SafeMOTION

User's manual

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Order no.: MAACPMSAFEMC-ENG

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1 General information

1.1 Manual history

Information:

This user's manual is only valid together with the "ACOPOSmulti" (MAACPM-ENG), "Decentralized motion control" (MAACPMDDE-ENG) and "Integrated safety technology" (MASAFETY-ENG) user's manuals.

Information:

B&R makes every effort to keep user's manuals as current as possible. From a safety point of view, however, the current version must be downloaded from the B&R website (www.br-automation.com).

Version	Date	Comment
4.8	2021-02-03	Chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics - ACOPOS P3": Adjusted Cat. 2 values for SBT, SLT.
4.7	2020-03-17	Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions": Updated description for SBT, SLT and Safe Torque; updated SafeMOTION Help Tool V7.1. Chapter "System characteristics": Corrected description for "Detecting module-internal errors".
4.6	2019-08-01	Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions": Added new parameter "Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting", updated description "Accuracy of current measurement" for SBTA/SLT, updated SafeMOTION Help Tool V6.0. ACOPOS P3 safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing - Adjusted values.
4.5	2018-11-06	Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions: Blackout mode, Safe Speed Observer, Safely Limited Torque". Added new parameter "SSO - External load enabled".
4.4	2017-11-13	Chapter "Safety technology": Added new parameter "FFS - Caused by encoder error" for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.
4.3	2017-07-13	Chapter ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION / Technical data / 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives: Added 1-axis modules.
4.2	2016-12-12	Added chapter "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / Safety functions": Added table "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / System requirements": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION / Safe power transmission system / ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe pulse disabling": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe motor holding brake output": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics - ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe machine options": Added data structure for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION module": Group "Encoders": Modified description. Group: Safety features: Added axis 1. Group: Safety features: Added axis 2. Group: Safety features: Added axis 3. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in SafeDESIGNER": Added information regarding SafeMOTION parameters for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION parameters for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Channel list": Added channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the safety application": Modified figure "Inverter unit timing". SafeMOTION Help Tool: Updated for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION / openSAFETY. Application in SafeDESIGNER: Added table "Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF". Accessing data on the SafeMOTION module / ACOPOS parameter ID: Added status and control bits for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Library SafeMC: Added description of function blocks READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2 (read SafeOUT data 2) and READ_SAFEIN_DATA2 (read SafeIN data 2). Chapter "PLCopen Safety": Added description of library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF.
4.1	2016-10-10	Chapter "Standards and certifications": Added ACOPOS P3, harmonized with user's manual standards. Appendix: Added overview of safety level for safety functions used by the ACOPOS product family. Added chapter "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / Safety functions": Added table "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION".
		Chapter "System characteristics / System requirements": Added ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION. Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION / Safe power transmission system / ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION".

Table 1: Manual history

Version	Date	Comment			
		Chapter "S SafeMOTIC		/ / Configuring the safety functions / Safe pulse disabling": Added ACOPOSmotor	
		Chapter "SafeMOTIC		Configuring the safety functions / Safe motor holding brake output": Added ACOPOSmotor	
		Added chap	oter "Safety techn	ology / Safety characteristics - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION	
		module": G	roup "General": R	levised description of SafeMODULE ID.	
			tandards and cert pplicable Europe		
		Updated "M Standards a	lechanical condition for the definitions for	ons in accordance with EN 61800-2" for 8CVI and 8DI. safety technology: Removed standard-specific paragraphs regarding stop category.	
4.0	2016-03-14	SafeMOTIC	Renamed ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user manual to SafeMOTION user's manual. SafeMOTION user's manual: Changed parameter names (chapter Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameter names)		
3.10	2015-06-10		afety technology / pe" SafeMOTION	Integrated safety technology / Safe machine options / Data structure": Corrected values for I EnDat 2.2.	
3.00	2015-01-21	Merged AC multi SafeM	MOTION.	cation MC EnDat 2.2, V2.4 and ACOPOSmulti user's manuals with SafeMC SinCos V1.1: ACOPOS- AACPMSAFEMC) applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION.	
		Version	Date	Comment	
		1.00	2010-03-26	Start of revision history publication	
		2.2	2012-03-19	Updated manual for Safety Release 1.4.	
		2.3	2012-09-24	Chapter "General information": Disclaimer added Chapter "System characteristics": Added "Detection of errors within the module". Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety technology in the ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC / The safe power transmission system": Updated encoder options and danger notice. Chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics": Added danger warning about measuring instruments.	
		2.4	2014-02-17	Chapter "General information / Protection against touching electrical parts": Updated dan-	
				ger warning. Chapter "ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC": Added information about motor and encoder cables sorted by model number and danger warning about safe motor holding brake (X4A/ X4B connectors).	
				Chapter "ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC / Overview": Added additional PE connection for 8BVE expansion modules. Chapter "Safety technology / The safe power transmission system": Added information	
				about motor cables. Chapter "Safety technology / Principle - Implementing safety functions": Changed danger	
				warning. Chapter "Safety technology / Safe motor holding brake output": Added danger warning	
				about safe motor holding brake output. Chapter "Safety technology / Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength": Changed	
				title (previously "Fault exclusion"). Chapter "Safety technology / Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength – Safe lag	
				error monitoring": Shared content with ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos user's manual (previously "Safe monitoring without fault exclusion"). Chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions": Updat-	
				ed description of Safe Operating Stop (SOS). Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions": Added SafePosition,	
				SafeSpeed. Chapter "Safety technology / Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMC module":	
				Removed group "General, Parameters". Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the safety application": Added SBT with ref-	
				erence to ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos, shared content. Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the safety application / SafeMC Help Tool":	
				Updated Safe Brake Test (SBT). Chapter "Safety technology / Application in SafeDESIGNER": Added reference to	
				ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos, shared content. Chapter "Safety technology / ACOPOSmulti parameter IDs": Shared content with ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos, update.	
				Chapter "Safety technology / Library "SafeMC": Optimized and restructured description, added SBT (shared content with ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos).	
				Chapter "Safety technology / Replacing a safe encoder/motor": Shared content with ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos user's manual.	
				Chapter "PLCopen Safety / SF_SafeMC_BR_V2": Section "Integrated safety functions" identical to section "Integrated safety functions" in chapter "Safety technology".	
				Chapter "PLCopen safety / Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength": Shared content with ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos user's manual (previously "Fault exclusion").	
				Table 2: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMC EnDat 2.2	

Table 1: Manual history

General information

Version	Date	Comment		
		Version	Date	Comment
				Chapter "PLCopen Safety / Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength – Safe lag error monitoring": Shared content with ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos user's manual (previously "Safe monitoring without fault exclusion"). Chapter "Standards and certifications": Removed EN 954-1, changein accordance with IFA (previously BGIA) 2/2012, Additional environmental limit values in accordance with EN 61800-2: Removed footnote.
				Table 2: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMC EnDat 2.2
		Version	Date	Comment
		1.0	September 2013	Start of revision history publication
		1.1	February 2014	Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Position, Safe Speed: Changed danger warnings, changed information, added example. Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the safety application / SafeMC Help Tool": Updated Safe Brake Test (SBT). Chapter "Standards and certifications": Changein accordance with IFA (previously BGIA) 2/2012
			March 2014	Chapter "Safety technology / Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments: Requirements from the "Error list for movement and position sensors in accordance with EN 61800-5-2:2007", Table D.16 Performance level (PL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation Safety integrity level (SIL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation "Excerpt" removed, replaced with "in accordance with"; error list table: Added footnote regarding linear encoders.
				Table 3: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos

Table 1: Manual history

1.1.1 Publications

Model number	Medium	Contents
MAACPMSAFEMC-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPM-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPP3-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPMDDE-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MASAFETY-ENG	Electronic	Complete

Table 4: Publications

1.1.2 Release information

Manual version	Valid for	
V4.4	SafeMOTION Safety Re	lease 1.10
V4.3		
V4.2		
V4.1		
V4.0		
V3.00	SafeMOTION Safety Re	lease 1.9
	Manual version	Valid for
	V1.00	Safety Release 1.3
	V2.2	Safety Release 1.3 and Safety Release 1.4
	V2.3	,
	V2.4	
		Table 6: ACOPOSmulti SafeMC EnDat 2.2 - Release information
	Manual version	Valid for
	V1.0	Safety Release 1.4 to Safety Release 1.7 - ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos
		Table 7: ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos - Release information

Table 5: Release information

1.2 Safety guidelines

1.2.1 Organization of notices

Safety notices

Contain **only** information that warns of dangerous functions or situations.

Signal word	Description
Danger!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices will result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property.
Warning!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in death, severe injury or substantial damage to property.
Caution!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in minor injury or damage to property.
Notice!	Failure to observe these safety guidelines and notices can result in damage to property.

General notices

Contain **useful** information for users and instructions for avoiding malfunctions.

Signal word	Description
Information:	Useful information, application tips and instructions for avoiding malfunctions.

1.2.2 General information

B&R drive systems and servo motors have been designed, developed and manufactured for conventional use in industrial environments.

They have not been designed, developed and manufactured for use that involves fatal risks or hazards that could result in death, injury, serious physical harm or other loss without the assurance of exceptionally stringent safety precautions.

In particular, these risks include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, in flight control or flight safety systems as well as in the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems or weapons systems.

Servo drives, inverter modules and frequency inverters from B&R are not dual-use goods per appendix I of Council Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 | 3A225, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2420. The electrical output frequency of these modules is monitored; if the limit frequency is exceeded, the current movement is aborted and an error is reported.

Servo drives, inverter modules and frequency inverters with the dual-use option are dual-use goods per appendix I of Council Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 | 3A225, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2420.

The electrical output frequency of these modules is not monitored.

Modules with the dual-use option are subject to various export restrictions.

Danger!

Drive systems and servo motors can have exposed parts with voltages applied (e.g. terminals) or hot surfaces. Additional hazards include moving machine parts. The removal of required covers, inappropriate use of the devices or their improper installation or operation can result in severe personal injury or damage to property.

All tasks such as the transport, installation, commissioning and servicing of devices are only permitted to be carried out by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are persons who are familiar with the transport, installation, assembly, commissioning and operation of the product and have the appropriate qualifications for their job. National accident prevention regulations must be observed.

The safety guidelines, information about connection conditions (nameplate and documentation) and limit values specified in the technical data must be read carefully before installation and commissioning and must be strictly observed.

1.2.3 Qualified personnel

Use of safety-related products is restricted to the following persons:

- Qualified personnel who are familiar with relevant safety concepts for automation technology as well as applicable standards and regulations
- Qualified personnel who plan, develop, install and commission safety equipment in machines and systems

General information

Qualified personnel in the context of this manual's safety guidelines are those who, because of their training, experience and instruction combined with their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention guidelines and operating conditions, are qualified to carry out essential tasks and recognize and avoid potentially dangerous situations.

In this regard, sufficient language skills are also required in order to be able to properly understand this manual.

1.2.4 Intended use

Servo drives are components intended to be installed in electrical systems or machines. This intended use is prohibited until it has been determined that the machine complies with the regulations of EC directives 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive) and 2004/108/CE (EMC Directive).

B&R drive systems are only permitted to be directly operated on grounded industrial power systems (TN, TN-C-S). When used in residential areas, commercial areas or small businesses, additional protective and filtering measures must be implemented by the user.

Danger!

Drive systems are not permitted to be operated directly on TT, IT and corner-grounded TN-S systems!

For technical data as well as specifications for connection and ambient conditions, see the nameplate and user documentation. The connection and ambient conditions must be observed!

Danger!

Electronic devices are generally not failsafe. If the drive systems fails, the user is responsible for making sure that the motor is brought to a secure state.

1.2.5 Safety technology disclaimer

The proper use of all B&R products must be guaranteed by the customer through the implementation of suitable training, instruction and documentation measures. The guidelines set forth in system user's manuals must be taken into account here as well. B&R has no obligation to provide verification or warnings with regard to the customer's purpose of using the delivered product.

Changes to the devices are not permitted when using safety-related components. Only certified products are permitted to be used. Currently valid product versions in each case are listed in the corresponding certificates. Current certificates are available on the B&R website (www.br-automation.com) in the Downloads section for the respective product. The use of non-certified products or product versions is not permitted.

All relevant information regarding these safety products must be read in the latest version of the related data sheet and the corresponding safety notices observed before the safety products are permitted to be operated. Certified data sheets are available on the B&R website (www.br-automation.com) in the Downloads section for the respective product.

B&R and its employees are not liable for any damages or loss resulting from the incorrect use of these products. The same applies to misuse that may result from specifications or statements made by B&R in connection with sales, support or application activities. It is the sole responsibility of the user to check all specifications and statements made by B&R for proper application as it pertains to safety-related applications. In addition, the user assumes sole responsibility for the proper design of the safety function as it pertains to safety-related applications.

1.2.6 Protection against electrostatic discharge

Electrical assemblies that can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD) must be handled accordingly.

1.2.6.1 Packaging

Electrical assemblies with housing do not require special ESD packaging but must be handled properly (see section 1.2.6.2 "Regulations for proper ESD handling" on page 25).

Electrical assemblies without housing are protected by ESD-suitable packaging.

1.2.6.2 Regulations for proper ESD handling

Electrical assemblies with housing

- Do not touch the connector contacts of connected cables.
- Do not touch the contact tips on circuit boards.

Electrical assemblies without housing

The following applies in addition to "Electrical assemblies with housing":

- All persons handling electrical assemblies and devices in which electrical assemblies are installed must be grounded.
- Assemblies are only permitted to be touched on the narrow sides or front plate.
- Always place assemblies on suitable surfaces (ESD packaging, conductive foam, etc.).
 Metallic surfaces are not suitable surfaces!
- · Assemblies must not be subjected to electrostatic discharges (e.g. due to charged plastics).
- A minimum distance of 10 cm from monitors or television sets must be maintained.
- · Measuring instruments and devices must be grounded.
- Test probes of floating potential measuring instruments must be discharged briefly on suitable grounded surfaces before measurement.

Individual components

- ESD protective measures for individual components are implemented throughout B&R (conductive floors, shoes, wrist straps, etc.).
- The increased ESD protective measures for individual components are not required for handling B&R products at customer locations.

1.2.7 Transport and storage

During transport and storage, devices must be protected against undue stress (mechanical stress, temperature, humidity, aggressive atmosphere).

Drive systems contain components sensitive to electrostatic charges that can be damaged by inappropriate handling. It is therefore necessary to provide the required protective measures against electrostatic discharge when installing or removing these drive systems.

1.2.8 Handling and installation

Warning!

B&R drive systems and servo motors can be heavy.

When handling and installing heavy B&R drive systems or servo motors, there is therefore the risk of personal injury or damage to property caused by shearing, impacts, cutting or crushing. If required, use suitable protective equipment (e.g. safety glasses, protective gloves, safety shoes)!

Installation must be performed according to this documentation using suitable equipment and tools.

Devices are only permitted to be installed in a voltage-free state and by qualified personnel. The control cabinet must first be disconnected from the power supply and secured against being switched on again.

General safety guidelines and national accident prevention regulations for working with high voltage systems must be observed.

Electrical installation must be carried out in accordance with relevant regulations (e.g. wire cross section, fuse protection, protective ground connection, see also 2.5 "Dimensioning" on page 152).

1.2.9 Operation

1.2.9.1 Protection against contact with electrical parts

Danger!

To operate drive systems, it is necessary for certain parts to carry dangerous voltage levels over 60 VDC. Touching one of these components can result in a life-threatening electric shock. There is a risk of death, serious injury or damage to property.

Before switching on a drive system, it is important to ensure that it is properly connected to ground potential (PE rail). The ground connection must also be made if the drive system is only connected for testing purposes or only operated for a short time!

Before switching on, live parts must be securely covered. All covers and control cabinet doors must be kept closed during operation.

Danger!

If the safety functions integrated in the drive system are used in an application, then they must be fully validated before the drive system is switched on for the first time. There is a risk of death, serious injury or damage to property.

Control and power connections can still be live even if the motor is not rotating. Touching these connections when the power is switched on is prohibited.

Before performing any work on drive systems, they must first be disconnected from the mains and prevented from being switched on again.

Danger!

Dangerously high voltage!

Before starting work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the capacitors have discharged. Observe regulations!

This delay time of 5 minutes begins as soon as all of the synchronous motors connected to the drive system that has been disconnected from the power supply have come to a standstill. If the synchronous motors are not at standstill when the drive system is disconnected from the power supply, then the delay time must be extended accordingly.

The following warning label is attached to SafeMOTION modules:

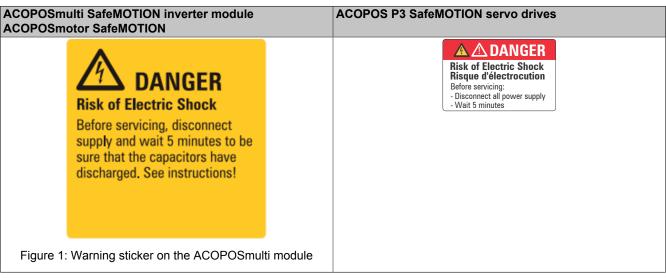


Table 8: Warning label on SafeMOTION modules

The connections on the drive system for signal voltages in the voltage range 5 to 30 V are safely isolated circuits. The signal voltage connections and interfaces are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or electrical components that have sufficient isolation per EN 61800-5-1 and protective extra-low voltage that corresponds to voltage class DVC A (SELV, PELV).

Never disconnect the electrical connections of drive systems while voltage is applied. In the worst case, arcs may occur that can subsequently cause personal injury and/or damage to contacts.

1.2.9.2 Protection against hazardous movements

Danger!

Improper control of motors can result in unintended hazardous movements! Such incorrect behavior can have various causes:

- Incorrect installation or faults when handling components
- Improper or incomplete wiring
- Defective devices (drive system, motor, position encoder, cables, brake)
- Incorrect control (e.g. caused by software error)

Several of these fault causes are detected and prevented by the drive system's internal monitoring. Nevertheless, it is still possible for the motor shaft to move any time after the device is switched on! For this reason, higher-level protective measures must be put in place to ensure that personnel and the machine are protected.

The moving parts on machines must be shielded in such a way as to prevent unintentional access by personnel. This type of protection can be achieved by using stable mechanical protective equipment such as protective covers, protective fences, protective gates or photoelectric sensors.

It is prohibited to remove, bypass or circumvent this safety equipment or to remain within the machine's range of movement.

A sufficient number of emergency switch-offs must be installed in the immediate vicinity of the machine and easily accessible at all times. This emergency switch-off equipment must be checked before the machine is commissioned.

On free running motors, the shaft key (if present) must be removed or measures taken to prevent its ejection. The holding brake built into motors cannot prevent hoisting equipment from dropping suspended loads.

1.2.10 Functional safety data and specifications

For the characteristic values of individual safety functions, see 6.3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 319.

Characteristic values are calculated based on a proof test interval of maximum 20 years. Since a proof test cannot be carried out for B&R drive systems, the proof test interval is the same as the system's mission time.

In accordance with the EN ISO 13849, EN 62061 and IEC 61508 standards, the safety functions described in 6 "Safety technology" on page 285 cannot be used beyond the specified mission time.

Danger!

Operating SafeMOTION modules beyond the specified mission time is not permitted!

The user must ensure that all SafeMOTION modules are replaced by new SafeMOTION modules or removed from operation <u>before</u> their mission time expires.

Information:

The end date of the mission time (MTE) is stored on all modules of B&R drive systems that perform a safety function and can be read out by the user as follows (for details, see Automation Help):

- Parameter ID 10312 EPROM_MISSION_TIME_END
- Library ACP10_MC Function block MC_BR_GetHardwareInfo

The end date of the mission time (MTE) can also be read directly from the housing of modules:

• MTE: YYYYMMDD (YYYY ... Year, MM ... Month, DD ... Day)

1.3 Environmentally friendly disposal

All drive systems and servo motors from B&R are designed to have as little impact on the environment as possible.

1.3.1 Separation of materials

To ensure that devices can be recycled in an environmentally friendly manner, it is necessary to separate out the different materials.

General information

Component	Disposal
Drive systems, servo motors, cables	Electronic recycling
Cardboard/Paper packaging	Paper/Cardboard recycling

Table 9: Environmentally friendly separation of materials

Disposal must be carried out in accordance with applicable legal regulations.

1.4 Cybersecurity disclaimer for products

B&R products communicate via a network interface and were developed for secure connection with internal and, if necessary, other networks such as the Internet.

Information:

In the following, B&R products are referred to as "product" and all types of networks (e.g. internal networks and the Internet) are referred to as "network".

It is the sole responsibility of the customer to establish and continuously ensure a secure connection between the product and the network. In addition, appropriate security measures must be implemented and maintained to protect the product and entire network from any security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, digital intrusion, data leakage and/or theft of data or information.

B&R Industrial Automation GmbH and its subsidiaries are not liable for damages and/or losses in connection with security breaches, unauthorized access, interference, digital intrusion, data leakage and/or theft of data or information.

The aforementioned appropriate security measures include, for example:

- Segmentation of the network (e.g. separation of the IT network from the control network¹⁾)
- · Use of firewalls
- · Use of authentication mechanisms
- Encryption of data
- Use of anti-malware software

Before B&R releases products or updates, they are subjected to appropriate functional testing. Independently of this, we recommend that our customers develop their own test processes in order to be able to check the effects of changes in advance. Such changes include, for example:

- · Installation of product updates
- Significant system modifications such as configuration changes
- Deployment of updates or patches for third-party software (non-B&R software)
- · Hardware replacement

These tests should ensure that implemented security measures remain effective and that systems in the customer's environment behave as expected.

¹⁾ The term "control network" refers to computer networks used to connect control systems. The control network can be divided into zones, and there can be several separate control networks within a company or site. The term "control systems" refers to all types of B&R products such as controllers (e.g. X20), HMI systems (e.g. Power Panel T30), process control systems (e.g. APROL) and supporting systems such as engineering workstations with Automation Studio.

2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

2.1 Configuration of an ACOPOSmulti drive system

The ACOPOSmulti drive system consists of a mounting plate, various modules (power supply, auxiliary supply, inverter, expansion and capacitor modules), plug-in modules as well as a line filter and – only in combination with 8BVP active power supply modules – a regeneration choke.

There are 10 steps necessary to configure the ACOPOSmulti:

- 1. Determine the cooling method.
 - ° Standard cooling (wall mounting)
 - Feed-through cooling (feed-through mounting)
 - ° Oil/Water cooling (cold plate mounting)
- 2. Define or verify the supply voltage range and network configuration.
- 3. Select the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules according to the application requirements.
 - ° 1-axis modules
 - ° 2-axis modules
- 4. Select the ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules for the motor encoder and external axis encoder according to the application requirements.
- 5. Determine if it should be possible to extend the ACOPOSmulti drive system:

 If so, determine the number of optional slots on the mounting plate for other ACOPOSmulti modules
- 6. Select ACOPOSmulti power supply modules according to the application requirements (active/passive power supply module) based on the total power of the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules needed (derating information must be taken into consideration if the supply voltage <3x 400 VAC)
 - Passive power supply modules²⁾
 - Active power supply modules
- 7. Check the maximum chargeable DC bus capacitance.
- 8. Select the ACOPOSmulti auxiliary supply module based on the total power required for the 24 VDC supply of the selected ACOPOSmulti module, ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules as well as the peripheral supply (e.g. PLC, actuators, motor holding brakes, sensors)
 - ° 24 V internal
 - ° 24 V internal, 24 V external
 - 24 V internal, 24 V external, 24 V external supply
 - ° 42 V external

Danger!

ACOPOSmulti auxiliary supply modules (8B0C0320Hx00.00A-1) are not permitted to be used in combination with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules!

- 9. Determine the total number of slots by adding the widths of all selected ACOPOSmulti modules (including optional slots).
- 10. Select the ACOPOSmulti mounting plate according to the total number of slots required and specified cooling method.

²⁾ Step 8 can be skipped if the 24 VDC is supplied to the selected ACOPOSmulti inverter modules by passive power supply module 8B0P0110Hx00.000-1.

2.2 Status indicators

Status indicators are located on the black cover of each module.

2.2.1 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules

2.2.1.1 1-axis modules

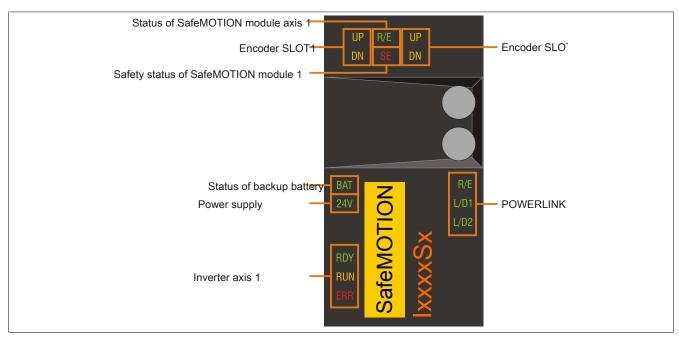


Figure 2: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - Status indicator groups

2.2.1.1.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
	L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on port 1	page 32
	L/D2		Link/Data activity on port 2	
Inverter axis 1	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED
	RUN	Orange	Run	status indicators" on page 32
	ERR	Red	Error	
Status of backup battery	BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "Backup battery (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2) - LED status indicators" on page 32
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Encoder SLOT1	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
Encoder SLOT2	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	see Encoder SLOT1
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 1	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 1	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 33

Table 10: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

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2.2.1.2 2-axis modules

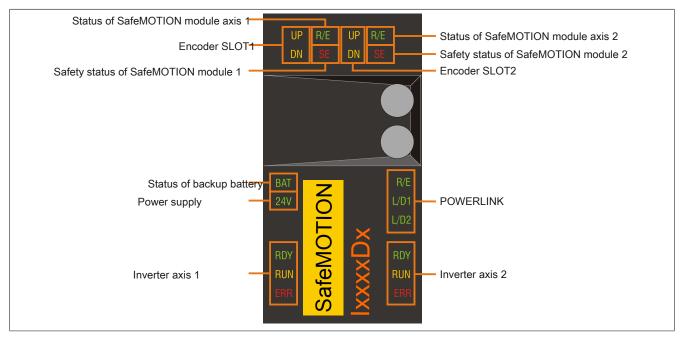


Figure 3: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (2-axis modules) - Status indicator groups

2.2.1.2.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
	L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on port 1	page 32
	L/D2	1	Link/Data activity on port 2	
Inverter axis 1	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED
	RUN	Orange	Run	status indicators" on page 32
	ERR	Red	Error	
Inverter axis 2	RDY	Green	Ready	See inverter axis 1
	RUN	Orange	Run	
	ERR	Red	Error	
Status of backup battery	BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "Backup battery (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION
				EnDat 2.2) - LED status indicators" on page 32
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Encoder SLOT1	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	The encoder position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	The encoder position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
Encoder SLOT2	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	See encoder SLOT1.
	DN	1	Encoder direction of rotation -	
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 1	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 1	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 33
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 2	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 2	SE	Red	Safe/Error	

Table 11: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (2-axis modules) - LED status indicators

2.2.1.3 RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
RDY	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).
			Blinking green 1)	The module is not ready for operation.
				Examples:
				No signal on one or both enable inputs
				DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range
				Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor)
				Motor feedback not connected or defective
				Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective
				Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.)
				Disturbance on network
RUN	Orange	Run	Solid orange	The module's power stage is enabled.
ERR	Red	Error	Solid red 1)	There is a permanent error on the module.
				Examples:
				Permanent overcurrent
				Invalid data in EPROM

Table 12: RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

2.2.1.4 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	LED off	The module is not supplied with power or network interface initialization has failed.
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
		Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).	
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
			Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.
L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on	Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
		port 1	Blinking green	Activity on port 1
L/D2	Green	Link/Data activity on	Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
		port 2	Blinking green	Activity on port 2

Table 13: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

2.2.1.5 Backup battery (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2) - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	LED off	Possible causes:
				The voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range, but an EnDat encoder with backup battery is not connected.
				A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK", but the module's firmware version does not support EnDat encoders with battery backup.
			Solid green	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK" (voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range).
			Solid red	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery not OK".
				Possible causes:
				Voltage of the installed backup battery outside of tolerance range
				No backup battery installed in module

Table 14: Backup battery - LED status indicators

¹⁾ Firmware V2.130 and later.

2.2.1.6 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

There are 3 additional LEDs for each safe axis behind the front cover of an ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module:

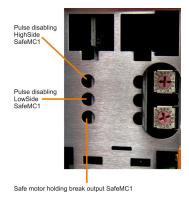


Figure 4: 1-axis modules

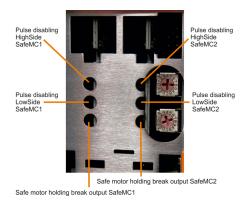


Figure 5: 2-axis modules

LED	Color		Description		
R/E	Green	Red			
	Off	Off	Module not supplied with power, no communication		
	Single flash		Mode "Unlink"		
	Double flash		Updating the firmware		
	Blinking		Mode PREOPERATIONAL		
	On		Mode RUN		
	On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid		
		Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware		
		On	Communication error		
	Off	On	Error		
LED status indicator Pulse disabling output, high-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
LED status indicator Pulse disabling output, low-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
LED status indicator Motor holding brake output	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the startup phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
SE	Red	Off	Mode RUN		
		On	Boot phase or defective processor Safety preoperational state Safe communication channel not OK Boot phase Invalid firmware Non-acknowledgeable error state, FAIL SAFE state		
		The two "SE" indicators are two separate LEDs that show the states of safety processor 1 and safety processor 2. This is only distinguishable			
	when the front cover is or	when the front cover is open, however.			

Table 15: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

2.2.1.7 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:

Width of box: 50 ms Repeats after: 3,000 ms

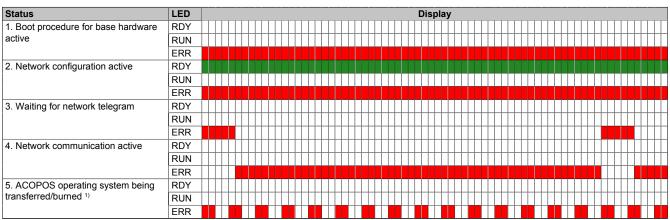


Table 16: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

1) Firmware V2.140 and later.

2.2.1.8 Setting the POWERLINK node number

The POWERLINK node number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located behind the black cover.

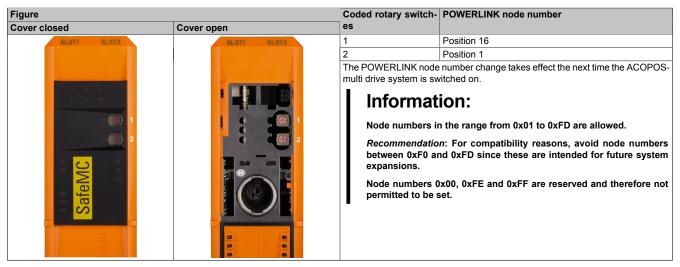


Table 17: Setting the POWERLINK node number

2.3 Data sheets

2.3.1 Module overview

Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	37
8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	37
8BVI0014HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting	37
8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting	37
8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	43
8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	43
8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, wall mounting	43
8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, wall mounting	43
8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	49
8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	49
8BVI0055HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, wall mounting	49
8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, wall mounting	49
8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	55
8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	55
8BVI0110HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, wall mounting	55
8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, wall mounting	55

Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	66
8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	66
8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, AS, wall mounting	66
8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, AS, wall mounting	66
8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	72
8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	72
8BVI0330HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, AS, wall mounting	72
8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A, AS, wall mounting	72
8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	78
8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	78
8BVI0440HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, AS, wall mounting	78
8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A, AS, wall mounting	78

Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	121
8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	121
8BVI0660HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, AS, wall mounting	121
8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A, AS, wall mounting	121
8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	127
8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	127
8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, AS, wall mounting	127
8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A, AS, wall mounting	127

Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI1650HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 165 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	141

Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

	,	
Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes	88
8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	88
8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes	92
8BVI0028HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	92
8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes	97
8BVI0055HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	97

Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

Order number	Short description	Page
8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2	106
	axes	
8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	106
8BVI0220HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes	111
8BVI0220HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	111

2.3.2 Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.2.1 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1

2.3.2.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.2.1.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
C. GOI HUMBOI	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting
8BVI0014HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxSS and 8BVI00xxHxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
8BXB000.0000-00	Accessory sets ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
V00040E04 00000	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035 X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00050 X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
A20CA0E01.00100	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110

Table 18: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.2.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA0C	0xAA0E	0xE0B0	0xE0B1
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)	,
Certifications				
CE		Y	'es	
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)	
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
EAC		Y	'es	
KC	Ye	es		-
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		1.40	6 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.6 * I _M ² + 1.	.3 * I _M + 60] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		$[0.97 * I_{M}^{2} + 0.0]$.5 * I _M + 110] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.7 * I _M ² - 0.7	7 * I _M + 225] W	
DC bus capacitance	165 µF			
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance			5 μF	
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DO} /315)			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%			
Fuse protection			ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)			kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		1.9) A _{eff}	

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction	-	No reduction
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.11 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9)	-	0.11 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)	_
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)	_
Switching frequency 10 kHz	110 100001011		. 10 10000001	
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction	_	No reduction	_
Feed-through mounting	No reduction	_	No reduction	_
Switching frequency 20 kHz	.10.100001011		. 10 1000000	
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.13 A/K (starting at 46°C)	_	0.13 A/K (starting at 46°C)	_
Feed-through mounting	0.1 A/K (starting at 41°C)	_	0.1 A/K (starting at 41°C)	_
Reduction of continuous current de-	or rare (oraning at re-o)	1	3.1.7111 (Starting at 1.1.3)	1
pending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.19 A _{eff} po	er 1000 m	
Peak current		4.7		
Nominal switching frequency		5 k		_
Possible switching frequencies 12)		5 / 10 /		
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit value		
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 ¹³⁾ Protective measures				
Overload protection		Ye	20	
Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Ye		
tection Max. output frequency		598 H	Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Variant				
U, V, W, PE		Conn	ector	
Shield connection		Ye	es	
Terminal connection cross section				_
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10			
CSA		28 to	10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		12 to 2	22 mm	
Max. motor cable length depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		10	m	
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity		1		
Output voltage 15)		24 VDC +5.	8% / -0% 16)	
Continuous current		1.1		
Max. internal resistance		0.5		
Extinction potential		Approx	x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5	Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protection		Y€	es	
Open circuit monitoring		Ye	es	
Undervoltage monitoring		Υe	es	
Response threshold for open circuit		Approx.	0.25 A	
monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage		24 VDC -	2% / -4%	_
monitoring				
Encoder interfaces ¹⁷⁾				
Quantity		1 0 0 1%		<u></u>
_	EnDa	t 2.2 ¹⁸⁾		Cos
Туре	2		15-nin female l	DSUB connector
Connections	9-pin female D			
Connections Status indicators	9-pin female D	SUB connector UP/DN		
Connections	9-pin female D		LEDs	

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the pow- er supply wires in the encoder cable ¹⁹⁾	50 m ²⁰⁾	
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²¹⁾	
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²²⁾	
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		<i>t.</i> .	
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof		res res	
Synchronous serial interface		es	
Signal transmission	RS	485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s	
Sine/Cosine inputs		10.100	
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical	
Differential voltage			
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²³⁾	
At standstill	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-	±10% ²⁵⁾	
Common-mode voltage	-	Max. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω	
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz	
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz	
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz	
ADC resolution Reference input	-	12-bit	
Signal transmission		Differential signal, symmetrical	
Differential voltage for low	-	≤-0.2 V	
Differential voltage for high		≥0.2 V	
Common-mode voltage		Max5 V to +9 V	
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω	
Position Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁶⁾		Number of encoder lines * 5700	
Accuracy 27)	<u> </u>	Number of effcoder lines 5700	
Noise ²⁷⁾	<u> </u>		
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁸⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁸⁾	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Circuit	Si	ink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module		/es	
Input - Input	Υ	es	
Input voltage		100	
Nominal Maximum		VDC	
	30 \	VDC	
Switching threshold Low		5 V	
High		5 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		α. 10 mA	
Switching delay	Αμβιολ		
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs ((digitally filtered)	
Falling edge		(digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential		±38 V	
Electrical properties			
Discharge capacitance	0.14	4 μF	
Operating conditions			
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		/es	
Horizontal, face up		/es	
Standing horizontally	N	No	
Installation elevation above sea level	01:7	500 m	
Nominal Maximum ²⁹⁾		500 m	
Maximum ²⁹⁾		00 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 Overvoltage category per EN		ctive pollution)	
61800-5-1 Degree of protection per EN 60529		20 30)	
	ID2	711 307	

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions		•		
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 31)		5	5°C	
Storage		-25 t	o 55°C	
Transport		-25 t	o 70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage	5 to 95%			
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C			
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 32)				
Width		53	mm	
Height		31	7 mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg
Module width		_	1	

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 15) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 16) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 17) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 18) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 19) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance $[\Omega \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}]$ (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 20) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 21) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 22) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 23) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of $\pm 10\%$ per signal period.
- 26) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 27) Limited by the encoder in practice.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 28) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 29) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 30) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 31) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 32) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.2.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 60. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.2.2 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1

2.3.2.2.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.2.2.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A,
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, AS,
	cold plate or pass-through mounting
0D\/10020LI\\/CC 000 4	Wall mounting
8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, wall mounting
8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, AS,
	wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxSS and 8BVI00xxHxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
V20CA0E64 00000	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025 X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00030 X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00000	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
7/200/10201:00100	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
004004004004	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-
2200120.0001	terface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs £10 v ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-
	coder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
OTD0404 000: 55	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
QTD2100 2010 00	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W
	V U, G keying: 0110

Table 20: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.2.2.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	
General information					
B&R ID code	0xAA10	0xAA12	0xCD74	0xE0B2	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)	,	
Certifications					
CE		Y	es		
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)		
UL			E225616 sion equipment		
EAC		Y	es		
KC	Y	es		-	
DC bus connection			'		
Voltage					
Nominal		750	VDC		
Continuous power consumption 3)		2.87	7 kW		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.6 * I _M ² + 1.	3 * I _M + 60] W		
Switching frequency 10 kHz			.5 * I _M + 110] W		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.7 * I _M ² - 0.7 * I _M + 225] W			
DC bus capacitance	165 uF				
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane				
24 VDC power supply			·		
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%		
Input capacitance		23.	5 μF		
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	
Variant			ılti backplane		
24 VDC output					
Quantity			2		
Output voltage					
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DO} /315)				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%				
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)					
Quantity			1		
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		2.8	kW	_	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		3.8	B A _{eff}		

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)		No reduction 8)		No reduction 81
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	No reduction 0.12 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9)	<u>-</u>	No reduction 0.12 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9
Reduction of continuous current de-	-	0.12 A/K (Starting at 35 C) 9	-	0.12 A/K (Starting at 33 C)
pending on switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				1
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.6 A/K (starting at 58°C)	-	0.6 A/K (starting at 58°C)	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction	-	No reduction	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.4.4.1/2 (-11:		0.4 AUZ (atartia a at 2.480) 13)	1
Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	0.1 A/K (starting at 34°C) 12) 0.09 A/K (starting at 18°C) 9)	-	0.1 A/K (starting at 34°C) ¹²⁾ 0.1 A/K (starting at 18°C) ⁹⁾	-
Reduction of continuous current de-	0.09 A/K (Starting at 16 C)	-	U. I A/K (Starting at 16 C)	-
pending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.38 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	
Peak current		9.5		
Nominal switching frequency		5 k		
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾		5/10/		
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit value		
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)				
Protective measures		Ye		
Overload protection		Y6		
Short circuit and ground fault pro- tection				
Max. output frequency		598 H	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Variant		Conn	a a tar	
U, V, W, PE Shield connection		Conn		
Terminal connection cross section		Ye	#S	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data	0.25 to 4 mm ²			
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10			
CSA		28 to		
Terminal cable cross section dimen-		12 to 22 mm		
sion of shield connection				
Max. motor cable length depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25		
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz				
Motor holding brake connection		10	111	
Quantity		1		
Output voltage ¹⁶⁾		24 VDC +5.		
Continuous current		1.1		
Max. internal resistance		0.5		-
Extinction potential		Approx	c. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching		1.5	Ws	
operation				
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protec-		Υє	es	
tion Open circuit monitoring		Ye	ac	
Undervoltage monitoring		Ye Ye		
Response threshold for open circuit		Approx.		
monitoring		Αρριοχ.	0.2071	
Response threshold for undervoltage		24 VDC -	2% / -4%	-
monitoring Encoder interfaces 18)				
Quantity		1		
Туре	EnDat	2.2 19)	Sin	Cos
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female [OSUB connector
Status indicators		UP/DN	LEDs	
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		N	0	
Encoder monitoring		Ye	es	

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Max. encoder cable length Depends on the cross section of the power supply		028HWSA.000-1
Concoder power supply Coupt voltage Typ. 12.5 V 5.7 ±5% ±75% ±75% ±75% ±75% ±75% ±75% ±75%	50 m ²¹⁾	
Output voltage Typ. 12.5 V 5 V ±5% ₹9 Load capacity 350 mA 300 mA 300 mA Sense lines - 1, 2, compensation of max. 2 x 0 Protective measures Short-circuit proof Yes Overload-proof Yes 50 years and year		
Load capacity Sense lines - 2, compensation of max. 2 x 0 Protective measures Short-circuit proof Ves Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission RS485 Data transfer rate 6, 6.25 Mbit/s RS485 Data transfer rate 6, 6.25 Mbit/s RS485 Data transfer rate 7, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10	E.V., 50/ 00°	
Sense lines		
Protective measures Short-actual proof Yes		
Short-circuit proof Yes	isation of max. 2 x	x U./ V
Synchronous serial interface Synchronous serial interface Synchronous serial interface Synchronous serial interface 6.25 Mbit/s 781.25 kbit/s		
Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission RS485 Data transfer rate 6.25 Mbit/s 781.25 kbit/s Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential signals, symmetric Signal transmission Differential signals, symmetric Differential voltage		
Signal transmission RS495 781.25 kbil/s		
Data transfer rate 6.25 Molt/s 781.25 kblt/s		
Signat transmission -	781.25 kbit/s	
Differential voltage		
In motion	al signals, symme	etrical
At standstill - 0.8 to 1.35 V 28		
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾	
signal period Common-mode voltage - Max. ±7 V Terminating resistor	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾	
Terminating resistor		
Max. input frequency - 200 kHz		
Signal frequency (-5 dB) -		
Signal frequency (-3 dB) - DC up to 200 kHz ADC resolution - 12-bit Reference input Termination 12-bit Signal transmission - Differential signal, symmetric Differential voltage for low - ≤-0.2 V Differential voltage for low - &20.2 V Common-mode voltage - Max5 V to +9 V Terminating resistor - Number of encoder lines * 57 Position Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁷⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ P _{Suc} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E Max. power consumption per encoder interface P _{Suc} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾ P _{Suc} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E Trigger Input 2 2 Quantity 2 2 Circuit Sink Electrical isolation Puput - Input Yes Input - Input Yes		
ADC resolution - 12-bit Reference input Signal transmission Differential signal, symmetric Differential voltage for low - ≤-0.2 V Differential voltage for high - ≥0.2 V Common-mode voltage - Max5 V to +9 V Terminating resistor - 120 Ω Position Number of encoder lines * 57 Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁷⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - - - Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - - - - Max. power consumption per encoder interface P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾ P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E I _E Trigger inputs 2 2 Circuit Sink Electrical isolation Nominal Yes Nominal Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold Sink Low <5 V		
Reference input Signal transmission - Differential signal, symmetric Differential voltage for low - ≤-0.2 V Differential voltage for high - ≥0.2 V Common-mode voltage - Max5 V to +9 V Terminating resistor - 120 Ω Position Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy 280 - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy 280 - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy 280 - P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encode} [A] -200 P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E Max, power consumption per encoder interface P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encode} [A] -200 P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E I _E Trigger inputs 2 2 2 Circuit Sink Sink Electrical isolation P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encode} [A] -200 P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E I _E Sink Electrical isolation P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E I _E Sink Electrical isolation P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E I _E Sink Electrical isolation P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E		
Signal transmission - Differential signal, symmetric	12-DIL	
Differential voltage for low - ≤-0.2 V Differential voltage for high - ≥0.2 V Common-mode voltage - Max. 5∨ to +9 V Terminating resistor - 120 Ω Position - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - - Noise ²⁸⁾ - - Max. power consumption per encoder interface P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾ P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E Trigger inputs 2 P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E E Circuit Sink Sink E Electrical isolation Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Yes Input - Input Yes Yes Input - Input oltage Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold - - Low <5 V	ial signal symmet	etrical
Differential voltage for high - ≥0.2 V		
Common-mode voltage - Max5 V to +9 V Terminating resistor - 120 Ω Position Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁷⁾ - Number of encoder lines *57 Accuracy ²⁸⁾ - -		
Terminating resistor		
Position Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾ - Number of encoder lines * 57 Accuracy 2 ²⁸ - - - - - - Noise 280 - <td></td> <td></td>		
Accuracy 28)		
Noise 280	of encoder lines *	* 5700
Max. power consumption per encoder interface P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾ P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _E interface Trigger inputs Quantity 2 Circuit Sink Electrical isolation Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Input voltage Yes Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold 4 VDC Low <5 V		
Trigger inputs Quantity 2 Circuit Sink Electrical isolation 1pput - Inverter module Input - Input Input Yes Input voltage 4 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold <5 V		
Trigger inputs Quantity 2 Circuit Sink Electrical isolation	(0.376 A + 0.35 *	* I _{Encoder} [A]) 29)
Circuit Sink Electrical isolation Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Input - Input Yes Input voltage VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold V Low <5 V		
Electrical isolation Yes Input - Inverter module Yes Input - Input Yes Input voltage Test voltage Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold Test voltage Low <5 V		
Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Nominal Aximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Rising edge Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential		
Input - Input Yes Input voltage 4 VDC Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold 4 VDC Low <5 V		
Input voltage 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold Switching threshold Low <5 V		
Nominal 24 VDC Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold		
Maximum 30 VDC Switching threshold Switching threshold Low <5 V		
Switching threshold Low <5 V High >15 V Input current at nominal voltage Approx. 10 mA Switching delay Rising edge 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Falling edge 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Modulation compared to ground potential		
Low <5 V		
High >15 V Input current at nominal voltage Approx. 10 mA Switching delay Rising edge 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Falling edge 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Modulation compared to ground potential		
Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Approx. 10 mA 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V		
Switching delay Rising edge 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Falling edge 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Modulation compared to ground potential Max. ±38 V		
Rising edge 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Falling edge 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Modulation compared to ground potential Max. ±38 V		
Falling edge 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Modulation compared to ground potential Max. ±38 V		
Modulation compared to ground potential Max. ±38 V		
· · ·		
Discharge capacitance 0.14 μF		
Operating conditions		
Permissible mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically Yes		
Horizontal, face up Yes Charding harizontally No.		
Standing horizontally No		
Installation elevation above sea level Nominal 0 to 500 m		
Maximum ³⁰⁾ 4000 m		
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 2 (non-conductive pollution)		
Overvoltage category per EN III		
Covervoltage category per EN 61800-5-1 Degree of protection per EN 60529 IP20 31)		

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	
Ambient conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to	40°C		
Maximum 32)		55	5°C		
Storage		-25 to	55°C		
Transport		-25 to	70°C		
Relative humidity				_	
Operation		5 to	85%		
Storage		5 to 95%			
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C				
Mechanical properties					
Dimensions 33)					
Width		53	mm		
Height		317	mm		
Depth					
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	
Module width			1		

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- $I_{\text{\scriptsize G}}$... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin - nSin)² + (Cos - nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.2.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 60. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.2.3 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1

2.3.2.3.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.2.3.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A,
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 7.6 A, AS,
	cold plate or pass-through mounting
8B\/I0055H\M22 000 4	Wall mounting ACOPOS multi SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A
8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, AS, wall mounting
8BVI0055HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 7.6 A, AS,
	wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxSS and 8BVI00xxHxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
V20CA0E64.00000	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025 X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00030 X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.55 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 III
, 120, 10201.00100	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
00.400.400.4	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-
2200120.0001	terface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
OTD0404 000: 55	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
QTD2100 2010 00	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W
	V U, G keying: 0110

Table 22: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.2.3.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA14	0xAA16	0xDD6B	0xE0B3
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	-	2	2 1)	,
Certifications				
CE		Y	'es	
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)	
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
EAC		Y	'es	
KC	Ye	es		-
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		5.6	s kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.6 * I _M ² + 1.	.3 * I _M + 60] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		$[0.97 * I_{M}^{2} + 0.0]$.5 * I _M + 110] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.7 * I _M ² - 0.7	7 * I _M + 225] W	
DC bus capacitance	165 µF			
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance		23.	5 μF	
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant		ACOPOSmu	ulti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%			
Fuse protection	e protection 250 mA (slow-blow) elect		ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		5.5	i kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		7.6	S A _{eff}	

Table 23: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1	
Reduction of continuous current de-					
pending on switching frequency 7)					
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.2 A/K (starting at 49°C)	-	0.2 A/K (starting at 49°C)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.13 A/K (starting at 4°C) 9)	-	0.13 A/K (starting at 4°C) 9	
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾				, ,	
Switching frequency 5 kHz					
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.65 A/K (starting at 57°C) 8)	_	0.65 A/K (starting at 57°C) 8)	_	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)	_	
Switching frequency 10 kHz					
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.28 A/K (starting at 46°C)	_	0.28 A/K (starting at 46°C)	_	
Feed-through mounting	0.15 A/K (starting at 34°C) 9)	_	0.15 A/K (starting at 34°C) 9)	_	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	o. 10 / vit (old ling at 0 1 0)	l	o. 10 / trk (ottaking at 0 1 0)		
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.14 A/K (starting at 5°C) 12)	_	0.14 A/K (starting at 5°C) 12)	_	
Feed-through mounting	0.08 A/K (start-	_	0.08 A/K (start-	_	
r cca throagh mounting	ing at -33°C) 9)		ing at -33°C) 9)		
Reduction of continuous current de-	ing at the try				
pending on installation elevation					
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.76 A _{eff} p	er 1000 m		
Peak current			A _{eff}		
Nominal switching frequency			KHz		
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			20 kHz		
Insulation stress of the connected mo-			e curve A		
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)		Little Vale			
Protective measures		-			
Overload protection		Y	es		
Short circuit and ground fault protection			es		
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾		
Variant		-			
U, V, W, PE		Conr	ector		
Shield connection		Y	es		
Terminal connection cross section					
Flexible and fine-stranded wires					
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²		
Approbation data					
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10				
CSA		28 t	o 10		
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		12 to 2	22 mm		
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency					
Switching frequency 5 kHz			<u>m</u>		
Switching frequency 10 kHz			m		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		10	m		
Motor holding brake connection	,				
Quantity			1		
Output voltage 16)			8% / -0% ¹⁷⁾		
Continuous current			1 A		
Max. internal resistance			5Ω		
Extinction potential			x. 30 V		
Max. extinction energy per switching operation			Ws		
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz		
Protective measures					
Overload and short-circuit protection			es		
Open circuit monitoring			es		
Undervoltage monitoring			es		
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A				
Response threshold for undervoltage	24 VDC -2% / -4%				
monitoring					
Encoder interfaces 18)			4		
Quantity	1				
Type	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector				
Connections	9-pin remaie D			OOD CONNECTOR	
Status indicators		UP/DN	LEDs		
Electrical isolation					
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No No				
Encoder monitoring	Yes				

Table 23: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1		
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 20)	50 m ²¹⁾		
Encoder power supply				
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²²⁾		
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²³⁾		
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V		
Protective measures		00		
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof		es es		
Synchronous serial interface	Υ(
Signal transmission	RS	485		
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s		
Sine/Cosine inputs	0.20	. 51.25 1.51.5		
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical		
Differential voltage				
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾		
At standstill	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾		
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	<u>-</u>	±10% ²⁶⁾		
Common-mode voltage	<u>-</u>	Max. ±7 V		
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω		
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz		
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz		
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz		
ADC resolution Reference input	-	12-bit		
Signal transmission		Differential signal, symmetrical		
Differential voltage for low	<u> </u>	onierentiai signai, symmetricai ≤-0.2 V		
Differential voltage for high	-	≥0.2 V		
Common-mode voltage		Max5 V to +9 V		
Terminating resistor Position		120 Ω		
Resolution @ 1 V _{ss²⁷⁾}		Number of encoder lines * 5700		
Accuracy ²⁸⁾	-			
Noise ²⁸⁾	-			
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V * I_{Encoder}[A]^{29}$	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾		
Trigger inputs				
Quantity		2		
Circuit	Si	ink		
Electrical isolation				
Input - Inverter module		es		
Input - Input	Yı	es		
Input voltage	041	VIDC		
Nominal Maximum		VDC VDC		
Switching threshold	30 \	V D C		
Low	<	5 V		
High		5 V		
Input current at nominal voltage		10 mA		
Switching delay	Дргох	<u> </u>		
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)		
Falling edge		digitally filtered)		
Modulation compared to ground potential		±38 V		
Electrical properties				
Discharge capacitance	0.14	4 μF		
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically		es		
Horizontal, face up		es		
Standing horizontally	N	No		
Installation elevation above sea level	2 : 722			
Nominal		500 m		
Maximum 30) Pollution degree per EN 61800 5.1		00 m		
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 Overvoltage category per EN		ctive pollution)		
61800-5-1				
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP2	0 31)		

Table 23: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions		•		
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		5	5°C	
Storage		-25 t	o 55°C	
Transport		-25 t	o 70°C	
Relative humidity		_		_
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95	% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		53	mm	
Height		31	7 mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 2.2 kg	Approx. 2.7 kg	Approx. 2.2 kg	Approx. 2.7 kg
Module width			1	

Table 23: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length 7 = 3 y/(Sin pSin)² + (Cos pCos)² is monitored according to the procified limits.
- The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.2.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 60. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.2.4 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1

2.3.2.4.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design

2.3.2.4.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A,
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 15.1 A,
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A,
OD) (104401 1) N/O A 000 4	AS, wall mounting
8BVI0110HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0110SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0110HxSS
	and 8BVI0110HxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
8BAC0123.002-1	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
0DAC0123.002-1	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-
	terface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital
	inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
0DAC0422.000.4	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-
8BAC0133.000-1	coder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
000000.0000-00	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
	10 min corous alama terminal blook 1 ross nitabs F 00 mm label
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
8TB2108.2010-00 8TB3104.204G-11	1: Numbered consecutively 4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W

Table 24: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.2.4.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1	
General information					
B&R ID code	0xAA18	0xAA1A	0xDD1F	0xE0BC	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)		
Certifications					
CE		Υ	'es		
Functional safety 2)		Yes (ope	nSAFETY)		
UL			E225616 sion equipment		
EAC		Υ	'es		
KC	Ye	es		-	
DC bus connection					
Voltage					
Nominal		750	VDC		
Continuous power consumption 3)		11.:	2 kW		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.16 * I _M ² + 5	5.6 * I _M + 55] W		
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.49 * I _M ² + 4	I.7 * I _M + 95] W		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[0.87 * I _M ² + 1	0 * I _M + 200] W		
DC bus capacitance	330 µF				
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane				
24 VDC power supply			·		
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%				
Input capacitance		23.	5 μF		
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	
Variant			ulti backplane	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
24 VDC output			·		
Quantity			2		
Output voltage					
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	* (U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%				
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)					
Quantity			1		
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		11	kW		
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		15.	1 A _{eff}		

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1			
Reduction of continuous current de-							
pending on switching frequency 7)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	_	0.26 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9)	_	0.26 A/K (starting at 33°C) 9)			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	_	0.15 A/K (start-	_	0.15 A/K (start-			
	-	ing at -28°C) 9)	_	ing at -28°C) 9)			
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and							
mounting type 10)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz							
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.73 A/K (starting at 55°C) 8)	-	0.73 A/K (starting at 55°C) 8)	-			
Feed-through mounting	0.29 A/K (starting at 49°C) 8)	-	0.29 A/K (starting at 49°C) 8)	-			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	0.00 4 4 6 6 6 6		0.00 + # 4 4 4 4	I			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.32 A/K (start- ing at 35°C) 12)	-	0.32 A/K (start- ing at 35°C) 12)	-			
Feed-through mounting	0.17 A/K (starting at 11°C) 9)	-	0.17 A/K (starting at 11°C) 9)	-			
Switching frequency 20 kHz							
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.18 A/K (start-	-	0.18 A/K (start-	-			
Feed-through mounting	ing at -13°C) ¹²⁾ 0.11 A/K (start-		ing at -13°C) ¹²⁾ 0.11 A/K (start-				
<u> </u>	ing at -73°C) 9)	-	ing at -73°C) 9)	-			
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation							
Starting at 500 m above sea level		1 51 An	er 1000 m				
Peak current		****	A _{eff}				
Nominal switching frequency			Hz				
Possible switching frequencies 13)			20 kHz				
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)		Limit valu	e curve A				
Protective measures							
Overload protection		Y	es				
Short circuit and ground fault pro-			es				
tection							
Max. output frequency Variant		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾				
U, V, W, PE		Cons	antor				
			ector				
Shield connection		Y(es				
Terminal connection cross section							
Flexible and fine-stranded wires							
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²						
Approbation data							
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10						
CSA							
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection	12 to 22 mm						
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency							
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m				
Switching frequency 10 kHz			m				
Switching frequency 20 kHz			m				
Motor holding brake connection		10	III				
•			1				
Quantity			00/ / 00/ 17)				
Output voltage 16)			8% / -0% 17)				
Continuous current			I A	-			
Max. internal resistance			3 Ω				
Extinction potential			x. 30 V				
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		3 \	Vs				
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz				
Protective measures		0.0					
Overload and short-circuit protec-	Yes						
tion Open circuit monitoring	Yes						
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes						
Response threshold for open circuit	Approx. 0.5 A						
monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage	24 VDC -2% / -4%						
monitoring							
Encoder interfaces 18)							
Quantity	1						
Туре	EnDat			Cos			
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector						
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs						
Electrical isolation							
	No						

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
Encoder monitoring	Y			
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 20)		50 m ²¹⁾	
Encoder power supply	11.7			
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V		5 V ±	:5% 22)
Load capacity	350) mA	300	mA ²³⁾
Sense lines		-	2, compensation	of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures				
Short-circuit proof		Υє	es	
Overload-proof		Ye	es	
Synchronous serial interface				
Signal transmission		RS ₄		
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.2	5 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs				
Signal transmission		-	Differential sign	als, symmetrical
Differential voltage				
In motion		-		1.35 V ²⁴⁾
At standstill		-		1.35 V ²⁵⁾
Differential voltage deviation per signal period		-		% ²⁶⁾
Common-mode voltage		-	-	. ±7 V
Terminating resistor		-		0 Ω
Max. input frequency		-		kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)		-		0 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)		-		200 kHz
ADC resolution		-	12	?-bit
Reference input				
Signal transmission		-		nal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low		-		0.2 V
Differential voltage for high		-	≥0.2 V	
Common-mode voltage		-	Max5 V to +9 V	
Terminating resistor		-	120 Ω	
Position				
Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁷⁾		-	Number of enco	oder lines * 5700
Accuracy ²⁸⁾		-	-	
Noise ²⁸⁾ Max. power consumption per encoder	P _{SMC} [W] = 19	- V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾	
interface Trigger inputs				
Quantity		2		
Circuit		Sir	nk	
Electrical isolation				_
Input - Inverter module		Y€	es .	
Input - Input		Ye	es .	
Input voltage				
Nominal		24 V		
Maximum		30 V	/DC	
Switching threshold				
Low		<5		
High		>15		
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx.	10 mA	
Switching delay				
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs (d		
Falling edge		53 μs ±0.5 μs (d		
Modulation compared to ground po-	Max. ±38 V		±38 V	
tential				
Electrical properties			E	
Discharge capacitance		0.14	μr	
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically	Y			
Horizontal, face up		Ye		
Standing horizontally		N	U	
Installation elevation above sea level		04- 5	00 m	
Nominal		0 to 5		
Maximum 30)		2 (non conduc		
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 Overvoltage category per EN		2 (non-conduc		_
61800-5-1		ļi	ı	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20) 31)	
Sogred or protection per LIN 00028		IFZ	,	

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions		•		
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		5	5°C	
Storage		-25 t	o 55°C	
Transport		-25 t	o 70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95	% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		53	mm	
Height		31	7 mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 2.4 kg	Approx. 2.9 kg	Approx. 2.4 kg	Approx. 2.9 kg
Module width		_	1	

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - $\label{lem:caution:can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.}$
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin - nSin)² + (Cos - nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.2.4.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 60.

