8BVI0220HCSS.000-1

1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2 Order data

Order number	Short description	
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	
8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A,	
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	
	Required accessories	
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI0220SS.000-1A	Screw clamp terminal block set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0220HxSS and 8BVI0220HxSA modules: 1x	
	8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-00	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consisting of:	
	1x battery AA 3.6 V, 1x protective cover for battery holder	
	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti	
	modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)	
0DAC0420 000 4	Plug-in modules	
8BAC0120.000-1 8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface	
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface	
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, FIFERFACE interface ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz	
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-	
0DA00123.000-1	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals	
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for	
	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals	
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for	
0DAC0424 000 4	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals	
8BAC0124.000-1 8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-	
OBACU 123.000-1	terface	
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.	
	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital	
	inputs 24 VDC	
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.	
0DAC0432 000 4	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max 1.25 kHz	
8BAC0132.000-1 8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-	
ODACU 133.000-1	coder emulation, 1 MHz	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 1x type 0,	
	1x hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm	
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate, 2x clamp D 4-13.5 mm, 2x screws	
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding	
0303009.0000-00	plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14	
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding	
	plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label	
	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label	
8TB4104.204G-00	Numbered consecutively 4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 10.16 mm, label	
0104104.2040-00	4: PE W V U, coding G: 0110	
	= 11 1 0, ooding 0. 0110	

Table 1: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 - Order data

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1
General information	
B&R ID code	0xAA1C
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)
Certifications	
CE	Yes
UKCA	Yes
Functional safety 2)	Yes (openSAFETY)
UL	cULus E225616
	Power conversion equipment
EAC	Yes
KC	Yes
DC bus connection	
Voltage	
Nominal	750 VDC
Continuous power consumption 3)	16.2 kW
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-	
cy ⁴⁾	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[0.13 * I_{M}^{2} + 5.5 * I_{M} + 40] W$
Switching frequency 10 kHz	$[0.43 * I_{M}^{2} + 3.7 * I_{M} + 110] W$
Switching frequency 20 kHz	$[1.4 * I_M^2 + 1.97 * I_M + 230] W$
DC bus capacitance	495 μF
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC power supply	
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%
Input capacitance	32.9 µF
Max. power consumption	26 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC output	
Quantity	2
Output voltage	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset
Motor connection 6)	
Quantity	1
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	16 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	22 A
Communication per motor confidential -/	ZZ A _{eff}
•	22 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7)	ZZ A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on	ZZ A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7)	No reduction ⁹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz	
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting	No reduction ⁹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8)	No reduction ⁹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8)	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C)
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting 8) Pass-through mounting 9) Pass-through mounting 9)	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C)
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C)
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12)	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13)	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz
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Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾ Yes Yes
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾ Yes Yes
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 kHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾ Yes Yes Yes 598 Hz ¹⁵⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE	No reduction 9) No reduction 9) 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) 10) 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) 11) 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) 11) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 KHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A 14) Yes Yes Yes 598 Hz 15) Connector
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection	No reduction 9) No reduction 9) 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) 10) 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) 11) 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) 11) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 KHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A 14) Yes Yes Yes 598 Hz 15) Connector
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	No reduction 9) No reduction 9) 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) 10) 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) 11) 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) 11) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 KHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A 14) Yes Yes Yes 598 Hz 15) Connector
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 KHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾ Yes Yes 598 Hz ¹⁵⁾ Connector Yes
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 8) Pass-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13) Protective measures Overload protection Short-circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ 0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) ¹⁰⁾ 0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C) 0.15 A/K (starting at -59°C) ¹¹⁾ 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 A _{eff} 5 KHz 5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A ¹⁴⁾ Yes Yes 598 Hz ¹⁵⁾ Connector Yes

