}+0.016 \mathrm{~V}=18.02 \mathrm{~V} \\
& I_{4}=\frac{P_{4}}{U_{8 \mathrm{CV} 55}}=\frac{190 \mathrm{~W}}{18.02 \mathrm{~V}}=10.54 \mathrm{~A} \\
& V_{\text {DaisyChain4 }}=0.007 \Omega * I_{4}=0.007 \Omega * 10.54 A=0.07 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{\text {HybridCable4 }}=0.031 \Omega * I_{4}=0.031 \Omega * 10.54 A=0.33 \mathrm{~V} \\
& U_{8 \mathrm{CVI4}}=18.02 \mathrm{~V}+V_{\text {DaisyChain4 }}+V_{\text {HybridCable4 }}=18.02 \mathrm{~V}+0.07 \mathrm{~V}+0.33 \mathrm{~V}=18.42 \mathrm{~V} \\
& I_{3}=\frac{P_{3}}{U_{8 C V I 4}}=\frac{220 \mathrm{~W}}{18.42 \mathrm{~V}}=11.94 \mathrm{~A} \\
& V_{\text {DaisyChain3 }}=0.007 \Omega * I_{3}=0.007 \Omega * 11.94 A=0.08 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{\text {HybridCable3 }}=0.031 \Omega * I_{3}=0.031 \Omega * 11.94 \mathrm{~A}=0.37 \mathrm{~V} \\
& U_{8 C V I 3}=18.42 \mathrm{~V}+V_{\text {DaisyChain3 }}+V_{\text {HybridCable3 }}=18.42 \mathrm{~V}+0.08 \mathrm{~V}+0.37 \mathrm{~V}=18.87 \mathrm{~V} \\
& I_{2}=\frac{P_{2}}{U_{8 C V I 3}}=\frac{230 \mathrm{~W}}{18.87 \mathrm{~V}}=12.18 \mathrm{~A} \\
& V_{\text {DaisyChain2 }}=0.007 \Omega * I_{2}=0.007 \Omega * 12.18 \mathrm{~A}=0.08 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{\text {HybridCabel2 }}=0.031 \Omega * I_{2}=0.031 \Omega * 12.18 A=0.38 \mathrm{~V} \\
& U_{8 \mathrm{CVI2}}=18.87 \mathrm{~V}+V_{\text {DaisyChain2 }}+V_{\text {HybridCable2 }}=18.87 \mathrm{~V}+0.08 \mathrm{~V}+0.38 \mathrm{~V}=19.38 \mathrm{~V} \\
& I_{1}=\frac{P_{1}}{U_{88 \mathrm{~V} / 2}}=\frac{260 \mathrm{~W}}{19.38 \mathrm{~V}}=13.41 \mathrm{~A} \\
& V_{\text {DaisyChain1 }}=0.007 \Omega * I_{1}=0.007 \Omega * 13.41 A=0.09 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{\text {HybridCable1 }}=0.031 \Omega * I_{1}=0.031 \Omega * 13.41 \mathrm{~A}=0.42 \mathrm{~V} \\
& V_{8 C V E}=0.016 \Omega * I_{1}=0.016 \Omega * 13.41 A=0.21 V \\
& U_{8 \mathrm{CVI1}}=19.38 \mathrm{~V}+V_{\text {DaisyChain1 }}+V_{\text {HybridCable1 }}+V_{8 \mathrm{CVE}}=19.38 \mathrm{~V}+0.09 \mathrm{~V}+0.42 \mathrm{~V}+0.21=20.1 \mathrm{~V} \\
& \Rightarrow \text { The } 24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { supply voltage }\left(\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{CV}(\mathrm{i})}\right) \text { is less than } 24.6 \mathrm{~V}(25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%) \text { for all the } 8 \mathrm{CVI} \text { inverter modules } \\
& \text { and the 8CVE connection box. These modules can therefore be connected to an existing ACOPOSmulti } \\
& \text { drive system. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Step 4) Determine the actual voltage on the holding brake1... 3

$$
\begin{gathered}
U_{B R A K E(i)}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I(i))}-\left(R_{C A B(i)} * I_{B R A K E(i)}\right) \\
U_{B R A K E 1}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 1)}-\left(R_{C A B 1} * I_{B R A K E 1}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.03 \Omega * 0.91 A)=23.97 \mathrm{~V} \\
U_{B R A K E 2}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 3)}-\left(R_{C A B 2} * I_{B R A K E 2}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.06 \Omega * 0.91 \mathrm{~A})=23.94 \mathrm{~V} \\
U_{B R A K E 3}=U_{B R A K E(8 C V I 4)}-\left(R_{C A B 3} * I_{B R A K E 3}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}-(0.15 \Omega * 0.91 A)=23.86 \mathrm{~V}
\end{gathered}
$$

$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{CAB}(\mathrm{i})}$ can be found in the technical data for the relevant cable. If this value is not available, it can be calculated as follows: $R_{C A B(i)}=\rho^{*} I / A{ }^{8)}$
$\Rightarrow$ The voltage for all holding brakes is greater than 22 V . These modules can therefore be connected to the existing ACOPOSmulti drive system.

[^7]
## Formula symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | Total power |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Total of all continuous power consumption of all the 8CVI modules |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \ldots . .5}$ | 24 VDC power consumption of the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | +24 VDC internal system voltage supply of the ACOPOSremote drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{CVII} 1 . .5}$ | +24 VDC voltage in 8CVI module |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {gCVE }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CVE connection box |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Hyborid Cable } 1 . .5}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CCH cable |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Daisychain 1.. } 5}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage in the 8CVI inverter module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | Actual voltage on the holding brake |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BRAKE(8CVI) }}$ | Minimum voltage on the motor holding brake output of an 8CVI module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {CAB }(i)}$ | Motor cable resistance for motor |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {BRAKE(i) }}$ | max. permitted current for holding brake i |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain }}$ | Resistance in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {8CVE }}$ | Resistance in the 8CVE connection box |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {Hybridcable }}$ | Resistance in the 8CCH cable |

### 5.3 ACOPOSmotor

### 5.3.1 Power supply

Power is supplied to ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules via the X3A connection.

## Caution!

The power supply for ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules is only permitted to be provided via an ACOPOSmulti drive system (8BVE expansion module), the DC bus of an ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive or a decentralized 8CVE connection box!

## Warning!

ACOPOSmotor drive systems are suitable for power systems that can provide a maximum short-circuit current (SCCR) of $65 \mathrm{kA}_{\text {RMs }}$ at $480 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RMS}}$ and that are protected with class RK5, J and CC fuses.

## Warning!

ACOPOSmulti drive systems are equipped with integrated semiconductor short circuit protection. This semiconductor short circuit protection does not provide protection for branch circuits. Short circuit protection for branch circuits must be implemented in accordance with national directives or other local regulations.

## Warning!

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.

### 5.3.2 Protective ground connection

The following information concerning the protective ground connection corresponds to section "Connection elements for the protective ground conductor" in IEC 61800-5-1 and must be observed.
A protective ground conductor must be connected to the 8DI ACOPOSmotor module.


Figure 69: Protective ground connection

## Line cross section

The line cross section of the protective ground conductor is oriented to the line conductors and must be selected according to the following table:

| Line cross section for line conductor A [mm] | Minimum wire cross section for the protective ground connection $A_{P E}\left[\mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right]^{1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{A} \leq 16$ | $A_{\text {PE }}=\mathrm{A}$ |
| $16<\mathrm{A} \leq 35$ | $A_{\text {PE }}=16$ |
| $35<\mathrm{A}$ | $A_{\text {PE }}=\mathrm{A} / 2$ |

Table 184: Selecting the cross section of the protective ground conductor

[^8]
### 5.3.3 Connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system

## Warning!

The DC power supply fuse protection of the ACOPOSmotor modules is only permitted to be fused in the 8BVE expansion module using fuses $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{2 0 1 0 6 . 5 0}$ or $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{1 1 8 0 6 . 2 0}$ from SIBA.

### 5.3.3.1 Procedure



Figure 70: Procedure for connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system

### 5.3.3.2 Example

The following ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules should be connected to an ACOPOSmulti drive system:

- $4 \times 8$ DI330.D90457300-1
- $1 \times 8$ DI330.D90457300-1 with connected 24 VDC consumer (1x X67DM9321.L12: 24 VDC power consumption 12 W )



### 5.3.3.2.1 Calculation

Step 1) Determine total continuous consumption of all connected 8DI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ )
The continuous power per module is 1.5 kW .
$\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}=5 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}=7.5 \mathrm{~kW}$
$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the continuous power of all modules $\left(P_{N}\right)$ is lower than the upper limit of 11.2 kW or 15 kW (depending on the selected power supply module). These modules can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.
$\Rightarrow$ Select the fuse set for the 8BVE expansion module based on the continuous power of all modules and the selected power supply module (8B0P or 8BVP) according to "Procedure for connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system" on page 274. Fuse set 8BXS001.0000-00 must be chosen in this example.

Step 2) Determine the total 24 VDC power consumption of all 8DI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ )

| ACOP | Smotor modules | Quantity | Calculation of the 24 VDC power consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8DI1 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDc} \text { out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI2 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vDc} \text { out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI3 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { vDc out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI4 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 incl. 24 VDC consumer | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { vDc out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+75 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =85 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI5 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {holding brake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { vDc out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Total of the 24 VDC power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{Vvoc}}$ |  |  | $=125 \mathrm{~W}$ |

$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all modules $\left(\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}\right)$ is less than the upper limit of 500 W . These modules can therefore be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.
$\Rightarrow$ Select the fuse set for the 8BVE expansion module depending on the sum of the 24 VDC power consumptions of all modules according to the "Procedure for connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules to an ACOPOSmulti drive system" on page 274 . In this example, the sum of the 24 VDC power consumptions of all modules is $<240 \mathrm{~W}$, therefore the 8 BXS004.0000-00 fuse set must be selected.

## Step 3) Calculation of the 24 VDC internal supply voltage at the 8BVE expansion module ( $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}$ )

To ensure functioning of the drive system, make sure that the minimum voltage of 18 V is maintained on the last module of the drive system. As an estimate, a voltage of at least 18 V is assumed in the calculation for the last module. By using the available power consumption values and the cable resistances in the calculation, it is possible to calculate back to a supply voltage of $U_{24 V D C 1 c a l c}$. This calculated voltage must then be compared to the minimum permitted voltage of 24.6 V ( $25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%$ ):
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}<24.6 \mathrm{~V}$ (25 V-1.6\%) ... Dimensioning in order
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}>24.6 \mathrm{~V}(25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%)$... Voltage drop in drive system is too high

$\Rightarrow$ Result: $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} 1 \text { calc }}<24.6 \mathrm{~V}(25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%)$
These 8DI modules can therefore be connected to the ACOPOSmulti drive system.

## Formula symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | Total power |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Total of all continuous power consumption of all the 8DI modules |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \ldots 5}$ | 24 VDC power consumption of the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | +24 VDC internal system voltage supply of the ACOPOSmotor drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \text { min }}$ | minimum permitted system voltage of 24.6 V ( $25 \mathrm{~V}-1.6 \%$ ) |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}$ | Calculated +24 VDC internal system voltage supply at the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{DII} 1 . .5}$ | +24 VDC voltage in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {BBVE }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {Hybrid cable1...5 }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CCH cable |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {Daisychain(i) }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain }}$ | Resistance in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {BBVE }}$ | Resistance in the 8BVE expansion module |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {Hyboridable }}$ | Conductor resistance of power conductors in the 8CCH cable |

### 5.3.4 Connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI to an ACOPOS P3 drive system

### 5.3.4.1 Procedure



Figure 72: Procedure for connecting ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules to an ACOPOS P3 drive system

### 5.3.4.2 Example

The following ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules should be connected to an ACOPOS P3 drive system:

- $4 \times 8$ DI330.D90457300-1
- $1 \times 8$ DI330.D90457300-1 with connected 24 VDC consumer (1x X67DM9321.L12: 24 VDC power consumption 75 W )
- Power supply unit 24 VDC OPS3200.1, max. output power 480 W
- $1 \times 8 \mathrm{EI} 2 \mathrm{X} 2 \mathrm{HWT} 10 . \mathrm{XXXX}-1$, self-consumption 24 VDC



### 5.3.4.2.1 Calculation

Step 1) Calculate the sum of the continuous power consumption of all connected 8DI / 8El modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ )
The continuous power is 0.59 kW for each 8DI module.
$P_{N}=5 \times 0.59 \mathrm{~kW}=\mathbf{2 . 9 5} \mathbf{k W}$

Step 2) Calculate the sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all 8DI modules ( $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ )

| ACOPOSmotor modules |  | Quantity | Calculation of the 24 VDC power consumption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8DI1 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out }}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { vDc out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI2 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { voc out } 1}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \text { VDC out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI3 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vDc} \text { out }}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vDc} \text { Out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI4 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 including 24 VDC consumer | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out }}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{vDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+75 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =85 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| 8DI5 | 8DI330.D90457300-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~W}+\mathrm{P}_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out }}[0 \ldots 96 \mathrm{~W}]+\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} \text { out } 2}[0 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~W}] \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W}+0 \mathrm{~W} \\ & =10 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| ACOPOS P3 modules |  |  |  |
| 8EI | 8EI2X2HWT10.XXXX-1 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {HoldingBrake }}+P_{24} \text { VDC, } 8 \mathrm{EI} \\ & =0 \mathrm{~W}+1.2 \mathrm{~A} * 24 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & =28.8 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Sum of the 24 VDC power consumption $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ |  |  | $=153.8 \mathrm{~W}$ |

$\Rightarrow$ The sum of the 24 VDC power consumption of all modules $\left(\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}\right)$ is less than the upper limit of 480 W .

## Step 3) Calculate the 24 VDC internal supply voltage $\mathbf{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}$

The minimum voltage of 18 V must be maintained on the last module of the drive system to ensure that the drive system functions properly. For an estimation, voltage of 18 V is assumed on the last module for the calculation. By calculating using the existing power consumption and cable resistances, it is possible to calculate back to a supply voltage of $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc. }}$. This calculated voltage must then be compared with the minimum required output voltage of power supply unit OPS3200 23.76 V (24 V-1\%):
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}<23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%)$... Dimensioning OK
$\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}>23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%)$... Voltage drop in the drive system too high


Figure 73: ACOPOSmotor drive system - Equivalent circuit diagram
(2) $R_{\text {DaisyChain ... }} 0.007 \Omega$
(1) $R_{\text {HybridCable1 } \ldots 0.078 \Omega}$
(3) $R_{\text {HybridCable2-5 }} \ldots 0.031 \Omega$
$\Rightarrow$ Result: $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC1} \text { calc }}<23.76 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}-1 \%)$
These 8DI modules can therefore be connected to the ACOPOS P3 drive system.

## Formula symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | Total power |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Sum of the continuous power of all 8DI modules |
| $\mathrm{P}_{1 \ldots 5}$ | 24 VDC power consumption of the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}}$ | +24 VDC internal system power supply of the ACOPOSmotor drive system |
| $\mathrm{U}_{24 \mathrm{VDC} 1 \text { calc }}$ | Calculated minimum required voltage on the +24 VDC connector of the ACOPOS P3 |
| $\mathrm{U}_{8 \mathrm{DII} 1 . .5}$ | +24 VDC voltage in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {HybridCable1... }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the 8CCH cable |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {DaisyChain(i) }}$ | Internal 24 VDC voltage drop in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {DaisyChain }}$ | Resistance in the ACOPOSmotor 8DI |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {HybridCable }}$ | Conductor resistance of power conductors in the 8CCH cable |

### 5.4 ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 5.4.1 Power supply



## Information:

The permissible supply voltage for ACOPOSmotor Compact 8D1 modules is 24 to 58 VDC.

## Warning!

The maximum current-carrying capacity of the power contacts of the 9-pin hybrid connector (connection X3A) is 20 A at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Warning!

Fuse protection of the ACOPOSmotor Compact power supply cable must take place in accordance with the national regulations for the installation location.

### 5.4.1.1 Power supply unit

The power supply unit must be certified and meet the following requirements:

- Galvanic isolation between input and output
- Max. permissible output voltage: 24 to 58 VDC
- Overvoltage protection max. 60 VDC (also against internal overvoltages)
- Max. permissible output current: 60 A
- Fuse protection output: DC fuse or circuit breaker with max. 35 A
- Output protective measures: No-load proof, overload-proof, continuous short circuit protection and feedback protection
- The power supply unit must have UL certification for the USA.


## Information:

ACOPOSmulti auxiliary supply module $8 \mathrm{BOC} 0320 \mathrm{Hx} 00 . \mathrm{B} 00-1$ meets these requirements. Output fuse protection is not necessary since $8 \mathrm{BOC} 0320 \mathrm{Hx} 00 . \mathrm{B00}-1$ has module-internal current limitation.

### 5.4.2 Fuse protection of the power supply cable

Due to the daisy-chain connection, there is a risk that upstream devices may be damaged in the event of a fault at the end of the connection (e.g. short circuit, defective wiring). For the power connection (DC+ and DC-), this is prevented by an overload and short-circuit shutdown of the supplying module.

## Information:

It is recommended that the STO circuit be protected accordingly.

- A max. operating current of 6 mA is expected per connected device.
- The maximum permissible current in the STO line is not permitted to permanently exceed 500 mA .
- The fuse component used must be suitable for DC and have a breaking capacity corresponding to the voltage source.


### 5.4.3 Procedure for sizing the DC bus

The dimensioning examples presented in this section are intended to provide a rough estimate of the application sizing based on the power balance of the individual modules for a static operating point. This does not allow a detailed sizing of dynamic operating cycles since this depends on other factors such as the cable lengths used between modules.

The power consumption on the DC bus of an ACOPOSmotor Compact module can be calculated as follows depending on the order option and the static operating point ( $\mathrm{n}>0$ ):

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P=P_{\text {mech }} / 0.85+P_{\text {on }}(\text { optional })+P_{24 V D c, \text { out }}(\text { optional })+10 \mathrm{~W} \\
& P_{\text {mech }}=\omega \cdot M=2 \pi \cdot n[\mathrm{rpm}] / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot \mathrm{M}
\end{aligned}
$$

Maximum permissible power on the DC bus at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature and supply voltage of 58 V :

$$
P_{D C \text { bus }}=U_{D C \text { bus }} \cdot I_{D C \text { bus, } \text { max }}=58 \mathrm{VDC} \cdot 20 \mathrm{~A}=1.16 \mathbf{k W}
$$

At lower supply voltages, the power on the DC bus is also reduced accordingly.