For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.2.5 Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.2.5.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

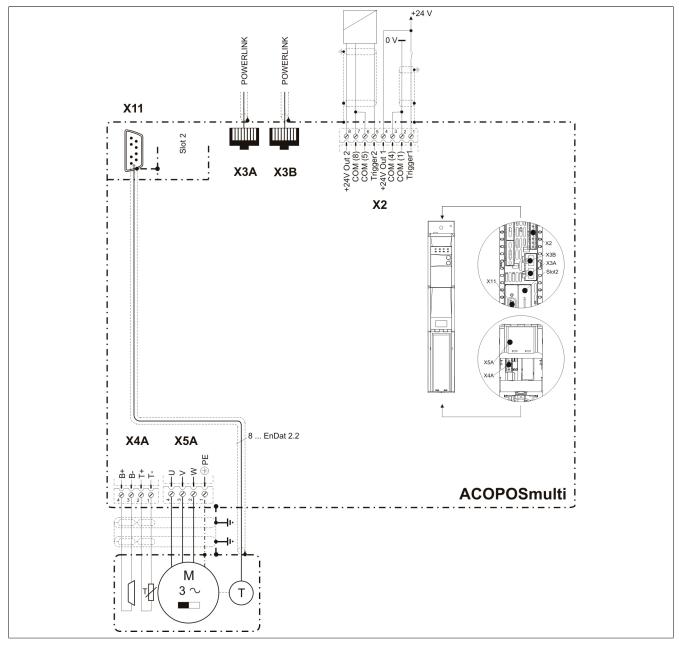


Figure 6: Pinout overview

2.3.2.5.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

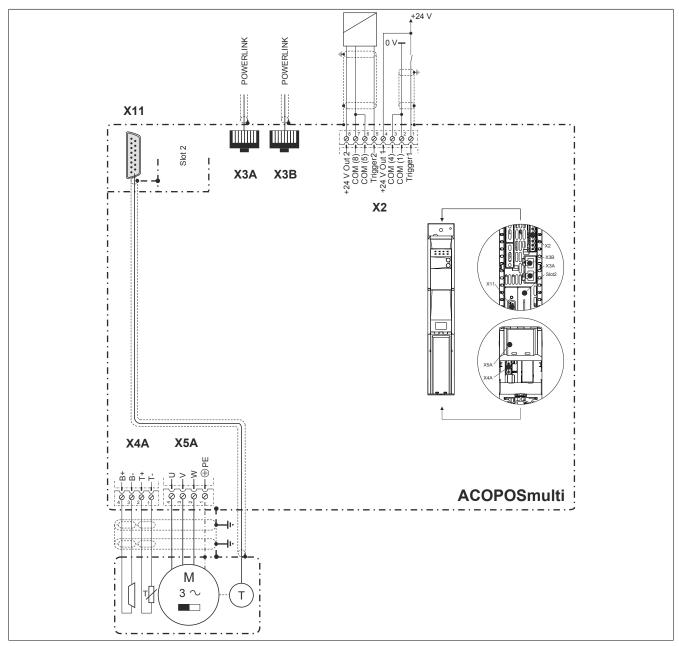


Figure 7: Pinout overview

2.3.2.5.3 Connector X2 - Pinout

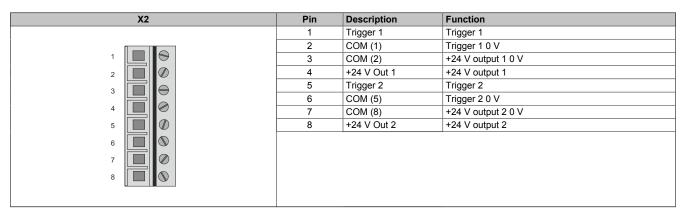


Table 26: Connector X2 - Pinout

2.3.2.5.4 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 27: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.2.5.5 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Description	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 28: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.2.5.6 X5A connector - Pinout

X5A	Description	Function
	(b)	Axis 1: Protective ground conductor
	W	Axis 1: Motor connection W
	V	Axis 1: Motor connection V
	U	Axis 1: Motor connection U
□ V W ⊕		

Table 29: Connector X5A - Pinout

Information:

An additional PE wire does not have to be connected to the threaded bolt beside the X5A connector. The PE connection on the male X5A connector is required and sufficient.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

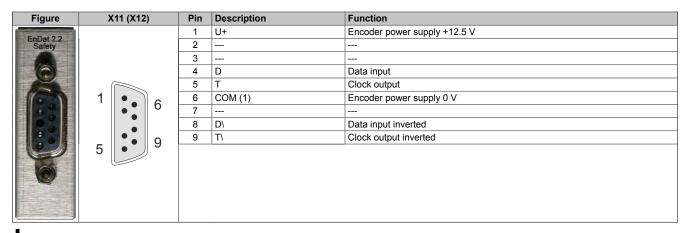
Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.2.5.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.2.5.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout

Figure	X11	Pin	Name	Function
		1	A	Channel A/Sin
SinCos Safety		2	COM	Ground
(6)		3	В	Channel B/COS
		4	+5 V	Encoder power supply +
	1	5	D	Data
	' • 9	6		
		7	R\	Reference pulse inverted/nREF
		8	Т	Clock
		9	A\	Channel A inverted/nSIN
	. 15	10	Sense COM	Sense ground
	8	11	B\	Channel B inverted/nCOS
		12	Sense +5V	Sense input +5 V
(6)		13	D/	Data inverted
RS422		14	R	Reference pulse/REF
		15	T\	Clock cycle inverted

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.3 Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.3.1 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1

2.3.3.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.3.1.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A,
	AS, wall mounting
8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, AS, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0220SS.000-1A	Screw clamp terminal block set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0220HxSS and 8BVI0220HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-
	terface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130 001 1	•
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-
3230 100.000 1	coder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
8SCS010.0000-00	plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14 ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively

Table 30: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Order data

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ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.3.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA1C	0xAA1E	0xE0B4	0xE0B5
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)	
Certifications				
CE		Y	es	
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)	
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
EAC		Y	es	
KC	Ye	es		-
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		16.2	2 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.13 * I _M ² + 5	.5 * I _M + 40] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		$[0.43 * I_{M}^{2} + 3.$	7 * I _M + 110] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.4 * I _M ² + 1.9	7 * I _M + 230] W	
DC bus capacitance		495	5 μF	-
Variant		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane	
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance			9 μF	
Max. power consumption	26 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	C ±6%	
Fuse protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)			kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		22	A _{eff}	

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	_	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	_	0.4 A/K (starting at 31°C) 9)	_	0.4 A/K (starting at 31°C) 9
Switching frequency 20 kHz	_	0.31 A/K (start-	_	0.31 A/K (start-
Switching frequency 20 km2	-	ing at -16°C) 9)	-	ing at -16°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency and				
mounting type 10)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) 12)	-	0.36 A/K (starting at 5°C) 12)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) 9)	_	0.39 A/K (starting at 26°C) 9)	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	coordinate (commission and coordinate coordi		(
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C)	_	0.5 A/K (starting at 49°C)	_
		<u>-</u>		-
Feed-through mounting	0.15 A/K (start- ing at -59°C) ⁹⁾	-	0.15 A/K (start- ing at -59°C) ⁹⁾	- -
Reduction of continuous current de-	3 ,		3 ,	
pending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		2.2 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	
Peak current		55	A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		5 k	:Hz	
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected mo-			e curve A	
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)				
Protective measures		·	 es	
Overload protection				
Short circuit and ground fault pro- tection		Ϋ́	es	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Variant				
U, V, W, PE		Conr	nector	
Shield connection		Y	es	
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves	0.5 to	6 mm²	0.5 to	16 mm²
	0.5 to	6 111111	0.5 to	10 111111
Approbation data			1. 0	
UL/C-UL-US			to 8	
CSA			to 8	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-		12 to 2	22 mm	
sion of shield connection				
Max. motor cable length depending on				
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	i m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			5 m	
Motor holding brake connection		20	111	
Quantity			1	
Output voltage 16)		24 VDC +5.8	3% / -0.5% 17)	
Continuous current			2 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.1	5 Ω	
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching			Ns	
operation				
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protec-		Y	es	
tion Open circuit monitoring		V	 es	
Undervoltage monitoring			es	
Response threshold for open circuit				
monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A			
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		24 VDC -	2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 18)				
			1	
Quantity	F.5.		1 	Con
Туре		2.2 19)		Cos
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector		SUB connector
Status indicators		UP/DN	LEDs	
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti			lo	
Encoder monitoring		Y	es	

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1
Max. encoder cable length	100		50 m ²¹⁾
		s section of the pow- ne encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²²⁾
Load capacity		mA	300 mA ²³⁾
Sense lines		-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures Short-circuit proof		V	es
Overload-proof			es es
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission		RS	485
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs			
Signal transmission		-	Differential signals, symmetrical
Differential voltage In motion		-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾
At standstill		-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾
Differential voltage deviation per		-	±10% ²⁶⁾
signal period			
Common-mode voltage		-	Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor		-	120 Ω
Max. input frequency		-	200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB)		- 	<300 kHz DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution			12-bit
Reference input			12 011
Signal transmission		-	Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low		-	≤-0.2 V
Differential voltage for high		-	≥0.2 V
Common-mode voltage			Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor		-	120 Ω
Position Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾			Number of encoder lines * 5700
Accuracy ²⁸⁾			Number of encoder lines 3700
Noise ²⁸⁾			
Max. power consumption per encoder	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
interface	<u> </u>		
Trigger inputs			
Quantity			2
Circuit Electrical isolation		51	nk
Input - Inverter module		Ye	es
Input - Input	Yes		
Input voltage			
Nominal			/DC
Maximum		30 \	/DC
Switching threshold			· v
Low		<5 	5 V
High Input current at nominal voltage		Approx	
Switching delay		Дрргох	. 10 110 (
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Falling edge		53 µs ±0.5 µs (
Modulation compared to ground po-			±38 V
tential			
Electrical properties		^ ^	D IIE
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions		0.22	<u>4 µг</u>
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Ye	es
Horizontal, face up			es
Standing horizontally		N	lo
Installation elevation above sea level			
Nominal		0 to 5	
Maximum ³⁰⁾			0 m
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1			ctive pollution)
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		ı	II
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP2	0 31)
<u> </u>			

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions				<u>'</u>
Temperature				_
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		55	°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				_
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 959	% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		106.	5 mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 3.9 kg	Approx. 5.2 kg	Approx. 3.9 kg	Approx. 5.2 kg
Module width			2	

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - $\label{lem:condensation} \mbox{Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.}$
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.3.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 83. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.3.2 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1

2.3.3.2.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design

2.3.3.2.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A,
00 0 10 3 3 0 1 1 0 3 3 . 0 0 0 - 1	AS, wall mounting
8BVI0330HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, AS, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0440SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0440HxSS, 8BVI0440HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-10
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
	modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
V00040504 55555	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
AD 4 00 400 05 2 1	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
8BAC0123.001-1	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
9PAC0123 002 1	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-
	terface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 MHz
	Shield component sets
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS007.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 2x 45°, 4x screws
8SCS008.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 2x type 0, 1x hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 23-35 mm
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label
	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively

Table 32: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Order data

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ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.3.2.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xADC3	0xADC4	0xE0B6	0xE0B7
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	-	2	2 1)	,
Certifications				
CE		Υ	'es	
Functional safety 2)		Yes (ope	nSAFETY)	
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
EAC		Υ	'es	
KC	Ye	es		-
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		24.4	4 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		$[0.07 * I_{M}^{2} + 7]$	7.3 * I _M + 40] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.2 * I _M ² + 11.	1 * I _M + 130] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.85 * I _M ² + 3	.8 * I _M + 300] W	
DC bus capacitance		99	0 μF	
Variant		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance		32.	9 μF	
Max. power consumption	31 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC [*]	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	OC ±6%	
Fuse protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		24	kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		33	A _{eff}	

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				,
pending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	_	1.57 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	_	1.57 A/K (starting at 40°C) 83
Switching frequency 10 kHz	_	0.5 A/K (starting at -10°C) 9)	_	0.5 A/K (starting at -10°C) 9)
0 ,	_	0.36 A/K (start-		0.36 A/K (start-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	ing at -77°C) 9)	-	ing at -77°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de-		3 ,	ı	J 3 4 4 7
pending on switching frequency and				
mounting type 10)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.8 A/K (starting at 45°C) 8)	_	0.8 A/K (starting at 45°C) 8)	_
Feed-through mounting	1.26 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)		1.26 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	
	1.20 A/K (starting at 40 C) 9		1.20 AVK (starting at 40 C) s	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				1
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.62 A/K (starting at 6°C) 12)	-	0.62 A/K (starting at 6°C) 12)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.37 A/K (start-	-	0.37 A/K (start-	-
	ing at -36°C) 9)		ing at -36°C) 9)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.32 A/K (start-	-	0.32 A/K (start-	-
-	ing at -82°C) 12)		ing at -82°C) 12)	
Feed-through mounting	0.24 A/K (start-	-	0.24 A/K (start-	-
3 3 3 3	ing at -137°C) 9)		ing at -137°C) ⁹⁾	
Reduction of continuous current de-	,		,	
pending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		33 A ne	er 1000 m	
Peak current			A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency			Hz	
Possible switching frequencies 13)			20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit valu	e curve A	
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)				
Protective measures				
Overload protection		Ye	es	
Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Ye	 es	
tection				
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Variant				
		Conn	a a tar	
U, V, W, PE			ector	
Shield connection		Ye	es	
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.5 to 1	16 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US		20	to 6	
CSA			to 6	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-			35 mm	
sion of shield connection		20 10 3	55 11111	
Max. motor cable length depending on				-
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz			m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		25	m	
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity		•	1	
Output voltage 16)		24 VDC +5.8	3% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾	
Continuous current			2 A	
Max. internal resistance			5 Ω	-
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching		3 \	Vs	
operation				
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protec-		Ye	es	
tion				
Open circuit monitoring		Ye	es	
Undervoltage monitoring			es	
Response threshold for open circuit			c. 0.5 A	
monitoring		Дриол		
Response threshold for undervoltage		24 1/00	2% / -4%	
monitoring		24 VDC -	∠ /∪ / " + /0	
Encoder interfaces 18)				
			•	
Quantity	_	·		
Туре		2.2 19)		Cos
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female [SUB connector
COMMODIO		LID/DA	LEDs	
Status indicators		UF/DI	LLDS	
		UP/DIV	V LLD3	
Status indicators			lo	

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	Depends on the crose er supply wires in the	m s section of the pow-	/es 50 m ²¹⁾
Encoder power supply	Cr Suppry wires in ti	c cricoder cable	
Output voltage	Typ. 1	2.5 V	5 V ±5% ²²⁾
Load capacity	350		300 mA ²³⁾
Sense lines	-		2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures			
Short-circuit proof		<u> </u>	/es
Overload-proof		<u> </u>	/es
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission	0.05		5485
Data transfer rate	6.25 N	/Ibit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs			Differential signals, symmetrical
Signal transmission Differential voltage	-		Differential signals, symmetrical
In motion			0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾
At standstill	-		0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-		±10% ²⁶)
Common-mode voltage	-		Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor	-		120 Ω
Max. input frequency	-		200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-		<300 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-		DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution	-		12-bit
Reference input			
Signal transmission	-		Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	-		≤-0.2 V
Differential voltage for high			≥0.2 V
Common-mode voltage	-		Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor Position	-		120 Ω
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾			Number of encoder lines * 5700
Accuracy ²⁸⁾			
Noise ²⁸⁾	-		
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	/ * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Trigger inputs			
Quantity			2
Circuit		S	Sink
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module			⁄es
Input - Input		<u> </u>	⁄es
Input voltage		0.4	VDO
Nominal Maximum			VDC VDC
Switching threshold		30	VDO
Low		<	5 V
High			5 V
Input current at nominal voltage			x. 10 mA
Switching delay			
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs	(digitally filtered)
Falling edge			(digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max.	±38 V
Electrical properties			
Electrical properties			
Discharge capacitance		0.2	22 μF
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions		0.2	22 µF
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations			
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically		\	/es
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up)	/es /es
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally)	/es
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level		\ \ !	/es /es No
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal)) () to	r/es r/es No
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal Maximum 30)		0 to 40	/es /es No 500 m
Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal		0 to 400 2 (non-condu	r/es r/es No

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions				<u>'</u>
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 tc	40°C	
Maximum 32)		5	5°C	
Storage		-25 t	to 55°C	
Transport		-25 t	to 70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95	5% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		106	.5 mm	
Height		31	7 mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg
Module width			2	

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - $\label{lem:condensation} \mbox{Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.}$
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- $I_{\text{\scriptsize G}}$... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin - nSin)² + (Cos - nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.3.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 83. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.3.3 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1

2.3.3.3.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.3.3.2 Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	-
8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	
8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	THE THE
8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	Wall mounting ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A,	
8BV10440HW55.000-1	ACOPOSMUIti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 Inverter module, 44 A, AS, wall mounting	, Marie Land
8BVI0440HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, AS, wall mounting	Address
	Required accessories	EN II
	Terminal block sets	A Manage
8BZVI0440SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0440HxSS, 8BVI0440HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-10	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment	
	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (88xP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Plug-in modules	
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface	
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface	
BBAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface	
BBAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz	
BBAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-	
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals	
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals	
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals	
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface	
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS interface	
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC	
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz	
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V	
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 MHz	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x	
3330002.0000 00	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws	
8SCS007.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 2x 45°, 4x screws	
8SCS008.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 2x type 0, 1x hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 23-35 mm	
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding	
	plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20	
OTD0404 000: 55	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively	
8TB4104.204G-10	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm,	

Table 34: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Order data

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ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.3.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA1F	0xAA20	0xD5CB	0xC5FE
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)	,
Certifications				
CE		Y	'es	
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)	
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
EAC		Υ	'es	
KC	Y	es	-	Yes
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		32.	5 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		$[0.07 * I_{M}^{2} + 7]$	7.3 * I _M + 40] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.2 * I _M ² + 11.	1 * I _M + 130] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.85 * I _M ² + 3	.8 * I _M + 300] W	
DC bus capacitance		99	0 μF	
Variant		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance		32.	9 μF	
Max. power consumption	31 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC [*]	* (U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	OC ±6%	
Fuse protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		32	kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		44	A _{eff}	

Table 35: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

pending no evoluting frequency 19 Soliching frequency 50 Mize Soliching frequency 20	Order number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
pending no swebthing frequency 5 statz	Reduction of continuous current de-				
Soutching frequency 5 fasts: Soutching frequency 10 fasts: Soutching frequency 20 fasts: Soutching frequency 20 fasts: Soutching frequency 20 fasts: Soutching frequency 20 fasts: Soutching frequency 5 fasts: Code plate mounting: Soutching frequency 5 fasts: Code plate mounting: Soutching frequency 10 fasts: Soutching frequency 5 fasts: Code plate mounting: Soutching frequency 10 fasts: Soutching frequency 20 fasts: Soutchi	pending on switching frequency 7)				
Soliching frequency 10 bits		_	1.57 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	_	1.57 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)
Reduction of continuous current de- promoting on watering infraceproxy and interest in gall -77°C)** Reduction of continuous current de- promoting on watering infraceproxy and southern in gall -77°C)** Reduction of continuous current de- promoting infraceproxy infraceproxy in gall -77°C)** Switching requency 16 Hz		_		_	
Ing al. 77°C)	0 1 7	_	, ,	_	
pending on whiching frequency and mounting year. Swelching frequency 6 kHz Code plate momenting 1" Feed-through mounting 1.26 AN (starting at 45°C) " 1.26 AN (starting at 46°C) " 1.27 AN (starting at 46°C) " 1.28 AN (starting at 46°C) " 1.29 AN (starting at 46°C) " 1.20 AN (s	Switching frequency 20 kHz	-		-	`
mounting type 1% Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold pate mounting 1** 0.8 AK (starting at 45°C) 1** Feed-through mounting 1** 0.8 AK (starting at 40°C) 1** 1.28 AK (starting at 40°C) 1** 1.29 AK (starting at 40°C) 1** 1.29 AK (starting at 40°C) 1** 1.20 AK (starting at 40°C) 1**	Reduction of continuous current de-		,		, ,
Switching Requency 5 Hztz Cold plate mounting " 0.8 AK (starting at 45°C) " 1.28 AK (starting at 45°C) " 1.28 AK (starting at 40°C) " 1.28 AK (starting at 60°C) " 1.28 AK (pending on switching frequency and				
Code plate mounting 10	mounting type 10)				
Code plate mounting 10	Switching frequency 5 kHz				
1.28 AK (starting at 40°C) 1.28 AK (starting at 40°C) 1.28 AK (starting at 40°C) 1.28 AK (starting at 6°C)		0.8 A/K (starting at 45°C) 8)	_	0.8 A/K (starting at 45°C) 8)	_
Switching Frequency 10 kHz			_	` ,	_
Code plate mounting	<u> </u>	1.20 ATT (starting at 40 C)	<u>-</u>	1.20 ATT (starting at 40 C)	_
Feed-through mounting 0.37 AK (starting at 3-80°C) ** 0.37 AK (starting at 3-80°C) ** 1	•	0.00 4 114 (4 4 11 4 10 0 0 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			I
Switching frequency 20 kHz Code plate mounting 1" 0.32 AW (start- 1		· ·	-	` • •	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz Codd plate mounting 1" Feed-through mounting Feed-through mou	Feed-through mounting		-		-
Code plate mounting "0		ing at -36°C) 9)		ing at -36°C) 9)	
Ing at 482°C) 10 Ing at 482°C) 10 Ing at 482°C) 10 Ing at 482°C) 10 Ing at 437°C) 9 Ing at 44.4 A., per 1000 m Ing at 44.4 A					
Reduction of continuous current depending on institution elevation part of continuous current depending on institution elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current 188 A _m Nominal switching frequency Peak current 188 A _m Nominal switching frequency 5 kHz Peak current 88 A _m Nominal switching frequency 5 kHz Peak current 10 kHz Peak	Cold plate mounting 11)		-		-
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 ma above sea level Peak current Nominal switching frequencies 100 Nominal switching frequency (Nominal Swi		ing at -82°C) 12)		ing at -82°C) 12)	
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation	Feed-through mounting	0.24 A/K (start-	-	0.24 A/K (start-	-
Peak current	-	ing at -137°C) 9)		ing at -137°C) 9)	
Stating at 500 m above sea level	Reduction of continuous current de-			-	,
Stating at 500 m above sea level	pending on installation elevation				
Peak current 88 A_m Nominal switching frequency Possible witching frequencies 10 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 17 Sold-22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 17 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 17 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 18 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 18 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 18 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connected morbor per IEC 18 Sold-24 22 2004 19 insulation stress of the connection of th			4.4 A ne	er 1000 m	
Norminal switching frequency S kHz	•			,	
Peasable switching frequencies 19					-
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IRC TS 80034-26/2004 19 Protective measures Verse Section of the connected motor per IRC TS 80034-26/2004 19 Protective measures Verse Section of Short circuit and ground fault protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Mex. culput frequency Variant Varia					
tor per IEC TS 60034-25-2004 ¹9 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency S98 Hz ¹9 U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection Yes Terminal connection ross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approaching date U, U, V, L, L, S Sieve and Sieves With wire end sleeves O, 5 to 16 mm² Approaching date U, U, C, U, L, U, S Sieve and Sieves Sieves Sieves and Si	0 1				
Protective measures			Limit valu	e curve A	
Overload protection Yes Short circuit and ground fault protection Yes Max. output frequency 598 Hz ¹⁰⁾ Variant Connector Shield connection Yes Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves 0.5 to 16 mm² Approbation data ULC-UL-US 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 35 mm CSA 20 to 6 35 mm CSA 20 to 6 5 mm Switching frequency 10 kt² 25 mm Switching frequency 5 kt²z 25 mm 25 mm Work on All parkers 20 m	·				
Short circuit and ground fault pro- lection	Protective measures				
Max. output frequency 598 Hz 19	Overload protection		Ye	es	
Max. output frequency 598 Hz 19	Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Ye	es	
Variant					
Variant	Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
U, V, PE					
Shield connection Yes			Conn	pector	
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire and sleeves Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 Terminal cable cross section dimension of sheld connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Max. internal resistance Extinction potential Max. internal resistance Extinction potential Max. switching frequency 20 kHz Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Max. switching frequency Max. switching frequency Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Approx. 0.5 Hz Protective measures Open circuit monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Approx. 0.5 A Monitorial monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Monitorial monitorial SinCos Connections Beach interfaces Encoder interfaces UP/DN LEDS Electrical isolation					
Flexible and fine-stranded wires 0.5 to 16 mm²				es	
With wire end sleeves					
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Wotor holding brake connection Quantity 1 0utput voltage **(a) Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation of the protection operation Max. switching frequency 20 kHz \$ 5 m Switching frequency 20 kHz \$ 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz \$ 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz \$ 1 0utput voltage **(b) 24 VDC +5.% (r / -0.5% **(r)) Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Qpen circuit monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Max poppose threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Max poppose threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Cuantity 1 1 Type EnDat 2.2 **(b) EnDat 2.2 **(c) Electrical isolation UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
ULC-UL-US 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency 0 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 1 Output voltage 10 Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. witching frequency Per switching operation Open circuit monitoring Yes Open circuit monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 1 1 Type EnDat 2.2 110 Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ	With wire end sleeves		0.5 to 1	16 mm²	
ULC-UL-US 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 CSA 20 to 6 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency 0 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 1 Output voltage 10 Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. witching frequency Per switching operation Open circuit monitoring Yes Open circuit monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 1 1 Type EnDat 2.2 110 Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ Situ	Approbation data				
CSA 20 to 6 Terminal cable consection of shield connection 23 to 35 mm Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holdling brake connection 25 m Quantity 1 Output voltage ¹⁰ 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾ Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Ves Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Open circuit monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Protective measures Connect interfaces ¹⁰ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 1			20	to 6	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 Output voltage ¹⁶⁾ 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾ Continuous current 4. 2. A Max. internal resistance Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Quentity Approx. 0.5 Hz Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Recommendate threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response t					
sion of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 Output voltage ** 24 VDC *5.8% / -0.5% ** Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. witching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage m					
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency S kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 Continuous current 4.2 A			20 10 3	55 11111	
switching frequency 5 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection 1 Quantity 1 Output voltage ¹⁶ 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷ Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 \(\Omega \) Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 WS Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Verload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 1 Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 25 M Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Encoder interfaces ¹⁹ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB					-
Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 20 kHz 1 Switching frequency 1 Switching frequency 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ***/7**/ Continuous current 4.2 A Switching frequency 25 m Switching 3 Ws Switching frequency 3 Ws Switching frequency 3 Ws Switching frequency 5 m Switc					
Switching frequency 20 kHz Cuptur voltage ¹⁶⁾ Cuthut voltage ¹⁶⁾ Cuthinous current A.2 A Max. internal resistance Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for un					
Switching frequency 20 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection Quantity 1 Output voltage ¹⁶⁾ 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾ Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation Yes Pes potential maximum potential po	9 ,				
Motor holding brake connection 1	<u> </u>				
Quantity 1 Output voltage ¹6) 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹7) Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Ves Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Encoder interfaces ¹8 Encoder interfaces ¹8 Quantity 1 Type En Dat 2.2 ¹9) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs	<u> </u>		25	m	
Output voltage ¹6⟩ 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹7⟩ Continuous current 4.2 A Max. Internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Ves Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 21 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 3 VS Encoder interfaces ¹8⟩ 3 VS Quantity 1 SinCos <t< td=""><td>Motor holding brake connection</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Motor holding brake connection				
Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Yes Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 21 VDC -2% / -4% Encoder interfaces 180 Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 190 SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs	Quantity		•	1	
Continuous current 4.2 A Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Yes Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 21 VDC -2% / -4% Encoder interfaces 180 Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 190 SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs	Output voltage 16)		24 VDC +5.8	3% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾	
Max. internal resistance 0.15 Ω Extinction potential Approx. 30 V Max. extinction energy per switching operation 3 Ws Max. switching frequency 0.5 Hz Protective measures Ves Overload and short-circuit protection Yes Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Approx. 0.5 A Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 24 VDC -2% / -4% Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 1 Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs	, 0				
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Max. extinction energy per switching operation Max. switching frequency Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Cuantity Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation					
operation Max. switching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring 1 Type Protective Mayor Sea	•				
Max. switching frequency Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Yes Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring In the state of the	0, 1		3 \	/VS	
Protective measures Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Ves Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	•				
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tion Open circuit monitoring Ves Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	Protective measures				
Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Yes Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	Overload and short-circuit protec-		Ye	es	
Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	tion				
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators Electrical isolation	Open circuit monitoring		Ye	es	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators Electrical isolation			Ye	es	
monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation			Approx	c. 0.5 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces ¹⁸⁾ Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation	monitoring		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Encoder interfaces 18) 1 Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 19) SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation UP/DN LEDs	-		24 \/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation UP/DN LEDs			24 VDC -	E/V / T/U	
Quantity 1 Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation					
Type EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SinCos Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation				1	
Connections 9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation					0
Status indicators UP/DN LEDs Electrical isolation					
Electrical isolation	Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female [OSUB connector
	Status indicators		UP/DN	I LEDs	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti No	Electrical isolation				
			N	lo .	

Table 35: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines Protective measures Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion At standstill	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA - Y	fes 50 m ²¹⁾ 5 V ±5% ²²⁾ 300 mA ²³⁾ 2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines Protective measures Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA - - Y	300 mA ²³⁾ 2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines Protective measures Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	350 mA - - - - - - - - - -	300 mA ²³⁾ 2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Load capacity Sense lines Protective measures Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	350 mA - - - - - - - - - -	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Sense lines Protective measures Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	Y. Y.	
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	Y	'es
Overload-proof Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	Y	'es
Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion		
Signal transmission Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	RS	'es
Data transfer rate Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	RS	
Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion		3485
Signal transmission Differential voltage In motion	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Differential voltage In motion		Differential signals as monthies.
In motion	-	Differential signals, symmetrical
		0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁴⁾
	<u>-</u>	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁵)
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-	±10% ²⁶⁾
Common-mode voltage	<u>-</u>	Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution	-	12-bit
Reference input		
Signal transmission	-	Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	<u>-</u>	≤-0.2 V
Differential voltage for high	-	≥0.2 V
Common-mode voltage	-	Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω
Position Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾		Number of encoder lines * 5700
Accuracy ²⁸⁾		
Noise ²⁸⁾		
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V * I_{Encoder}[A]^{29}$	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Trigger inputs		
Quantity		2
Circuit	Si	ink
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module		'es
Input - Input	Y	<u>'es</u>
Input voltage		
Nominal		VDC
Maximum		VDC
Switching threshold Low		5 V
High		5 V
Input current at nominal voltage		ο ν α. 10 mA
Switching delay	Αρριολ	
Rising edge	52 us ±0.5 us ((digitally filtered)
Falling edge		(digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential		±38 V
Electrical properties		
Discharge capacitance	0.22	2 μF
Operating conditions		
Permissible mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically		/es
		/es
Horizontal, face up	<u></u>	No
Standing horizontally		
Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level		700
Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal		500 m
Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal Maximum 30)	400	00 m
Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal	400 2 (non-condu	

Table 35: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions				<u>'</u>
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		55	°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 959	% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		106.	5 mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg
Module width			2	

Table 35: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length $z = 2 \text{ y/(Sin pSin)}^2 + (Cos pCos)^2 \text{ is monitored exceeding to the executing limits.}$
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 v((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.3.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 83.

For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.3.4 Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.3.4.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

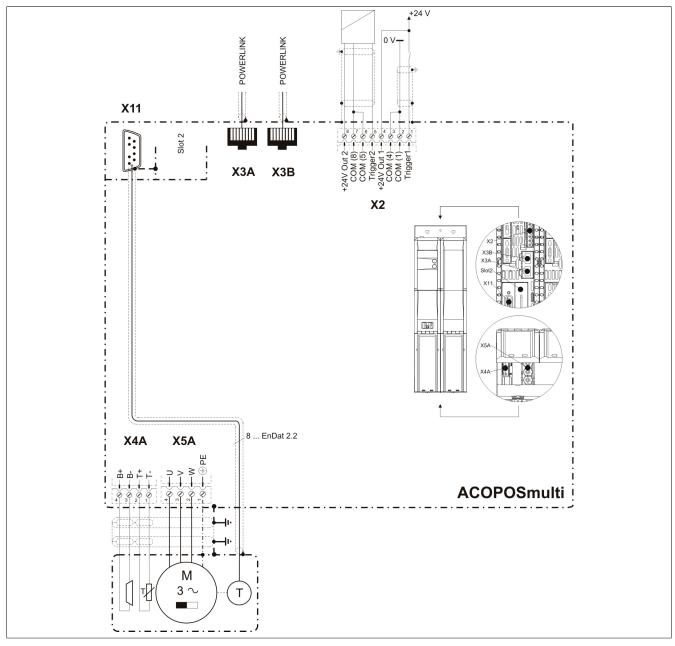


Figure 8: Pinout overview

2.3.3.4.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

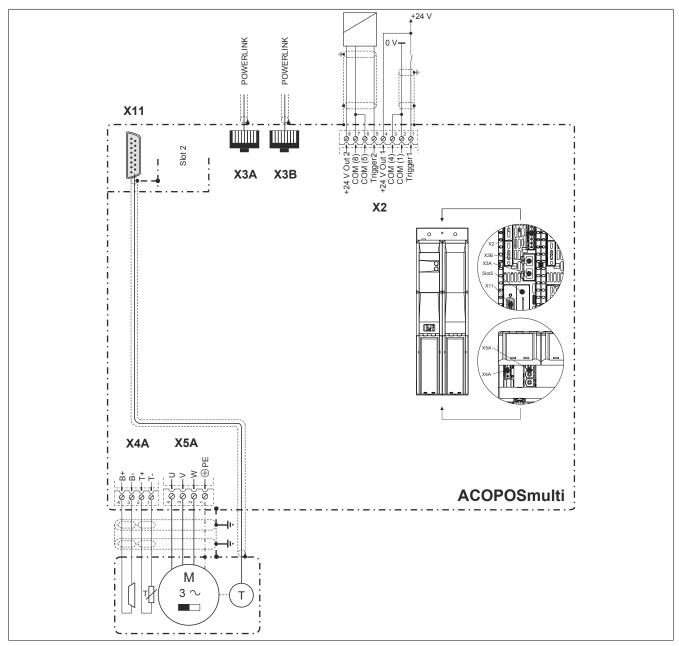


Figure 9: Pinout overview

2.3.3.4.3 Connector X2 - Pinout

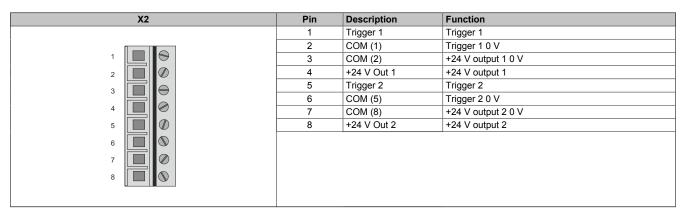


Table 36: Connector X2 - Pinout

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2.3.3.4.4 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

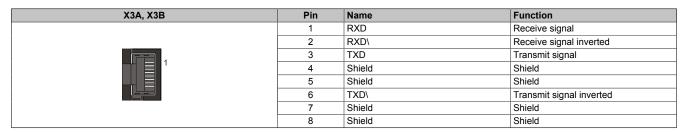


Table 37: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.3.4.5 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Description	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
0 0 0		
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 38: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.3.4.6 X5A connector - Pinout

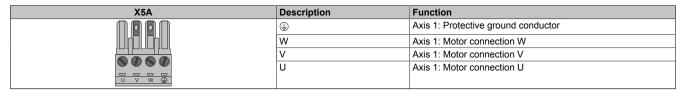


Table 39: Connector X5A - Pinout

Information:

An additional PE wire does not have to be connected to the threaded bolt beside the X5A connector. The PE connection on the male X5A connector is required and sufficient.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

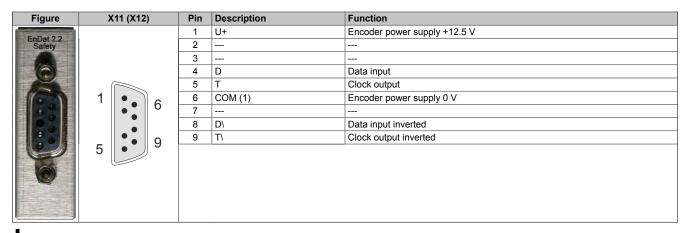
Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.3.4.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.3.4.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout

Figure	X11	Pin	Name	Function
		1	A	Channel A/Sin
SinCos Safety		2	COM	Ground
		3	В	Channel B/COS
		4	+5 V	Encoder power supply +
	1	5	D	Data
60	' • 9	6		
100		7	R\	Reference pulse inverted/nREF
0.5		8	Т	Clock
		9	A\	Channel A inverted/nSIN
60	. 15	10	Sense COM	Sense ground
	8	11	B\	Channel B inverted/nCOS
		12	Sense +5V	Sense input +5 V
(6)		13	D/	Data inverted
RS422		14	R	Reference pulse/REF
		15	T\	Clock cycle inverted

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.4 Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

2.3.4.1 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1

2.3.4.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

2.3.4.1.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding F: 0101
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001

Table 40: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

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Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.4.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1		
General information			
B&R ID code	0xAA0B 0xAA0D		
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting Wall mounting		
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)		
Certifications	_		
CE	,	Yes	
Functional safety 2)	Yes (ope	enSAFETY)	
UL	cULus	E225616	
	Power conve	rsion equipment	
EAC	•	Yes	
KC	•	Yes	
DC bus connection			
Voltage			
Nominal	750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)	2.9	91 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-			
cy ⁴⁾			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[1.2 * I_{M}^{2} + 2.0]$	62 * I _M + 100] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		2.8 * I _M + 200] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[6 * I _M ² - 9.4	I * I _M + 430] W	
DC bus capacitance			
Variant	ACOPOSm	iulti backplane	
24 VDC power supply			
Input voltage	25 VD	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance	23	.5 μF	
Max. power consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾	
Variant		ulti backplane	
24 VDC output	Acor Comun backplane		
Quantity	2		
Output voltage			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%		
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset		
Motor connection 6)	200 Hirt (Slow blow) Cl	ectionic, automatic reset	
Quantity		2	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	1.	4 kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		9 A _{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current depending on		o , en	
switching frequency 7)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		0.11 A/K (starting at 15°C) 9)	
Reduction of continuous current depending on		5.11 / VIX (Starting at 10 O)	
switching frequency and mounting type 10)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	_	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction	-	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction -		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	NO TEQUICION -		
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.13 A/K (starting at 45°C)		
Feed-through mounting	0.13 A/K (starting at 45 °C)		
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	5.147VIC (Starting at 52 O)		
stallation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	Λ 19 Α	per 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection		7 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		/ ∼eff kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 12)		/ 20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC			
TS 60034-25:2004 ¹³⁾	Limit value curve A		

Table 41: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	
Protective measures		
Overload protection	Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Variant	***	
U, V, W, PE	Connector	
Shield connection	Yes	
Terminal connection cross section	· · ·	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data	0.22 (0 1 111111	
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10	
CSA	28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 22 mm	
connection	12 10 22 11111	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m	
<u> </u>	10 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 111	
Motor holding brake connection	2	
Quantity Output voltage 15)	24 \\DC \ \ F \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Output voltage ¹⁵⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0% ¹⁶⁾	
Continuous current	1.1 A	
Max. internal resistance	0.5 Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes	
Open circuit monitoring	Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 17)		
Quantity	2	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 18)	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs	
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No	
Encoder monitoring	Yes	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m	
Ğ	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 19)	
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	
Load capacity	350 mA	
Protective measures	***	
Short-circuit proof	Yes	
Overload-proof	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V * I_{Encoder}[A]^{20}$	
Trigger inputs	- SWO[11] - 10 A FUCCOBE([1] ,	
Quantity	2	
Circuit	Sink	
	JIIK	
Electrical isolation	Ven	
Input Input	Yes	
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage	011/00	
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold	-17	
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA	
Switching delay		
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	
Electrical properties		
Discharge capacitance	0.2 µF	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Table 41: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	
Operating conditions			
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Horizontal, face up		Yes	
Standing horizontally		No	
Installation elevation above sea level			
Nominal	0	to 500 m	
Maximum ²¹⁾		4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-co	nductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal	5 to 40°C		
Maximum ²²⁾	55°C		
Storage	-25 to 55°C		
Transport	-25 to 70°C		
Relative humidity			
Operation	5 to 85%		
Storage	5 to 95%		
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C		
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions ²³⁾			
Width	53 mm		
Height	317 mm		
Depth			
Wall mounting	- 263 mm		
Cold plate	212 mm -		
Feed-through mounting	209 mm -		
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg	Approx. 2.8 kg	
Module width	5	1	

Table 41: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on motor connection X5A $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
 - $I_{\text{X5B}} \dots$ Current on motor connection X5B $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}} ... \ \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} \text{ [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU utilization reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into account, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 15) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 16) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 18) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 19) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- $I_G \dots Max.$ current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)

- 20) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 21) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 22) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 23) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.4.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 101. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.4.2 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1

2.3.4.2.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

2.3.4.2.2 Order data

Order number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0028HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding F: 0101
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001

Table 42: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.4.2.3 Technical data

Bark ID code OxAA0F OxAA11	number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1		
Cooling and mounting type Cold plate or pass-through mounting Vali mounting	l information			
Solicition Power Power Power	code	0xAA0F	0xAA11	
Certifications Yes	and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting	Wall mounting	
CE	r plug-in modules	2	1)	
Functional safety *?	ations			
EAC		Ye	es	
Power conversion equipment	tional safety 2)	Yes (open	SAFETY)	
EAC Yes Yes		cULus E	225616	
Normal		Power convers	ion equipment	
DC bus connection		Ye	es	
Voltage Nominal Continuous power consumption 3) S.73 kW Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz DC bus capacitance Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{SMC2} + P _{Notineglistate(3)} (3) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Quantity 2 Cottput voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Sus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Sus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Continuous power per motor connection 3) Cuantity 2 Continuous current per motor connection 3) Cushing frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 7 bkz Switching frequency 7 bkz Switching frequency 70 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 70 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cod plate mounting 10 Switching frequency and mounting type 100 Switching frequency 3 Mbz Switching frequency 3 Mbz Switching frequency 3 Mbz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 3 Mbz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 3 Mbz Switching frequency 4 Mbz Switching frequency 5 Mbz Switching frequency 5 Mbz Switching frequency 5 Mbz Switch		Ye	es	
Nominal 750 VDC Continuous power consumption 3) 5.73 kW Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 5 Switching frequency 5 kHz [1.2 * I _M ² + 2.62 * I _M + 100] W Switching frequency 10 kHz [2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8 * I _M + 200] W Switching frequency 20 kHz [6 * I _M ² - 9.4 * I _M + 430] W DC bus capacitance 165 JF Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage 23.5 µF Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{SMV2} + P _{SMV2} + P _{I-Indiang Backeps} 9 Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 25 VDC ± 1.6% Input capacitance 23.5 µF Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMV2} + P _{SMV2} + P _{I-Indiang Backeps} 9 Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 250 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC 25 VDC * 24 VDC ±6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection 9 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 70 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 10 No reduction 9 Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 10 No reduction 9 Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 10 No reduction 9 Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 10 No reduction 90 Switching frequency 20 kHz	connection			
Continuous power consumption 3) Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz DC bus capacitance 165 µF Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance 23.5 µF Max. power consumption 24 VDC output Quantity Quantity Quantity Quantity Quantity CD bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Tesse protection Motor connection 9 Quantity Qu	(
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency of his switching frequency of his switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz DC bus capacitance 165 µF Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input oplage 25 VDC ±1.6% Input capacitance 23.5 µF Max. power consumption Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Quuptut voltage DC bus voltage (Upc): 260 to 315 VDC Fuse protection Motor connection 69 Quantity Quantity Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 30 Continuous current per motor connection 30 Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 nd leguency 4 kHz Switching frequency 40 kHz Switching frequency 40 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Cold plate mounting (1) No reduction 6) Switching frequency and mounting type (10) Switching frequency 3 kHz Cold plate mounting (11) No reduction (10)	inal	750 \	VDC .	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	ous power consumption 3)	5.73	kW	
Switching frequency 10 kHz [2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8 * I _M + 200] W	dissipation depending on switching frequen-			
Switching frequency 20 kHz DC bus capacitance Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HodingBrake(i)} 5 Variant 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HodingBrake(i)} 5 Variant 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HodingBrake(i)} 5 Variant 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Uutput voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Puse protection Motor connection 6 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 70 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Cold plate mounting 110 No reduction 8) No reduction 8) No reduction 8) No reduction 9 Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 119 No reduction 8)	ching frequency 5 kHz	$[1.2 * I_M^2 + 2.62]$	2 * I _M + 100] W	
DC bus capacitance Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance 23.5 μF Max. power consumption Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HotdingBrake(s)} (s) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Uoutput voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection Acoposition (South Plane) Acoposition (South Plane) 25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315) 26 VDC ± 6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection (9) Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection (3) Continuous current per motor connection (3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type (10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting (11) No reduction (8) No reduction (9)	ching frequency 10 kHz	[2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8	3 * I _M + 200] W	
Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC power supply Input voltage 23.5 µF Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} 5) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection 5) Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) 2.8 kW Continuous current per motor connection 30 switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz - No reduction Switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 40 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 AVK (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 9)	ching frequency 20 kHz	[6 * I _M ² - 9.4 *	I _M + 430] W	
Input voltage 25 VDC ±1.6% Input capacitance 23.5 µF Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{24V Cut} + P _{HobdingBrake(s)} , S) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane	capacitance	165	μF	
Input voltage 25 VDC ±1.6% Input capacitance 23.5 μF Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} 5) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC 25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315) DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC ±6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection *9 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection *3) Continuous current per motor connection *3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz - No reduction Switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type *10 Switching frequency and mounting type *10 Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting *11 No reduction *8 No reduction *8 No reduction *8 No reduction *9		ACOPOSmul	lti backplane	
Input capacitance Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HotdingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾ Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Coutput voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection Acoposition of continuous current per motor connection ³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ⁵ kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction ⁹ Switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾ Switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾	power supply			
Max. power consumption 28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HodingBrake(9)} 5) Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection 6) Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current per motor connection 3) Switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8)	oltage	25 VDC ±1.6%		
Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC 25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315) DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC ±6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** Quantity 2 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** Continuous current per motor connection ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - No reduction ** Switching frequency 10 kHz - No reduction ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** No reduction	apacitance	23.5 μF		
Variant ACOPOSmulti backplane 24 VDC output Quantity 2 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC 25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315) DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC ±6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** Quantity 2 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** Continuous current per motor connection ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - No reduction ** Switching frequency 10 kHz - No reduction ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) ** No reduction	ower consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾		
Quantity 2 Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection 6) Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 5) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8)				
Output voltage DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ⁶⁾ Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection ³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ¹⁰⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ -	output			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ⁶⁾ Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection ³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ⁷⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz No reduction 80 Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 80 -	y	2		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection 6) Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 30 kHz No reduction 8) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8)	voltage			
Fuse protection Motor connection Quantity Quantity Continuous power per motor connection Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	us voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)		
Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	us voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC			
Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 3) 2.8 kW Continuous current per motor connection 3) 3.8 A _{eff} Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz - No reduction 8) Switching frequency 10 kHz - No reduction Switching frequency 20 kHz - 0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) 9) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	otection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset		
Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	connection 6)			
Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) 3.8 A _{eff} No reduction 3) No reduction 8) No reduction 8) Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) Switching frequency 20 kHz No reduction 8) Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 8) -	у	2		
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 9) No reduction 9) No reduction 9 O.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) 9) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	ous power per motor connection 3)	2.8 kW		
switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 9 No reduction 9 No reduction 9 O.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8 -	ous current per motor connection 3)	3.8 A _{eff}		
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8 No reduction 8 No reduction 8				
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8 No reduction 8 No reduction 8	ching frequency 5 kHz	- No reduction 8)		
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	ching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction	
Switching frequency and mounting type 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -	ching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.12 A/K (starting at 13°C) 9)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ No reduction ⁸⁾ -	on of continuous current depending on ng frequency and mounting type 10)			
Cold plate mounting 11) No reduction 8) -				
		No reduction 8)	-	
	-	No reduction 8)	-	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	ching frequency 10 kHz			
Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ 0.6 A/K (starting at 57°C) -	old plate mounting 11)	0.6 A/K (starting at 57°C)	-	
Feed-through mounting No reduction -	eed-through mounting	No reduction	<u>-</u>	
Switching frequency 20 kHz				
Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾ 0.12 A/K (starting at 34°C) ¹²⁾ -	old plate mounting 11)	0.12 A/K (starting at 34°C) 12) -		
Feed-through mounting 0.09 A/K (starting at 6°C) 9) -	eed-through mounting	, ,		
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level 0.38 A _{eff} per 1000 m		0.38 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	

Table 43: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1
Peak current per motor connection	9.5 A _{eff}
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾	5 / 10 / 20 kHz
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC	Limit value curve A
TS 60034-25:2004 ¹⁴⁾	
Protective measures	
Overload protection	Yes
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁵⁾
Variant	
U, V, W, PE	Connector
Shield connection	Yes
Terminal connection cross section	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²
Approbation data	
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10
CSA	28 to 10
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 22 mm
connection	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m
Motor holding brake connection	
Quantity	2
Output voltage 16)	24 VDC +5.8% / -0% ¹⁷⁾
Continuous current	1.1 A
Max. internal resistance	0.5 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Protective measures	
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces 18)	
Quantity	2
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	N.
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No Yes
Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	100 m
iwax. encoder cable length	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾
Encoder power supply	_ spands on the desired and perior dappy filled in the entered dappe
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capacity	350 mA
Protective measures	
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Overload-proof	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²¹⁾
Trigger inputs	
Quantity	2
Circuit	Sink
Electrical isolation	
Input - Inverter module	Yes
Input - Input	V
Input voltage	Yes
Nominal	24 VDC
Nominal Maximum	
Nominal Maximum Switching threshold	24 VDC 30 VDC
Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low	24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V
Nominal Maximum Switching threshold	24 VDC 30 VDC

Table 43: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1		
Switching delay				
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)			
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)			
Modulation compared to ground potential	M	ax. ±38 V		
Electrical properties				
Discharge capacitance	0.14 μF	0.2 μF		
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically		Yes		
Horizontal, face up		Yes		
Standing horizontally		No		
Installation elevation above sea level				
Nominal	0	to 500 m		
Maximum ²²⁾		4000 m		
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-cor	nductive pollution)		
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	,	III		
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20		
Ambient conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal	5 to 40°C			
Maximum ²³⁾	55°C			
Storage	-25 to 55°C			
Transport	-25 to 70°C			
Relative humidity	2010 10 0			
Operation	5 to 85%			
Storage	5 to 95%			
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C			
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions ²⁴⁾				
Width	53 mm			
Height	317 mm			
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm		
Cold plate	212 mm -			
Feed-through mounting	209 mm -			
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg Approx. 2.8 kg			
Module width	1			

Table 43: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on motor connection X5A $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on motor connection X5B $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}}... \ \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} [W] \ \text{of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - $P_{24 \text{ V Out}}$... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU utilization reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into account, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.

- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Q mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 23) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.4.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 101.

For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.4.3 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1

2.3.4.3.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

2.3.4.3.2 Order data

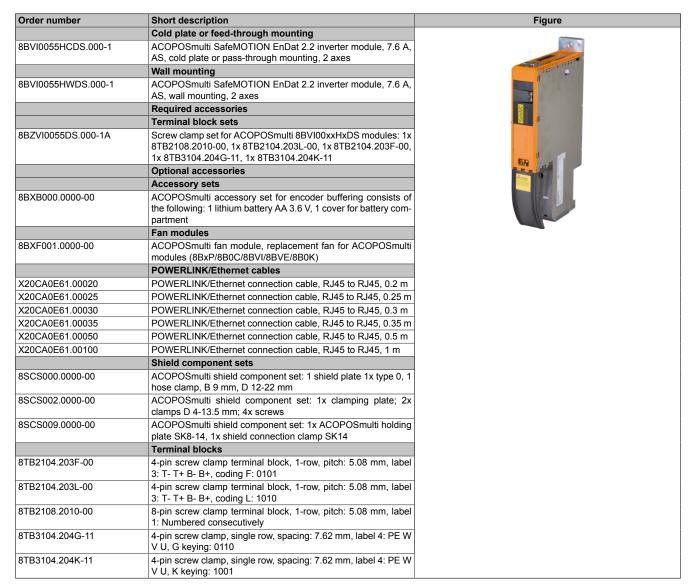


Table 44: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.4.3.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	8BVI0055HWDS.000-1
General information		
B&R ID code	0xAA13	0xAA15
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2	2 1)

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1		
Certifications			
CE	Ye	es	
Functional safety 2)	Yes (open	SAFETY)	
UL	cULus E		
		sion equipment	
EAC KC	Ye Ye		
DC bus connection	Tt.	#S	
Voltage			
Nominal	750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)	11.19		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-			
cy 4)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[1.2 * I_M^2 + 2.6]$	<u>-</u>	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	$[2.56 * I_{M}^{2} + 2.8]$		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[6 * I _M ² - 9.4 *		
DC bus capacitance	330	. •	
Variant 24 VDC power supply	ACOPOSmu	iti backpiane	
Input voltage	25 VDC	\$ ±1 60/	
Input voltage Input capacitance	23.5		
Max. power consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} +	P. Control of the Con	
Variant	ACOPOSmu		
24 VDC output		·	
Quantity		2	
Output voltage			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC *		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VD	C ±6%	
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset		
Motor connection 6)			
Quantity	2 5.5 kW		
Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3)	5.5		
Reduction of continuous current depending on	7.0	∧ _{eff}	
switching frequency 7)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.22 A/K (starting at 43°C)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.15 A/K (starting at -14°C) 9)	
Reduction of continuous current depending on			
switching frequency and mounting type 10)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	0.70 A #4 (-111 -5000) %)		
Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	0.72 A/K (starting at 56°C) 8) No reduction 8)	-	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	No reduction -	<u>-</u>	
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.28 A/K (starting at 43°C)	_	
Feed-through mounting	0.17 A/K (starting at 23°C) ⁹⁾	-	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	, ,		
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.13 A/K (starting at 3°C) 12)	-	
Feed-through mounting	0.12 A/K (starting at -21°C) 9)	-	
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-			
stallation elevation	0.70 4	or 1000 m	
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.76 A _{eff} p		
Peak current per motor connection		O A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾	5 / 10 /	Hz 20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC	Limit valu		
TS 60034-25:2004 ¹⁴)	LITTIC VAIG		
Protective measures			
Overload protection	Yes		
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes		
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁵⁾		
Variant	0		
U, V, W, PE	Connector		
Shield connection	Yes		
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²		
Approbation data	0.25 to 4 mm ²		
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10		
CSA	28 to 10		
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 22 mm		
connection			

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1
Max. motor cable length depending on switching	327100001102010001
frequency	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m
Motor holding brake connection	
Quantity	2
Output voltage ¹⁶⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0% ¹⁷⁾
Continuous current	1.1 A
Max. internal resistance	0.5 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Protective measures	
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces 18)	
Quantity	2
Туре	EnDat 2.2 19)
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No
Encoder monitoring	Yes
Max. encoder cable length	100 m
C .	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 20)
Encoder power supply	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capacity	350 mA
Protective measures	
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Overload-proof	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²¹⁾
Trigger inputs	
Quantity	2
Circuit	Sink
Electrical isolation	
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module	Yes
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input	
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage	Yes Yes
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal	Yes Yes 24 VDC
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum	Yes Yes
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low	Yes Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High	Yes Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage	Yes Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay	Yes Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 μF
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 μF
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 μF Yes Yes
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 μF
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 µF Yes Yes No
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 7es Yes Yes No 0 to 500 m
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal Maximum ²²⁾	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 7es Yes Yes No 0 to 500 m 4000 m
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal Maximum ²²⁾ Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) 53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 0.2 µF Yes Yes No 0 to 500 m 4000 m 2 (non-conductive pollution)
Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical properties Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permissible mounting orientations Hanging vertically Horizontal, face up Standing horizontally Installation elevation above sea level Nominal Maximum ²²⁾	Yes Yes 24 VDC 30 VDC <5 V >15 V Approx. 10 mA 52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) Max. ±38 V 7es Yes Yes No 0 to 500 m 4000 m

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	8BVI0055HWDS.000-1			
Ambient conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal	5 to	40°C			
Maximum ²³⁾	55	5°C			
Storage	-25 to	o 55°C			
Transport	-25 to	o 70°C			
Relative humidity					
Operation	5 to 85%				
Storage	5 to 95%				
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C				
Mechanical properties					
Dimensions ²⁴⁾					
Width	53 mm				
Height	317 mm				
Depth					
Wall mounting	-	263 mm			
Cold plate	212 mm	-			
Feed-through mounting	209 mm -				
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg Approx. 2.9 kg				
Module width		1			

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - I_{X5A} ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on motor connection X5B [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}}...\text{ Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}}\text{ [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU utilization reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into account, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Q mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) $I_{Encoder}$... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 23) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

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2.3.4.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 101. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.4.4 Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

2.3.4.4.1 Pinout overview

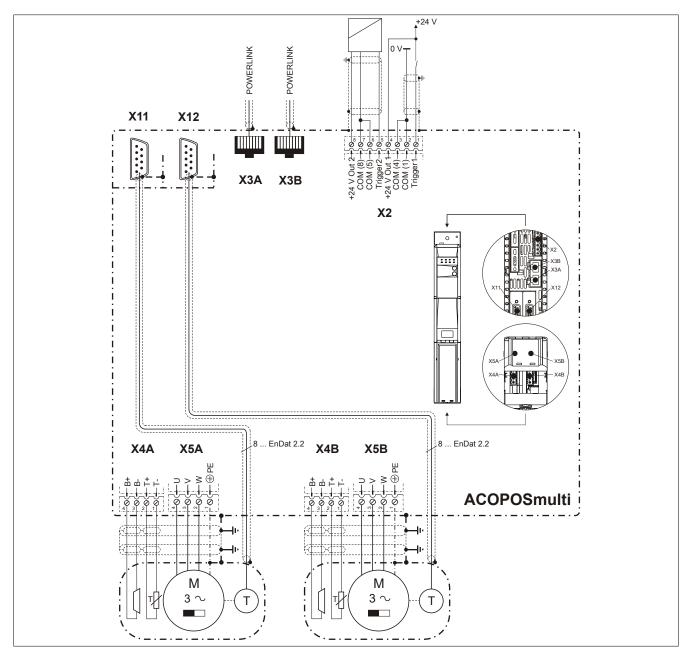


Figure 10: Pinout overview

2.3.4.4.2 Connector X2 - Pinout

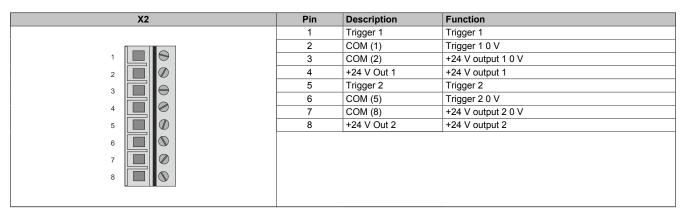


Table 46: Connector X2 - Pinout

2.3.4.4.3 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 47: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.4.4.4 Connector X4A - Pinout

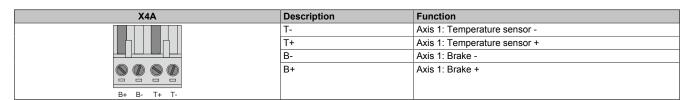


Table 48: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.4.4.5 Connector X4B - Pinout

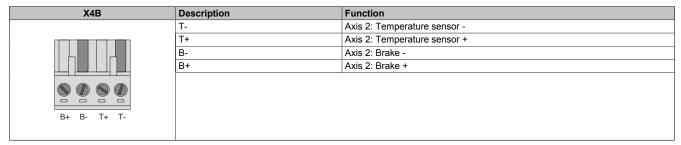


Table 49: Connector X4B - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4B/T+ and X4B/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT2 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.4.4.6 Connector X5A - Pinout

X5A	Description	Function
	(Axis 1: Protective ground conductor
	W	Axis 1: Motor connection W
	V	Axis 1: Motor connection V
	U	Axis 1: Motor connection U
U V W D		

Table 50: Connector X5A - Pinout

Information:

An additional PE wire does not have to be connected to the threaded bolt beside the X5A connector. The PE connection on the male X5A connector is required and sufficient.

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.4.4.7 Connector X5B - Pinout

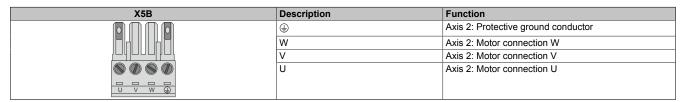


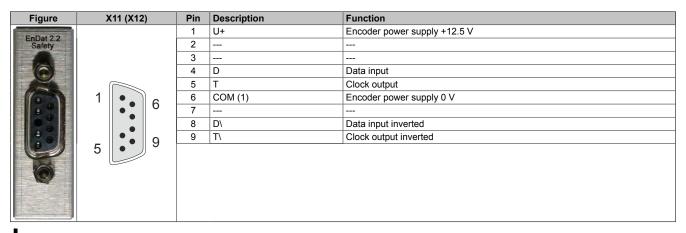
Table 51: Connector X5B - Pinout

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Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.4.4.8 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.5 Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

2.3.5.1 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1

2.3.5.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

2.3.5.1.2 Order data

Order number	Short description	
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	
8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting, 2 axes	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, AS, wall mounting, 2 axes	
	Required accessories	
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI0110DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0110HxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment	
	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm	
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws	
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14, 1x shield connection clamp SK14	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding F: 0101	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively	
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110	
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001	

Table 52: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

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Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.5.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	
General information			
B&R ID code	0xAA17	0xAA19	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules	2		
Certifications			
CE	Yes		
Functional safety 2)	Yes (open		
UL	cULus E		
	Power conversion equipment		
EAC	Yes		
KC	Ye	es ·	
DC bus connection			
Voltage			
Nominal	750 \	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)	22.3 kW		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-			
cy ⁴⁾			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[0.33 * I _M 2 + 11 * I _M + 90] W		
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[0.97 * I _M ² + 9.5 * I _M + 170] W		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[1.66 * I _M ² + 21 * I _M + 380] W		
DC bus capacitance	660 µF		
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane		
24 VDC power supply			
Input voltage	25 VDC	±1.6%	
Input capacitance	23.5 µF		
Max. power consumption	32 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾		
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane		
24 VDC output			
Quantity	2		
Output voltage			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%		
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset		
Motor connection 6)	200 1111 (0.011 5.011) 0.01	ou orno, autornatio 1000t	
Quantity	2		
Continuous power per motor connection 3)			
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	15.1 A _{eff}		
Reduction of continuous current depending on	`	- 611	
switching frequency 7)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.19 A/K (starting at 29°C) 9)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.15 A/K (starting at -38°C) ⁹⁾	
Reduction of continuous current depending on		control (comming are early)	
switching frequency and mounting type 7)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz			
Cold plate mounting ¹⁰⁾	0.38 A/K (starting at 51°C) 8)	-	
Feed-through mounting	0.27 A/K (starting at 46°C) 8)	-	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	, 0 /		
Cold plate mounting 10)	0.25 A/K (starting at 24°C) 11)	-	
Feed-through mounting	0.16 A/K (starting at 2°C) ⁹⁾	-	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Cold plate mounting 10)	0.19 A/K (starting at -14°C) 11)	<u>-</u>	
Feed-through mounting	0.14 A/K (starting at -74°C) ⁹⁾	-	
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
stallation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	1.51 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection		37.7 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 12)	5 / 10 / 20 kHz		
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC	Limit value curve A		
	t value		

Table 53: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCDS.000-1 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	
Protective measures		
Overload protection	Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Variant		
U, V, W, PE	Connector	
Shield connection	Yes	
Terminal connection cross section	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data	0.22 10 1 111111	
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10	
CSA	28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	28 to 10 12 to 22 mm	
connection	12 10 22 111111	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m	
Motor holding brake connection	10 111	
Quantity	2	
Output voltage ¹⁵⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁶⁾	
Continuous current	2.1 A	
Max. internal resistance	0.3 Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws	
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes	
Open circuit monitoring	Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 17)		
Quantity	2	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁸⁾	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs	
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No	
Encoder monitoring	Yes	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m	
	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ¹⁹⁾	
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	
Load capacity	350 mA	
Protective measures		
Short-circuit proof	Yes	
Overload-proof	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁰⁾	
Trigger inputs		
Quantity	2	
Circuit	Sink	
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Yes	
Input - Inverter module	No Yes	
Input voltage	170 165	
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum Switching threshold	30 VDC	
Switching threshold	<5 V	
Low		
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA	
Switching delay		
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential	ntial Max. ±38 V	
Electrical properties		
Discharge capacitance	0.44 μF	

Table 53: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	8BVI0110HWDS.000-1		
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically	Ye	es		
Horizontal, face up	Ye	es		
Standing horizontally	N	0		
Installation elevation above sea level				
Nominal	0 to 5	500 m		
Maximum ²¹⁾	400	0 m		
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)		
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	II.	I		
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP:	20		
Ambient conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal	5 to 4	40°C		
Maximum ²²⁾	55	°C		
Storage	-25 to 55°C			
Transport	-25 to 70°C			
Relative humidity				
Operation	5 to	85%		
Storage	5 to	95%		
Transport	Max. 95%	6 at 40°C		
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions ²³⁾				
Width	106.5	5 mm		
Height	317	mm		
Depth				
Wall mounting	- 263 mm			
Cold plate	212 mm -			
Feed-through mounting	209 mm -			
Weight	Approx. 4.1 kg Approx. 5.3 kg			
Module width	2			

Table 53: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on motor connection X5A $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on motor connection X5B $[A_{\text{eff}}]$
- 5) $P_{\text{SMC1}} \ ... \ \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} \ [\text{W}] \ \text{of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}}... \ \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} \ [\text{W}] \ \text{of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min). The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU utilization reduces the functionality of the drive: if this is not taken into account, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 15) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 16) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 17) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 8) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 19) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- $I_{\text{\scriptsize G}}$... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 20) $I_{Encoder}$... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 21) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 22) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 23) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.5.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.5.3 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 115. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.5.2 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1

2.3.5.2.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

2.3.5.2.2 Order data

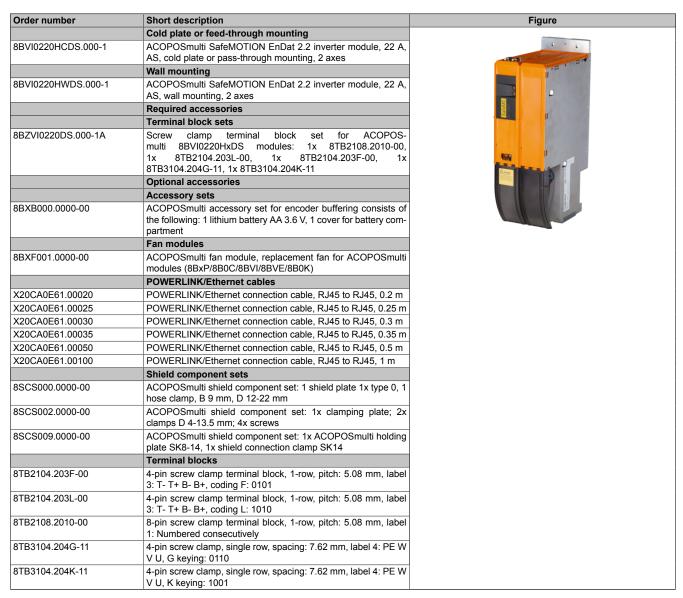


Table 54: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.5.2.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1		
General information			
B&R ID code	0xAA1B	0xAA1D	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)		

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

President safety President s	Order number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1	8BVI0220HWDS.000-1	
Functional safety 2 U Res (openSAFETY) OULD E226916 Power conversion equipment EAC Ves Res CC Ves Res CC Ves Res Res Res Res Res Res Res	Certifications			
EAC Power Convention on quantiment	CE	Υ	⁄es	
Power conversion equipment	Functional safety 2)	Yes (ope	nSAFETY)	
Page	UL	cULus	E225616	
Notes and the process of the proces		Power conver	rsion equipment	
Disput connection Voltage Nominal T35 VDC Continuous power consumption in 32.37 kW Power dissipation depending on ewitching frequency or Switching frequency to 44tz Switching frequency to 44tz E16 *1,** - 0.35 *1,** 64] W Switching frequency to 44tz E16 *1,** - 0.35 *1,** 64] W Switching frequency to 44tz E16 *1,** - 0.35 *1,** 64] W Switching frequency to 44tz E17 Switching frequency to 44tz E18 Switching		Y	⁄es	
Voltage 750 VDC 23 7 kW	_	Y	⁄es	
Nominal 759 VPC Continuous current depending on switching frequency of SHz 10.05 to No.	DC bus connection			
32.37 kW	Voltage			
Power dissipation depending on awtching frequency 9 kHz Swifching frequency 5 kHz Swifching frequency 10 kHz DC bus capacitance 1320 pF Variant ACOPOSmult backglaine 24 VDC capacitance 32 VDC ±1.6% Swifching frequency 5 kHz Swifching frequency 5 kHz ACOPOSmult backglaine 24 VDC capacitance 32 VDC ±1.6% Swifching frequency 5 kHz ACOPOSmult backglaine 23 SpF Variant ACOPOSmult backglaine 24 VDC capacitance ACOPOSmult backglaine 25 VDC ±1.6% Swifching frequency 5 kHz Swifching frequency 5 kHz Code pate mounting five 10 SpF VDC Swifching frequency 10 kHz Code pate mounting five 10 SpF VDC Code pate mounting five 10 SpF VDC Code pate mounting frequency 5 kHz Code pate mou	Nominal	750	VDC	
sy "	Continuous power consumption 3)	32.3	37 kW	
Switching frequency 5 kHz (0.65 * 1, - 0.35 * 1, - 64 W W	Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-			
Switching frequency 10 kHz Care Sa20 µF	-			
1320 µF	Switching frequency 5 kHz			
ACOPOSmulti backplane	Switching frequency 10 kHz			
24 NOC power supply	DC bus capacitance			
Input voltage	Variant	ACOPOSm	ulti backplane	
Input appacitance Max. power consumption 32 W+Pasc; +Pesc; 4Pesc; 4Pes	24 VDC power supply			
Max. power consumption 24 YOS output 25 YOS output 26 YOS output 27 YOS output 28 YOS output 28 YOS output Output voltage DC bus voltage (Usc.): 280 to 315 VDC DC bus voltage (Usc.): 381 to 850 VDC Case protection 250 MA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** Quantity 2 Continuous current per motor connection ** Reduction of continuous our ent depending on switching frequency of NHz Switching frequency of NHz Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** O.23 AK (starting at 10°C) ** O.23 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.23 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.24 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.25 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.23 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.24 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.25 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.25 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) ** Peed-through mounting ** O.29 AK (starting at 10°C) **	Input voltage	25 VD	C ±1.6%	
Variant ACOPOSmulis backplane 2	Input capacitance			
Variant ACOPOSmulis backplane 2	Max. power consumption	32 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2}	+ P _{24 V} Out + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾	
24 MDC output 2	Variant			
Quantity 2 Obbits voltage (U ₂₂): 280 to 316 VDC 25 VDC * (U ₁₂ /315) DC bus voltage (U ₂₂): 315 to 800 VDC 25 VDC * (U ₁₂ /315) DC bus voltage (U ₂₂): 280 to 316 VDC 24 VDC ±8% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** 2 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz 8 Switching frequency 5 kHz 9 Switching frequency 5 kHz 0.33 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 3 for kHz 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** Cold plate mounting *** 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** - Feed-through mounting 0.52 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** - Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elovation 0.22 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** - Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elovation 0.23 A/K (starting at 40°C) *** - Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elovation 1.2 A/C	24 VDC output			
Output voltage DC bus voltage (U ₂₀): 280 to 316 VDC 25 VDC * (U ₂₀ /315) DC bus voltage (U ₂₀): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC 48% Frue protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** 2 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** 16 kW Continuous current per motor connection ** 22 A _{er} Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.33 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.33 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** 0.17 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.33 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** - Cold plate mounting *** 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** - - Switching frequency 5 kHz 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** - - Cold plate mounting *** 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** - - Switching frequency 5 kHz 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** - - Reduction of continuous current depending on instated and switching fre	Quantity		2	
DC bus voltage (U _∞): 315 to 800 VDC 25 VDC * (U _∞ /315) DC bus voltage (U _∞): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC ±6% Fuse protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection ** 2 Continuous power per motor connection ** 16 kW Continuous urrent per motor connection ** 22 A₂ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ** ** Switching frequency ** 0.33 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency ** 0.17 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency ** 0.17 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency ** 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency ** 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency Skitz 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency 5 kHz 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency 10 kHz 0.99 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Cold plate mounting ** 0.52 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Feed-through mounting ** 0.29 AIK (starting at 40°C) ** Feed-through mounting ** 0.29 AIK (starting at 10°C) ** Feed-through mounting ** 0.29 AIK (starting at 10°C) **	Output voltage			
DC bas voltage (U _{∞C}): 315 to 800 VDC 24 VDC 48% Yous protection 250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset Motor connection *0 2 Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection *1 16 kW Continuous current per motor connection *2 22 A _{er} Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.33 A/K (starting at 40°C) *0 Switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.33 A/K (starting at 25°C) *0 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz - 0.17 A/K (starting at 25°C) *0 Switching frequency 5 kHz 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *0 - - Cold plate mounting *10 0.52 A/K (starting at 40°C) *0 - - Switching frequency 10 kHz 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *0 - - Cold plate mounting *10 0.52 A/K (starting at 10°C) *10 - - Switching frequency 10 kHz 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) *10 - - Cold plate mounting *10 0.22 A/K (starting at 40°C) *10 - - Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation 55 A _e *1	, ,	25 VDC 3	* (U _{DC} /315)	
Fuse protection ### Work connection ** Continuous power per motor connection ** Continuous power per motor connection ** Continuous power per motor connection ** Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ** Switching frequency 5 kHz	=			
Motor connection ** Continuous power per motor connection ** Continuous current per motor connection ** Continuous current per motor connection ** 22 A _{nt} Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ** Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency and mounting type ** Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ** 0.99 AK (starting at 40°C) ** Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ** 0.99 AK (starting at 40°C) ** Feed-through mounting 0.52 AK (starting at 10°C) **	5 (15)			
Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 16 kW	•	200 Hist (Slow blow) eli		
Continuous power per motor connection ® Continuous current per motor connection ® Reduction of continuous current per motor connection ® Switching frequency ® Hz \$ 0.33 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® Switching frequency 0 KHz \$ 0.17 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® O.17 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® Switching frequency 0 KHz \$ 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® O.17 A/K (starting at -25°C) ® Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ® Switching frequency 5 KHz \$ 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® 0.52 A/K (starting at 40°C) ® 0.			2	
Continuous current per motor connection	-			
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7: Switching frequency 6 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Feed-through mounting 0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) 100 Feed-through mounting 0.52 A/K (starting at 40°C) 100 Feed-through mounting 0.29 A/K (starting at 40°C) 100 Feed-through mounting 1.00 A/K (starting at 40°C) 100 Feed-through mo				
switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type ? Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Cold plate mounting ** Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Cold plate mounting ** Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Switching frequency 10 c.29 A/K (starting at 10°C) **	·		- ^eff	
Switching frequency 10 kHz -				
Switching frequency 10 kHz -			0.33 Δ/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 71 Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Second plate mounting 100 Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Cold plate mounting 100 Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Switching frequency				
Switching frequency and mounting type *** Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ** Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Cold plate mounting ** Feed-through mounting ** Feed-t		_	0.17 Art (starting at -25 G) 7	
Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting *** Cold plate mounting *** Feed-through mounting ** Cold plate mounting m				
Cold plate mounting *** Feed-through mounting	0 1 7 0 31			
Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 19 0.29 A/K (starting at 10°C) 11 - Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequency South as of the connected motor per IEC 15 60034-25.2004 19 Protective measures Overload protection Wax. output frequency Short circuit and ground fault protection Variant U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Switching frequency of kHz Switching frequency of kHz Amount and surface and shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency of kHz Motor holding brake connection		0.99 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	_	
Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 100 Col	,	`		
Cold plate mounting 10 0.29 A/K (starting at 10°C) 11 - Feed-through mounting 10.23 A/K (starting at 10°C) 10 0.23 A/K (star		0.327 VIV (Starting at 40 O)		
Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Starting frequencies 10 Nominal switching frequencies 10 Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 140 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Yes Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Sconnector Shield connection Tess section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holdling brake connection	5 , ,	0.20 A/K (starting at 10°C) 11)	_	
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies (12) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 (14) Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection War, where the connection sheld connection With wire end sleeves With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency Switching frequency Switching frequency Switching frequency Switching frequency Sa modernal space of the connection Terminal connection cross section Terminal connection cross section Terminal connection state UL/C-UL-US So 10 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Wax. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection			_	
Starting at 500 m above sea level 2.2 A _{est} per 1000 m	5 5	0.23 Art (starting at 0.0)		
Starting at 500 m above sea level 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m				
Peak current per motor connection 55 A _{eff} 20 Nominal switching frequency 5 kHz Possible switching frequencies 13 Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14 Protective measures Overload protection Yes Short circuit and ground fault protection Yes Max. output frequency 598 Hz 15 Variant U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection Yes Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves 0.25 to 4 mm² Approbation data ULC-UL-US 30 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection		22A - n	per 1000 m	
Nominal switching frequency 5 kHz	0			
Possible switching frequencies 130 1	-			
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 (1) Protective measures Overload protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection Limit value curve A Lis value curve autous				
TS 60034-25:2004 ¹⁴⁾ Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Yes Max. output frequency 598 Hz ¹⁵⁾ Variant U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection Terminal connection ross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves O.25 to 4 mm² Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 30 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection	<u> </u>			
Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Yes Max. output frequency 598 Hz ¹5) Variant U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves O,25 to 4 mm² Approbation data UL/C-UL-US SA Aprobation data UL/C-UL-US SA Erminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Terminal cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Max. motor cable length depended in the switching frequency 10 kHz System		Limit vali	ue curve A	
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Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Terminal cable cross section dimension of switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Max. output frequency Solution for the fine stranded wires O.25 to 4 mm² O.		\	/es	
Max. output frequency 598 Hz ¹5) Variant Connector U, V, W, PE Connector Shield connection cross section Yes Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves 0.25 to 4 mm² Approbation data 30 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection 12 to 22 mm Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection				
Variant U, V, W, PE Shield connection Yes Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US SCSA SCSA SCSA SCSA SCSA SCSA SCSA SC				
U, V, W, PE Shield connection Shield connection Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 30 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection		598	112 ***/	
Shield connection Yes Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves 0.25 to 4 mm² Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 30 to 10 CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection		^	nactor	
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection		Υ	Co	
With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection				
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection		^ ^ -	o 4 mm²	
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CSA 28 to 10 Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection				
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection				
connection Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection				
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Motor holding brake connection		12 to	22 mm	
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Switching frequency 5 kHz 25 m Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection				
Switching frequency 10 kHz 25 m Motor holding brake connection		O.	5 m	
Motor holding brake connection				
-			∪ III 	
	Quantity		2	

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1
Output voltage ¹⁶⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾
Continuous current	24 VDC +3.6% / -0.5% ··/
Max. internal resistance	0.3 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
•	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Protective measures	
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces 18)	
Quantity	2
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No
Encoder monitoring	Yes
Max. encoder cable length	100 m
-	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾
Encoder power supply	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capacity	350 mA
Protective measures	***
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Overload-proof	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s
	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²¹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC[VV]} = 19 V I _{Encoder[A]} = 17
Trigger inputs	
Quantity	2
Circuit	Sink
Electrical isolation	
Input - Inverter module	Yes
Input - Input	Yes
Input voltage	
Nominal	24 VDC
Maximum	30 VDC
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 V
High	>15 V
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA
Switching delay	
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Falling edge	53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V
Electrical properties	
Discharge capacitance	0.44 µF
Operating conditions	V.11 p.
Permissible mounting orientations	
Hanging vertically	Yes
Horizontal, face up	Yes
Standing horizontally	No No
Installation elevation above sea level	IVU
Nominal	0 to 500 m
	0 to 500 m
Maximum 22)	4000 m
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum ²³⁾	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	5 to 85%
Storage	5 to 95%
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C
	max. 55% at 15.5

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1		
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions ²⁴⁾			
Width	106.5	5 mm	
Height	317	mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm -		
Weight	Approx. 4.4 kg Approx. 5.7 kg		
Module width	2		

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{X5A} \dots$ Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
 - IX5B ... Current on motor connection X5B [Aef]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} [W] \text{ of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see section "Encoder interfaces")}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min). The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 12) The thermal pulse load capacity is lower compared to 1-axis module 8BVI0220HxS0.000-1. It is therefore not possible to simply replace two 8BVI0220HxS0.000-1 1-axis modules with one 8BVI0220HxD0.000-1 2-axis module. If this is required, the load cycle must be examined in detail.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU utilization reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into account, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- $I_{\text{\scriptsize G}}$... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 21) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account.
- 23) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.5.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.5.3 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 115.