Table 2: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1			
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 22 mm			
connection	IL O LL IIIII			
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-				
quency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m			
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	25 m 25 m			
Motor holding brake connection	25 111			
Quantity	1			
Output voltage ¹⁶⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾			
Continuous current per connection	4.2 A			
Max. internal resistance	0.15 Ω			
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V			
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws			
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz			
Protective measures	V			
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes Yes			
Open-circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring	Yes			
Response threshold for open-circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A			
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%			
Encoder interfaces 18)				
Quantity	1			
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾			
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector			
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs			
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No V			
Encoder monitoring	Yes 100 m			
Max. encoder cable length	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾			
Encoder power supply				
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V			
Load capacity	350 mA			
Protective measures				
Short-circuit proof	Yes			
Overload-proof	Yes			
Synchronous serial interface	RS485			
Signal transmission Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s			
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²¹⁾			
Trigger inputs	SMC[VV] = 10 V LEncoder[V]			
Quantity	2			
Circuit	Sink			
Electrical isolation				
Input - Inverter module	Yes			
Input - Input	Yes			
Input voltage				
Nominal	24 VDC			
Maximum Switching throughold	30 VDC			
Switching threshold Low	<5 V			
High	>15 V			
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA			
Switching delay	11 - 2			
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)			
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)			
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V			
Temperature sensor connection				
Quantity	1 500.0 to 5.40			
Resistance range Electrical properties	500 Ω to 5 kΩ			
Discharge capacitance	0.22 μF			
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically	Yes			
Horizontal, face up	Yes			
Standing horizontally	No			
Installation elevation above sea level				
Nominal	0 to 500 m			
Maximum ²²⁾	4000 m			
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)			
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	III			

Table 2: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20 ²³⁾
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	5 to 85%
Storage	5 to 95%
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C
Mechanical properties	
Dimensions ²⁴⁾	
Width	106.5 mm
Height	317 mm
Depth	
Cold plate	212 mm
Pass-through mounting	209 mm
Weight	Approx. 3.9 kg
Module width	2

Table 2: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 8) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 9) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase dv/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. IMPORTANT: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) Only applies when using B&R motor cables and B&R motors.
- The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) I_{Encoder} ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account
- 23) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

4 Overload characteristics

The continuous current for the module is permitted to be exceeded for a short time during operation (dynamic overload).

Overload response: WARNING

When the module exceeds the maximum overload duration, it outputs a warning.

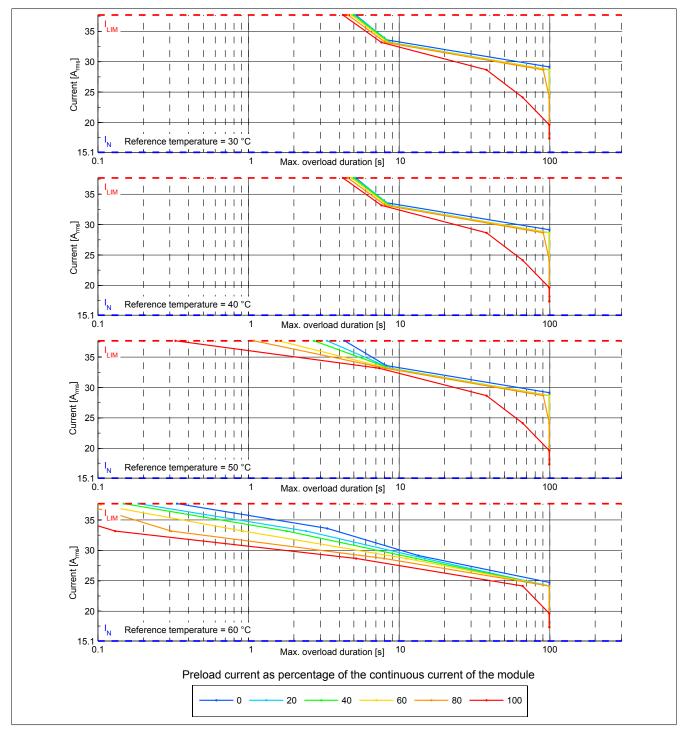


Figure 1: 8BVI0110HCSx.000-x - Overload characteristics, overload response - WARNING

 $\begin{array}{ll} I_N & & \text{Continuous current of the module } [A_{\text{rms}}] \\ I_{\text{LIM}} & & \text{Peak current of the module } [A_{\text{rms}}] \end{array}$

Mounting type: Cold plate mounting

DC bus voltage: 750 V Switching frequency: 5 kHz Rotary frequency of current 20 Hz

indicator:

Reference temperature: Temperature of the coolant at the return of the cold plate mounting plate

Overload response ERROR + STOP

When the module exceeds the maximum overload duration, it outputs an error and executes a movement stop with current limiting (ERROR + STOP).