Formula symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{x}}$ | Power requirements [W] of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {mech }}$ | Mechanical power [W] on the motor shaft |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {on }}$ | Connection power [W] of the holding brake |
| $\mathrm{P}_{24 \mathrm{VDC}, \text { Out }}$ | Maximum power consumption [W] of the 24 VDC output |
| $\omega$ | Angular velocity |
| M | Torque [Nm] |
| n | Speed [rpm] |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {DC bus }}$ | Permissible power [W] on the DC bus |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {DC bus }}$ | DC bus voltage [V] |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ bus, max | Maximum permissible DC bus current [A] |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {sum }}$ | Total power [W] of the ACOPOSmotor Compact modules on a daisy-chain segment |

### 5.4.3.1 Dimensioning example 1

This dimensioning example assumes simultaneous daisy-chain operation of three ACOPOSmotor Compact modules $\left(U_{D C \text { bus }}=54 \mathrm{~V}\right)$.


|  | ACOPOSmotor Compact |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Module 1 | Module 2 | Module 3 |
| Order code | 8D1A22.HI2000000-1 | 8D1A23.AD0000000-1 | 8D1A23.HH2000000-1 |
| Size |  | 2 |  |
| Gearbox | Yes | No |  |
| Electronics option | Yes | No | Yes |
| Holding brake | 2,500 | No | Yes |
| Speed $[\mathrm{rpm}]$ | 0.49 | 1,750 | 3,200 |
| Torque $[\mathrm{Nm}]$ | 0.95 | 0.35 |  |

## Calculation of power consumption $\left(P_{\mathrm{x}}\right)$ :

## Module 1

$$
P_{\text {mech } 1}=2 \pi \cdot 2500 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.49 \mathrm{Nm}=128 \mathrm{~W}
$$

$$
P_{1}=128 W / 0.85+8.4 W+7 W+10 W=176 W
$$

Module 2

$$
P_{\text {mech2 }}=2 \pi \cdot 1750 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.95 \mathrm{Nm}=174 \mathrm{~W}
$$

$$
P_{2}=174 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+10 \mathrm{~W}=215 \mathrm{~W}
$$

Module 3

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P_{\text {mech } 3}=2 \pi \cdot 1200 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.95 \mathrm{Nm}=117 \mathrm{~W} \\
& \mathrm{P}_{3}=117 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+8.4 \mathrm{~W}+7 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{~W}=163 \mathrm{~W}
\end{aligned}
$$

The total power ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {sum }}$ ) of the three modules is therefore as follows:

$$
P_{\text {sum }}=P_{1}+P_{2}+P_{3}=176 \mathrm{~W}+215 \mathrm{~W}+163 \mathrm{~W}=554 \mathrm{~W}<54 \mathrm{~V} \cdot \mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{~A}=1.08 \mathrm{~kW}
$$

Since the total power ( $P_{\text {sum }}$ ) of the three modules does not exceed the maximum DC bus voltage ( $P_{D C \text { bus }}$ ) at the considered operating point, static operation is possible in principle in this configuration.


Figure 74: Performance diagram for dimensioning example 1

## Dimensioning

### 5.4.3.2 Dimensioning example 2

This dimensioning example assumes simultaneous daisy-chain operation of five ACOPOSmotor Compact modules ( $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{DC} \text { bus }}=58 \mathrm{~V}$ ).


|  | ACOPOSmotor Compact |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Module 1 | Module 2 | Module 3 | Module 4 | Module 5 |
| Order code | 8D1A23.HH0000000-1 | 8D1A23.BH2000000-1 | 8D1A22.BI0000000-1 | 8D1A23.HD0000000-1 | 8D1A23.HB2000000-1 |
| Size | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Gearbox | No |  |  |  |  |
| Electronics option | Yes | No |  | Yes |  |
| Holding brake | No | Yes | No |  | Yes |
| Speed [rpm] | 3,950 | 2,700 | 3,750 | 1,650 | 1,200 |
| Torque [ Nm ] | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.45 | 1.00 | 0.85 |

## Calculation of power consumption $\left(P_{x}\right)$ :

## Module 1

$P_{\text {mech } 1}=2 \pi \cdot 3950 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.65 \mathrm{Nm}=269 \mathrm{~W}$ $\mathrm{P}_{1}=269 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+7 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{~W}=333 \mathrm{~W}$

Module 2
$P_{\text {mech2 }}=2 \pi \cdot 2700 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.75 \mathrm{Nm}=212 \mathrm{~W}$
$\mathrm{P}_{2}=212 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+8.4 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{~W}=268 \mathrm{~W}$
Module $3 \quad P_{\text {mech } 3}=2 \pi \cdot 3750 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.45 \mathrm{Nm}=177 \mathrm{~W}$
$\mathrm{P}_{3}=177 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+10 \mathrm{~W}=218 \mathrm{~W}$
Module $4 \quad P_{\text {mech } 4}=2 \pi \cdot 1650 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 1.00 \mathrm{Nm}=173 \mathrm{~W}$
$\mathrm{P}_{4}=173 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+7 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{~W}=221 \mathrm{~W}$
Module 5
$P_{\text {mech5 }}=2 \pi \cdot 1200 / 60 \mathrm{~s} \cdot 0.85 \mathrm{Nm}=107 \mathrm{~W}$
$P_{5}=107 \mathrm{~W} / 0.85+8.4 \mathrm{~W}+7 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{~W}=151 \mathrm{~W}$

The total power ( $\mathrm{P}_{\text {sum }}$ ) of the five modules is therefore as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P_{\text {sum }}=P_{1}+P_{2}+P_{3}+P_{4}+P_{5}=333 \mathrm{~W}+268 \mathrm{~W}+218 \mathrm{~W}+221 \mathrm{~W} \\
& +151 \mathrm{~W}=1.19 \mathrm{~kW}>1.16 \mathrm{~kW}
\end{aligned}
$$

Since the total power ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{sum}}$ ) of the five modules exceeds the maximum DC bus voltage ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{DC} \text { bus }}$ ) at the considered operating point, continuous operation is not possible in this configuration.


Figure 75: Performance diagram for dimensioning example 2

### 5.4.4 Procedure for sizing the STO power supply cable

The number of possible daisy-chain connections is limited by the STO power supply cable, for example.

## Two factors play a role in this:

- The maximum current-carrying capacity of 500 mA is not permitted to be exceeded.
- The voltage drop is not permitted to cause the voltage at the last enable input to fall below 15 V .


## Factor 1 - Maximum current-carrying capacity

The max. current-carrying capacity ${ }^{9}$ ( $\mathbf{5 0 0} \mathbf{~ m A}$ ) and max. enable input currents ( 5.5 or 6.0 mA ) result in the following limit of modules connected via daisy chain:

24 V enable input voltage - Max. enable input current: 5.5 mA $\mathrm{n}=500 \mathrm{~mA} / 5.5 \mathrm{~mA}=90$
The maximum number of modules connected via daisy chain is 90 .
30 V enable input voltage - Max. enable input current: 6.0 mA $\mathrm{n}=500 \mathrm{~mA} / 6.0 \mathrm{~mA}=83$
The maximum number of modules connected via daisy chain is 83 .

## Factor 2 - Voltage drop

The voltage drop factor must be calculated separately for each application. This can be done using the following equivalent circuit diagram and analogously to the following dimensioning examples.


Figure 76: Equivalent circuit diagram
The calculation formulas are listed in the dimensioning examples.
The following data is available for complying with these conditions:

- Resistance of the STO line in the hybrid cable: $R_{L}\left(T_{a m b}\right)=R_{L}\left(T_{0}\right) \cdot\left(1+\alpha \cdot\left(T_{a m b}-T_{0}\right)\right)$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Where: } & R_{L}\left(T_{0}\right)=\frac{\rho \cdot 1}{\mathrm{~A}} \\
& T_{0}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
& \rho=0.01786 \frac{\Omega \mathrm{~mm}^{2}}{\mathrm{~m}} \\
& \alpha=3.93 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 1 /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{array}
$$

- The cross-sectional area of the enable stranded wires of offered hybrid cables is $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
- Device-internal resistance in the STO path: $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}}=83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$


## Formula symbols used

| Symbol | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | Cross-sectional area $\left[\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]$ |
| $\alpha$ | Temperature coefficient |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Fuse }}$ | Fuse protection $[\mathrm{mA}]$ of the STO power supply cable |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Max. enable input current [A] at specific voltage |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, \mathrm{x}}$ | Current consumption [A] of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module |
| I | Line length [m] |
| n | Limit of modules connected via daisy chain |
| $\rho$ | Specific resistance |

[^9]
## Dimensioning

| Symbol | Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {FUSE }}$ | Resistance $[\Omega]$ of the fuse being used |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {rit,STo }}$ | Device-internal resistance $[\Omega]$ in the STO path |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}(\mathrm{T})$ | Resistance $[\Omega]$ of the STO line in the hybrid cable depending on the ambient temperature |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}, \text { STo,1m }}$ | Max. cable resistance $[\Omega]$ per meter |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | Ambient temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{0}$ | Reference temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$ |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\text {STo }}$ | Voltage at the source $[\mathrm{V}]$ |

### 5.4.4.1 Dimensioning example 1

This dimensioning example assumes simultaneous daisy-chain operation of three ACOPOSmotor Compact modules.

## Assumptions:

- Fuse used: $\mathrm{R}_{\text {Fuse }}=15 \Omega$
- Voltage at the source: $\mathrm{U}_{\text {sто }}=24 \mathrm{~V}$

- Ambient temperature: $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$



Figure 77: Equivalent circuit diagram for dimensioning example 1

## Cable resistance calculation:

Maximum cable resistance per meter:

$$
R_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 1 \mathrm{~m}}=\frac{\rho \cdot 1}{\mathrm{~A}} \cdot\left(1+\alpha \cdot\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}-\mathrm{T}_{0}\right)\right)=\frac{0.01786 \frac{\Omega \mathrm{~mm}^{2}}{\mathrm{~m}} \cdot 1 \mathrm{~m}}{0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}} \cdot\left(1+3.93 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \frac{1}{\mathrm{~K}} \cdot(40-20) \mathrm{K}\right)=56.7 \mathrm{~m} \Omega
$$

Calculation of the voltages applied to the enable inputs:
10 m cable

3 m cable

$$
\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{INSTO}, 2}=\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, 1}-2 \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \cdot\left(2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 3 \mathrm{~m}}+4 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}, \mathrm{STO}}\right)=23.731 \mathrm{~V}-2 \cdot 5.5 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 3 \cdot 56.7 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+4 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=\mathbf{2 3 . 7 2 4} \mathbf{V}
$$

5 m cable
$\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, 3}=\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, 2}{ }^{-\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}}} \cdot\left(2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 5 \mathrm{~m}}+4 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}, \mathrm{STO}}\right)=23.724 \mathrm{~V}-5.5 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 5 \cdot 56.7 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+4 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=23.719 \mathbf{V}$

Operation in this configuration is possible from the point of view of the enable signal because 23.719 V > 15 V .

### 5.4.4.2 Dimensioning example 2

This dimensioning example assumes simultaneous daisy-chain operation of five ACOPOSmotor Compact modules.

## Assumptions:

- Fuse used: None
- Voltage at the source: $\mathrm{U}_{\text {sто }}=30 \mathrm{~V}$

- Ambient temperature: $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


Figure 78: Equivalent circuit diagram for dimensioning example 2

## Cable resistance calculation:

Maximum cable resistance per meter:

$$
R_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 1 \mathrm{~m}}=\frac{\rho \cdot \mathrm{I}}{\mathrm{~A}} \cdot\left(1+\alpha \cdot\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}-\mathrm{T}_{0}\right)\right)=\frac{0.01786 \frac{\Omega \mathrm{~mm}^{2}}{\mathrm{~m}} \cdot 1 \mathrm{~m}}{0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}} \cdot\left(1+3.93 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \frac{1}{\mathrm{~K}} \cdot(20-20) \mathrm{K}\right)=525 \mathrm{~m} \Omega
$$

## Calculation of the voltages applied to the enable inputs:

15 m cable

$$
\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{INSTO}, 1}=\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{STO}}-5 \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \cdot\left(2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 15 \mathrm{~m}}+2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}, \mathrm{STO}}\right)=30 \mathrm{~V}-5 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 15 \cdot 525 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+2 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=29.948 \quad \mathrm{~V}
$$

5 m cable

$$
\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{INSTO}, 2}=\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, 1}-4 \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \cdot\left(2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 5 \mathrm{~m}}+4 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}, \mathrm{STO}}\right)=29.948 \mathrm{~V}-4 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 5 \cdot 525 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+4 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=29.927 \mathbf{V}
$$

10 m cable

$$
U_{\mathbb{I N S T O}, 3}=U_{\mathrm{IN}, \mathrm{STO}, 2}-3 \cdot \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IN}} \cdot\left(2 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LSTO}, 10 \mathrm{~m}}+4 \cdot \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{int}, \mathrm{STO}}\right)=29.927 \mathrm{~V}-3 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 10 \cdot 52.5 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+4 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=29.902 \mathrm{~V}
$$

10 m cable
 15 m cable
$U_{I N S T O, 5}=U_{I N, S T O, 4}-1 \cdot I_{I N} \cdot\left(2 \cdot R_{L, S T O, 15 \mathrm{~m}}+4 \cdot R_{\text {int,STO }}\right)=29.885 \mathrm{~V}-1 \cdot 6 \mathrm{~mA} \cdot(2 \cdot 15 \cdot 525 \mathrm{~m} \Omega+4 \cdot 83.3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega)=\mathbf{2 9 . 8 7 4} \mathbf{V}$
Operation in this configuration is possible from the point of view of the enable signal because 29.874 V $>15 \mathrm{~V}$.

## 6 Installation and wiring

### 6.1 ACOPOSremote

### 6.1.1 Installation

### 6.1.1.1 General information

## Quality of the mounting surface

The mounting surface for ACOPOSremote modules must provide sufficient stability for the modules in addition to being non-flammable, level and free of contaminants.

## Warning!

The information listed in 2.7 "Handling and installation" on page 12 must be observed!

## Caution!

The evenness of the mounting surface is particularly important since ACOPOSremote modules rest on the entire surface. The mounting surface must meet the criterion "evenness of 1 mm over the entire mounting surface". When mounting on uneven mounting surfaces, the heat dissipation from ACOPOSremote modules to the mounting plate may be impaired!

## Caution!

The temperature of the mounting surface may not exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Mounting the modules

Install the module into the system:

- Required tools: Hex key, size 5
- Create fixing holes in the mounting surface as shown in Section Fig. 80 "Dimension diagram and installation dimensions" on page 290.
- Fix the module to the mounting surface using $4 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \mathrm{x} 80$ fixing screws (accessory set $8 \mathrm{CXM} 000.000 \mathrm{x}-00$ ).


Figure 79: 8CVI inverter modules - Position of mounting screws

### 6.1.1.2 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

### 6.1.1.2.1 8CVI power inverter modules



Figure 80: Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

1) To ensure adequate air circulation, make sure that the specified clearance is maintained.
2) $4 x$ M6, depth min. 20 mm

### 6.2 8CVE connection box

### 6.2.1 Installation

### 6.2.1.1 General information

Quality of the mounting surface
The mounting surface for ACOPOSremote modules must provide sufficient stability for the modules in addition to being non-flammable, level and free of contaminants.

## Warning!

The information listed in 2.7 "Handling and installation" on page 12 must be observed!

## Caution!

It is especially important that the mounting surface is level since the entire surface of the ACOPOSremote modules rests against it. The mounting surface must meet the criteria "Smoothness of 1 mm over the entire mounting surface". Mounting on uneven surfaces can lead to reduced heat dissipation from the ACOPOSremote modules to the mounting plate!

## Caution!

The temperature of the mounting surface may not exceed $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
6.2.1.2 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

### 6.2.1.2.1 8CVE connection box



Figure 81: Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

1) The specified clearance is necessary to avoid problems when cabling the module.
2) $4 x$ M6, depth $\min .20 \mathrm{~mm}$

### 6.2.1.3 Configuration of the 8CVE connection box

Before commissioning the module, device fuses must be used in the 8CVE connection box in accordance with the application requirements. The slots for the fuses are located under the front cover of the connection box.

## Note:

B\&R recommends that the 8CVE connection box be configured before it is installed in the system.

1. Remove front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Remove the 6 fixing screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)
- Remove the front cover from the module


2. Insert fuses for connections X3 (hybrid cables) and X31 (24 VDC routing):

Depending on the connections used, use the relevant fuses as specified in the table.


| Fuse set | Fuse | Hybrid cable outlets |  |  |  | 24 VDC routing |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X3A | X3B | X3C | X3D | X31A | X31C |
| 8CXS000.0000-00 | DC+1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC-1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC+2 |  | x |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC-2 |  | x |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC+3 |  |  | x |  |  |  |
|  | DC-3 |  |  | x |  |  |  |
|  | DC+4 |  |  |  | x |  |  |
|  | DC-4 |  |  |  | x |  |  |
| 8CXS002.0000-00 | 24VDC1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC2 |  | x |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC3 |  |  | x |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC4 |  |  |  | x |  |  |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | X31A. 1 |  |  |  |  | x |  |
|  | X31A. 2 |  |  |  |  | x |  |
|  | X31C. 1 |  |  |  |  |  | x |
|  | X31C. 2 |  |  |  |  |  | x |

3. Fit front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Place the front cover on the module
- Attach the front cover using the 6 fastening screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)



### 6.2.1.3.1 Replacing device fuses

The device fuses for the 8CVE connection box are located under a cover on the front of the module.

## Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

1. Remove front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Remove the 6 fixing screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)
- Remove the front cover from the module


2. Remove fuse(s) for X3 (hybrid cable outlets) and/or X31 (24 VDC forwarding) connectors and replace with new fuse(s):


| Fuse set | Fuse | Hybrid cable outlets |  |  |  | 24 VDC routing |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X3A | X3B | X3C | X3D | X31A | X31C |
| 8CXS000.0000-00 | DC+1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC-1 | x |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC+2 |  | X |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC-2 |  | x |  |  |  |  |
|  | DC+3 |  |  | X |  |  |  |
|  | DC-3 |  |  | x |  |  |  |
|  | DC+4 |  |  |  | X |  |  |
|  | DC-4 |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| 8CXS002.0000-00 | 24VDC1 | X |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC2 |  | X |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC3 |  |  | X |  |  |  |
|  | 24VDC4 |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| 8CXS001.0000-00 | X31A. 1 |  |  |  |  | X |  |
|  | X31A. 2 |  |  |  |  | X |  |
|  | X31C. 1 |  |  |  |  |  | x |
|  | X31C. 2 |  |  |  |  |  | X |

3. Fit front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Place the front cover on the module
- Attach the front cover using the 6 fastening screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)



### 6.2.1.4 Install the 8CVE connection box

1. Install the connection box in the system:

- Required tools: Hex key, size 5
- Create fixing holes in the mounting surface as shown in Section Fig. 81 "Dimension diagram and installation dimensions" on page 293.
- Fix the 8CVE module to the mounting surface using $4 \times \mathrm{M} 6 \times 25$ fixing screws (accessory set 8CXM001.0000-00).