For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.5.3 Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

2.3.5.3.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

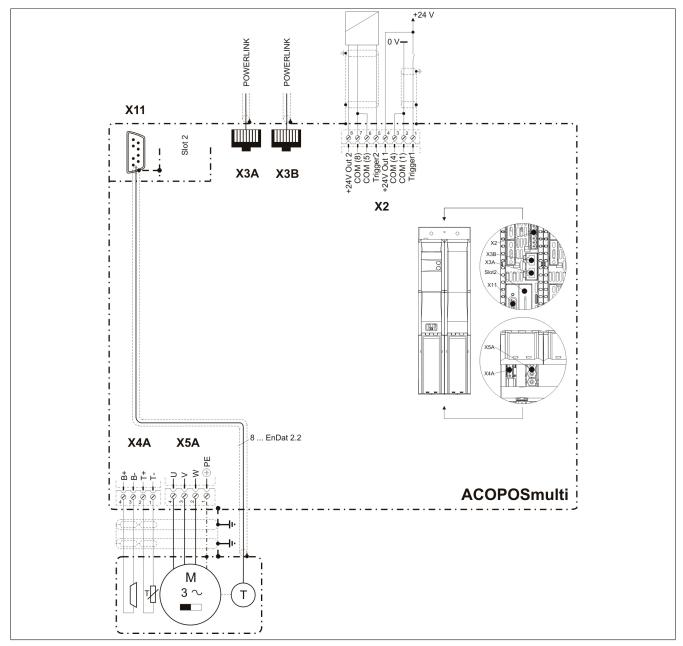


Figure 11: Pinout overview

2.3.5.3.2 Connector X2 - Pinout

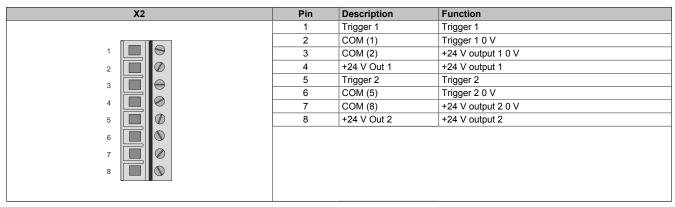


Table 56: Connector X2 - Pinout

2.3.5.3.3 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 57: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.5.3.4 Connector X4A - Pinout

X4A	Description	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 58: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.5.3.5 Connector X4B - Pinout

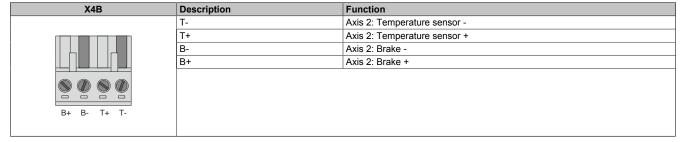


Table 59: Connector X4B - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended! A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of $600 \mu s$.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4B/T+ and X4B/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT2 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.5.3.6 Connector X5A - Pinout

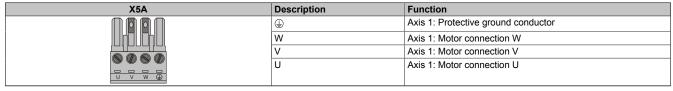


Table 60: Connector X5A - Pinout

Information:

An additional PE wire does not have to be connected to the threaded bolt beside the X5A connector. The PE connection on the male X5A connector is required and sufficient.

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.5.3.7 Connector X5B - Pinout

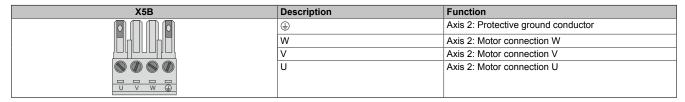


Table 61: Connector X5B - Pinout

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

2.3.5.3.8 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Description	Function
F-D-40.0		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	1 •	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
	' 6	7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
20	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			
45.32				

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.6 Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.6.1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1

2.3.6.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.6.1.2 Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	- iguio
8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A.	
OB V1000011000.000 1	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	THE PARTY AND ADDRESS.
8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, AS,	
	cold plate or pass-through mounting	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A,	
02110000111100.0001	AS, wall mounting	
8BVI0660HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, AS,	
05/10000111101110001	wall mounting	
	Required accessories	RANGE OF THE PARTY
	Terminal block sets	
9P7\//16E0SS 000 1A		
8BZVI1650SS.000-1A	Screw clamp terminal block set for ACOPOS-multi 8BVI0660HxSS, 8BVI0880HxSS, 8BVI1650HxSS, 8BVI0660HxSA, 8BVI0880HxSA and 8BVI1650HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2104.2031-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00	
	Optional accessories	
	•	
ADV/DAGG 6000 00	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com-	
	partment	
0DVE004 5555 55	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti	
	modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
7/2007/0201:00100	Plug-in modules	
00.400.000.4		
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface	
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface	
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface	
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz	
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-	
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals	
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals	
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals	
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface	
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-	
	terface	
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC	
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.	
00400000	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz	
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V	
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 MHz	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 4x type 1,	
8SCS002.0000-00	1x hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x	
8SCS003.0000-00	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate	
8SCS004.0000-00	4x 45°, 8x screws ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 4x type 0,	
	2x hose clamps, B 9 mm, D 32-50 mm	
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label	
-	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010	
8TB2106.2010-00	6-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB2106.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 6-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label	

Table 62: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.6.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1	
General information					
B&R ID code	0xBE89	0xBE8B	0xE0B8	0xE0B9	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)	,	
Certifications					
CE		Y	es		
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)		
UL			E225616 sion equipment		
EAC		Y	'es		
KC	Ye	es		-	
DC bus connection					
Voltage					
Nominal		750	VDC		
Continuous power consumption 3)		48.8	3 kW		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.03 * I _M ² + 7	7.9 * I _M + 90] W		
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.11 * I _M ² + 1	1 * I _M + 185] W		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[0.17 * I _M ² + 2	7 * I _M + 310] W		
DC bus capacitance		198	0 μF		
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane				
24 VDC power supply					
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%		
Input capacitance			9 μF		
Max. power consumption	33 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	
Variant		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane		
24 VDC output					
Quantity			2		
Output voltage					
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%				
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)					
Quantity			1		
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	48 kW				
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		66	A _{eff}		

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)		4.4.4.4.4.4.4.00.8.	I	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	1.4 A/K (starting at 41°C) 8) 0.92 A/K (starting at -5°C) 9)	-	1.4 A/K (starting at 41°C) 8) 0.92 A/K (starting at -5°C) 9)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.92 A/K (starting at -5 C) 9	-	0.92 A/K (starting at -5 °C) */
<u> </u>	-	ing at -90°C) 9)	-	ing at -90°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and				
mounting type 10)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.9 A/K (starting at 58°C) 8)	-	1.9 A/K (starting at 58°C) 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	1.82 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	-	1.82 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.36 A/K (start-	-	1.36 A/K (start-	-
Ford the control of the	ing at 27°C) 12)		ing at 27°C) 12)	
Feed-through mounting	0.88 A/K (start- ing at -12°C) ⁹⁾	=	0.88 A/K (start- ing at -12°C) ⁹⁾	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	ing at 12 0)		ing at 12 0)	
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.75 A/K (start-	-	0.75 A/K (start-	_
	ing at -37°C) 12)		ing at -37°C) 12)	
Feed-through mounting	0.54 A/K (start-	-	0.54 A/K (start-	-
Doduction of continuous	ing at -106°C) 9)		ing at -106°C) 9)	
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		6.6 A ne	er 1000 m	
Peak current			2 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency			KHZ	
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit valu	ie curve A	
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)				
Protective measures				
Overload protection			es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Y	es	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Variant			112	
U, V, W, PE		M8 threa	aded bolt	
Shield connection		Y	es	
Connection cross section range				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	16)			
Terminal cable cross section dimen-	12 to 50 mm ¹⁷⁾			
sion of shield connection Max. motor cable length depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	25 m			
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity			1	
Output voltage 18)			3% / -0.5% 19)	
Continuous current			2 A	
Max. internal resistance Extinction potential			5 Ω x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching			x. 30 v Ws	
operation		3 (
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protec-		Y	es	
tion	W			
Open circuit monitoring	Yes Yes			
Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit	Approx. 0.5 A			
monitoring	<u> </u>			
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%			
Encoder interfaces ²⁰⁾				
Quantity			 1	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ²¹⁾ SinCos			Cos
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector			SUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs			
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No No			
Encoder monitoring		Y	es	

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
Max. encoder cable length	100 Depends on the cross er supply wires in the	s section of the pow-	50	m ²³⁾
Encoder power supply	ог обрргу инос нг ц			_
Output voltage	Typ. 1	2.5 V		±5% ²⁴⁾
Load capacity	350	mA	300	mA ²⁵⁾
Sense lines	-		2, compensation	of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures				
Short-circuit proof			es	
Overload-proof		Y	es	_
Synchronous serial interface		DO	405	
Signal transmission Data transfer rate	6.25 N		485	.5 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs	0.25 !	VIDIUS	/01.2	5 KDIVS
Signal transmission			Differential sign	nals, symmetrical
Differential voltage		·	Dillerential sign	iais, symmetrical
In motion	-		0.5 to	1.35 V ²⁶⁾
At standstill	-			1.35 V ²⁷⁾
Differential voltage deviation per	-)% ²⁸⁾
signal period				
Common-mode voltage	-			±7 V
Terminating resistor	-			20 Ω
Max. input frequency	-) kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	<u>-</u>			0 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)				o 200 kHz
ADC resolution	-		12	2-bit
Reference input			D:#:#:-1-:-	and a second dead
Signal transmission	-		_	nal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	-			0.2 V 1.2 V
Differential voltage for high Common-mode voltage				V to +9 V
Terminating resistor				20 Ω
Position			12	
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁹⁾			Number of enc	oder lines * 5700
Accuracy 30)	-			
Noise 30)	-			
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	/ * I _{Encoder} [A] ³¹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.37	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³¹⁾
Trigger inputs				
Quantity			2	_
Circuit		Si	nk	_
Electrical isolation				_
Input - Inverter module			es	
Input - Input		Y	es	_
Input voltage		041	750	
Nominal Maximum			VDC VDC	
Switching threshold		30 \	V DC	_
Low		-1	5 V	
High			5 V	
Input current at nominal voltage			. 10 mA	
Switching delay		γρριολ		_
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge			digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max.	±38 V	
Electrical properties				
Discharge capacitance		0.44	4 μF	
Operating conditions				
Permissible mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically	Yes			
Horizontal, face up	Yes			
Standing horizontally		N	lo	_
Installation elevation above sea level				
Nominal 33)	0 to 500 m			
Maximum ³²⁾	4000 m			_
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ctive pollution)	_
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		I	II	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP2	0 33)	_
. J	II 20 09			

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
Ambient conditions			•	
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum ³⁴⁾		5	5°C	
Storage		-25 to	o 55°C	
Transport		-25 t	o 70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C			
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions 35)				
Width		213.	.5 mm	
Height	317 mm			
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.2 kg	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.9 kg
Module width			4	

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) The connection is made with cable lugs for M8 (0.32") threaded bolts. The nominal cross section of the cable lug must match the cross section of the conductor to be connected in the particular application.
- 17) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 18) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 19) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection of connectors S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) by a jumper with a maximum length of 10 cm.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
 - If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect connectors S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced due to voltage drops on the jumpers.
- 20) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 21) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 22) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2* ρ)

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance $[\Omega \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}]$ (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 23) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 24) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 25) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 28) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 29) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 30) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 31) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 32) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account
- 33) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 34) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 35) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.6.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.6.3 "Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 133. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.6.2 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1

2.3.6.2.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.6.2.2 Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	. iguio
8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A,	•
	AS, cold plate or pass-through mounting	The second second second
8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, AS,	TO THE
	cold plate or pass-through mounting	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A,	New Market Control of the Control of
	AS, wall mounting	
8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, AS,	
	wall mounting	Rev Control of the Co
	Required accessories	Tanka -
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI1650SS.000-1A	Screw clamp terminal block set for ACOPOS-multi 8BVI0660HxSS, 8BVI0880HxSS, 8BVI1650HxSS, 8BVI0660HxSA, 8BVI0880HxSA and 8BVI1650HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of	
	the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com-	
	partment	
	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti	
	modules (8BxP/8B0C/8BVI/8BVE/8B0K)	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Plug-in modules	
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface	
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface	
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface	
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz	
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-	
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals	
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals	
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals	
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface	
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI/BiSS in-	
	terface	
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC	
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz	
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V	
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-	
	coder emulation, 1 MHz	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 4x type 1,	
8SCS002.0000-00	1x hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x	
8SCS003.0000-00	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate	
8SCS004.0000-00	4x 45°, 8x screws ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield plate 4x type 0,	
	2x hose clamps, B 9 mm, D 32-50 mm	
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20, 1x shield connection clamp SK20	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label	
	3: T- T+ B- B+, coding L: 1010	
8TB2106.2010-00	6-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB2106.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 6-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp terminal block, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: Numbered consecutively	

Table 64: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

For B&R standard motors, only B&R 8BCS encoder cables are permitted to used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.6.2.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	
General information					
B&R ID code	0xB450	0xB451	0xDD1E	0xE0BA	
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or pass- through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)		
Certifications					
CE		Y	es		
Functional safety 2)		Yes (oper	nSAFETY)		
UL			E225616 sion equipment		
EAC		Y	'es		
KC	Ye	es		-	
DC bus connection					
Voltage					
Nominal		750	VDC		
Continuous power consumption 3)		65	kW		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		$[0.03 * I_{M}^{2} + 7]$	7.9 * I _M + 90] W		
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.11 * I _M ² + 1 ²	1 * I _M + 185] W		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[0.17 * I _M ² + 27 * I _M + 310] W				
DC bus capacitance	1980 µF				
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane				
24 VDC power supply					
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%				
Input capacitance		32.9	9 μF		
Max. power consumption	33 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	
Variant		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane		
24 VDC output					
Quantity		:	2		
Output voltage					
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%				
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)					
Quantity			1		
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		64	kW		
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		88	A _{eff}		

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	8BVI0880HWSA.004-1
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	1.4 A/K (starting at 41°C) 8)	-	1.4 A/K (starting at 41°C) 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	- 0.92 A/K (starting at -5°C) 9 - 0.56 A/K (start			0.92 A/K (starting at -5°C) ⁹⁾ 0.56 A/K (start-
	-	ing at -90°C) 9)	-	ing at -90°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency and mounting type 10)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	4.0.4 (4.1.4) 1.5000000000000000000000000000000000000		4.0.4.1/ (-11/1.5000) 8)	
Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	1.9 A/K (starting at 58°C) 8) 1.82 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	-	1.9 A/K (starting at 58°C) 8) 1.82 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz	1.02 A/K (Starting at 40 C)	-	1.02 A/K (Starting at 40 C)	-
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.36 A/K (start-	_	1.36 A/K (start-	_
Cold plate mounting	ing at 27°C) 12)		ing at 27°C) 12)	
Feed-through mounting	0.88 A/K (start-	-	0.88 A/K (start-	-
	ing at -12°C) 9)		ing at -12°C) 9)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz				I
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.75 A/K (start-	-	0.75 A/K (start-	-
Feed-through mounting	ing at -37°C) ¹²⁾ 0.54 A/K (start-		ing at -37°C) ¹²⁾ 0.54 A/K (start-	
r eed-tillough mounting	ing at -106°C) 9)	-	ing at -106°C) 9)	-
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		8.8 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	
Peak current			S A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		5 k	Hz	
Possible switching frequencies 13)		5 / 10 /	20 kHz	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 14)		Limit valu	ie curve A	
Protective measures				
Overload protection			es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Y	es	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Variant				
U, V, W, PE			aded bolt	
Shield connection		Y	es	-
Connection cross section range Flexible and fine-stranded wires			. 16)	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-			0 mm ¹⁷⁾	-
sion of shield connection		12 10 30	5 Hilli	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		25	5 m	
Motor holding brake connection Quantity			 1	
Output voltage 18)			3% / -0.5% ¹⁹⁾	
Continuous current			2 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.1	5 Ω	
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		3 \	Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protection		Y	es	
Open circuit monitoring		Y	es	
Undervoltage monitoring			es	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A			
Response threshold for undervoltage	24 VDC -2% / -4%			
monitoring Encoder interfaces ²⁰⁾				
Quantity			1	
Туре	EnDat	2.2 21)	Sin	Cos
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector 15-pin female DSUB connector			SUB connector
		LIP/DN	N LEDs	
Status indicators		01701		
Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti			lo	

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²²⁾	50 m ²³⁾
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²⁴⁾
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²⁵⁾
Sense lines	<u>-</u>	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures		
Short-circuit proof		es
Overload-proof		es
Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission	DC	485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs	U.23 IVIDIUS	701.23 KDIUS
Signal transmission		Differential signals, symmetrical
Differential voltage		Zinoroman olginalo, oyimmouroal
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾
At standstill	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁷⁾
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-	±10% ²⁸⁾
Common-mode voltage	-	Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor	<u>-</u>	120 Ω
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution	-	12-bit
Reference input		
Signal transmission	<u>-</u>	Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	<u>-</u>	≤-0.2 V
Differential voltage for high	-	≥0.2 V
Common-mode voltage	<u>-</u>	Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor	<u>-</u>	120 Ω
Position © 1 V 29		Number of angoder lines * 5700
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁹⁾ Accuracy ³⁰⁾	<u> </u>	Number of encoder lines * 5700
Noise ³⁰⁾	<u>-</u>	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³¹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³¹⁾
Trigger inputs		
Quantity		2
Circuit	Si	nk
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Ye	es
Input - Input	Ye	es
Input voltage		
Nominal		/DC
Maximum	30 \	/DC
Switching threshold		
Low		5 V
High		5 V
Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay	Approx	. 10 mA
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Falling edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (ι 53 μs ±0.5 μs (ι	
Modulation compared to ground po-		±38 V
tential		
Electrical properties		
Discharge capacitance	0.44	4 μF
Operating conditions		
Permissible mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically		es
Horizontal, face up		es
Standing horizontally	<u></u>	lo
Installation elevation above sea level Nominal	0 to 5	500 m
Maximum ³²⁾		00 m
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		ctive pollution)
Overvoltage category per EN		II
61800-5-1		
Degree of protection per EN 60529		0 33)

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

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Order number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	
Ambient conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to	40°C		
Maximum 34)		55	°C		
Storage		-25 to	55°C		
Transport		-25 to	70°C		
Relative humidity		-			
Operation		5 to	85%		
Storage	5 to 95%				
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C				
Mechanical properties					
Dimensions 35)					
Width	213.5 mm				
Height	317 mm				
Depth					
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.2 kg	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.9 kg	
Module width		4	1		

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 16) The connection is made with cable lugs for M8 (0.32") threaded bolts. The nominal cross section of the cable lug must match the cross section of the conductor to be connected in the particular application.
- 17) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 18) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 19) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection of connectors S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) by a jumper with a maximum length of 10 cm.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
 - If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect connectors S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced due to voltage drops on the jumpers.
- 20) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 21) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 22) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance $[\Omega \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}]$ (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 23) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.
- 24) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 25) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 28) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 29) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 30) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 31) $I_{Encoder}$... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 32) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into account
- 33) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 34) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 35) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.6.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.6.3 "Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 133.

For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.6.3 Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.6.3.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

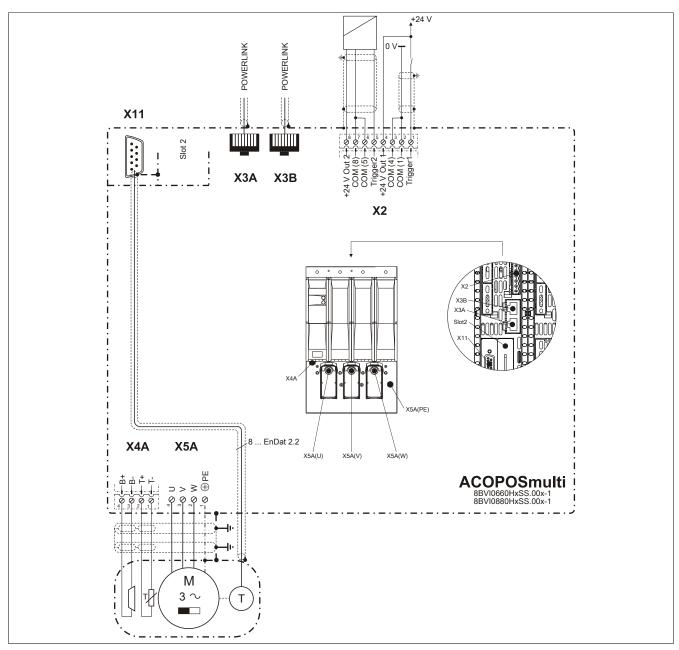


Figure 12: Pinout overview

2.3.6.3.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

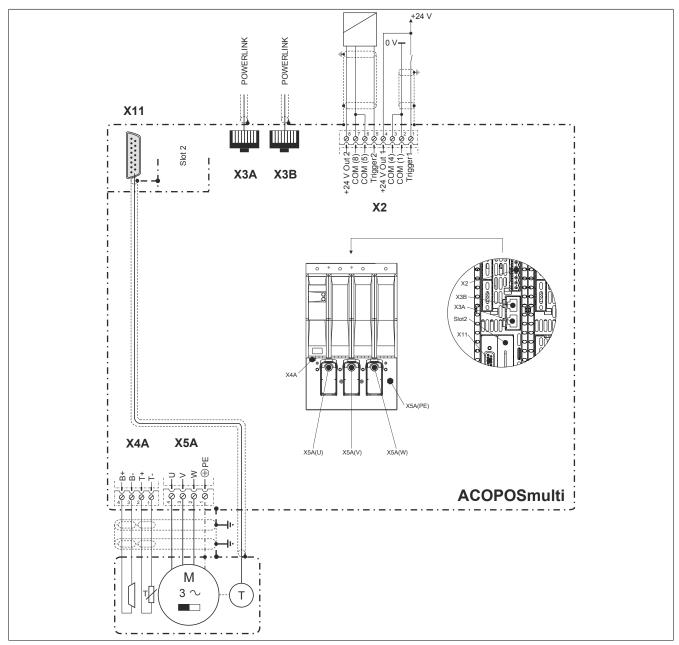


Figure 13: Pinout overview

2.3.6.3.3 Connector X2 - Pinout

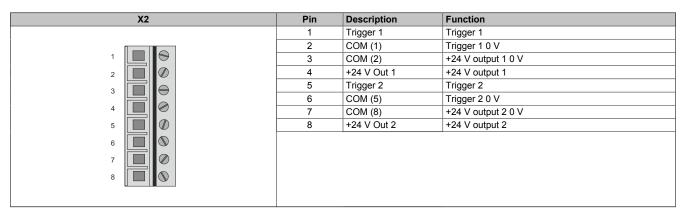


Table 66: Connector X2 - Pinout

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2.3.6.3.4 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

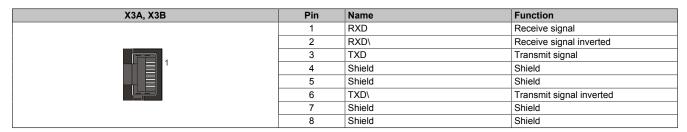


Table 67: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.6.3.5 X4A connector - Pinout

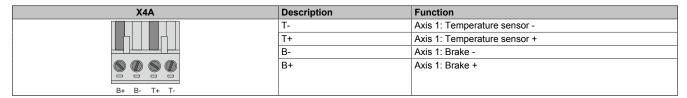


Table 68: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended! A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.6.3.6 X5A - Pinout

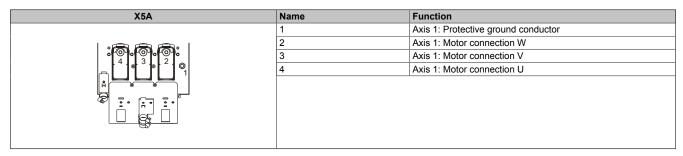


Table 69: X5A - Pinout

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Motor connections U, V, W - Cable installation

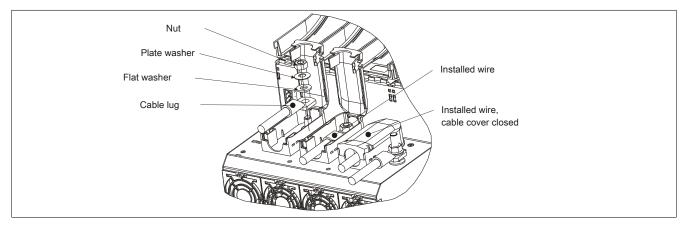


Figure 14: X5A - Cable installation

PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

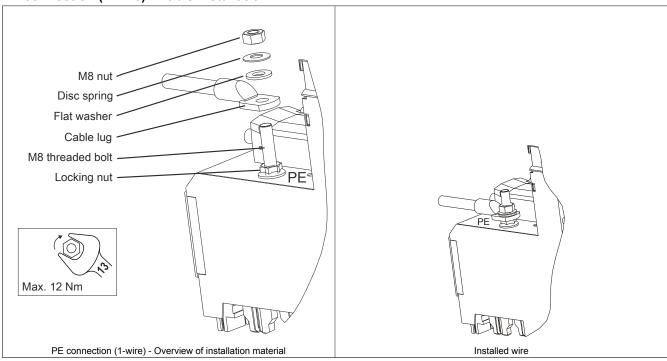


Table 70: PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

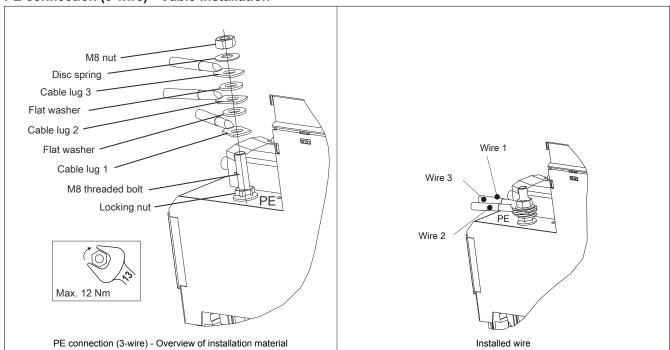


Table 71: PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

2.3.6.3.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Description	Function
F-P-422		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
(0)	1 •	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
	6	7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
3 6	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			

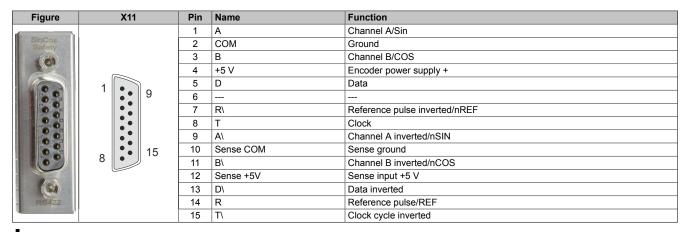
Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.6.3.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout



Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.3.7 Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.7.1 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1

2.3.7.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

2.3.7.1.2 Order data

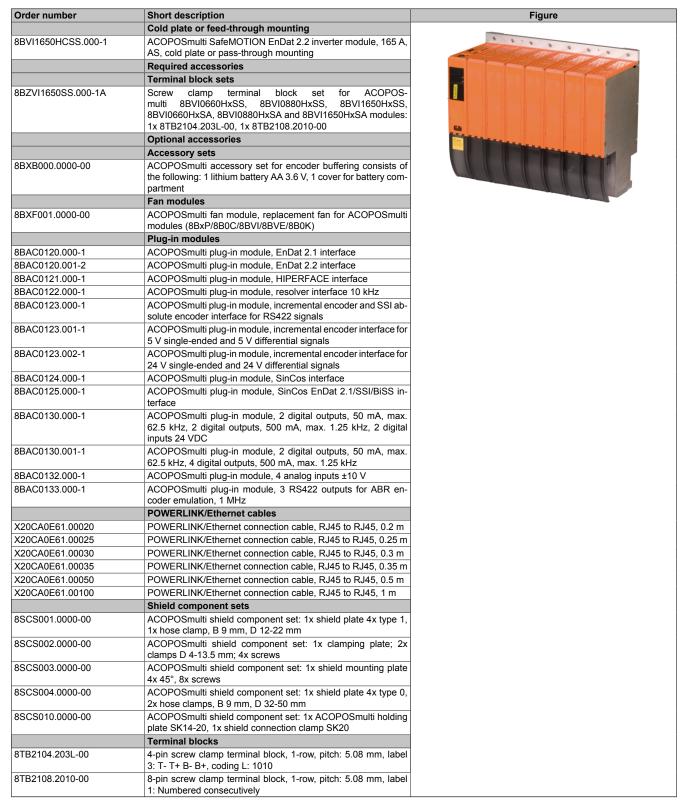


Table 72: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

For details, see 6.1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 286.

2.3.7.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8BVI1650HCSS.000-1
General information	
B&R ID code	0xB878
Cooling and mounting type	Cold plate or pass-through mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)
Certifications	
CE	Yes
Functional safety 2)	Yes (openSAFETY)
UL	cULus E225616
	Power conversion equipment
EAC	Yes
KC	Yes
DC bus connection	
Voltage Nominal	750 VDC
Continuous power consumption 3)	750 VDC 121.8 kW
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-	12 1.0 NVV
CV 4)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[0.001 * I _M ² + 9.9 * I _M + 165] W
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[0.17 * I _M ² + 10.8 * I _M + 320] W
Switching frequency 20 kHz	In preparation
DC bus capacitance	3630 μF
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC power supply	
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%
Input capacitance	32.9 µF
Max. power consumption	43 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Variant	ACOPOSmulti backplane
24 VDC output	
Quantity	2
Output voltage	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%
Fuse protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset
Motor connection 6)	
Quantity	1
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	120 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	165 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting type 7)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	
Cold plate mounting 8)	3.1 A/K (starting at 53°C) 9)
Feed-through mounting	2.82 A/K (starting at 40°C) ⁹⁾
Switching frequency 10 kHz	,
Cold plate mounting 8)	1.8 A/K (starting at 17°C) 10)
Feed-through mounting	1.5 A/K (starting at -13°C) 11)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	
Cold plate mounting 8)	1.2 A/K (starting at -60°C) 10)
Feed-through mounting	0.72 A/K (starting at 141°C) 11)
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	
stallation elevation	40.5.4
Starting at 500 m above sea level	16.5 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current	330 A _{eff}
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz
Possible switching frequencies 12)	5 / 10 / 20 kHz
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 13)	Limit value curve A
Protective measures	
Overload protection	Yes
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾
Variant	MO three days at a life
U, V, W, PE	M8 threaded bolt
Shield connection	Yes

Table 73: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI1650HCSS.000-1
Connection cross section range	0B41103011C33.000-1
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	15)
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 50 mm ¹⁶⁾
connection	12 00 00 111111
Max. motor cable length depending on switching	
frequency	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz	25 m
Motor holding brake connection	
Quantity (2)	1 24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁸⁾
Output voltage 17)	
Continuous current Max. internal resistance	4.2 A 0.15 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	другох. 30 V 3 Ws
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Protective measures	U.U I IL
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces ¹⁹⁾	<u> </u>
Quantity	1
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ²⁰⁾
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No
Encoder monitoring	Yes
Max. encoder cable length	100 m
	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²¹⁾
Encoder power supply	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capacity	350 mA
Protective measures	V
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof	Yes Yes
Synchronous serial interface	165
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²²⁾
Trigger inputs	. Owof 1
Quantity	2
Circuit	 Sink
Electrical isolation	•""
Input - Inverter module	Yes
Input - Input	Yes
Input voltage	
Nominal	24 VDC
Maximum	30 VDC
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 V
High	>15 V
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA
Switching delay	
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V
Electrical properties	
Discharge capacitance	0.9 μF
Operating conditions	
Permissible mounting orientations	Vaa
Hanging vertically	Yes
Horizontal, face up	Yes
Standing horizontally	No
Installation elevation above sea level Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum ²³⁾	4000 m
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	Z (Horr-conductive politicion)
Degree of protection per EN 60529	III IP20 ²⁴⁾
20g. 30 or protostion per Lit 00023	II ZO

Table 73: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

Order number	8BVI1650HCSS.000-1
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum ²⁵⁾	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	5 to 85%
Storage	5 to 95%
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C
Mechanical properties	
Dimensions ²⁶⁾	
Width	427.5 mm
Height	317 mm
Depth	
Cold plate	212 mm
Feed-through mounting	209 mm
Weight	Approx. 19.5 kg
Module width	8

Table 73: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is available. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on motor connection X5A [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{8BAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 8) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 15) The connection is made with cable lugs for M8 (0.32") threaded bolts. The nominal cross section of the cable lug must match the cross section of the conductor to be connected in the particular application.
- 16) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 17) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 18) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC power supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module located on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection of connectors S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) by a jumper with a maximum length of 10 cm.
 - If the 24 VDC power supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
 - If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect connectors S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced due to voltage drops on the jumpers.
- 19) Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces.
- 20) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 21) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m is not permitted to be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 22) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 23) Continuous operation at an installation elevation of 500 m to 4,000 m above sea level is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous current into
- 24) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!

- 25) Continuous operation at an ambient temperature of 40°C to max. 55°C is possible taking the specified reduction of continuous torque into account, but this results in premature aging of components.
- 26) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Additional spacing above and below the devices must be taken into account for mounting, connections and air circulation.

2.3.7.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 2.3.7.2 "Wiring: Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 145. For general information, see section 2.6 "Wiring" on page 153.

2.3.7.2 Wiring: Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

2.3.7.2.1 Pinout overview

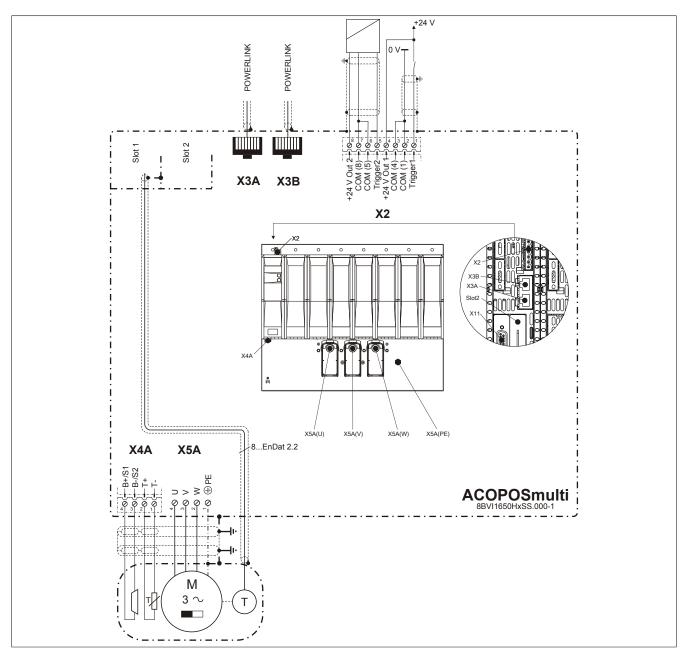


Figure 15: Pinout overview

2.3.7.2.2 Connector X2 - Pinout

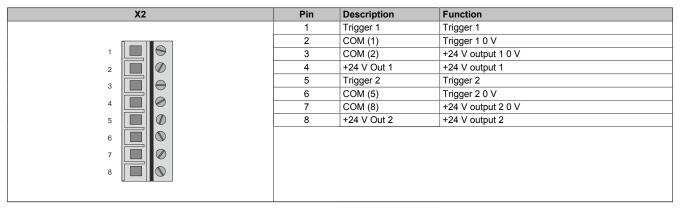


Table 74: Connector X2 - Pinout

2.3.7.2.3 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 75: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

2.3.7.2.4 X4A connector - Pinout

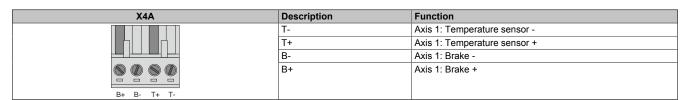


Table 76: Connector X4A - Pinout

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The following applies to the SBC output:

- It is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- It is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

 SLOT1 of the ACOPOSmulti module does not contain an ACOPOSmulti plug-in module to which a temperature sensor is connected on the T+ and T- connections.

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

2.3.7.2.5 X5A - Pinout

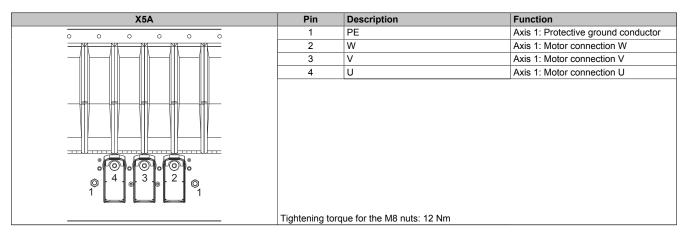


Table 77: X5A - Pinout

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Motor connections U, V, W - Cable installation

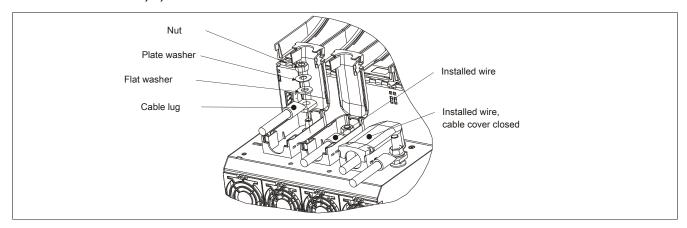


Figure 16: X5A - Cable installation

PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

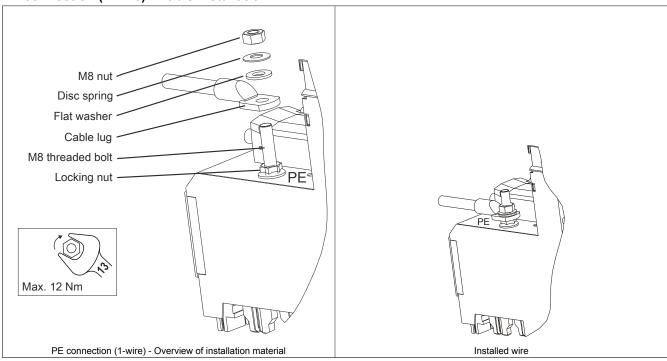


Table 78: PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

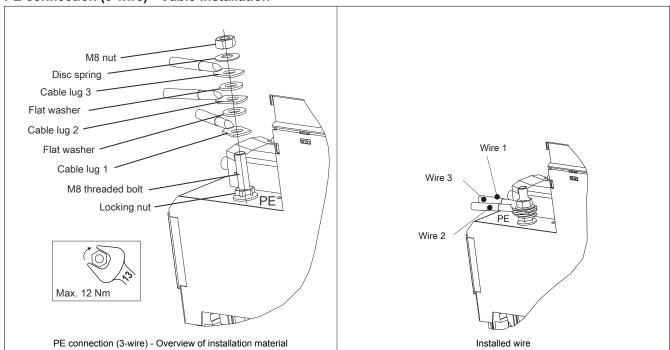


Table 79: PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

2.3.7.2.6 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Description	Function
F-D-40.0		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	1 •	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
0.0	' 6	7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
20	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

Information:

The SafeMOTION module cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

2.4 Installation

See the ACOPOSmulti user's manual MAACPM-ENG, chapter "Installation".

2.5 Dimensioning

See the ACOPOSmulti user's manual MAACPM-ENG, chapter "Dimensioning".

2.6 Wiring

2.6.1 General information

2.6.1.1 EMC-compatible installation

General information

If the directives for electromagnetic compatibility of the installation are followed, the ACOPOSmulti drive system meets the EMC directive 2004/108/EC and low-voltage directives 2006/95/CE. It also meets the requirements for harmonized EMC product standard IEC 61800-3:2004 for industry (second environment).

Additional EMC measures must be implemented by the machine or system manufacturer in the event that the product standard for the machine includes lower limit values or the machine conforms to the IEC 61000-6-4 basic standard. Proof of conformity to required limit values must be provided by the manufacturer or distributor of the machine or system in accordance with the guidelines for implementing the EMC directive.

Additional EMC measures are required when operating ACOPOSmulti drive systems in a residential area or when connecting ACOPOSmulti drive systems to a low voltage system that also supplies buildings in a residential area (first environment) without an intermediate transformer.

Installation notes

- 1. The control cabinet or system must be constructed properly.
- 2. To prevent the effects of disturbances, the following lines must be properly shielded:
 - Motor cables
 - Encoder cables
 - Control cables
 - Data cables
- 3. Inductive switching elements such as contactors or relays must be equipped with corresponding suppressor elements such as varistors, RC elements or damping diodes.
- 4. All electrical connections must be kept as short as possible.
- 5. Cable shields must be attached to designated shield connection clamps and the connector housing.
- 6. Shielded cables with copper braiding or tinned copper braiding must be used. Twisting the braided shield or extending it with single conductors is not permitted.
- 7. Unused cable conductors must be grounded on both sides whenever possible.

2.6.1.2 Overview

Passive power supply

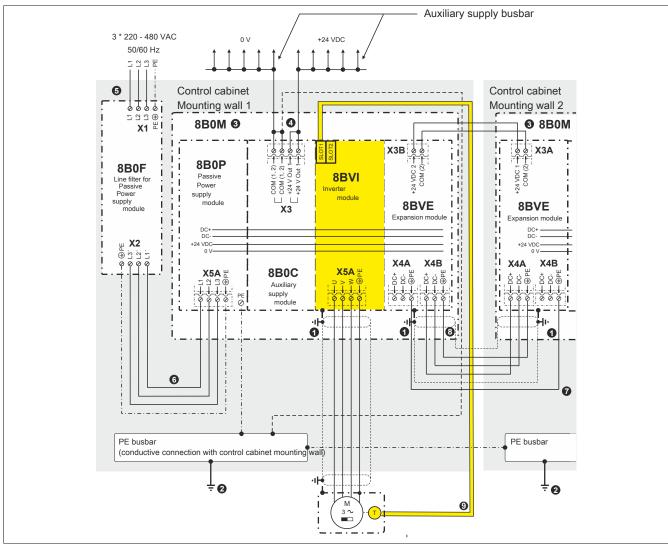


Figure 17: Overview of ground/shield for ACOPOSmulti drive system (passive power supply)

- 1 Shielding connection via module-specific shield component set.
- 2 Central grounding point.
- 3 8B0M mounting plate, large-surface conductive connection with control cabinet mounting wall.
- 4 One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).
- 5 The mains power input must be kept as short as possible inside the control cabinet.
- The connection between the line filter and power supply module is never shielded. To prevent disturbances in the mains power input (6), they cannot be routed parallel to the connection between the line filter and power supply module.
- An additional PE connection must be made between two 8BVE expansion modules in order to meet the conditions necessary for the ACOPOSmulti drive systems mains connection on all 8B0M mounting plates that are connected using 8BVE expansion modules. This additional PE connection must be made with the same wire cross section as the PE wire routed in the expansion cable (at least 2.5 mm² with protected wiring or 4 mm² with unprotected wiring).
- 9 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2: Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Active power supply

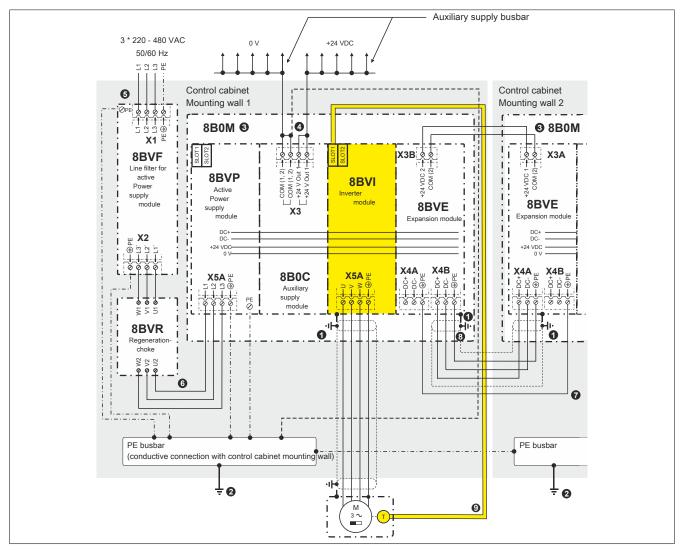


Figure 18: Overview of ground/shield for ACOPOSmulti drive system (active power supply)

- 1 Shielding connection via module-specific shield component set.
- 2 Central grounding point.
- 3 8B0M mounting plate, large-surface conductive connection with control cabinet mounting wall.
- 4 One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).
- 5 The mains power input must be kept as short as possible inside the control cabinet.
- The connection between the line filter and power supply module is never shielded. To prevent disturbances in the mains power input (6), they cannot be routed parallel to the connection between the line filter and power supply module.
- An additional PE connection must be made between two 8BVE expansion modules in order to meet the conditions necessary for the ACOPOSmulti drive systems mains connection on all 8B0M mounting plates that are connected using 8BVE expansion modules. This additional PE connection must be made with the same wire cross section as the PE wire routed in the expansion cable (at least 2.5 mm² with protected wiring or 4 mm² with unprotected wiring).
- 9 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2: Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Danger!

One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).

Caution!

No additional consumers/components are permitted to be connected between the 8BVF line filter, 8BVR regeneration choke and 8BVP power supply module!

Warning!

ACOPOSmulti drive systems are only permitted to be used with specially designed line filters. Line filters from third-party manufacturers are not permitted to be used under any circumstances; there is a risk of irreparable damage to these line filters or components of the ACOPOSmulti drive system.

2.6.1.2.1 Additional PE connection on 8BVE expansion modules

The PE connection must always be made between the first and last 8BVE expansion module.

DC connection between 2 8BVE expansion modules

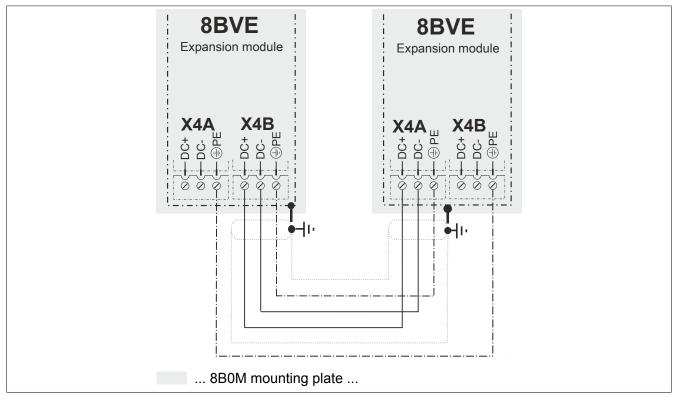


Figure 19: DC connection between 2 8BVE expansion modules

DC connection between more than 2 8BVE expansion modules

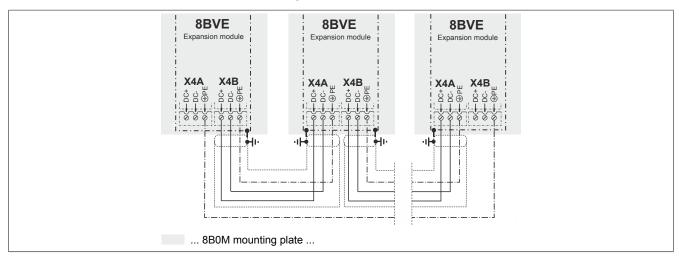


Figure 20: DC connection between more than 2 8BVE expansion modules

Connection between two 8BVE expansion modules in combination with 8CVI inverter modules

Variant 1: 8CVI inverter modules to both 8BVE expansion modules

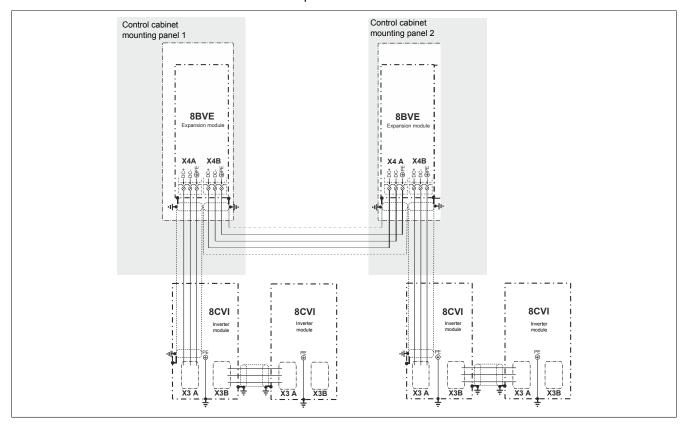


Figure 21: 8CVI inverter module to both 8BVE expansion modules

Variant 2: 8CVI inverter modules to the last 8BVE expansion module

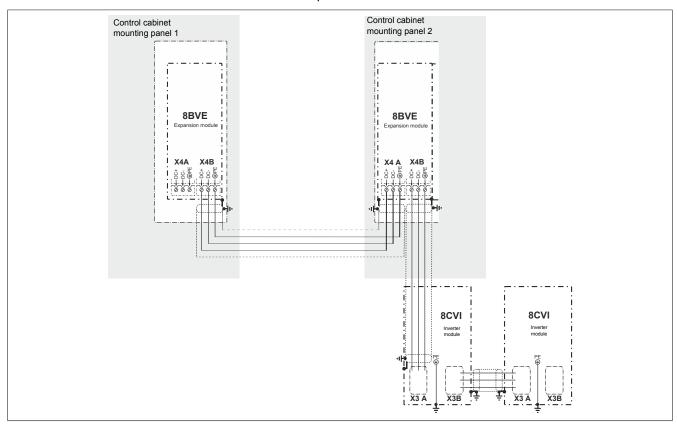


Figure 22: 8CVI inverter modules to the last 8BVE expansion module

2.6.1.3 Ground and shield connection diagrams

2.6.1.3.1 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules)

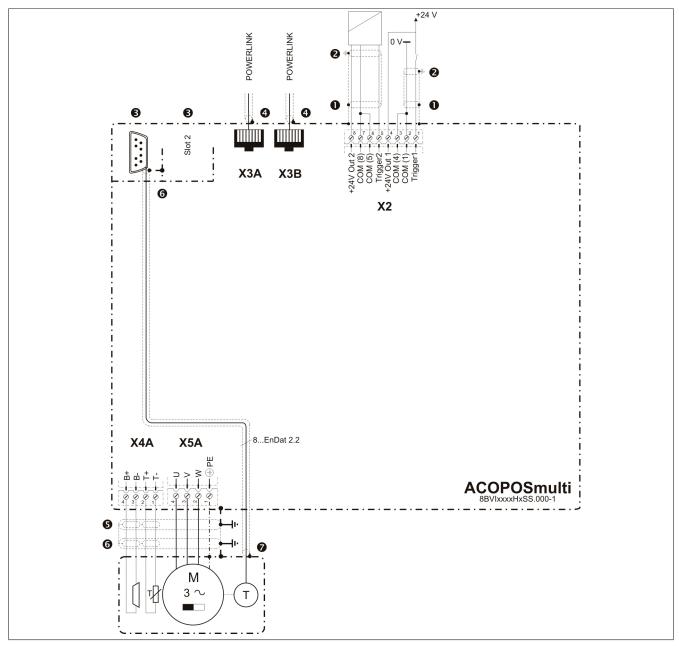


Figure 23: Ground connections and shield connections for 8BVI SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules

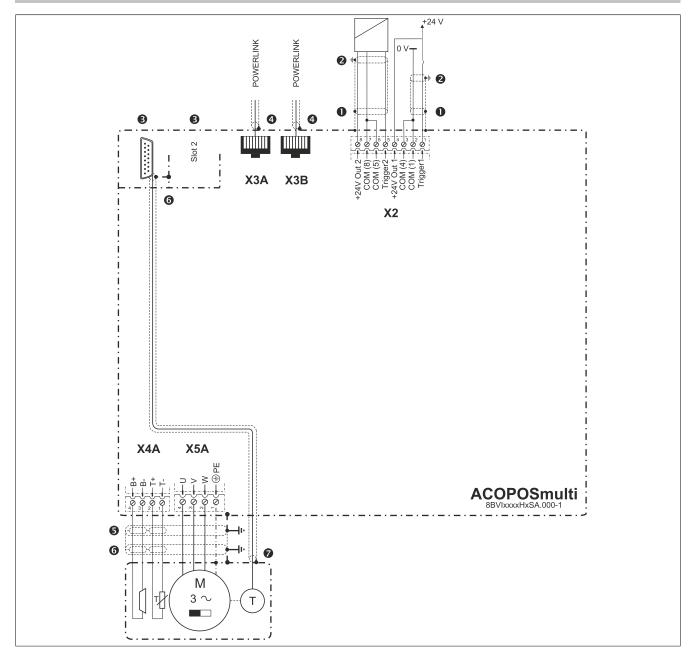


Figure 24: Ground connections and shield connections for 8BVI SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules

- 1. Both trigger inputs are only filtered internally with approx. 50 μs. Make sure the cable shield is grounded properly. The optional 8SCS002.0000-00 shield set can be used for this.
- 2. The cable shield must be attached to the shield connector.

3. ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules automatically come in contact with the housing when inserted in the module slot:



Open module slots on ACOPOSmulti modules can be closed with the optional 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set available from B&R. The standard shield set for closing open module slots on ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules is the 8SCS005.0000-00.

4. Cable connection with DSUB connector:

The cable shield must be secured over a wide area in the metallic or metal-plated DSUB housing using the clamp provided for this purpose. The fastening screws on the DSUB housing must be tightened.

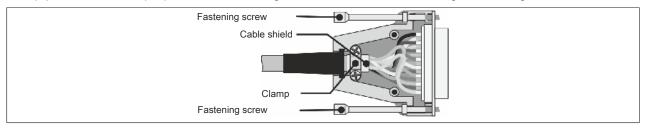


Figure 25: Cable shield in DSUB housing

Cable connection with terminals:

The cable shield must be connected to the housing of the ACOPOSmulti module using optional shielding set 8SCS002.0000-00.

Cable connection with RJ45 connector:

Additional grounding of the cable shield improves the EMC resistance. Grounding should take place on both sides, over a large area and near the connector. The optional 8SCS002.0000-00 shield set, available from B&R, can be used on the ACOPOSmulti module for this.

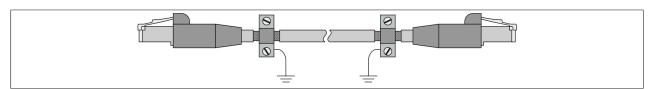


Figure 26: Male RJ45 connector - Grounding the cable shield

Information:

When cabling POWERLINK networks with B&R POWERLINK cables, no additional grounding of the cable shield is required to ensure resistance to disturbances per EN 61800-3!

- 5. The cable shield can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti module housing using the optional shield sets available from B&R.
- 6. On the motor side, the cable shield of the motor line is connected to the motor housing via the motor connector and connected to ground via the machine.
- 7. The cable shield of the encoder cable must be connected to the motor housing on the motor side via the encoder connector and subsequently to ground potential via the machine.

With external encoders, the cable shield of the encoder cable must be connected to the machine on the encoder side via the encoder connector and subsequently to ground potential.

2.6.1.4 Insulation and high voltage testing

2.6.1.4.1 Insulation resistance testing in accordance with EN 60204

In accordance with EN 60204, the insulation resistance of electrical equipment is measured with 500 VDC between the main circuit conductors and the protective ground conductor system and is not permitted to fall below the value $1 \text{ M}\Omega$. Testing individual sections of the system is permitted.

Motor connectors on ACOPOSmulti inverter modules (X5A / X5B)

Warning!

An insulation test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connectors (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be disconnected from the motor connector (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before insulation resistance is measured!

B&R motors and **B&R** motor cables

In principle, insulation resistance measurement can be carried out on B&R motor cables and B&R motors. The insulation resistance can be lower than 1 M Ω , however, depending on the motor that is connected. The 50 k Ω minimum value required as specified in EN 60204, Section 18.3 is exceeded in any case.

Warning!

An insulation test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connectors (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be disconnected from the motor connector (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before insulation resistance is measured!

2.6.1.4.2 High voltage testing

In accordance with EN 60204, the electrical equipment must be able to withstand a test voltage connected between the conductors of all circuits and the protective ground conductor system for at least 1 s (exception: all circuits with a voltage < PELV voltage). The test voltage must be twice the rated voltage for the equipment, but at least 1000 VAC (50/60 Hz). Components that cannot handle this test voltage must be disconnected before carrying out the high voltage test.

Motor connectors on ACOPOSmulti inverter modules (X5A / X5B)

Warning!

A high voltage test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

B&R motors and **B&R** motor cables

In principle, high voltage testing can be carried out on B&R motor cables and B&R motors. Depending on the size of the motor and length of the motor cable, increased measurement currents can occur because of capacitive coupling.

Warning!

A high voltage test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be removed from the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before the high voltage measurement is made!

2.6.1.4.3 Typical procedure

Isolation test

- a) Disconnect the motor cable from the X5A / X5B connector on the ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- b) Perform the insulation test on the X1 mains connection (mains side) of the ACOPOSmulti line filter.
- c) Perform the insulation test on the B&R motor.

High voltage testing

- a) Disconnect the connection cable between the X2 connector of the ACOPOSmulti line filter and the U1 / V1 / W1 connectors of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke on the X2 connector of the ACOPOSmulti line filter.
- b) Disconnect the connection cable between the X5A connector on the ACOPOSmulti power supply module and the U2 / V2 / W2 connections of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke on the X5A connector of the ACOPOSmulti power supply module.
- c) Perform the high voltage test on the U1 / V1 / W1 connectors of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke.
- d) Disconnect the motor cable from the X5A / X5B connector on the ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- e) Perform the high voltage test on the B&R motor.

3 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

3.1 System characteristics

3.1.1 Compact and safe



ACOPOSmotor modules combine the following components in a single compact unit:

- · Servo drive
- Servo motor as an energy transducer
- The built-in position sensor

ACOPOSmotor modules deliver maximum performance through the use of advanced power component technology that minimizes power loss as well as a motor series optimized for motion applications.

Available in 3 different sizes, ACOPOSmotor modules cover the entire spectrum with a torque range of 5.7 to 17 Nm and a power range of 1 kW to 2.3 kW. For applications that demand more power, an optional fan component can be added at any time to boost performance considerably.

3.1.2 Decentralized and flexible

In terms of topology, the ACOPOSmotor module can be integrated into a simple line or tree structure. Node number assignment takes place automatically in the line structure. If the address still needs to be set, however, this can be done without opening the housing.

The connection to the drive network is made using a hybrid connector. It contains all power and signal lines needed to operate the ACOPOSmotor module as well as those required by the POWERLINK network.

Highly effective IP65 protection allows ACOPOSmotor modules to be mounted directly on the machine. The control cabinet then only has to contain the power supply, high-powered inverter modules and other necessary electromechanical components. This makes it much easier to implement modular machine architectures and optional machine functions since they can be easily connected – with the requisite dimensioning of the power supply – to the machine's main line using hybrid cables.

Also ideal for modular machine engineering is the ability to connect X67 modules directly to ACOPOSmotor modules, something that paves the way for implementing machine modules as completely self-sufficient and testable production units.

3.1.3 Homogeneous and compatible

ACOPOSmotor modules provide the well-known functionality of the ACOPOSmulti drive family and can therefore be completely integrated into a drive solution.

3.1.4 Cooling

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are self-cooling and have a long, slim design. The modules must be installed on the cooling surface (flange).

3.1.5 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION



B&R's well-established safety solution – consisting of X20 SafeIO modules, SafeLOGIC controllers and the SafeDESIGNER toolset in Automation Studio – is rounded off by ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules. All B&R "Integrated Safety Technology" products are optimized to work together, delivering elegant applications at extremely low cost levels.

openSAFETY sets technical standards

Although there are many new approaches to safe fieldbus systems, most of them are restricted by proprietary standards and sluggish response times. The B&R safety system – including its ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules – takes a different approach by implementing openSAFETY across the board. This approach allows integrated safety functions such as Safely Limited Speed to be activated directly over the network instead of having to wire these types of safety-related signals to the drive.

Information is collected directly from its source via safe digital inputs and outputs before being distributed to the respective sensors and actuators – in this case, the drive with integrated safety functions – via a safe CPU, the SafeLOGIC controller. Connecting over a POWERLINK network makes it easy to achieve the best possible communication between the SafeLOGIC controller and the standard controller for non safety-related program engineering.

Short cycle times

Cycle times of 800 μ s are achieved on ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules while still satisfying SIL 3 requirements.

Modular, expandable system

Because not all drives and axes in a production machine are safety-related, ACOPOSmotor modules are offered both with and without integrated safety functionality (SafeMOTION). This makes it possible to combine safe and non-safe axes in an application as needed.

3.1.6 ACOPOSmotor configurations

ACOPOSmotor drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOSmotor functions listed below are basic functions that the user can switch between as needed within 400 µs. In addition, manipulations such as changes in product length, registration mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

- · Point-to-point
- Electronic gears
- Electronic compensation gears
- · Cross cutter
- Electronic cams
- Flying saws
- Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSmotor drive systems can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.

Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSmotor drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with B&R automation components.

Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

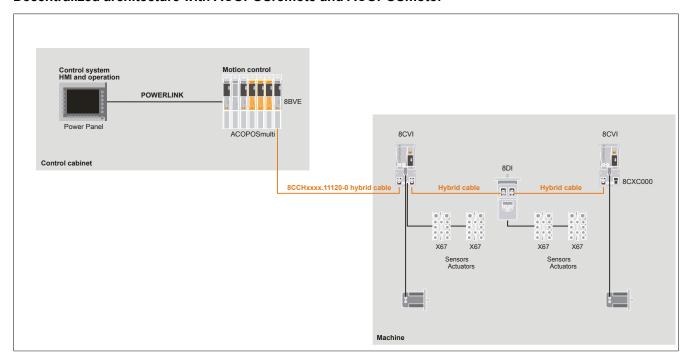


Figure 27: Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

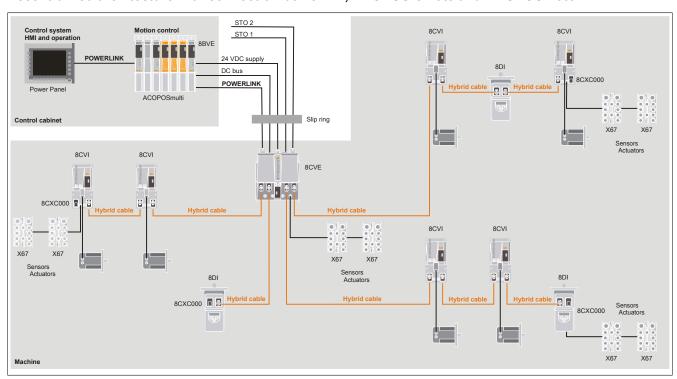
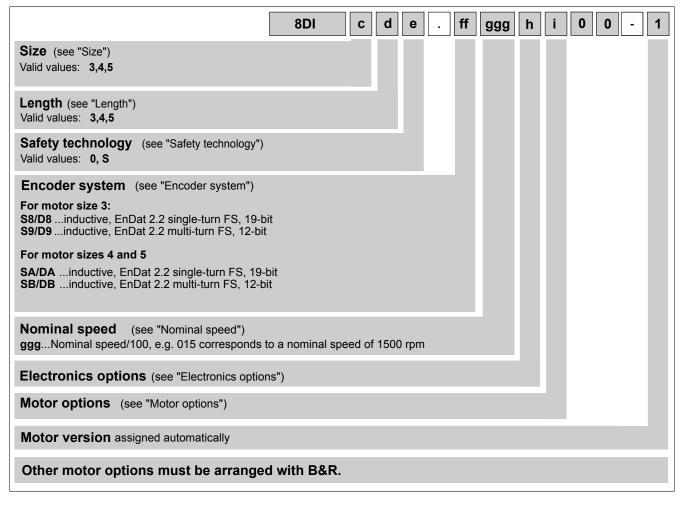


Figure 28: Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor

3.1.7 Order key



3.1.7.1 Size (c)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes (3, 4 and 5). They have different dimensions (especially flange dimensions) and power ratings. These different sizes are indicated by a number represented by (c) in the model number. The larger the number, the larger the flange dimensions and power rating for the ACOPOSmotor module.

3.1.7.2 Length (d)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes. They have different power ratings with identical flange dimensions. These different lengths are indicated by a number represented by (d) in the model number.

Length	Available sizes		
	3	4	5
3	Yes	No	No
4	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	No	Yes	Yes
6	No	Yes	Yes

3.1.7.3 Safety technology (e)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are delivered with wired safety technology or SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2. as a standard feature.

Name	Note	Code for order key
Wired safety technology		0
SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		S

The following table lists the safety functions integrated in ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules as well as the safety levels that can be achieved when they are used:

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation Necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / Cat. 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 80: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

3.1.7.4 Encoder system (ff)

EnDat 2.2 encoder

General information

Digital drive systems and position control loops require fast and highly secure transfer of data obtained from position measuring instruments. In addition, other data such as drive-specific characteristics, correction tables, etc. should also be available. To ensure a high level of system security, measuring instruments must be integrated in routines for detecting errors and be able to perform diagnostics.