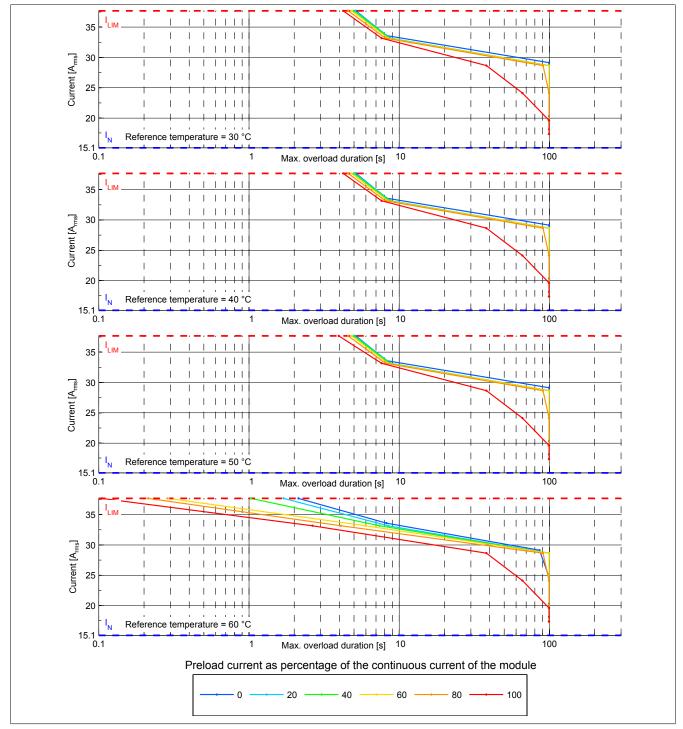


Figure 2: 8BVI0110HCSx.000-x - Overload characteristics, overload response - ERROR+STOP

 ${
m I_N}$ Continuous current of the module [A_{rms}] ${
m I_{LIM}}$ Peak current of the module [A_{rms}]

Mounting type: Cold plate mounting

DC bus voltage: 750~V Switching frequency: 5~kHz Rotary frequency of current 20 Hz

indicator:

Reference temperature: Temperature of the coolant at the return of the cold plate mounting plate

5 Status indicators

Status indicators are located on the black cover of each module.

5.1 1-axis modules

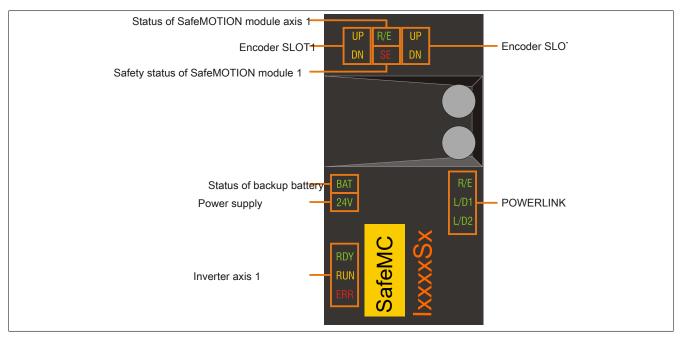


Figure 3: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - Status indicator groups¹⁾

¹⁾ Status indicator group "Backup battery status" is only available for modules with an integrated battery holder. Starting with a certain revision, the integrated battery holder is not included and using accessory kit 8BXB000.0000-00 (battery for encoder buffering) is no longer possible. For details, see the revision information of the respective module (www.br-automation.com).

5.2 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
	L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on port 1	page 10
	L/D2		Link/Data activity on port 2	
Inverter axis 1	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED
	RUN	Orange	Run	status indicators" on page 9
	ERR	Red	Error	
Status of backup battery 1)	BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "Backup battery (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2) - LED status indicators" on page 10
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Encoder SLOT1	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
Encoder SLOT2	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	see Encoder SLOT1
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 1	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 1	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 11

Table 3: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

5.3 RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description		
RDY	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).	
			Blinking green 1)	The module is not ready for operation.	
				Examples:	
				No signal on one or both enable inputs	
				DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range	
				Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor)	
				Motor feedback not connected or defective	
				Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective	
				Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.)	
				Disturbance on network	
RUN	Orange	Run	Solid orange	The module's power stage is enabled.	
ERR	Red	Error	Solid red 1)	There is a permanent error on the module.	
				Examples:	
				Permanent overcurrent	
				Invalid data in EPROM	

Table 4: RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

1) Firmware V2.130 and later.