Figure 82: Installing the 8CVE connection box

## Note:

8CVE modules only comply with IP65 as set out in EN 60529 if all the unallocated connections are covered with blind covers. Suitable caps and covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is rated at IP20 when delivered.

### 6.2.1.5 Cabling for the 8CVE connection box

The connections for the voltage supply as well as the STO inputs are located under the front cover on the 8CVE connection box.

1. Remove front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Remove the 6 fixing screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)
- Remove the front cover from the module


2. Create connections for voltage supply and STO in accordance with the diagram and Section 4.2.2.1.4.1 "Overview" on page 89

## Note:

The voltage supply for the 8CVE connection box may only be provided via an ACOPOSmulti drive system (expansion module 8BVE).

3. Fit front cover:

- Required tools: Size 10 Torx screwdriver
- Place the front cover on the module
- Attach the front cover using the 6 fastening screws indicated (M3x8 Torx screws)



## Note:

8CVE modules only comply with IP65 as set out in EN 60529 if all the unallocated connections are covered with blind covers. Suitable caps and covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is rated at IP20 when delivered.

### 6.3 ACOPOSmotor / ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 6.3.1 Installation and connection

### 6.3.1.1 Before installation

Read this user's manual completely before performing any work activities.
In addition, take into account the technical documentation for all other machine components as well as the finished machine.

### 6.3.1.2 Safety

Work on and wiring of ACOPOSmotor (8DI) and ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1) modules is only permitted to be carried out when they are in a voltage-free state and only by qualified personnel ${ }^{2}$. The control cabinet must first be disconnected from the power supply and secured against being switched on again.

Only use appropriate equipment and tools. Protect yourself with safety equipment.

## Warning!

Personal injury and damage to property due to unauthorized modifications!
As a result of unauthorized modifications to the product, the performance and limit values can be negatively affected and dangers can arise. Due to this, severe damage to property and injuries cannot be excluded.

Unauthorized modifications are therefore prohibited!

- Do not carry out any unauthorized modifications or alterations to the product.
- If necessary, contact B\&R.


### 6.3.1.2.1 General sources of danger

Tampering of protection or safety devices
Protective and/or safety devices protect you and other persons from dangerous voltage, rotating or moving elements and hot surfaces.

## Danger!

Personal injury and damage to property due to tampering of protective equipment!
If protective or safety devices are removed or put out of operation, there is no longer any personal protection and serious personal injury and damage to property can occur.

- Do not remove any safety devices.
- Do not put any safety devices out of operation.
- Always use all safety devices also for temporary testing and trial operations!


## Dangerous voltage

To operate the motors, dangerous voltage must be applied to certain parts.

## Danger!

Risk of injury due to electric shock!
If live parts are touched, there is immediate danger of fatal electric shock.
If connections are connected or disconnected in the incorrect order or when the power is switched on, electric arcs can occur and persons and contacts can be damaged.
Even if the motor is not rotating or is running as a generator driven externally, the control and power connections can still carry voltage!

- Never touch connections when the power is switched on.
- Never disconnect or connect electrical connections to the motor and servo drive when the power is switched on!
- Do not stay in the danger zone during operation and secure it against access by unauthorized persons.
- Always operate the motor with all safety equipment. Do this also for temporary testing and trial operations!
- Keep all covers and control cabinet doors closed during operation and as long as the machine is not disconnected from the mains.
- Before working on motors, gearboxes or servo drives or in the danger zone of your machine, disconnect them completely from the mains and secure them against being switched on again by other persons or automatic systems.
- Note the discharge time of any existing DC bus.
- Only connect measuring instruments when the power is switched off!


## Danger due to electromagnetic fields

Electromagnetic fields are generated by the operation of electrical power engineering equipment such as transformers, drives and motors.

## Danger!

Danger to health due to electromagnetic fields!
The functionality of a heart pacemaker can be impaired by electromagnetic fields to such an extent that the wearer experiences harm to his or her health, possibly with a fatal outcome.

- Observe relevant national health and safety regulations.
- Persons with pacemakers are not allowed to be in endangered areas.
- Warn staff by providing information, warnings and safety identification.
- Secure the danger zone by means of barriers.
- Ensure that electromagnetic fields are reduced at their source (using shields, for example).


## Dangerous motion

By rotating and positioning motions of the motors, machine elements are moved or driven and loads conveyed.
After switching on the machine, movements of the motor shaft must always be expected! For this reason, high-er-level protective measures must be put in place to ensure that personnel and the machine are protected. This type of protection can be achieved, for example, by using stable mechanical protective equipment such as protective covers, protective fences, protective gates or photoelectric sensors.

In the immediate vicinity of the machine, provide sufficient and easily accessible emergency switching-off devices to stop the machine as quickly as possible in the event of an accident.

## Danger!

Danger of injury due to rotating or moving elements and loads!
By rotating or moving elements, body parts can be drawn in or severed or subjected to impacts.

- Do not stay in the danger zone during operation and secure it against access by unauthorized persons.
- Before working on the machine, secure it against unwanted movements. If a holding brake is available, it must be checked for functionality after machine actuators have been attached and after maintenance and repair work has been carried out!
- Keep all covers and control cabinet doors closed during operation and as long as the machine is not disconnected from the mains.
- Always operate the motor with all safety equipment. Do this even during short testing and trial operations!
- Motors can be started automatically via remote control! If appropriate, a corresponding warning symbol must be applied, and protective measures must be implemented to prevent entry into the high-risk area!


## Danger!

Danger of injury due to loads!
Suspended loads can result in personal injury or death if they fall down. Heavy loads can tilt and trap people or severely injure them.

Failure to comply with instructions, guidelines and regulations or use of unsuitable or damaged tools and devices can result in serious injury and/or damage to property.

- Motors should only be lifted without any additional load from other products (e.g. connection elements).
- Only use permitted lifting, transport and aids with sufficient lifting capacity.
- Never stand in the danger zone or under suspended loads.
- Secure the product against dropping and tilting.
- Wear safety shoes, protective clothing and a safety helmet.
- Comply with the national and local regulations.


## Warning!

Danger of injury due to incorrect control or a defect!
Improper control of motors or a defect can result in injuries and unintended and hazardous movements of motors.

Such incorrect behavior can be triggered by:

- Incorrect installation or faults when handling components
- Improper or incomplete wiring
- Defective devices (servo drive, motor, position encoder, cables, brake)
- Incorrect control (e.g. caused by software error)

Risk due to hot surfaces
Due to the power dissipation from the motor and friction in the gearbox, these components as well as their environment can reach a temperature of more than $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

The resulting heat is released to the environment via the housing and the flange.

## Warning!

## Risk of burns due to hot surfaces!

Touching hot surfaces (e.g. motor and gearbox housings, as well as connected components), can result in very severe burns due to the very high temperature of these parts.

- Do not stay in the danger zone during operation and secure it against access by unauthorized persons.
- Never touch the motor or gearbox housing as well as adjacent surfaces during nominal load operation.
- Be aware of hot surfaces also during standstill.
- Allow the motor and gearbox to cool down sufficiently before working on them; there remains the risk of burns for a long period of time after they are switched off.
- Always operate the motor or gearbox with all safety devices. Do this also for temporary testing and trial operations!


### 6.3.1.2.2 Noise emissions

Take into account the health of personnel in proximity to the machine.

## Warning!

Hearing damage due to noise levels.
During operation, the motor can exceed the permissible workplace noise level and also cause hearing damage.

- Implement suitable noise reduction measures (e.g. housings, covers or other sound-insulating measures).
- Take into account applicable industrial safety regulations.


### 6.3.1.3 Shaft end and bearing

The motor shaft is supported on both sides with grease-lubricated grooved ball bearings. Protect the motor from damage due to excessive radial and axial forces!

Under all circumstances, avoid the following loads on the front shaft end or the rear motor housing cover:

- Excessive pressure
- Impacts
- Hammer blows


## Warning!

## Damage due to excessive axial forces!

The motor bearings can be damaged or the service life reduced by excessive axial forces (e.g. by impacting or pressing) on the shaft. Damage to the encoder or any installed options (holding brake, gearbox) is also possible.

- Do not hit the motor or output shaft with a hammer. The impact of a hammer certainly exceeds the permissible values.
- In addition, avoid impact and excessive pressure on the motor and output shaft.


## Overdetermined bearing

Avoid an overdetermined bearing when attaching drive elements onto the output shaft!. The necessarily occurring tolerances cause additional forces on the output shaft bearing. This can damage or significantly reduce the service life of the bearings!

## Lifting and transporting

The weight of attachment elements (toothed gears, pulleys, couplings, etc.) can have a harmful effect on the bearing during lifting and transportation from the motor. Take into account these radial and axial loads during these operations!

## Installing and removing attachment elements

Always install and remove the attachment elements (toothed gears, pulleys, couplings, etc.) at the shaft end without any axial load on the motor bearings and all other parts installed in the motor. For this, use suitable clamping sets, pressure sleeves, other clamping elements, retractors, etc. The centering hole on the face side of the shaft end can be used for this work.

Pay attention to balanced connection elements or corresponding assembly.
Secure the attachments against unintended loosening after installation and before operation.

### 6.3.1.4 Installing in the system

Before working on motors, gearboxes or servo drives or in the danger zone of your machine, disconnect them completely from the mains and secure them against being switched on again by other persons or automatic systems.

## Inspection

Before installation, inspect the components to determine whether they are suitable and undamaged.

## Warning!

Personal injury and damage to property due to damaged or unsuitable machine components! Operating a machine with damaged or unsuitable components is a safety risk and can result in failures. Severe damage to property and injuries cannot be excluded.

- Never operate a machine with a damaged motor or gearbox or any other damaged component.
- Never install a damaged component in a machine.
- Do not use motors or gearboxes that have already been overloaded during operation.
- Before installation, ensure that the motor or gearbox is suitable for the machine.
- It is better not to carry out short-term test and trial operations with damaged or inappropriate machine components.
- Label damaged or non-operational components in a readily visible location and clearly.


## Cleaning

Clean anti-corrosive agents and dirt off the output shaft and flange of the motor as well as the opposite side of the shaft and flange on the machine.

## Caution!

Damage to property caused by improper cleaning.
Contact with cleaning agents can damage oil seals, sealing lips and gaskets.

- Only use suitable and material-friendly cleaning agents.
- Ensure that oil seals, sealing lips and gaskets do not come into contact with cleaning agents.


## Installation with the mounting flange

Attach the motor with the motor flange, which also serves as a cooling surface, directly onto the machine.
For this, the motor must be screwed to the machine via the flange.
Apply tightening torque in accordance with the standard when tightening the screws and use a screw locking mechanism.

### 6.3.1.4.1 Fasteners and tightening torques

Use socket head cap screws (ISO 4762 - Property class min. 8.8) and flat washers.


Tighten the screws evenly in diagonally opposite sequence and with the correct tightening torque to avoid distorting the flange and excessively straining screws.

The specified values for screws are calculated values and based on the following requirements:

- Coefficient of friction $\mu=0.14$
- Screwing into steel

If the motor is screwed onto other materials or if there are different surface roughnesses, the user must determine the correct tightening torque.

## ACOPOSmotor

|  | Screw | Flat washer [mm] | Tightening torque [Nm] |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8 \mathrm{DI} \times 3$ | M6 | $6.4 \times 11$ | 10 |
| $8 \mathrm{DI} \times 4$ | M8 | $8.4 \times 14$ | 23 |
| 8 DI 55 | M10 | $10.5 \times 18$ | 43 |


|  | Screw | Flat washer $[\mathrm{mm}]$ | Tightening torque [Nm] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8D1x2 | M5 | $5.3 \times 9$ | 6 |

6.3.1.5 Connecting and disconnecting the motor

Observe the following safety guidelines and instructions when connecting and disconnecting the motor:
The module must be connected to ground potential.

## Danger!

Personal injury and damage to property due to missing ground potential!
If there is no proper ground potential on the module, fault currents can result in serious personal injury and damage to property.

- Connect the ACOPOSmotor module (8DI) properly to ground potential (PE rail) via the ground connection on the module (also for temporary testing and trial operations!).
- Connect the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) properly to ground potential (PE rail) via the module motor flange (also for temporary testing and trial operations!).


## Danger!

Risk of injury due to electric shock!
If live parts are touched, there is immediate danger of fatal electric shock.
If connections are connected or disconnected in the incorrect order or when the power is switched on, electric arcs can occur and persons and contacts can be damaged.

Even if the motor is not rotating or is running as a generator driven externally, the control and power connections can still carry voltage!

- Never touch connections when the power is switched on.
- Never disconnect or connect electrical connections to the motor and servo drive when the power is switched on!
- Do not stay in the danger zone during operation and secure it against access by unauthorized persons.
- Always operate the motor with all safety equipment. Do this also for temporary testing and trial operations!
- Keep all covers and control cabinet doors closed during operation and as long as the machine is not disconnected from the mains.
- Before working on motors, gearboxes or servo drives or in the danger zone of your machine, disconnect them completely from the mains and secure them against being switched on again by other persons or automatic systems.
- Note the discharge time of any existing DC bus.
- Only connect measuring instruments when the power is switched off!


## Warning!

## Risk of burns due to hot surfaces!

Touching hot surfaces (e.g. motor and gearbox housings, as well as connected components), can result in very severe burns due to the very high temperature of these parts.

- Do not stay in the danger zone during operation and secure it against access by unauthorized persons.
- Never touch the motor or gearbox housing as well as adjacent surfaces during nominal load operation.
- Be aware of hot surfaces also during standstill.
- Allow the motor and gearbox to cool down sufficiently before working on them; there remains the risk of burns for a long period of time after they are switched off.
- Always operate the motor or gearbox with all safety devices. Do this also for temporary testing and trial operations!


### 6.3.1.6 Cable clamp and bend radius

To ensure that cables and connectors are not exposed to harmful loads, the cable clamp (A) and minimum bend radius ( R ) must be observed during installation.


## Cable clamp (A)

- A = Max. 300 mm along longitudinal axis of connector
- The connection must be free of force and torque.
- Movement relative to the connector is not permitted!
- Tensile stress on cables and connectors is not permitted!


## Bend radius ( R )

- The minimum radius values can be taken from the current technical data sheet for the cable


## 7 Safety technology

### 7.1 ACOPOSremote / 8CVE connection box / ACOPOSmotor

### 7.1.1 Standard safety technology ("hardwired safety technology")

## Danger!

Especially in the area of safety technology, always consult the most current version of this document on the B\&R website for valid specifications (www.br-automation.com)! The specifications in this version of the document are not necessarily current. The user must verify the correctness of specifications before implementing safety functions!

### 7.1.1.1 General information

Safe pulse disabling is integrated in 8CVI and 8DI modules for safe stopping and to prevent unexpected startup. This is designed to satisfy the following safety classifications depending on the external circuit: ${ }^{10)}$

| Criteria | Characteristic values |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8CVI | 8DI |
| Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849 | CAT 4 | CAT 4 |
| Maximum Performance Level in accordance with EN ISO 13849 | PLe | PLe |
| Maximum Safety Integrity Level in accordance with IEC 62061 | SIL 3 | SIL 3 |
| Maximum Safety Integrity Level in accordance with IEC 61508 | SIL 3 | SIL 3 |
| PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) | $<2$ * $10^{-10}$ | $<5^{*} 10^{-10}$ |
| PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) dependent on the proof test interval (PTI) <br> With a PTI of 10 years <br> With a PTI of 20 years | $\begin{aligned} & <1 * 10^{-5} \\ & <2 * 10^{-5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <4 * 10^{-5} \\ & <7 * 10^{-5} \end{aligned}$ |
| PTI (proof test interval) | Max. 20 years | Max. 20 years |
| DC (diagnostic coverage) | 99\% | 99\% |
| MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) | 2500 years | 2500 years |

Table 185: Safety classifications, criteria and characteristics for safe pulse disabling

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module

The following table provides an overview of the individual safety functions that can be implemented:

| Name according to standard |  | Short description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EN 61800-5-2 | EN 60204-1 |  |
| STO (Safe Torque Off) | Stop category 0 | Cuts off the power supply |
| SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | Stop category 1 | Initiates active braking and activates function STO after a defined amount of time has passed |
| SS2 (Safe Stop 2) | Stop category 2 | Initiates active braking and activates function SOS after a defined amount of time has passed |
| SLS (苜afely Limited Speed) | --- | Protection against exceeding a defined speed limit |
| SOS (STafe O-perating Stop) | --- | Protection against impermissible position deviation |

Table 186: Overview of safety functions according to standards
Safe pulse disabling interrupts the supply to the motor by preventing the pulses to the IGBTs over two channels. In this way, a rotating field can no longer be created in synchronous and induction motors controlled by ACOPOSmicro inverters or in the 8DI modules.

Integrated safe pulse disabling therefore meets the requirements for preventing unexpected startup in accordance with EN 1037 as well as the requirements concerning Category 0 and 1 stop functions in accordance with EN 60204-1. Both stop functions require the power supply to the machine actuators to be switched off (immediately for Category 0 and after reaching standstill for Category 1). The requirements concerning the STO, SS1, SS2, SLS and SOS safety functions are also met in accordance with EN 61800-5-2.
The terminology of EN 61800-5-2 (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS) will be used in the following.

[^10]
### 7.1.1.2 Principle - Implementing the safety function

Safe pulse disabling is achieved by removing the power supply to the IGBT drivers in the 8CVI modules or 8DI modules. Two integrated 24 VDC DC-to-DC converters are supplied via terminals X3A / Enable1 and X3A / COM (5) as well as X3A / Enable 2 and X3A / COM (2). The two DC-to-DC converters generate the supply voltage for the IGBT drivers from this voltage.

8CVI


Figure 83: 8CVI - Block diagram for safe pulse disabling


Figure 84: 8DI - Block diagram for safe pulse disabling
If the 24 VDC voltage supply for one of the DC-to-DC converters is interrupted, the corresponding IGBT drivers are also no longer supplied. It is then no longer possible to transfer the modulation pattern needed to generate the rotating field on the IGBT output stage. This cuts off the supply of power to the motor.

### 7.1.1.2.1 Additional functions

The control unit performs a query to check if the output voltage of the two DC-to-DC converters is present. If voltage is not present on the output of one of the two DC-to-DC converters, then the control unit suppresses the generation of the modulation pattern.