The EnDat interface from HEIDENHAIN is a digital, bidirectional interface for measuring instruments. It is able to output position values from incremental and absolute measuring instruments and can also read and update information on the measuring instrument or store new data there. Because it relies on serial data transfer, only 4 signal lines are needed. Data is transferred synchronously to the clock signal defined by the subsequent electronics. The type of transfer used (e.g. for position values, parameters, diagnostics, etc.) is selected using mode commands sent to the measuring instrument by the subsequent electronics.

As a serial interface, EnDat 2.2 is also suitable for safety-related applications up to SIL 3.

Technical data

Name					
Order code (ff)	S8/D8	S9/D9	SA/DA	SB/DB	
Can be used with	Size 3	Size 3	Motor sizes 4 and 5	Motor sizes 4 and 5	
Encoder type	EnDat single-turn functional	EnDat multi-turn functional	EnDat single-turn functional	EnDat multi-turn functional	
	safety	safety	safety	safety	
Operating principle	Inductive				
EnDat protocol	EnDat 2.2				
Position values per revolution	524 288 (19-bit)				
Distinguishable revolutions		4096 (12-bit)		4096 (12-bit)	
Precision	±120"		±65"		
Vibration during operation 55 to 2000 Hz	Stator: ≤400 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (EN 60068-2-6) ¹) Stator: ≤200 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²)			n/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²)	
Shock during operation Duration 6 ms	≤2.000 m/s² (EN 60068-2-27)				
Manufacturer's website	Dr. Johannes Heidenhain GmbH www.heidenhain.de				
Manufacturer's product ID	ECI 1119	EQI 1131	ECI 1319	EQI 1331	

¹⁾ Valid according to the standard at room temperature;

¹⁾ Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

- In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to 100°C: ≤300 m/s², up to 115°C: ≤150 m/s².
 10 to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

3.1.7.5 Nominal speed (ggg)

The nominal speed is listed as part of the model number in the form of a 3-digit code (ggg). This code represents the nominal speed divided by 100.

Size	Available nominal speeds n _n [rpm]				
	2200 (code for order key: 022)		4500 (code for order key	045)	
3	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Length	4	5	6	3	4

3.1.7.6 Electronics options (h)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with optional external connections:

- · One additional POWERLINK connection
- Two 24 VDC outputs for supplying external components (e.g. X67 modules)
- · Two trigger inputs

The respective execution of the module is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (h) as part of the model number.

POWERLINK	24 VDC outputs (2x)	Trigger inputs (2x)	Code for order key
No	No	No	0
Yes	Yes	Yes	7

3.1.7.7 Motor options (i)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with the following features depending on size and length:

- · With or without a holding brake
- · With a smooth or keyed shaft end
- · With or without an oil seal

The respective combination of motor options is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (i) as part of the model number.

Code for order key (i)	Holding brake	Design of the shaft end	Oil seal
0		Smooth shaft end	No
1	No -	Smooth shall end	Yes
2		Keyed shaft end	No
3			Yes
4	Yes	Smooth shaft end	No
5			Yes
6		Keyed shaft end	No
7			Yes

Holding brake

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be delivered with a holding brake. It is installed directly behind the A-side flange on the module and is used to hold the motor shaft when the power is switched off on the ACOPOSmotor module.

The holding brake is a spring-loaded brake. Based on principle, this type of holding brake exhibits a minimal amount of backlash.

This brake is designed as a holding brake and is not permitted to be used for operational braking! Under these conditions, the brake has a service life of approximately 5,000,000 cycles (opening and closing the brake is one cycle). Loaded braking during an emergency stop is permitted but reduces its service life. The required brake holding torque is determined based on the actual load torque. If not enough information is known about the load torque, it is recommended to assume a safety factor of 2.

Name	ACOPOSmotor module		
	8DI3	8DI4	8DI5
Holding torque M _{Br} [Nm]	3.2	9	18
Connected load Pon [W]	12	18	24
Activation delay t _{on} [ms]	29	40	50
Release delay t _{off} [ms]	19	7	10
Moment of inertia J _{Br} [kgcm²]	0.38	0.54	1.66
Mass m _{Br} [kg]	0.3	0.46	0.9

Table 81: Technical data for the holding brake per ACOPOSmotor module

Design of the shaft end

8DI ACOPOSmotor module shafts comply with the DIN 748 standard and are available with a smooth or keyed shaft end.

Smooth shaft end

A smooth shaft end is used for a force-fit shaft-hub connection and guarantees a backlash-free connection between the shaft and hub as well as a high degree of operating smoothness. The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole.

Keyed shaft end

A keyed shaft end is used for a form-fit torque transfer with low demands on the shaft-hub connection and for handling torque in a constant direction.

The keyways for 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules conform to keyway form N1 in accordance with DIN 6885-1. Form A keyed shafts that conform to DIN 6885-1 are used. Balancing motors with keyways is done using the shaft and fitment key convention in accordance with DIN ISO 8821.

The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole that can be used to mount machine actuators with shaft end cover plates.

Oil seal

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with an optional Form A oil seal in accordance with DIN 3760.

When equipped with an oil seal, 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules have IP65 protection in accordance with EN 60034-5.

Proper lubrication of the oil seal must be ensured throughout the entire service life of the motor.

3.1.7.8 Version

ACOPOSmotor module versions are assigned automatically.

3.1.8 8ZDFB fan kits



8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be optionally equipped with a fan kit depending on size. The fan kit considerably improves the nominal values of 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules (see speed-torque characteristic curve for the respective 8DI ACOPOSmotor module).

The fan kit is mounted on the back of the 8DI ACOPOSmotor module, with 24 VDC supplied to the fan kit either externally or via connector X31 on the ACOPOSmotor module (8DIcde.ffggg**7**i00-1).

Size	Corresponding fan kit
3	In preparation
4	8ZDFB400000.000-0
5	8ZDFB500000.000-0

3.1.9 Load capacity of the shaft end and bearings

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are equipped with grooved ball bearings that are sealed on both sides and lubricated. Radial and axial forces (F_r, F_a) applied to the shaft end during operation and installation must be within the specifications listed below. Bearing elements must not be subjected to shocks or impacts! Incorrect handling will reduce the service life and result in damage to the bearings.

The axial forces F_a permitted during the installation of pinion gears, couplings, etc. depend on the size of the ACOPOSmotor module and can be found in the following table:

Size	Permissible axial force F _a [N]
	Standard bearing
3	1400
4	2300
5	2500

Radial force

The radial force F_r on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. belt tension on pulleys) and operation (e.g. load torque on the pinion). The maximum radial force F_r depends on the shaft end type, bearing type, average speed, the position where the radial force is applied and the desired service life of the bearings.

Axial force, shift in shaft position caused by axial force

The axial force F_a on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. stress caused by mounting) and operation (e.g. thrust caused by slanted tooth pinions). The maximum axial force F_a depends on the bearing type and the desired lifespan of the bearings. The fixed bearing is secured on the A flange with a retaining ring. The floating bearing is preloaded on the B flange with a spring in the direction of the A flange. Axial forces in the direction of the B flange can cause the spring bias to be overcome, which shifts the shaft by the amount of axial backlash in the bearing (approx. 0.1 - 0.2 mm). This shift can cause problems on ACOPOSmotor modules with holding brakes or ACOPOSmotor modules with EnDat encoders (D8, D9, DA and DB). As a result, no axial force is permitted in the direction of the B flange when using these ACOPOSmotor modules.

Axial loads are not permitted on shaft ends of ACOPOS motor modules with holding brakes. It is especially important to prevent axial forces in the direction of the B flange since these forces can cause the brake to fail!

Determining permissible values of F_r and F_a

Information for determining permissible values of F_r and F_a can be found in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmotor modules. Permissible values are based on a bearing lifespan of 20,000 h (bearing lifespan calculation based on DIN ISO 281).

Definitions for maximum shaft load diagrams

- F_r...... Radial force
- F_a...... Axial force
- x..... Distance between the motor flange and the point where radial force Fr is applied

3.2 Status indicators

3.2.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

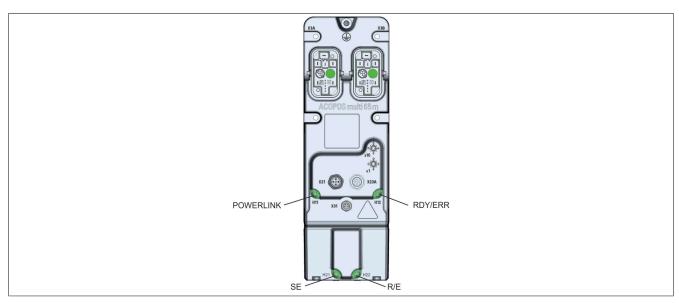


Figure 29: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION - Display

3.2.1.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on page 172
Power inverter	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY/ERR - LED status indicators" on page
	RUN	Orange	Run	172
	ERR	Red	Error	
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Status of SafeMOTION module	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 173

Table 82: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

3.2.1.2 RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
H12	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).
			Blinking green	The module is not ready for operation.
				Examples:
				No signal on one or both enable inputs
				DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range
				Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor)
				Motor feedback not connected or defective
				Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective
				Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.)
				Disturbance on network
	Red	Error	Solid red	There is a permanent error on the module.
				Examples:
				Permanent overcurrent
				Invalid data in EPROM

Table 83: RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

3.2.1.3 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
H11	Green/Red Ready/Error		LED off	The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed.
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
			Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
			Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.

Table 84: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

3.2.1.4 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

LED	Function	Color	·	Description	
H22	Ready/Error	Green	Red		
		Off	Off	Module not supplied with current, no communication	
		Single flash		Unlink mode	
		Double flash		Updating firmware	
		Blinking		PREOPERATIONAL mode	
		On		Mode RUN	
		On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid	
			Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware	
			On	Communication error	
		Off	On	Errors	
H21	Safe/Error	Red	Off	Mode RUN	
			Safet Safe	phase or defective processor ty preoperational state communication channel not OK phase Invalid firmware Non-acknowledgeable error state, FAIL SAFE state	
		The two "H21" indica	The two "H21" indicators are two separate LEDs that show the states of safety processor 1 and safety processor 2.		

Table 85: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

3.2.1.5 Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

The following intervals are used for the LED status indicators:

Width of box: 50 ms Repeats after: 3,000 ms



Table 86: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

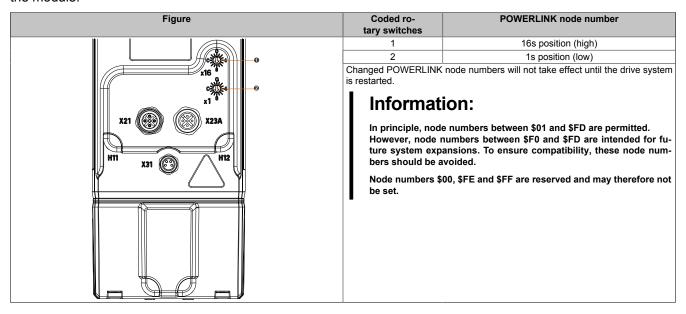
Status	LED	Display	
4. Network communication active	RDY		
	RUN		
	ERR		
5. ACOPOS operating system being transferred/burned 1)	RDY		
transferred/burned 1)	RUN		
	ERR		

Table 86: Status changes when starting up the operating system loader

Firmware V2.140 and later.

3.2.1.6 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK station number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located on top of the module:



3.3 Data sheets

3.3.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules

Danger!

An ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module can only be replaced in its entirety. Replacing individual components is not possible since they are permanently installed.

3.3.1.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with electronics options - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	ACOPOSmotor	
8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	ACOPOSmotor module configuration with electronics options 1x	
	PLK, 1x 24VOut, 2x trigger	
	Required accessories	
	Threaded caps	
X67AC0M08	X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs.	
X67AC0M12	X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs.	00
	Accessory sets	
8CXC000.0000-00	Accessory set: 1x slot cover for male hybrid connector	
	Optional accessories	
	Hybrid cable	
8CCH0001.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x	(6)
	2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0002.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x	
	2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0005.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH01X1.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² +	
	5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH01X2.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.20 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
	I/O supply cables	
X67CA0P00.0010	Power connection cable, 1 m	
X67CA0P00.0020	Power connection cable, 2 m	
X67CA0P00.0050	Power connection cable, 5 m	
X67CA0P10.0010	Power connection cable, angled, 1 m	
X67CA0P10.0020	Power connection cable, angled, 2 m	
X67CA0P10.0050	Power connection cable, angled, 5 m	
X67CA0P40.0002	Power open-ended cable, 0.20 m	
X67CA0P40.0020	Power open-ended cable, 2m	
X67CA0P40.0050	Power open-ended cable, 5m	
	Pre-assembled cables	
X67CA0E41.0010	POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 1 m	
X67CA0E41.0050	POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 5 m	
X67CA0E61.0020	POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 2 m	
X67CA0E61.0050	POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 5 m	
X67CA0E61.0100	POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 10 m	
707 OAULU 1.0 100	Sensor cable	
X67CA0A41.0020	M12 sensor cable, 2 m	
X67CA0A41.0020	M12 sensor cable, 5 m	
X67CA0A41.0100	M12 sensor cable, 5 m	
X67CA0A51.0020	M12 sensor cable, angled, 2 m	
X67CA0A51.0050	M12 sensor cable, angled, 5 m	
X67CA0A51.0100	M12 sensor cable, angled, 10 m	
000110000 44400 4	8BVE/8CVI connection cables	
8CCH0002.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0005.11120-1	Hybrid connection Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m,	
11120-1	2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0007.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m,	
555110001.111201	2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 1x 15-pin female	
	hybrid connector	
8CCH0010.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m,	
	2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female	
	hybrid connector	

Table 87: 8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1 - Order data

3.3.1.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION without electronics options - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	ACOPOSmotor	
8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1	ACOPOSmotor module configuration without electronics options	100/12/18
	Required accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8CXC000.0000-00	Accessory set: 1x slot cover for male hybrid connector	
	Optional accessories	00
	Hybrid cable	The state of the s
8CCH0001.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0002.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	4
8CCH0005.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	R R
8CCH01X1.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH01X2.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.20 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
	8BVE/8CVI connection cables	
8CCH0002.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0005.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0007.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	
8CCH0010.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector	

Table 88: 8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Order data

3.3.1.3 Technical data

3.3.1.3.1 General information

Product ID		
General information		
Module type	ACOPOSmotor module	
Current-carrying capacity of the 19-pin hybrid con-		
nector		
Power contacts	Max. 20 A at 40°C	
Certification		
CE	Yes	
cULus	In preparation	
FSC	In preparation	
Support		
Software		
ACP10	V3.14 or higher	
Thermal characteristics		
Methods of cooling in accordance with EN 60034-6 (IC code)		
Standard	Self-cooled; no separate surface cooling (IC4A0A0)	
With 8ZBDF fan kit installed	Externally-cooled; surface cooling with independent cooling module attached (IC4A0A6)	
Operating conditions		
Construction and mounting arrangement type in accordance with EN 60034-7 (IM code)	Horizontal (IM3001); Vertical, motor stands on the machine (IM3031)	
Reduction of the nominal current and stall current at installation elevations over 500 m above sea level	10% per 1000 m	
Reduction of the continuous power at installation elevations over 500 m above sea level	10% per 1000 m	
Installation at elevations above sea level		
Nominal	0 to 500 m	
Maximum	4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 60664-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with IEC 60364-4-443:1999	III	
EN 60529 protection	Without optional oil seal: IP64	
	With optional oil seal: IP65 With 8ZDFB fan kit installed: IP24	

Table 89: General information - Technical data

Product ID	
Environmental conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Max. flange temperature	65°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C
Mechanical characteristics	
Motor coating	Water-based paint, RAL 9005 flat
Inverter coating	Electrophoretic deposition (EPD), black
Vibration severity in accordance with EN 60034-14	Vibration severity grade A
Roller bearing, dynamic load ratings and nominal	Based on DIN ISO 281
service life	
Shaft end in accordance with DIN 748	Form E
Oil seal in accordance with DIN 3760	Form A
Key and keyway in accordance with DIN 6885-1	Keyway form N1; key form A
Balancing the shaft in accordance with DIN ISO 8821	Half-key arrangement
Mounting flange in accordance with DIN 42948	Form A
Smooth rotation of shaft end, coaxial properties and mounting flange plane in accordance with DIN 42955	Tolerance R

Table 89: General information - Technical data

3.3.1.3.2 Inverter module

Product ID	8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1		
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal	750 VDC			
Continuous power consumption 1)	(P _N	(0.97) + P _{IM}		
DC bus capacitance	Size 3	(8Dl3x): 10 μF		
	Size 4 (8DI4x): 15 μF			
		(8DI5x): 24 μF		
Design	19-pin hy	rbrid connector 2)		
Cable length				
Maximum		30 m		
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage		C +20% / -25%		
Input capacitance		120 μF		
Max. power consumption		t ₁ [0 96 W] + P _{24 VDC Out 2} [0 12 W]		
Design	19-pin hy	rbrid connector 2)		
Cable length				
Maximum		30 m		
24 VDC Out 1				
Output voltage	Depends on the 24 VDC supply	-		
Continuous current	Max. 4 A	-		
Fuse protection	Electronic	-		
Design				
24 VDC	M8 connector	-		
COM	M8 connector	-		
Cable length				
Maximum		30 m		
24 VDC Out 2				
Output voltage	Depends on the 24 VDC supply	-		
Continuous current	Max. 0.5 A	-		
Fuse protection	Electronic	-		
Design				
24 VDC	M12 connector	-		
COM	M12 connector	-		
Cable length				
Maximum	30 m			
Motor connection				
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz			
Possible switching frequencies 3)	5 / 10 / 20 kHz			
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ⁴⁾			

Table 90: 8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Product ID	8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1		
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity	1			
Continuous current	1	A		
Max. switching frequency	0.5	Hz		
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VD0	C -25%		
Fieldbus				
Туре	POWERLINK V1/V2 100E	BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3)		
Design	Internal 2-port hub, 2x 19-	pin male hybrid connector		
Cable length	Max. 100 m between two s	stations (segment length) 5)		
Transfer rate	100 M	Mbit/s		
Enable inputs				
Quantity	2	6)		
Trigger inputs				
Quantity	2	-		
Wiring	Sink	-		
Electrical isolation				
Input - Inverter module	No	-		
Input - Input	No	-		
Input voltage				
Nominal	24 VDC	-		
Maximum	30 VDC	-		
Switching threshold				
Low	<5 V	-		
High	>15 V	-		
Input current at nominal voltage	5 mA	-		
Switching delay				
Rising edge	In preparation	-		
Falling edge	In preparation	-		
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	-		
Design	M12 connector	-		
Cable length				
Maximum	30 m			
Support				
Software		·		
ACP10	V3.14 ar	nd higher		

Table 90: 8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data

- 1) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 2) It is important to note that the 19-pin hybrid connector is designed for max. 5 connection cycles.
- 3) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 4) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 5) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
- 6) The enable inputs are continuous. They have no function on SafeMOTION modules, however.

3.3.1.3.3 Encoder

Name					
Order code (ff)	S8/D8	S9/D9	SA/DA	SB/DB	
Can be used with	Size 3	Size 3	Motor sizes 4 and 5	Motor sizes 4 and 5	
Encoder type	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety	
Operating principle	Inductive				
EnDat protocol	EnDat 2.2	EnDat 2.2			
Position values per revolution	524 288 (19-bit)	524 288 (19-bit)			
Distinguishable revolutions		4096 (12-bit)		4096 (12-bit)	
Precision	±120"		±65"		
Vibration during operation 55 to 2000 Hz	Stator: ≤400 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (EN 60068-2-6) ¹) Stator: ≤200 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²)			n/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²⁾	
Shock during operation Duration 6 ms	≤2.000 m/s² (EN 60068-2-27)				
Manufacturer's website	Dr. Johannes Heidenhain Gmbl	H www.heidenhain.de			
Manufacturer's product ID	ECI 1119	EQI 1131	ECI 1319	EQI 1331	

- Valid according to the standard at room temperature;
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak 10 to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak

 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak
- In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to 100°C: ≤300 m/s², up to 115°C: ≤150 m/s².
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

3.3.1.4 Size 3

3.3.1.4.1 Technical data

Order number	8DI33S.ff045hi00-1	8DI34S.ff045hi00-1
Motor		,
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]	4500	
Number of pole pairs	4	
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	1.17	1.52
Nominal power P _N [W]	551	716
Nominal current I _N [A]	1.08	1.39
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	2.4	2.86
Stall current I ₀ [A]	2.22	2.62
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	6.12	9.81
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	5.67	9
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]	6600	
Torque constant K _⊤ [Nm/A]	1.08	1.09
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]	65.97	
Stator resistance R _{2ph} [Ω]	4.81	3.9
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	19.81	16.5
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	34	38
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	0.95	1.2
Mass without brake m [kg]	4.7	5.6

Table 91: 8DI33S.ff045hi00-1, 8DI34S.ff045hi00-1 - Technical data

3.3.1.4.2 8DI33e.ffggghi00-I - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage

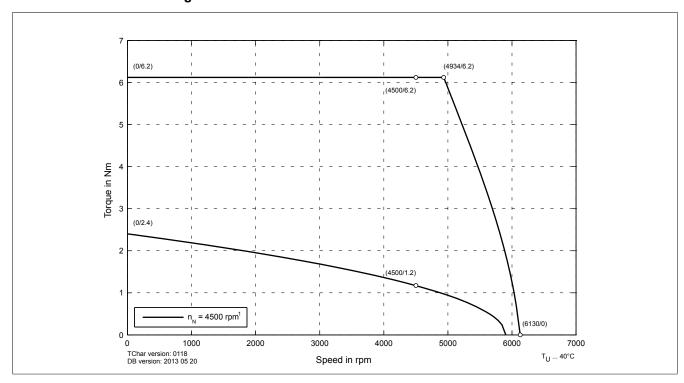


Figure 30: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 750 VDC DC bus voltage

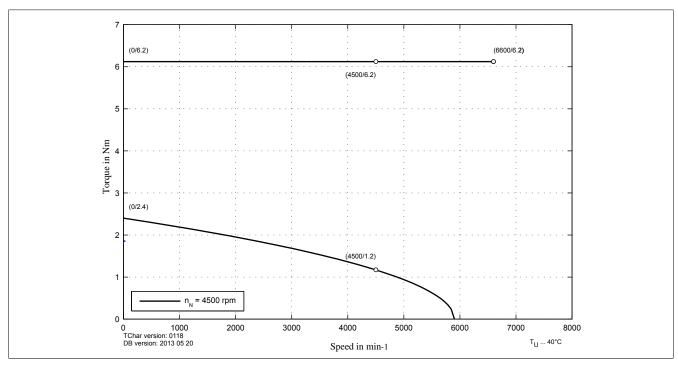


Figure 31: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.4.3 8DI34e.ffggghi00-I - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage

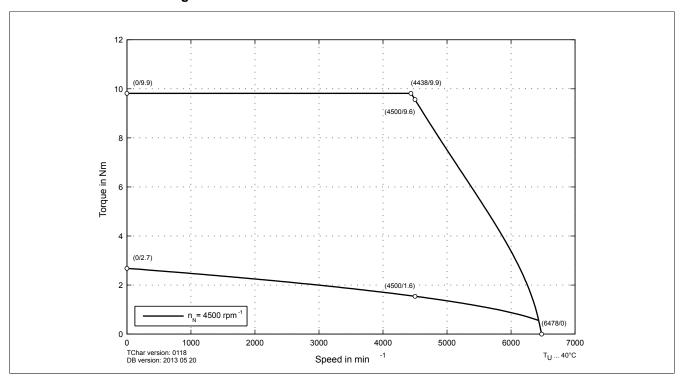


Figure 32: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 750 VDC DC bus voltage

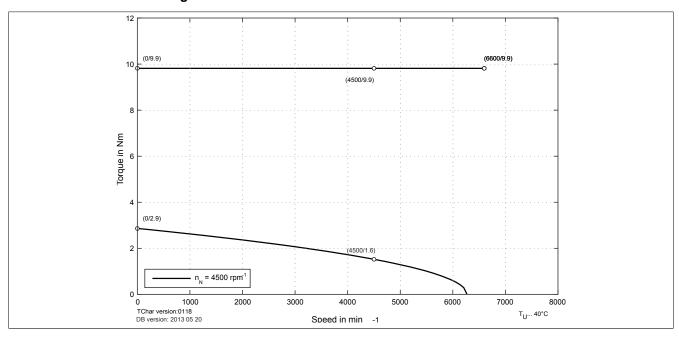
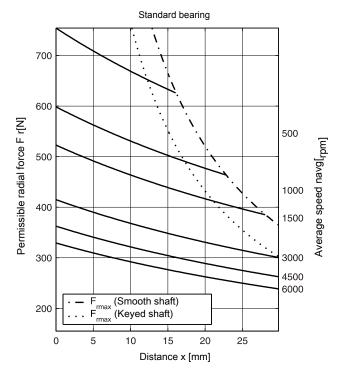


Figure 33: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.4.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.



Maximum axial force: Famax = 66 N

3.3.1.5 Size 4

3.3.1.5.1 Technical data

Order number	8DI44S.ff022hi00-1	8DI45S.ff022hi00-1	8DI46S.ff022hi00-1	
lotor				
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]		2200		
Number of pole pairs		5		
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	5	5.1	5.2	
Nominal power P _N [W]	1037	1175	1198	
Nominal current I _N [A]	2.26	2.4	2.35	
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	5.7	6.7	7.7	
Stall current I ₀ [A]	2.57	3.02	3.49	
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	20.5	27.4	31.1	
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	14.46	19.29	21	
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]		12000		
Torque constant K _⊤ [Nm/A]		2.22		
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]		134.04		
Stator resistance R _{2ph} [Ω]	6.24	4.32	3.61	
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	44.8	41	32	
Electrical time constant tel [ms]	In preparation	9.49	8.86	
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	30	35	40	
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	2.73	3.58	4.39	
Mass without brake m [kg]	5.26	6.7	8.1	

Table 92: 8DI44S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI45S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI46S.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

3.3.1.5.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1

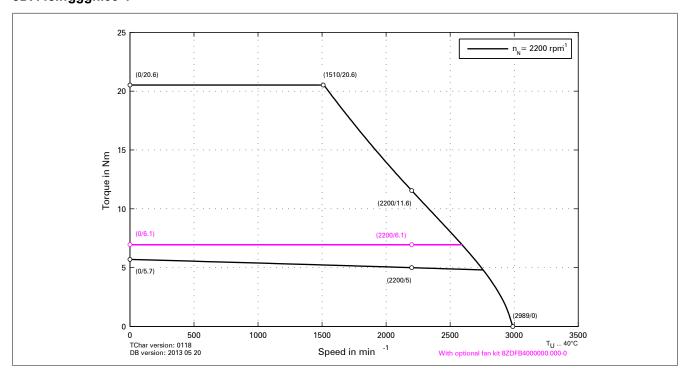


Figure 34: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI45e.ffggghi00-1

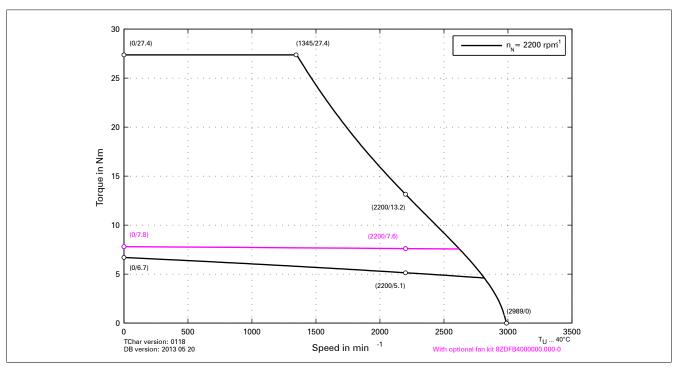


Figure 35: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI46e.ffggghi00-1

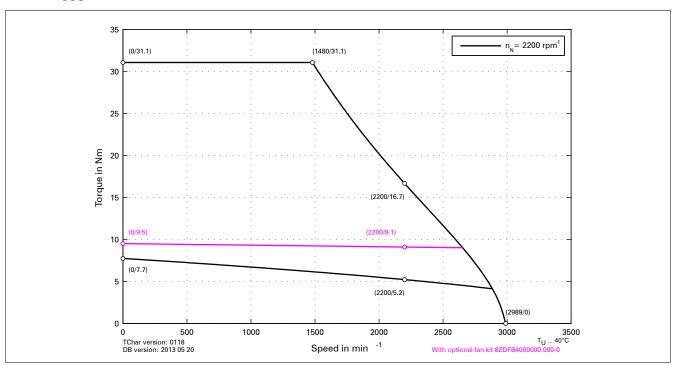


Figure 36: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.5.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1

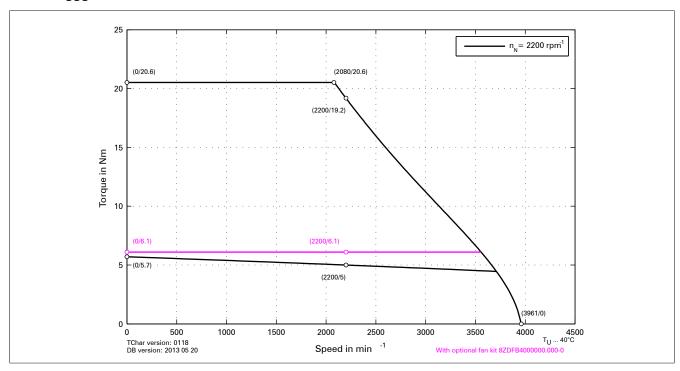


Figure 37: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI45e.ffggghi00-1

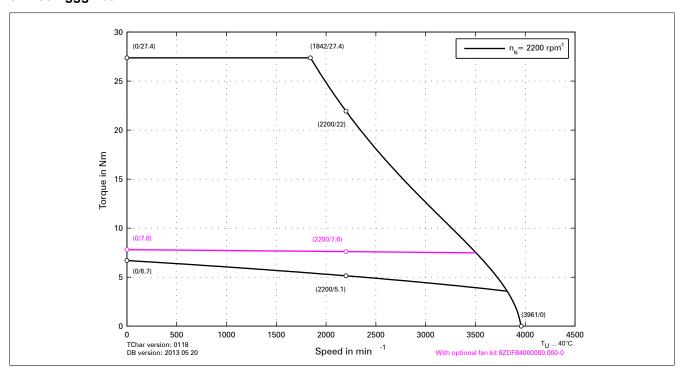


Figure 38: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI46e.ffggghi00-1

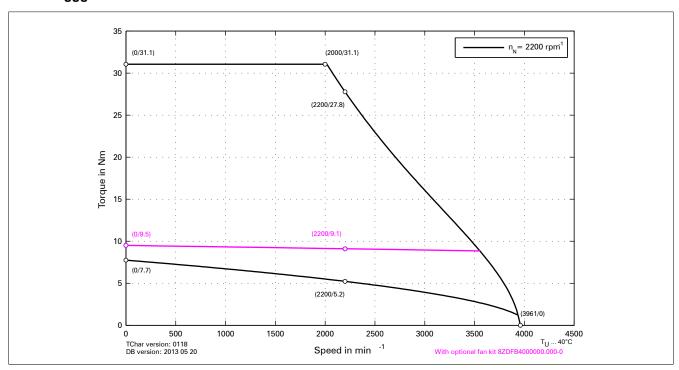


Figure 39: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.5.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.

Standard bearing

186

3.3.1.6 Size 5

3.3.1.6.1 Technical data

Order number	8DI54S.ff022hi00-1	8DI55S.ff022hi00-1	8DI56S.ff022hi00-1
Motor			
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]		2200	
Number of pole pairs		4	
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	7.1	8.4	10
Nominal power P _N [W]	1636	1935	2304
Nominal current I _N [A]	3.2	3.79	4.51
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	8	10	12
Stall current I ₀ [A]	3.61	4.51	5.42
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	21.6	36.5	46.6
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	14.9	14.9	
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]	9000		
Torque constant K _T [Nm/A]		2.22	
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]		134.04	
Stator resistance $R_{2ph} [\Omega]$	3.44	2.265	1.51
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	34.5	24.29	17.6
Electrical time constant tel [ms]	10	10.724	In preparation
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	37	40	48
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	6.04	8.19	10
Mass without brake m [kg]	11.46	13.29	16.4

Table 93: 8DI54S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI55S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI56S.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

3.3.1.6.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1

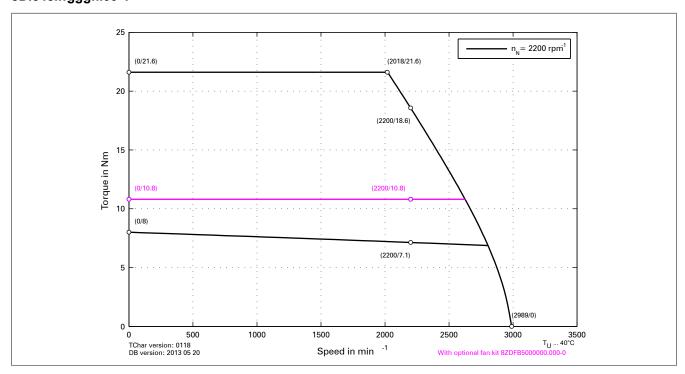


Figure 40: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI55e.ffggghi00-1

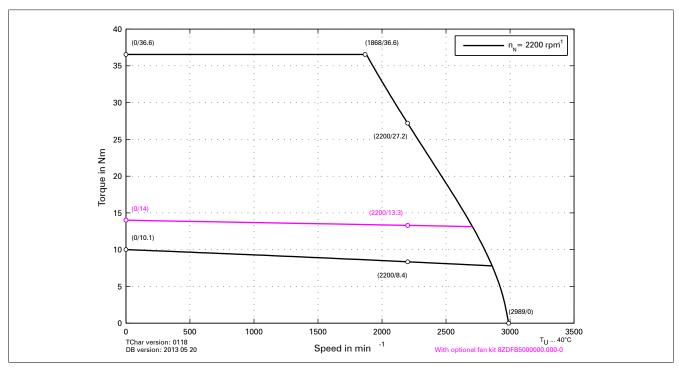


Figure 41: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI56e.ffggghi00-1

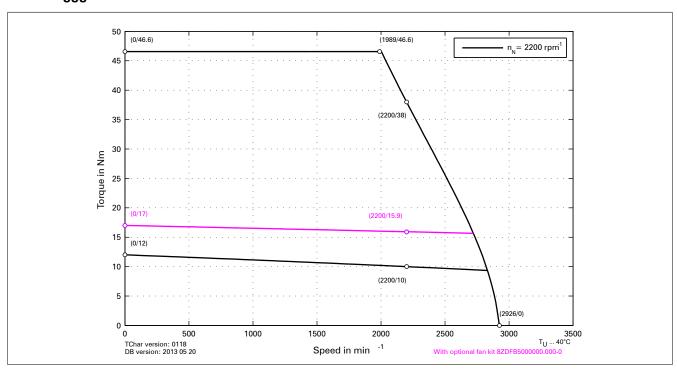


Figure 42: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.6.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1

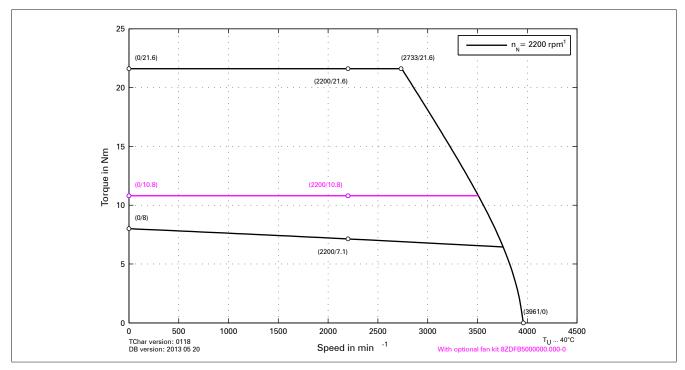


Figure 43: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI55e.ffggghi00-1

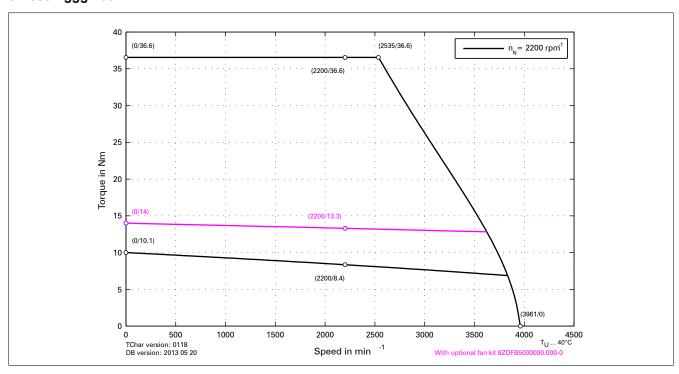


Figure 44: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI56e.ffggghi00-1

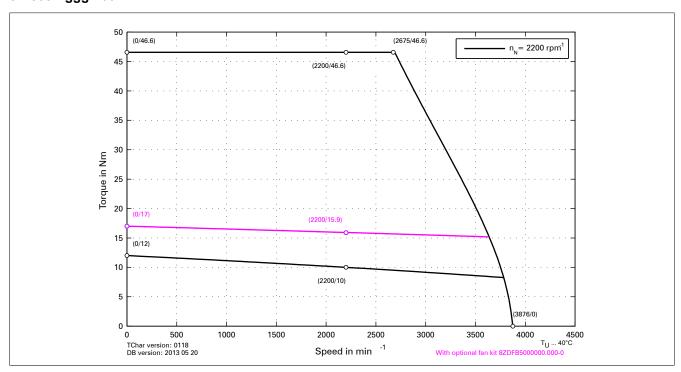


Figure 45: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.3.1.6.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.

Standard bearing

190

3.3.1.7 Pinouts

Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

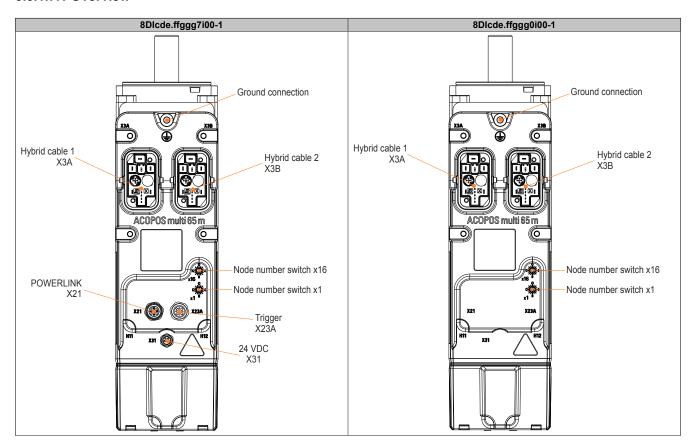
Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage. Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

Information:

Within the scope of UL/CSA, the components of B&R drive systems are only permitted to be wired with copper cables with a permissible wire temperature of at least 75°C!

3.3.1.7.1 Overview



3.3.1.7.1.1 X21 (POWERLINK)

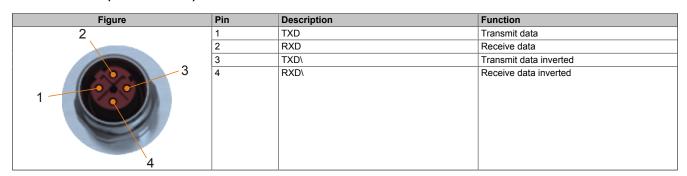


Table 94: Connector X21 - Pinout

3.3.1.7.1.2 X23A (trigger)

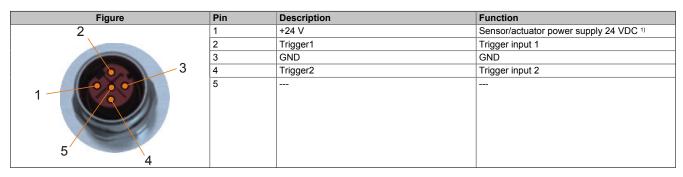


Table 95: Connector X23A - Pinout

1) Sensor/Actuator power supply is not permitted to be external.

3.3.1.7.1.3 X31 (24 VDC routing)

Figure	Pin	Description	Function
3.	1	24 VDC I/O	24 VDC I/O power supply
	2	24 VDC I/O	24 VDC I/O power supply
2	3	GND	24 VDC I/O power supply 0 V
4	4	GND	24 VDC I/O power supply 0 V

Table 96: Connector X31 - Pinout

3.3.1.7.1.4 Ground connection (PE)

The protective ground conductor is connected to the M5 threaded bolt provided using a cable lug.

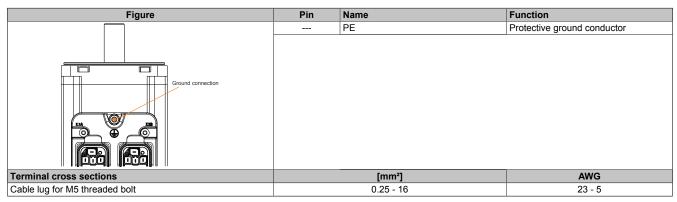
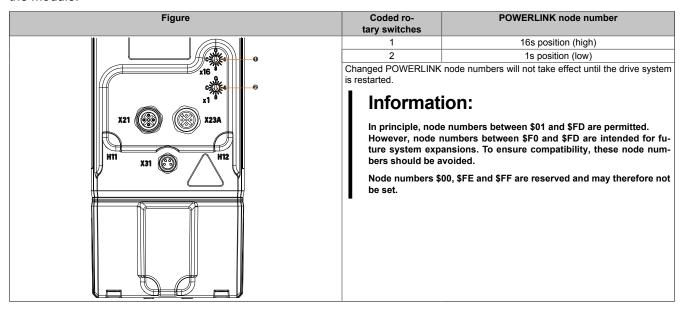


Table 97: Ground connection (PE)

3.3.1.8 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK station number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located on top of the module:



3.3.2 Accessories

3.3.2.1 Cables

3.3.2.1.1 Cable for 24 VDC routing

3.3.2.1.1.1 X67CA0P00.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	I/O supply cable	
X67CA0P00.0020	Power connection cable, 4-pin, straight, 2 m	
X67CA0P00.0050	Power connection cable, 4-pin, straight, 5 m	

Table 98: X67CA0P00.0020, X67CA0P00.0050 - Order data

3.3.2.1.1.2 X67CA0P00.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0P00.0020	X67CA0P00.0050	
Short description			
Accessories	Power connection cable, 4-pin, straight, 2 m	Power connection cable, 4-pin, straight, 5 m	
General information			
Note	PVC- and silicone-free		
	LABS- (PWIS-) a	and halogen-free	
Durability		and oil resistance	
	Flame-re		
	Good UV and o	zone resistance	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4x 22		
mm²	4x 0.3	4 mm²	
Cable construction			
Cable shield	Not sh	ielded	
Outer jacket			
Material	Polyuretha	ane (PUR)	
Color	Bla	ack	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P00.0020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P00.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Wires			
Wire insulation	Polypropyle	ene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors	Brown, black	k, blue, white	
Туре	Uncoated or		
	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1	mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 6	
Stranding	4-wire twisted pair		
Electrical properties			
Nominal current	Max. 4 A per EN / Contact at 40°C Max. 3 A per UL / Contact		
Operating voltage	Max. 60 V		
Degree of insulation	Category II in accorda		
Conductor resistance	≤57 9	Ω/km	
Insulation resistance	≥100) ΜΩ	
Operating conditions			
Degree of protection per EN 60529			
Connector/Coupling	IP67, only when screwed in		
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-40 to	90°C	
Fixed installation	-30 to 90°C		
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to 60°C		
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter	4.7 mm ±0.2 mm		
Bend radius	≥10x outer diameter		
Drag chain data			
Acceleration	Max.	Max. 5 m/s²	
Flex cycles	5 million		
Velocity	Max. 3.3 m/s		

Table 99: X67CA0P00.0020, X67CA0P00.0050 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation.

3.3.2.1.1.3 X67CA0P10.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	I/O supply cable	
X67CA0P10.0020	Power connection cable, 4-pin, angled, 2 m	
X67CA0P10.0050	Power connection cable, 4-pin, angled, 5 m	

Table 100: X67CA0P10.0020, X67CA0P10.0050 - Order data

3.3.2.1.1.4 X67CA0P10.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0P10.0020	X67CA0P10.0050	
Short description			
Accessories	Power connection cable, 4-pin, angled, 2 m	Power connection cable, 4-pin, angled, 5 m	
General information			
Note	PVC- and	PVC- and silicone-free	
	LABS- (PWIS-)	and halogen-free	
Durability		and oil resistance	
		retardant	
0.11	Good UV and o	ozone resistance	
Cable cross section			
AWG		2 AWG	
mm²	4x 0.3	34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Cable shield	Not si	hielded	
Outer jacket		(2.12)	
Material		ane (PUR)	
Color		ack	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P10.0020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P10.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Wires			
Wire insulation		ene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors	·	k, blue, white	
Туре		Uncoated copper ETP1	
Ctronding	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 6 4-wire twisted pair		
Stranding Electrical properties	4-wile tw	4-wile twisted pail	
Nominal current	May 4 A par EN	/ Contact at 40°C	
Norminal current	Max. 4 A per EN	Max. 4 A per EN / Contact at 40°C Max. 3 A per UL / Contact	
Operating voltage		Max. 60 V	
Degree of insulation		Category II in accordance with IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance	Sategory if in accordance with in EC 61076-2 ≤57 Ω/km		
Insulation resistance	≥100 MΩ		
Operating conditions		J.1112	
Degree of protection per EN 60529			
Connector/Coupling	IP67 only wh	nen screwed in	
Ambient conditions	ii or, omy w		
Temperature			
Transport	-40 tr	90°C	
Fixed installation		-40 to 90°C -30 to 90°C	
Flexible installation 1)		-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical properties	25 (
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter		±0.2 mm	
Bend radius		er diameter	
Drag chain data	E TOX Oute		
Acceleration	May	5 m/s ²	
Flex cycles			
Velocity	5 million Max. 3.3 m/s		

Table 101: X67CA0P10.0020, X67CA0P10.0050 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation.

3.3.2.1.1.5 X67CA0P40.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	I/O supply cable	
X67CA0P40.0020	Power open-ended cable, 4-pin, straight, 2 m	100
X67CA0P40.0050	Power open-ended cable, 4-pin, straight, 5 m	

Table 102: X67CA0P40.0020, X67CA0P40.0050 - Order data

3.3.2.1.1.6 X67CA0P40.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0P40.0020	X67CA0P40.0050	
Short description			
Accessories	Power open-ended cable, 4-pin, straight, 2 m	Power open-ended cable, 4-pin, straight, 5 m	
General information		- construction country the party country count	
Note	PVC- and s	silicone-free	
		LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free	
Durability	Good chemical a	and oil resistance	
-		etardant	
	Good UV and o	zone resistance	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4x 22	AWG	
mm²	4x 0.3	4 mm²	
Cable construction			
Cable shield	Not sh	nielded	
Outer jacket			
Material	Polyuretha	ane (PUR)	
Color	Bla	ack	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P40.0020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P40.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Wires			
Wire insulation	Polypropyle	ene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors	Brown, black	k, blue, white	
Туре	Uncoated c	opper ETP1	
	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 6	
Stranding	4-wire twisted pair		
Electrical properties			
Nominal current		/ Contact at 40°C	
	•	UL / Contact	
Operating voltage		60 V	
Degree of insulation	Category II in accorda	Category II in accordance with IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance	≤57	Ω/km	
Insulation resistance	≥100	Ο ΜΩ	
Operating conditions			
Degree of protection per EN 60529			
Connector/Coupling	IP67, only wh	IP67, only when screwed in	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-40 to	90°C	
Fixed installation	-30 to	90°C	
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to	-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter	4.7 mm	4.7 mm ±0.2 mm	
Bend radius	≥10x oute	≥10x outer diameter	
Drag chain data			
Acceleration	Max.	5 m/s ²	
Flex cycles		5 million	
Velocity	Max. 3	3.3 m/s	

Table 103: X67CA0P40.0020, X67CA0P40.0050 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation.

3.3.2.1.2 POWERLINK cables

3.3.2.1.2.1 X67CA0E41.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	POWERLINK/Ethernet-Cable	
X67CA0E41.0010	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to M12, 1 m	
X67CA0E41.0050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to M12, 5 m	

Table 104: X67CA0E41.0010, X67CA0E41.0050 - Order data

3.3.2.1.2.2 X67CA0E41.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0E41.0010	X67CA0E41.0050	
Short description			
Accessories	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection ca- ble, RJ45 to M12, 4-pin, straight, 1 m	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection ca- ble, RJ45 to M12, 4-pin, straight, 5 m	
General information			
Note	Halo	gen-free	
Durability	Flame-retardant	per IEC 60332-1-2	
Туре	Connec	tion cables	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4x 2	2 AWG	
mm²	4x 0.	34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Cable shield	Overlapping aluminum-clad foil, ti	nned copper braiding, 85% coverage	
Outer jacket			
Material	Polyuretha	ne (PUR) GN	
Color	•	reen	
Wires			
Wire insulation	Polyeth	ylene (PE)	
Wire colors	-	w, blue, orange	
Туре	-	er stranded wire	
31	Fine stranded wire (7	x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG)	
Stranding	4-wire t	wisted pair	
Electrical properties			
Conductor resistance	≤120 Ω/	≤120 Ω/km at 20°C	
Transfer properties	Category 5 / Class D up to 100 MHz per ISO/IEC	Category 5 / Class D up to 100 MHz per ISO/IEC 11801 (EN 50173-1), ISO/IEC 24702 (EN 50173-3)	
Transfer rate	10/10	00 Mbit/s	
Insulation resistance	≥500 MΩ	/km at 20°C	
Operating conditions			
Degree of protection per EN 60529			
Cables	IP67		
Male M12 connector	IP67, only w	hen screwed in	
RJ45 connector	IP20, only when	properly connected	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-40	-40 to 70°C	
Fixed installation	-25	-25 to 60°C	
Flexible installation	-20	-20 to 60°C	
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Length	1 m	5 m	
Diameter	6.5 mm	±0.2 mm	
Bend radius			
After installation	≥7x oute	er diameter	
During installation	≥3x oute	≥3x outer diameter	
Weight	0.06	0.064 kg/m	

Table 105: X67CA0E41.0010, X67CA0E41.0050 - Technical data

3.3.2.1.2.3 X67CA0E61.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	POWERLINK/Ethernet-Cable	- image to the state of the sta
X67CA0E61.0020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12 to M12, 2 m	
X67CA0E61.0050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12 to M12, 5 m	

Table 106: X67CA0E61.0020, X67CA0E61.0050 - Order data

3.3.2.1.2.4 X67CA0E61.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0E61.0020	X67CA0E61.0050		
Short description	'			
Accessories	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12, 4-pin, straight, 2 m	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12, 4-pin, straight, 5 m		
General information				
Note	Halo	gen-free		
Durability	Flame-retardant	per IEC 60332-1-2		
Туре	Connec	tion cables		
Cable cross section				
AWG	4x 2	2 AWG		
mm²	4x 0.	34 mm²		
Cable construction				
Cable shield	Overlapping aluminum-clad foil, ti	nned copper braiding, 85% coverage		
Outer jacket				
Material	Polyuretl	hane (PUR)		
Color	G	reen		
Wires				
Wire insulation	Polyeth	ylene (PE)		
Wire colors		w, blue, orange		
Туре		er stranded wire x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG)		
Stranding	`	wisted pair		
Electrical properties				
Conductor resistance	≤120 Ω/	≤120 Ω/km at 20°C		
Transfer properties		: 11801 (EN 50173-1), ISO/IEC 24702 (EN 50173-3)		
Transfer rate		00 Mbit/s		
Insulation resistance	≥500 MΩ	/km at 20°C		
Operating conditions				
Degree of protection per EN 60529				
Cables	I	P67		
Male M12 connector	IP67, only w	hen screwed in		
RJ45 connector	IP20, only when	properly connected		
Ambient conditions				
Temperature				
Transport	-40 1	to 70°C		
Fixed installation	-25 1	to 60°C		
Flexible installation	-201	to 60°C		
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions				
Length	2 m	5 m		
Diameter	6.5 mm	±0.2 mm		
Bend radius				
After installation	≥7x oute	er diameter		
During installation	≥3x oute	≥3x outer diameter		
Weight	0.06	62 kg/m		

Table 107: X67CA0E61.0020, X67CA0E61.0050 - Technical data

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3.3.2.1.3 Sensor cables

3.3.2.1.3.1 X67CA0A41.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	Sensor cable	
X67CA0A41.0020	M12 sensor cable, 2 m	
X67CA0A41.0050	M12 sensor cable, 5 m	
X67CA0A41.0100	M12 sensor cable, 10 m	

Table 108: X67CA0A41.0020, X67CA0A41.0050, X67CA0A41.0100 - Order data

3.3.2.1.3.2 X67CA0A41.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0A41.0020	X67CA0A41.0050	X67CA0A41.0100
Short description			
Accessories	M12 sensor cable, 5-pin, straight, 2 m	M12 sensor cable, 5-pin, straight, 5 m	M12 sensor cable, 5- pin, straight, 10 m
General information			
Note		PVC- and silicone-free PWIS- and halogen-free	
Durability		Good chemical and oil resistance Flame-retardant Good UV and ozone resistance	
Cable cross section			
AWG		5x 22 AWG	
mm²		5x 0.34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Cable shield	Tinned co	opper braiding, coverage 84%, 0.25 mm	n² with filler
Outer jacket			
Material		Polyurethane (PUR) UL	
Color		Gray	
Wires			
Wire insulation		Polypropylene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors		Brown, black, blue, white, gray	
Туре		Uncoated copper ETP1	
7.	Fine stra	anded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5
Stranding		5 wires stranded using filler	
Electrical properties			
Nominal current		Max. 4 A / Contact at 40°C	
Operating voltage		Max. 60 V	
Degree of insulation		Category II per IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance	≤57 Ω/km		
Insulation resistance	≥100 MΩ		
Operating conditions			
Degree of protection per EN 60529			
Connector/Coupling		IP67, only when screwed in	
Ambient conditions	<u> </u>		
Temperature			
Transport		-40 to 90°C	
Fixed installation		-30 to 90°C	
Flexible installation 1)		-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	10 m
Diameter		5.6 mm ±0.2 mm	
Bend radius		≥12x outer diameter	
Drag chain data			
Acceleration		Max. 5 m/s ²	
Flex cycles	2 million		
Velocity		Max. 1.6 m/s	

Table 109: X67CA0A41.0020, X67CA0A41.0050, X67CA0A41.0100 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation

3.3.2.1.3.3 X67CA0A51.xxxx - Order data

Order number	Short description	Figure
	Sensor cable	
X67CA0A51.0020	M12 sensor cable, angled, 2 m	
X67CA0A51.0050	M12 sensor cable, angled, 5 m	
X67CA0A51.0100	M12 sensor cable, angled, 10 m	

Table 110: X67CA0A51.0020, X67CA0A51.0050, X67CA0A51.0100 - Order data

3.3.2.1.3.4 X67CA0A51.xxxx - Technical data

Order number	X67CA0A51.0020	X67CA0A51.0050	X67CA0A51.0100	
Short description				
Accessories	M12 sensor cable,	M12 sensor cable,	M12 sensor cable,	
	5-pin, angled, 2 m	5-pin, angled, 5 m	5-pin, angled, 10 m	
General information				
Note		PVC- and silicone-free		
		LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free		
Durability		Good chemical and oil resistance		
		Flame-retardant		
		Good UV and ozone resistance		
Cable cross section				
AWG		5x 22 AWG		
mm²		5x 0.34 mm²		
Cable construction				
Cable shield	Tinned cop	per braiding, coverage 84%, 0.25 mn	n² with filler	
Outer jacket				
Material		Polyurethane (PUR) UL		
Color		Gray		
Labeling	B&R X67CA0A51.0020	B&R X67CA0A51.0050	B&R X67CA0A51.0100	
	Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Wires				
Wire insulation		Polypropylene (PP) 9Y		
Wire colors		Brown, black, blue, white, gray		
Туре	Uncoated copper ETP1)	
Other disc	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5			
Stranding		5 wires stranded using filler		
Electrical properties				
Nominal current		Max. 4 A / contact at 40°C		
Operating voltage		Max. 60 V		
Degree of insulation	Cat	egory II in accordance with IEC 6107	6-2	
Conductor resistance		≤57 Ω/km		
Insulation resistance		≥100 MΩ		
Operating conditions				
Degree of protection per EN 60529				
Connector/Coupling		IP67, only when screwed in		
Ambient conditions				
Temperature				
Transport		-40 to 90°C		
Fixed installation		-30 to 90°C		
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to 60°C			
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions				
Length	2 m	5 m	10 m	
Diameter		5.6 mm ±0.2 mm		
Bend radius		≥12x outer diameter		
Drag chain data				
Acceleration		Max. 5 m/s ²		
Flex cycles	2 million			
Velocity	Max. 1.6 m/s			

Table 111: X67CA0A51.0020, X67CA0A51.0050, X67CA0A51.0100 - Technical data

3.3.2.2 Fan kits

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be optionally equipped with a fan kit depending on size. The fan kit considerably improves the nominal values of 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules (see speed-torque characteristic curve for the respective 8DI ACOPOSmotor module).

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¹⁾ In cable drag chain operation.

Information:

ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules automatically take into account the improvement of rated values with fan kit 8ZDFB via the evaluation of the module-internal temperature sensor. The motor parameters therefore do not need to be adjusted in Automation Studio.

A separate data set is available in SERVOsoft for ACOPOSmotor 8DI modules with and without fan kit 8ZDFB.

3.3.2.2.1 8ZDFB4000000.000-0

3.3.2.2.1.1 Order data

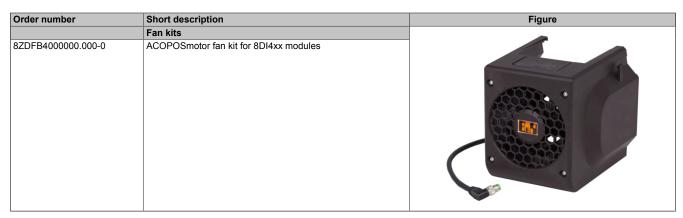


Table 112: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Order data

3.3.2.2.1.2 Technical data

Order number	8ZDFB4000000.000-0
General information	
Short description	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules
24 VDC power supply	
Input voltage	24 VDC +10% / -50%
Max. power consumption	5.5 W
Variant	M8 4-pin male connector, 90° angled
Operating conditions	
Installation elevation above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP24
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Storage	-20 to 55°C
Transport	-20 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Storage	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Transport	In preparation
Mechanical properties	
Volumetric flow rate	2.486 m³/min
Operating noise	47 dB(A)
Service life	
At 40°C	80,000 h
Dimensions	
Width	125 mm
Height	131 mm
Depth	143.5 mm
Weight	0.43 kg

Table 113: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Technical data

3.3.2.2.1.3 Dimension diagram

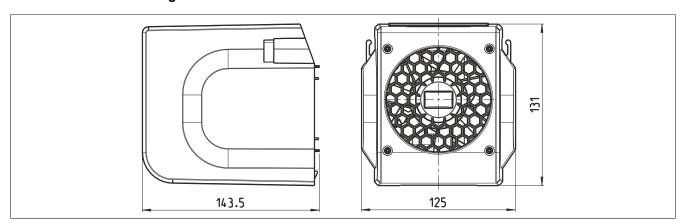


Figure 46: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Dimensions

3.3.2.2.2 8ZDFB5000000.000-0

3.3.2.2.2.1 Order data

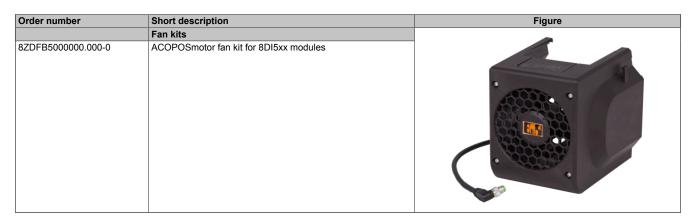


Table 114: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Order data

3.3.2.2.2.2 Technical data

Order number	8ZDFB5000000.000-0
General information	
Short description	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules
24 VDC power supply	
Input voltage	24 VDC +10% / -50%
Max. power consumption	7.4 W
Variant	M8 4-pin male connector, 90° angled
Operating conditions	
Installation elevation above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP24
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Storage	-20 to 55°C
Transport	-20 to 75°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Storage	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Transport	In preparation
Mechanical properties	
Volumetric flow rate	3.256 m³/min
Operating noise	47 dB(A)
Service life	
At 40°C	75,000 h
Dimensions	
Width	167 mm
Height	173.1 mm
Depth	143 mm
Weight	0.57 kg

Table 115: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Technical data

3.3.2.2.3 Dimension diagram

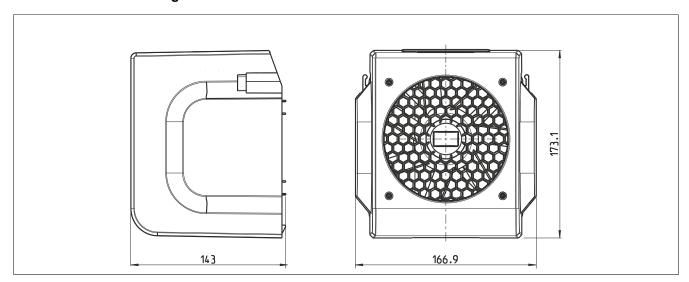


Figure 47: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Dimensions

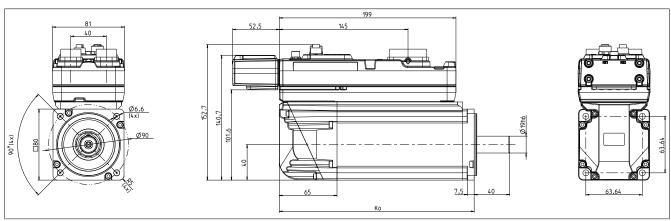
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3.3.3 Installation

3.3.3.1 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

3.3.3.1.1 Size 3

8DI3dS.ffggghi00-1



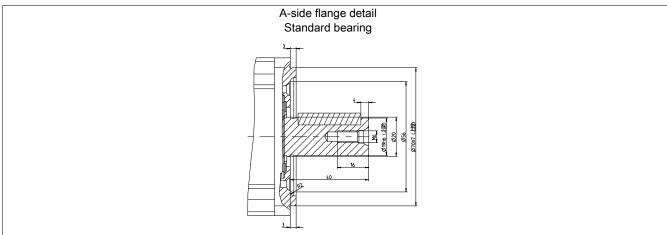
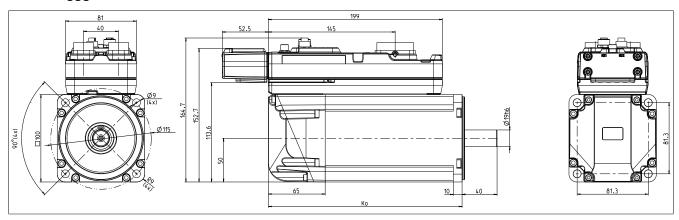


Figure 48: Flange details

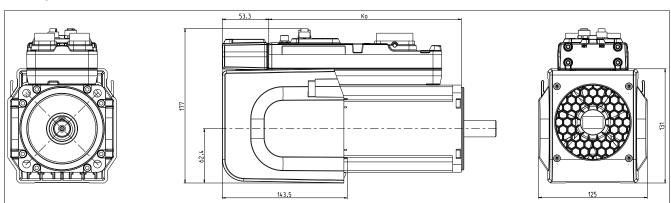
		Extension of K₀ depending on motor option [mm]	
ACOPOSmotor module	Length K₀ [mm]	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI33x.xxxxxxxxxxx	203.5	27	5
8DI34x.xxxxxxxxxxx	214.5	31	5

3.3.3.1.2 Size 4

8DI4dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0



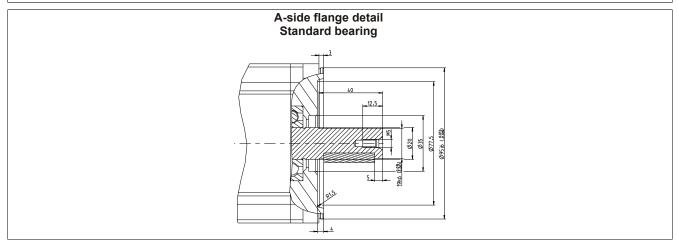


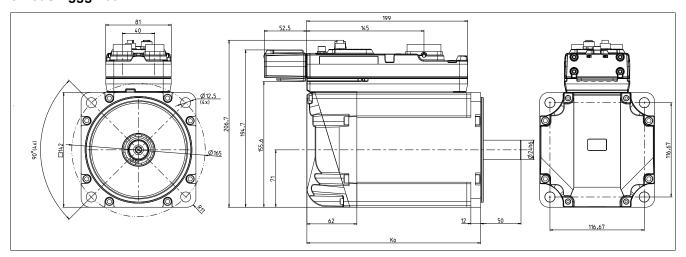
Figure 49: Flange details

	·	Extension of K₀ depending	n motor option [mm]
Model number	K₀	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI44x.Dxggghi00-1	222.5	32	
8DI45x.Dxggghi00-1	246.5	32	
8DI46x.Dxggghi00-1	266.5	32	

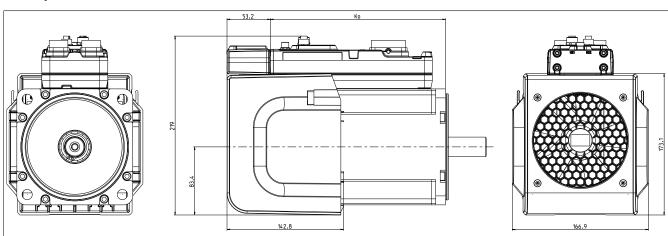
206

3.3.3.1.3 Size 5

8DI5dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0



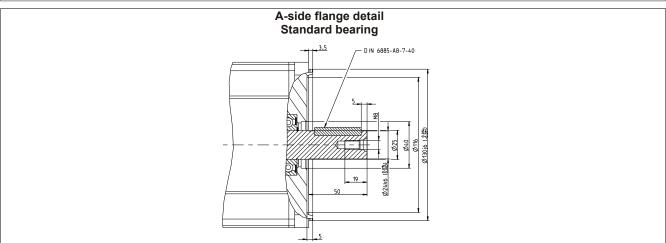


Figure 50: Flange details

		Extension of K₀ depending on motor option [mm]	
Model number	K ₀	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI54x.Dxggghi00-1	215	35	
8DI55x.Dxggghi00-1	240	30	
8DI56x.Dxggghi00-1	265	30	

3.3.4 Dimensioning

See chapter "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION / Dimensioning" in user's manual "Decentralized motion control".

4 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

4.1 Technical data

4.1.1 SafeMOTION - Order key

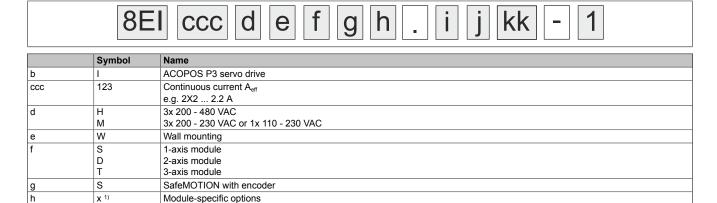


Table 116: ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive - Order key

Standard

Customized options

No customized options

Plug-in module included in delivery

No plug-in module included in delivery

Configurable accessories included in delivery

No configurable accessories included in delivery

4.1.1.1 Plug-in modules (i)

0

0

 $X^{1)}$

X 1)

XX 1)

00

0

kk

ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives can be configured with our without an included plug-in module. The selected plug-in module is added to the content of delivery and included in the package containing the servo drive.

Order code (i)	Plug-in module		
A	Resolver 1x interface	8EAC0122.001-1	
С	Resolver 3x interface	8EAC0122.003-1	
D	Digital I/O interface	8EAC0130.000-1	
Н	Digital multi-encoder interface, 1x interface	8EAC0150.001-1	
J	Digital multi-encoder interface, 3x interface	8EAC0150.003-1	
K	Incremental encoder with 1 interface	8EAC0151.001-1	
L	Incremental encoder with 3 Interfaces	8EAC0151.003-1	
M	Analog multi-encoder interface, 1x interface	8EAC0152.001-1	
N	Analog multi-encoder interface, 3x interface	8EAC0152.003-1	
Р	Digital I/O Interface with terminal 8TB0230.221A-00	8EAC0130.000-1	
0	No plug-in module included in delivery		

Table 117: Plug-in modules (i)

¹⁾ Placeholder for the respective option or configuration.