¹⁾ Status indicator group "Backup battery status" is only available for modules with an integrated battery holder. Starting with a certain revision, the integrated battery holder is not included and using accessory kit 8BXB000.0000-00 (battery for encoder buffering) is no longer possible. For details, see the revision information of the respective module (www.br-automation.com).

5.4 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
R/E	/E Green/Red Ready/Error		LED off	The module is not supplied with power or network interface initialization has failed.
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
			Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
			Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.
L/D1	Green Link/Data activity on		Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
		port 1	Blinking green	Activity on port 1
L/D2	Green	Link/Data activity on	Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
	port 2		Blinking green	Activity on port 2

Table 5: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

5.5 Backup battery (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2) - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	Description	
BAT 1)	Green/Red	Ready/Error	LED off	Possible causes:	
				 The voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range, but an EnDat encoder with backup battery is not connected. 	
				 A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK", but the module's firmware version does not support EnDat encoders with battery backup. 	
			Solid green	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK" (voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range).	
			Solid red	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery not OK".	
				Possible causes:	
				 Voltage of the installed backup battery outside of tolerance range No backup battery installed in module 	

Table 6: Backup battery - LED status indicators

Status indicator group "Backup battery status" is only available for modules with an integrated battery holder. Starting with a certain revision, the integrated battery holder is not included and using accessory kit 8BXB000.0000-00 (battery for encoder buffering) is no longer possible. For details, see the revision information of the respective module (www.br-automation.com).

5.6 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

There are 3 additional LEDs for each safe axis behind the front cover of an ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module:

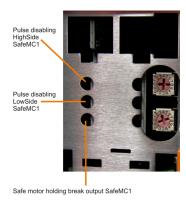


Figure 4: 1-axis modules

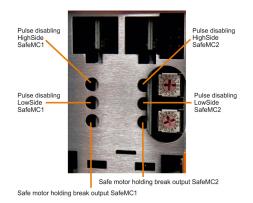


Figure 5: 2-axis modules

LED	Color		Description		
R/E	Green	Red			
	Off	Off	Module not supplied with power, no communication		
	Single flash		Mode "Unlink"		
	Double flash		Updating the firmware		
	Blinking		Mode PREOPERATIONAL		
	On		Mode RUN		
	On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid		
		Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware		
		On	Communication error		
	Off	On	Error		
LED status indicator Pulse disabling output, high-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit con- stantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
LED status indicator Pulse disabling output, low-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
LED status indicator Motor holding brake output	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
SE	Red	Off	Mode RUN		
			Boot phase or defective processor Safety preoperational state Safe communication channel not OK Boot phase Invalid firmware		
		On	Non-acknowledgeable error state, FAIL SAFE state		
		The two "SE" indicators are two separate LEDs that show the states of safety processor 1 and safety processor 2. This is only distinguishable when the front cover is open, however.			

Table 7: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

5.7 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:

Width of box: 50 ms Repeats after: 3,000 ms

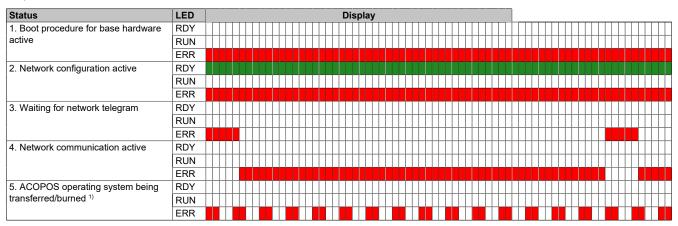


Table 8: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

1) Firmware V2.140 and later.

5.8 Setting the POWERLINK node number

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located behind the black cover.