## Danger!

After activating safe pulse disabling using connections X3A / Enable1 and X3A / COM (5) or X3A / Enable 2 and X3A / COM (2), the motor is de-energized and therefore torque-free. If the motor was moving before activation of safe pulse disabling, it is only stopped by a safe operational brake (available under certain conditions) or from the friction of the complete system. The motor is therefore not able to hold hanging loads. Safe holding brakes must be used for this purpose.

## Danger!

The switch-off time for the enable inputs must be taken into consideration since it has a substantial effect on the response time of the safety functions and therefore the remaining distances and times to be considered. In order to calculate the total safety response time, the user must validate the lag time throughout the complete system.

The switch-off times for the enable inputs can be found in the technical data for the respective 8CVI or 8DI module.

## Danger!

Activating safe pulse disabling via the connections X3A / Enable1 and X3A / COM (5) or X3A / Enable 2 and X3A / COM (2) is not sufficient for achieving a de-energized drive and therefore does not provide sufficient protection against electrical shock!

## Danger!

Depending on the application, it is possible for the drive to restart after safe pulse disabling is deactivated.

## Danger!

The brake controller integrated in 8CVI and 8DI modules as well as the holding brake integrated in B\&R standard motors satisfy the requirements up to Category B in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1.

Additional measures are necessary to achieve higher safety categories.

## Danger!

The C standards relevant to applications must be observed!

## Danger!

Note that an error can cause a brief forward movement. The maximum turning angle of the motor shaft $\varphi$ during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.
For permanently excited synchronous motors, $\varphi=360^{\circ} / 2 p$ (for B\&R standard motors, $p=3$ so the angle is $60^{\circ}$ ). For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation (between $5^{\circ}$ and $15^{\circ}$ ).
7.1.1.3 Wiring the enable inputs to the required Safety Category / SIL / PL

Using the example of the STO safety function, different circuit variations for the enable inputs of 8CVI or 8DI modules are given here with regard to the required Safety Category / SIL / PL.

## Danger!

Any faults (e.g. cross faults) that are not detected can lead to the loss of safety functionality.
Appropriate measures must be taken to justify the exclusion of errors. For instance, faults caused by a short circuit between any two wires can be excluded per EN ISO 13849-2, appendix D.5, if one of the following conditions is met:

- The wires are permanently installed and protected against external damage (e.g. using a cable duct or armored conduit).
- The wires are installed in different plastic-sheathed cables or within an area for electrical equipment ${ }^{11)}$.
- The wires are each individually protected by a ground connection.

For more fault exclusions, see EN ISO 13849-2, appendix D.5.

## Danger!

To achieve Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e, it must be ensured that a buildup of errors does not lead to a loss of safety functionality. Monitoring can be aborted after the third error if the likelihood that more errors will occur can be considered low.

To achieve Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d, it must be ensured that a single error does not lead to a loss of safety functionality.

### 7.1.1.3.1 STO, Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant A)

An enable input on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module is supplied with +24 V via a switching contact of a safe E -stop switching device. The COM of the second enable input on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module is supplied with 0 V via another switching contact of a safe E-stop switching device. Activating the S1 E-stop switch opens both switching contacts on the Estop device, cutting off the enable input and the COM of the second enable input.

[^11]

Figure 85: STO, Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant A)
This circuit covers a majority of the wiring and isolation errors in the area of supply lines to the E-stop switching device and to the enable inputs.
The following errors can occur in the external circuit: ${ }^{12)}$

| Error | Error description | Effects | Safety functionality in accordance with Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e maintained? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Interruption of the supply line to connection 13 | Power to the motor is cut off | Yes |
| 2 | Interruption of the supply line to connection 23 | Power to the motor is cut off | Yes |
| 3 | Short circuit between connection 13 and 23 | F1 fuse triggered immediately | Yes |
| 4 | Short circuit between connection 13 and 0 V | F1 fuse triggered immediately | Yes |
| 5 | Short circuit between connection 23 and +24 V | F1 fuse triggered immediately | Yes |
| 6 | Short circuit between connection 13 and 24 | F1 fuse triggered by requesting safety function | Yes |
| 7 | Short circuit between connection 23 and 14 | F1 fuse triggered by requesting safety function | Yes |
| 8 | Short circuit between connection 13 and 14 | Unknown error | No, safety function reverts to Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d |
| 9 | Short circuit between connection 23 and 24 | Unknown error | No, safety function reverts to Category 3/SIL 2 / PL d |
| 10 | Interruption of the supply line to connection 14 | Power to the motor is cut off | Yes |
| 11 | Interruption of the supply line to connection 24 | Power to the motor is cut off | Yes |
| 12 | Short circuit between connection 14 and 0 V | F1 fuse triggered by requesting safety function | Yes |
| 13 | Short circuit between connection 24 and +24 V | F1 fuse triggered by requesting safety function | Yes |
| 14 | Short circuit between connection 14 and +24 V | Unknown error | No, safety function reverts to Category 3/SIL 2 / PL d |
| 15 | Short circuit between connection 24 and +0 V | Unknown error | No, safety function reverts to Category 3/SIL 2 / PL d |
| 16 | Short circuit between connection 14 and 24 | F1 fuse triggered by requesting safety function | Yes |

Table 187: List of possible errors

## Danger!

The S1 switch shown requires the use of a two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device with a positively driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device must be used for the K1 relay shown.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!
It must be possible to exclude the following errors according to "List of possible errors" by taking sufficient measures (wiring protected against short circuit):

- Error 8
- Error 9
- Error 14
- Error 15


### 7.1.1.3.2 STO, Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant B)

The two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module are supplied via a safe digital output (Out1+, Out1-). If the safety function is requested, then the safe digital output disconnects the two enable inputs.


Figure 86: STO, Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant B)
Errors in the external wiring do not have to be monitored because they are detected by the safe digital output.

## Danger!

A safe digital Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e output module must be used for the DO1 safe digital output shown.

The guidelines listed in the safe digital output module's user documentation must be observed!
7.1.1.3.3 STO, Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

When an E-stop button is pressed, one or both enable inputs on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module is cut off from the +24 V supply by a switch, thereby cutting off the motor's power supply.


Figure 87: STO, Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

## Danger!

If only one of the two enable inputs is disconnected from the +24 V supply using a switch, suitable wiring measures must be taken to rule out a short circuit between the X3A / Enable1 and X3A / Enable2 connections in order to guarantee compliance with the safety category!

## Danger!

A 1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching device with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 switch per EN 60947-5-1.

The information in the user documentation for the switching device must be observed!
7.1.1.4 Wiring the enable inputs to the required Safety Category / SIL / PL and functionality (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS)

The following illustrates example wiring suggestions for the external wiring of the enable inputs on 8CVI or 8DI modules. They vary in their safety classification in accordance with EN 60204-1, ISO 13849 and EN 61800-5-2 as well as with regard to the safety function (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS).

## Information:

The following wiring suggestions do not include a line contactor because it is not needed to comply with the required Safety Category / SIL / PL.

### 7.1.1.4.1 STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e

8CVI


Figure 88: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8CVI module are not included in the safety function!


Figure 89: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

## STO

Activating the S1 E-stop switch de-energizes the switching contacts of the K1 E-stop switching device. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately.

## SLS

Opening the S2 switch activates the SLS safety function. The switching contacts of the K2 overspeed monitor are opened if the monitor's set speed limit is exceeded. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the K2 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

## SOS

Opening the S2 switch activates the SOS safety function. The switching contacts of the K2 standstill monitor are opened when the standstill monitor is activated. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the K2 standstill monitor is activated.

## Information:

Either the SLS or the SOS safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the K2 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of a two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device with a positively driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e E-stop switching device must be used for the K1 and K2 relays shown.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!
7.1.1.4.2 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant A)

8CVI


Figure 90: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8 CVI module are not included in the safety function!

## Information:

For this circuit, the X24A / Trigger input on the 8CVI module must be configured as a quick-stop for the affected axis.


Figure 91: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

## Information:

For this circuit, the X23A / Trigger2 input on the 8DI module must be configured as a quick-stop for the affected axis.

## SS1

Activating the S1 E-stop switch triggers an active braking procedure via an undelayed switching contact of the K1 E-stop switching device on the X24A / Trigger input of the 8CVI inverter module or the X23A / Trigger2 input of the 8DI module. The delayed switching contacts of the K1 E-stop switching device are de-energized after a defined amount of time. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening the S2 switch activates the SLS safety function and triggers an active braking procedure on the X23A / Trigger input of the 8CVI inverter module or the X23A / Trigger1 input of the 8DI module. After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on the K2 overspeed monitor. If the speed limit is exceeded, then the two enable inputs of the 8 CVI or 8DI module are disconnected via the undelayed switching contacts of the K2 overspeed monitor. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the K2 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening the S2 switch activates the SS2 safety function and triggers an active braking procedure on the X23A / Trigger input of the 8CVI inverter module or the X23A / Trigger1 input of the 8DI module. After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on the K2 standstill monitor. If the tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor K2 is activated), then the enable inputs of the 8 CVI or 8 DI module are disconnected via the undelayed switching contacts of the K2 standstill monitor. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the K2 standstill monitor is activated.

## Information:

Either the SLS or the SS2 safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the K2 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of a two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device with a positively driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e E-stop switching device must be used for the K1 and K2 relays shown.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!

### 7.1.1.4.3 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant B)

8CVI


Figure 92: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8CVI module are not included in the safety function!

8DI


Figure 93: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e (Variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

SS1
Activating emergency switch-off S1 triggers an active braking procedure over the POWERLINK network via an undelayed switching contact of emergency switching-off device K1 on digital input "EmergencyStop" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325). After a defined amount of time, the delayed switching contacts of emergency switching-off device K1 are de-energized. This disconnects the two enable inputs of the 8CVI module or 8 DI module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers active braking via the POWERLINK network on digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325). After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor K2. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, then the two enable inputs of the 8CVI module or 8DI module are cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of overspeed monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the K2 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

SS2
Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure via the POWERLINK network on digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325). After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor K2. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor K2 is activated), then the two enable inputs of the 8 CVI module or 8 DI module are cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of standstill monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the K2 standstill monitor is activated.

## Information:

Either the SLS or the SS2 safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the K2 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of a two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device with a positively driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A two-pin Category 4 / SIL 3 / PL e E-stop switching device must be used for the K1 and K2 relays shown.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!

## Code example

## Issuing the stop command via POWERLINK:

```
if ( ! statStopActive )
{
    /* Move stop not active: check move stop inputs */
    if ( DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_LOW )
    {
        /* Move stop with emergency stop deceleration */
        MC_Stop_O.Deceleration = E_STOP_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
    else if ( cmdStopAxis1 )
    {
        /* Move stop with application deceleration */
        MC_Stop_0.Deceleration = APPLICATION_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
}
else
{
    /* Move stop is active, wait until it is finished */
    if (DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_HIGH &&
        cmdStopAxis1 == 0 &&
        MC_Stop_0.Done == 1 )
    {
        /* Move stop complete */
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 0;
        stätStopActive = 0;
    }
}
MC Stop 0.Axis = AxisRef1;
MC_Stop( &MC_Stop_0 );
```


### 7.1.1.4.4 STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

8 CVI


Figure 94: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8 CVI module are not included in the safety function!

8DI


Figure 95: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

## STO

Activating the S1 E-stop switch disconnects both of the 8CVI or 8DI module's enable inputs. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately.

## SLS

Opening the S2 switch activates the SLS safety function. The switching contact of the S3 overspeed monitor is opened if the monitor's configured speed limit is exceeded. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the S3 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

SOS
Opening the S 2 switch activates the SOS safety function. The switching contact of the overspeed monitor is opened when the S3 standstill monitor is activated. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the S3 standstill monitor is activated.

## Information:

Either the SLS or the SOS safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the S3 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of one-pin Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices with a positively-driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A one-pin Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching device must be used for the S3 switching device shown.
The guidelines in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!
7.1.1.4.5 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant A)

8CVI


Figure 96: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8CVI module are not included in the safety function!

## Information:

For this circuit, the X24A / Trigger input on the 8CVI module must be configured as a quick-stop for the affected axis.


Figure 97: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

## Information:

For this circuit, the X23A / Trigger2 input on the 8DI module must be configured as a quick-stop for the affected axis.

## SS1

Pressing the S1 E-stop button de-energizes the K1 relay. This triggers an active braking procedure via the X24A / Trigger input on the 8CVI module or the X23A / Trigger2 input of the 8DI module.

The K1 auxiliary drop-out delay relay is de-energized after a defined amount of time. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8CVI or 8DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening the S2 switch activates the SLS safety function and triggers an active braking procedure via the X23A / Trigger input on the 8CVI inverter module or the X23A / Trigger1 input on the 8DI module. After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on the S3 overspeed monitor. If the speed limit is exceeded, then the two enable inputs of the 8CVI or 8DI module are disconnected via the undelayed switching contact of the S3 overspeed monitor. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the S3 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening the S2 switch activates the SS2 safety function and triggers an active braking procedure via the X23A / Trigger input on the 8CVI inverter module or the X23A / Trigger1 input on the 8DI module. After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on the S 3 standstill monitor. If the set tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor S3 is activated), then the two enable inputs of the 8CVI or 8DI module are disconnected via the undelayed switching contact of the S3 standstill monitor. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the S3 standstill monitor is activated.

## Information:

Either the SLS or the SS2 safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the S3 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of one-pin Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices with a positively-driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A one-pin Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching device must be used for the K1 relay shown as well as the S 3 switching device.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!

### 7.1.1.4.6 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant B)

8CVI


Figure 98: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8 CVI module are not included in the safety function!

8DI


Figure 99: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (Variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this image as well as brake control from the 8DI module are not included in the safety function!

## SS1

Activating emergency switch-off S1 triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "EmergencyStop" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325).
The K1 auxiliary drop-out delay relay is de-energized after a defined amount of time. This cuts off the two enable inputs on the 8 CVI or 8 DI module. As a result, the supply of power to the motor is cut off.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325). After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor S3. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, then the two enable inputs of the 8CVI module or 8 DI module are cut off via the undelayed switching contact of overspeed monitor S3. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the speed limit set on the S3 overspeed monitor is exceeded.

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Code example" on page 325). After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor S3. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor S3 is activated), then the two enable inputs of the 8CVI module or 8DI module are cut off via the undelayed switching contact of standstill monitor S3. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is always cut off immediately when the S3 standstill monitor is activated.

Either the SLS or the SS2 safety function can be implemented depending on the function of the S3 switching device (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

The S1 and S2 switches shown require the use of two or one-pin switching devices (Category 3 / SIL $2 /$ PL d) with a positively driven N.C. contact in accordance with EN 60947-5-1. A one-pin Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching device must be used for the K1 relay shown as well as the S3 switching device.
The instructions in the switching device's user documentation must be observed!

## Code example

Issuing the stop command via POWERLINK:

```
if ( ! statStopActive )
{
    /* Move stop not active: check move stop inputs */
    if ( DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_LOW )
    {
        /* Move stop with emergency stop deceleration */
        MC_Stop_0.Deceleration = E_STOP_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
    else if ( cmdStopAxis1 )
    {
        /* Move stop with application deceleration */
        MC_Stop_0.Deceleration = APPLICATION_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
}
else
{
    /* Move stop is active, wait until it is finished */
    if ( DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_HIGH &&
        cmdStopAxis1 == 0 &&
        MC_Stop_0.Done == 1 )
    {
        /* Move stop complete */
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 0;
        statStopActive = 0;
    }
}
MC_Stop_0.Axis = AxisRef1;
MC_Stop( &MC_Stop_0 );
```


### 7.1.2 SafeMOTION - Functional safety technology

For information about SafeMOTION functional safety technology, see chapter 5 "System characteristics" and chapter 6 "Safety technology" (sections 6.1 to 6.4) of SafeMOTION user's manual MAACPMSAFEMC-xxx.

### 7.2 ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 7.2.1 Standard safety technology ("hardwired safety technology")

Motor-integrated ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1) drives with standard safety technology implement safety function Safe Torque Off (STO) per EN 61800-5-2. The cutoff corresponds to stop category 0 per EN 60204-1.

Safety functions SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS (EN 61800-5-2) and stop categories 1 and 2 (EN 60204-1) can also be implemented through the use of additional components (time relays, speed monitors, etc.) (see "Wiring the enable inputs per required safety category / SIL / PL and functionality (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS)" on page 343).

## Caution!

Safety function STO does not protect against faults that occur in non-safety-related functions of mo-tor-integrated ACOPOSmotor Compact drives with standard safety technology!

## Danger!

Especially in the area of safety technology, always consult the most current version of this document on the B\&R website for valid specifications (www.br-automation.com)! The specifications in this version of the document are not necessarily current. The user must verify the correctness of specifications before implementing safety functions!

### 7.2.1.1 General information

Safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) is integrated in 8D1 modules for safe stopping. This is designed to satisfy the following safety classifications depending on the external wiring: ${ }^{13)}$

| Criteria | Characteristic values ${ }^{2)}$ <br>  <br> Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849$\quad$ ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849 | Cat. 3 |
| Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61800-5-2 | PL e |
| Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061 | SIL 3 |
| Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508 | SIL 3 |
| PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) | SIL 3 |
| PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) depending on the proof test <br> interval (PTI) <br> For a PTI of 20 years | $<66^{* 10^{-9}}$ |
| PTI (proof test interval) ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ | $<4 * 10^{-4}$ |
| DC (diagnostic coverage) | Max. 20 years |
| Diagnostic test interval | $>90 \%$ |
| MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) | Max. 3 months |

Table 188: Safety classifications, criteria and characteristic values for safety function STO

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
2) These characteristic values are only valid if a diagnostic test interval of max. 3 months is observed - see "Testing" (Page 337).

The following table provides an overview of the individual safety functions that can be implemented:

| Name according to standard | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EN 61800-5-2 | EN 60204-1 |  |
| STO (Safe Torque Off) | Stop category 0 | Cuts off the power supply |
| SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | Stop category 1 | Initiates active braking and activates function STO after a defined amount of time has passed |
| SS2 (Safe Stop 2) | Stop category 2 | Initiates active braking and activates function SOS after a defined amount of time has passed |
| SLS (Safely Limited Speed) | --- | Protection against exceeding a defined speed limit |
| SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | --- | Protection against impermissible position deviation |

Table 189: Overview of safety functions according to standards
Safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) interrupts the power supply to the motor by preventing the pulses to the power output stage over two channels. This means that a rotating field and thus electrical torque can no longer be built up in 8D1 modules.

As a result, the requirements regarding the stop functions of category 0 per EN 60204-1 are met with safety function STO present. With the use of additional components, the requirements of category 1 per EN 60204-1 are also met. Both stop functions require switching off the power supply to the machine drive elements (immediately for category 0 and after reaching standstill for category 1).