4.1.2 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives

4.1.2.1 Status indicators

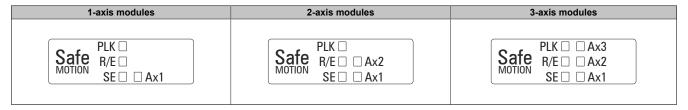


Table 118: 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives - Status indicators

4.1.2.1.2 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Description	
PLK Green		Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
		Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network, but the client itself is not yet in cyclic operation.
		Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
		Solid green	The client is in cyclic operation.
		Flickering green	The client is not in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network in cyclic operation.
Red	Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.	
		Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).
	Orange	Solid orange	Module booting

Table 119: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

4.1.2.1.3 Ax1/Ax2/Ax3 - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
Ax1 Ax2	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is ready for operation and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no pending permanent or temporary errors).
Ax3			Blinking green	The module is not ready for operation.
				Examples:
				No signal on one or both enable inputs
				DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range
				Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor)
				Motor feedback not connected or defective
				Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective
				Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.)
				Disturbance on network
	Red	Error	Solid red	There is a permanent error on the module.
				Examples:
				Permanent overcurrent
				Invalid data in EPROM
			Blinking red	Burning ACOPOS P3 operating system
	Orange	Run	Solid orange	The module's power stage is enabled.
			LED off	No voltage being supplied to module

Table 120: Ax1/Ax2/Ax3 - LED status indicators

4.1.2.1.4 R/E and SE - LED status indicators

LED	Color		Description
R/E	Green	Red	
	Off	Off	Module not supplied with power, no communication
	Single flash		Mode "Unlink"
	Double flash		Updating firmware
	Blinking		Mode PREOPERATIONAL
	On		Mode RUN
	On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid
		Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware
		On	Communication error
	Off	On	Error

Table 121: R/E and SE - LED status indicators

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

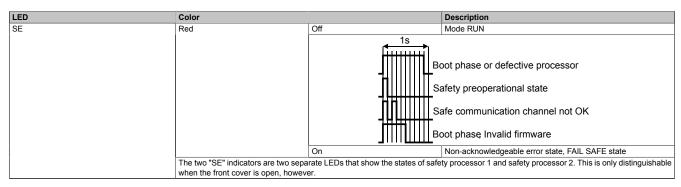


Table 121: R/E and SE - LED status indicators

4.1.2.2 1-axis modules

4.1.2.2.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

4.1.2.2.1.1 Continuous power up to 2 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	1-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 1.6
	A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 2x
8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 2x
0E14A3IVIVV33U.AAAA-1	4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 2x
	8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA100.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 1
8EXA100.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 1
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield
	mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK20 Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
0102104.2210-00	bered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2:
	PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.223C-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 1-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying: 000010
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
61B3202.222C-40	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.223C-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
01D0200.2200 T0	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying:
	000010
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm,
	label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000

Table 122: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	·
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 123: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does not exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA May in the filter per EN 61800-3, cable length Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	//ax. 1 kVA [(30 -	CULus Power conve TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	1 //es E225616 rsion equipment //es //es //es //es th grounded neutral 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 142 ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA (c. 22 A 0.60 s 10 1) 0 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1²} [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF 0 4 mm²	Max. 5 kVA [] [W] ²⁾ 2 kW 2 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	
Cetifications CE UL EAC KC Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 14 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	CULus Power conve TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	/es E225616 rsion equipment /es /es th grounded neutral 230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 3. 22 A 3. 60 s Io ¹¹) o 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1²} [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 80 μF	2 kW	
Cetifications CE UL EAC KC Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 14 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	CULus Power conve TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	/es E225616 rsion equipment /es /es th grounded neutral 230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 3. 22 A 3. 60 s Io ¹¹) o 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1²} [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 80 μF	2 kW	
CE UL EAC KC Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	CULus Power conve TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	E225616 rsion equipment /es /es th grounded neutral 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4%	2 kW	
EAC KC Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	CULus Power conve TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	E225616 rsion equipment /es /es th grounded neutral 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4%	2 kW	
EAC KC Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	rsion equipment //es //es th grounded neutral 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4%	2 kW	
Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Ma: Typ 0.25 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 to	th grounded neutral 2 230 VAC ±10% 2 230 VAC ±10% 3 1 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 3 2.6 0 s 3 10 1) 0 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 80 μF	2 kW	
Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	TN-S, TN-C-S wi 1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Mai Typ 0.25 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 to	th grounded neutral 230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 22 A 260 s 10 1) 0 4 mm² 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW	
Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max. 1.25 kVA O.25 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 33 O.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 to 30 VAC	230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 3. 22 A 3. 60 s 10 1) 0 4 mm ² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC 0.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	1x 110 VAC to 3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max. 1.25 kVA O.25 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to 33 O.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 to 30 VAC	230 VAC ±10% 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 3. 22 A 3. 60 s 10 1) 0 4 mm ² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	3x 200 VAC to 50 / 60 Max. 1.25 kVA Max. Typ 0.25 f 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 f	2 230 VAC ±10% 0 Hz ±4% Max. 2.5 kVA 2. 22 A 0. 60 s 10 1) 0 4 mm² 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW	
Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	Max. 1.25 kVA Max. Typ 0.25 t 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	Max. 2.5 kVA 3. 22 A 5. 60 s 10 1) 0 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m 3) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW	
Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	[(30 - 0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	Ma: Typ 0.25 f 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 f	22 A 5. 60 s 60 s 60 s 60 s 70 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 80 μF	2 kW	
Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	Ma: Typ 0.25 f 24 to 24 to 24 to 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 f	22 A 5. 60 s 60 s 60 s 60 s 70 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³) 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 80 μF	2 kW	
Switch-on interval Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC 0.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	0.25 ft 0.25 ft 24 to 24 to 24 to 4 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 ft	0. 60 s lo 1) 0. 4 mm² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m 3) 1 kW 5) 1 kW 7 (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW	
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3 Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	0.25 ft 24 to 24 to 24 to 4 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 ft	0 4 mm ² 8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC 0.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Length 1982 Length 2016	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to 24 to 24 to 24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG 8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
UL/C-UL-US CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW ⁵⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	24 to + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	8 AWG + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW ⁵⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	+ 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] 3 0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	+ 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1 m ³⁾ 1 kW ⁵⁾ 1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	0.4 kW ⁵⁾ V * (Mains input	0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW	
DC bus connection Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	V * (Mains input	0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 f	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW * (Mains input	
Continuous power 4) Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage < 230 VAC O.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	V * (Mains input	0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW * (Mains input	
Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage < 230 VAC DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	V * (Mains input	0.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 18	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF	2 kW * (Mains input	
pending on mains input voltage Mains input voltage <230 VAC 0.4 kV volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF		
volta DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		voltage [V] / 230 V) 18 0.25 t	voltage [V] / 230 V) 30 μF		
DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length	g-[1]	0.25 t	30 μF		
Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		0.25 t 24 to			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		24 to	o 4 mm²		
With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		24 to	o 4 mm²		
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		24 to	0 4 mm		
UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length					
CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length			9 414/0		
Max. cable length 24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		24 to 8 AWG			
24 VDC power supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length			m ⁶⁾		
Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length			111 -7		
Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		24.\/5	OC ±25%		
Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length				-	
Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length			00 μF		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		0.9 A + Current for	motor holding brake 7)		
With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length					
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length					
UL/C-UL-US CSA Max. cable length		0.251	o 4 mm²		
CSA Max. cable length					
Max. cable length	24 to 8 AWG				
	24 t		to 8 AWG		
Matanasanastian		3	0 m		
Motor connection					
Quantity			1		
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	0.4 kW	0.5 kW	1 kW	2 kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 8)	1.6 A _{eff}	2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 A _{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current de-			<u> </u>	J	
pending on switching frequency 9)		k+	dustion		
Switching frequency 5 kHz			eduction		
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	No reduction No reduction		0.109 A/K (start-		
Reduction of continuous current de-			_	ing at 33.7°C) 10)	
pending on installation elevation					
Starting at 500 m above sea level 0.16					
Peak current per motor connection	A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m	
Peak power output		0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m 6 A _{eff}	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m 12.25 A _{eff}	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m 24 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency	A _{eff} per 1000 m 4.5 A _{eff} 1 kW	6 A _{eff}	12.25 A _{eff}	24 A _{eff}	
Possible switching frequencies ¹¹⁾	4.5 A _{eff}	6 A _{eff} 1.25 kW			

Table 124: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit value curve A	,
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004			
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault pro- tection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹²⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data		044.0 000	
UL/C-UL-US CSA		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor cable length depending on		24 to 8 AVVG	
switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m ¹³⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		38 m ¹³⁾	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19 m ¹³⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		1	
Output voltage 14)		Depends on the input voltage on connector X2	
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching		1.5 Ws	
operation			
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection		tes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit		Approx. 30 mA	-
monitoring			
Response threshold for undervoltage		Approx. 23 V	
monitoring			
Max. breaking current SBC		60 mA	
Max. cable length Braking resistor 16)		75 m ¹⁵⁾	
Peak power int./ext.		1.5 kW / 11 kW	
Continuous power int./ext.		1.5 KW / 11 KW	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12 Ω	-
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		No	
Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Short-circuit protection: Yes	
tection		Ground fault protection: No	
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus		DOWEDLINK V2 controlled node (CN)	
Type Variant		POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN) 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length		Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)	
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		1	
Туре		Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable ¹⁷⁾	
Connections		8-pin female Mini I/O connector	-
Status indicators		None 18)	
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Max. encoder cable length		75 m	
	Depends	on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encode	er cable 19)

Table 124: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage		Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁰⁾²¹⁾	
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Sense lines		2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures			
Short-circuit proof		Yes	
Overload-proof		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission		RS485 ²²⁾	
Data transfer rate		Depends on the configured encoder type	
Differential voltage ²³⁾			
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder		P _{ENCODER} [W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W ²⁴⁾	
interface		TENCODER [TT] O24V [T] (TENCODER [TT] O.T) TO.O TT	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Circuit		Sink	_
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage		169	
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	_
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	_
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<51 μs	
Falling edge		<52 μs	_
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max. ±38 V	
tential			_
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	
CSA		26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support			
Motion system			
mapp Motion		5.00.0 and higher	
ACP10/ARNC0		3.16.1 and higher	3.16.0 and higher
Operating conditions			
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level		169	
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Maximum		4000 m	
			_
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1 Overvoltage category per EN		2 (non-conductive pollution)	
61800-5-1		IDOO 25)	_
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20 ²⁵⁾	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity			
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L		

Table 124: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions				
Width		66 mm		
Height		290 mm		
Depth				
Wall mounting		258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)		
Weight		3.2 kg		

Table 124: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

1) A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{AX1} \dots RMS$ value of the current on axis 1

 $I_{\text{BR1}} \dots Nominal$ current of the motor holding brake for axis 1

P_{VSI OT} ... Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module

- Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for 230 VAC mains input voltage.

The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.

- 5) The value can be higher under certain conditions.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.

- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 11) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 12) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 13) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 14) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 15) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 16) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 17) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 18) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 19) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 20) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 21) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8El servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8El servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8EIxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 22) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 23) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 24) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 25) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

4.1.2.2.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

4.1.2.2.2.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	1-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 1.6 A, SafeMOTION
	EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 4.5 A, SafeMOTION
	EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA100.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 1
8EXA100.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 1
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
027100102.0011	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield
00002011010000	mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK20
OTD2404 2240 00	Terminals Duck is terminal block 4 pig 1 row sitch 5 00 ppg label 1 pugs
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
0100102.2220-20	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2:
	PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B key-
OTD0000 0000 40	ing: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
0TD2206 222D 40	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, C keying:
	000001
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm,
	label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000

Table 125: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	·	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00		

Table 126: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
General information				
Slots for plug-in modules			1	
Certifications				
CE		Y	es	
UL	cULus E225616 Power conversion equipment			
EAC			es es	
KC		Y	es	
Mains connection				
Network configurations		TN-S. TN-C-S with	h grounded neutral	_
Mains input voltage			480 VAC ±10%	-
Frequency			Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 1.75 kVA	Max. 2.5 kVA	Max. 5 kVA	Max. 10 kVA
Inrush current			. 45 A	max re ker
Switch-on interval			. 60 s	-
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3			0 1)	
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US CSA			8 AWG 8 AWG	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor	[(40 +	6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 7.5 * I _{AX1} [A]	+ 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A] + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ²⁾
Max. cable length		3 r	m ³⁾	
DC bus connection				
Continuous power 4)	0.7 kW ⁵⁾	1 kW ⁵⁾	2 kW 5)	4 kW
Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage				1
Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC	0.7 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	2 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	4 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)
DC bus capacitance	011) µF	, , ,
Terminal connection cross sections			•	_
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	0 4 mm²	
Approbation data		0.20 (0		
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8	8 AWG	
CSA	24 to 8 AWG			
Max. cable length	3 m ⁶⁾			-
24 VDC power supply				
Input voltage		24 V/D(C ±25%	
Input capacitance			0 µF	
Current consumption			notor holding brake 7)	-
Terminal connection cross sections		0.9 A + Current for fi	notor notaling brake	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	0 4 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US			8 AWG	
CSA			8 AWG	
Max. cable length		30) m	
Motor connection				
Quantity Continuous power per motor connec-	0.7 kW	1 kW	1 2 kW	4 kW
tion 8) Continuous current per motor connec-	1.6 A _{eff}	2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 A _{eff}
tion 8) Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency ⁹⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz		No rec	duction	
Switching trequency 10 kHz	No reduction No reduction 0.105 A/K (start-			
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz		No reduction		ing at 11.2°C) 10)
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current de-		No reduction		ing at 11.2°C) 10)
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation	0.16 A _{off} per 1000 m		0.45 A _{off} per 1000 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.16 A _{eff} per 1000 m 4.5 A _{eff}	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m 12.25 A _{eff}	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection	4.5 A _{eff}	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m 6 A _{eff}	12.25 A _{eff}	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m 6 A _{eff} 2.5 kW		0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m

Table 127: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Insulation stress of the connected mo-		Limit valu	ue curve A	
tor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004				
Protective measures				
Overload protection			′es ′es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection				_
Max. output frequency Variant		598	Hz ¹²⁾	_
U, V, W, PE		Coni	nector	
Shield connection		Y	′es	
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to	6 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US CSA			8 AWG	
Max. motor cable length depending on		24 10	8 AWG	
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz			m ¹³⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			m ¹³⁾	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19	m ¹³⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			4	
Quantity Output voltage 14)			1	
Continuous current			voltage on connector X2 3 A	_
Max. internal resistance			3 A 25 Ω	_
Extinction potential			ox. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching			5 Ws	_
operation		1.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	5 Hz	_
Protective measures				
Overload and short-circuit protection		Y	′es	
Open circuit monitoring		Y	′es	
Undervoltage monitoring		Y	′es	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx	c. 30 mA	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		Appro	x. 23 V	
Max. breaking current SBC		60	mA	_
Max. cable length			m ¹⁵⁾	
Braking resistor 16)				
Peak power int./ext.		7 kW	/ 25 kW	
Continuous power int./ext.		100 W	/ / 2 kW	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		25	5 Ω	
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine-stranded wires				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	o 4 mm²	
Approbation data		244	0. AVA/C	
UL/C-UL-US CSA			8 AWG 8 AWG	
Protective measures		24 10	U AVVG	
Overload protection			No	
Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Short-circuit	protection: Yes	
tection Max. cable length			protection: No	
Fieldbus		3	· III	
Type		POWERI INK 1/2 o	controlled node (CN)	
Variant			Ided, 2-port hub	
Cable length			stations (segment length)	
Transfer rate			Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces				
Quantity			1	
Туре		Digital multi-encoder in	nterface, configurable 17)	
Connections			ini I/O connector	
Status indicators		Noi	ne ¹⁸⁾	
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOS P3			No .	
Max. encoder cable length	Danasda		5 m ower supply wires in the encode	er cable 19)
	Depends	on the cross section of the po	wer suppry wires in the encode	EI CADIC **/

Table 127: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Encoder power supply		A	
Output voltage		Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁰⁾²¹⁾	
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	_
Sense lines		2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures			
Short-circuit proof		Yes	
Overload-proof		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission		RS485 ²²⁾	
Data transfer rate		Depends on the configured encoder type	
Differential voltage ²³⁾			
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder		P _{ENCODER} [W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W ²⁴⁾	_
interface		TENCODER [TT] O24V [T] (TENCODER [TT] O.T) TO.O TT	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Circuit		Sink	_
Electrical isolation		- Cilii	_
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
		162	_
Input voltage		04.1/00	
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	_
Switching threshold			_
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	_
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	_
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<51 µs	
Falling edge		<52 μs	
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max. ±38 V	
tential			
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	
CSA		26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length		100 m	_
Support			
Motion system			_
mapp Motion		5.00.0 and higher	
ACP10/ARNC0		3.16.1 and higher	3.16.0 and higher
Operating conditions		5.10.1 and migner	J. 10.0 and myner
Permissible mounting orientations			
		Yes	
Hanging vertically			
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level		0: 500	_
Nominal		0 to 500 m	_
Maximum		4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conductive pollution)	_
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20 ²⁵⁾	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			_
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		2010100	_
-		5 to 85% non condensing	_
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	

Table 127: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical properties				
Dimensions				
Width		66 :	mm	
Height	290 mm			
Depth				
Wall mounting	258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)			
Weight		3.2	kg	

Table 127: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

1) A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{AX1} \dots RMS$ value of the current on axis 1

 I_{BR1} ... Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

- Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.

The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.

- 5) The value can be higher under certain conditions.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 11) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 12) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 13) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 14) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 15) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 16) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 17) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 18) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module
- 19) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 20) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 21) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8EIxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 22) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 23) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 24) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{\mbox{\tiny 24V}} \dots$ Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 25) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

4.1.2.2.2.2 Continuous power 6.5 kW to 8.5 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	1-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 13 A, SafeMOTION
	EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 17 A, SafeMOTION
	EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
054500000000	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
8EXA200.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
05400450 004 4	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, C keying: 000001
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm, label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000

Table 128: 8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 129: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does \underline{not} exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Order number	8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1
General information	0EIU13HWSSU.AAAA-1	6EIU1/HW3SU.AAAA-1
Slots for plug-in modules		 1
Certifications		I
CE	V	es
UL		E225616
		sion equipment
EAC		es
KC		paration
Mains connection		
Network configurations	TN-S. TN-C-S with	h grounded neutral
Mains input voltage		480 VAC ±10%
Frequency		Hz ±4%
Installed load	Max. 13.5 kVA	Max. 18 kVA
Inrush current	Max.	. 50 A
Switch-on interval		illy 60 s
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3	No ¹)	No 1)
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	4 mm²
Approbation data	0.20 (0	
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8	8 AWG
CSA		8 AWG
Power dissipation at device nominal power without		paration
braking resistor	iii prop	
Max. cable length	18	m ²⁾
DC bus connection		
Continuous power 3)	6.5 kW ⁴⁾	8.5 kW
Reduction of continuous power depending on		
mains input voltage		
Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC	6.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	8.5 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)
DC bus capacitance	940) μF
Terminal connection cross sections		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	o 4 mm²
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8	8 AWG
CSA	24 to 8	8 AWG
Max. cable length	3 m ⁵⁾	3 m ⁵⁾
24 VDC power supply		
Input voltage		C ±25%
Input capacitance		0 μF
Current consumption	1.2 A + Current for motor holding brake ⁶⁾	1.2 A + Current for motor holding brake 6)
Terminal connection cross sections		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	9 4 mm²
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US		8 AWG
CSA		8 AWG
Max. cable length	30) m
Motor connection		
Quantity		1
Continuous power per motor connection 7)	6.5 kW	8.5 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 7)	13 A _{eff}	17 A _{eff}
Accuracy of the safe current		
Safety function SLT		
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3	Hardware update 1.10.2.x: 2.598 A Hardware update 1.10.3.0 or later: 3.037 A	-
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2	1.362 A	-
Safety function SBT		1
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3	Hardware update 1.10.2.x: 2.033 A	-
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2	Hardware update 1.10.3.0 or later: 2.490 A 0.931 A	_
Reduction of continuous current depending on	0.931 A	
switching frequency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	No reduction	0.2 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	0.2 A/K (starting at 30°C) 8)	0.2 A/K (starting at 40 C) *
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.16 A/K (starting at -23°C) ⁸⁾	0.16 A/K (starting at 148°C) 8)
Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation	5.167 Fre (starting at 25 G)	5.10 Felt (Starting at 70 O)
Starting at 500 m above sea level	1.3 A _{eff} per 1000 m	1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m
	1.5 Aeff per 1000 III	I.I Aeff PEI 1000 III
Peak current per motor connection	32.5 A _{eff}	42.5 A _{eff}

Table 130: 8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1	
Peak power output	16.25 kW	21.25 kW	
Nominal switching frequency	5 k		
Possible switching frequencies 9)	5/10/		
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC	Limit valu		
TS 60034-25:2004			
Protective measures			
Overload protection	Ye		
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Ye		
Max. output frequency	598 I	Hz ¹⁰⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE	Conn		
Shield connection	Ye	es	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves	1.5 to	6 mm ²	
Approbation data	041.6	ANNO	
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8		
CSA May mater cable length depending an autitabing	24 to 8	3 AVVG	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	75	m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	38		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	19		
Motor holding brake connection	19		
Quantity	1		
Output voltage 11)	Depends on the input v		
Continuous current	4		
Max. internal resistance	100		
Extinction potential	33		
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	15		
Max. switching frequency	0.5		
Protective measures	0.0	112	
Overload and short-circuit protection	Ye	25	
Open circuit monitoring	Ye		
Undervoltage monitoring	Ye		
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	In prep		
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Approx		
Max. breaking current SBC	80		
Max. cable length	75 r		
Braking resistor ¹³⁾		··	
Peak power int./ext.	14 kW / In p	preparation	
Continuous power int./ext.	150 W	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)	25		
Terminal connection cross section	-		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8	3 AWG	
CSA	24 to 8		
Protective measures	2110		
Overload protection	N	0	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		rotection: Yes	
grama idak protostori	Ground fault p		
Max. cable length	3		
Fieldbus			
Туре	POWERLINK V2 co	ontrolled node (CN)	
Variant	2x RJ45, shield		
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 s	•	
Transfer rate	100 M		
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity	1		
Туре	+	terface configurable 14)	
	Digital multi-encoder in	Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 14) 8-pin female Mini I/O connector	
Connections			
Connections Status indicators		ni I/O connector	
	8-pin female Mi	ni I/O connector	
Status indicators	8-pin female Mi	ni I/O connector e ¹⁵⁾	
Status indicators Electrical isolation	8-pin female Mi Non Non 75 m	ni I/O connector e ¹⁵⁾	
Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOS P3	8-pin female Min Non N	ni I/O connector e ¹⁵⁾	

Table 130: 8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI017I	HWSS0.XXXX-1
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Configurable	
	Typ. 11.45 V ± 0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V $^{17)18)}$	
Load capacity	Max. 300 mA	
Sense lines	2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		
Short-circuit proof	Yes	
Overload-proof	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485 ¹⁹⁾	
Data transfer rate	Depends on the configured encoder type	
Differential voltage 20)		
Minimum	2.0 V	
Maximum	6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{\text{ENCODER}}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{EN}.$ $P_{\text{ENCODER}}[$	W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{EN} .
Trimonionale	CODER [A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W ²¹⁾ CODER [A]	* 0.7) + 0.5 W ²¹⁾
Trigger inputs	2	
Quantity	2 Sint	
Circuit Electrical inclusion	Sink	
Electrical isolation	W	
Input - ACOPOS P3	Yes	
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold		
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	7 mA	
Switching delay		
Rising edge	<51 μs	
Falling edge	<52 μs	
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	26 to 12 AWG	
CSA	26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length	100 m	
Support		
Motion system		
mapp Motion	5.03.0 and higher	
ACP10/ARNC0	5.03.0 and higher	
Operating conditions		
Permissible mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically	Yes	
Standing horizontally	Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level		
Nominal	0 to 500 m	
Maximum	4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20 ²²⁾	
Ambient conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 40°C	
Maximum	55°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage	5 to 95%	
Transport	95% at 40°C	

Table 130: 8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

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Order number	8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX	
Mechanical properties		
Dimensions		
Width	66	mm
Height	374 mm	
Depth		
Wall mounting	258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)	
Weight	4	kg

Table 130: 8EI013HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI017HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- A line filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).
 - In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 2) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 3) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.
 - The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 4) The value can be higher under certain conditions.
- 5) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 6) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 8) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 9) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 10) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 11) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 12) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 13) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 14) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 15) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module
- 16) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 17) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 18) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8EIxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 19) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- $20) \hspace{0.3in} \hbox{Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.} \\$
- 21) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 22) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

4.1.2.2.2.3 Continuous power 10 kW to 18 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	1-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 24 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 34 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 44 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1 axis, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA300.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, double-width, height 2
8EXA300.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, double-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
02/100/100:000 1	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 2x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively
8TB2104.223L-00	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T+ B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB4103.222A-10	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB4104.222L-10	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1, L keying: 1010
8TB4104.224G-10	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110
8TB4104.227F-10	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 4: DC-, DC-, DC+, DC+ F keying: 0101
8TB4204.202L-10	4-pin push-in screw terminal block, 2-row, pitch: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1, coding L: 1010

Table 131: 8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB4104.222L-10	8TB4204.202L-10	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X51A	8TB4104.224G-10		
X51B	8TB2104.223L-00		
X6	8TB4103.222A-10		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	·	
X11	8TB4104.227F-10		

Table 132: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Order number	8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1
General information			,
Slots for plug-in modules		1	
Certifications		·	-
CE		Yes	
UL		cULus E225616	
OL		Power conversion equipment	
EAC		Yes	
KC		In preparation	
Mains connection			
Network configurations		TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded neutra	1
Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 480 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50 / 60 Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 18.7 kVA	Max. 26.4 kVA	Max. 30.5 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 100 A	
Switch-on interval		60 s	
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3		No 1)	
Terminal connection cross section		110	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.75 to 16 mm²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		20 to 4 AWG	
CSA		20 to 4 AWG	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without		In preparation	<u> </u>
braking resistor			
Max. cable length		3 m ²⁾	
DC bus connection			
Continuous power 3)	10 kW ⁴⁾	14 kW ⁴⁾	18 kW
Reduction of continuous power depending on	10 101	11 877	10 101
mains input voltage			
Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC	10 kW * (Mains input	14 kW * (Mains input	18 kW * (Mains input
Mains input Voltage 15x 400 VAC	voltage [V] / 400 V)	voltage [V] / 400 V)	voltage [V] / 400 V)
DC bus capacitance	voltage [v]/ 100 v/	1680 µF	vollage [v], 100 v)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1000 μΓ	
Terminal connection cross sections			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.75 to 16 mm²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		20 to 4 AWG	
CSA		20 to 4 AWG	
Max. cable length		3 m ⁵⁾	
24 VDC power supply			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		5500 μF	
Current consumption	2	A + Current for motor holding brake	. 6)
·	3	A + Current for motor holding brake	
Terminal connection cross sections			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		30 m	
Motor connection			
Quantity		1	
Continuous power per motor connection 7)	10 kW	14 kW	18 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 7)	24 A _{eff}	34 A _{eff}	44 A _{eff}
•	∠+ ∧ _{eff}	U S→ Meff	→ → ∧ _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on			
switching frequency	1 C A /// /	1 C A/I/ (-tti	1.6.4/// (-11:
Switching frequency 5 kHz	1.6 A/K (starting at 52°C) 8)	1.6 A/K (starting at 46°C) 8)	1.6 A/K (starting at 40°C) 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	0.45 A/K (starting at 35°C) 8)	0.45 A/K (starting at 13°C) 8)	0.45 A/K (starting at -9°C) 8)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.233 A/K (starting at -26°C) 8)	0.233 A/K (starting at -68°C) 8)	0.233 A/K (starting at -110°C) 8)
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-			
stallation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	2.4 A _{eff} per 1000 m	3.4 A _{eff} per 1000 m	4.4 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	60 A _{eff}	85 A _{eff}	110 A _{eff}
Peak power output	25 kW	35 kW	45 kW
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 9)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz	-
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC		Limit value curve A	
TS 60034-25:2004		Limit value culve A	
Protective measures		V	
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	

Table 133: 8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹⁰⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section		100	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 16 mm ²	
		1.5 to 10 11111	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		In preparation	
CSA		In preparation	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching			
frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		35 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		20 m	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		1	
Output voltage 11)	Depend	ls on the input voltage on connect	or X2
Continuous current	·	6.5 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		In preparation	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		0.3112	
		Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection			
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		In preparation	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		Approx. 23 V	
Max. breaking current SBC		200 mA	
Max. cable length		75 m ¹²⁾	
Braking resistor 13)			
Peak power output		45 kW	
Continuous power		4 kW	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		16 Ω	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.75 to 16 mm²	
Approbation data		0.70 10 10 11111	
UL/C-UL-US		20 to 4 AWG	
CSA		20 to 4 AWG	
		20 to 4 AVVG	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		No No	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Short-circuit protection: Yes	
		Ground fault protection: No	
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus			
Туре	PO	WERLINK V2 controlled node (CN	1)
Variant		2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length	Max. 100	m between 2 stations (segment l	ength)
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		1	
Туре	Digital r	multi-encoder interface, configurat	ole ¹⁴⁾
Connections		8-pin female Mini I/O connector	
Status indicators		None 15)	
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Max. encoder cable length		75 m	
			the encoder cable 16)
iwax. encoder cable length	Depends on the cross se		
_	Depends on the cross se	ection of the power supply wires in	
Encoder power supply	Depends on the cross se		
_		Configurable	8)
Encoder power supply Output voltage		Configurable . 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁷⁾¹	8)
Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity	Тур	Configurable . 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁷⁾¹ Max. 300 mA	8)
Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines	Тур	Configurable . 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁷⁾¹	8)
Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines Protective measures	Тур	Configurable . 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁷⁾¹ Max. 300 mA , compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	8)
Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Sense lines	Тур	Configurable . 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁷⁾¹ Max. 300 mA	9)

Table 133: 8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission	RS485 ¹⁹⁾		
Data transfer rate	Depends on the configured encoder type		
Differential voltage ²⁰⁾			
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P	$[W] = U_{24V} [V] * (I_{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) +$	- 0.5 W 21)
Trigger inputs	! ENCODER	[VV] = O _{24V} [V] (IENCODER [A] 0.7)	0.5 **
Quantity		2	
			_
Circuit Electrical isolation		Sink	_
		Mr.	
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	_
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	_
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<51 µs	
Falling edge			
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max. ±38 V	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data		0.20 to 2.0 mm	
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	_
CSA			
		26 to 12 AWG 100 m	_
Max. cable length		100 M	_
Support	I		_
Motion system			
mapp Motion		5.03.0 and higher	_
ACP10/ARNC0		5.03.0 and higher	_
Operating conditions			
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level			
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Maximum		4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conductive pollution)	_
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20 ²²⁾	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport Date in the call it		-25 to 70°C	_
Relative humidity		5.45.050/ · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Width		133 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261	mm)
Weight		8 kg	_
	L.	٠٠٠٠	

Table 133: 8EI024HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI034HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI044HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- 1) A line filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).
 - $In extreme \ cases, \ using \ line \ filters \ from \ 3rd-party \ manufacturers \ can \ result \ in \ irreparable \ damage \ to \ the \ ACOPOS \ P3 \ 8EI \ servo \ drive.$
- 2) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 3) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.
 - The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 4) The value can be higher under certain conditions.
- 5) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.

- 6) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 7) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 8) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 9) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 10) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 11) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 12) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 13) This values apply to an external braking resistor. This module is not equipped with an internal braking resistor.
- 14) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 15) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module
- 16) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance $[\Omega \text{ mm}^2/\text{m}]$ (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 17) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 18) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8El servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8El servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 19) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 20) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 21) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 22) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

4.1.2.3 2-axis modules

4.1.2.3.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

4.1.2.3.1.1 Continuous power up to 2 kW (motor connection)

Order data

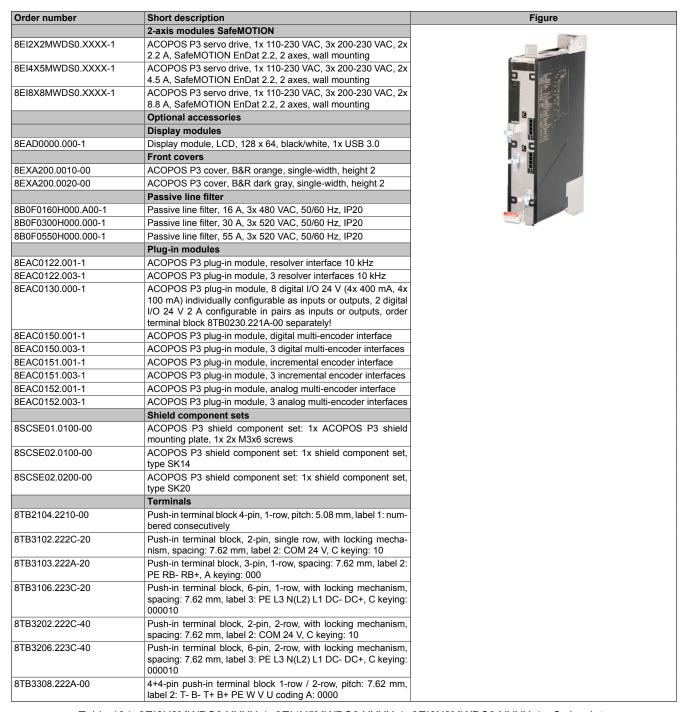


Table 134: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00		
X6	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00		

Table 135: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
General information			1
Slots for plug-in modules		1	
Certifications			
CE		Yes	
UL		cULus E225616	
		Power conversion equipment	
EAC		Yes	
KC		Yes	
Mains connection			
Network configurations		TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded neutra	- I
Mains input voltage		1x 110 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	
- International Control of the Contr		3x 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50 / 60 Hz ±4%	_
Installed load	Max. 2.5 kVA	Max.	5 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 22 A	
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s	
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3		No 1)	
Terminal connection cross section			_
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		0.20 to 1 mm	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
	[/25 ± 10 * D		1 2 [A]) + D
Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor	[(35 + 10 P _{AVG} [KVV] + 5.6	$(I_{AX1}[A] + I_{AX2}[A]) + 0.25 * (I_{BR1}^2[A] +$	I _{BR2} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) I.I] [VV] ² /
Max. cable length		3 m ³⁾	
DC bus connection			
Continuous power 4)	1 kW ⁵⁾	2 k	W ⁵⁾
Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage			
Mains input voltage <230 VAC	1 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 230 V)	2 kW * (Mains input	t voltage [V] / 230 V)
DC bus capacitance		1880 μF	
Terminal connection cross sections		<u> </u>	-
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		3 m ⁶⁾	
24 VDC power supply			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		5500 µF	
Current consumption	1	.2 A + Current for motor holding brak	e ⁷⁾
Terminal connection cross sections	·		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		30 m	-
Motor connection		23111	
Quantity		2	
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	0.5 / 0.5 kW ⁹⁾	1 / 1 kW ¹⁰⁾	2 / 2 kW ¹⁰⁾
Continuous current per motor connection 8)	2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Continuous current per motor connection 7	L.L / L.L Meff	7.0 / 4.0 A _{eff}	0.07 0.0 A _{eff}

Table 136: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
Accuracy of the safe current 11)			
Safety function SLT ¹²⁾			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.545 A	1.10.2.x: 1.714 A	1.10.2.x: 2.035 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾	0.555 A	0.688 A	0.936 A
Safety function SBT 12)			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13)	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.441 A	1.10.2.x: 1.501 A	1.10.2.x: 1.613 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
011 0 / D1 1 / O / O / O	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾	0.5	519 A	0.592 A
Reduction of continuous current depending on			
switching frequency 14)		No seduction	
Switching frequency 5 kHz		No reduction	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	<u> </u>	No reduction	0.444.4844.4.11
Switching frequency 20 kHz	No reduction	0.144 A/K (starting at 53.6°C) 15)	0.144 A/K (starting at 23.7°C) 15)
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-			
stallation elevation	0.00 4	0.45.4	0.00 4
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	1.25 kW	2.5 kW	5 kW ¹⁶⁾
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 17)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz ¹⁸⁾	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC		Limit value curve A	
TS 60034-25:2004			
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹⁹⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		_	
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm²	
Approbation data		1.0 to 0 min	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
		24 to 8 AVVG	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m ²⁰⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		38 m ²⁰⁾	
<u> </u>		** ***	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19 m ²⁰⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		2	
Output voltage ²¹⁾	Dep	ends on the input voltage on connect	or X2
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
Overload and short-circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		Approx. 23 V	
Max. cable length		75 m ²²⁾	
Braking resistor ²³⁾		75 m -	
Peak power int./ext.		1.5 kW / 11 kW	
Continuous power int./ext.		1.5 KW / 11 KW	-
		150 W 7 970 W	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12.77	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		No	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Short-circuit protection: Yes	
		Ground fault protection: No	

Table 136: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus			
Туре	F	POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)
Variant		2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length	Max. 1	100 m between 2 stations (segment le	ength)
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		2	
Туре	Digita	al multi-encoder interface, configurat	ole ²⁴⁾
Connections		8-pin female Mini I/O connector	
Status indicators		None ²⁵⁾	
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Max. encoder cable length		75 m	
max. onodor dable foligar	Depends on the cross	s section of the power supply wires in	the encoder cable ²⁶⁾
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage	Configurable	Configurable	Configurable
	Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1	Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V /	Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1
	V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁷⁾²⁸⁾	5.2 V ± 0.1 V ²⁷⁾²⁸⁾	V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁷⁾²⁸⁾
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Sense lines		2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures			
Short-circuit proof		Yes	
Overload-proof		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		160	
		RS485 ²⁹⁾	
Signal transmission	5		20
Data transfer rate	De	epends on the configured encoder type	pe
Differential voltage 30)			
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{ENCODER}	$[W] = U_{24V} [V] * (I_{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) +$	0.5 W ³¹⁾
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Circuit		Sink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	
1 0			
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<51 μs	
Falling edge		<52 μs	
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max. ±38 V	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	
CSA		26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support			
Motion system			
mapp Motion		5.00.0 and higher	
ACP10/ARNC0		3.14.1 and higher	
Operating conditions		5.17.1 and mighter	
-	1		
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level	İ		
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Nominal Maximum		4000 m	
Nominal			
Nominal Maximum		4000 m	

Table 136: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Minimum		-25°C ³³⁾	
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity			
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 136: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- 1) A line filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).
 - In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 -) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{AX1},\,I_{AX2}\,...$ RMS value of the current on axis 1, axis 2
 - $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}}\dots$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake on axis 1, axis 2
 - P_{VSLOT} ... Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module
- 3) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for 230 VAC mains input voltage.
 - The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 5) The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 1 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 10) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 2 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 11) The accuracy of the safe current is relevant for safety functions SLT and SBT, which are based on the safe current measurement. Safety functions SBT, SLT and SSO are available starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.0 and only for 8EI servo drives with 8ZELxxxx revision D0 or later. See the device information on the left side cover of the servo drive.
- 12) This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.
- 13) These values apply up to the continuous current specified in the technical data (taking into account the respective derating specifications).
- 14) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 15) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 16) The total peak power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 17) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 18) A switching frequency of 20 kHz is not recommended when using safety function SLT, SBT or SSO since availability problems may occur.
- 19) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 20) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 21) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 23) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 24) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 25) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 26) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 27) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.

- 28) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 29) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 30) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 31) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{\mbox{\tiny 24V}} \dots$ Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 32) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.
- 33) Only permitted for modules with 8ZEL... Revision E0 and higher. See the device information on the left side cover of the module. During storage or transport, sudden temperature changes may cause condensation or icing in the module. The module is only permitted to be commissioned if it is free of condensation or icing at the time of commissioning.

4.1.2.3.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

4.1.2.3.2.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	2-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2x 2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2x 4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2x 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
8EXA200.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 resolver interfaces 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0150.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 digital multi-encoder interfaces
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0151.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 incremental encoder interfaces
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
8EAC0152.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 analog multi-encoder interfaces
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
	bered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, C keying: 000001
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm, label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000

Table 137: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 138: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Sector S	Order number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Silos to pulsy in modules				
Certifications College			1	
CE	1 0		I	
EAC				
Power conversion equipment	CE		Yes	
EAC Yes Wall	UL		cULus E225616	
Network configurations			Power conversion equipment	
Network configurations	FAC		Yes	
Mains input votage				
Network configurations			163	
Mains input voltage				
Frequency So / 60 Ex 24% Max 10 kW Max	Network configurations			
Installated load Max. 5 kVA	Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 480 VAC ±10%	
Installated load Max. 5 kVA	Frequency		50 / 60 Hz ±4%	
Insust current		May 5 k\/A		10 κ/Δ
Switch-on interval Typ. 60 s Imperated line Hitery per EN 61800-3, category C3		IVIAX. J KVA		- TO KVA
Integrated line filter pur EN 18100-3, category C3 Ferminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end stevers Approbation data ULI-CULUS CSA Power dissipation at device nominal power without braking resistor Max. cable length Obsus connection Continuous power of Paus (Mains input voltage (V) 400 V) Ob us capacitance Mains input voltage (Sx 400 VAC 2 kW ** Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage (Sx 400 VAC 2 kW ** Ob us capacitance Mains input voltage (Sx 400 VAC 2 kW ** CB us capacitance With wire end steves ULI-CULUS CSA Approbation data ULI-CULUS C		-		-
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires 0.25 to 4 mm²	Switch-on interval			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3		No 1)	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	Terminal connection cross section			-
With wire end sleeves Q.25 to 4 mm² Approbation data U.U.CU.U.S 24 to 8 AWG 25 to 8 AWG 25 to 8 AWG 26 to 9 AW				
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 24 to 8 AWG 25 to 4 to 8 AWG 25 to 4 to 8 AWG 26 to 8 to			2051 1 2	
CSA 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8			0.25 to 4 mm²	
CSA	Approbation data			
CSA	UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without brinking resistor. ([50 + 6.9 * P _{AKE} [RW] + 7.5 * (I _{ANT} [A] + I _{ANZ} [A]) + 0.25 * (I _{MIN} * [A] + I _{MIN} * [A]) * P _{AKE} [A]) *			24 to 8 AWG	
Draking resistor 3 m ²⁰ 2 kW ²⁰ 4 kW ²⁰ Reduction of continuous power ²¹ 2 kW ²⁰ 2 kW ²⁰ 4 kW ²⁰ 4 kW ²⁰ 2 kW ²⁰ 4 kW ²⁰		[(50 + 6 9 * P [L\\\/] + 7 5 * /]		L2 [Δ]) + P) * 1 11 ΓΛΛ/Ι 2)
Max. cable length 3 m 31		[(OU : U.S FAVG [KVV] T 1.5 (AX1 [ام] نا AX2 [م] + 0.20 (اBR1* [A] +	יי (בין) יי VSLOT) יי ווין [VV] יי VSLOT)
DC bus connection	-	-	0 2)	
Continuous power			3 m ³⁾	
Reduction of continuous power depending on mains input voltage Value Val	DC bus connection			
mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC 2 kW * (Mains input voltage {y} / 400 V) 2 kW * (Mains input voltage {y} / 400 V)	Continuous power 4)	2 kW ⁵⁾	4 k	W ⁵⁾
mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC 2 kW * (Mains input voltage {y} / 400 V) 2 kW * (Mains input voltage {y} / 400 V)	Reduction of continuous power depending on			
Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC voltage [V] / 400 V) DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Aprobation data ULC-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC ±25% Input capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Aprobation data ULC-UL-US CSA Max. cable length 24 VDC ±25% Input capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA Approbation data ULC-UL-US SSA Approbation data ULC-UL-US Approbation data Approbation data Approbation data ULC-UL-US Approbation data Approbation data Approbation data Approbation data ULC-UL-US Approbation data Approbation d				
DC bus capacitance A70 μF		2 kW * (Maina input	4 kW * (Maina input	tyoltaga D/I / 400 V/)
DC bus capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 3 m ® 24 VDC 225% Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 24 VDC 225% Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 24 VDC 225% Input capacitance Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US 24 to 8 AWG CSA 24 to 8 AWG Max. cable length 30 m Motor connection Current connection Ucrulicular Sale length Terminal connection 0 1/1 kW 0 2/2 kW 10 4/4 kW 10 2/2 kW 10	Mains input voltage \3x 400 VAC		4 KVV (IVIAITIS ITIPUI	voltage [v] / 400 v)
Terminal connection cross sections		voitage [v] / 400 v)		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires 0.25 to 4 mm²	DC bus capacitance		470 μF	
With wire end sleeves	Terminal connection cross sections			
With wire end sleeves	Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG Max. cable length 3 m ° 24 VDC ±25% Input capacitance Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG 25 to 4 mm² Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG AWG CSA APProbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG CSA APProbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG CSA APProbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG CSA APProbation data ULC-UL-US CSA APPROBATION SAWG ANA. cable length 30 m Motor connection Cuantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection ° 1 / 1 kW ° 2 / 2 kW ° Continuous power per motor connection ° 2 2 / 2 / 2 Awg A 5 / 4 , 5 Awg 8 8 / 8 8 Awg Accuracy of the safe current ° Safety function SLT *20 Hardware upgrade 1 1.10 2.xr 1.541 A Hardware upgrade 1 1.10 2.xr 1.774 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *30 Hardware upgrade 1 1.10 3.0 or later: 1.244 A 1 1.10 2.xr 1.754 A Hardware upgrade 1 1.10 3.0 or later: 1.421 A Hardware upgrade 1 1.10 2.xr 1.541 A Hardware upgrade 1 1			0.25 to 4 mm ²	
ULC-UL-US CSA CSA 24 to 8 AWG Max. cable length 3 m ° 24 VDC 225% Input voltage Input capacitance 5500 µF Current consumption Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data ULC-UL-US CSA 32 to 8 AWG CSA 42 to 8 AWG CSA 24 to 8 AWG CSA 24 to 8 AWG CSA 30 m Motor connection Current consumption Tothinulous power per motor connection ® 1 /1 kW ® 2 /2 kW 100 4 /4 kW 100 4 /4 kW 100 Continuous current per motor connection ® 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff} 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff} 8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff} Accuracy of the safe current *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 *** Sill 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 *** Sill 3 ** Sill 3 ** Hardware upgrade 1.10 2.x 1.441 A 1.10 2.x 1.501 A 1.10 2.x 1.613 A 1.10			0.23 to 4 11111	
CSA	• •			
Max. cable length 3 m ** 24 VDC power supply	UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8 AWG		
Input voltage 24 VDC ±25%	CSA	24 to 8 AWG		
Input voltage 24 VDC ±25%	Max_cable length		3 m ⁶⁾	
Input voltage 24 VDC ±25%				
Input capacitance			241/20 : 250/	
Current consumption				-
Terminal connection cross sections Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA CSA Acsa 24 to 8 AWG CSA Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 1 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 1 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 1 2/2 kW ™ 4/4 kW ™ Continuous current per motor connection ® 1 1/1 kW ® 1 1/1 kW ™ 1 1/1 kW ™ 1 1/1 kW ™ 1 1/1 kW W 1 1/1 kW 1 1/1 kW W	Input capacitance			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	Current consumption	1.2	A + Current for motor holding brak	e ⁷⁾
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	Terminal connection cross sections			
With wire end sleeves				
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA 24 to 8 AWG Max. cable length 30 m Motor connection Quantity 2 Continuous power per motor connection 8) Safety function SLT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Safety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.444 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Asafety function SBT 12 Asafety function SBT 12 SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Asafety function SBT 12 Asafety			2051 1 2	
UL/C-UL-US			0.25 to 4 mm ²	
CSA 24 to 8 AWG	Approbation data			
Max. cable length 30 m Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection (a) 1 / 1 kW (a) 2 / 2 kW (a) 4 / 4 kW (a) <td>UL/C-UL-US</td> <td></td> <td>24 to 8 AWG</td> <td></td>	UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length 30 m Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection (a) 1 / 1 kW (a) 2 / 2 kW (a) 4 / 4 kW (a) <td>CSA</td> <td></td> <td>24 to 8 AWG</td> <td></td>	CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Motor connection Quantity 2 2				
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	5		30 111	
Continuous power per motor connection				
Continuous current per motor connection 6) 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff} 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff} 8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff} Accuracy of the safe current 11) Safety function SLT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.545 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A 1.10.2.x: 2.035 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Safety function SBT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 14) Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) 1 Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)	Quantity			
Accuracy of the safe current 11) Safety function SLT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.545 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Safety function SBT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.545 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Sult 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 140 Sult 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 150 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 14) Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) 1 Switching frequency 10 kHz	Continuous power per motor connection 8)	1 / 1 kW ⁹⁾	2 / 2 kW ¹⁰⁾	4 / 4 kW ¹⁰⁾
Accuracy of the safe current 11) Safety function SLT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.545 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Safety function SBT 12) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.545 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13) Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) Sult 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 140 Sult 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 150 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 14) Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) 1 Switching frequency 10 kHz	Continuous current per motor connection 8)	2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Safety function SLT 12	•	on .	611	ı. Gii
Hardware upgrade				
1.10.2.x: 1.545 A	•			1
Hardware upgrade	SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾			
1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A				I .
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ 0.555 A 0.688 A 0.936 A Safety function SBT ¹²⁾ SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾ Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.613 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ 0.519 A 0.592 A Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)				
Safety function SBT 12) Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.613 A Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13) O.519 A O.592 A		1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾ Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction No reduction No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)	SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13)	0.555 A	0.688 A	0.936 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾ Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.441 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x: 1.501 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction No reduction No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)	Safety function SBT 12)			
1.10.2.x: 1.441 A	•	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A 0.519 A 0.519 A 0.592 A No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)	SIL Z / I L U / Oal. 3 **/			
1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A 1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A				
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)				
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)				
switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)		0.51	9 A	0.592 A
switching frequency ¹⁴⁾ Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) ¹ Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz No reduction 1.571 A/K (starting at 53.1°C) Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)				
Switching frequency 10 kHz No reduction 0.108 A/K (starting at 29.5°C)	ormoning in equation			1 571 Δ/K (starting at 53 1°C) 15)
		No red	uction	
Switching frequency 20 kHz No reduction 0.091 A/K (starting at 29.4°C) 16 0.091 A/K (starting at -17.9°C) 1	Switching frequency 5 kHz			

Table 139: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	JEIEMEINI DOUMBUR I	021-9(011172-013/03/04 T	CLIONOTTI DOCUMENT
stallation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	2.5 kW	5 kW	10 kW ¹⁷⁾
	2.5 KVV		IU KVV "
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 18)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz ¹⁹⁾	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004		Limit value curve A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ²⁰⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data		1.0 to 0 mm	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA May mater cable length depending an autitabing		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching			
frequency		75 00	
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		38 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19 m ²¹⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		2	
Output voltage ²²⁾	Depe	ends on the input voltage on connect	or X2
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		0.0112	
		Voe	
Overload and short-circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		Approx. 23 V	
Max. cable length		75 m ²³⁾	
Braking resistor ²⁴⁾			
Peak power int./ext.		7 kW / 25 kW	
Continuous power int./ext.		150 W / 2 kW	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		25 Ω	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		5.20 to 4 milli	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AMC	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
		24 to 8 AWG	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		No	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Short-circuit protection: Yes	
		Ground fault protection: No	
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus			
Туре	F	POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)
Variant		2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length	Max.	100 m between 2 stations (segment I	ength)
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		2	
Туре	Digit	al multi-encoder interface, configurat	ole ²⁵⁾
Connections	Digit	8-pin female Mini I/O connector	· -
Status indicators		None ²⁶⁾	
Electrical isolation		NI:	
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Max. encoder cable length	D	75 m	the constant of the control of the c
į l	Depends on the cross	s section of the power supply wires in	the encoder cable 20

Table 139: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾
Load capacity	Max. 300 mA		
Sense lines		2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Short-circuit proof		Yes	
Overload-proof		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission		RS485 30)	
Data transfer rate	D	epends on the configured encoder ty	rpe
Differential voltage 31)		, ,	
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{ENCODE}	$_{R}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{ENCODER}[A] * 0.7) +$	0.5 W ³²⁾
Trigger inputs	ENOODE	te i zwe i tenoberte i ,	
Quantity		2	
Circuit		Sink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	-
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<51 μs	
Falling edge		<52 μs	
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max. ±38 V	-
Terminal connection cross section			-
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data		0.23 to 2.3 mm	
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	
CSA		26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support		100 111	
Motion system			
mapp Motion		5.00.0 and higher	
ACP10/ARNC0		3.14.1 and higher	
Operating conditions		3.14.1 and higher	
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level		163	
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Maximum		4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20 ³³⁾	•
Ambient conditions		11 20	
Temperature			
Operation			
Minimum		-25°C ³⁴⁾	
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		5 to 40 C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		-23 10 70 0	
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 65%, non-condensing 5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	-
παπορύτι		5070 at 40 C	

Table 139: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 139: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{\text{AX1}},\,I_{\text{AX2}}\,...$ RMS value of the current on axis 1, axis 2

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake on axis 1, axis 2

P_{VSLOT} ... Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module

- 3) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.

The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.

- 5) The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.

- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 2 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 10) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 4 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 11) The accuracy of the safe current is relevant for safety functions SLT and SBT, which are based on the safe current measurement. Safety functions SBT, SLT and SSO are available starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.0 and only for 8EI servo drives with 8ZELxxxx revision D0 or later. See the device information on the left side cover of the servo drive.
- 12) This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.
- 13) These values apply up to the continuous current specified in the technical data (taking into account the respective derating specifications).
- 14) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 15) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 16) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 17) The total peak power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 10 kW.
- 18) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 19) A switching frequency of 20 kHz is not recommended when using safety function SLT, SBT or SSO since availability problems may occur.
- 20) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 21) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 22) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 23) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 24) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 26) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 27) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 28) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 29) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 30) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 31) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 32) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $\rm U_{24V} \ldots$ Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 33) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

Only permitted for modules with 8ZEL... Revision E0 and higher. See the device information on the left side cover of the module. During storage or transport, sudden temperature changes may cause condensation or icing in the module. The module is only permitted to be commissioned if it is free of condensation or icing at the time of commissioning.

4.1.2.3.2.2 Continuous power 2 x 7 kW to 2 x 9 kW (motor connection)

Order data

Order number	Short description
	2-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2x 17 A,
	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 2x 22 A,
	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA300.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, double-width, height 2
8EXA300.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, double-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 resolver interfaces 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0150.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 digital multi-encoder interfaces
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0151.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 incremental encoder interfaces
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
8EAC0152.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 analog multi-encoder interfaces
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 2x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm, label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000
8TB4103.222A-10	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB4104.222L-10	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1, L keying: 1010
8TB4104.227F-10	Push-in terminal block, 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 4: DC-, DC-, DC+, DC+ F keying: 0101
8TB4204.202L-10	4-pin push-in screw terminal block, 2-row, pitch: 10.16 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1, coding L: 1010

Table 140: 8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB4104.222L-10	8TB4204.202L-10
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB4103.222A-10	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	
X11	8TB4104.227F-10	

Table 141: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Order number	8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1
General information		
Slots for plug-in modules		1
Certifications		
CE	Y	es
UL	cULus E	E225616
	Power convers	sion equipment
EAC	Y	es
KC	In pred	paration
Mains connection		
Network configurations	TN-S TN-C-S with	h grounded neutral
Mains input voltage		480 VAC ±10%
		Hz ±4%
Frequency		1
Installed load	Max. 26.4 kVA	Max. 30.5 kVA
Inrush current		0 A
Switch-on interval		paration
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3	No	0 1)
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.75 to	16 mm²
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	20 to 4	4 AWG
CSA		4 AWG
Power dissipation at device nominal power without		paration
braking resistor	iii preț	
Max. cable length	31	m ²⁾
DC bus connection		
Continuous power 3)	14 kW ⁴⁾	18 kW
Reduction of continuous power depending on	14 KVV /	IO KVV
mains input voltage		
Mains input voltage Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC	14 kW * (Maine input valtage IVI / 400 V)	19 kW * (Mains input voltage IV/I / 400 V/)
	14 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	18 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)
DC bus capacitance	108	0 μF
Terminal connection cross sections		
Flexible and fine-stranded wires		
With wire end sleeves	0.75 to	16 mm²
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	20 to 4	4 AWG
CSA	20 to 4 AWG	
Max. cable length	3 m ⁵⁾	
24 VDC power supply		
Input voltage	24 VD0	C ±25%
Input capacitance		0 µF
Current consumption		notor holding brake 6)7)
Terminal connection cross sections	2.17C Garrent for it	- Totaling States
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	0.051	42
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	o 4 mm²
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US		8 AWG
CSA	24 to 8	8 AWG
Max. cable length	30) m
Motor connection		
Quantity		2
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	7 / 7 kW	9 / 9 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 8)	17 / 17 A _{eff}	22 / 22 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on	, ven	
switching frequency	No reduction	0.333 A/K (starting at 40°C) 9)
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz	No reduction	0.333 A/K (starting at 40°C) ⁹⁾
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) 9)	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9)
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz		, , ,
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) 9)	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9)
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9)
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff}	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff}
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff}
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 10)	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW KHz 20 kHz
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 10) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW KHz 20 kHz
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 10) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004 Protective measures	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW 5 / 10 / Limit valu	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW kHz 20 kHz the curve A
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 10) Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004	0.195 A/K (starting at 16°C) ⁹⁾ 0.145 A/K (starting at -59°C) ⁹⁾ 1.7 A _{eff} per 1000 m 42.5 / 42.5 A _{eff} 17.5 / 17.5 kW 5 k 5 / 10 / Limit valu	0.195 A/K (starting at -9°C) 9) 0.145 A/K (starting at -93°C) 9) 2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m 55 / 55 A _{eff} 22.5 / 22.5 kW KHz 20 kHz

Table 142: 8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1
Variant	
U, V, W, PE	Connector
Shield connection	Yes
Terminal connection cross section	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	
With wire end sleeves	1.5 to 6 mm ²
Approbation data	
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8 AWG
CSA	24 to 8 AWG
Max. motor cable length depending on switching	
frequency	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	75 m ¹²⁾
Switching frequency 10 kHz	75 m ¹²⁾
Switching frequency 20 kHz	30 m ¹²⁾
Motor holding brake connection	
Quantity	2
Output voltage ¹³⁾	Depends on the input voltage on connector X2
Continuous current	4 A
Max. internal resistance	0.25 Ω
Extinction potential	In preparation
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	In preparation
Max. switching frequency	In preparation
Protective measures	V
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	In preparation
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Approx. 23 V
Max. breaking current SBC	80 mA
Max. cable length	In preparation
Braking resistor ¹⁴⁾	
Peak power output	45 kW
Continuous power	4 kW
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)	13 Ω
Terminal connection cross section	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	0.771 10 0
With wire end sleeves	0.75 to 16 mm ²
Approbation data	00 (. 4 AWO
UL/C-UL-US	20 to 4 AWG
CSA	20 to 4 AWG
Protective measures	
Overload protection	No No
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No
May cable length	3 m
Max. cable length Fieldbus	3111
Type	POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)
Variant	2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)
Transfer rate	max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length) 100 Mbit/s
Encoder interfaces	TOO INIDIO
Quantity	2
Туре	Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 15)
Connections	8-pin female Mini I/O connector
Status indicators	None 16)
Electrical isolation	INUITE 1
Encoder - ACOPOS P3	No
Max. encoder cable length	75 m
max. Should duble leftgill	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ¹⁷⁾
Encoder power supply	The second secon
Output voltage	Configurable
	Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ¹⁸⁾¹⁹⁾
Load capacity	Max. 300 mA
Sense lines	2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V
Protective measures	·
Short-circuit proof	Yes
Overload-proof	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	
-	
Signal transmission	RS485 ²⁰⁾
Signal transmission Data transfer rate	
Data transfer rate	RS485 ²⁰⁾ Depends on the configured encoder type

Table 142: 8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{ENCODER} [W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W ²²⁾
Trigger inputs	
Quantity	2
Circuit	Sink
Electrical isolation	
Input - ACOPOS P3	Yes
Input - Input	Yes
Input voltage	
Nominal	24 VDC
Maximum	30 VDC
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 V
High	>15 V
Input current at nominal voltage	7 mA
Switching delay	
Rising edge	<51 µs
Falling edge	<52 µs
Modulation compared to ground potential	
Terminal connection cross section	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires	
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 2.5 mm ²
Approbation data	VIEW & 218 IIIII
UL/C-UL-US	26 to 12 AWG
CSA	26 to 12 AWG
Max. cable length	100 m
Support	100 111
Motion system	
mapp Motion	5.03.0 and higher
ACP10/ARNC0	5.03.0 and higher
Operating conditions	5.05.0 and higher
Permissible mounting orientations	
Hanging vertically	Yes
Standing horizontally	Yes
Installation elevation above sea level	163
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive poliution)
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20 ²³⁾
Ambient conditions	IP2U 207
Temperature	
Operation	5 to 40°C
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Relative humidity	F to 050/
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing
Storage	5 to 95%
Transport	95% at 40°C
Mechanical properties	
Dimensions	400
Width	133 mm
Height	374 mm
Depth	
Wall mounting	258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)
Weight	8 kg

Table 142: 8EI017HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI022HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- 1) A line filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).
 - In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 2) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 3) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.
 - The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 4) The value can be higher under certain conditions.
- 5) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 6) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 7) At nominal 24 VDC supply voltage and 20 kHz switching frequency. Without plug-in card.
- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.

- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 11) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 12) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 13) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 14) This values apply to an external braking resistor. This module is not equipped with an internal braking resistor.
- 15) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 16) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 17) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 18) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 19) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8EIxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 20) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 21) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 22) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 23) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

4.1.2.4 3-axis modules

4.1.2.4.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

4.1.2.4.1.1 Order data

Order number	Short description
	3-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 3x
	2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 3x
OFIOVOMINITED VVVV 1	4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 200-230 VAC, 3x 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
8EXA200.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 resolver interfaces 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0150.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 digital multi-encoder interfaces
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
8EAC0151.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 incremental encoder interfaces
8EAC0152.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
8EAC0152.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 analog multi-encoder interfaces
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield
000000000000	mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
0000002.0200 00	type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
	bered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2:
	PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.223C-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 1-row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying:
	000010
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
0180202:2220 10	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.223C-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying:
	000010
8TB3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm,
	label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000

Table 143: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 144: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does not exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

4.1.2.4.1.3 Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
General information			
Slots for plug-in modules		1	-
Certifications		-	-
CE		Yes	
UL		cULus E225616	
		Power conversion equipment	
EAC		Yes	
KC		Yes	
Mains connection			
Network configurations		TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded neutra	 I
Mains input voltage		1x 110 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	<u>'</u>
mano input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50 / 60 Hz ±4%	-
Installed load	Max. 3.75 kVA	Max.	5 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 22 A	
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s	-
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3		No 1)	-
Terminal connection cross section			-
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		0.23 (0.4 111111	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		24 to 0 000	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without		* P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * (I _{AX1} [A] + I _{AX2} [A] -	
braking resistor	0.25 ^ (I _{BR}	$^{12}_{M_{1}}[A] + I_{BR2}^{2}[A] + I_{BR3}^{2}[A]) + P_{VSLOT})^{*}$	1.1] [VV] ²⁾
Max. cable length		3 m ³⁾	
DC bus connection			
Continuous power 4)	1.5 kW ⁵⁾	2 k	W ⁵⁾
Reduction of continuous power depending on			
mains input voltage			
Mains input voltage <230 VAC	1.5 kW * (Mains in-	2 kW * (Mains input	t voltage [V] / 230 V)
	put voltage [V] / 230 V)		<u>-</u>
DC bus capacitance		1880 μF	
Terminal connection cross sections			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		3 m ⁶⁾	
24 VDC power supply			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		5500 μF	
Current consumption	1.	2 A + Current for motor holding brake	e ⁷⁾
Terminal connection cross sections			-
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		0.23 to 4 mm	
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA May soble length		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		30 m	
Motor connection			
Quantity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	1
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	0.5 / 0.5 / 0.5 kW ⁹⁾	1 / 1 / 1 kW ¹⁰⁾	2 / 2 / 2 kW ¹⁰⁾
Continuous current per motor connection 8)	2.2 / 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Accuracy of the safe current 11)			
Safety function SLT 12)			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13)	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.545 A	1.10.2.x: 1.714 A	1.10.2.x: 2.035 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 ¹³⁾	0.555 A	0.688 A	0.936 A
Safety function SBT 12)			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.441 A	1.10.2.x: 1.501 A	1.10.2.x: 1.613 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
011 0 1 01 1 1 5 1 5 10	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13)	0.5	19 A	0.592 A

Table 145: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Reduction of continuous current depending on			,
switching frequency 14)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	No reduction		1.375 A/K (starting at 52.0°C) 15)
Switching frequency 10 kHz		duction	0.393 A/K (starting at 45.5°C)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	No reduction	0.120 A/K (starting at 41.9°C) ¹⁶⁾	0.120 A/K (starting at 5.9°C) 16)
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-			
stallation elevation	0.00.4	0.45.4	0.00 4 1000
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	1.25 kW	2.5 kW ¹⁷⁾	5 kW ¹⁷⁾
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 18)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz ¹⁹⁾	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC TS 60034-25:2004		Limit value curve A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ²⁰⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		38 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19 m ²¹⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			_
Quantity		3	
Output voltage ²²⁾	Dep	ends on the input voltage on connec	tor X2
Continuous current	·	1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	-
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V		-
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws		-
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
Overload and short-circuit protection	Yes		
Open circuit monitoring	Yes		
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes		
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 30 mA		
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Approx. 23 V		
Max. cable length		75 m ²³⁾	
Braking resistor ²⁴⁾			
Peak power int./ext.		1.5 kW / 11 kW	
Continuous power int./ext.		150 W / 970 W	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12 Ω	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Protective measures			
Overload protection	No		
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No		
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus		<u> </u>	
Туре		POWERLINK V2 controlled node (Cf	N)
Variant	2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub		
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)		
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		3	
Туре	Diai	tal multi-encoder interface, configura	ble ²⁵⁾
Connections	9.	8-pin female Mini I/O connector	-
Status indicators		None ²⁶⁾	
	None 🛶		

Table 145: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Electrical isolation			,
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Max. encoder cable length	75 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁷⁾		
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Sense lines		2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		Voc	
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof		Yes Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission		RS485 30)	
Data transfer rate	D	epends on the configured encoder ty	pe
Differential voltage 31)		2.27	
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum Max. power consumption per encoder interface	D	$\frac{6.0 \text{ V}}{\text{R} [W] = \text{U}_{24\text{V}} [V] * (\text{I}_{\text{ENCODER}} [A] * 0.7) +}$	0.5 W 32)
Trigger inputs	L FENCODER	(IENCODER [A] U.7) +	0.0 VV
Quantity		2	
Circuit		Sink	
Electrical isolation		- -	
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		7 mA	
Switching delay		454	
Rising edge Falling edge		<51 μs <52 μs	
Modulation compared to ground potential		<52 μs Max. ±38 V	
Terminal connection cross section		IVIAX. 100 V	
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 2.5 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		26 to 12 AWG	
CSA		26 to 12 AWG	
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support			
Motion system		5.00.0	
mapp Motion	0.44.4	5.00.0 and higher	2 14 0 and bimbon
ACP10/ARNC0 Operating conditions	3.14.1 a	nd higher	3.14.0 and higher
Permissible mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation elevation above sea level			
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Maximum		4000 m	
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1		III	
Degree of protection per EN 60529		IP20 ³³⁾	
Ambient conditions			
Temperature			
Operation		2522.20	
Minimum		-25°C ³⁴⁾	
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C -25 to 55°C	
		-23 い 33 し	
Storage			
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Transport Relative humidity		-25 to 70°C	
Transport			

Table 145: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)		
Weight	4 kg		

Table 145: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{\text{AX1}},\,I_{\text{AX2}},\,I_{\text{AX3}}\,...$ RMS value of the current on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}},\,I_{\text{BR3}}$... Nominal current of the motor holding brake on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

- B) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for 230 VAC mains input voltage.

The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.

- 5) The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.