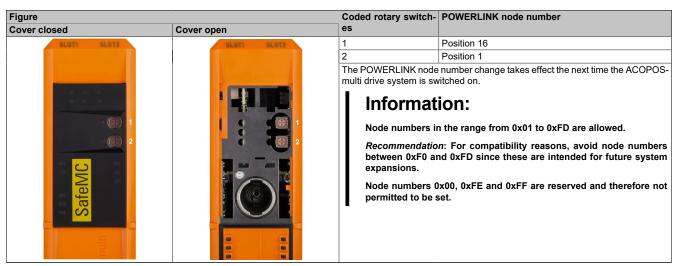


Table 9: Setting the POWERLINK node number

6 Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

6.1 Cold plate

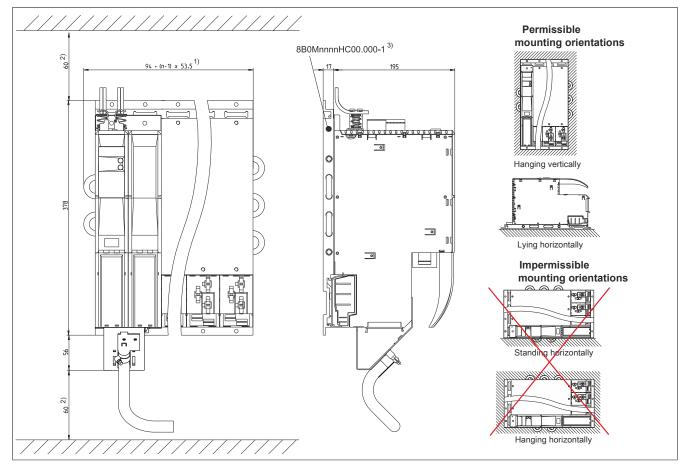


Figure 6: Cold plate - Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

- 1) n... Number of width units on the mounting plate
- 2) For sufficient air circulation, a clearance of at least 60 mm must be provided above the mounting plate and below the module.
- nnnn indicates the number of slots (e.g. 0160 refers to 16 slots).

Information:

When installing ACOPOSmulti modules with cold plate or pass-through mounting, it is important to ensure that the rear panel of the control cabinet is not scratched. This results in deterioration of the heat dissipation to the mounting plate.

Do not place ACOPOSmulti modules on their bottom side for cold plate or pass-through mounting. Doing so could break the clips that hold the unit is fan. Broken clips make it more difficult to replace the fans later on.

6.2 Feed-through mounting

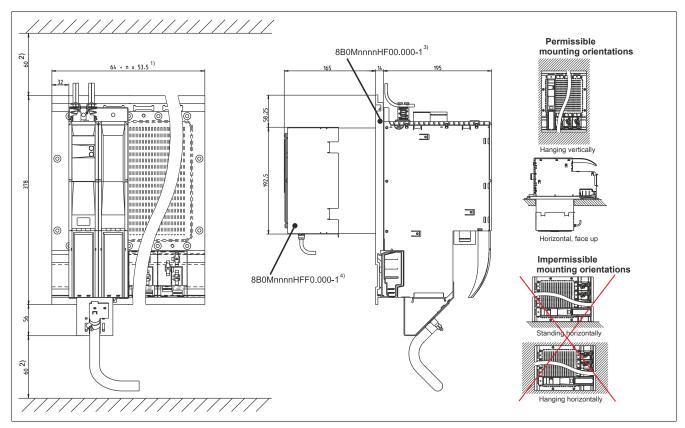


Figure 7: Feed-through mounting - Dimension diagram and installation dimensions

- 1) n... Number of slots on the mounting plate
- 2) For proper air circulation, at least 60 mm clearance must be available above the mounting plate as well as below the module.
- 3) nnnn indicates the number of slots (e.g. 0160 refers to 16 slots).
- 4) For proper air circulation, at least 100 mm has to be left free around the fan module.

Information:

When installing ACOPOSmulti modules with cold plate or pass-through mounting, it is important to ensure that the rear panel of the control cabinet is not scratched. This results in deterioration of the heat dissipation to the mounting plate.

Do not place ACOPOSmulti modules on their bottom side for cold plate or pass-through mounting. Doing so could break the clips that hold the unit is fan. Broken clips make it more difficult to replace the fans later on.