The terminology of EN 61800-5-2 (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS) will be used in the following.
${ }^{13)}$ For detailed information about the listed standards and safety functions, see section Standards and certifications.

## Danger!

If the safety functions integrated in the drive system are used in an application, then the safety functions must be fully validated before the drive system is switched on for the first time. There is a risk of death, serious injury or damage to property.

## Information:

If module-internal hardware errors occur, safety function STO switches to the safe state and interrupts the supply of power to the drive (failsafe principle). If a hardware defect occurs, then the entire module must be replaced.

### 7.2.1.2 Principle - Implementing the safety function

Safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) is achieved by interrupting the pulse patterns to the power output stage in the ACOPOSmotor Compact. The internal power supply for the drivers $\left(\mathrm{Vcc}_{\mathrm{HS}} / \mathrm{Vcc}_{\mathrm{LS}}\right)$ is safely switched via terminals "Enable signal+" and "Enable signal-" so that the pulse patterns can be transferred to the power output stage.

8D1


Figure 100: Block diagram of safety function STO-8D1
If control at the "Enable signal+" and "Enable signal-" terminals drops out, the driver supply is reliably interrupted and the pulse patterns are no longer transferred. It is then no longer possible to transfer the pulse pattern needed to generate the rotating field to the power output stage. This cuts off the supply of power to the motor.

### 7.2.1.2.1 Additional functions

The presence of the driver supply voltages is queried by the control unit. If no voltage is applied, generation of the pulse patterns by the control system is also suppressed.

## Testing

The two switches for switching off the driver power supply are checked for plausibility by test logic. Testing is active when function STO is activated. In the event of an invalid test result - e.g. due to a defective semiconductor switch - the safe state is assumed by switching off the driver power supply. This state is locked, i.e. it can only be unlocked by removing the module power supply. In the safely locked state, "Enable off" is reported as the STO status, even if the STO input is supplied with power.

To achieve the specified safety characteristics, the diagnostic test interval of max. 3 months must be observed. Since diagnostics is only active when the safety function is activated, it must be enabled cyclically.
The user must perform the following test routine or automatic test for this.
Manual test - Test routine

| Step 1 | Apply the module power supply or check for its presence. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Step 2 | Activate STO: Low level (<5 V) between terminals "Enable signal+" and "Enable signal-" |
| Step 3 | Deactivate STO: High level (>15 V) between terminals "Enable signal+" and "Enable signal-" |
| Step 4 | Check for an error-free drive (STO status correct or enabling the controller possible without er- <br> rors). <br> The supply voltage is only permitted to be reapplied after this control step; otherwise, the test <br> result loses its validity! |

## Notice!

If the drive cannot be put into service at step 4 due to a missing enable, there is a potentially dangerous error and the module must be replaced immediately or reported to $B \& R$ customer support.

## Notice!

If an error message related to the enable input occurs during operation or after activation of safety function STO, a manual test routine must be performed.

## Automatic test

Alternatively, the test routine can be automated by using a safe output module with OSSD functionality. The OSSD test gaps in the signal of the STO control ensure cyclic activation of the test logic, which is why the manual test routine is permitted to be omitted. In the event of a module fault, the safe state is achieved by switching off the driver power supply. The module can no longer be put into service and must be replaced.

Wiring example see Fig. 102 "STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant B)" on page 341
For a list of safe and compatible B\&R output modules, see chapter "Connection examples" $\rightarrow$ "Connecting drive systems" $\rightarrow$ "Tested products" $\rightarrow$ "B\&R" $\rightarrow$ "ACOPOSmotor Compact" in the "Integrated safety technology user's manual".
The most current version of the "Integrated safety technology user's manual" is available for download - see the B\&R website (www.br-automation.com).

## Notice!

It is necessary to configure parameter "Disable OSSD = No".

### 7.2.1.3 General danger notices

## Danger!

After activating safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) via terminals "Enable signal+" and "Enable signal-", the motor is de-energized and therefore not generating torque. If the motor was moving before safety function STO is activated, it is only stopped by a safe operational brake (if available) or by the friction of the complete system. The motor is therefore not able to hold suspended loads. Safe holding brakes must be used for this purpose.

## Danger!

The switch-off time of the enable inputs must be taken into account since it has a substantial effect on the response time of the safety functions and therefore the remaining distances and times to be considered! In order to calculate the total safety response time, the user must validate the rundown time of the complete system!

The switch-off time for the enable inputs is listed in the technical data.

## Danger!

Activating safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) via terminals "Enable signal+" and "Enable sig-nal-" is not suitable for switching off voltage to the motor and therefore does not provide sufficient protection against electrical shock!

## Danger!

Depending on the application, it is possible for the motor to restart after safety function STO (safe pulse disabling) is deactivated.

## Danger!

The C standards relevant to applications must be observed!

## Danger!

Note that multiple errors in the power output stage can cause a brief forward movement. Maximum angle of rotation $\varphi$ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor used. For permanent magnet synchronous motors, $\varphi=360^{\circ} / 2 p$ (for $B \& R 8 D 1$ motors, $p=4$ so that the angle is $45^{\circ}$ ).

This short forward movement can be excluded as a fault per EN ISO 13849-1, among other things due to the improbability that this would occur and due to general technical experience.

### 7.2.1.4 Wiring the enable inputs to the required safety category / SIL / PL

This section uses the example of safety function STO to illustrate the different wiring variations of the enable inputs on the 8D1 module to achieve the required safety category / SIL / PL.

## Danger!

Any faults (e.g. cross faults) that are not detected can lead to the loss of safety functionality.
Appropriate measures must be taken to justify the exclusion of errors. For instance, faults caused by a short circuit between any two wires can be excluded per EN ISO 13849-2, appendix D.5, if one of the following conditions is met:

- The wires are permanently installed and protected against external damage (e.g. using a cable duct or armored conduit).
- The wires are installed in different plastic-sheathed cables or within an area for electrical equipment ${ }^{14)}$.
- The wires are each individually protected by a ground connection.

For more fault exclusions, see EN ISO 13849-2, appendix D.5.

## Danger!

In order to achieve safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL 3, it must be ensured that an individual fault does not result in loss of the safety function.

### 7.2.1.4.1 STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant A)

An enable input on the 8D1 module is supplied with +24 V via a switching contact of a safe emergency switching-off device. Activating emergency switch-off S1 opens both switching contacts of the emergency switching-off device and disconnects the enable input over two channels.


Figure 101: STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant A)
This circuit covers a portion of the wiring and insulation faults for the supply lines to the emergency switching-off device and to the enable inputs.

[^12]The following fault events can occur in the external wiring: ${ }^{15)}$

| Fault event | Error description | Effect |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Interruption of the power supply cable to connection 13 | Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 2 | Interruption of the power supply cable to connection 23 | Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 3 | Short circuit between connections 13 and 23 | Fuse F1 is triggered immediately. |
| 4 | Short circuit between connections 13 and 0 V | Fuse F1 is triggered immediately. |
| 5 | Short circuit between connections 23 and +24 V | Fuse F1 is triggered immediately. |
| 6 | Short circuit between connections 13 and 24 | Fuse F1 is triggered in the operating state. Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 7 | Short circuit between connections 23 and 14 | Fuse F1 is triggered in the operating state. Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 8 | Short circuit between connections 13 and 14 | Error not detected |
| 9 | Short circuit between connections 23 and 24 | Error not detected |
| 10 | Interruption of the power supply cable to connection 14 | Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 11 | Interruption of the power supply cable to connection 24 | Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 12 | Short circuit between connections 14 and 0 V | Fuse F1 is triggered in the operating state. Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 13 | Short circuit between connections 24 and +24 V | Fuse F1 is triggered in the operating state. Power to the motor is cut off. |
| 14 | Short circuit between connections 14 and +24 V | Error not detected |
| 15 | Short circuit between connections 24 and +0 V | Error not detected |
| 16 | Short circuit between connections 14 and 24 | Fuse F1 is triggered in the operating state. Power to the motor is cut off. |

Table 190: List of possible fault events

## Danger!

A 2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 switch per EN 60947-5-1. A 2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching device must be used for the shown K1 relay.
The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!
The following fault events (per List of possible fault events) must be evaluated with regard to the safety-critical influence on switching device K1 or must be able to be excluded by suitable wiring measures (short-circuit-proof wiring).

- Fault event 8
- Fault event 9
- Fault event 14
- Fault event 15


### 7.2.1.4.2 STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant B)

The enable input of the 8D1 module is supplied via a safe digital output (Out1+, Out1-). If the safety function is requested, then the safe digital output cuts off the enable input.


Figure 102: STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant B)

[^13]
## Safety technology

The consideration of fault events in the external wiring for fault exclusion purposes is not necessary since faults are detected by the safe digital output.
For additional information about the use, compatibility and wiring of safe output modules, see the "Integrated safety technology user's manual".
The most current version of the "Integrated safety technology user's manual" is available for download on the B\&R website (www.br-automation.com)!

## Danger!

A safe category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e digital output module must be used for the shown DO1 safe digital output.
The information in the user documentation for the safe digital output module must be observed!
7.2.1.5 Wiring the enable inputs per required safety category / SIL / PL and functionality (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS)

The following illustrates exemplary circuit suggestions for the external wiring of the enable input of the 8D1 module. They vary in their safety classification per EN 60204-1, ISO 13849 and EN 61800-5-2 as well as with regard to the safety function (STO, SS1, SS2, SLS, SOS).

## Information:

The following wiring suggestions do not include a line contactor since one is not necessary to comply with the required safety category / SIL / PL.
7.2.1.5.1 STO, SLS, SOS - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e

8D1


Figure 103: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

## STO

Activating emergency switch-off S1 de-energizes the switching contacts of emergency switching-off device K1. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case.

## SLS

Safety function SLS is activated by opening switch S2. The switching contacts of overspeed monitor K2 are opened if the monitor's set speed limit is exceeded. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor K2 is exceeded.

## SOS

Safety function SOS is activated by opening switch S2. The switching contacts of standstill monitor K2 are opened when the standstill monitor is activated. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor K2 is activated.

## Information:

Safety function SLS or SOS can be implemented depending on the function of switching device K2 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. 2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices must be used for the shown K1 and K2 relays.

The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!
7.2.1.5.2 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant A)

8D1 with electronics option


Figure 104: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

## Information:

With this wiring, input X24A / Trigger of the 8D1 module must be configured as quick stop for the respective axis.

## SS1

Activating emergency switch-off S1 triggers an active braking procedure via an undelayed switching contact of emergency switching-off device K1 on input X24A / Trigger of the 8D1 module. After a defined amount of time, the delayed switching contacts of emergency switching-off device K1 are de-energized. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off in every case after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers an active braking procedure on input X23A / Trigger of the 8D1 module. After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor K2. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of overspeed monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor K2 is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure on input X23A / Trigger of the 8D1 module. After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor K2. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor K2 is activated), the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of standstill monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor K2 is activated.

## Information:

Safety function SLS or SS2 can be implemented depending on the function of switching device K2 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. 2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices must be used for the shown K1 and K2 relays.
The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!
7.2.1.5.3 SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant B)

8D1


Figure 105: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

SS1
Activating emergency switch-off S1 triggers an active braking procedure over the POWERLINK network via an undelayed switching contact of emergency switching-off device K1 on digital input "EmergencyStop" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349). After a defined amount of time, the delayed switching contacts of emergency switching-off device K1 are de-energized. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off in every case after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers active braking via the POWERLINK network on digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349). After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor K2. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of overspeed monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor K2 is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure via the POWERLINK network on digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349). After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor K2. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor K2 is activated), the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contacts of standstill monitor K2. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor K2 is activated.

## Information:

Safety function SLS or SS2 can be implemented depending on the function of switching device K2 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. 2-pole category 3 or 4 / SIL 3 / PL e switching devices must be used for the shown K1 and K2 relays.
The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!

## Example code

Issuing the stop command via POWERLINK:

```
if ( ! statStopActive )
{
    /* Move stop not active: check move stop inputs */
    if ( DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_LOW )
    {
        /* Move stop with emergency stop deceleration */
        MC_Stop_0.Deceleration = E_STOP_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
    else if ( cmdStopAxis1 )
    {
        /* Move stop with application deceleration */
        MC_Stop_0.Deceleration = APPLICATION_DECELERATION;
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 1;
        statStopActive = 1;
    }
}
else
{
    /* Move stop is active, wait until it is finished */
    if (DI_EmergencyStop == INPUT_LEVEL_HIGH &&
        cmdStopAxis1 == 0 &&
        MC_Stop_0.Done == 1 )
    {
        /* Move stop complete */
        MC_Stop_0.Execute = 0;
        statStopActive = 0;
    }
}
MC_Stop_0.Axis = AxisRef1;
MC_Stop( &MC_Stop_0 );
```

8D1


Figure 106: STO, SLS, SOS - Safety category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

## STO

The enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off by activating emergency switch-off S1. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case.

## SLS

Safety function SLS is activated by opening switch S2. The switching contact of overspeed monitor S3 is opened if the monitor's configured speed limit is exceeded. The enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor S3 is exceeded.

## SOS

Safety function SOS is activated by opening switch S2. If standstill monitor S3 is activated, then the switching contact of the overspeed monitor is opened. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor S3 is activated.

## Information:

Safety function SLS or SOS can be implemented depending on the function of switching device S3 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. A 1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching device must be used for the shown S3 switching device.
The information in the user documentation for the switching device must be observed!

8D1 with electronics option


Figure 107: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (variant A)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

## Information:

With this wiring, input X24A / Trigger of the 8D1 module must be configured as quick stop for the respective axis.

## SS1

Activating emergency switch-off S1 causes relay K 1 to drop out. This triggers an active braking procedure via input X24A / Trigger of the 8D1 module.

After a defined amount of time, auxiliary dropout delay relay K1 is de-energized. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off in every case after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers an active braking procedure via input X23A / Trigger of the 8D1 module. After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor S3. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contact of overspeed monitor S3. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor S3 is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure via input X23A / Trigger of the 8D1 module. After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor S3. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor S3 is activated), the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contact of standstill monitor S3. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor S3 is activated.

## Information:

Safety function SLS or SS2 can be implemented depending on the function of switching device S3 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. 1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices must be used for the shown K1 relay and switching device S3.
The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!

8D1


Figure 108: SS1, SLS, SS2 - Safety category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d (variant B)

## Danger!

The brake shown in this figure as well as the brake controller provided by the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) are not part of the safety function!

## Information:

The module-internal encoder of the ACOPOSmotor Compact module (8D1) does not have certification for safe position evaluation and is therefore not suitable for implementing this safety function.

SS1
Activating emergency switch-off S1 triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "EmergencyStop" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349).
After a defined amount of time, auxiliary dropout delay relay K 1 is de-energized. This cuts off the enable input of the 8D1 module. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.

This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off in every case after a defined amount of time.

## SLS

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SLS and triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349). After a defined amount of time, speed monitoring is activated on overspeed monitor S3. If the configured speed limit is exceeded, the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contact of overspeed monitor S 3 . The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case when the speed limit set on overspeed monitor S 3 is exceeded.

## SS2

Opening switch S2 activates safety function SS2 and triggers an active braking procedure via digital input "nLimit" on the controller (see "Example code" on page 349). After a defined amount of time, standstill monitoring is activated on standstill monitor S3. If the configured tolerance limit is exceeded (standstill monitor S3 is activated), the enable input of the 8D1 module is cut off via the undelayed switching contact of standstill monitor S3. The supply of power to the motor is cut off as a result.
This ensures that the supply of power to the motor is cut off immediately in every case if standstill monitor S3 is activated.

Safety function SLS or SS2 can be implemented depending on the function of switching device S3 (overspeed monitor or standstill monitor).

## Danger!

2-pole or 1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices with a positively driven normally closed contact must be used for the shown S1 and S2 switches per EN 60947-5-1. 1-pole category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d switching devices must be used for the shown K1 relay and switching device S3.
The information in the user documentation for the switching devices must be observed!