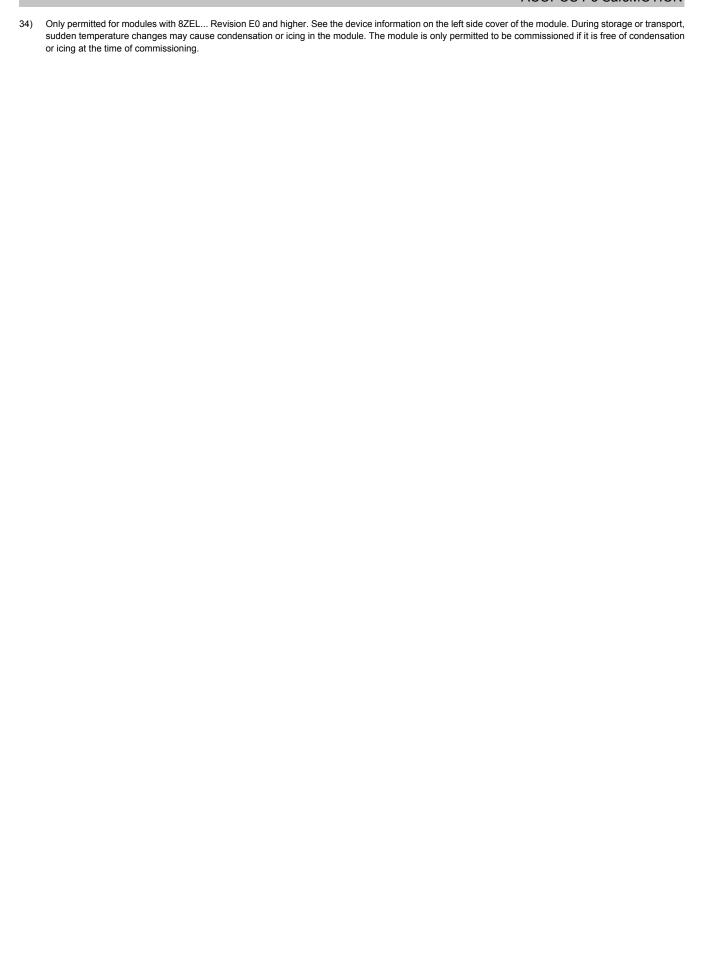
- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 1.5 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 10) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 2 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 11) The accuracy of the safe current is relevant for safety functions SLT and SBT, which are based on the safe current measurement. Safety functions SBT, SLT and SSO are available starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.0 and only for 8EI servo drives with 8ZELxxxx revision D0 or later. See the device information on the left side cover of the servo drive.
- 12) This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.
- 13) These values apply up to the continuous current specified in the technical data (taking into account the respective derating specifications).
- 14) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 15) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 16) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 17) The total peak power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 18) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 19) A switching frequency of 20 kHz is not recommended when using safety function SLT, SBT or SSO since availability problems may occur.
- 20) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 21) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 22) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 23) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 24) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 5) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 26) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 27) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 28) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 29) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 30) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 31) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 32) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{\mbox{\tiny 24V}} \dots$ Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module
- 33) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

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ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION



4.1.2.4.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

4.1.2.4.2.1 Order data

Order number	Short description
	3-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 3x 2.2 A,
	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 3x 4.5 A,
8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 200-480 VAC, 3x 8.8 A,
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
8EXA200.0020-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R dark gray, single-width, height 2
	Passive line filter
8B0F0160H000.A00-1	Passive line filter, 16 A, 3x 480 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0300H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 30 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
8B0F0550H000.000-1	Passive line filter, 55 A, 3x 520 VAC, 50/60 Hz, IP20
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 resolver interfaces 10 kHz
8EAC0130.000-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 8 digital I/O 24 V (4x 400 mA, 4x
	100 mA) individually configurable as inputs or outputs, 2 digital
	I/O 24 V 2 A configurable in pairs as inputs or outputs, order
9EAC0150 001 1	terminal block 8TB0230.221A-00 separately!
8EAC0150.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, digital multi-encoder interface
8EAC0150.003-1 8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 digital multi-encoder interfaces
8EAC0151.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, incremental encoder interface
	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 incremental encoder interfaces ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, analog multi-encoder interface
8EAC0152.001-1 8EAC0152.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3 analog multi-encoder interfaces
0LAC0132.003-1	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield
03C3L01.0100-00	mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set,
	type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, pitch: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
OTD 0 400 0000 00	bered consecutively
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
0TD2402 222A 20	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, 1-row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A keying: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mecha-
0100100.2220 20	nism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B key-
	ing: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, 2-row, with locking mechanism,
	spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, C keying:
8TB3308.222A-00	000001
81B3308.222A-00	4+4-pin push-in terminal block 1-row / 2-row, pitch: 7.62 mm, label 2: T- B- T+ B+ PE W V U coding A: 0000
	Idual 2. 1- D- 1+ D+ FL W V U Coulling A. 0000

Table 146: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	·

Table 147: Terminal blocks - Model numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

4.1.2.4.2.3 Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1
General information			
Slots for plug-in modules		1	
Certifications		·	
CE		Yes	
UL		cULus E225616	
UL		Power conversion equipment	
F40			
EAC		Yes	
KC		Yes	
Mains connection			
Network configurations		TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded neutral	
Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 480 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50 / 60 Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 7.5 kVA	Max. 1	0 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 45 A	
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s	
Integrated line filter per EN 61800-3, category C3		No 1)	
		140 /	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Power dissipation at device nominal power without	[(60 + 6.9	* P _{AVG} [kW] + 7.5 * (I _{AX1} [A] + I _{AX2} [A] +	+ I _{AX3} [A]) +
braking resistor		$_{1}^{2}$ [A] + I_{BR2}^{2} [A] + I_{BR3}^{2} [A]) + P_{VSLOT}) *	
Max. cable length	(51)	3 m ³⁾	
DC bus connection		<u> </u>	
Continuous power 4)	3 kW ⁵⁾	4 k)	A/ 5)
·	3 KVV -7	4 8	77 -7
Reduction of continuous power depending on			
mains input voltage	0.114/ # /84-1	4118/ + /84-1 1 1	. H B.C. / 400 \ D
Mains input voltage <3x 400 VAC	3 kW * (Mains input voltage [V] / 400 V)	4 kW * (Mains input	voltage [V] / 400 V)
DC bus capacitance		470 μF	
Terminal connection cross sections			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		3 m ⁶⁾	
		3111-7	
24 VDC power supply		041/20 -050/	
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		5500 μF	
Current consumption	1.	2 A + Current for motor holding brake	e ⁷⁾
Terminal connection cross sections			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. cable length		30 m	
Motor connection		JU III	
Quantity	4 / 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3	
Continuous power per motor connection 8)	1 / 1 / 1 kW ⁹⁾	2 / 2 / 2 kW ¹⁰⁾	4 / 4 / 4 kW ¹⁰⁾
Continuous current per motor connection 8)	2.2 / 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Accuracy of the safe current 11)			
Safety function SLT 12)			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 ¹³⁾	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.545 A	1.10.2.x: 1.714 A	1.10.2.x: 2.035 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.244 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.421 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.754 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13)	0.555 A	0.688 A	0.936 A
Safety function SBT 12)			
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 3 13)	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.2.x: 1.441 A	1.10.2.x: 1.501 A	1.10.2.x: 1.613 A
	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade	Hardware upgrade
	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.136 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.199 A	1.10.3.0 or later: 1.317 A
SIL 2 / PL d / Cat. 2 13)	0.5	19 A	0.592 A

Table 148: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Order number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1
Reduction of continuous current depending on			
switching frequency 14)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	No red	luction	0.373 A/K (starting at 45.2°C) 15)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	No reduction	0.154 A/K (starting at 46.5°C)	0.154 A/K (starting at 18.5°C)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.075 A/K (starting at 37.1°C) 16)	0.075 A/K (starting at 6.4°C) 16)	0.075 A/K (starting at -50.9°C) 16)
Reduction of continuous current depending on in-	,	, ,	, , ,
stallation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	2.5 kW	5 kW ¹⁷⁾	10 kW ¹⁷⁾
Nominal switching frequency	2.0 KV	5 kHz	TO KW
Possible switching frequencies 18)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz ¹⁹⁾	
Insulation stress of the connected motor per IEC		Limit value curve A	
TS 60034-25:2004		Limit value curve A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
·		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection			
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ²⁰⁾	
Variant			
U, V, W, PE		Connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine-stranded wires			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor cable length depending on switching			
frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		75 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		38 m ²¹⁾	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		19 m ²¹⁾	
Motor holding brake connection		10111	
Quantity		3	
Output voltage ²²⁾	Dono	ends on the input voltage on connect	tor V2
	Бере		101 72
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
**			
Overload and short-circuit protection		Yes	
		Yes Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection			
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring		Yes Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext.		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext.		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴) Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length	F	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No	4)
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus	F	Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m	N)
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub 00 m between 2 stations (segment	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length Transfer rate		Yes Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length Transfer rate Encoder interfaces		Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m COWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub 00 m between 2 stations (segment 100 Mbit/s	
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length Transfer rate Encoder interfaces Quantity	Max. 1	Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m COWERLINK V2 controlled node (Ct) 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub 100 m between 2 stations (segment 100 Mbit/s	length)
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length Transfer rate Encoder interfaces Quantity Type	Max. 1	Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m COWERLINK V2 controlled node (CP 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub 00 m between 2 stations (segment 100 Mbit/s 3 al multi-encoder interface, configura	length)
Overload and short-circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Max. cable length Braking resistor ²⁴⁾ Peak power int./ext. Continuous power int./ext. Minimum braking resistance (ext.) Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine-stranded wires With wire end sleeves Approbation data UL/C-UL-US CSA Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. cable length Fieldbus Type Variant Cable length Transfer rate Encoder interfaces Quantity	Max. 1	Yes Yes Approx. 30 mA Approx. 23 V 75 m ²³⁾ 7 kW / 25 kW 150 W / 2 kW 25 Ω 0.25 to 4 mm ² 24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG No Short-circuit protection: Yes Ground fault protection: No 3 m COWERLINK V2 controlled node (Ct) 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub 100 m between 2 stations (segment 100 Mbit/s	length)

Table 148: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Order number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1			
Electrical isolation					
Encoder - ACOPOS P3	No				
Max. encoder cable length	75 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in	n the encoder cable ²⁷⁾			
Encoder power supply					
Output voltage	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ±0.1 V ²⁸⁾²⁹⁾			
Load capacity	Max. 300 mA				
Sense lines	2, compensation of max. 2x 0.7 V				
Protective measures	V				
Short-circuit proof Overload-proof	Yes Yes				
Synchronous serial interface					
Signal transmission	RS485 30)				
Data transfer rate	Depends on the configured encoder ty	rpe			
Differential voltage 31)					
Minimum	2.0 V				
Maximum	6.0 V				
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{ENCODER} [W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) +	0.5 W ³²⁾			
Trigger inputs	-				
Quantity	2 Sint				
Circuit Electrical isolation	Sink	-			
Input - ACOPOS P3	Yes				
Input - Input	Yes				
Input voltage	100	-			
Nominal	24 VDC				
Maximum	30 VDC				
Switching threshold					
Low	<5 V				
High	>15 V				
Input current at nominal voltage					
Switching delay	∠F1.∪0				
Rising edge Falling edge	<51 μs <52 μs				
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V				
Terminal connection cross section					
Flexible and fine-stranded wires					
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 2.5 mm ²				
Approbation data					
UL/C-UL-US	26 to 12 AWG				
CSA	26 to 12 AWG				
Max. cable length	100 m				
Support Motion system					
mapp Motion	5.00.0 and higher				
ACP10/ARNC0	3.14.1 and higher	3.14.0 and higher			
Operating conditions	·				
Permissible mounting orientations					
Hanging vertically	Yes				
Standing horizontally	Yes				
Installation elevation above sea level					
Nominal Maximum	0 to 500 m 4000 m				
Pollution degree per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)				
Overvoltage category per EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive politition)				
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20 ³³⁾				
Ambient conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Minimum	-25°C ³⁴)				
Nominal	5 to 40°C				
Maximum	55°C -25 to 55°C				
Storage Transport	-25 to 55 C -25 to 70°C				
Relative humidity	-23 10 70 0				
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing				
Storage	5 to 95%				
Transport	95% at 40°C				

Table 148: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Order number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical properties			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 148: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (8x0F...).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{\text{AX1}},\,I_{\text{AX2}},\,I_{\text{AX3}}\,...$ RMS value of the current on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}},\,I_{\text{BR3}}$... Nominal current of the motor holding brake on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

- B) Maximum cable length between line filter and mains connection on the module.
- 4) Valid for mains input voltage ≥3x 400 VAC.

The sum of the continuous power values on all motor connections and the power of the DC bus connector is not permitted to exceed this value.

- 5) The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 6) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet.
 - Maximum length of the DC bus wiring inside a control cabinet.
- 7) Current consumption depends on the respective configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
 - The inrush current of the 24 VDC power supply is not limited by the module.
- 8) Valid under the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 9) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 3 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 10) The total continuous power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 4 kW. The continuous power is reduced as a percentage of the continuous current if the continuous current is subject to derating.
- 11) The accuracy of the safe current is relevant for safety functions SLT and SBT, which are based on the safe current measurement. Safety functions SBT, SLT and SSO are available starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.0 and only for 8EI servo drives with 8ZELxxxx revision D0 or later. See the device information on the left side cover of the servo drive.
- 12) This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.
- 13) These values apply up to the continuous current specified in the technical data (taking into account the respective derating specifications).
- 14) The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 15) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 16) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 17) The total peak power of all motor connections is not permitted to exceed 10 kW.
- 18) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases CPU utilization.
- 19) A switching frequency of 20 kHz is not recommended when using safety function SLT, SBT or SSO since availability problems may occur.
- 20) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output ("Power unit: Limit speed exceeded").
- 21) The sum of the cable lengths of all motor cables connected to this module is not permitted to exceed this value.
- 22) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. For the operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 23) During configuration, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the intended cable length. For the permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake, see the user documentation for the motor being used.
- 24) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 5) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 26) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 27) Maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m is not permitted to exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

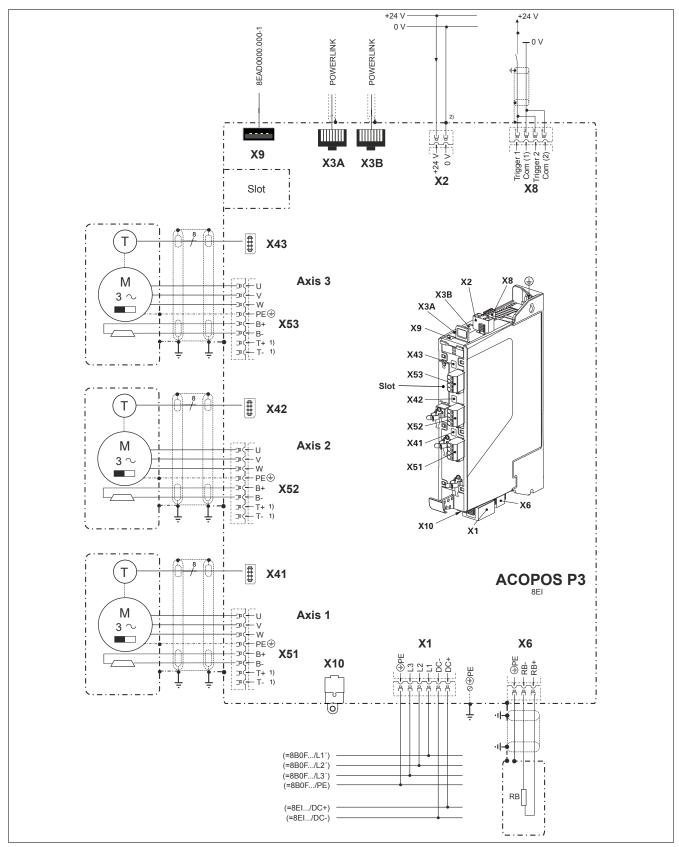
- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178)
- 28) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (with the exception of encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 29) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - 8EI servo drive with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher see the device information on the left side cover of the 8EI servo drive
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.15.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxD... 2-axis modules and 8ElxxxxxT... 3-axis modules)
 - ACOPOS operating system 3.17.0 and higher (for 8ElxxxxxS... 1-axis modules)
- 30) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 31) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 32) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $\mbox{U}_{\mbox{\tiny 24V}} \mbox{ ... } \mbox{Input voltage on the +24 VDC input of the module}$
- 33) The specified degree of protection is only met if either the slot cover is installed on the module or an 8EAC plug-in module is installed and suitable terminals are connected to all connectors and all fans are installed.

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34) Only permitted for modules with 8ZEL... Revision E0 and higher. See the device information on the left side cover of the module. During storage or transport, sudden temperature changes may cause condensation or icing in the module. The module is only permitted to be commissioned if it is free of condensation or icing at the time of commissioning.

4.1.2.5 Wiring

4.1.2.5.1 Pinout overview



- 1) A temperature sensor does not need to be connected when using 8ECHxxx hybrid motor cables since the motor temperature is transferred digitally.
- 2) The COM connection on the X2 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential!

4.1.2.5.2 X1 connector - Pinout

Mains voltage 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

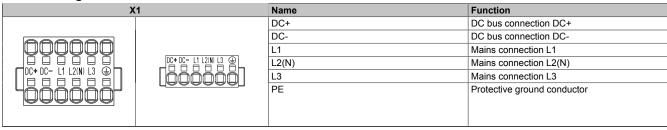


Table 149: Connector X1 - Pinout

Warning!

Only DC bus circuits of 8EI servo drives with the same supply voltage range are permitted to be connected.

Notice!

The max. permissible mains voltage for 8ElxxxM... servo drives is 230 VAC!

Connecting to mains voltages > 230 VAC will result in irreparable damage to the servo drive!

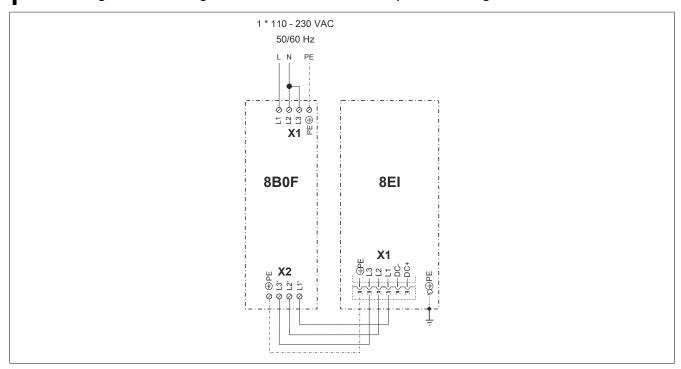


Figure 51: Mains connection 1x 110 - 230 VAC

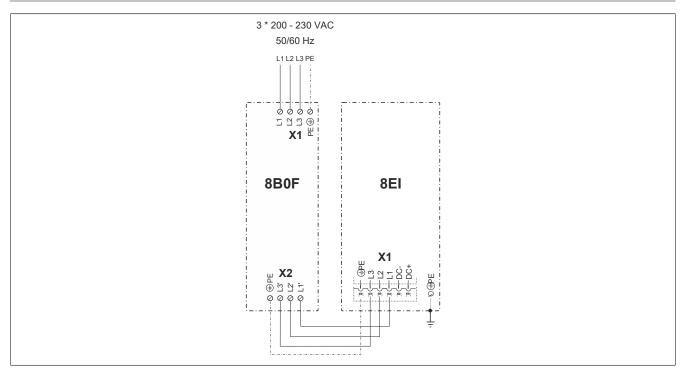


Figure 52: Mains connection 3x 200 - 230 VAC

Mains voltage 3x 200 to 480 VAC

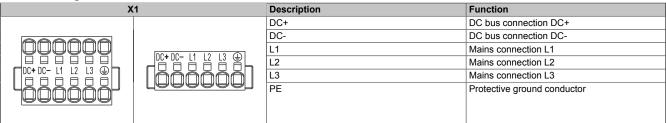


Table 150: Connector X1 - Pinout

Warning!

Only DC bus circuits of 8EI servo drives with the same supply voltage range are permitted to be connected.

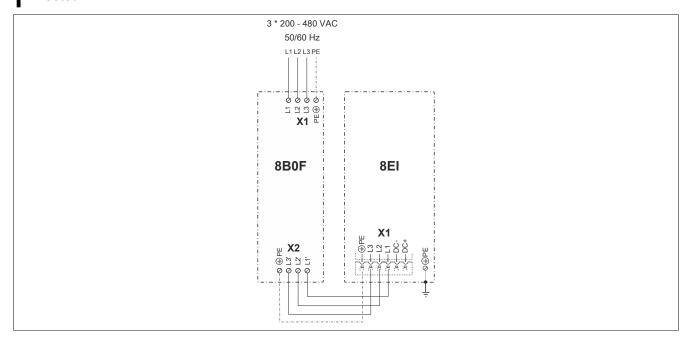


Figure 53: Mains connection 3x 200 - 480 VAC

4.1.2.5.3 Connector X2 - Pinout

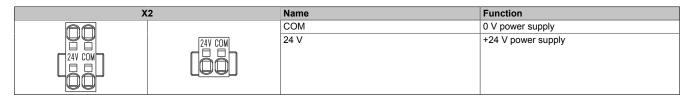


Table 151: Connector X2 - Pinout

4.1.2.5.4 Connectors X3A, X3B - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 152: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

4.1.2.5.5 X4x connector (digital multi-encoder interface) - Pinout

X4x	Pin	Name	Function
	1	U _P	Encoder power supply +12 V
127 Da 127 D	2	Т	Clock output
8 6 4 2	3		
7 5 3 1	4	T\	Clock output inverted
	5		
	6	D	Data
	7	U _n	Encoder power supply 0 V
	8	D\	Data inverted

Table 153: X4x connector - Pinout

4.1.2.5.6 Connector X5x - Pinout

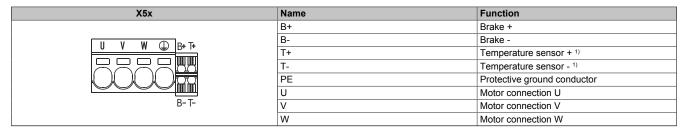


Table 154: Connector X5x - Pinout

1) A temperature sensor does not need to be connected when using a hybrid motor cable solution since the motor temperature is transferred digitally.

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. As a result, only devices or components that have at least safe isolation per IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1 are permitted to be connected to these connections.

Information:

B&R recommends wiring the ACOPOS P3 X5x motor connectors in the following order:

- 1. X51
- 2. X52
- 3. X53

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4.1.2.5.7 Connector X6 - Pinout

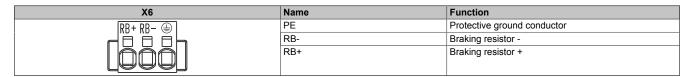


Table 155: Connector X6 - Pinout

Danger!

During operation, the contacts of connector X6 carry dangerous voltages greater than 60 VDC. Touching one of these contacts can result in a life-threatening electric shock. This could result in death or severe injury.

For this reason, terminal block 8TB3103.222A-20 or 8TB4103.222A-10 must always be connected to connector X6 during operation.

4.1.2.5.8 Connector X8 - Pinout

X8	Pin	Name	Function
	1	Trigger 1	Trigger 1
	2	COM (1)	Trigger 1 0 V
	3	Trigger 2	Trigger 2
	4	COM (2)	Trigger 2 0 V

Table 156: Connector X8 - Pinout

4.1.2.5.9 Connector X10 - Pinout

In preparation

4.1.3 Setting POWERLINK node numbers

ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives do not have node number switches and are delivered with the node number set to 0. There are 2 ways to set the node number:

- · Setting with dynamic node allocation (DNA) in Automation Studio
- Setting with the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module

Information:

If an ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive is supplied with 24 VDC and its node number is set to 0, then LED "PLK" is lit solid red.

Information:

Node numbers in the range 001 to 239 are permitted.

Node number 000 and in the range 240 to 255 are reserved and not permitted.

Information:

A node number set using the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module is only applied the next time the 24 VDC power supply of the ACOPOS P3 8E1 servo drive is switched back on.

Setting with dynamic node allocation (DNA)

Information:

The node number of the first ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive in an ACOPOS P3 drive system can only be set using DNA if it is connected via POWERLINK directly to the controller or another POWERLINK-capable module (in DNA mode) that can switch hub ports (e.g. X20BC...).

If this is not the case, the node number of the first ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive in an ACOPOS P3 drive system can only be set using the 8EAD000.0000-00 display module.

Information:

Setting the node number using DNA only works on ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives with node number 0 (factory setting).

See also section "Dynamic node allocation (DNA)" in Automation Help.

Setting with the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module

See "Accessories / Display module 8EAD0000.000-1" in the ACOPOS P3 user's manual.

4.2 Installation

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Installation".

4.3 Dimensioning

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Dimensioning".

4.4 Wiring

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Wiring".

5 System characteristics

5.1 Integrated (network-based) safety technology - SafeMOTION

5.1.1 General information

5.1.1.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented using an integrated SafeMOTION module on ACOPOS-multi inverter modules and the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION inverter unit.

One SafeMOTION module is integrated in the safe drive for each safe axis.

A SafeMOTION module is the equivalent of a safe node and performs the safety functions on the drive.

Only 1-axis modules are available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos.

Information:

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

A safe 2-axis module includes two SafeMOTION modules. It is therefore the equivalent of one POWER-LINK node and two safe nodes. This should be taken into consideration when designing the system.

Information:

The user is not able to connect or disconnect the SafeMOTION module! This means that a standard axis (ACOPOSmulti, ACOPOS P3, ACOPOSmotor) cannot be retrofitted!

5.1.1.2 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

On ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented as an integrated option.

On ACOPOS P3 servo drives, up to 3 axes are integrated in a SafeMOTION module.

An ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive corresponds to a safe node (regardless of the number of axes integrated in a SafeMOTION module) and executes the safety function on the drive.

Information:

The user is not able to connect or disconnect the SafeMOTION module! This means that a standard axis (ACOPOSmulti, ACOPOS P3, ACOPOSmotor) cannot be retrofitted!

5.1.2 Safety functions

The following safety functions are supported by the SafeMOTION module:

Safety function	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION		EN ISO 13849-1		EN 61508 / EN 62061		Safe Encoder
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	evaluation Necessary
	Starting ty Re	in Safe-					•
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL e / Cat. 4	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	Time-based moni- toring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based moni- toring: PL d / Cat. 3	toring: PL e / Cat. 4	Time-based moni- toring: SIL 3 Ramp-based moni- toring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.9	R 1.9	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	-	R 1.7	-	Max. PL d / Cat. 3, depends on the en- coder used	-	Max. SIL 2, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.9	-	PL d / Cat. 3		SIL 2	-	Yes

Table 157: ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation Necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / Cat. 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 158: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation Necessary
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 158: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

Safety function	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation
		Necessary		
	Starting with hard- ware upgrade			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	1.10.x.x	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	1.10.x.x	Time-based monitoring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / Cat. 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	1.10.x.x ²⁾	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes ¹⁾
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	1.10.2.x	PL d / Cat. 3 PL d / Cat. 2	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Torque (SLT)	1.10.2.x	PL d / Cat. 3 PL d / Cat. 2	SIL 2	No
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 159: ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

For details about the individual safety functions, see section 6 "Safety technology" on page 285.

¹⁾ Safe encoder evaluation is not necessary in conjunction with SSO.

²⁾ Supported in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later in conjunction with SSO.

5.2 Integrated safety technology

Seamless integration of safety technology in the standard application is a reality with B&R's safety technology products. This allows fixed wiring to be replaced by safe data transfer via the existing machine bus system. Flexibly configured or programmed safety behavior can be adapted optimally to various safety situations. Complete diagnostic information about safety components accessible via the machine bus system provides detailed data about the state of the machine.

Insufficient protection from manipulation and the inadequacy of existing safety solutions provide some justification for dangerous behavior when it comes to operating the machine. The possibilities provided by the latest safety technology allow considerable potential for improvement here. In the pursuit of improving machine safety, safety technology guidelines are continually updated according to the current technological situation. Consequently, improvements become mandatory. B&R's integrated safety technology is state-of-the-art and meets both current and expected future demands on safety components.

Safety shutdowns do not always have to involve a full machine stop. When opening a protective cover, it is often sufficient to reduce the speed. Smart, safe reactions to various situations provide safety without having to stop the production process. The machine does not need to be emptied and set up again, and manipulation is not necessary. This results in real advantages for the user that can be implemented with programmable safety behavior.

Integrated safety technology products are certified for use in safety applications up to:

- EN ISO 13849, PL e / Cat. 4
- IEC 62061, SIL 3
- IEC 61508, SIL 3
- IEC 61511, SIL 3

The actual level of safety achieved depends on the respective safety function and the components being used!

A cycle time of 400 µs for SIL 3 SafeMOTION safety applications is a new dimension for safe communication. Response times decrease by a factor of 10, and the advantages of hard-wired solutions are combined with the possibilities of advanced, integrated and intelligent safety bus technology. POWERLINK and openSAFETY accomplish all this using only standard Ethernet mechanisms. As a result, these protocols can be combined with all conventional and, more important, newer Ethernet profiles. openSAFETY is the fastest and most flexible real-time safety bus system on the market.

The reduction to a single cable allows safety-related data to be transferred using the existing infrastructure. Additional cabling of a safe line is not necessary. Transparent and non-reactive access of secure data is an integral part of functional machine control. Complicated communication mechanisms between the safety application and standard application are also no longer necessary. Smart, safe reactions instead of hard machine stops provide advantages for processes, help to avoid manipulation and therefore increase the value of machines.

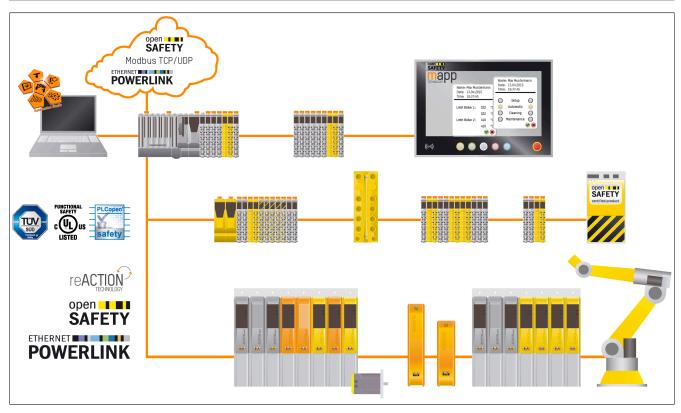


Figure 54: Integrated safety technology - Topology

5.3 System requirements

Integrated safety technology requires the use of the following software and hardware:

- POWERLINK V2
- Automation Studio V3.0.80 or higher
- Automation Studio V4.2.5.x or higher (Safety Release 1.10 or later)
- · Automation Runtime V3.00 or higher
- ACP10 software V2.180 or higher (for Safety Release R1.3 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)
- ACP10 software V2.250 or higher (starting with Safety Release R1.3 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)
- ACP10 software V2.391 or higher (starting with Safety Release R1.3 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)
- ACP10 software V2.480 or higher (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Safety Release R1.9 or later)
- ACP10 software V3.140 or higher (Safety Release 1.10 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION or later)
- ACP10 software V3.161 or higher (Safety Release 1.10 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION or later)
- ACP10 software V5.040 or higher (hardware upgrade 1.10.2 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION or later)
- ACP10 software V5.051 or higher (hardware upgrade 1.10.2 or later if library "SafeMC" is required for safe machine options)
- SG4 CPUs

5.4 System limits

The following limitations exist when using SafeMOTION modules:

- A SafeMOTION module basically corresponds to a safe node³⁾. Additionally, each drive module equates
 to one POWERLINK node.
- A SafeMOTION module can only communicate safely with one (1) SafeLOGIC controller with SafeMOTION support (see SafeLOGIC data sheets X20SL80xx, X20SL81xx and X20SLXx10 on www.br-automation.com). It is not possible for a SafeMOTION module to communicate safely with multiple SafeLOGIC controllers or with other safe modules (other SafeIO, SafeMOTION, etc.).
- The output-side payload data size of the SafeLOGIC controller is limited to 1490 bytes. Among other things, this limitation reduces the resulting number of usable SafeIO or SafeMOTION modules during SafeLOGIC-to-SafeLOGIC communication.
- The safe state is implemented in B&R safety modules by cutting off the output. This is a design feature of the modules and cannot be changed.
 - This is particularly important for SafeMOTION modules since the safe state cuts off the torque on the motor!

Danger!

After the safe state (STO) is activated or in state FAIL SAFE, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force.

If the motor was moving before STO is activated, it is only stopped by a safe motor holding brake (if available) or by the friction of the complete system!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

The safety response time must be taken into consideration since this has a substantial effect on the residual distances and remaining times to be considered!

In order to calculate the total safety response time, the user must validate the rundown time of the complete system! For the switch-off time, see 5.5 "Safety response time" on page 272.

³⁾ ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules: A SafeMOTION module is integrated into a single-axis inverter module, i.e. one safe node. A 2-axis inverter module has two integrated SafeMOTION modules, i.e. two safe nodes.

5.5 Safety response time

The safety response time is the time between the arrival of the signal on the input channel and the output of the cutoff signal on the output.

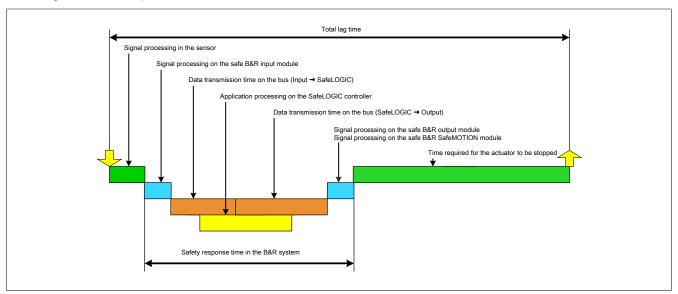


Figure 55: Total lag time

As illustrated in the figure, the safety response time in the B&R system is composed of the following partial response times:

- Signal processing on the safe B&R input module
- Data transmission time on the bus (Input → SafeLOGIC)
- Data transmission time on the bus (SafeLOGIC → Output)
- Signal processing in the safe B&R output module (or safe B&R SafeMOTION module)

Danger!

The following sections are dedicated exclusively to the safety response time in the B&R system. When assessing the complete safety response time, the user must include signal processing in the sensor as well as the time until the actuator is stopped.

Be sure to validate the total lag time on the system!

Information:

The safety response time in B&R products already contains all delays caused by sampling input data (sampling theorem).

5.5.1 Signal processing on the safe B&R input module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R input module.

5.5.2 Data transmission time on the bus

The following relationship must be taken into consideration for the data transmission time on the bus:

- The time needed to transfer data from the input to the SafeLOGIC controller or to the output depends on the sum of the cycle times and CPU copy times in effect on the transfer line.
- POWERLINK MN (managing node, standard CPU) settings are important for the actual timing on the bus, but they cannot be used from a safety point of view since the values can be changed at any time in the course of modifications made outside of the safety application.
- In the SafeLOGIC controller, data transmission times are monitored on the bus using openSAFETY services. The time needed to process the application on the SafeLOGIC controller is taken into account in this test (system-dependent). Monitoring is defined in SafeDESIGNER using the parameters in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if modified parameters on the POWERLINK MN alter the data transmission times on the bus so that they lie outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if EMC disturbances cause data failures that fall outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in parameter group "Safety Response Time".

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - up to Release 1.9:

- The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated by adding parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe input module and parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual_Configuration". If parameter "Manual_Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default_Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" is used.
- Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module:

 The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated by adding parameter "Cycle_Time_max_us" + 2000 µs and parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual_Configuration". If parameter "Manual_Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default Worst Case Response Time us" is used.

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - Release 1.10 and later:

The following parameters are relevant for calculating the data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module; parameter "Manual Configuration" deserves special attention.

- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = No":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Default Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Default Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 12 ms
 - "PacketLoss2": Same as "PacketLoss1"
 - "DataDuration2": Same as "DataDuration1"
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": Same as "NetworkSyncCompensation1"
- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = Yes":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe input module
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe input module
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 12 ms
 - "PacketLoss2": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe output module
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Response Time" of the safe output module
 - "NetworkSyncCompensation2": Same as "NetworkSyncCompensation1"

Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module:

- "PacketLoss1": 0
- "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 µs
- "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 0 ms

Special case: Local outputs on the X20SLX module:

- "PacketLoss2": 0
- "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 μs
- "NetworkSyncCompensation2": 0 ms

Special case: Linking local inputs with local outputs on the X20SRT module:

- "PacketLoss1": 0
- "PacketLoss2": 0
- "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"
- "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"
- "NetworkSyncCompensation1": 0 ms
- "NetworkSyncCompensation2": 0 ms

The following equation is used to calculate the maximum data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module:

Maximum data transmission time = (PacketLoss1+1)* DataDuration1 + NetworkSyncCompensation1 + (PacketLoss2+1)* DataDuration2 + NetworkSyncCompensation2

Information:

In addition to the data transmission time on the bus, the time for signal processing in the safe B&R input and output module must be taken into account (see section "Safety response time").

Information:

For more information about the actual data transmission time, see Automation Help, section Diagnostics and service -> Diagnostics tools -> Network analyzer -> Editor -> Calculation of safety runtime. The cycle time of the safety application must also be added.

5.5.3 Signal processing on the safe B&R output module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R output module.

5.5.4 Signal processing on the safe B&R SafeMOTION module

The duration of signal processing in the event of a function request depends on the drive module, see Tab. 160 "Error response times" on page 276.

In addition to the signal processing, however, the duration of the communication between the POWERLINK interface and the SafeMOTION module must also be taken into account. In the worst case, this can be 1600 μ s.

Safe error response time

In addition to the signal processing duration in functional situations, the safe error response time is also relevant when setting up safety equipment.

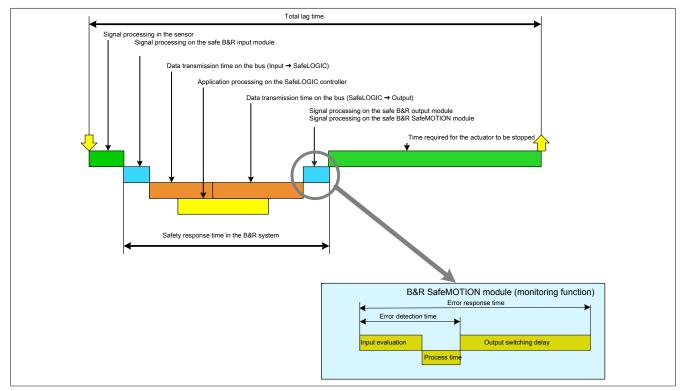


Figure 56: Safe error response time

The safe error response time plays a role if the currently monitored limit is exceeded when a safety function is activated on the SafeMOTION module.

The safe error response time includes:

- Error detection time (input evaluation + process time on the SafeMOTION module)
- · Output switching delay

	ACOPOSmulti EnDat 2.2	ACOPOSmulti SinCos	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOS P3 - 1	ACOPOS P3 -2/3
Process time (functions except	800	800	800	800	1600
SLT) [µs]					
Process time SLT (SLT) [µs]	=	=	-	200	400
Input evaluation (position) [µs]	200 + Process time	200 + Process time	200 + Process time	200 + Process time	200 + Process time
Input evaluation (speed) [µs]	200 + Process time *	200 + Process time *	200 + Cycle * 1.5	200 + Process time *	200 + Process time * 1.5
	1.5	1.5		1.5	
Input evaluation (speed with SSO)	-	-	-	900 + Process time *	900 + Process time * 2.5
[µs]				2.5	
Input evaluation (torque) [µs]	-	-	-	400 + Process time	400 + Process time SLT
				SLT * 2	* 2
Output switching delay (pulse dis-	5000	5000	5000	2000	2000
abling) [µs]					
Output switching delay (brake out-	0	0	0	0	0
put) [µs]					

Table 160: Error response times

	ACOPOSmulti EnDat 2.2	ACOPOSmulti SinCos	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOS P3 - 1	ACOPOS P3 -2/3
Error response time (position functions) [µs]	6800	6800	6800	3800	5400
Error response time (speed functions) [µs]	7200	7200	7200	4200	6200
Error response time (SSO speed functions) [µs]	-	-	-	5700	8500
Error response time (torque functions) [µs]	-	-	-	2800	3200
Error response time (worst case) [µs]	7200	7200	7200	4200	6200
Error response time (SSO worst case) [µs]	-	-	-	5700	8500

Table 160: Error response times

Danger!

For the worst-case safe error response time on the SafeMOTION module, see Tab. 160 "Error response times" on page 276.

When setting up the safety measures, the assumption must be that the drive will accelerate to its maximum within this amount of time.

This speed must be considered together with the speed when the safety function is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed when coasting to a stop!

In addition, the error response time for determining the residual distance must be used when an error occurs in order to determine the maximum distance by which a monitored position limit can be exceeded!

Danger!

For the worst-case safe error response time on the SafeMOTION module, see Tab. 160 "Error response times" on page 276.

For the design of safety equipment, it must be assumed that limitation of the torque for the drive cannot be ensured within this time.

The resulting achievable change in angular momentum must be determined in a risk analysis and is not permitted to result in any hazard!

I/O update time

For the I/O update times of the safe B&R SafeMOTION module, see Tab. 161 "Maximum I/O update time" on page 278 for all drive modules.

Term definition

I update time Time until the encoder data is on the bus to the SL controller (when using the position/speed in the SL

O update time Time until the data from the bus results in a reaction (time until a requested STO on the module is triggered)

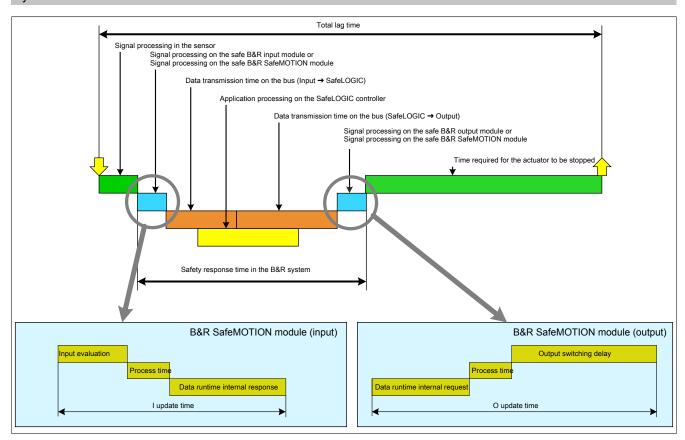


Figure 57: I/O update times

	ACOPOSmulti EnDat 2.2	ACOPOSmulti SinCos	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOS P3 - 1	ACOPOS P3 -2/3
Data runtime internal request [µs]	1200	1200	1200	1250	1250
Data runtime internal response [µs]	1600	1600	1600	1550	1550
I update time (position) [μs]	3400	3400	3400	3350	4950
I update time (speed) [µs]	3800	3800	3800	3750	5750
I update time (speed at SSO) [μs]	-	-	-	5250	8050
O update time (STO / pulse disabling) [µs]	7000	7000	7000	4050	4850
O update time (SBC / holding brake output) [µs]	2000	2000	2000	2050	2850

Table 161: Maximum I/O update time

5.5.5 Calculating the safety response time

Information:

The information in this section applies only up to SafeDESIGNER 4.1.x.

The safety response time can be calculated using the Response Time Calculator. This tool can be opened with "Project \rightarrow Response Time Calculator".

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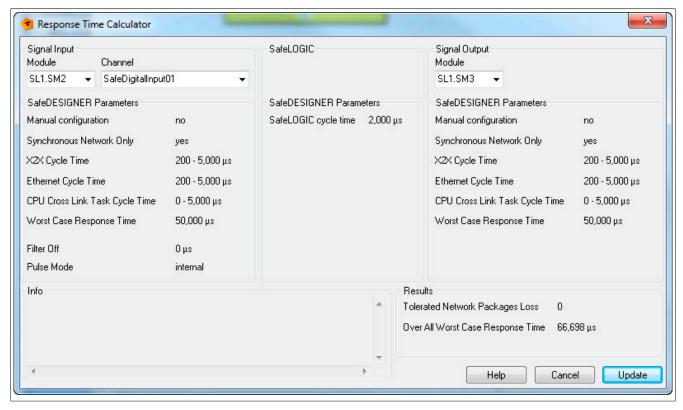


Figure 58: Response Time Calculator

This tool takes the values set in SafeDESIGNER and uses them to calculate the total response time and the tolerated packet loss on the network.

The modules relevant for the calculation can be selected in the "Signal input" and "Signal output" section. The values that are set accordingly are automatically shown in SafeDESIGNER and the total response time is calculated.

If the values set in SafeDESIGNER for the response time calculation result in a longer maximum response time than is set in SafeDESIGNER, the calculation is canceled and the error is shown in the "Info" field.

SafeDESIGNER parameters can also be changed with the dialog box window open. The values are applied either after changing which inputs/outputs are selected or after updating using the "Refresh" button.

System characteristics

Input fields:

Input field	Value	Function	Corresponding SafeDESIGNER parameters
Synchronous network only	Yes	All networks involved in data transfer are synchronous.	Synchronous_Network_Only = Yes
	No	At least one of the networks involved in data transfer is not synchronous.	Synchronous_Network_Only = No
X2X cycle time	200-30,000 μs	X2X cycle time entry for checking the data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller	Min_X2X_CycleTime_us Max_X2X_CycleTime_us
Ethernet cycle time	200-30,000 µs	POWERLINK cycle time entry for checking the data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller	Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us - Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us
CPU cross link task cycle time	0-30,000 µs	Cycle time entry of the CPU cross link task for checking the data transmission time in the SafeL-OGIC controller. See the table below.	
Response time	3000-500,000 μs	Limit value for monitoring the data transmission time on the bus	Worst_Case_Response_Time_us
Filter off	0	A switch-off filter is not being used on the input module.	Filter_Off_us
	1-500,000 µs	A switch-off filter is being used on the input module.	
Pulse mode	External	"External pulse signals" mode is being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = External
	Internal	"Internal pulse signals" mode is being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = Internal
	None	"External pulse signals" mode is not being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = No pulse
SafeLOGIC cycle time	800-20,000 μs	SafeLOGIC cycle time parameter "Cycle_Time_us" from SafeDESIGNER in μs.	Cycle_Time_us

Table 162: Fields in the "Response Time Calculator"

If the SafeLOGIC controller is on a different POWERLINK interface than the SafeIO modules, then the data must be copied to the CPU on its way from the SafeIO modules to the SafeLOGIC controller. An internal system task (CPU_CrossLinkTask) handles this copy procedure. The cycle time of this task is automatically assigned by the system.

It is important to know the configuration options of CPU_CrossLinkTask for monitoring data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller:

Min. CPU cross link task	Max. CPU cross link task	Description
Value > 0	Value > 0	Data is always copied via the CPU. Application situations where data is not copied are detected
		by the SafeLOGIC controller and registered as errors due to the very short runtime.
Value > 0	0	Not a valid combination
No	Value > 0	Runtime monitoring in the SafeLOGIC controller accepts application situations where data is
		copied as well as application situations where it is not.
0	0	Data is never copied via the CPU. Application situations where data is copied are detected by
		the SafeLOGIC controller and registered as errors due to the very long runtime.

Table 163: Meaning of "Min./Max. CPU" parameters

Output fields:

Output field	Value	Function	Corresponding SafeDESIGNER parameters
Tolerated network	0-10	Number of lost packets that are tolerated without	-
packages loss		cutting off the safety function	
Total response time		Resulting safety response time in the B&R system.	-

Table 164: Output fields in the "Response time calculator"

5.5.6 Parameters for the safety response time in SafeDESIGNER

The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER.

For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be configured individually on the respective module.

The parameters and their limits for the SafeMOTION module are described below for each specific module.

Up to SafeDESIGNER 4.1.x:

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit	
Manual_Configuration	This parameter makes safety response time for	it possible to manually and individually configure the the module.	No	-	
	The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be configured individually on the respective module.				
	Danama atau walioa	Description	`		
	Parameter value Yes	Description Data from the module's "Safety_Response_Time	" group is used	o calculate the	
		safety response time for the module's signals.			
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety_Response_Time" group on the SafeLOGI		en from the	
Synchronous_Network_Only	This parameter determine being used.	nes the synchronization characteristics of the network	Yes	-	
	Parameter value	Description			
	Yes	In order to calculate the safety response time, net their cycle times must either be the same or an int	eger ratio of the		
	No	No requirement for synchronization of the network	(S		
Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies the maximum X2X cycle time used to calculate the safety response time.			μs	
Man Davisalials Coals Time		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs	5000	μs	
Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	late the safety response	This parameter specifies the maximum POWERLINK cycle time used to calculate the safety response time.			
Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_ CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies used to calculate the sa	Permissible values: 200 to 25,000 μs This parameter specifies the maximum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU used to calculate the safety response time. The value 0 indicates that a copy task is not included for the response time.			
NOV. O. I. T.		ies: 0 to 25,000 µs			
Min_X2X_CycleTime_us	safety response time.	s the minimum X2X cycle time used to calculate the	200	μs	
Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs s the minimum POWERLINK cycle time used to calcutime.	200	μs	
Min CDU ConsolinteTools		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs			
Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_ CycleTime_us	used to calculate the sat	s the minimum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU fety response time. The value 0 indicates that configuals are also included for the response time.	0	μs	
		ies: 0 to 25,000 μs			
Worst_Case_Response_Time_us		the limit value for monitoring the safety response time.	50000	μs	
Node_Guarding_Lifetime		s the maximum number of attempts to be made dur-	5		
Node_Guarding_Lifetime	ing the time set with par	rameter "Node_Guarding_Timeout_s". The purpose of ure that the module is available.		-	
	Permissible valu	ues: 1 to 255			
	Note				
	nous data traffic				
	ly cutting off act	not critical to safety functionality. The time for safe- tuators is determined independently using parameter esponse_Time_us".			

Table 165: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety_Response_Time

SafeDESIGNER 4.2.x and higher:

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit
Manual Configuration	This parameter makes it possible to manually and individually configure the safety response time for the module. The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these			-
	For application situation response time behavior	ured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. ns in which individual safety functions require optimal r, the parameters for the safety response time can be on the respective module.		
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety Responsetime" groresponse time for the module's signals.	oup is used to cal	culate the safety
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety Responsetime" group on the SafeLOGIC		ken from the
Synchronous Network Only	This parameter determine being used.	ines the synchronization characteristics of the network	Yes	-
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	In order to calculate the safety response time, net their cycle times must either be the same or an int		
	No	No requirement for synchronization of the network	(S	
Safe Data Duration	This parameter specifies the data transmission time between the SafeLOGIC controller and SafeIO module.			μs
Additional Tolerated Packet Loss		ues: 500 to 30,000,000 µs s the number of additional tolerated lost packets during	0	Packages
	Permissible values: 0 to 20			
Packets per Node Guarding	ing.	s the maximum number of packets used for node guard-	5	Packages
	Permissible value	ues: 1 to 255		
	Note			
	nous data traffic			
		ot critical to safety functionality. The time for safely cut- is is determined independently of this.		

Table 166: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety Responsetime

5.5.7 Minimum signal lengths

The parameters in group "Safety Response Time" in SafeDESIGNER influence the maximum number of data packets that are permitted to fail without triggering a safety response. These parameters therefore act like a switch-off filter. If several data packets are lost within the tolerated amount, safety signals may not be detected if their low phase is shorter than the determined data transmission time.

Danger!

Lost signals can result in serious safety errors. Check all signals to determine the smallest possible pulse length and make sure that it is larger than the determined data transmission time.

Suggested solution:

- The switch-on filter can be used to extend the low phase of a signal on the input module.
- Low phases of signals from the SafeLOGIC controller can be lengthened with restart interlock functions or timer function blocks.

5.6 Detecting errors within the module

Module-internal errors are detected promptly with the diagnostic coverage (DC) specified in the respective safety function in accordance with the requirements of the standards listed in the certificate. After this occurs, the module reverts back to a safe state within the safe error response time.

The internal module tests needed for this are only performed, however, if the module's firmware has been booted and the module is in either state PREOPERATIONAL or state OPERATIONAL. If this state is not achieved (because the module has not been configured in the application, for example), then the module will remain in state BOOT or PRE OPERATIONAL.

The red "SE" LED makes it possible to evaluate the following critical states:

- State BOOT or PRE OPERATIONAL
- Incompatible firmware version
- Error state that cannot be acknowledged
 - Module error, e.g. defective RAM, defective CPU
 - Overtemperature/Undertemperature
 - ° Overvoltage/Undervoltage
 - Incorrect configuration
 - ..

The current module state is clearly indicated by the following blink sequences of LED "SE".

LED	Color	Status	Description
SE or	Red	Off	Mode RUN, firmware in state OPERATIONAL or I/O component not supplied with voltage
FAILSAFE		1s	Boot phase, defective processor or missing X2X link (for X2X modules)
		1 s	Safety state PRE OPERATIONAL or "SafeOSstate!=RUN" (for SafeLOGIC controllers) Modules that are not used in the SafeDESIGNER application remain in state PRE OPERATIONAL.
		15	Safe communication channel not OK, openSAFETY connection valid problem or "SafeOSstate!=RUN" (for SafeLOGIC controllers) If the module remains in this state for a longer time, parameter "Safe data duration" must be checked.
			The firmware of the module is a non-certified pilot customer version, or the safety application was created with a test or pilot version of SafeDESIGNER.
		1 s	Boot phase, faulty firmware or setup mode active For details about setup mode, see section "Setup mode".
			SafeDESIGNER in "Debug" mode (for SafeLOGIC controllers)
		On	Safety state of the entire module active, error state that cannot be acknowledged (state FAIL SAFE)
	LED "FAILS	AFE" or the "SE" LEDs describe the	e states in the safety processors.

Danger!

Danger from an accumulation of errors due to missing module diagnostics

In critical states (BOOT, PRE OPERATIONAL or error), the necessary module-internal tests are not performed.

Permanent operation of the safety modules in a critical state is not permitted!

Safe output channels STO and SBC control safe pulse disabling and the safe motor holding brake output and thus form the basis of the idle current principle.

The safe output channels are only tested in the switched-on state (STO or SBC enabled).

For output channels that are switched off (STO or SBC not enabled) or in critical states (BOOT, PRE OPERATION-AL or error), the required internal system tests are not performed.

The calculation of the safety characteristics is based on the execution of the channel tests at least every 24 hours in order to be able to exclude an accumulation of errors.

In order for the module-internal tests to be fully completed, the output channels must be in the switched-on state for at least 1500 ms. This ensures that both the high-side and low-side switches are tested.

In order to meet the requirements of the respective application-specific standards, the output channels must be tested by the user in the application by switching on the safe output channels (STO, SBC) for at least 1500 ms at least every 24 hours.

This means that pulse disabling must be enabled and the motor holding brake (if used) must be released. The controller does not need to be switched on for this. An error entry is not made if this condition is not met.

Danger!

Danger from an accumulation of errors due to missing module diagnostics

A safe output channel (STO, SBC) is only permitted to be switched off for a maximum of 24 hours. The channel must be switched on for at least 1500 ms by the end of this period so that the module-internal channel tests can be performed.

6 Safety technology

6.1 Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION

6.1.1 General information

The safety functions integrated in the drive open up entirely new possibilities for guaranteeing the safety of personnel while maintaining maximum machine availability.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with integrated safety technology round off the B&R safety concept and make it possible to design an entire safety application using state-of-the-art products from B&R.

Information:

Due to the internal cycle time on the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, the POWERLINK cycle time must be set to 400 µs or a whole-number multiple of 400 µs.

The products are intended for use worldwide, in the following areas for example:

- · Automotive industry
- · Electrical industry
- Beverages industry
- Food industry
- · Glass and cement building materials industry
- · Handling robotics industry
- Metal industry
- Packaging industry
- · Paper printing industry
- · Pharmaceutical industry
- Plastics industry
- Textile industry
- · Transport systems
- · Wood handling and processing industry

This list shows typical areas of application but is by no means complete.

Danger!

B&R drive systems and servo motors have been designed, developed and manufactured for conventional use in industrial environments. They were not designed, developed and manufactured for any use involving serious risks or hazards that could lead to death, injury, serious physical impairment or loss of any kind without the implementation of exceptionally stringent safety precautions.

In particular, these risks include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, in flight control or flight safety systems as well as in the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems or weapons systems.

6.1.2 Safe power transmission system

The main components of a safe power transmission system are the safe inverter module or servo drive, the encoder cable, the motor cable and a motor with a position encoder that meets the requirements for use in integrated safety technology.

The following components are permanently installed:

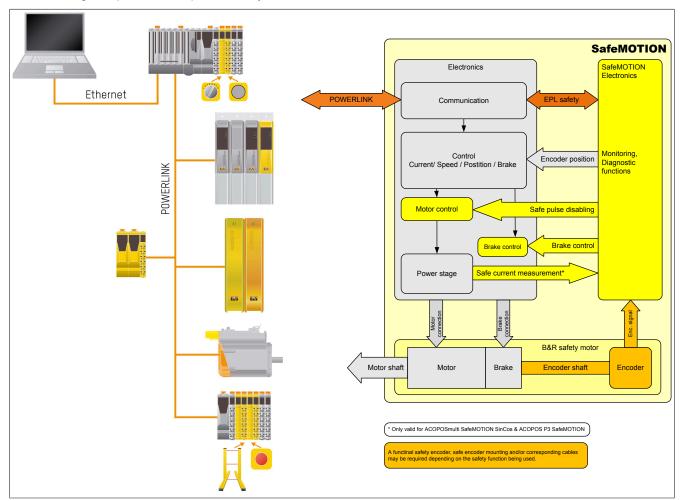


Figure 59: Safe power transmission system

Safe drive module

The safe drive module basically consists of a standard module with additional SafeMOTION hardware and firmware.

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented using an integrated SafeMOTION module on ACOPOS-multi inverter modules and the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION inverter unit.

One SafeMOTION module is integrated in the safe drive for each safe axis. A safe 1-axis module includes one permanent installed SafeMOTION module and is the equivalent of one POWERLINK node and one safe node.

With ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, a 2-axis module contains two permanently installed SafeMOTION modules and corresponds to one POWERLINK node and two safe nodes.

On ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented as an integrated option. On ACOPOS P3 servo drives, up to 3 axes are integrated in a SafeMOTION module. An ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive corresponds to a safe node (regardless of the number of axes integrated in a SafeMOTION module).

As before, actual control is performed via the standard application and is not safety-related. The additional SafeMOTION components provides safety-related monitoring of predefined limits based on requirements, however. If these limits are exceeded, the SafeMOTION module activates safe pulse disabling and the motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V.

6.1.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Motor with safe position encoder

In order to be able to use all safety functions, the use of an EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder from Heidenhain is mandatory! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!

B&R safety motors (Sx, D4/D5, D8/D9, DA/DB, Z8/Z9 encoder option)

For motors with the Sx, D4/D5, D8/D9, DA/DB, Z8/Z9 encoder option, the EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is installed in strict accordance with Heidenhain's installation guidelines.

In this way, encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage can be ruled out as a mechanical error.

Danger!

Encoders used with B&R safety motors (Sx, D4/D5, D8/D9, DA/DB,Z8/Z9 encoder option) are only permitted to be replaced by B&R!

If the encoder is replaced by someone other than B&R, it is no longer permitted to assume that mechanical errors such as encoder slippage or shaft breakage can be ruled out.

B&R standard motors (B8/B9, D0/D1 encoder option)

For motors with the B8/B9, D0/D1 encoder option, the SafeMOTION module can sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage in some applications. In this case, the application must meet all requirements specified under 6.2.3.3.3 "Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring" on page 312 and all limitations listed in this section must be taken into account. Under these conditions, B&R standard motors can also be used for safety applications!

Combining B&R motors with gearboxes

Danger!

When combining B&R motors with gearboxes, the mechanical connection between the motor and gearbox does not meet "functional safety" requirements. It is not possible to rule out slippage or breakage.

For combinations of B&R motors and gearboxes, only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION), SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION), and Safe Speed).

The use of B&R motor-gearbox combinations is <u>not</u> permitted with <u>hanging loads and other comparable applications</u> where breakage between the motor and gearbox would result in a dangerous situation!

Encoder cable

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with a male DSUB connector. Please note the instructions in the "Cable connection via male DSUB connector" section under 2.6.1.3.1 "Wiring / General information / Connection diagrams for ground and shield connections / 8BVI inverter modules with SafeMOTION (1-axis modules)" on page 158.

Information:

Only B&R 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with using a mini I/O connector. See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Wiring".

Information:

Only 8ECF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8ECH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces!

Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables or B&R 8BCH hybrid motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8ECM motor cables from B&R or 8ECH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be wired to the motor connections!

6.1.2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Available safety functions

In order to use all of the available safety functions, the encoders used must meet the requirements listed in section 6.2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 302. Note that fault exclusion is required for encoder slippage and encoder shaft breakage and that the encoder installation must therefore be evaluated accordingly.

If encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage is covered only by the lag error monitoring performed by the SafeMOTION module, then the safety-related use of the Safe Homing, SLP and SMP safety functions is not permitted!

Compatible B&R standard motors (Ex encoder option)

For B&R standard motors, the SafeMOTION module can sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage in some safety applications. In this case, the safety application must meet all of the requirements specified under 6.2.3.3.3 "Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring" on page 312, and all limitations listed in this section must be taken into consideration. Under these conditions, B&R standard motors can be used for safety applications.

· Encoder cable and encoder

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with a male DSUB connector. Please note the instructions in the "Cable connection via male DSUB connector" section under 2.6.1.3.1 "Wiring / General information / Connection diagrams for ground and shield connections / 8BVI inverter modules with SafeMOTION (1-axis modules)" on page 158.

The following encoder types are used with B&R standard motors with encoder options E0/E1, E4/E5 and E6/E7:

Heidenhain ECN 1313, EQN 1325, ECN 1113, EQN 1125 (for details, see 6.1.2.4 "B&R motors / List of encoders / SinCos measuring instruments" on page 289)

Information:

Only B&R 8BCS encoder cables or B&R 8BCE encoder cables are permitted to be used for wiring the encoder interfaces!

· Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

Third-party motors

Note the requirements for encoders and motors listed in section 6.2.3.2.2 "Sine-Cosine encoders" on page 302. Under these conditions, third-party motors can be used for safety applications.

· Encoder cables and encoders

The encoders used must meet the requirements set forth in 6.2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 302, in particular those listed under "EMC requirements for the SinCos measuring instrument" on page 305.

In addition, the wiring from the inverter module to the motor and within the motor itself must be comparable to that of B&R cables and B&R motors. If not, it must be subjected to a complete type examination with the increased test levels specified in IEC 61326-3-1!

Information:

If cables from other manufacturers are used, make sure that they have the same wave parameters and the same design as the respective B&R cable. If deviations exist, additional measures are necessary to ensure that EMC directives are met. When using cables from other manufacturers, B&R cannot guarantee adherence to EMC limit values! The connectors on the cables as well as on the motors are part of a properly functioning EMC concept!

For details, see the ACOPOSmulti user's manual (MAACPM-ENG) under "Technical data / Cables".

Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

Information:

Only B&R 8BCM motor cables are permitted to be used for wiring the motor connections!

6.1.2.3 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Motor with safe position encoder

In order to use the safety functions, an EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder from Heidenhain is a fixed component of the ACOPOSmotor. It is installed strictly according to the guidelines provided by Heidenhain.

In this way, encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage can be ruled out as a mechanical error.

Combining ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with gearboxes

Danger!

When combining ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with gearboxes, the mechanical connection between the motor and gearbox does not meet "functional safety" requirements. It is not possible to rule out slippage or breakage.

For combinations of ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION and gearboxes, only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

The use of ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION and gearbox combinations is <u>not</u> permitted with <u>hanging loads</u> <u>and other comparable applications</u> where breakage between the motor and gearbox would result in a dangerous situation!

Information:

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules with gearbox mounting are not available.

6.1.2.4 B&R motors / Encoder list

This list contains the encoders that have been tested for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives from B&R and are therefore approved by B&R for use.

EnDat 2.2 FS measuring instruments

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	ECN 1325 FS EnDat22	678919-12 678919-03	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, 2048-line	S0/D0	SIL 2
		678919-53	Mounted optical rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	EQN 1337 FS EnDat22	678921-02	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn,	S1/D1	SIL 2
		677921-03	2048-line, 4096 revolutions		
		678921-53	Mounted optical rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	ECN 1123 FS EnDat22	640745-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	S4/D4	SIL 2
		743586-01 743586-51	512-line Mounted optical rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	EQN 1135 FS EnDat22	640746-01	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn.	S5/D5	SIL 2
leideilliaili	EQN 113313 Elibatzz	743587-01	512-line. 4096 revolutions	33/23	OIL 2
		743587-51	Mounted optical rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	ECI 1319 FS EnDat22	810661-02	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	SA/DA	SIL 2
		810661-04	16-line		
		810661-05	Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	EQI 1331 FS EnDat22	810662-03	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn,	SB/DB	SIL 2
		807100-01	16-line, 4096 revolutions		
		810662-04 810662-05	Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	ECI 1119 FS EnDat22	826930-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	S8/D8	SIL 2
neideimain	ECI 1119 FS EliDat22	826930-02	16-line	30/00	SIL 2
		826930-51	Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	ECI 1119 FS EnDat22	826930-52	EnDat 2.2 single-turn.	B8/Z8	SIL 2
			16-line		
			Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	ECI 4010 FS EnDat22	1101181-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	DC	SIL 2
		1130175-02	Angular measuring instrument		
			inductive		
Heidenhain	EQI 1131 FS EnDat22	826933-12 826980-01	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn,	S9/D9	SIL 2
		020900-01	16-line, 4096 revolutions Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	EQI 1131 FS EnDat22	826980-02	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn,	B9/Z9	SIL 2
Toluciniani	Eq. 11011 0 Elibates	826980-52	16-line, 4096 revolutions	20/20	0.2.2
			Mounted inductive rotary encoder		
Heidenhain	LC415-570	89674-11	EnDat 2.2 20 µm grating period	-	SIL 2
			Encapsulated length measuring systems		
Heidenhain	RCN 2310	667789-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	-	SIL 2
			Angular measuring instrument		
		207004.04	Optical		011.5
Heidenhain	RCN 8310	667601-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	-	SIL 2
			Angular measuring instrument Optical		
Heidenhain	RCN 8510	667595-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn,	_	SIL 2
ICIUCIIIIAIII	1014 00 10	007 090-01	Angular measuring instrument	_	SIL 2
			Optical Optical		
AMO	LMKA	1211910 - xx	AMO EnDat 2.2	-	SIL 2
		1211911 - xx	Absolute length measuring instrument		
		1211918 - xx			
		1211919 - xx			
OMA	WMKA	1211927 - xx	AMO EnDat 2.2	-	SIL 2
		1211929 - xx	Absolute angle measuring instrument		

Table 167: EnDat 2.2 measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

The following SinCos measuring instruments have been tested with respect to their safety requirements and their suitability for use with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules:

SinCos measuring instruments

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	ECN1313 EnDat01	586 640-11 586 640-51	EnDat single-turn, 512-line	E0 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	EQN 1325 EnDat01	586 654-05 586 654-55 827039-55	EnDat multi-turn, 512-line, 4096 revolutions	E1 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	ECI 1317 EnDat01	623 042-07 623 042-52	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line	E2	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI 1329 EnDat01	623 079-14 623 079-61	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line, 4096 revolutions	E3	Not suitable

Table 168: SinCos measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	ECN 1113 EnDat01	606 684-01 606 684-P1 803427-01	EnDat single-turn, 512-line	E4 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	EQN 1125 EnDat01	606 689-13 606 689-16 803427-01	EnDat multi-turn, 512-line, 4096 revolutions	E5 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	ECN 1313 EnDat01	586 643-03 768295-03 768295-11	EnDat single-turn, 2048-line	E6 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	EQN 1325 EnDat01	586 653-06 586653-09 827039-06	EnDat multi-turn, 2048-line, 4096 revolutions	E7 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL 2
Heidenhain	ECI 1118 EnDat01	622 503-01 622503-03	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 16-line	E8	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI 1130 EnDat01	598 412-03 598412-05	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 16-line, 4096 revolutions	E9	Not suitable
Heidenhain	ECI 1319 EnDat01	623 042-04 623 042-54 811 811-52 811 811-54	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line	EA	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI 1331 EnDat01	623 079-08 623 079-58 811 814-52 811 814-59	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line, 4096 revolutions	EB	Not suitable
AMO	LMKA	LMKA-x3100.x0x-x, x- Sxx	Absolute length measuring system SSI + 1 Vss	-	SIL 2
Pepperl Fuchs	RVS58S	RVS58S-xxxxxxxXZ	SinCos rotary encoder 1 Vss 1024-/2048-line	-	SIL 3
Kübler	Sendix 5863 SIL/ 5883 SIL	8.5863SIL.1xxx.xx2x	Multi-turn rotary encoder SSI/BISS + 1 Vss 2048-line	-	SIL 3

Table 168: SinCos measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules

Information:

The "B&R motors / Encoder list" is current as of the publication of this version of the user's manual. The current version of the B&R motor/encoder list can be downloaded from www.br-automation.com.

6.1.3 The idle current principle

Integrated safety technology in the SafeMOTION module uses the idle current principle. When there is a logical 0 at a controller input or the current is interrupted, the corresponding safety function or error response is executed. The idle current principle ensures that the system tends toward the safest possible result in case of failure.

This method is an example of the general principle referred to in engineering as "fail-safe".

This is why the only safe function is the cutoff of a drive's energy and torque. The consequences that are described below are a result of the fail-safe principle.

Danger!

After the safe state (STO) is activated or in state FAIL SAFE, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force.

If the motor was moving before STO is activated, it is only stopped by a safe motor holding brake (if available) or by the friction of the complete system!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

During a fault event, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force. Safe pulse disabling (STO) is active.

Information:

Safe pulse disabling

Torque and power are switched off on the drive. No electrical pulses are transmitted from the drive to the motor.