7 Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

7.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

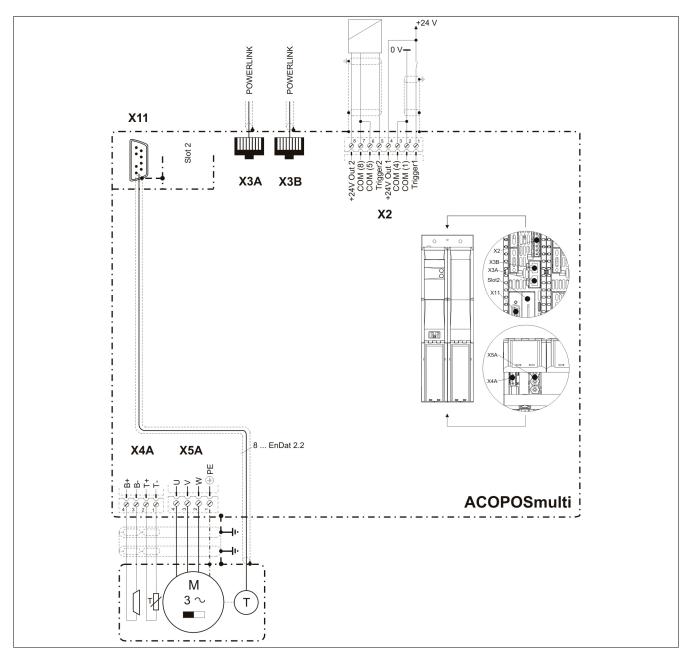


Figure 8: Pinout overview

7.2 Connector X2 - Pinout

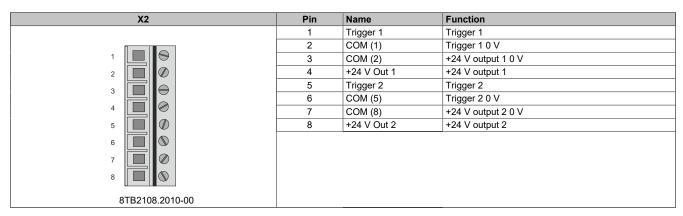


Table 10: Connector X2 - Pinout

7.3 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

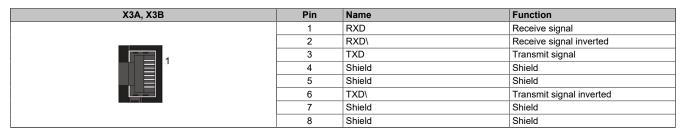


Table 11: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

7.4 Connector X4A - Pinout

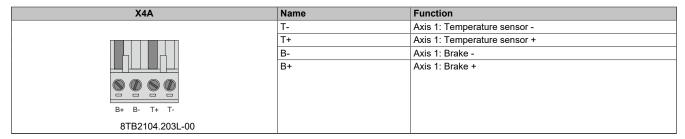


Table 12: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can result in dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- The SBC output is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- The SBC output is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- The SBC output is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output in the switched-off state. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of $600 \mu s$.

This must be taken into account when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

Connections T+ and T- are not required when using 8BCHxxxx hybrid motor cables.

7.5 Connector X5A - Pinout

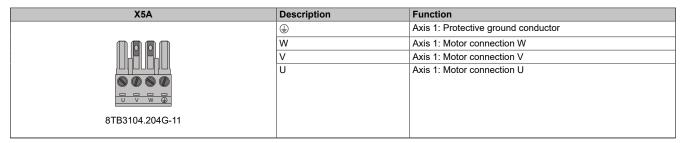
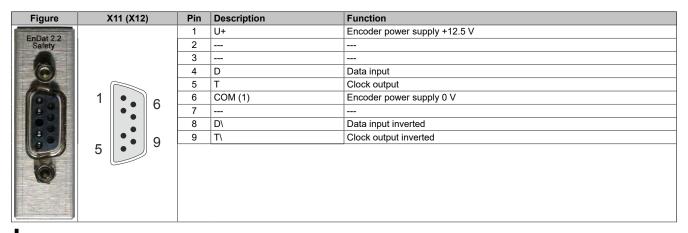


Table 13: Connector X5A - Pinout

Information:

An additional PE wire does not have to be connected to the threaded bolt beside the X5A connector. The PE connection on the male X5A connector is required and sufficient.

7.6 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.