## 8 Accessories

### 8.1 ACOPOSremote / 8CVE connection box / ACOPOSmotor

### 8.1.1 General accessories

### 8.1.1.1 Overview

Connection cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8 CVI or 8 DI , length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0015.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ $15-$ pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0020.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |
| 8CCH0025.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $25 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains | 357 |

## Hybrid cables

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CCH0005.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0007.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0010.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0015.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |
| 8CCH0020.11110-1 | Hybrid cable, length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector,, <br> can be used in cable drag chains | 362 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0001.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0002.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0003.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0004.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |
| 8CCH0005.11130-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1 x connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 364 |


| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8CCH0001.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0002.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0003.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0004.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $4 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| 8CCH0005.11230-1 | Hybrid cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 2 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 367 |
| Order number | Short description | Page |
| 8CCH0005.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ 15 -pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0007.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $7 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \mathrm{x}$ $15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0010.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0015.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8 CVI or 8 DI , length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |
| 8CCH0020.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8 CVI or 8 DI , length $20 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, $1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains | 370 |

Fan kits

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules | 374 |
| 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules | 375 |

## Slot covers / Threaded caps

| Order number | Short description | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: $1 \times$ slot cover for hybrid connector | 377 |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. | 378 |

### 8.1.1.2 Cables

### 8.1.1.2.1 Connection cables

### 8.1.1.2.1.1 General information

- Can be used in cable drag chains
- Cable for connection of ACOPOSremote / ACOPOSmotor drive systems to ACOPOSmulti 8BVE expansion modules
- Hybrid connector system for secure connections
- Integrated shield plate


### 8.1.1.2.1.2 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1× 15 -pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, $1 \times$ RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 15 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 1x 15 -pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 20 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0025.11120-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 25 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, 1x RJ45 connector, integrated shield fixing, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 191: 8CCH0005.11120-1, 8CCH0007.11120-1, 8CCH0010.11120-1, 8CCH0015.11120-1, 8CCH0020.11120-1, 8CCH0025.11120-1 - Order data

### 8.1.1.2.1.3 Technical data

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0005 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0007 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0010 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0015 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0020 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 8 \mathrm{CCH} 0025 . \\ 11120-1 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{VZN}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | In preparation |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E130266 cURus AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ and CSA C22.2 No. $210.2 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{II} \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{FT}^{1{ }^{1)}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 192: 8CCH0005.11120-1, 8CCH0007.11120-1, 8CCH0010.11120-1, 8CCH0015.11120-1, 8CCH0020.11120-1, 8CCH0025.11120-1 - Technical data

| Order number 8CCH0005. 8CCH0007. 8CCH0010. 8CCHOO15. 8CCHOO20. 8CCH0025. <br>  $11120-1$ $11120-1$ $11120-1$ $11120-1$ $11120-1$ $11120-1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, red, brown, white, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Pink/Blue, violet/gray |  |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | VZN (cat. 5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | B\&R $5 \times 2.5+2 \times 2 \times 0.75+(1 \times 4 \times 22 A W G) *$ E130266 cURus AWM STYLE 20234 * AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT1 * "internal lot number" ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | Max. 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Power lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Signal lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Data lines: $\leq 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 8 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 26 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines | $\leq 56 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $\geq 500 \mathrm{M}^{*}{ }^{*} \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current-carrying capacity per DIN VDE 0298 part 4, table 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall mounting | 23.7 A |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in conduit or cable duct | 27.3 A |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in cable tray | 29.1 A |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 5 m | 7 m | 10 m | 15 m | 20 m | 25 m |
| Diameter | 14.6 mm $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $>60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 192: 8CCH0005.11120-1, 8CCH0007.11120-1, 8CCH0010.11120-1, 8CCH0015.11120-1, 8CCH0020.11120-1, 8CCH0025.11120-1 - Technical data

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0005. } \\ \text { 11120-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0007. } \\ 11120-1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0010. } \\ 11120-1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0015. } \\ 11120-1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0020. } \\ \text { 11120-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8CCH0025. } \\ \text { 11120-1 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\mathbf{2}}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 5,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 1.8 kg | 2.5 kg | 3.5 kg | 5.3 kg | 7 kg | 8.8 kg |

Table 192: 8CCH0005.11120-1, 8CCH0007.11120-1, 8CCH0010.11120-1, 8CCH0015.11120-1, 8CCH0020.11120-1, 8CCH0025.11120-1 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.1.1.2.1.4 Wiring

## Cable construction



Table 193: One-sided hybrid cable - Cable construction

| Custom cable |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| From point | To point | Length |
| X | A | 770 mm |
| X | B | 510 mm |
| X | C | 710 mm |
| X | D | 140 mm |

Table 194: Custom cable length

## RJ45 connector - Pinout

| Male connector | Pin | Description | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | RXD | Receive signal |
|  | 2 | RXD | Receive signal inverted |
|  | 3 | TXD | Transmit signal |
|  | 4 | - | - |
|  | 5 | - | - |
|  | 6 | TXD | Transmit signal inverted |
|  | 7 | - | - |
|  | 8 | - | - |

Table 195: RJ45 connector - Pinout

## Cable diagram



Figure 109: One-sided hybrid cable - Cable diagram

## Accessories

### 8.1.1.2.2 Hybrid cables

### 8.1.1.2.2.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Hybrid cables |

Table 196: 8CCH0005.11110-1, 8CCH0007.11110-1, 8CCH0010.11110-1, 8CCH0015.11110-1, 8CCH0020.11110-1 - Order data

### 8.1.1.2.2.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0005.11110-1 | 8CCH0007.11110-1 | 8CCH0010.11110-1 | 8CCH0015.11110-1 | 8CCH0020.11110-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{VZN}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | In preparation |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E130266 cURus AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ and CSA C22.2 No. $210.2 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{II} \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{FT} 1{ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, red, brown, white, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Pink/Blue, violet/gray |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | VZN (cat. 5) |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | B\&R $5 \times 2.5+2 \times 2 \times 0.75+(1 \times 4 \times 22 A W G) *$ E 130266 cURus AWM STYLE 20234 * AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT1 * "internal lot number" 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | Max. 20 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 15 |  |  |  |  |

Table 197: 8CCH0005.11110-1, 8CCH0007.11110-1, 8CCH0010.11110-1, 8CCH0015.11110-1, 8CCH0020.11110-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0005.11110-1 | 8CCH0007.11110-1 | 8CCH0010.11110-1 | 8CCH0015.11110-1 | 8CCH0020.11110-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Power lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Signal lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Data lines: $\leq 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 8 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 26 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines | $\leq 56 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $\geq 500 \mathrm{M} \Omega^{*} \mathrm{~km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Current-carrying capacity per DIN VDE 0298 part 4, table 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall mounting | 23.7 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in conduit or cable duct | 27.3 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in cable tray | 29.1 A |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 5 m | 7 m | 10 m | 15 m | 20 m |
| Diameter | 14.6 mm $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | >60 mm |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  | $\geq 160 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $\geq 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\mathbf{2}}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 5,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 1.8 kg | 2.5 kg | 3.5 kg | 5.3 kg | 7 kg |

Table 197: 8CCH0005.11110-1, 8CCH0007.11110-1, 8CCH0010.11110-1, 8CCH0015.11110-1, 8CCH0020.11110-1 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.1.1.2.2.3 Cable construction



Table 198: Hybrid cables - Cable construction

### 8.1.1.2.2.4 Cable diagram



Figure 110: Hybrid cables - Cable diagram

### 8.1.1.2 3 Hybrid cable, $1 x$ connector insert, rotated

### 8.1.1.2.3.1 Order data



Table 199: 8CCH0001.11130-1, 8CCH0002.11130-1, 8CCH0003.11130-1, 8CCH0004.11130-1, 8CCH0005.11130-1 - Order data

### 8.1.1.2.3.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0001.11130-1 | 8CCH0002.11130-1 | 8CCH0003.11130-1 | 8CCH0004.11130-1 | 8CCH0005.11130-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{VZN}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | In preparation |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Connector insert in hybrid connector rotated $180^{\circ}$ degrees |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E130266 cURus AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ and CSA C22.2 No. $210.2 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{II}$ A/B, $\mathrm{FT}^{\text {( }}{ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, red, brown, white, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Pink/Blue, violet/gray |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | VZN (cat. 5) |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | B\&R $5 \times 2.5+2 \times 2 \times 0.75+(1 \times 4 \times 22 A W G) *$ E130266 cURus AWM STYLE 20234 * AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT1 * "internal lot number" 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | Max. 20 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Power lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Signal lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Data lines: $\leq 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 8 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 26 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines | $\leq 56 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $\geq 500 \mathrm{M} \Omega^{*} \mathrm{~km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Current-carrying capacity per DIN VDE 0298 part 4, table 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall mounting | 23.7 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in conduit or cable duct | 27.3 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in cable tray | 29.1 A |  |  |  |  |

Table 200: 8CCH0001.11130-1, 8CCH0002.11130-1, 8CCH0003.11130-1, 8CCH0004.11130-1, 8CCH0005.11130-1 - Technical data

## Accessories

| Order number | 8CCH0001.11130-1 | 8CCH0002.11130-1 | 8CCH0003.11130-1 | 8CCH0004.11130-1 | 8CCH0005.11130-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 4 m | 5 m |
| Diameter | 14.6 mm $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $>60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 5,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.4 kg | 0.7 kg | 1.1 kg | 1.4 kg | 1.8 kg |

Table 200: 8CCH0001.11130-1, 8CCH0002.11130-1, 8CCH0003.11130-1, 8CCH0004.11130-1, 8CCH0005.11130-1 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.1.1.2.3.3 Cable construction



| Pos. | Description | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Hybrid cable | $5 \times 1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 1 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{LI}$ |
| 2 | 15 -pin female TYCO connector | Connector insert in hybrid connector rotated $180^{\circ}$ degrees <br> Dimensions: $82.6 \times 67.6 \times 36.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Table 201: Hybrid cables - Cable construction

### 8.1.1.2.3.4 Cable diagram



Figure 111: Hybrid cables - Cable diagram

### 8.1.1.2.4 Hybrid cable, $2 x$ connector insert, rotated

### 8.1.1.2.4.1 Order data



Table 202: 8CCH0001.11230-1, 8CCH0002.11230-1, 8CCH0003.11230-1, 8CCH0004.11230-1, 8CCH0005.11230-1 - Order data

## Accessories

### 8.1.1.2.4.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0001.11230-1 | 8CCH0002.11230-1 | 8CCH0003.11230-1 | 8CCH0004.11230-1 | 8CCH0005.11230-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{VZN}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | In preparation |  |  |  |  |
| Short description | Connector insert in both hybrid connectors rotated $180^{\circ}$ degrees |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E130266 cURus AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ and CSA C22.2 No. $210.2 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{II}$ A/B, $\mathrm{FT}^{\text {( }}{ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, red, brown, white, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Pink/Blue, violet/gray |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | VZN (cat. 5) |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage >85\% and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | B\&R $5 \times 2.5+2 \times 2 \times 0.75+(1 \times 4 \times 22 A W G) *$ E130266 cURus AWM STYLE 20234 * AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT1 * "internal lot number" 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | Max. 20 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Power lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Signal lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Data lines: $\leq 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 8 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 26 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines | $\leq 56 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $\geq 500 \mathrm{M} \Omega^{*} \mathrm{~km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Current-carrying capacity per DIN VDE 0298 part 4, table 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wall mounting | 23.7 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in conduit or cable duct | 27.3 A |  |  |  |  |
| Installed in cable tray | 29.1 A |  |  |  |  |

Table 203: 8CCH0001.11230-1, 8CCH0002.11230-1, 8CCH0003.11230-1, 8CCH0004.11230-1, 8CCH0005.11230-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0001.11230-1 | 8CCH0002.11230-1 | 8CCH0003.11230-1 | 8CCH0004.11230-1 | 8CCH0005.11230-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 4 m | 5 m |
| Diameter | 14.6 mm $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $>60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 5,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.4 kg | 0.7 kg | 1.1 kg | 1.4 kg | 1.8 kg |

Table 203: 8CCH0001.11230-1, 8CCH0002.11230-1, 8CCH0003.11230-1, 8CCH0004.11230-1, 8CCH0005.11230-1 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.1.1.2.4.3 Cable construction

| Pos. | Description | Connector inserts rotated $180^{\circ}$ <br> Dimensions: $82.6 \times 67.6 \times 36.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Hybrid cable | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |
| 2 |  |  |

Table 204: Hybrid cables - Cable construction

### 8.1.1.2.4.4 Cable diagram



Figure 112: Hybrid cables - Cable diagram

### 8.1.1.2.5 Hybrid cable, one-sided, $1 x$ connector insert, rotated

### 8.1.1.2.5.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8BVE / 8CVI connection cables |  |
| 8CCH0005.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15-$ pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0007.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0010.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0015.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 15 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8CCH0020.11220-1 | Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 20 m , $2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+4 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 1 \times 15$-pin female TYCO connector, connector insert rotated $180^{\circ}$, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 205: 8CCH0005.11220-1, 8CCH0007.11220-1, 8CCH0010.11220-1, 8CCH0015.11220-1, 8CCH0020.11220-1 - Order data

### 8.1.1.2.5.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0005.11220-1 | 8CCH0007.11220-1 | 8CCH0010.11220-1 | 8CCH0015.11220-1 | 8CCH0020.11220-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $5 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 1.55-100 \mathrm{VZN}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | In preparation |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E130266 cRUus AWM style 20234, $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ and CSA C22.2 No. $210.2 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{II} \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{FT} 1^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |
| EAC | - | Yes | - | Yes | - |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Black, red, brown, white, yellow/green |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | Pink/Blue, violet/gray |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | No |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | No |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Wire insulation | PE |  |  |  |  |
| Wire colors | VZN (cat. 5) |  |  |  |  |
| Variant | Tinned copper stranded wire |  |  |  |  |
| Cross section | $0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Shield | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Stranding | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| Cable stranding | With filler elements and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Cable shield | Tinned copper braiding, optical coverage $>85 \%$ and foil shield |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | PUR |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange, similar to RAL 2003 flat |  |  |  |  |
| Labeling | B\&R $5 \times 2.5+2 \times 2 \times 0.75+(1 \times 4 \times 22 A W G)$ * E130266 cRUus AWM STYLE 20234 * AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 1000$ V FT1 * "internal lot number" 1) |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 15-pin female TYCO connector |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | Max. 20 |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP65 when connected |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Power lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Signal lines: $\leq 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> Data lines: $\leq 100 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Test voltage |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Wire | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 2 \mathrm{kV} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Wire - Shield | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 3 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}: 1 \mathrm{kV} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Current-carrying capacity | 20 A |  |  |  |  |
| Conductor resistance |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power lines | $\leq 8 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Signal line | $\leq 26 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Data lines | $\leq 56 \Omega / \mathrm{km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $\geq 500 \mathrm{M} \Omega^{*} \mathrm{~km}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 5 m | 7 m | 10 m | 15 m | 20 m |
| Diameter | $14.6 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |

Table 206: 8CCH0005.11220-1, 8CCH0007.11220-1, 8CCH0010.11220-1, 8CCH0015.11220-1, 8CCH0020.11220-1 - Technical data

| Order number | 8CCH0005.11220-1 | 8CCH0007.11220-1 | 8CCH0010.11220-1 | 8CCH0015.11220-1 | 8CCH0020.11220-1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $>40 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 140 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | Max. $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 5,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 1.8 kg | 2.5 kg | 3.5 kg | 5.3 kg | 7.3 kg |

Table 206: 8CCH0005.11220-1, 8CCH0007.11220-1, 8CCH0010.11220-1, 8CCH0015.11220-1, 8CCH0020.11220-1 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.1.1.2.5.3 Cable construction



Table 207: One-sided hybrid cable 8CCHxxxx.11220-1 - Cable construction


Figure 113: One-sided hybrid cable 8CCHxxxx.11220-1 - Cable diagram

### 8.1.1.3 Fan kits

### 8.1.1.3.1 General information

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be optionally equipped with a fan kit depending on size. The fan kit considerably improves the nominal values of 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules (see speed-torque characteristic curve for the respective 8DI ACOPOSmotor module).

## Information:

ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules automatically take into account the improvement of rated values with fan kit 8ZDFB via the evaluation of the module-internal temperature sensor. The motor parameters therefore do not need to be adjusted in Automation Studio.
A separate data set is available in SERVOsoft for ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules with and without fan kit 8ZDFB.

### 8.1.1.3.1.1 Size 4 -8ZDFB4000000.000-0

Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Fan kits |  |
|  | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Table 208: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Order data

## Technical data

| Order number | 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Short description | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +10\% / -50\% |
| Max. power consumption | 5.5 W |
| Variant | M8 4-pin male connector, $90^{\circ}$ angled |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Installation elevation above sea leve |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum | 4000 m |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP24 |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Storage | -20 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -20 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 15 to 90\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 15 to 90\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | In preparation |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Volumetric flow rate | $2.486 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Operating noise | $47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| Service life |  |
| At $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 80,000 h |
| Dimensions |  |
| Width | 125 mm |
| Height | 131 mm |
| Depth | 143.5 mm |
| Weight | 0.43 kg |

Table 209: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Technical data

Dimension diagram


Figure 114: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Dimensions

### 8.1.1.3.1.2 Size 5 -8ZDFB5000000.000-0

## Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fan kits |  |
| 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules |  |

Table 210: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Order data

## Technical data

| Order number ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Short description | ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules |
| 24 VDC power supply |  |
| Input voltage | 24 VDC +10\% / -50\% |
| Max. power consumption | 7.4 W |
| Variant | M8 4-pin male connector, $90^{\circ}$ angled |
| Operating conditions |  |
| Installation elevation above sea level |  |
| Nominal | 0 to 500 m |
| Maximum | 4000 m |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP24 |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Temperature |  |
| Storage | -20 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport | -20 to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity |  |
| Operation | 15 to 90\%, non-condensing |
| Storage | 15 to 90\%, non-condensing |
| Transport | In preparation |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Volumetric flow rate | $3.256 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| Operating noise | $47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| Service life |  |
| At $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 75,000 h |

Table 211: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Technical data

| Order number |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Dimensions | 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 |
| Width | 167 mm |
| Height | 173.1 mm |
| Depth | 143 mm |
| Weight | 0.57 kg |

Table 211: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Technical data

## Dimension diagram



Figure 115: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Dimensions

### 8.1.1.4 Blind covers / caps

### 8.1.1.4.1 8CXC000.0000-00

### 8.1.1.4.1.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Accessory sets |  |
| 8CXC000.0000-00 | Accessory set: 1x slot cover for hybrid connector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 212: 8CXC000.0000-00 - Order data

## Information:

ACOPOSremote/ACOPOSmotor modules only comply with IP65 as set out in EN 60529 if all the unallocated connections are covered with blind covers/caps.

### 8.1.1.4.1.2 Technical data

| Order number | 8CXC000.0000-00 |
| :--- | :---: |
| General information |  |
| Short description | Accessory set: |
|  |  |
| Certifications | 1x slot cover for hybrid connector |

Table 213: 8CXC000.0000-00 - Technical data

### 8.1.1.4.2 X67AC0M08

### 8.1.1.4.2.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M08 | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |  |

Table 214: X67AC0M08 - Order data

## Information:

ACOPOSremote/ACOPOSmotor modules only comply with IP65 as set out in EN 60529 if all the unallocated connections are covered with blind covers/caps.

### 8.1.1.4.2.2 Technical data

| Order number | X67AC0M08 |
| :--- | ---: |
| General information |  |
| Note | Package of 50 pcs. |
| Connection | M8 |
| Short description | X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |
| Mechanical properties | 0.02 kg |
| Weight |  |

Table 215: X67AC0M08 - Technical data

### 8.1.1.4.3 X67AC0M12

### 8.1.1.4.3.1 Order data

| Order number | Short description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Threaded caps |  |
| X67AC0M12 | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |  |

Table 216: X67AC0M12 - Order data

## Information:

ACOPOSremote/ACOPOSmotor modules only comply with IP65 as set out in EN 60529 if all the unallocated connections are covered with blind covers/caps.