If the drive is in motion at the time of the error, then it will coast to a stop. The residual movement and remaining time must be considered for the worst-case scenario when making all of the calculations for the machine's safety circuit.

Danger!

An error can result in a forward movement followed by the motor coasting to a stop. When estimating the distance and time that results from the forward movement / coasting to a stop, the worst case scenario (i.e. the current maximum possible speed) must always be assumed.

The maximum possible drive speed is calculated from the maximum possible acceleration and the error response time, plus the actively monitored speed limit.

Danger!

Note that multiple errors in the IGBT bridge can cause a brief forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation φ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used. For permanent magnet synchronous motors, $\varphi = 360^{\circ}/2p$ (for B&R standard motors, p=3 so the angle is 60°). For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

This short forward movement can be excluded as a fault per EN ISO 13849-1, among other things due to the improbability that this would occur and due to general technical experience.

6.2 Principle - Implementing safety functions

Danger!

The C standards relevant to applications must be observed!

Danger!

Activating safe pulse disabling is not sufficient for achieving a voltage-free drive and therefore does not provide sufficient protection against electrical shock!

6.2.1 Safe pulse disabling

6.2.1.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

Safe pulse disabling in ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules has the exact same structure as in standard ACOPOSmulti inverter modules.

The difference is that no external wiring is required. Instead, pulse disabling is activated internally by the SafeMOTION module. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION module.

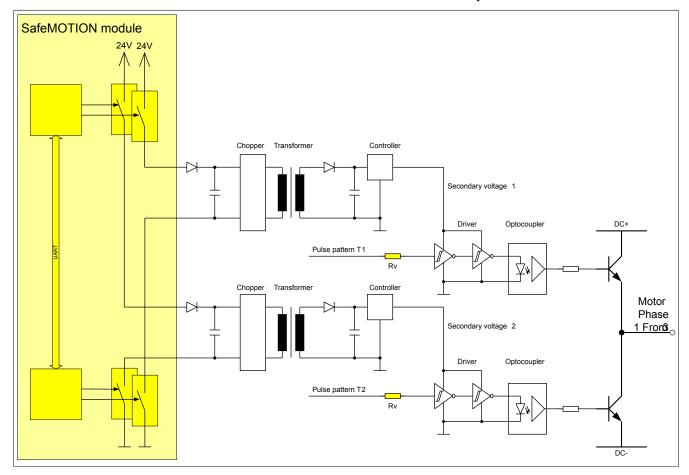


Figure 60: Control of safe pulse disabling - ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

6.2.1.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

Like standard ACOPOSmotor modules, safe pulse disabling on ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules isolates the power supply for the gate control.

No external wiring is required; instead, pulse disabling is activated internally by the SafeMOTION module. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION module.

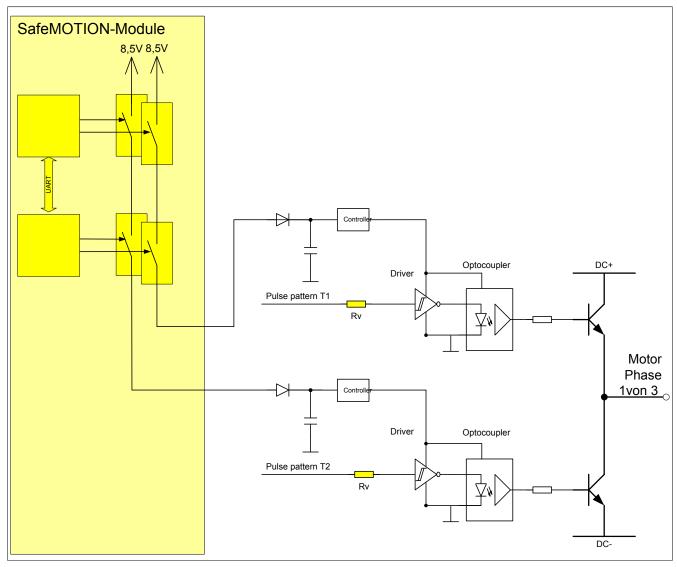


Figure 61: Control of safe pulse disabling - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

6.2.1.3 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

Safe pulse disabling in ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives has the exact same structure as in standard ACOPOS P3 servo drives.

The difference is that no external wiring is required. Instead, pulse disabling is activated internally in the module by the SafeMOTION components. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION components.

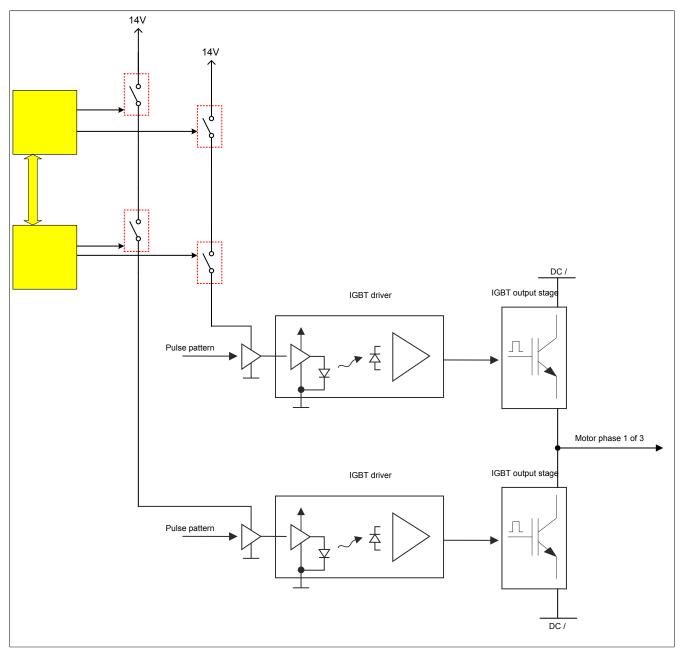


Figure 62: Controlling safe pulse disabling on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

Information:

Safe pulse disabling is controlled directly by the SafeMOTION module. External wiring is not possible. This also means it is not necessary to apply fault exclusion to wiring errors!

6.2.2 Safe motor holding brake output

6.2.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

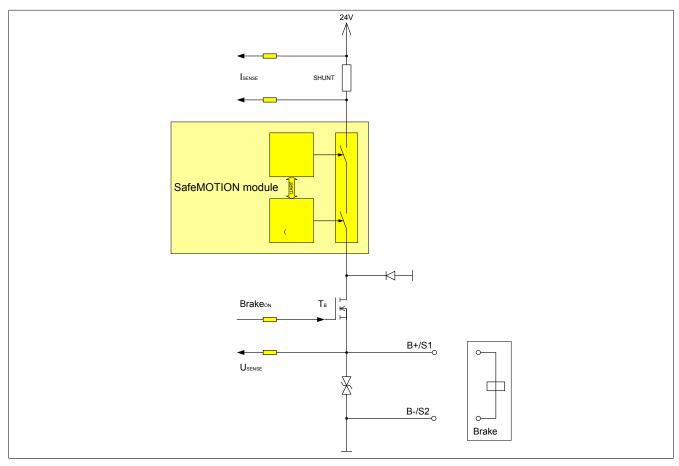


Figure 63: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

A wiring error that causes the output B+ to be shorted to 24 V causes the actuator to remain turned on despite the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state being activated.

Error description	Effect	Safety function in accordance with
		Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d maintained?
Short circuit: B+ and B-	Error not detected by module-internal testing.	YES,
	However, this is not critical since the motor holding	The motor holding brake output remains in the safe
	brake is not released in this case (remains engaged).	state.
Short circuit between 24 V and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing.	NO
	The error detection causes the SafeMOTION mod-	Wiring error must be prevented through appropriate
	ule to change to the acknowledgeable error state.	wiring!
	Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake al-	
	ways remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V!	
	This is a critical error and must therefore be pre-	
	vented through wiring.	
Short circuit between ground and B+	Error not detected by module-internal testing.	YES,
	However, this is not critical since the motor holding	The motor holding brake output remains in the safe
	brake is not released in this case (remains engaged).	state.

Table 169: Wiring error in safe motor holding brake output

Danger!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V results in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE being enabled. This means that safe pulse disabling is enabled. The brake always remains switched on / released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V!

This can lead to dangerous situations since the motor holding brake cannot brake, prevent the spinout movement or prevent the unbraked lowering movement when loads are suspended!

A short circuit of SBC output B+ against 24 V must be prevented by suitable wiring measures!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of \leq 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting the motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is achieved with a voltage of 5 V applied.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 μ s.

Make sure to take this into consideration when selecting the motor holding brake.

6.2.2.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

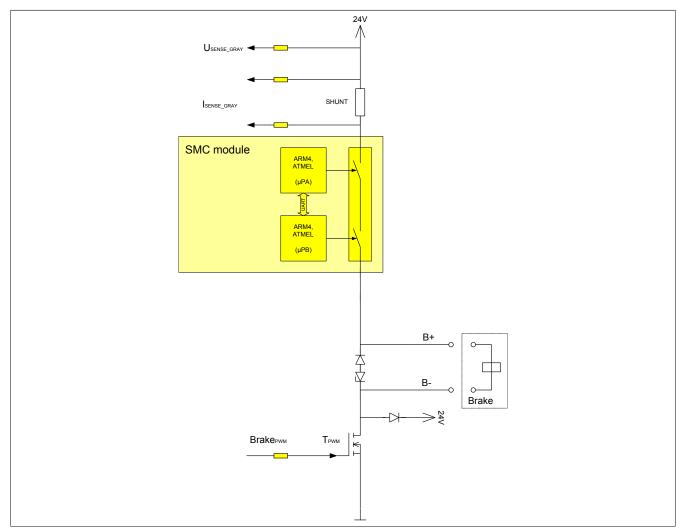


Figure 64: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

Information:

Wiring faults can be excluded since the motor holding brake is integrated in ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules.

6.2.2.3 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

The safe motor holding brake output on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives is activated internally in the module by the SafeMOTION components. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION components.

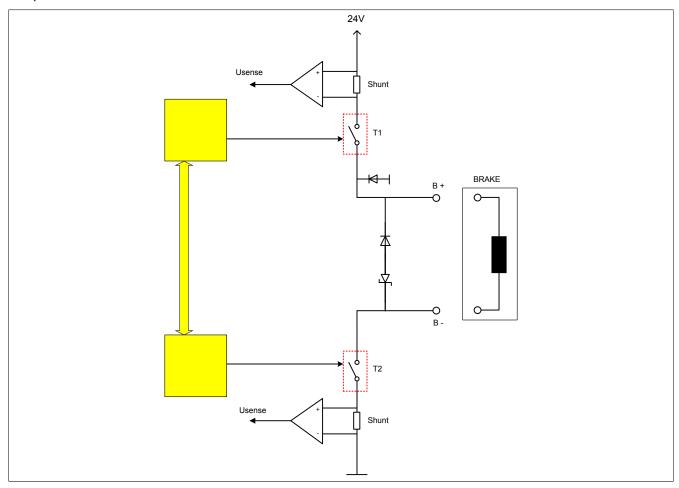


Figure 65: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

The following wiring errors can occur on the safe motor holding brake output:

Error description	Effect	Safety function in accordance with Category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d maintained?
Short circuit: B+ and B-	Error detected by module-internal testing if short circuit current greater than the specified continuous current of the motor holding brake output. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake always remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V!	
Short circuit between 24 V and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is enabled, and the brake output is cut off.	YES, The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.
Short circuit between ground and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake always remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V!	YES, The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.

Table 170: Wiring error in safe motor holding brake output

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired across modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only the output current can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when switched off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached with current applied.

For the corresponding output current, see the technical data of the respective ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive 8EI.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of $600 \mu s$.

Make sure to take this into consideration when selecting the motor holding brake.

Danger!

The motor holding brake is engaged in the safe state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

Information:

The safe motor holding brake output is only a part of safe function group "Safe motor holding brake". The motor holding brake must be included when determining the safety category or SIL for the entire function group.

6.2.3 Safe encoder input

6.2.3.1 Assessing the safety integrity of the overall system

The entire chain, from the encoder to the safety function, must always be taken into consideration when assessing safety integrity.

6.2.3.1.1 PFH value

To determine the PFH value for the entire safety chain, the PFH value of the current safety function (see 6.3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 319) and the PFH value of the encoder must be added:

$$PFH_{Total} = PFH_{Safety function} + PFH_{Encoder}$$

6.2.3.1.2 Category

To determine the category, the category of the respective safety function and the category of the encoder must both be taken into account (encoder manufacturer specifications or determined according to method described).

They must be viewed as a chain, which means the lower of the two categories must be used!

6.2.3.1.3 Performance level

When determining the performance level of the overall system, all elements that participate in the safety function must be viewed as a chain.

The PL that is achieved for the safety function can then be determined according to "figure 5" or "table K.1 – Numerical representation of figure 5" in EN ISO 13849.

6.2.3.1.4 SIL

The SIL of the overall system results from the overall PFH value. As a rule of thumb, the drive system (safety function of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module plus the measuring instrument used) should account for no more then 10% of the SIL limit.

Note that the maximum SIL of the respective safety function (see 6.3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 319) cannot be exceeded. This also applies if the PFH value of the chain would be sufficient to achieve a higher SIL!

A maximum of SIL 2 can be reached with a non-certified SinCos encoder.

Safety-related evaluation is not possible for EnDat 2.2 encoders without FS certification, and they therefore cannot be used for safety functions that require safe position evaluation.

6.2.3.2 Electrical interface

6.2.3.2.1 EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder

The concept of integrated safety functions in SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 modules⁴⁾ includes the use of an EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder from Heidenhain.

The EnDat 2.2 safety encoder must be installed in such a manner as to eliminate the possibility of slippage and encoder shaft breakage. Please follow the installation guidelines from Heidenhain.

In some applications, the SafeMOTION module is able to sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage. Mechanical fault exclusion is not necessary for these applications.

4) ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Information:

Definition of "control loop" from Heidenhain

Operating the measuring instrument in the control loop means that the cyclically queried position values are correlated by the safety function. The requested standstill can be monitored, for example, or the continuity and plausibility of the position and continuity of the speed can be monitored.

When evaluating a safe EnDat 2.2 encoder in the SafeMOTION module, the speed and acceleration are always calculated as well; the determined position values are thus set in relation to each other in time. This is therefore sufficient to regard safe encoder evaluation on the SafeMOTION module as an "input system for control loop functions".

As a result, the functional safety characteristics specified for an "input system for control loop functions" from the data sheet of the respective Endat 2.2 measuring instrument always apply.

Information:

If safety functions are used that require a safe speed and/or position, then a Heidenhain EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder must be used. Otherwise, the process data from the encoder is set to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

6.2.3.2.1.1 Safe encoder counting range

For the safe encoder counting range, see the data sheet for the respective encoder. On ECN 1325 single-turn and EQN 1337 multi-turn rotary encoders, this range corresponds with the single-turn range. See excerpt from the data sheet:

Technische Kennwerte	Absolut ECN 1325 Singletum EQN 1337 Multitum	
Funktionale Sicherheit für Anwendungen bis	SIL 2 nach EN 61508 (weitere Prüfgrundlage: EN 61800-5-2) Kategorie 3 PL d nach EN ISO 13849-1:2008	
	Sicher im Singleturn-Betrieb	

Information:

The manufacturer's most recent data sheet is the one that is valid. The user is responsible for obtaining this information from the manufacturer.

6.2.3.2.2 Sine-Cosine encoders

The conceptual design of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module includes safe evaluation of analog, sinusoidal incremental signals. For this to be possible, the encoder must meet the requirements specified under 6.2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 302.

6.2.3.2.2.1 Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments

General information

In table D.16, the DIN EN 61800-5-2 standard specifies a general fault model for motion and position sensors that is independent of the construction and design of the motion and position sensors. The following specifications regarding the fault model specified in DIN EN 61800-5-2 refer only to the purely analog 1 V_{ss} signals of a measuring instrument.

Technical data for the encoder interface

The measuring instrument must be suitable according to the technical data for the encoder interface.

Encoder interfaces 1)		
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	5 V ±5% ²⁾	
Load capacity	300 mA ³⁾	
Sense lines	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		
Short-circuit proof	Yes	
Sine/Cosine inputs		
Signal transmission	Differential signals, symmetrical	
Differential voltage		
In motion	0.5 to 1.35 V ⁴⁾	
At standstill	0.8 to 1.35 V ⁵⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	±10% ⁶⁾	
Common-mode voltage	Max. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor	120 Ω	
Max. input frequency	200 kHz	
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	<300 kHz	
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	DC up to 200 kHz	
ADC resolution	12-bit	

Table 171: Encoder interface - Technical data

- 1) Only shielded cables are permitted to be used for wiring
 - The stranded wire for the analog interface (Sin, nSin, Cos, nCos, Ref, nRef) and the digital interface (T, nT, D, nD) must be twisted pair with a wave impedance of 120 Ω ±10%.
 - Additional shielding of the analog interface is recommended.
- 2) During the switch-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the power supply is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - Undervoltage on the encoder power supply must result in a sine or cosine signal outside specifications.
- 3) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 4) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 5) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 v((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 6) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length $z = 2 \text{ v}((\sin n\sin)^2 + (\cos n\cos)^2)$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of $\pm 10\%$ per signal period.

Danger!

During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected

A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V is not permitted to damage the encoder electronics in any way.

An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.

Requirements from the "Error list for movement and position sensors per EN 61800-5-2:2007", table D.16

The following requirements from the error list must be assessed and implemented by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or the machine manufacturer.

No.	Fault description	Fault exclusion	Comment	Requirements that must be met by the measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manu- facturer
8	Parts become loose at a standstill: Sensor housing comes off motor housing Sensor shaft comes off motor shaft	FMEA and proof of fatigue strength of mechanical attachment	Output signal indicates a speed of zero. If fault exclusion is employed, the fastening mechanism for the sensor housing on the motor housing and the sensor shaft on the motor shaft generally withstands excessive stress up to a factor of approximately 20x and any special maintenance information must be provided.	Fault exclusion based on appropriate mounting must be applied in all cases. Exceptions: In synchronous motors applications where the encoder is integrated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
9			Potential effect: • Static offset of sensor shaft • Dynamic slippage of sensor shaft • Output signal is incorrect / indicates a speed of zero If fault exclusion is employed, the fastening mechanism for the sensor housing on the motor housing and the sensor shaft on the motor shaft generally withstands excessive stress up to a factor of approximately 20x and any special maintenance information must be provided.	Fault exclusion based on appropriate mounting must be applied in all cases. Exceptions: In synchronous motors applications where the encoder is integrated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
10	Measuring element comes loose ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder disc)	None	Output provides incorrect position information	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error. This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
11	No light in front of sensor diode	None	-	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error. This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
Additio	onal requirements for rotary	encoders with sin/cos output	signals, analog signal generation	
12	Static signal on inputs and outputs, individual or on multiple signals, amplitude in the voltage supply range	None	-	The output signals (sine and cosine) must be generated independently. If this requirement is met, the error is detected by pointer length monitoring on the SafeMOTION module with a diagnostic coverage (DC) of 99%.
14	sine output signal	Fault exclusion is permitted if no electronic components are used to select an output signal from multiple sources.		Fault exclusion is required by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
Additio	onal requirements for encode	ers b) with synthetically gener	ated output signals	

Table 172: Error list for movement and position sensors using the standardized error model per EN 61800-5-2:2007 (Table D.16)

No.	Fault description	Fault exclusion	Comment	Requirements that must be met by the measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manu- facturer
21	Distortion of the output signals in any way	None	-	Synthetically generated output signals are not permitted to be used.
				Exception: Encoders with safety certification, as long as error detection in the encoder is safety-related.
Additio	onal requirements for linear	encoders		
23	Mounting for read head broken	FMEA and proof of fatigue strength of mechanical attachment	If fault exclusion is required, the sensor mounting usually withstands the excessive stress that takes place and specific maintenance information should be specified.	ate mounting must be applied in all
			meu.	In synchronous motors applica- tions where the encoder is inte- grated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
24	Static offset of measuring element ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder strips)	None	-	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error.
				This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
25	Damaged measuring element ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder strips)	None	Pulse shape changed. Pulses missing on incremental encoders	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error.
				This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
NOTE errors		ıming the use of optical sens	ors. If other sensors are used (e.g. inductive	ve sensors), then the respective

Table 172: Error list for movement and position sensors using the standardized error model per EN 61800-5-2:2007 (Table D.16)

- a) Does not apply to resolvers.
- b) Applies correspondingly to linear encoders.

Items not listed in table D.16 are covered by the safety-related evaluation of the sine and cosine signals on the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module with a diagnostic coverage of 99%!

EMC requirements for the SinCos measuring instrument

The necessary EMC tests must conform with the higher testing levels per IEC 61326-3-1. The measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manufacturer must provide proof that the measuring instrument conforms to the higher testing levels!

Safety-related values

The ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module offers the possibility of using certified or non-certified SinCos measuring instruments. When determining the safety characteristics of the overall system, non-certified and certified encoders require different procedures.

Non-certified measuring instruments

In order to assess safety integrity, the measuring instrument manufacturer must provide one of the following characteristics. These values can then be used to calculate the PFH for the encoder via diagnostics and encoder evaluation and therefore assess the safety integrity of the overall system.

Value	Unit	Short name	Description
MTTF	[h]	Mean time to failure (mean time to failure)	The MTTF can be directly used to assess safety concepts per EN ISO 13849. The MTTF (mean time to failure) can be performed for components by analyzing field data or by predictive analysis. At a constant failure rate, the average of the failure-free operating time MTTF = $1/\lambda$, where λ is the failure rate of the instrument. (Statistically, the assumption can be made that 63.2% of the respective components will experience failure after the MTTF has expired.)
λ	[10 ⁻⁹ 1/h],[FIT]	Failure rate (Failures In Time)	To assess the safe failure rate according to DIN EN 61508, the FIT value (reciprocal of the MTTF value) must be used as the failure rate.
λ _D		Dangerous failure rate	If no detailed breakdown of failure rates $(\lambda_F = \lambda_{F1} + \lambda_{F2} + + \lambda_{Fn})$ is specified for the measuring instrument being used, the default rate is equally distributed among the faults tak-
λ _s		Safe failure rate	en into account in the error model in table D.16 in DIN EN 61800-5-2. If no detailed breakdown of failure rates ($\lambda_F = \lambda_S + \lambda_D$) is specified for the measuring instrument being used, then 50% of the failures will be assumed dangerous per EN ISO 13849.

Table 173: Characteristics required for non-certified SinCos measuring instruments

Calculating the relevant characteristic values when using non-certified SinCos measuring instruments

PFH value of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The safety integrity level is determined based on the PFH value. There are two methods for determining the PFH value of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation:

⇒ Method 1: Determining from the MTTF_d (mean time to dangerous failure) of the encoder being used The probability of failure per hour (PFH) for the safety function is calculated from the MTTF_d of the encoder being used and the DC of the SafeMOTION module.

$$PFH_{Encoder} = \frac{1 - DC}{MTTF_d}$$

In the absence of more detailed information about the failure of the measuring instrument, it is assumed that 50% of errors are dangerous.

$$MTTF_d = 2MTTF$$

 \Rightarrow Method 2: Determining from the λ_D (dangerous failure rate) of the encoder being used

The probability of failure per hour (PFH) for the safety function is determined from the dangerous failure rate (λ_D) of the encoder and the DC of the SafeMOTION module.

$$PFH_{Encoder} = \lambda_D(1-DC)$$

The encoder evaluation of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module has a DC of 99%.

Category (Cat.) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Safe encoder evaluation can be assessed at Cat. 3 when using a non-certified measuring instrument. This is because the requirements from EN ISO 13849 for diagnostic coverage (DC) and common cause factor (CCF) are met through the named requirements and through the monitoring of the encoder power supply voltage in the evaluation logic.

Performance level (PL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The performance level of a system can be determined using the figures or tables provided in EN ISO 13849.

Depending on the $MTTF_d$ and PFH value of the SinCos encoder, up to PL d can be achieved (see figure 5 in EN ISO 13849).

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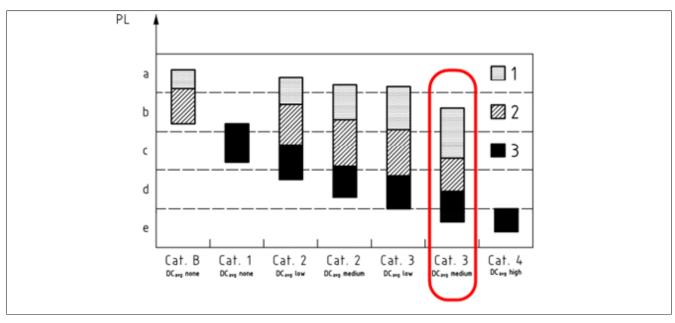


Figure 66: Relationship between DCavg, MTTFd of each channel and PL according to EN ISO 13849-1, figure 5

N1000&Legend:

- 1 MTTF_d of each channel = Low
- 2 MTTF_d of each channel = Medium
- 3 MTTF_d of each channel = High
- PL Performance level

MTTF _d			
Name for each channel	Range for each channel		
Low	3 years ≤ MTTF _d < 10 years		
Average	10 years ≤ MTTF _d < 30 years		
High	30 years ≤ MTTF _d ≤ 100 years		

Table 174: Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd) of each channel per EN ISO 13849-1, table 5

SIL capability of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The safety integrity level of a device depends on whether it is operated in a high demand mode of operation or low demand mode of operation.

When operating in a high demand mode of operation, it is assumed that the safety function will be requested continuously or an average of once per hour. For a continuous or high demand mode of operation, the PFH measure is used, which specifies the safety function's probability of failure per hour.

A position measuring instrument is evaluated as a device with a high demand mode of operation.

The maximum possible safety integrity level of a SinCos encoder can be determined as follows.

Safety integrity level (SIL)	Average frequency of dangerous failure of the safety function [h¹] (PFH)
4	≤10 ⁻⁹ to <10 ⁻⁸
3	≤10-8 to <10-7
2	≤10 ⁻⁷ to <10 ⁻⁶
1	≤10 ⁻⁶ to <10 ⁻⁵

Table 175: Safety integrity levels and target failure measures for a safety function operating in high demand mode of operation or continuous mode of operation per EN 61508-1:2010, table 3

The following characteristic values are used to assess the SIL:

System type

As defined in DIN EN 61508, systems are classified as Type A and Type B. Since a SinCos encoder includes complex components (e.g. OPV), it is considered a Type B system.

Hardware fault tolerance (HFT)

A hardware fault tolerance of N means that N+1 faults could lead to a failure of the safety function. The hardware fault tolerance is determined based on the MooN architecture used. MooN stands for "M out of N channel architecture" and describes the architecture of a SIL device. For example, "1002" refers to an architecture with 2 channels where either of the channels is able to execute the safety function.

In order to provide single fault tolerance, both signals (sine and cosine) must be generated independently and the safety function (position information) must be contained in both signals. The position information can only be obtained by evaluating both signals, however.

The SinCos encoder input is to be viewed as single-channel with respect to the position and speed safety functions and can only be assessed as HFT = 0.

Safe Failure Fraction (SFF)

SFF is the fraction of safe failures. The higher the required SIL rating, the higher the SFF must be. A system's SFF is calculated from the failure rates (λ values) of the individual components.

To determine the SFF of the SinCos encoder, pointer length monitoring of SinCos signals in the SafeMOTION module is used to increase diagnostic coverage. This additional diagnostics increases the DC level to HIGH.

Safe failure fraction of an element		Hardware fault tolerance				
	0	0 1 2				
<60%	Not permitted	SIL 1	SIL 2			
60% - <90%	SIL 1	SIL 2	SIL 3			
90% - <99%	SIL 2	SIL 3	SIL 4			
≥99%	SIL 3	SIL 4	SIL 4			

Table 176: Maximum allowable safety integrity level for a safety function carried out by a type B safety-related element or subsystem per EN 61508-2:2010, table 3

Information:

When a safety-related system executes a safety function over a single channel, the maximum safety integrity level that can be claimed for the safety function under consideration shall be determined by the subsystem with the lowest requirements for hardware safety integrity.

Information:

The overall ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module system is certified for a maximum safety integrity level of SIL 2 for evaluation of non-certified encoders.

Certified measuring instruments

For certified measuring instruments, the manufacturer must specify the necessary safety characteristics.

Verify that all specified diagnostic properties are fulfilled.

Value	Unit	Short name	Description
SIL SIL CL	[]	Safety integrity level (Safety Integrity Level) SIL Claim Level	The safety integrity level is one of four discrete levels used to specify the requirement for the safety integrity of the safety functions assigned to the safety-related system, with 4 being the highest level for safety integrity and 1 the lowest. The failure limits for the four safety integrity levels are defined in tables 2 and 3 of IEC 61508-1.
PFH	[10 ⁻⁹ 1/h], [FIT]	Probability of safety function failure per hour (Probability of failure per pour)	When operating in a high demand mode of operation, it is assumed that the safety function will be requested continuously or an average of once per hour. For a continuous or high demand mode of operation, the PFH measure is used, which specifies the safety function's probability of failure per hour.
PL	[]	Performance level	The ability to operate safety-related parts of control systems or to perform a safety function under foreseeable conditions is assigned a performance level (PL) from a scale of five levels. These performance levels are defined according to the probability of a dangerous failure per hour (see EN ISO 13849-1:2006, table 3).
Cat.	[]	Category	Assesses how well safety-related components in a control system behave when an error occurs.
DC	[%]	Diagnostic coverage (diagnostic coverage)	Partial reduction of the probability of dangerous hardware failures resulting from the use of automatic diagnostic tests Safe evaluation is based solely on the analog Sin/Cos signals. If the measuring instrument contains an internal diagnostics function, then the discovered errors must be reported through a violation of the SinCos interface specification on the subsequent electronics. Only then does it make sense to take into account the level of diagnostic coverage. If a DC is specified, then a provision must also be specified for the diagnostic test interval. Period between online tests to detect faults in a safety-related system with specified diagnostic coverage.
T _m	[years], [a]	Mission time (mission time)	The mission time must be determined by the device manufacturer and specifies the maximum amount of time an encoder can be used. The encoder must be replaced before the mission time expires!
Tı	[years], [a]	Proof test interval (proof test interval)	Recurring test for fault detection in a safety-related system, which can restore the system to a "like new" condition or as close to it as possible from a practical standpoint. A proof test is normally not possible for electronic devices. The mission time and proof test interval are therefore generally the same.

Table 177: Characteristic values required for certified SinCos measuring instruments

Category (Cat.) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Danger!

Valid freezing only detected in movement with DC = 99%!

To exclude accumulation of faults at a standstill, movement must take place once a day by at least one signal period of the encoder.

The necessary movement can take place in the course of a functional positioning or homing procedure.

Safe encoder evaluation can be assessed at Cat. 4 when a suitable (certified) measuring instrument is used and the above limitations are taken into account.

Estimation of the achievable safety levels based on the example of a Heidenhain ECN 1313 / EQN 1325

Manufacturer specifications

According to an analysis of the document D662649-01-E-01 from Heidenhain, ECN 1313 and EQN 1325 encoders are deemed suitable for use with the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module.

The following MTTF / FIT values are specified:

Туре	ID number	MTTF [h]	FIT [10 ⁻⁹ /h]
ECN 1313	586640-11	>1,666,667	<600
ECN 1313	586643-03	>1,666,667	<600
EQN 1325	586653-06	>1,666,667	<600
EQN 1325	586654-05	>1,666,667	<600

Table 178: MTTF values for Heidenhain ENC 1313 and EQN 1325 encoders according to Heidenhain document D662649-01-E-01

Calculating characteristic values of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Since ECN 1313 and EQN 1225 encoders have the same MTTF values, the following calculations apply to both encoder types.

Safety technology

Characteristic value	ECN 1313 / EQN 1325
MTTF	1,666,667 [h]
MTTF _d	3,333,334 [h] = 380 years = High
PFH _{encoder}	3*10° [h¹]
CAT / PL	Cat 3 / PL d
SIL	Max. SIL 2 since the encoder is not certified

Table 179: Calculated characteristic values for Heidenhain ECN 1313 and EQN 1325 with diagnosis of encoder evaluation of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module

Calculating the characteristic values of the overall system

The following tables show an example of the safety characteristics for the safety functions of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, performance class XXX, in combination with a Heidenhain ECN 1313 or EQN 1325 encoder:

Safety function	PFH	CAT / PL / SIL
STO	1*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3
STO1	1*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SBC	1*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2
sos	6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] + 3*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] = 6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS1		
SS2		
SLS		
SMS		
SDI		
SLI		
Safe Speed		
Safe Homing	6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] + 3*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] = 6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLP	Only with safe encoder mounting (see table	Only with safe encoder mounting (see table D.16, No. 8 and 9,
SMP	D.16, No. 8 and 9, fault exclusion)	fault exclusion)
Safe Position		
SBT	2*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹] + 3*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] = 2.3*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹]	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2

Table 180: Safety characteristics for 8BVIXXXXSA.XXX-X ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Sin-Cos inverter modules in combination with a Heidenhain ECN 1313 or EQN 1325 encoder

6.2.3.3 Mechanical mounting

6.2.3.3.1 Status of the proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting

Information:

This functionality is only available in hardware upgrade 1.10.3.x or later!

For B&R motors, the status of the fatigue strength of the encoder mounting is saved in the motor data record.

By setting parameter "General settings - Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting" to value "From motor data record", the status of the fatigue strength of the encoder mounting is read out and used to verify the available safety functions.

For motors that have not stored any mounting information in the motor data record, but for which the fatigue strength of the encoder mounting can still be verified, parameter "General settings - Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting" must be set to value "Approved by user" so that all safety functions can be used.

For motors for which no proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting is provided, parameter "General settings - Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting" must be set to value "From motor data record". In this case, proceed as described in 6.2.3.3.3 "Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring" on page 312.

Information:

The status of the proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting stored in the motor data record is not reliable from the point of view of safety. Verification of the available safety function is a standard (non-safe) monitoring operation.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		<u></u>		From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable			Enabled	R1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled		ates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint SafeMOTION module is frozen.	Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 181: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

6.2.3.3.2 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength⁵⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

6.2.3.3.3 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring⁶⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION), SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION) and Safe Speed).

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for drive systems with synchronous motors.
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing)
 must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- Safety functions Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP are not permitted to be not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- . There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{s} \right]$$

With the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ And number of motor pole pairs p_z

Danger!

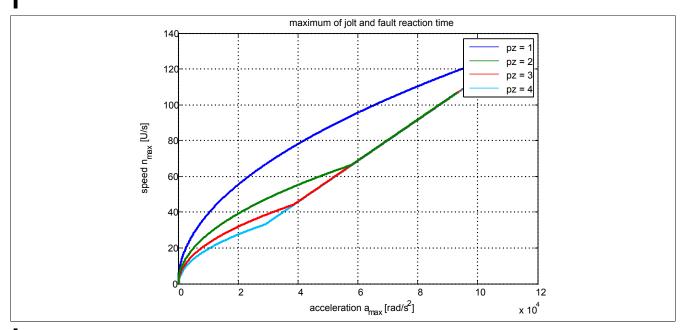
In the worst-case consideration of a safety function, the maximum achievable speed must be the maximum of maximum actuation speed n_{Jolt} and the speed due to the maximum error response time

$$n_{max} = max(n_{Jolt}, n_{T_{worstcase}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}}, \frac{T_{worstcase}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{max}\right)$$

With the maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of coasting to a stop.

$$n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof	of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value Description		record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the tule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
		Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed monitoring)		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled		Ites the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint SafeMOTION module is frozen.	Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(i		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 182: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 183: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

6.2.3.3.1 Activating monitoring⁷⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

6.2.3.3.3.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance8)

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance is not permitted to be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

⁷⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

⁸⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

6.2.3.3.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance⁹⁾

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error (ParID 1159: SCTRL_SPEED_ERROR) under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

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⁹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

6.2.4 Safe speed observer

Information:

A non-safe encoder (onboard or plug-in card) is necessary to check the plausibility of the safely observed speed.

Information:

No safe position is determined. Safety functions that need a safe position cannot be used in combination with the safe speed observer.

The safe speed observer SSO monitors the actual speed of a synchronous motor. Safe evaluation of the phase currents and PWM pulse widths and knowledge of the motor characteristics ensures reliable evaluation of the motor speed.

For additional information, see 6.4.5 "Safe Speed Observer, SSO" on page 343.

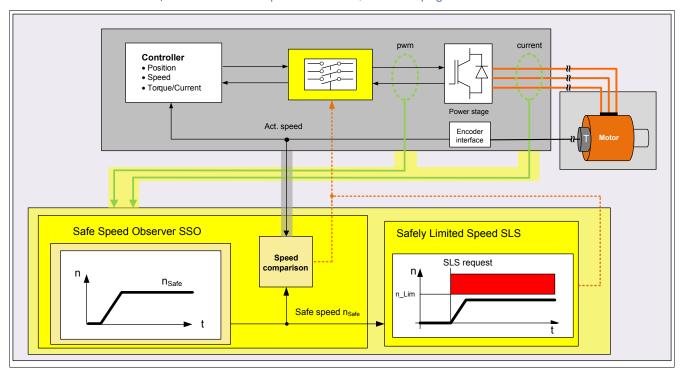


Figure 67: Safe Speed Observer (SSO) - General functional description

6.2.5 Safe current measurement

Safe current measurement is a component of safety functions SBT, SLT and SSO.

The safe current measurement determines stator-fixed current space vector i_S (i_α,i_β) from the measured phase currents using Clarke's transformation. The value of the current space vector $|i_S|(i_\alpha,i_\beta)|$ is hereinafter referred to as safe current i_S .

6.2.5.1 Accuracy of the safe current

Accuracy of the safe current i_{ϵ} depends on the permissible measuring error of the current transformers. This is specific to the performance class of the inverter module used.

Danger!

The accuracy of the safe current indicates the maximum undetectable/undiagnosable error of the amount of the safe current space vector. This error must be taken into account in the configuration of safety functions SBT and SLT.

Danger!

The accuracy of the safe current only applies up to the continuous current of the performance class used. It is not permitted to use a safety function that should monitor or detect a current above the continuous current of the performance class used.

For ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos, the following table applies to the accuracy of the safe current:

Performance class (ACOPOSmulti)	Continuous current [A]	Accuracy of the safe current
8BVI0014HxSA	1.9	108.6 mA
8BVI0028HxSA	3.8	293 mA
8BVI0055HxSA	7.6	488.2 mA
8BVI0110HxSA	15.1	976.6 mA
8BVI0220HxSA	22	1101.6 mA
8BVI0330HxSA	33	2406.4 mA
8BVI0440HxSA	44	2406.4 mA
8BVI0660HxSA	66	4.813 A
8BVI0880HxSA	88	4.813 A
8BVI1650HxSA	165	7.344 A

Information:

The accuracy of the safe current for the ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive is specified in the respective data sheet.

6.3 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

The safety characteristics have been calculated for the individual safety functions and grouped together in the following blocks:

- · Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored
 - → The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in evaluation.
- Safe Torque Off (STO1) single-channel
 - → Only one safe pulse disabling channel and its activation are included in evaluation.
- Safe Brake Control (SBC)
 - → The safe motor brake output and its activation are included in the evaluation. The brake itself must be taken into account explicitly in the safety chain!
- Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) speed-monitored, Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing, Remanent Safe Position (RSP)
 - \rightarrow The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in the evaluation. In addition, safe evaluation of the encoder and safe position detection are also taken into account.

The safety characteristics of the encoder itself must also be taken into account!

- Safe Brake Test (SBT)
 - \rightarrow Safe evaluation of the encoder, safe position detection, safe current measurement and the safe motor holding brake output and its activation are included in the evaluation.

The safety characteristics of the encoder itself must also be taken into account!

The brake itself must be taken into account explicitly in the safety chain.

- Safely Limited Torque (SLT) and Safely Limited Speed (SLS with SSO)
 - → The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in the evaluation. The safe current measurement is also taken into account.

Danger!

To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into account.

For a detailed description, see 6.2.3.1 "Assessing the safety integrity of the overall system" on page 301!

PFH_{TOTAL} = PFH_{SOS,SS1,SS2,SLS,SMS,SDI,SLI,SLA,SLP,SMP} + PFH_{Encoder}

Danger!

It is the machine manufacturer's responsibility to read and adhere to the technical documentation (product catalog / user's manual) provided for the measuring instrument.

Danger!

If the technical documentation (product catalog / user's manual) for the measuring instrument explicitly specifies that the bit error rate must be verified, then the user needs to implement this verification procedure in the application. This verification is not necessary if using B&R EnDat 2.2 encoder cables and certain B&R motors.

6.3.1 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module widt			width 1)
		1	2	4	8
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4			
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL e			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 3			
Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508		SIL 3			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) <5*10-10				
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof <9*10 ⁻⁰⁵				
	test interval of 20 years				
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 3)	2500 years			

Table 184: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 3) Value determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1.openautomation (2009) No. 6, p. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)					
		1	2	4	8		
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3					
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d					
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2					
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2					
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<8*10-09	_				
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.4*10-03					
	PTI (proof test interval) 2) Max. 20 years						
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>94%					
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>167 years	>157 years	>143 years	>85 years		

Table 185: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)					
		1	2	4	8		
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3					
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d	_				
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2					
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2					
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-08					
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰³					
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years					
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%			_		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>153 years	>135 years	>117 years	>56 years		

Table 186: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)			
		1	2	4	8
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3			
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d			
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2	_		
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<5*10 ⁻⁹			
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof			ontinuous end	coder evalua-
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	test interval of 20 years	tion is requir	ed!		
Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%			
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>109 years	>100 years	>89 years	>49 years

Table 187: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

¹⁾ ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.

²⁾ Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

6.3.2 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Safety function	Criteria Characteristic		lependent on module width 1)		
		1	2	4	
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4			
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL e			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 3			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 3			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-09			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1.5*10-04	-		
	test interval of 20 years				
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>98%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 3)	2200 years			

Table 188: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 3) Value determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1.openautomation (2009) No. 6, p. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009 249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)			
		1	2	4	
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3			
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2	_		
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2	_		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1.5*10-03	_		
	test interval of 20 years				
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>220 years	>220 years	>180 years	

Table 189: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)			
		1	2	4	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3			
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1*10-04			
	test interval of 20 years				
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>300 years	>300 years	>300 years	

Table 190: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)			
		1	2	4	
Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849		certified measuring non-certified mea	•	
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849		ertified measuring on-certified meas		
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	Max. SIL 3 with certified measuring instrument Max. SIL 2 with non-certified measuring instrument			
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508		certified measuring non-certified meas		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<5*10 ⁻⁹			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	Cannot be used since continuous encoder evaluation is required!			
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>90 years	>85 years	>80 years	

Table 191: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width		dule width 1)
		1	2	4
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3		
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d		
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2		
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸		
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	Cannot be used tion is required!	since continuous	encoder evalua-
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>65 years	>55 years	>45 years

Table 192: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Test (SBT)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

6.3.3 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL e
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 3
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 3
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<9*10-10
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.5*10 ⁻⁰⁴
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 2)	2500 years

Table 193: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 2) Value determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1.openautomation (2009) No. 6, p. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-08
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰³
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>94%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>70 years

Table 194: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰⁸
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>153 years

Table 195: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
Safely Limited Increment (SLI),	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) 1)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸
Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10-03
Safely Limited Position (SLP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years
Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>45 years

Table 196: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

¹⁾ The encoder is not taken into consideration here! To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into consideration. See 6.3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions " on page 319.

²⁾ Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

6.3.4 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL e
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 3
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 3
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<2.0*10-9
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<4.0*10-4
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 2)	150 years

Table 197: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 2) Value determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1.openautomation (2009) No. 6, p. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<3.5*10-9
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<6.0*10-4
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	150 years

Table 198: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1.0*10-9
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<2.0*10-4
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	200 years
	Maximum output current	See the technical data for the ACOPOS P3 8EI SafeMOTION servo drive.

Table 199: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI),	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
Safely Limited Increment (SLI),	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) 1)	<2.5*10-8
Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<3.5*10 ⁻³
Safely Limited Position (SLP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years
Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	50 years

Table 200: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increment (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

- The encoder is not taken into account here! To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into account. See 6.3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 319.
- Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value		
Safe Brake Test (SBT)3)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3	Cat. 2	
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d	PL d	
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2	SIL 2	
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2	SIL 2	
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<2.5*10-8	<2*10-7	
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	_2)	_2)	
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years	Max. 20 years	
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%	>90%	
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	40 years	40 years	

Table 201: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Test (SBT)

- Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- Cannot be used since continuous current evaluation is necessary! 2)
- This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic v	/alue
Safely Limited Torque (SLT)3)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3	Cat. 2
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<2.5*10-8	<2*10-7
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	_2)	-2)
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%	>90%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	40 years	40 years

Table 202: Safety characteristics: Safely Limited Torque (SLT)

- Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- Cannot be used since continuous current evaluation is necessary! 2)
- This safety function is certified for ACOPOS P3 per category 3 as well as category 2 of EN ISO 13849. Depending on the desired category, the corresponding accuracy of the safe current and corresponding safety characteristics must be used.

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Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safely Limited Speed (SLS with SSO)	Maximum safety category per EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level per EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level per IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<2.5*10-8
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<3.5*10 ⁻³
	PTI (proof test interval)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	30 years

Table 203: Safety characteristics: Safely Limited Speed (SLS with SSO)

¹⁾ Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

6.4 Integrated safety functions

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

The following safety functions are supported by the SafeMOTION module:

Safety function	ACOPO SafeMC		EN ISO 13849-1		EN 61508 / EN 620	Safe Encoder	
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	evaluation Necessary
	Starting ty Rel						
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL e / Cat. 4	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	Time-based moni- toring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based moni- toring: PL d / Cat. 3	Time-based monitoring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the encoder used	Time-based moni- toring: SIL 3 Ramp-based moni- toring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.9	R 1.9	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / Cat. 3	Max. PL e / Cat. 4, depends on the en- coder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	-	R 1.7	-	Max. PL d / Cat. 3, depends on the en- coder used	-	Max. SIL 2, Depends on the encoder used	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.9	-	PL d / Cat. 3	-	SIL 2	-	Yes

Table 204: ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation Necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / Cat. 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / Cat. 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 205: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety technology

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe Encoder evaluation Necessary
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 205: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

1) Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

Safety function	ACOPOS P3	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe	
	SafeMOTION			Encoder evaluation	
		EnDat 2.2		Necessary	
	Starting with hard-				
	ware upgrade				
Safe Torque Off (STO)	1.10.x.x	PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No	
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No	
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2		
				Yes	
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	1.10.x.x	Time-based monitoring:	Time-based monitoring:	Time-based monitoring:	
		PL e / Cat. 4	SIL 3	No	
		Ramp-based monitoring:	Ramp-based monitoring:	Ramp-based monitoring:	
		PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	1.10.x.x ²⁾	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes1)	
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Direction (SDI)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No	
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Homing	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	1.10.2.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	
` ′		PL d / Cat. 2			
Safely Limited Torque (SLT)	1.10.2.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	No	
,		PL d / Cat. 2			
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	1.10.x.x	PL d / Cat. 3	SIL 2	Yes	

Table 206: ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

- 1) Safe encoder evaluation is not necessary in conjunction with SSO.
- 2) Supported in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later in conjunction with SSO.

Guidelines for using the integrated safety functions

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

At least the "Activate" and "S_AxisID" inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, pulse disabling and the motor holding brake output will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be switched on.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

For each axis used, at least the inputs "Activate", "S_AxisID", and "S_Control_Activate" must be connected to the function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

The following libraries and function blocks are available in SafeDESIGNER for creating a safe application.

Safety technology

Drive system	Library
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	7 "PLCopen_Motion_SF_2" on page 498
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos	
ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	8 "openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF" on page 737

6.4.1 FAIL SAFE state

6.4.1.1 Parameters

None

6.4.1.2 Behavior

If a hardware or firmware error occurs, then the SafeMOTION module switches to a non-acknowledgeable error state – the FAIL SAFE state. The logbook entry in Automation Studio provides more detailed information about the pending error. This logbook can also be evaluated in the standard application.

If the hardware is defective, the entire ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, entire ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive or entire ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module must be replaced.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module forms a unit with the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive or inverter unit in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

An error may also have been caused by a configuration mistake, however. If this is the case, then the safe configuration must be checked and reloaded to the SafeLOGIC controller. This must then be followed by a power off/on cycle to bring the module back to the OPERATIONAL state.

Danger!

In state "FAIL SAFE", safe pulse disabling is always active, i.e. the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force. The motor holding brake output is always switched to 0 V in this state!

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

Danger!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules

If connected, the motor holding brake engages in the FAIL SAFE state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

6.4.2 FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

6.4.2.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 207: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO	diately, or STO1 is	AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time (previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL (SAFE state		0	R 1.3
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
FFS - Caused by encoder error (1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)	Always / Only if safety functions re- quiring an encoder are enabled	Always:			R 1.10.1

Table 208: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

6.4.2.2 Behavior

If a monitored limit is exceeded or an encoder error occurs during operation – and as long as the safe encoder is required for the safety functions being used – then the SafeMOTION module switches to an acknowledgeable error state – the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

For information about any errors that occur, see the logbook entry in Automation Studio. This logbook can also be evaluated in the standard application.

Danger!

The motor holding brake is engaged in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

Danger!

The error response time specified in the manual affects the residual movement in the event of error! This must be taken into account when planning the safety equipment (e.g. distances, monitored limits, etc.)

"FFS - Mode" = "STO"

Pulse disabling is requested (low-side and high-side) immediately after the error is detected and the safe motor holding brake output is set to 0 V.

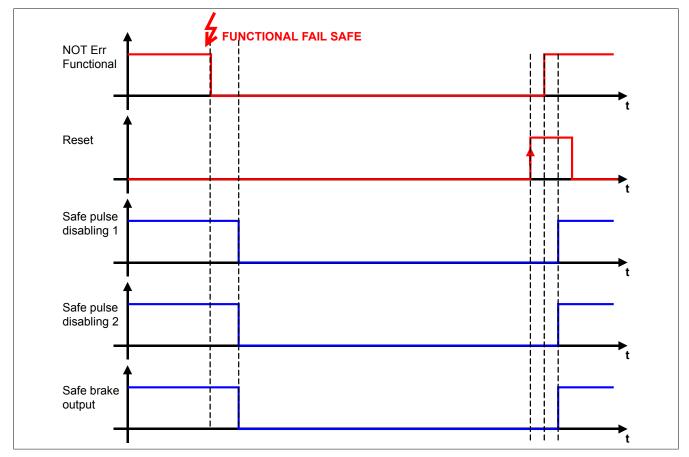


Figure 68: FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE - STO configuration

"FFS - Mode" = "STO1 and STO with time delay"

Either the low-side or high-side of the pulse disabling is switched to 0 V immediately after the error is detected. The safe motor holding brake output is set to 0 V after the configured "FFS - STO Enable delay time" (t_{FFS_STO}) has expired.

The second channel of the pulse disabling is also switched to 0 V after the configured "FFS - STO Enable delay time until brake engages" (t_{FFS BRAKE}) has expired.

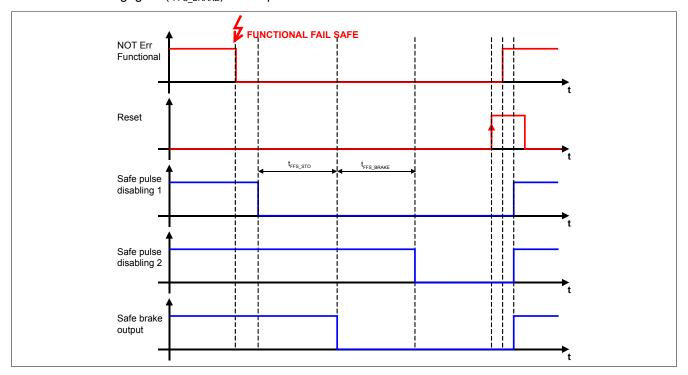


Figure 69: FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE - STO1 and STO configuration with time delay

This makes it possible for the drive to be decelerated via the short circuit braking integrated in the inverter unit for the amount of time in which just one pulse disabling channel is active.

In this case, the time $t_{\text{FFS_BRAKE}}$ serves to incorporate this brake engage time. This means that the second pulse disabling channel will only be switched to 0 V after the motor holding brake has actually engaged.

Danger!

Short circuit braking in the inverter unit is not suitable for safety purposes and can therefore only be used to protect the machine. If the release of motor energy could result in dangerous situations (e.g. with hanging loads), then a mechanical safeguard must also be installed.

"FFS - Caused by encoder error"

This parameter makes it possible to disable the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE reaction to an encoder error if no safety function is active that requires an encoder (safe position and/or safe speed).

6.4.3 Blackout mode

Information:

This functionality is only available in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later!

Information:

The use of blackout mode in connection with DNA is not permitted. Static addresses must be used.

Information:

If safety functions are configured for blackout mode, they are used as configured in SafeDESIGNER. The danger warnings of individual safety functions also apply when used in blackout mode.

Danger!

Enabling blackout mode can lead to dangerous situations since pulse disabling is only enabled when the safety function is triggered or after delay time "BM - Delay time to FFS" has elapsed and not immediately when the network fails.

Information:

In the event of network failure of the servo drive, it is no longer possible to react to error behavior of the drive in the standard application. The standard default error response in the event of network failure is to abort the movement. An active standard reaction is only possible if safety communication fails.

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

Information:

Resuming the network connection does not interrupt blackout mode functionality. Short interruptions and disturbances of the network connection therefore also result in the enabling of blackout mode.

6.4.3.1 Parameter

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used starting with Safe- ty Release
BM - Mode Off /		The blackout mode defines the behave	rior in case of network failure.	Off	R 1.10
(hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x	Prev. enabled	Value	Description		
and later) SF / Prev. enabled and configured SF / Configured SF	Prev. enabled and configured SF /	Off	In the event of a network failure, as before the axis enters state IDLE of the SafeMOTION module's state machine.		
	Configured SF	Prev. enabled SF	The safety functions requested at the time of the network failure remain active during the blackout mode.		
	Prev. enabled and configured SF	The safety functions requested at the time of the network failure remain active during the blackout mode; in addition, the safety functions configured in "BM - Configured safety functions" are requested.			
		Configured SF	At the time of the network failure, the safety functions configured in "BM - Configured safety functions" are requested.		
BM - Delay time to FFS (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	[µs]	Delay time between start of blackout the change to state FUNCTIONAL FA	mode (detection of network failure) and IL SAFE	0	R 1.10
BM - Configured safety func- tions (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Configuration mask of the safety function mode. Control bit = 0 Safety function required control bit = 1 Safety function not reference to the safety function of the safety function of the safety function mask of the s		4294967295 (0xFFFF FFFF)	R 1.10

Table 209: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Blackout Mode

6.4.3.2 Behavior

If no valid openSAFETY telegrams are received during operation, either the configured blackout mode with subsequent FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is enabled or the system changes immediately to state IDLE of the state machine of the SafeMOTION module; this depends on the configuration of parameter "BM - Mode". In the event of failure of the safety communication, this function makes it possible to start a retraction movement in the standard application and to monitor it using suitable safety functions, for example.

6.4.3.2.1 Configuration of parameter "BM - Mode"

BM - Mode = Off

This is the default setting. As before, the module changes to state IDLE of the state machine of the SafeMOTION module immediately after no more valid openSAFETY telegrams are received. In state IDLE, the motor holding brake output and pulse disabling are enabled.

BM - Mode = Prev. enabled SF

If no more valid openSAFETY telegrams are received, the safety functions requested at the time of the last valid telegrams remain active for the configured time "BM - Delay time to FFS". If a monitored limit is exceeded during this time, the module immediately changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE. Otherwise, the module changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE only after the time "BM - Delay time to FFS" has elapsed. The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error response is initiated as described above (see 6.4.2 "FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state" on page 333).

BM - Mode = Prev. enabled and configured SF

If no more valid openSAFETY telegrams are received, the safety functions requested at the time of the last valid telegrams remain active for the configured time "BM - Delay time to FFS". In addition, the safety functions configured under "BM - Configured safety functions" are requested. If a monitored limit is exceeded during the active safety functions, the module immediately changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE. Otherwise, the module changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE only after the time "BM - Delay time to FFS" has elapsed. The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error response is initiated as described above (see 6.4.2 "FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state" on page 333).

BM - Mode = Configured SF

If no more valid openSAFETY telegrams are received, the safety functions configured under "BM - Configured safety functions" remain activated for the configured "BM - Delay time to FFS" time. If a monitored limit is exceeded during this time, the module immediately changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE. Otherwise, the module changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE only after the time "BM - Delay time to FFS" has elapsed. The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error response is initiated as described above (see 6.4.2 "FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state" on page 333).

6.4.3.2.2 Configuration of parameter BM - Configured safety functions

Parameter "BM - Configured safety functions" can be used to configure the safety functions that are requested (additionally) when blackout mode is active.

The following must be taken into account during configuration:

- Only functions that are also used in the safe application are permitted to be configured; the corresponding
 input on the function block must be connected and the function parameters must be set correctly. If this is
 not observed, the SafeMOTION module changes to state FAIL SAFE after startup.
- A function is configured by setting the corresponding bit in the control word to 0; unused bits must have the value 1. By default, all bits are set to 1, i.e. no function is configured!
- · Safety functions that are not contained in the control word remain enabled/disabled as configured.
- The following control bits are not permitted (these are not evaluated):
 "Control reset", "Control activate", "Control SBT", "Control homing", "Control RefSwitch", "Control Switch-HomingMode" and all "Reserved" bits.

The assignment of safety functions to the respective control bit is shown in the tables:

- Tab. 303 "Control bits Byte 0" on page 485
- Tab. 304 "Control bits Byte 1" on page 485
- Tab. 305 "Control bits Byte 2" on page 485
- Tab. 306 "Control bits Byte 3" on page 486

6.4.4 Safe Position, Safe Speed

6.4.4.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder type (previously Encoder Type) (SSO starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x)	Rotary encoder / Linear encoder / Encoder used / Encoder not used / Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory / Safe Speed Observer - Linear	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.7 and later) Rotary encoder Linear encoder Encoder not used: No encoder being used ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 or later) ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 or later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder not used: Safe encoder evaluation disabled ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder not used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder not used: Safe encoder evaluation disabled Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory: SSO enabled for rotary systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later) Safe speed observer - Linear: SSO enabled for linear		Rotary encoder (SinCos) Encoder used (EnDat 2.2)	R 1.7
EUS - Number of signal periods (previously <i>Number of signal periods</i>) (only with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)	-		systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later) periods per revolution (rotary encoder) or length of the e system (linear encoder)	1	R 1.7
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Rotary encoder u Linear encoder ur of the physical rei Any unit (mm, 1/1 for positions (and For this reason, ti (units per x revolutions	1	R 1.4	
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system [units]</i>)	[units]	ber of x revolution Rotary encoder u Linear encoder ur Any unit (mm, 1/1 for positions (and For this reason, the contraction of the contraction)	1000	R 1.4	
EUS - Counting direction (previously Counting direction) EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nml))	Standard / Inverse	Value Description Default Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Inverse Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		Default 1000000000	R 1.3
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range	[units/s]	Maximum speed	32767	R 1.3	
(units/s)) EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permis	sible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 210: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

6.4.4.2 Behavior

These parameters (see 6.4.4.1 "General settings - Encoder Unit System" on page 339) can be used to configure the safe unit system.

The safe speed and safe position are transferred in the safety frame. The process data is only permitted to be used together with the corresponding status bit. If the respective status bit is FALSE, then the corresponding data is invalid.

Function blocks are available that can link the process data to a specific axis in order to use it in the safety application.

Safe Position

The safe position is transferred in the [units] defined by the configured units system. After successful homing, status bit "S_SafePositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" is set.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

Danger!

The safe encoder evaluation can only detect a transmission or positioning error if:

- A path is traversed greater than the angular deviation of the safe position specified in the encoder manufacturer's product information (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION or ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION).
- A distance is traversed that is greater than ±½ of the signal period of the SinCos measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos).

The resulting maximum error in the safe position also depends on the length of the physical reference system (revolutions, length of the scale, etc.).

The error affects the minimum clearance required to prevent pinching/crushing (e.g. of fingers) and must be taken into account when dimensioning the safety function.

Danger!

For a frictionally engaged connection with fault exclusion, there is no additional mechanical offset that would need to be considered for the safe position.

If fault exclusion is fulfilled only by a mechanical stop with backlash, this maximum possible offset must be calculated into the safe position. This is done by adding the values for the measuring instrument and for the mechanical coupling.

Safe Speed

The safe speed is scaled to 2 bytes due to the limited bandwidth available in the safety frame. The scaled speed (v_{Scaled}) is calculated as follows:

$$v_{scaled} = \frac{v_{physical} \cdot 32767}{v_{EUS_MAX_NORM}} \left[\frac{scaled_units}{s} \right]$$

 $v_{Physical}$ (physical speed) corresponds to the actual physical value and is calculated in [units/s] using the configured units system.

With the default configuration of parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" = $v_{\text{EUS_MAX_NORM}}$ = 32767, the scaled speed equals the physical speed!

The maximum speed is never permitted to exceed the configured value of "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the module switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

Information:

The speed limits of safety functions are configured in [units/s] of physical speed. The safety functions monitor the scaled speeds [scaled units/s] internally, which can cause scaling errors to occur.

Example

The following configuration results in the speed tolerance for standstill monitoring being scaled internally to 0 [scaled units/s].

Configuration:

"EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" = v_{EUS MAX NORM} = 3276700

"Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" = $v_{SM T}$ = 20

Scaled
$$v_{SM_T} = \frac{v_{SM_T} \cdot INT16MAX}{v_{EUS_MAX_NORM}} = \frac{20 \cdot 32767}{3276700} = 0$$

If Safe Operating Stop is activated, a speed tolerance of 0 is monitored internally [scaled units/s]. This can wrongly result in a speed limit violation while at a standstill.

Information:

The configured unit system has a significant impact on the maximum physical speed that is achieved.

When changing the configured unit system, it is important to consider how this will affect parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range".

Danger!

If the module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state, then the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

Danger!

The safe encoder evaluation can only detect a transmission or positioning error if:

- A path is traversed greater than the angular deviation of the safe position specified in the encoder manufacturer's product information (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION or ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION).
- A distance is traversed that is greater than ±½ of the signal period of the SinCos measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos).

The resulting maximum error in the safe position also depends on the length of the physical reference system (revolutions, length of the scale, etc.).

The error influences the error response time and must be taken into account when dimensioning the safety function.

6.4.5 Safe Speed Observer, SSO

Information:

This functionality is only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later!

The function is approved starting with a defined hardware revision; for older hardware revisions, using the safety function leads directly to state FAIL SAFE. The necessary hardware revision is noted in the servo drive data sheet.

6.4.5.1 Parameter

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder type (previously <i>Encoder Type</i>) (SSO starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x)	Rotary encoder / Linear encoder / Encoder used / Encoder not used / Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory / Safe Speed Observer - Linear	Determines the type of encoder used: ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.7 and later) Rotary encoder Linear encoder Encoder not used: No encoder being used ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 or later) ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 or later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder not used: Safe encoder evaluation disabled ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory: SSO enabled for rotary systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later) Safe speed observer - Linear: SSO enabled for linear systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Rotary encoder (SinCos) Encoder used (EnDat 2.2)	R 1.7
EUS - Number of signal periods (previously <i>Number of signal periods</i>) (only with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)	-	Number of signal periods per revolution (rotary encoder) or length of the physical reference system (linear encoder)	1	R 1.7
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Rotary encoder unit scale: X revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: X reference lengths (reference length = length of the physical reference system) Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.	1	R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system [units]</i>)	[units]	Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.	1000	R 1.4

Table 211: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Parameter	Unit	Description		Description Default value		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /	Counting dire	Counting direction of the position or speed D		R 1.3		
	Inverse	Value	Description				
(previously Counting direction)		Default	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system.				
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.				
EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nml))	[nm]	tem is defined This value is	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		R 1.4		
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum spe	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized 3		R 1.3		
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum per	missible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4		

Table 211: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" does not have to be configured when using the safe speed observer since acceleration is not monitored.

Parameter			Default value	Starting in Safety Re-
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μH	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak cur- rent is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load	0	1.10

Table 212: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

Information:

Parameters "Motor - Peak torque", "Motor - Moment of inertia" and "Motor - External moment of inertia" are optional for the safe speed observer! The quality of the safe speed can be improved by configuring it.

^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

An incorrect configuration ("Motor - Peak torque" too small, "Motor - Moment of inertia" or "Motor - External moment of inertia" too large) can lead to a deceleration of the observed speed and thus influence the "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed".

Information:

If the direction of rotation of motor "Motor - Direction" is inverted, the commutation offset of the motor must be newly determined by single-phase.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	% of the nominal speed of the motor	Permissible dev encoder speed	iation of the observed safe speed from the actual	10	1.10
SSO - Inverter switching frequency (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Hz	Switching freque	ency of the servo drive	5000	1.10
SSO - Inverter adjustment amplifica- tion factor (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	10-3	Correction of the istic curve	e normalized gain factor of the inverter character-	0	1.10
SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	10 ⁻³ / A	Correction of the	e exponent of the inverter characteristic curve	0	1.10
SSO - External load - Enable (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Enabled/Disabled	Uses external er enabled observe	nergies (external load or suspended axes) with an er	Enabled	1.10
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	An external load / suspended load is used.		
		Disabled	No external load / suspended load is used.		

Table 213: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - SSO

Information:

Parameters "SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor" and "SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent" must be determined using a parameter identification procedure (see 6.4.5.2.2.2 "Parameter identification for determining parameters "SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor" and "SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent"" on page 349)! Both parameters are used to correct the power inverter losses in the phase voltages.

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-			of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data record	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description		
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module			R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed monitoring)		Enabled	Monitoring active		
montoning)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 214: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Information:

Velocity lag error monitoring "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" must be enabled for the safe speed observer, and tolerance "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance" must be configured.

Information:

Speed lag error monitoring compares the speed setpoint with the measured actual speed in order to rule out an error in the encoder mounting. The following regulation applies to speed error tolerance "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance":

"Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance" ≤ "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" It makes sense that "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance" should be less than "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed".

Information:

Position lag error monitoring "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable" is not permitted to be enabled for the safe speed observer.

6.4.5.2 Behavior

For certain applications, it is possible to use the safe speed observer (SSO) instead of a safe encoder. The speed of an axis is determined by means of electrical signals and checked for plausibility with the measured values of non-safe encoder.

It is guaranteed that the speed determined and output by the safe speed observer is within the specified tolerance window of ±"SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed" around the actual speed and can therefore be used to monitor a speed limit using safety function SLS.

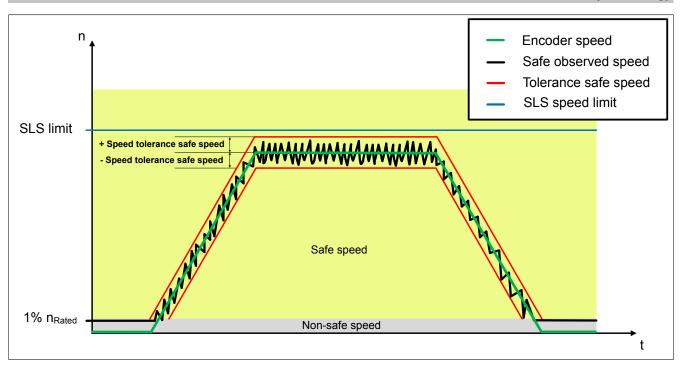


Figure 70: Comparison of the safely observed speed with the actual speed

The minimum safe speed output corresponds to 1% of the configured nominal speed of the motor!

The observable minimum speed is approx. 1% of the nominal speed. The tolerance, i.e. \pm "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed", depends on the motor used and the dynamics of the application and is typically ~2% of the nominal speed for rotary motors and ~20% for linear motors.

Information:

The minimum configurable tolerance "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed" corresponds to 1% of the configured nominal speed of the motor! If the size selected for the parameter is too small, the availability of the axis is reduced.

Information:

The minimum configurable speed limit is not permitted to be less than the configured tolerance "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed"!

The following rule applies:

1% $n_{rated} \le Tolerance$ safe speed $\le LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Information:

Safety function Safe Maximum Speed "Speed functions - SMS/SLS - SMS - Enable" is not permitted to be used in combination with the safe speed observer. Safety function SMS is active immediately after changing to state OPERATIONAL. However, the SSO can only form a safe speed after the controller has been switched on for the first time and a safety-critical time window would be created.

Danger!

The permissible speed tolerance "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed" must be determined by the user and configured in SafeDESIGNER.

Together with the safely configured nominal speed, the minimum, safely observable speed is thus defined. The speed determined in this way also corresponds to the error to be assumed.

When creating the safe application, this must be taken into account in such a way that the speed limit to be monitored is selected correspondingly lower!

Safety technology

Only the Safe Speed can be determined, but not the Safe Position, see 6.4.4 "Safe Position, Safe Speed" on page 339. Together with the achievable tolerance, this results in a limitation of the permissible safety functions when using the safe speed observer. Safe monitoring of the standstill is **not** possible!