### 8.1.1.4.3.2 Technical data

| Order number | X67AC0M12 |
| :--- | :---: |
| General information | Package of 50 pcs. |
| Note | M12 |
| Connection | X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs. |
| Short description | 0.03 kg |
| Mechanical properties |  |
| Weight |  |

Table 217: X67AC0M12 - Technical data

### 8.2 ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 8.2.1 Accessories for ACOPOSmotor Compact

### 8.2.1.1 Cables

### 8.2.1.1.1 Hybrid cables

### 8.2.1.1.1.1 Power supply cables

## 8D1CHxxxx.11120-0 - Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Supply cable |  |
| 8D1CH0003.11120-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power supply cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}+1 \times\left(4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \mathrm{x}\left(2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+\mathrm{PA}$ pipe $2.0 \mathrm{~mm} / 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \times 9$-pin female hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0005.11120-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power supply cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \times 2.5$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}+1 \mathrm{x}\left(4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \mathrm{x}\left(2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+\mathrm{PA}$ pipe $2.0 \mathrm{~mm} / 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \times 9$-pin female hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0010.11120-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power supply cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \mathrm{x}\left(4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \mathrm{x}\left(2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \mathrm{x} 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ + PA pipe $2.0 \mathrm{~mm} / 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \times 9$-pin female hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0015.11120-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power supply cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{x}$ $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}+1 \mathrm{x}\left(4 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \times\left(2 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)+1 \times 0.34 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ + PA pipe $2.0 \mathrm{~mm} / 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}, 1 \times 9-$ pin female hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 218: 8D1CH0003.11120-0, 8D1CH0005.11120-0, 8D1CH0010.11120-0, 8D1CH0015.11120-0 - Order data

## 8D1CHxxxx.11120-0 - Technical data

| Order number | 8D1CH0003.11120-0 | 8D1CH0005.11120-0 | 8D1CH0010.11120-0 | 8D1CH0015.11120-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $2 \times 2.5+1 \times(4 \times 0.34)$ St-C + 1x(2x0.34)C + 1 $\times 0.34 \mathrm{qmm}+$ PA pipe 2.0/1.0 |  |  |  |
| Durability | Oil resistant per DIN EN 60811-404 Halogen-free per DIN EN 60754-1 <br> Flame-retardant per DIN EN IEC 60332-1-2 Hydrolysis resistance per DIN EN 50396 Microbial resistance per DIN EN 50396 Silicone-free / PWIS per VW PV 3.7.10 |  |  |  |
| Certification | E170315 cRUus AWM STYLE 20233 AWM I/II A/B $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 300$ V FT1 ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |
| cULus | In preparation |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |
| Material | TPU, flame-retardant, halogen-free |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange similar to RAL 2003 |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 9-pin female hybrid connector |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | <500 |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 9 |  |  |  |
| Additional connectors | RJ45 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current | 20 A (power) <br> 0.5 A (signal) |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Max. 58 VDC (power) Max. 30 VDC (signal) |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (drag chain: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 3 m | 5 m | 10 m | 15 m |
| Diameter | $11.7 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

Table 219: 8D1CH0003.11120-0, 8D1CH0005.11120-0, 8D1CH0010.11120-0, 8D1CH0015.11120-0 - Technical data

## Accessories

| Order number | 8D1CH0003.11120-0 | 8D1CH0005.11120-0 | 8D1CH0010.11120-0 | 8D1CH0015.11120-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $\geq 3 \mathrm{x}$ cable diameter |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 12.5 \mathrm{x}$ cable diameter |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 3,000,000$ |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |
| Torsional strength | $\pm 30^{\circ} / \mathrm{m}$ |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.950 kg | 1.4 kg | 2.60 kg | 3.75 kg |

Table 219: 8D1CH0003.11120-0, 8D1CH0005.11120-0, 8D1CH0010.11120-0, 8D1CH0015.11120-0 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.2.1.1.1.2 Power cables

## 8D1CHxxxx.11110-0 - Order data

| Order number | Short description | Figure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Power cable |  |
| 8D1CH00X5.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $0.5 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \times 9$-pin female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains | ․ㅏㅈㅜ |
| 8D1CH0001.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $1 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{x} 9-\mathrm{pin}$ female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0002.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $2 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{x} 9-\mathrm{pin}$ female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0003.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $3 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{x} 9$-pin female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0005.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $5 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{x} 9$-pin female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0010.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $10 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \times 9-\mathrm{pin}$ female hybrid connector, $1 \times 9$-pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |
| 8D1CH0015.11110-0 | ACOPOSmotor compact power cable, length $15 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \times 9$-pin female hybrid connector, 1 x 9 -pin male hybrid connector, can be used in cable drag chains |  |

Table 220: 8D1CH00X5.11110-0, 8D1CH0001.11110-0, 8D1CH0002.11110-0, 8D1CH0003.11110-0, 8D1CH0005.11110-0, 8D1CH0010.11110-0, 8D1CH0015.11110-0 - Order data

## 8D1CHxxxx.11110-0 - Technical data

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1CH00X5. } \\ \text { 11110-0 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1CH0001. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0002. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0003. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1CH0005. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 8D1CH0010. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0015. } \\ 11110-0 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable cross section | $2 \times 2.5+1 \times(4 \times 0.34)$ St-C + 1x(2x0.34)C + 1x0.34qmm + PA pipe 2.0/1.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durability | Oil resistant per DIN EN 60811-404 Halogen-free per DIN EN 60754-1 Flame-retardant per DIN EN IEC 60332-1-2 Hydrolysis resistance per DIN EN 50396 Microbial resistance per DIN EN 50396 Silicone-free / PWIS per VW PV 3.7.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certification | E170315 cRUus AWM STYLE 20233 AWM I/II A/B $80{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 300 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{FT}{ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CE | Yes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UL | cULus E225616 <br> Power conversion equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cULus | In preparation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cable construction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outer jacket |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | TPU, flame-retardant, halogen-free |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Color | Orange similar to RAL 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Type | 9-pin female hybrid connector |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mating cycles | <500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contacts | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional connectors | 9-pin male hybrid connectorMating cycles: <500Contacts: 9Degree of protection per EN 60529: IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection per EN 60529 | IP66/67 when connected |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal current | 20 A (power) <br> 0.5 A (signal) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating voltage | Max. 58 VDC (power) Max. 30 VDC (signal) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient conditions ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (drag chain: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Static | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical properties ${ }^{1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length | 0.5 m | 1 m | 2 m | 3 m | 5 m | 10 m | 15 m |
| Diameter | $11.7 \mathrm{~mm} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 221: 8D1CH00X5.11110-0, 8D1CH0001.11110-0, 8D1CH0002.11110-0, 8D1CH0003.11110-0, 8D1CH0005.11110-0, 8D1CH0010.11110-0, 8D1CH0015.11110-0 - Technical data

## Accessories

| Order number | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH00X5. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0001. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0002. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0003. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0005. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8D1CH0010. } \\ 11110-0 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8D1CH0015. } \\ & 11110-0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bend radius |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single bend | $\geq 3 \mathrm{x}$ cable diameter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moving | $\geq 12.5 x$ cable diameter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drag chain data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration | $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ (depends on the length of the travel path) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flex cycles | $\geq 3,000,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Velocity | Max. $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Torsional strength | $\pm 30^{\circ} / \mathrm{m}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | 0.55 kg | 0.65 kg | 0.90 kg | 1.15 kg | 1.40 kg | 2.75 kg | 3.90 kg |

Table 221: 8D1CH00X5.11110-0, 8D1CH0001.11110-0, 8D1CH0002.11110-0, 8D1CH0003.11110-0, 8D1CH0005.11110-0, 8D1CH0010.11110-0, 8D1CH0015.11110-0 - Technical data

1) Values refer to the raw cable being used.

### 8.2.1.1.2 M8 sensor cables



| Length | Tolerances for cable lengths |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 to $<1 \mathrm{~m}$ | +2 cm |
| 1 m to $<10 \mathrm{~m}$ | +5 cm |
| 10 m to xxm | +10 cm |

## Accessories

### 8.2.1.1.2.1 Technical data



Table 222: X67CA0Dxx - Technical data

1) $x x . x x x x$ : Group number and cable length
2) In cable drag chain operation

### 8.2.1.1.2.2 X67CA0D40.xxxx

| Dimensions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length xxxx |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 50 |  |
| Pinout |  |  |  |  |
| Connector | Pin | Name | Wire colors | Open-ended |
|  | 1 | Sensor/actuator power supply 24 VDC | Brown | For custom wiring |
|  | 3 | GND | Blue |  |
|  | 4 | Input/Output x | Black |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

### 8.2.1.1.2.3 X67CA0D50.xxxx



## 9 Standards and certifications

### 9.1 International and national certifications

Products and services from B\&R comply with applicable regulations, directives and standards. These are national, European and international regulations, mainly from organizations such as ISO, IEC and CENELEC. We are committed to ensuring the reliability of our products in industrial environments.

## Information:

Certifications that apply to a particular module are available at the following places:

- The data sheet's technical data under "General information $\rightarrow$ Certifications"
- At www.br-automation.com under "Products" in the "General information $\rightarrow$ Certifications" area of the technical data
- On the side of the module housing


### 9.1.1 Marks



### 9.1.2 EU directives and standards (CE)

The respective product complies with all applicable EU directives and relevant harmonized standards.

Certification of these products is performed in cooperation with accredited testing laboratories.

Europe (EU)

## EMC Directive 2014/30/EU

All devices meet the protection requirements of the "Electromagnetic Compatibility" directive and are designed for typical industrial use.

Applicable standards from this directive:

- Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods


## Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU

The low voltage directive applies to electrical equipment with a nominal voltage from 50 to 1000 VAC and from 75 to 1500 VDC.
All devices within the area of application of this directive satisfy the its protection requirements.

Applicable standard from this directive:
EN 61800-5-1 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems

- Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy

The corresponding declaration of conformity is available for download from the B\&R website. For information about the versions of applicable standards, see the declaration of conformity.

Declaration of conformity
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSremote > Declaration Servos ACOPOSremote
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor > Declaration Servos ACOPOSmotor
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > Declaration Servos ACOPOSmotor Compact

## Ecodesign Directive (EU) No. 2019/1781

Decentralized motion control does not have a nominal voltage range of 100 VAC to 1000 VAC. The devices are operated with DC voltage from an ACOPOSmulti system, ACOPOS P3 or power supply unit.

Decentralized motion control is thus excluded from the scope of Regulation (EU) 2019/1781.

```
Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
```

Functional safety
open - ■! SAFETY

Standard safety technology

No mark

Europe (EU)

In accordance with the Machinery Directive, safety technology products are designed, developed, tested and labeled for special applications providing protection to machinery and personnel.

Certification of these products is performed exclusively in cooperation with EU-authorized bodies (notified bodies).

Applicable standards from this directive:

| IEC 61508-1 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | - Part 1: General requirements |
| IEC 61508-2 | Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems |
|  | - Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems |
| IEC 61508-3 | Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems |
|  | - Part 3: Software requirements |
| IEC 61508-4 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems - Part 4: Definitions and abbre- |
|  | viations |
| EN 61800-5-2 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  | - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional |
| EN 62061 | Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems |
| EN ISO 13849-1 | Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems |
|  | - Part 1: General principles for design |

The declaration of conformity, certificates and additional safety-related information are available for download on the B\&R website. For information about the versions of applicable standards, see the declaration of conformity.

## Declaration of conformity

Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSremote > Declaration FS Servos ACOPOSremote Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor > Declaration FS Servos ACOPOSmotor Website > Downloads > Certificates > Declarations of conformity > Declaration FS Servos ACOPOSmotor Compact

## Certificates

Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSremote > TÜV certificate - Function "Safe pulse disabling" for ACOPOSremote
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor > TÜV certificate - Function "Safe pulse disabling" for ACOPOSmotor
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor Compact > TÜV certificate - Functional safety ACOPOSmotor Compact
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor > TÜV certificate - Functional safety - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

## SafeMOTION user's manual

### 9.1.2.1 Requirements for immunity to disturbances

- EN 61800-3 requirements apply.
- For all modules that have certified safety functions, stricter requirements apply for section "High-frequency disturbances" per EN 61800-5-2.

| Immunity | Testing performed per | Requirements per |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrostatic discharge (ESD) | EN 61000-4-2 | EN 61800-3: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 61800-5-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
| High-frequency electromagnetic fields (HF field) | EN 61000-4-3 | EN 61800-3: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 61800-5-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
| High-speed transient electrical disturbances (Burst) | EN 61000-4-4 | EN 61800-3: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 61800-5-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
| Surge voltages (Surge) | EN 61000-4-5 | EN 61800-3: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 61800-5-2: Product standard - <br> Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
| Conducted disturbances | EN 61000-4-6 | EN 61800-3: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 61800-5-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |

Evaluation criteria for performance

| Criteria (PC) | During test | After test |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | The system shall continue to operate as intended. <br> No loss of function or performance. | The system shall continue to operate as intended. |
| B | Degradation of performance accepted. <br> The operating mode is not permitted to change. <br> Irreversible loss of stored data is not permitted. | The system shall continue to operate as intended. <br> Temporary degradation of performance must be self-recover- <br> able. |
| C | Loss of functions accepted, but no destruction of hardware or <br> software (program or data). | lie system shall continue to operate as intended automatically, <br> after manual restart or power off / power on. |
| FS | Functional safety - Behavior of test object per EN 61800-5-2, item 6.2.5.3 |  |

## Standards and certifications

### 9.1.2.1.1 High-frequency interference

The following limit values are applicable for industrial environments (category C 3 ).
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

| Testing performed per EN 61000-4-2 | Requirements per EN 61800-3 | PC | Requirements per EN 61800-5-2 1) <br> Increased immunity to interference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact discharge (CD) on conductive accessible <br> parts | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}$ | B | $\pm 6 \mathrm{kV}$ | FS |
| Air discharge (AD) on insulating accessible parts | $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{kV}$ |  |  |

1) The total number of discharges depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and listed in EN 61800-5-2.

High-frequency electromagnetic fields (HF field)

| Testing performed per EN 61000-4-3 | Requirements per EN 61800-3 | PC | Requirements per EN 61800-5-2 Increased immunity to interference | PC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing, completely wired | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 80 \mathrm{MHz} \text { to } 1 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation ( } 1 \mathrm{kHz} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | A | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \mathrm{MHz} \text { to } 1 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ & 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation }(1 \mathrm{kHz}) \end{aligned}$ | FS |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1.4 \mathrm{GHz} \text { to } 2 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation }(1 \mathrm{kHz}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.4 GHz to } 2 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ & 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation }(1 \mathrm{kHz}) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \mathrm{GHz} \text { to } 2.7 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation }(1 \mathrm{kHz}) \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \mathrm{GHz} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{GHz} \\ 3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \\ 80 \% \text { amplitude modulation }(1 \mathrm{kHz}) \end{array}$ |  |

## High-speed transient electrical disturbances (Burst)

| Testing performed per EN 61000-4-4 | Requirements per EN 61800-3 | PC | Requirements per EN 61800-5-2 1) <br> Increased immunity to interference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Power supply connections | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> 1 min <br> Direct coupling | B | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> Direct coupling |
| Connections for process measurement, open-loop <br> and closed-loop process control | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> 1 min | $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV}$  <br> Signal interfaces $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> 1 min |  |

1) The duration of the effect depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and listed in EN 61800-5-2.

Surge voltages (Surge)

| Testing performed per EN 61000-4-5 | Requirements per EN 61800-3 | PC | Requirements per EN 61800-5-2 ${ }^{1)}$ Increased immunity to interference | PC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply connections | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \pm 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ \mathrm{DM} \\ \text { Symmetrical } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | B | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ DM Symmetrical | FS |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \pm 2 \mathrm{kV} \\ \mathrm{CM} \\ \text { Asymmetrical } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \pm 4 \mathrm{kV} \\ \mathrm{CM} \\ \text { Asymmetrical } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-loop process control | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1 \mathrm{kV} \\ & \mathrm{CM} \\ & \text { Asymmetrical } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ CM Asymmetrical |  |
| Signal interfaces | --- |  | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{kV}$ CM Asymmetrical |  |

1) The number of pulses depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and listed in EN 61800-5-2.

Conducted disturbances

| Testing performed per EN 61000-4-6 | Requirements per EN 61800-3 | PC | Requirements per EN 61800-5-2 <br> Increased immunity to interference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Power supply connections | 150 kHz to 80 MHz | A | 150 kHz to 80 MHz <br> 20 V <br> $80 \%$ amplitude modulation (1 kHz) |
| Connections for process measurement, open-loop <br> and closed-loop process control | 10 V <br> $80 \%$ amplitude modulation (1 kHz) | FS |  |
| Signal interfaces |  |  |  |

### 9.1.2.2 Emission requirements

| Phenomenon | Testing performed per | Limit values per |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Radiated emissions | EN 55011 | EN 61800-3: Product standard - <br> Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |

The following limit values are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

## Radiated emissions

| Testing performed per EN $\mathbf{5 5 0 1 1}$ | Limit values per EN 61800-3 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Frequency band | Quasi-peak value |
| Electric field / Measured from 10 m 30 MHz to 230 MHz <br> 30 MHz to 1 GHz  | $50 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{VV} / \mathrm{m})$ |  |
|  | 230 MHz to 1 GHz | $60 \mathrm{~dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})$ |

### 9.1.2.3 Mechanical conditions

| Test | Testing performed per | Requirements per |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oscillation (sinusoidal) / 8CVI, 8DI, 8D1 operation | EN 60068-2-6 | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-3 / class 3M7 |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) / 8CVE operation | EN 60068-2-6 | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-3 / class 3M4 |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) / Transport (packaged) | EN 60068-2-6 | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 / Class 2M1 |
| Free fall / Transport (packaged) | EN 60068-2-31 ${ }^{1)}$ | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN ISO 4180 |

1) Replacement for EN 60068-2-32

Oscillation (sinusoidal) / 8CVI, 8DI, 8D1 operation

| Testing performed per EN 60068-2-6 | Requirements per EN 61800-2 and EN 60721-3-3 / class 3M7 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Frequency band | Amplitude |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) / Operation | 2 to 9 Hz | 3 mm |
|  | 9 to 200 Hz | Acceleration 3 g ${ }^{1)}$ |

1) $1 \mathrm{~g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

## Vibration (sinusoidal) / 8CVE operation

| Testing performed per EN 60068-2-6 | Requirements per EN 61800-2 and EN 60721-3-3 / class 3M4 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Frequency | Amplitude |  |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) / Operation | 2 to 9 Hz | 3 mm |  |
|  | 9 to 200 Hz | Acceleration $1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~g}^{1)}$ |  |

1) $1 \mathrm{~g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

Vibration (sinusoidal) / Transport (packaged)

| Testing performed per EN 60068-2-6 | Requirements per EN 61800-2 and EN 60721-3-2 / class 2M1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Frequency | Amplitude |
| Vibration (sinusoidal) / Transport (packaged) ${ }^{1)}$ | 2 to 9 Hz | 3.5 mm |
|  | 9 to 200 Hz | Acceleration $1 \mathrm{~g}^{2)}$ |
|  | 200 to 500 Hz | Acceleration $1.5 \mathrm{~g}^{2)}$ |

1) The values in Oscillation (sinusoidal) / 8CVI, 8DI, 8D1 operation or Vibration (sinusoidal) / 8CVE operation apply to modules that are not in their origina packaging.
2) $1 \mathrm{~g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$

Free fall / Transport (packaged)

| Testing performed per EN 60068-2-31 | Requirements per EN 60721-3-2 / class 2M1 and EN ISO 4180 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Weight | Height ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |
| Free fall / Transport (packaged) | $<10 \mathrm{~kg}$ | 0.8 m |
|  | 10 to 40 kg | 0.6 m |
|  | 40 to 100 kg | 0.25 m |

1) Height per EN ISO 4180.

### 9.1.2.4 Climate conditions

| Test | Testing performed per | Requirements per |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation | --- | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-3 / class 3K3 |
| Storage | --- | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-1 / class 1K4 / class 1K3 |
| Transport | --- | EN 61800-2: Product standard Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
|  |  | EN 60721-3-2 / class 2K3 |

## Operation

|  | Requirements per EN 60721-3-3 / class 3K3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ambient temperature during operation | 5 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity during operation | $5-85 \%$, non-condensing |

## Storage

|  | Requirements per EN 60721-3-1 / class 1K4 | Requirements per EN 60721-3-1 / class 1K3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Storage temperature | -25 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | --- |
| Relative humidity during storage | --- | 5 to $95 \%$, non-condensing |

## Transport

|  | Requirements per EN 60721-3-2 $/$ class 2K3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transport temperature | -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Relative humidity during transport | Max. $95 \%$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

### 9.1.2.5 Electrical safety

Overvoltage category

| Requirement per EN 61800-2 | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Overvoltage category III | Equipment supplied from the mains power supply and permanently connected in fixed installations (including and <br> downstream of the main distribution board). |

## Pollution degree

| Requirement per EN 61800-2 | Explanation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pollution degree 2 | Only non-conductive pollution usually occurs; however, temporary conductivity due to condensation must occa- <br> sionally be expected when the module is out of service. |

## Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

| Requirement | Explanation of code num- <br> bers per EN 60529 | Explanation for the protection of equipment | Explanation for the protection of personnel |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| IP 65 | First number <br> IP6x | Dust-proof. | Protected against touching dangerous parts with fin- <br> gers. |
| Second number <br> IP x5 | Protection against water jets (nozzle) from any angle. | --- |  |

### 9.1.3 UL / CSA - ACOPOSremote / ACOPOSmotor (8DI)

## UL Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

LISTED
Power
Conversion
Equipment E225616

Canada / USA

Standards applied:
ACOPOSremote: UL508c
ACOPOSmotor: UL 61800-5-1
CSA-C22.2 No. 274

Products with this mark are tested by Underwriters Laboratories and listed as "power conversion equipment" in category NMMS (power conversion equipment) with file number E225616.

The mark is valid for the USA and Canada and facilitates the certification of your machines and systems in this economic area.

## Certificate

Website > Downloads > Certificates > UL > ACOPOSremote > E225616 UL certificate of compliance ACOPOSremote

## Certificate

### 9.1.4 UL / CSA - ACOPOSmotor Compact (8D1)

POWER
CONVERSION
EQUIPMENT
E225616

## Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

Products with this mark are tested by Underwriters Laboratories and listed with the file number E225616.

The mark is valid for the USA and Canada and simplifies the certification of your machines and systems in this economic area.

Standards applied:

UL 61800-5-1
CSA-C22.2 No. 274

Standard for adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Adjustable speed drives

## Certificate

Website > Downloads > Certificates > UL > ACOPOSmotor > E225616 UL certificate of compliance ACOPOSmotor Compact

## CONDITIONS OF ACCEPTABILITY for 8D1

For use only in complete equipment where the acceptability of the combination is determined by UL LLC.

1. These devices shall not to be directly connected to the supply mains of OVC III. Instead they are intended for connection to UL certified dc sources. The power supply shall provide galvanic isolation from mains, its maximum ampacity shall not exceed 60A at 58VDC. The devices shall be protected by supplementary or a branch circuit type dc fuse or circuit breaker with maximum rating not exceeding 35A. This supplementary fuse or circuit breaker are not necessary for 8B0C0320Hx00.B00 or 80PS080X3.
2. Enclosure Type rating 1

### 9.1.5 KC



## Korean Conformity (KC)

Products with this marking have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Korean market (based on EU compliance).

## Certificate

Website > Downloads > Certificates > KC > ACOPOSremote > ACOPOSremote KC certificates

### 9.1.6 UKCA



## UK Conformity Assessed (UKCA)

All directives applicable to the respective product and their relevant standards are met. Products with this marking are permitted to be imported into Great Britain (England, Wales, Scotland).
Certification of these products is carried out exclusively in cooperation with accredited testing laboratories.

The corresponding UK declaration of conformity is available for download on the B\&R website. For information about the editions of applicable standards, see the UK declaration of conformity.

## UK Declaration of Conformity

Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSremote
Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor
Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor Compact

# 9.1.6.1 Supply of machinery (safety) regulations <br> <br> Supply of machinery (safety) regulations 2008 <br> <br> Supply of machinery (safety) regulations 2008 <br> <br> Standard <br> <br> Standard safety technology safety technology <br> No mark 

In accordance with the "Supply of machinery (safety) regulations 2008", safety technology products are designed, developed, tested and labeled for special applications providing protection to machinery and personnel.

Certification of these products is carried out exclusively in cooperation with UK Approved Bodies.

## UK (England, Scotland, Wales)

Standards applied from these UK laws:

| IEC 61508-1 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | - Part 1: General requirements |
| IEC 61508-2 | Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems |
|  | - Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems |
| IEC 61508-3 | Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems |
|  | - Part 3: Software requirements |
| IEC 61508-4 | Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems - Part 4: Definitions and abbre- |
| viations |  |
| EN 61800-5-2 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems |
| EN 62061 | - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional |
| EN ISO 13849-1 | Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems |
|  | Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems |
|  | - Part 1: General principles for design |

The UK declaration of conformity, certificates and additional safety-related information are available for download on the B\&R website. For information about the editions of applicable standards, see the UK declaration of conformity.

## UK Declaration of Conformity

Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSremote
Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor
Website > Downloads > Declarations of conformity > ACOPOSmotor Compact

## Certificates

Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSremote > TÜV certificate - Function "Safe pulse disabling" for ACOPOSremote
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor > TÜV certificate - Function "Safe pulse disabling" for ACOPOSmotor
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor Compact > TÜV certificate - Functional safety ACOPOSmotor Compact
Website > Downloads > Certificates > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor > TÜV certificate - Functional safety - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

## SafeMOTION user's manual

Website > Downloads > Safety technology > ACOPOSmotor > SafeMOTION user's manua

### 9.2 Standards and definitions for safety technology

## Stop functions per EN 60204-1 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

There are three categories of stop functions:

| Category | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | Stopping by immediate removal of power to the machine actuators (i.e. an uncontrolled stop). |
| 1 | A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators to allow for stopping. Power is only interrupted when standstill is achieved. |
| 2 | A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators. |

Table 223: Overview of stop function categories
The necessary stop functions must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine. Category 0 and category 1 stop functions must be functional regardless of operating mode. A category 0 stop must have priority. Stop functions must have priority over assigned start functions. Resetting the stop function is not permitted to trigger a dangerous state.

## Emergency stops per IEC 60204-1:2006 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

In addition to the requirements for stop functions, the emergency stop function has the following requirements:

- It shall override all other functions and operations in all operating modes.
- Power to the machine actuators that can cause a hazardous situation shall be removed as quickly as possible without creating other hazards.
- A reset is not permitted to initiate a restart.

Emergency stops must be category 0 or category 1 stop functions. The necessary stop function must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine.

## Performance levels (PL) per EN ISO 13849-1 (Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems, Part 1: General principles for design)

The safety-related parts of control systems must meet one or more of the requirements for five defined performance levels. These performance levels define the required behavior of safety-related controller parts with regard to their resistance to errors.

| Performance level (per EN ISO 13849-1) | Safety integrity level - SIL (per IEC 61508-2) | Short description | System behavior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | --- | Safety-related components must be designed and built in such away that they can meet the expected operational requirements (no specific safety measures are implemented). | Caution! <br> The occurrence of a fault can result in the loss of the safety function. |
| b | 1 | Safety-related components must be designed and built in such a way that only reliable components and safety principles are used (e.g. preventing short circuits by using sufficient distances, reducing the probability of errors by using oversized components, defining the failure route, idle current principle). | Caution! <br> The occurrence of a fault can result in the loss of the safety function. |
| c | 1 | Safety-related components must be designed so that their safety functions are checked at suitable intervals by the machine control system (e.g. automatic or manual check during startup). | Caution! <br> An error between checks can result in the loss of the safety function. The loss of the safety function is detected during the check. |
| d | 2 | Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not result in the loss of the safety function. Individual errors should - if possible - be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required. | Caution! <br> The safety function is always retained when a fault occurs. Some but not all errors are detected. An accumulation of undetected errors can result in loss of the safety function. |
| e | 3 | Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not result in the loss of the safety function. Individual errors must be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required. If this type of detection is not possible, an accumulation of faults is not permitted to result in the loss of the safety function. | Information: <br> The safety function is always retained when a fault occurs. The faults are detected in time to prevent loss of the safety function. |

Table 224: Overview of performance levels (PL)

A suitable performance level must be selected separately for each drive system (or for each axis) based on a risk assessment. This risk assessment is a part of the total risk assessment for the machine.
The following risk graph (per EN ISO 13849-1, appendix A) provides a simplified procedure for risk assessment:


Figure 116: Risk diagram for determining the $\mathrm{PL}_{\mathrm{r}}$ for each safety function per EN ISO 13849-1, appendix A

## Legend

1 Starting point for assessing the impact on risk reduction
L Low contribution to risk reduction
H High contribution to risk reduction
$\mathrm{PL}_{r} \quad$ Required performance level
SIL Safety Integrity Level per IEC 61508-2

## Risk parameters

## S Severity of injury

S1 Slight (normally reversible injury)
S2 Serious (normally irreversible injury or death)
F Frequency and/or duration of the exposure to the hazard
F1 Seldom to less often and/or exposure time is short.
F2 Frequent to continuous and/or exposure time is long.
P Possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm
P1 Possible under specific conditions
P2 Scarcely possible
The performance level to be used is determined by starting at the specified starting point and taking the risk parameters $S, F$ and $P$ into account.

## 10 Disposal

## Separation of materials

To ensure that devices can be recycled in an environmentally friendly manner, it is necessary to separate out the different materials. Disposal must be carried out in accordance with applicable legal regulations.

| Component | Disposal | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Motors | Electronic recycling | A magnetized rotor is not permitted to be transported or delivered outside the stator <br> under any circumstances! |
| Gearbox (without oil) | Metal waste |  |
| Waste oil (gearbox) | Special waste |  |
| Coolant | Special waste | For liquid-cooled motors only. Consists of water / oil with additives. |
| Modules, cables | Electronic recycling |  |
| Batteries | Special waste | Danger of fire: Do not store batteries together with conductive materials during disposal. |
| Cardboard/Paper packaging | Paper/Cardboard recycling |  |

### 10.1 Safety

### 10.1.1 Protective equipment

Always wear suitable safety clothing and equipment for your personal protection.

### 10.1.2 Rotor with rare earth magnets

In B\&R motors, rotors are installed with rare earth magnets with high magnetic energy densities.

## Warning!

Personal injury and damage to property due to rare earth magnets!
The motors are not permitted to be disassembled into individual parts.
A magnetized rotor is not permitted to be transported or delivered outside the stator under any circumstances!

- Due to the surrounding magnetic fields, the functionality of a pacemaker can be impaired in such a way that it can lead to bodily harm or even death of the carrier.
- The surrounding magnetic fields can affect or destroy electronic and mechanical measuring instruments.
- The strong magnetic attractive force can lead to uncontrolled movements of the magnet or the attraction of other objects. Personal injury due to impacts or trapping is possible. If magnets are splintered during collision, personal injury cannot be ruled out.
- In potentially explosive atmospheres, a spark generated by magnets can lead to serious explosions and cause personal injury and damage to property.


## Appendix A ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules - Derating specifications

## A. 1 Continuous torque depending on ambient temperature Tu

## A.1.1 ACOPOSmotor modules

8DI33e.ffggghi00-1
In preparation

## 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1

In preparation
8DI44e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 117: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0


Figure 118: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0
8DI45e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 119: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1

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8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0


Figure 120: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0

## 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1



Figure 121: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1

8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0


Figure 122: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0
8DI54e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 123: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1

## Appendix A

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0


Figure 124: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0
8DI55e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 125: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1

8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0


Figure 126: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0
8DI56e.ffggghi00-1


Figure 127: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1
8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 with optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0
In preparation

## Appendix B Accessories included in content of delivery

## B. 1 Decentralized motion control

B.1.1 8CVE28000HC00.00-1, 8CVIxxxx1HCS0.00-1 and 8DIxxx.xx0xxxx00-1

| Figure | Quan- <br> tity | Name | Model number |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 | Safety notices |  |  |

## Appendix C UL Markings

## C. 1 ACOPOSremote

- Enclosure Type rating: Type 1
- All field wiring must use $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, copper conductors only.
- ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter modules 8CVI provide motor overload protection at 100\% of the FLA Rating.
- Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of combination consisting of rectifier and inverter is specified in the UL Report of the rectifier unit.
- For supply provided by ACOPOSmulti (Vol. 1, Sec. 2) - R/C (JFHR2) fuses 5020106.50 or 5011806.20 (manufactured by Siba) must be installed in common DC bus.
- Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electric Code and any additional local codes.
- For AC mains branch circuit protection of the drive system (combination consisting of rectifier and inverter), use fuses or circuit breaker specified in the UL Report of the rectifier unit.
ACOPOSremote ACOPOSmulti65 inverter modules 8CVI can be used in combination with the following UL approved modules:
- Servo Drive Modules Type ACOPOSmulti, Expansion module - Cat. Nos. 8BVE0500HC00, 8BVE0500HW00
- Open type Servo Drive System, Series ACOPOS P3 - Cat. Nos. 8EI8X8HWD, 8EI8X8HWT, 8EI4X5HWD, 8EI4X5HWT, 8EI2X2HWD, 8EI2X2HWT, 8EI017HWS, 8EI013HWS, 8EI8X8HWS, 8EI4X5HWS, 8EI2X2HWS, 8EI1X6HWS, 8EI8X8MWD, 8EI8X8MWT, 8EI4X5MWD, 8EI4X5MWT, 8EI2X2MWD, 8EI2X2MWT, 8EI8X8MWS, 8EI4X5MWS, 8EI2X2MWS, 8EI1X6MWS, 8EI022HWD, 8EI017HWD, 8EI044HWS, 8EI034HWS, 8EI024HWS


## C. 2 ACOPOSmotor

- Enclosure Type rating: Type 1
- All field wiring must use $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, copper conductors only.
- Short Circuit Current Rating of combination consisting of rectifier and ACOPOSmotor inverter is specified in the UL Report of the rectifier unit.
- For supply provided by ACOPOSmulti (Vol. 1, Sec. 2) - R/C (JFHR2) fuses 5020106.50 or 5011806.20 (manufactured by Siba) must be installed in common DC bus.
- Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electric Code and any additional local codes.
- For branch circuit protection of the drive system (combination consisting of rectifier and inverter), use fuses or circuit breaker specified in the UL report of the rectifier unit.

ACOPOSmotor modules 8DI can be used in combination with the following UL approved modules:

- Servo Drive Modules Type ACOPOSmulti, Expansion module - Cat. Nos. 8BVE0500HC00, 8BVE0500HW00
- Open type Servo Drive System, Series ACOPOS P3 - Cat. Nos. 8EI8X8HWD, 8EI8X8HWT, 8EI4X5HWD, 8EI4X5HWT, 8EI2X2HWD, 8EI2X2HWT, 8EI017HWS, 8EI013HWS, 8EI8X8HWS, 8EI4X5HWS, 8EI2X2HWS, 8EI1X6HWS, 8EI8X8MWD, 8EI8X8MWT, 8EI4X5MWD, 8EI4X5MWT, 8EI2X2MWD, 8EI2X2MWT, 8EI8X8MWS, 8EI4X5MWS, 8EI2X2MWS, 8EI1X6MWS, 8EI022HWD, 8EI017HWD, 8EI044HWS, 8EI034HWS, 8EI024HWS


## C. 3 ACOPOSmotor Compact

- Max. surrounding air temperature is $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Only use 8D1CH cables for supplying ACOPOSmotor Compact.


## Appendix C

For use only in complete equipment where the acceptability of the combination is determined by UL LLC.

1. These devices shall not to be directly connected to the supply mains of OVC III. Instead they are intended for connection to UL certified dc sources. The power supply shall provide galvanic isolation from mains, its maximum ampacity shall not exceed 60A at 58VDC. The devices shall be protected by supplementary or a branch circuit type dc fuse or circuit breaker with maximum rating not exceeding 35A. This supplementary fuse or circuit breaker are not necessary for 8B0C0320Hx00.B00 or 80PS080X3.
2. Enclosure Type rating 1
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[^0]:    1) Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.
[^1]:    - $F_{\text {r.......... Radial force }}$
    - $F_{a} \ldots \ldots$. . Axial force
    - $\quad x . . . . . . . .$. Distance between the motor flange and the point where radial force Fr is applied

[^2]:    1) Sensor/Actuator power supply is not permitted to be external.
[^3]:    3) ACOPOSmulti65 8CVI045x1HCS0.00-1 inverter modules are also protected with class CC or RK5 fuses
[^4]:    ${ }^{4)}$ Current-carrying capacity is specified in DIN VDE $0298-4$ for an ambient temperature of $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The values listed in the "Current-carrying capacity of PVC-insulated three-phase cables or single conductors" table are converted for use at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ using the factor $\mathrm{k}_{\text {Temp }}=0.91$ specified in the standard.
    The specified current-carrying capacity does not take into account a reduction factor for groups of cables and single conductors. If necessary, this must be taken from the corresponding standards and included in the calculation.

[^5]:    ${ }^{6)} \rho$... Specific resistance
    I ... $2 x$ line length (outward and return line)
    A ... Wire cross section

[^6]:    ${ }^{7)} \rho . .$. Specific resistance
    I ... $2 x$ line length (outward and return line)
    A ... Wire cross section

[^7]:    8) $\rho \ldots$ Specific resistance

    I ... $2 x$ cable length (outward and return line)
    A ...Cable diameter

[^8]:    1) Any protective ground conductor that is not part of a cable must have a minimum wire cross section of $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.
[^9]:    9) If a fuse with $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FUSE }}<500 \mathrm{~mA}$ is used, this must be taken into account when calculating the limit on modules connected via daisy chain.
[^10]:    ${ }^{10)}$ For detailed information about the listed standards and safety functions, see section Standards and certifications.

[^11]:    ${ }^{11)}$ Prerequisite: Both the wires and the area for electrical equipment must meet the respective requirements (see IEC 60204-1).

[^12]:    ${ }^{14)}$ Prerequisite: Both the wires and the area for electrical equipment must meet the respective requirements (see IEC 60204-1).

[^13]:    15) The numbers for the connections refer to "STO, category 3 / SIL 3 / PL e (variant A)".