The safe speed observer adds the SLS safety function to the permissible safety functions without a safe encoder.

The necessary requirements for using the safe speed observer are as follows:

- Use of a synchronous motor (linear or rotary) and knowledge of the motor characteristics
- · Evaluation of a non-safe encoder
 - The encoder must be supported by the drive (onboard or option board).
 - Using a crosslink axis encoder is not permitted.
 - Network encoders are not permitted.
 - Use of a standard observer (encoderless control) is not permitted.
- Control modes such as current control mode and V/f control mode are not permitted.
- Load impacts can only be observed by the observer under certain circumstances; they usually have a direct effect on permissible speed tolerance "SSO Speed tolerance safe speed".

6.4.5.2.1 External energies / External loads / Suspended axes / Vertical axes

External energies / Suspended loads must be explicitly configured when using SSO ("SSO - External load - Enable" → Enabled/Disabled). The following must be observed:

SSO - External load - Enabled

A safety function that requires a safe speed can only be requested when the controller is switched on. If SLS is requested and the controller is switched off, for example, the SafeMOTION module immediately changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE since the safe speed loses its validity.

Information:

When using an external load, safety function Safe Stop 1 (SS1) is only permitted to be used with pure time monitoring. A ramp-monitored stopping procedure ("SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable") and early limit monitoring ("Early limit monitoring - Enable") are not permitted to be enabled.

SSO - External load - Disabled

When the controller is switched off, the current safe speed is "frozen". This is permitted since the system cannot accelerate without external energy.

If the speed limit to be monitored is greater than the "frozen" speed, the safety function can be requested as usual.

If this is not the case, a request from the safety function leads to a violation of the monitored speed and the SafeMOTION module changes to state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.

Danger!

The user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements for the safe observer (SSO) are met.

Otherwise, the use of the safe speed observer is not permitted!

Before using the Safe Speed Observer, the necessary safety functions and their limits must be defined. Subsequently, it must be decided whether the requirements of the safety functions can be fulfilled by means of SSO.

6.4.5.2.2 Commissioning

Before using the safe speed observer, the necessary parameters must first be determined. To do this, make the following settings in SafeDESIGNER:

- The use of an encoder must be disabled ("EUS Encoder type" → Encoder not used)
- · No safety function is permitted to be activated.

The following setting must be changed in the encoder configuration of the servo drive:

Drive configuration → Encoder configuration → Encoder X4x → Interface type:
 The encoder type used must be configured here. Setting "EnDat SafeMOTION" must be deselected; otherwise, the standard (non-safe) firmware expects a safe encoder and therefore returns an error.

6.4.5.2.2.1 Reading parameters in Automation Studio

Information:

For a B&R motor with an EnDat interface type, the motor parameter set can be read out in the encoder memory using ParlDs. Before reading, make sure that interface type "EnDat" (see 6.4.5.2.2 "Commissioning" on page 348) is selected when configuring the plug-in module, otherwise the motor parameter set of the simulation is read out incorrectly.

The motor parameters and inverter switching frequency can be read out in Automation Studio using ParIDs. Some of them can also be found on the nameplate or in the motor data sheet.

Parameter	Necessary unit	Description	Configuration in SafeDESIGNER
Motor - Number of pole pairs	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	PariD 47
Motor - Stator resistance	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured be- tween two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	
Motor - Stator inductance	μН	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	
Motor - Torque constant	μNm/A	Torque constant	ParID 55 * 106
Motor - Rated speed	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	*)
Motor - Peak torque	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak current is applied	
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional)	µkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	ParID 62 * 10 ⁶

^{*) = \}frac{ParID50_\cdot\text{....\text{"}EUS_-_Units_per_count_of_physical_reference_system\text{"}}}{60_\cdot\text{....\text{"}EUS_-_Count_of_physical_reference_system\text{"}}}

6.4.5.2.2.2 Parameter identification for determining parameters "SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor" and "SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent"

Due to the non-ideal switching behavior of the servo drive, the output voltage is falsified. Parameters "SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor" and "SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent" are needed to correct the resulting switching losses.

Both parameters must first be determined using an identification procedure and can only be read out afterwards.

- The controller must be tuned in Automation Studio as usual ("Controller Autotuning")
- Parameter identification is started by writing the following ParIDs:

Parameter ID name	ParID	Value	Description
PIDENT_MOTOR_TYPE	975	2 (for SM)	Motor: Type
PIDENT_MODE	995	20	Main identification mode
PIDENT_SUB_MODE	1125	10	Sub-identification mode
CMD_PIDENT	997	ncStart (= 260)	Command

 After setting CMD_PIDENT to ncStart, the parameters for the inverter losses are determined and can be read out as follows:

Parameter ID	ParID	Range of values	Units	Description
Name				
PIDENT_FIT*)	998	0.0 100.0	%	Quality of the iden-
				tification procedure
PIDENT_INVCL_A1**)	992	0.0 40.0		Inverter: Gain fac-
				tor
PIDENT INVCL A2***)	993	0.0FLT MAX	1/A	Inverter: Exponent

^{*)} The quality of identification is assessed as follows:

 $80\% < PIDENT_FIT \le 100\% Good$

60% < PIDENT_FIT ≤ 80% Tolerable

0% < PIDENT_FIT ≤ 60% Unusable

0% Invalid

Danger!

Determined parameters PIDENT_INVCL_A1 and PIDENT_INVCL_A2 depend on switching frequency F_SWITCH of the inverter! If the switching frequency is changed, the parameters must be determined again!

^{**) &}quot;SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor"

PIDENT_INVCL_A1 * 10³

^{**) &}quot;SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent" ≙ PIDENT_INVCL_A2 * 10³

6.4.5.2.2.3 Configuration in SafeDESIGNER

- The SSO must be enabled in the encoder unit system ("EUS Encoder unit system") "EUS Encoder type"
 → Safe speed observer Rotatory/Linear
- The remaining encoder unit system must be configured (if not yet carried out).
- The determined motor and SSO parameters must be configured.
- Speed lag error monitoring must be enabled and tolerance "Encoder monitoring Speed error tolerance" configured.
- The settings for SSO must be tested with the standard application.
- Speed tolerance "SSO Speed tolerance safe speed" must be determined by measuring the deviation, see 6.4.5.2.2.4 "Determining the tolerance - Speed tolerance safe speed" on page 350.

Information:

The parameters determined in Automation Studio can have a different scaling than those that must be configured in SafeDESIGNER!

Example of a stator resistance read out in Automation Studio:[Ω] Stator resistance to be configured in SafeDESIGNER: [$m\Omega$]

Information:

The SafeMOTION Help Tool can be used to support the conversion of parameters into the correct system of units! The results must be verified!

6.4.5.2.2.4 Determining the tolerance - Speed tolerance safe speed

- To determine the optimal speed tolerance "SSO Speed tolerance safe speed", it must first be configured to a very high value (>50% of the nominal speed) in SafeDESIGNER.
- If a safety function should be activated that monitors the speed, the speed limit to be monitored must be set higher than the configured tolerance
 (1% n_{Rated} ≤ Tolerance safe speed ≤ LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ EUS Maximum speed to normalize speed range).
- A movement must be made with the motor and the following parameter IDs recorded via Trace:

	ParID name	Value	Description
Safely observed speed	SAFEMC_SPEED_ACT	6	(INT) SafeMC: Actual speed (sUnits/s)
Non-safe actual speed (speed controller)	SCTRL_SPEED_ACT	251	(REAL) CTRL Speed controller: Actual speed (1/s)
Non-safe actual speed (position controller)	PCTRL_V_ACT	92	(REAL) CTRL Position controller: Actual speed (units/s)

- Either "SCTRL_SPEED_ACT" or "PCTRL_V_ACT" can be recorded as unsafe actual speed.
- The recorded speeds must be rescaled to the same system of units for comparison.
- The necessary tolerance can be determined by comparing the two speeds.
 Note: When comparing using "Trace", a time offset of approximately 3.2 ms occurs and must be taken into account.
- In the stationary state, the deviation between "SAFEMC_SPEED_ACT" and "SCTRL_SPEED_ACT/PC-TRL_V_ACT" is typically less than in the dynamic state. Therefore, the tolerance in the dynamic case should be determined.
- The determined tolerance must be configured in SafeDESIGNER.
- · The speed limits used for the safety functions must be checked.

Danger!

The greater the speed tolerance "SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed" is configured, the greater the speed error that can occur!

Information:

The two recorded speeds "SAFEMC_SPEED_ACT" and "SCTRL_SPEED_ACT/PCTRL_V_ACT" are scaled differently.

When using "Trace" to compare the gray actual speed with the safely observed speed, a time offset of about 3.2 ms occurs.

6.4.5.3 Safety functions in combination with SSO

The following safety functions can be used in combination with the safe speed observer:

- STO
- SBC
- SS1
- SLS1 SLS4
- STO1
- SLT

6.4.6 Safe Torque

Information:

This functionality is only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION!

The function is approved starting with a defined hardware revision; for older hardware revisions, using the safety function leads directly to state FAIL SAFE. The necessary hardware revision is noted in the servo drive data sheet.

6.4.6.1 Parameter

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μН	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load	0	1.10

Table 215: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

6.4.6.2 Behavior

Safe electrical motor torque T_{ST} (Safe Torque) is determined by the amount of the stator-fixed current space vector $|i_S(i_G, i_B)|$ and the configured motor torque characteristic curve.

The motor torque characteristic curve is approximated by piecewise continuous linear function $T_{MC}\left(\frac{r_S}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ or

 $T_{MC}^{-1}(T)$ and indicates the relationship between motor torque and the amount of the stator-fixed safe current space vector.

$$T = T_{MC} \left(\frac{i_{S}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \min \left(K_{T} \cdot \frac{i_{S}}{\sqrt{2}}; T_{0} + \frac{T_{P} - T_{0}}{I_{P} - I_{0}} \cdot \left(\frac{i_{S}}{\sqrt{2}} - I_{0} \right) \right)$$
or
$$i_{S} = T_{MC}^{1}(T) = \sqrt{2} \cdot \max \left(\frac{T}{K_{T}}; I_{0} + \frac{T - T_{0}}{\frac{T_{P} - T_{0}}{I_{P} - I_{0}}} \right)$$

- K_⊤ Torque constant of the motor
- I₀ Stall current of the motor
- I_P Peak current of the motor
- T₀ Stall torque of the motor
- T_P Peak torque of the motor

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^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

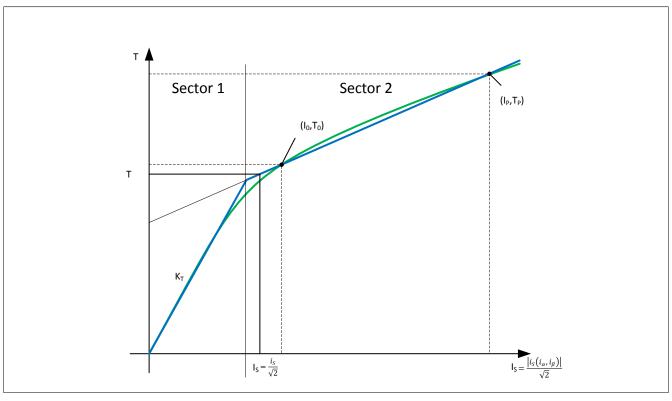


Figure 71: Configured motor torque characteristic curve

The safe electrical torque is based on the safe current measurement; therefore, the notes and information about the safe current measurement are also valid for the safe torque. See Safe current measurement.

Information:

When calculating the accuracy of the safe electrical torque, the accuracy of safety function SLT specified in the respective data sheet of the inverter module must be used.

Danger!

The actual torque of the motor can always be less than the safe electrical torque. This must be taken into account when using the safe electrical torque.

Danger!

The safe electrical torque specifies the maximum amount of electrical motor torque. This must be taken into account when using the safe electrical torque.

Danger!

Due to an error in the motor (commutation error, demagnetization, etc.), the amount of actual electric motor torque can be less than the determined safe torque.

This must be taken into account when using the safe electrical torque.

Danger!

Overheating of the motor can change torque constant K_T and therefore negatively influence the safe torque. Ensure that the motor has been sized so as to prevent overheating.

Danger!

The safe electrical torque can only be used for synchronous motors with undefined poles $(L_d=L_d)!$

Danger!

If the accuracy of the safe current is not taken into account, a current value or torque that is too low can be monitored under certain circumstances. In this case, it cannot be guaranteed that the target torque will be reached or that the torque limit will be correctly monitored; the result of the safety function is therefore invalid!

Danger!

The accuracy of the safe current only applies up to the continuous current of the performance class used. It is not permitted to use a safety function that should monitor or detect a current above the continuous current of the performance class used.

Danger!

The configuration parameters of the motor torque characteristic must be determined and configured according to the motor manufacturer's specifications, taking into account the unfavorable case to be assumed (rotor position-dependent fluctuations, manufacturing tolerances, linearization errors, etc.)!

6.4.6.3 Accuracy of Safe Torque

The following accuracies must be taken into account when configuring Safe Torque.

Accuracy of the safe current

For valid general information about current measurement and its accuracy, see Accuracy of the safe current. The following additional instructions apply to safe electrical motor torque.

In order to calculate the motor torque, the accuracy of the safe current must be taken into account. Only this guarantees a valid safe electrical motor torque even with the maximum permissible measuring error of the current transformers.

6.4.6.4 Calculating the safe electrical motor torque with a maximum measurement error (worst case)

Safe electrical motor torque T_{ST} must be converted to corresponding current i_{ST} using piecewise continuous linear function $T_{MC}^{-1}(T)$ in order to apply accuracy of the safe current for SLT i_{SSLT} . i_{ST_WC} must then be calculated back to a torque.

i_{ST} is calculated according to Safe Torque / Behavior as follows:

$$i_{ST} = T_{MC}^{-1}(T_{ST})$$

Accuracy of the safe current SLT i_{ESLT} of the power classes of the servo drive must then be added.

Transformed back into a torque, safe electrical motor torque at maximum measuring error (worst case) T_{ST_WC} results.

$$T_{ST_WC} = T_{MC}(i_{ST_WC})$$

6.4.7 Safe Torque Off (STO)

6.4.7.1 Parameters

None

6.4.7.2 Behavior

STO is the fundamental safety function of the SafeMOTION module since it represents the "idle current principle". A request from the STO safety function activates safe pulse disabling and switches off the torque and power to the drive. Activation of safe pulse disabling is performed actively by the SafeMOTION module.

Danger!

A STO request causes synchronized axes to no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

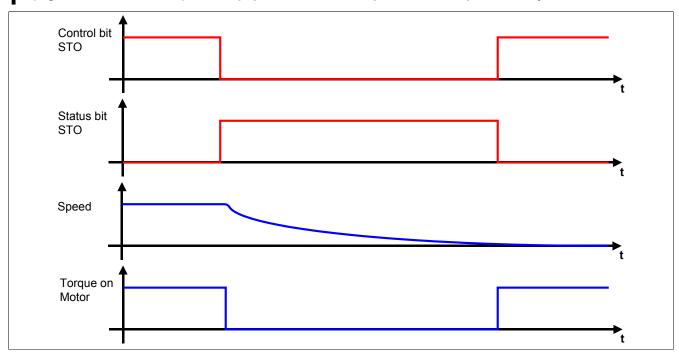


Figure 72: Safe Torque Off (STO)

Information:

The functional safe state of the STO safety function has been achieved when the pulse disabling outputs are switched to 0 V. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Danger!

If the drive is in motion at the time STO is requested, it will coast to a stop. The resulting residual movement and time depends on the properties of the machine and must always be considered when dimensioning the safety equipment.

The maximum possible (worst case) movement must be assumed.

The maximum possible speed is determined by the current operating mode. If there is no active safety function, the maximum speed that is physically possible for the motor must be assumed.

Danger!

If the SMS or SLS safety function is active, the assumed maximum speed can be reduced to the currently active configured speed limit plus the maximum possible acceleration during the error response time.

The resulting residual movement and time determines the clearances that must be observed for the safety features and therefore the overall size of the machine.

Information:

The STO safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the STO safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

6.4.8 Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)

6.4.8.1 Parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	STO1 - Channel High-side/		de or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function	High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 216: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

6.4.8.2 Behavior

The STO1 safety function works in the same way as STO. The only difference is that either only the high-side or only the low-side IGBTs are switched off depending on the configuration. The two configuration options (High-side/Lowside) are equivalent with regard to safety technology.

Information:

The functional safe state of the STO1 safety function has been achieved when the configured pulse disabling output is switched to 0 V.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Information:

The two-channel aspect is lost because either only the low-side or only the high-side of the pulse disabling is activated with the STO1 safety function.

This results in a lower SIL and performance level!

Information:

The STO1 safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the safety function STO1 is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

If safe pulse disabling is only cut off on one side, then the short circuit braking integrated in the inverter unit can be used for deceleration.

Danger!

Short circuit braking in the inverter unit is not suitable for safety purposes and can therefore only be used to protect the machine. If the release of motor energy could result in dangerous situations (e.g. with hanging loads), then a mechanical safeguard must also be installed.

6.4.9 Safe Brake Control (SBC)

6.4.9.1 Parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 217: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.9.2 Behavior

The SBC safety function is a safe (time-delayed) output that can be used to safely control a motor holding brake.

Information:

To achieve a defined SIL level, the controlled holding brake must also have at least the same SIL level and errors in the wiring must be ruled out.

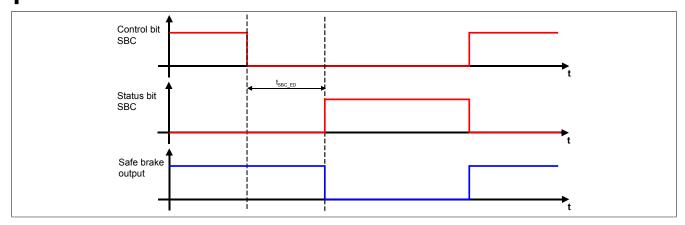


Figure 73: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

Only the actuation of the motor holding brake output by the SafeMOTION module is rated SIL 2.

The SafeMOTION module does not provide safe monitoring of the braking procedure.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SBC safety function has been achieved when the safe motor holding brake output has been switched to 0 V.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The purpose of the delay time t_{SBC_ED} is to compensate for the different runtimes of the standard and safety applications.

Information:

The SBC safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the SBC safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

Functional errors will occur (e.g. 6029: Holding brake: Control signal on and output status off), if the holding is released by the standard application but the motor holding brake output is switched to 0 $\,$ V by the SafeMOTION module.

6.4.10 Safe Operating Stop (SOS)

6.4.10.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

•	•	U (1)		,
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 218: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

6.4.10.2 Behavior

An enabled SOS safety function monitors the drive to ensure that it stops safely. The SafeMOTION module does not control pulse disabling.

The drive can remain active and must be kept at standstill by the standard application.

Information:

The SOS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

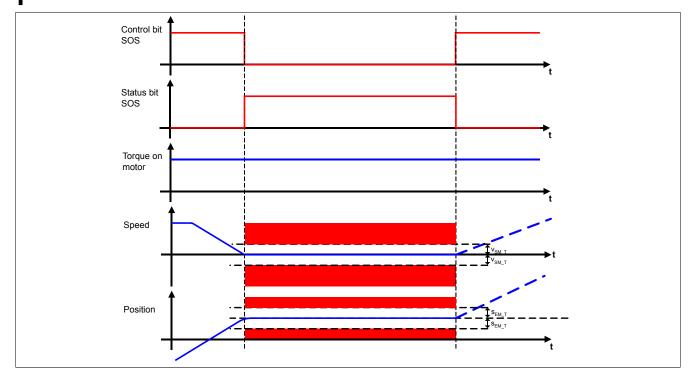


Figure 74: Safe Operating Stop (SOS)

To prevent the axis from drifting, both the speed and position are monitored with standstill tolerance limits. The position window is generated when the safety function is requested. If the request is withdrawn, then monitoring of the standstill tolerance window will also be terminated. The next time a request is made, the standstill tolerance position window is regenerated based on the current position.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SOS safety function has been achieved when the drive is stopped and the standstill is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The standstill tolerances can be configured for each axis in SafeDESIGNER.

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

If the stop monitoring limits are violated, safe pulse disabling is activated and the drive switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. An error will cause a synchronous axis to no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If a standstill limit (position or speed) is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

If the SOS safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The configured limits must be violated with the function enabled and the error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

6.4.11 Safe Stop 1 (SS1)

6.4.11.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 219: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously *General Settings***)**

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 220: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower "Early limit monit falls below the e	oring": If the current speed during the deceleration process nd speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 221: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

6.4.11.2 Behavior

When requesting the SS1 safety function, the deceleration process of the axis is monitored until standstill after the ramp delay time passes. After decelerating, safe pulse disabling is activated and switches off the torque/power to the drive.

Danger!

Synchronous axes will no longer be synchronous when SS1 is in a safe state.

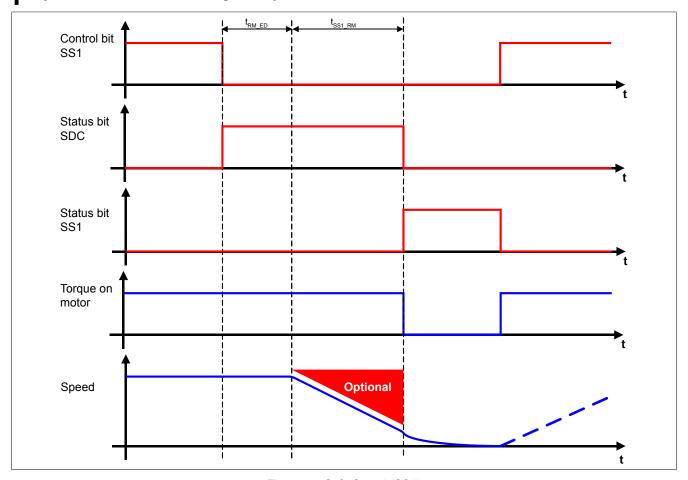


Figure 75: Safe Stop 1 (SS1)

The deceleration itself is controlled by the non-safety-related standard application.

The purpose of the ramp delay time parameter "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SS1 safety function has been achieved when the pulse disabling outputs are switched to 0 V. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Depending on the requirements for the safety function and its parameter settings, it is possible to monitor either only the deceleration time $t_{SS1\ RM}$ or the deceleration ramp as well.

If the monitoring limits are violated during deceleration, then an acknowledgeable error state is entered.

The "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{\text{SS1_RM}}$) parameter configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

6.4.11.3 SS1 - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, the standard application must ensure that the stopping procedure for a hazardous situation is handled accordingly.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" $(a_{RM L})$ parameter.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope. If the monitoring ramp reaches the configurable standstill speed limit "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) or if the monitoring time "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS1~RM}$) has expired, then safe pulse disabling is activated and torque is switched off on the drive.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the standstill speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

If the active limit is violated during monitoring of the deceleration procedure, then the drive will immediately switch to the acknowledgeable Functional Fail Safe error state.

Information:

If ramp monitoring is configured for the safety function SS1, then the speed must be safely evaluated. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

Danger!

If safe pulse disabling is activated (coast to stop) and the safety function is in its functional safe state, the maximum speed at the end of the deceleration ramp must be used to calculate the residual distance

To determine the maximum possible speed, it must be assumed that in the event of error, the drive will accelerate to its maximum during the error response time starting from the standstill speed limit. The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

If the monitored ramp is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

If the SS1 safety function with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should include at least one violation of the monitored ramp, and the error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.11.4 SS1 - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation.

After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) plus the monitoring time "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" have expired, safe pulse disabling is activated and the drive loses all torque.

Information:

With this configuration of the Safe Stop 1 safety function, only the time frame is monitored. No speed limit or position window is monitored.

The function can therefore also be used in this configuration without safe encoder evaluation!

Danger!

If safe pulse disabling is activated (coast to stop), the maximum speed after the time frame has expired must be used to calculate the residual distance!

The drive can move at its maximum physical speed during this time window (plus the response time of the safe pulse disabling). If SMS is active, then the speed limit plus the error tolerance can be assumed as the maximum speed.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

If the SS1 safety function with true time-monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The drive should be accelerated to its maximum during the monitored time frame and the error response tested accordingly!

6.4.12 Safe Stop 2 (SS2)

6.4.12.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 222: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 223: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower I "Early limit monitoring falls below the ending states."	oring": If the current speed during the deceleration process nd speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Moni- toring time (us))	[µs]		Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to 0 prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		R 1.3

Table 224: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 225: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

6.4.12.2 Behavior

With SS2, the deceleration process is monitored until standstill after the ramp delay time passes. The drive must then be kept at standstill by the standard application. As with SOS, this standstill is monitored by the SafeMOTION module according to the configured standstill tolerance window "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) and "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) .

The delay itself must be generated by the non-safety-related, standard application by halting the drive in response to the dangerous situation.

Information:

The Safe Stop 2 safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

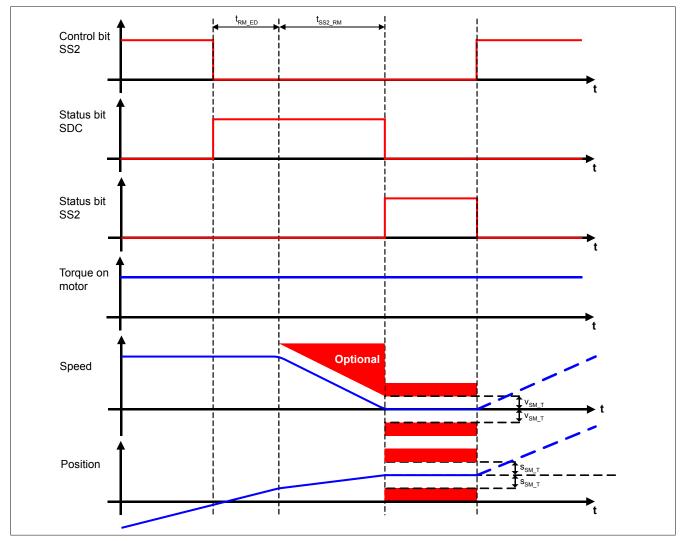


Figure 76: Safe Stop 2 (SS2)

Danger!

If a standstill limit (position or speed) is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

The purpose of the ramp delay time parameter "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SS2 function has been achieved when the drive is stopped and the standstill is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

As with SS1, it is possible to monitor either only the deceleration time or also the deceleration ramp depending on the requirements of the safety function.

The "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS2\ RM}$) parameter configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

6.4.12.3 SS2 - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, the standard application must ensure that the stopping procedure for a hazardous situation is handled accordingly.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM_L}) parameter.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope. If the monitoring ramp reaches the configurable standstill speed limit "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) or if the monitoring time "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SS2_RM}) has expired, then a position window is established and monitoring of the standstill tolerances is started.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the standstill speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

If the active limit or standstill window is violated during monitoring of the deceleration procedure or standstill, then the drive will immediately switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Danger!

When the monitored ramp or standstill tolerance window is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit. The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SS2 safety function with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the monitored ramp and standstill tolerance window. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.12.4 SS2 - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation.

After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) plus the monitoring time "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS2\ RM}$) have expired, the standstill tolerance window is safety-monitored.

Danger!

If the standstill tolerance window is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SS2 safety function with time-monitored stopping procedure is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the standstill tolerance window. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.13 Safely Limited Speed (SLS)

6.4.13.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•	5 "		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 226: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•	•	3 (1) 3 (7)		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower linguistics below the lower linguistics and the lowest three states are the lower linguistics. The lower linguistics are the lower linguistics are lower linguistics.			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Disabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active! Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 227: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMS	S safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the	maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for S	SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 228: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Safety technology

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 f	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 f	for SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		o-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 228: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range } \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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6.4.13.2 Behavior

The purpose of the SLS safety function is to monitor a specified speed limit: Parameters "SLS1 - Speed limit", "SLS2 - Speed limit", "SLS3 - Speed limit", "SLS4 - Speed limit" (v_{SLSX_L}). It is also possible to monitor deceleration until the limit is reached if needed by the application.

Four different speed limits can be monitored on the SafeMOTION module. All limits can also be monitored in parallel. If a request is made to monitor multiple speed limits at the same time, then the lowest limit value will always be monitored. To make this possible, the function block includes four different inputs "S_RequestSLSX" or "S_Control_SLS-X" [X = 1..4].

The standard (non-safety-related) application must implement a closed-loop control appropriate for the level of danger to decelerate the movement and ensure adherence to the respective speed limit.

Information:

The SLS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

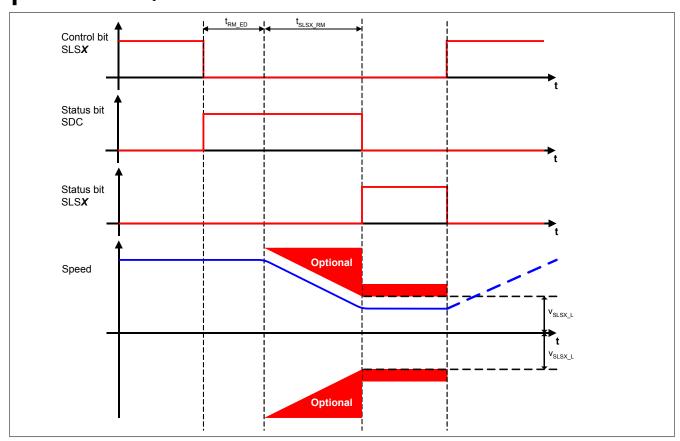


Figure 77: Safely Limited Speed (SLS)

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

If a speed limit is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTION-AL FAIL SAFE error state.

Torque and power to the drive are switched off, causing the drive to spin out!

An error will cause a synchronous axis to no longer be synchronous! Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

The purpose of the ramp delay time t_{RM_ED} is to compensate for runtime differences between the standard and safety applications.

If the delay time ("SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SLSX_RM})) is set to zero, then the speed limit will be monitored immediately after the request is made for the safety function.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SLS safety function has been achieved if the drive has not exceeded a defined speed limit and this limit is being safety-monitored. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Like with SS1 and SS2, the deceleration ramp monitoring can be adjusted according to the requirements, so that either only the deceleration time or both the deceleration time and the deceleration ramp are monitored. Parameter "SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

6.4.13.3 SLS - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, a deceleration procedure must be adjusted to the dangerous situation by the standard application.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM_L}) parameter.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope.

If the monitored ramp reaches the corresponding speed limit ("SLS1 - Speed limit", "SLS2 - Speed limit", "SLS3 - Speed limit", "SLS4 - Speed limit" (v_{SLSX_L})) or the monitoring time ("SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SLSX_{RM}}$)) has expired, then the status of the safety function is set and the selected speed limit is monitored.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the monitored speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

Danger!

When the monitored ramp or the enabled safe speed is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit. The spinout movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe reduced speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger. The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function SLS with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the monitored ramp and of each speed limit being used. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.13.4 SLS - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation. After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" plus the monitoring time "SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SLSX RM}) have expired, the speed limit is safety-monitored.

Danger!

When the speed limit is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe reduced speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function SLS without ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each speed limit being used.

The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.14 Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)

6.4.14.1 Parameters

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	,	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Enabled/ Activates the SMS safety function by configuration		Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Value Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of t	he maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	or SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	or SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4)		0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	the SLS function	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		
(to al. B		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 229: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} ≤ EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

6.4.14.2 Behavior

The difference between SMS and SLS is that SMS cannot be actively requested. It is either enabled (parameter "SMS - Enable" = Enabled) or disabled (parameter "SMS - Enable" = Disabled) in the configuration.

When enabled, the current speed is constantly monitored according to a defined limit ("SMS - Speed limit" (v_{SMS_L}) parameter).

Information:

The SMS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

Danger!

When the monitored speed limit is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe maximum speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SMS safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine!

The configured limit must be exceeded! The error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

6.4.15 Safely Limited Increment (SLI)

6.4.15.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

•	•	0 "		,
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 230: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 231: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

6.4.15.2 Behavior

With the SLI safety function, the movement is monitored for a defined number of increments ("SLI - Position limit" (s_{SLI L}) parameter).

Information:

The SLI safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

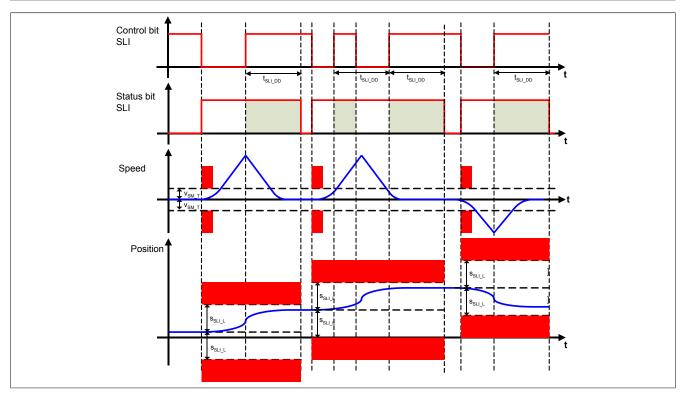


Figure 78: Safely Limited Increment (SLI)

Information:

The SLI safety function is only effective when used in combination with at least a second safety function. The SOS, SS2, or SLS safety functions are possible, for example.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SLI safety function has been achieved if the drive has not exceeded a defined increment size and this limit is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The safe axis must be at a standstill when this function is enabled. To do this, the speed is monitored for adhering to the speed standstill tolerance (parameter "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" ($v_{SM T}$).

A position window is then generated that is safety-monitored. This position window depends on the configured safe increment size ("SLI - Position limit" (s_{SLI_L} parameter). The standard application must guarantee that this position window is not exceeded.

After the safety function is disabled, monitoring continues for the configured period of time ("SLI - Disable delay time"(t_{SLI DD}) parameter). This prevents continuous movement caused by constant jogging.

Danger!

If a speed limit for requesting the function or the position window is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe increments, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The resulting residual distance must be taken into account when configuring the permissible increments and is not permitted to present any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SLI safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the standstill speed limit when enabled and the permissible increments. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.16 Safe Direction (SDI)

6.4.16.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 232: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 233: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.16.2 Behavior

The SDI safety function monitors the defined direction of movement.

Either the positive or the negative direction can be monitored. The two inputs "S RequestSDIpos" or "S Control_SDI-P" and "S_RequestSDIneg" or "S_Control_SDI-N" are available on the function block for this purpose.

Information:

The SDI safety function requires safe evaluation of the position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMC module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

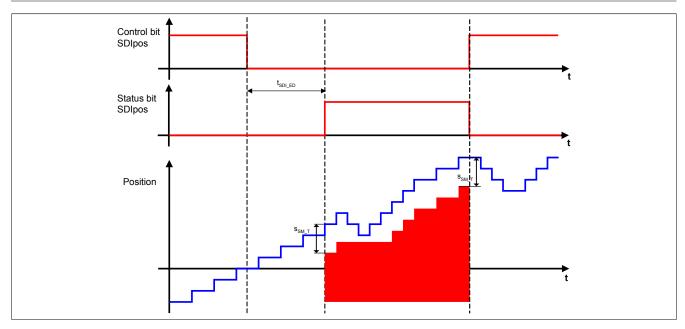


Figure 79: Safe Direction (SDI) - Positive direction of rotation allowed

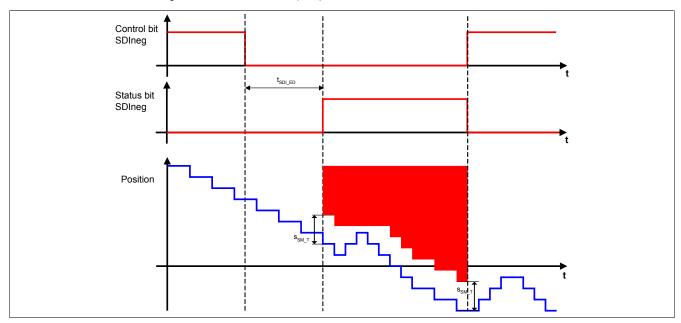


Figure 80: Safe Direction (SDI) - Negative direction of rotation allowed

Information:

The Safe Direction safety function can be activated in parallel with other safety functions. For example, SLS or SLI can be limited to a certain direction.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SDI safety function has been achieved if the drive has not violated a defined direction of movement and this direction of movement is being safety-monitored. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The purpose of the delay time "SDI - Enable delay time" (t_{SDI_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

When monitoring the direction of movement, then standstill tolerance ("Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) parameter) is not permitted to be exceeded in the forbidden direction of movement. When moving in the permissible direction of movement, the position window moves along with it.

Danger!

If the safe direction of movement is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. Torque and power to the drive are switched off, causing the drive to spin out!

An error will cause a synchronous axis to no longer be synchronous!

Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe direction of rotation, a dynamic forward movement in the dangerous direction can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The resulting residual distance must be taken into account when configuring the permissible tolerance limits and is not permitted to present any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SDI safety function is used in the safety application, then each of the directions of movement that are being used must be tested by selecting and deselecting it when commissioning the machine! The test should contain at least one violation of each safe direction of movement that is being used. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.17 Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)

Information:

Safety function Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) is only available with SafeMOTION Safety Release 1.9 (firmware 300) and later!

6.4.17.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 234: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9	
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))					

Table 235: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.17.2 Behavior

The SLA safety function is used to monitor the acceleration or deceleration with respect to defined maximum limits.

Information:

The SLA safety function requires safe encoder evaluation.

If the safety function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

The parameters "SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}$) can be used to set the limit values for acceleration and deceleration in the positive direction of movement. The parameters "SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_N_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_N_L}$) can be used to set the limit values in the negative direction of movement.

Setting input "S_RequestSLA" or "S_Control_SLA" to SAFEFALSE requests safety function SLA.

After the "SLA - Enable delay time" (t_{SLA_ED}) has expired, the configured acceleration and deceleration limits are monitored. The purpose of the delay time is to compensate for the different runtimes of the standard and safety applications.

The "SafetyActiveSLA" or "S_Status_SLA" status bit will be set to SAFETRUE if no errors occur while monitoring is active.

Information:

The SLA safety function can be activated in parallel with other safety functions. This makes it possible, for example, to reduce the expected residual distances in the worst-case calculation.

Information:

The SLA safety function has achieved its safe state when the safety function is selected and no violation is detected during monitoring of the acceleration and deceleration limits.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

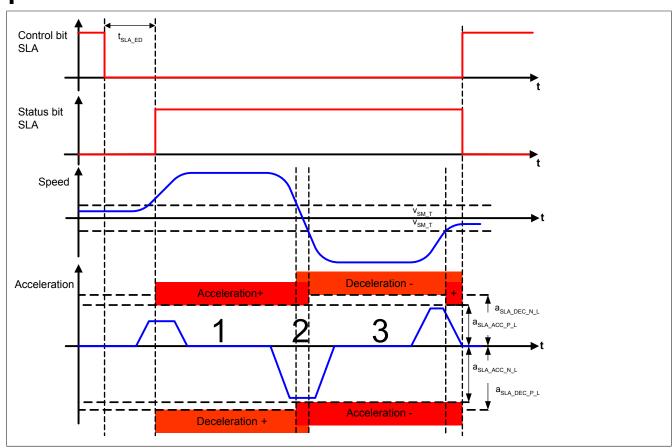


Figure 81: Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)

Monitoring of acceleration and deceleration limits can be classified into the following 3 types (see Fig. 81 "Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)"):

1 Positive direction of movement

Safety technology

If a movement in the positive direction is detected (current speed is greater than the value of the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring), then the limit values set using the "SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}$) parameters are monitored.

2 Standstill

If standstill is detected (current speed is within \pm the value set for the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring), then the lowest limit value is used for monitoring in each case:

- "SLA Acceleration limit in positive direction" (a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}) and "SLA Deceleration limit in negative direction" (a_{SLA_DEC_N_L})
- "SLA Deceleration limit in positive direction" (a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}) and "SLA Acceleration limit in negative direction" (a_{SLA_ACC_N_L})

3 Negative direction of movement

If a movement in the negative direction is detected (current speed is less than the value of the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring in the negative direction), then the limit values set using the "SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction" $(a_{SLA_ACC_N_L})$ and "SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction" $(a_{SLA_DEC_N_L})$ parameters are monitored.

Danger!

If an acceleration or deceleration limit is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

When calculating the residual distance when the monitored limit values are violated, the worst case scenario – i.e. the maximum speed possible – must be assumed. The maximum possible speed of the drive in the event of an error is calculated based on the speed at the time of the error, the maximum acceleration and the error response time.

The spin-out movement or residual distance is not permitted to result in a hazard!

Danger!

When acceleration or deceleration is safety-monitored, a dynamic forward movement may occur during the error response time. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The limit being monitored must be set so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each configured limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.18 Safe Homing

Information:

The Safe Homing safety function is only available with Safety Release R 1.4 and later!

6.4.18.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	nit Description D		Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) (previously Remanent safe position)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4	
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	istance % Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. distance This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and			R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously Homing Monitoring Time (µs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4	

Table 236: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

6.4.18.2 Behavior

The Safe Homing function provides a way to establish a reference between the encoder position and the machine position.

Depending on the homing mode, it may be necessary for the drive to perform a homing procedure. A homing procedure requires the control functions between the electronic controller and the drive motor to be active. Other safety functions might have to be selected in order to prevent a hazardous state during the homing procedure.

The following homing modes are supported:

- Direct
- Reference switch
- Home offset / Home offset with correction (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!)

Information:

Safe homing requires safe evaluation of the position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated! The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle!

A positive edge on the **RequestHoming** control bit starts "Safe Homing" and simultaneously resets the **SafePositionValid** status bit.

As soon as the homing procedure is finished, the **SafePositionValid** status bit is set and the **RequestHoming** control bit must be reset.

The homing procedure must be complete within the monitoring time "Homing - Monitoring time" (t_{HOME_M}) or else the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

The homing procedure will be aborted if the **RequestHoming** control bit is reset before the procedure is completed.

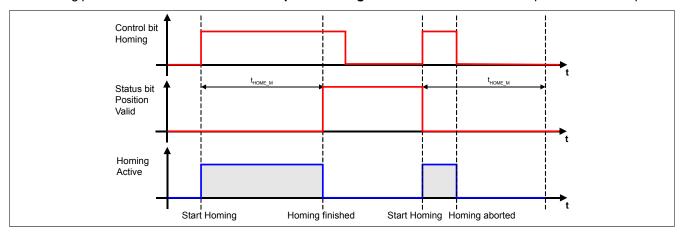


Figure 82: Safe Homing

Information:

The Safe Homing safety function is a prerequisite for implementing the SLP and SMP safety functions and for using the safe position. The SafePositionValid status will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

Danger!

If an error occurs during the homing procedure, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If the safe position is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the "Position Valid" output of the SF_SafeMC_Position_BR(_V2, _V3) function block must also always be evaluated.

This will be reset immediately only with referenced axes SAFETRUE, and the first time an encoder error occurs (SAFEFALSE).

This enables the safety application to detect any encoder error, even if only brief.

If a machine reference is not required for the application, then the axis can be referenced using "Direct" mode.

6.4.18.2.1 ReqHominOK status

The S_ReqHominOK" or "S_Status_ReqHomingOk" status is only available with Safety Release R1.9 and later. The "S_ReqHominOK" or "S_Status_ReqHomingOk" status provides feedback in SafeDESIGNER regarding whether direct homing is performed when the "S_PositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" status is already set, even for large cycle times.

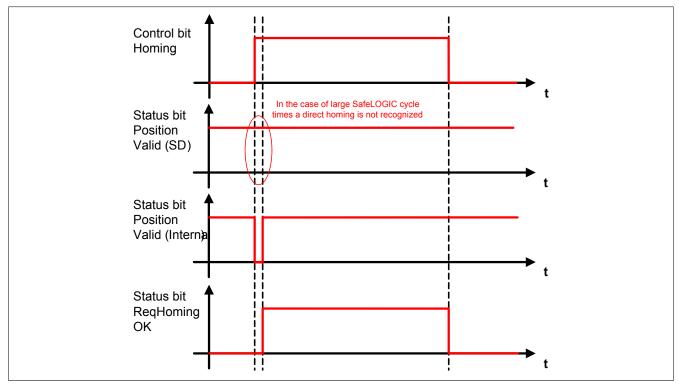


Figure 83: Safe homing - "ReqHomingOK" status bit

6.4.18.3 "Direct" mode

6.4.18.3.1 Parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Disabled	R 1.4

Table 237: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

-	•	•		,
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 238: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	P safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position lin	nit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position lin	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position lin	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position lin	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between	en the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 239: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.18.3.2 Behavior

"Direct" mode is used if the current position of the axis is known and only needs to be applied to the SafeMOTION module.

The following scenario is an example of how this mode can be used:

- A functional homing procedure is first carried out on the SafeMOTION module.
- The axis is then moved to a defined position.
- The operator confirms via a safe button that the position is correct → internally, a safe homing procedure is initiated in "Direct" mode.

When homing in "Direct" mode, the actual position of the axis is set to the value specified in the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter immediately after the homing command (positive edge on the "S_RequestHoming" or "S_Control_Homing" input).

The "S_ReferenceSwitch" or "S_Control_RefSwitch" input is not evaluated.

Information:

The axis must be at a standstill when the homing request is made.

The values configured under "General settings - Standstill monitoring" are monitored in this regard. If the standstill tolerances are violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Information:

The reference pulse is not permitted to be used in Direct mode!

If the reference pulse is being used ("Homing - Enable reference pulse" = Enabled), then the system will enter state FAIL SAFE when checking the configuration during startup.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

If Safe Maximum Position has been activated in the configuration ("SMP - Enable" = Enabled), then the value set for the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter must lie within the permissible SMP window ("SMP - Lower position limit" ($s_{\text{SMP_LL}}$) and "SMP - Upper position limit" ($s_{\text{SMP_UL}}$) parameters).

If this is not the case, then the system will switch to the FAIL SAFE state when the configuration is checked during startup.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

6.4.18.4 "Reference switch" mode

6.4.18.4.1 parameter

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter Unit		Unit Description		Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4	
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously Homing Monitoring Time (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4	

Table 240: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 241: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

6.4.18.4.2 Behavior

"Reference switch" mode correlates with the "Switch Gate", "Abs Switch" and "Limit Switch" homing modes on the SafeMOTION module.

Information:

If the reference switch input ("S_ReferenceSwitch" or "S_Control_RefSwitch") on the function block is not connected, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Depending on the configuration, the SafeMOTION module will pass over the reference switch / limit switch several times.

Danger!

The reference switch / limit switch is part of the safety function and must therefore be accounted for in the risk analysis.

Use a debounced position switch suitable for safety applications!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for implementing a suitable switch!

After the homing command (i.e. positive edge of the "S_RequestHoming" or "S_Control_Homing" input), the SafeMOTION module uses the reference switch edge that matches the "Homing - Edge of reference switch" and "Homing - Trigger direction" as long as it is passed below the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" (v_{HOME_MAX}) . If the reference switch is passed with a speed greater than the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" (v_{HOME_MAX}) , then the reference switch edge is ignored.

Configuration	Reference switch evaluation
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Negative Homing - Trigger direction = Negative	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Positive Homing - Trigger direction = Negative	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Negative Homing - Trigger direction = Positive	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Positive Homing - Trigger direction = Positive	- +

Table 242: Selecting the reference switch edge

Information:

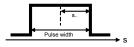
After the homing command is given, the homing procedure must be completed within the configured "Homing - Monitoring time" ($t_{\text{HOME_M}}$). Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The function block output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" is reset and the torque and power to the drive are switched off, causing it to spin out!

An error will cause a synchronous axis to no longer be synchronous.

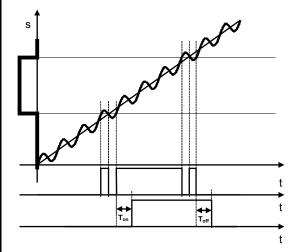
Danger!

The standstill "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) must be less than or equal to half the pulse width of the reference switch being used!



Danger!

The necessary filter (T_{on}, T_{off}) when reading the reference switch edges in SafeDESIGNER must be determined according to the control behavior during standstill.



Errors in the referenced absolute position due to the delay caused by the filter times must be taken into account!

6.4.18.4.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

The home position is applied immediately after the reference switch edge is evaluated successfully.

6.4.18.4.2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION, ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Homing - Enable reference pulse = Disabled

If the reference pulse is disabled, then the home position is applied immediately after the reference switch edge is evaluated successfully.

Homing - Enable reference pulse = Enabled

This mode is recommended when the positions of the ACOPOSmulti system and the SafeMOTION module must match exactly. Evaluation of the reference pulse compensates for the speed-dependent position difference by processing the two values at different times.

Information:

If "Homing - Enable reference pulse" is set to "Enabled", then a rotary EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder must be used. The reference pulse is generated at each single-turn overflow.

If "Homing - Enable reference pulse" = Enabled, then the home position is not applied until the first valid reference pulse after the reference switch edge is reached.

After a valid reference switch edge is evaluated, the evaluation of the reference pulse is suppressed for the distance set by parameter "Homing - Blocking distance". The next reference pulse is only evaluated after this distance has been exceeded, at which point the home position is applied.

For a homing procedure to be valid, the direction of movement must not change between the time the reference switch edge occurs and the valid reference pulse; the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" (v_{HOME_MAX}) limit must also not be exceeded.

Information:

If the direction of movement changes while searching for the reference pulse, the reference switch must be passed again.

Information:

If the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" ($v_{\text{HOME_MAX}}$) speed limit is exceeded while searching for the reference pulse, the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

6.4.18.5 Mode Home offset / Home offset with correction (only available for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)

Information:

Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!

6.4.18.5.1 Parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously <i>Home Position or</i>	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference Switch /	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		

Table 243: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	1P safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Posi-	[units]	Lower position li	mit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
tion Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position lii	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position li	Lower position limit for the monitoring range		R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position li	mit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between	een the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 244: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.18.5.2 Behavior

If an absolute encoder is being used, then the machine reference can be established via an offset to the encoder position.

A homing procedure is not necessary.

The "Home offset" or "S_Control_RefSwitch" mode uses this offset directly, while "Home offset with correction" takes into account any encoder overflow that might occur in the permissible travel range.

The offset is configured in SafeDESIGNER using the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter.

The "S ReferenceSwitch" input is not evaluated.

Danger!

This homing mode can only be used for absolute encoders (single-turn encoders / multi-turn encoders / linear encoders). Using another encoder for this mode will cause the SafeMOTION module to switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The Fail Safe state can only be exited by powering off/on and changing the safety application!

Information:

If the SMP and/or SLP safety functions are used, then their position window must be smaller than the safety-related encoder counting range.

If one of the two position windows is configured greater than the encoder counting range, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

For more information, see Safe encoder counting range (only applies to SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2).

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Home offset

This mode is particularly suited for absolute encoders that provide unique position values over the entire travel range. The home offset allows the encoder position to accurately represent the machine position over the entire travel range.

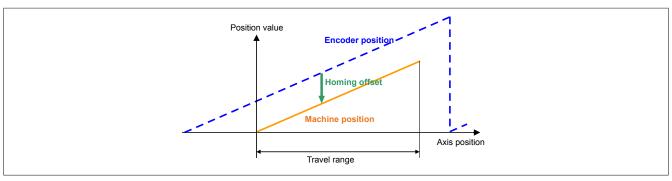


Figure 84: Homing mode - Home offset

The home offset can be determined by performing a calibration movement (e.g. homing with a reference switch).

Home offset with correction

In addition to setting the home offset, this homing mode checks to determine if the machine position is within the travel range defined by the SMP position limits. If this is not the case, the home offset in the safety-relevant encoder counting range is corrected.

Information:

The SMP safety function must be activated when using this mode. If SMP is deactivated, the SafeMOTION module switches to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Counting range correction is needed when using absolute encoders if the encoder returns a unique position value over the entire range of movement but an encoder overflow occurs within the range of movement. In this case, the home offset depends on whether the machine was calibrated at a position to the right or the left of the overflow point.

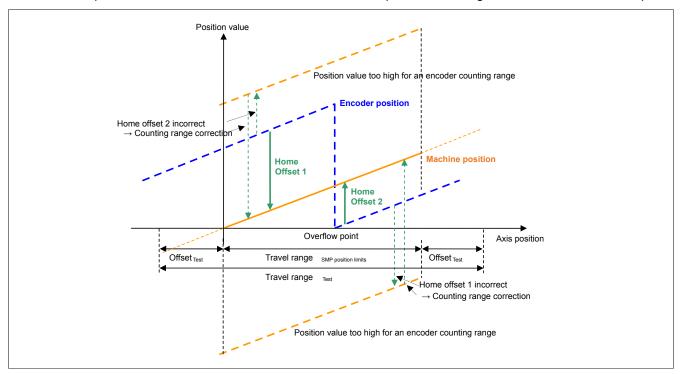


Figure 85: Homing method "Home offset with correction"

To the right of the overflow point, Home Offset 1 – which applies to the left side – would lead to an incorrect position value. To the left of the overflow point, Home Offset 2 – which applies to the right side – would lead to an incorrect position value. This can be compensated for with counting range correction.

Information:

Counting range correction only works if the encoder range is greater than or equal to the travel range! Keep in mind that only the safety-relevant part of the encoder counting range is used.

6.4.19 Remanent Safe Position (RSP)

Information:

This functionality is only available with Safety Release R 1.9 or later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!

Information:

In order to be able to use the RSP safety function:

- The axis must first be homed using the "Safe Homing" safety function. It does not matter which homing mode is used, but the respective safety notices must be observed.
- The STO and SOS safety functions must be used in accordance with the respective safety notices.

Danger!

The RSP safety function is only permitted to be used if suitable technical measures are taken to prevent impermissible movement of the axis when it is switched off (e.g. motor holding brake, self-locking gear, etc.). The axis is not in the OPERATIONAL state and not permitted to be moved further than the lag tolerance (max. half the safe absolute encoder counting range - 2 * "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" ($s_{SM T}$)).

$$\Delta x_{Danger} > \frac{x_{SafeEncoderRange}}{2} - 2 \cdot x_{SSM} T$$

It is the user's responsibility to take suitable technical measures to prevent excess movement.

Danger!

In order to perform testing and validation of the RSP safety function in the course of maintenance, the SafeMOTION module must have performed the RSP procedure.

Danger!

If the module is replaced, an initial homing procedure must be performed without the "S_SwitchHomingMode" or "S_Control_SwitchHomingMode" input activated.

Danger!

The RSP safety function is not suitable for continuously rotating axes. If an INT32 overflow of the safe position occurs during homing, homing using RSP will result in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

6.4.19.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 245: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing*)

Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled	R 1.9
	This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		
	Enabled/ Disabled	Enabled/ Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position Disabled This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat	Enabled/ Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position Disabled This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat

Table 246: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

6.4.19.2 Behavior

The RSP safety function can be activated or deactivated via the configuration.

With this safety function, after the safe position has been homed once to the machine position, the homed safe position does not have to be homed again after a power off/on cycle. It is only possible to store valid position data after a controlled standstill of the drive. The standstill must therefore be ensured. It must also be ensured that no power is supplied to the drive while the data is being saved so that it is <u>not</u> possible for the drive to move. These requirements are met when using the STO and SOS safety functions.

Information:

If the safety function RSP is used and the inputs "S_RequestHoming" or "S_Control_Homing", "S_SwitchHomingMode" or "S_Control_SwitchHomingMode", "S_RequestSTO" or "S_Control_STO" and "S_RequestSOS" or "S_Control_SOS" on the function block are not connected, the SafeMOTION module changes to state FAIL SAFE.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

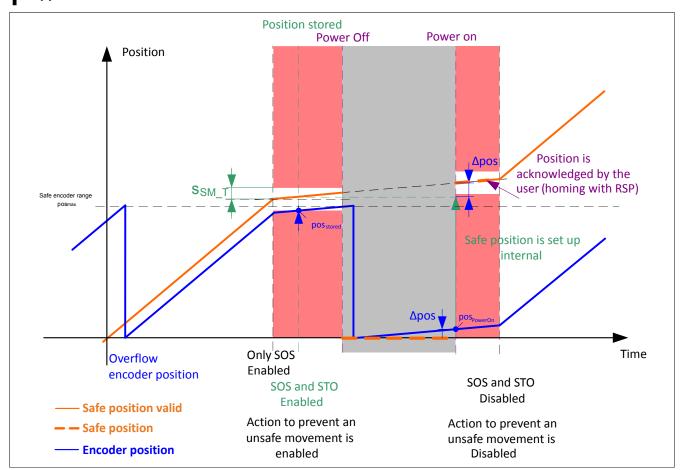


Figure 86: RSP safety function - Timing diagram with encoder overflow during power off

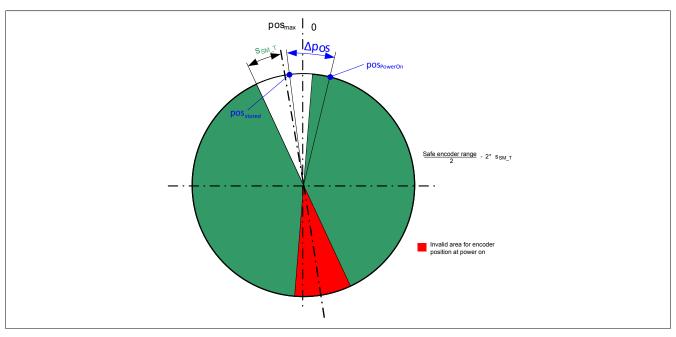


Figure 87: RSP safety function with respect to position for one revolution

6.4.19.2.1 RSP procedure

This safety function is not intended to provide a functional safe position following an uncontrolled machine failure. The following procedure is defined in order to achieve a controlled stop and enable the use of the remanent safe position:

- 1. Stop the axis in a controlled manner (valid safe position required).
- Achieve the "S_RSPValid" or "S_Status_RSPValid" status
 This indicates whether the position has been stored and whether homing with RSP will be possible after powering off. The following conditions must be met in order to achieve the "S_RSPValid" or "S_Status_RSP-Valid" status:
 - STO and SOS are selected.
 - STO and SOS are active and in their safe state.
 - The axis has been homed and the safe position is valid ("S_SafePositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" = TRUE).
 - ° The store procedure is completed after the other conditions have been fulfilled.
- 3. Activate the technical measures required to prevent a dangerous movement. Execute a power off. A dangerous movement is one that corresponds to half the safe encoder counting range minus two times "Standstill monitoring Position tolerance" (s_{SM T}).

$$\Delta x_{Danger} > \frac{x_{SafeEncoderRange}}{2} - 2 \cdot x_{SSM_T}$$

- 4. Confirm the restored position by homing with RSP after powering on.
 - To confirm the restored position after powering on, execute a homing command (i.e. positive edge of "S_RequestHoming" or "S_Control_Homing" input) with the "S_SwitchHomingMode" or "S_Control_SwitchHomingMode" input enabled.

Information:

If the switching frequency of the "S_RSPValid" or "S_Status_RSPValid" status is too fast to complete the store procedure, a warning is entered in the Safety Logger. The SOS and STO safety functions are active in this state and are not deselected until the most recent store procedure is completed.

Information:

If the module is powered on after a controlled stop and homing is performed without the "S_Switch-HomingMode" or "S_Control_SwitchHomingMode" input enabled, or if an encoder error is detected, then homing with RSP will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power!

Information:

If an error or change in the configuration is detected when powering on after a controlled stop, then the position is not applied and homing with RSP will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power!

Information:

If the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state occurs when homing with RSP, the axis must be homed again with the "S_SwitchHomingMode" or "S_Control_SwitchHomingMode" input disabled in order to obtain a new, valid safe position.

6.4.20 Safely Limited Position (SLP)

Information:

The "Safely Limited Position" safety function is only available with Safety Release 1.4 and later!

6.4.20.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 247: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 248: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 249: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.20.2 Behavior

The purpose of the SLP safety function is to monitor a specified position window.

The "SLP - Lower position limit" (s_{SMP_LL}) and "SLP - Upper position limit" (s_{SMP_UL}) parameters can be used to configure the limits of the monitoring range.

Setting input "S RequestSLP" or "S Control SLP" to SAFEFALSE requests safety function SLP.

After the configurable time "SLP - Enable delay time" (t_{SLP_ED}) has expired, the position window is monitored.

The "S_SafetyActiveSLP" or "S_Status_SLP" status bit will be set to SAFETRUE if no errors occur while monitoring is active.

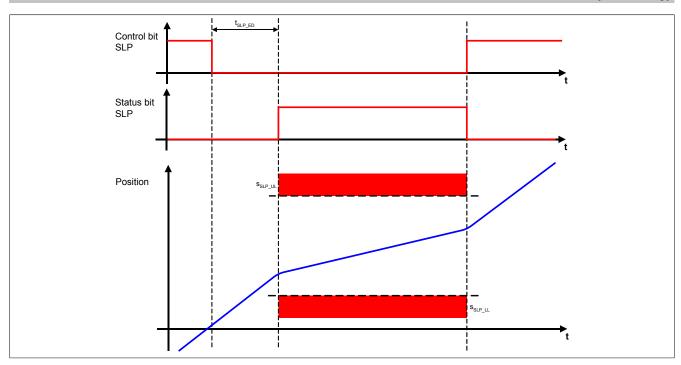


Figure 88: Safely Limited Position (SLP)

Information:

The axis must be homed successfully before using the SLP safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the "S_SafePositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

To minimize the residual distance when the position window is exceeded, a position-dependent speed limit is monitored in addition to the position.

Danger!

In the worst case, the monitored position window can be violated while the axis is coasting to a stop. This must be taken into account when defining the limits!

When the position limit is approached, the monitored speed limit is calculated in such a way that the drive will come to a full stop before the positioning limit is reached using the configured "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM} _L) parameter.

Permitted speed in the direction of the upper position limit:

$$v_{LIM,POS} = \sqrt{2(LIM_{SLP,POS} - s) \cdot a}$$

Permitted speed in the direction of the lower position limit:

$$v_{LIM,NEG} = \sqrt{2(s - LIM_{SLP,NEG}) \cdot a}$$

The position-dependent speed limit is illustrated in the following figure.

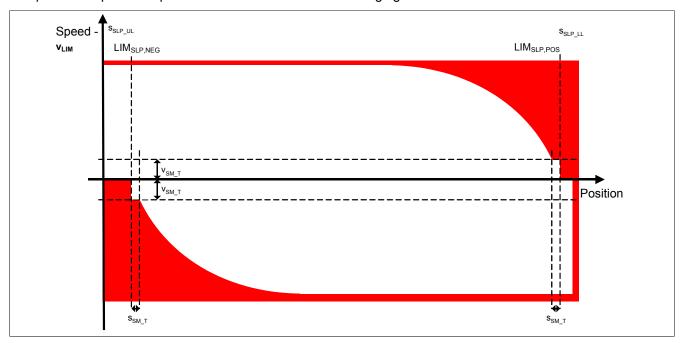


Figure 89: Position-dependent speed window

Danger!

If the position window or the position-dependent speed limit is violated while the SLP safety function is activated or the "S_SafePositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" status is lost, then the module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If the SLP safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each position limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

6.4.21 Safe Maximum Position (SMP)

Information:

The "Safe Maximum Position" safety function is only available with Safety Release 1.4 and later!

6.4.21.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[ha]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 250: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 251: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Unit Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 252: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.4.21.2 Behavior

The difference between SMP and SLP is that SMP cannot be actively requested. It is either enabled or disabled by the configuration.

When enabled, the current position is constantly monitored against a defined position window.

The "SMP - Lower position limit" (s_{SMP_LL}) and "SMP - Upper position limit" (s_{SMP_UL}) parameters can be used to configure the limits of the monitoring range.

The SMP safety function only works with homed axes since it requires a safe absolute position.

If SMP is configured, a 15-minute timeout period begins when pulse disabling is activated. The homing procedure must take place during this time.

When homing is completed and if there were no errors during monitoring, the "S_SafetyActiveSMP" or "S_Status_SMP" status bit is set to SAFETRUE.

Information:

The axis must be homed successfully before using the "Safe Maximum Position" safety function. If the homing procedure does not complete successfully within 15 minutes after pulse disabling is activated, the "SafePositionValid" or "S_Status_Homing" status bit is lost for an already homed axis or there is a violation of the position window or position-dependent speed limit, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

As with the SLP safety function, the SMP safety function also monitors a position-dependent speed limit in addition to the position in order to minimize the remaining distance if the position window is exceeded. See the description of safety function "Safety Limited Position (SLP)".

Danger!

In the worst case, the monitored position window can be violated while the axis is coasting to a stop. This must be taken into account when defining the limits!

If the position window has been exceeded, then movement is only possible in the direction of the position window after the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state has been acknowledged.

Attempting to move beyond the standstill tolerance in the unsafe direction (i.e. away from the position window) will cause the SafeMOTION module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Danger!

If the SMP safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine! The test should contain at least one violation of each position limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

6.4.22 Safe Brake Test (SBT)

Information:

This functionality is available with Safety Release R1.7 or later and for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules!

Information:

This functionality is available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later!

The function is approved starting with a defined hardware revision; for older hardware revisions, using the safety function leads directly to state FAIL SAFE. The necessary hardware revision is noted in the servo drive data sheet.

Danger!

The safe torque can only be used for synchronous motors with undefined poles ($L_d = L_q$)!

Danger!

Use of the SBT safety function requires fault exclusion for encoder shaft breakage or that safe encoder connection monitoring is active.

This requires either a safe encoder mounting, or the application must meet the necessary requirements for safe encoder shaft breakage monitoring!

Information:

Determining the added value of using this function depends on the requirements of the brake being used and is your responsibility as user.

Danger!

The SBT safety function is not a typical safety function!

It is only used to test an engaged holding brake by applying a configurable stator current for a certain period of time.

The test is carried out at the specified safety level and with the specified precision.

Danger!

Overheating of the motor can change the torque constant $k_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ and therefore negatively influence the safe torque.

Ensure that the motor has been sized so as to prevent overheating.

Danger!

The accuracy of the safe current only applies up to the continuous current of the performance class used. It is not permitted to use a safety function that should monitor or detect a current above the continuous current of the performance class used.

6.4.22.1 Parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously Safe Brake Test) (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> SBT (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3

Table 253: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

The parameters are checked when the SafeMOTION module is started up. If a parameter is invalid, the module switches to an error state. In addition, a corresponding error entry is made in the logger.

If an external load is not configured, the following guidelines apply:

 Threshold value "SBT - Threshold" i_{SBT_TRESH} must be greater than the accuracy of the safe current of the module used.

The following additional guidelines apply for an external load:

- External load "SBT External load" is not permitted to be greater than threshold value "SBT Threshold".
- External load "SBT External load" must be greater than accuracy of the safe current i_{εSBT} of the module used.
- External load "SBT External load" i_{SBT_LOAD} is known and approximately constant as permissible external load torque T_{LOAD} ∈ [T_{LOAD} MIN, T_{LOAD} MAX].

6.4.22.2 Behavior

The SBT safety function allows an engaged brake to be tested by applying a configurable stator current for a specified period of time.

An external load can be taken into account if it is configured in SafeDESIGNER using parameter "SBT - External load" (i_{SBT_LOAD}). In this case, the safe test torque is reduced by the external load after the test.

The brake test must be performed by the standard application; the SafeMOTION module monitors this process.

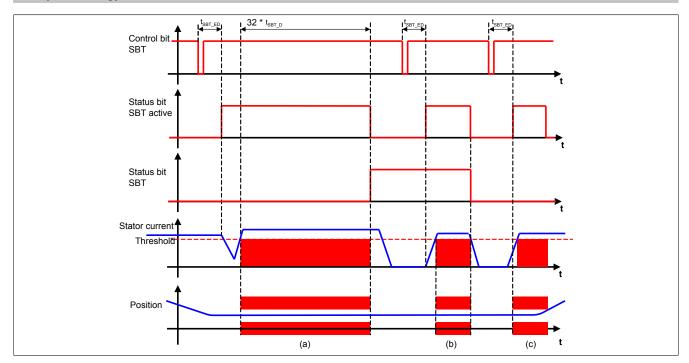


Figure 90: Safe Brake Test (SBT)

A corresponding mode is available in PLCopen function block MC BR BrakeControl.

Function block SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR_V1_00 is available in SafeDESIGNER for requesting the safe brake test.

A negative edge on control bit "SBT" starts the SBT safe brake test; status bit "SBT_Active" is set simultaneously.

As soon as the brake test has been completed successfully, status bit "SBT" is set and "SBT_Active" is reset simultaneously.

The request for the safe brake test is edge-controlled. Resetting the "SBT" control bit to SAFETRUE has no effect on the rest of the process.

Immediately after the safe brake test is requested, the actual brake test is delayed by the "SBT - Enable delay time" (t_{SBT_ED}) counter. This time allows the standard application to react to the status of the request bit and bring the axis to a standstill if necessary.

The safe brake test is handled differently depending on whether or not an external load is present at the time of the test.

6.4.22.3 Safe brake test without external load

If no external load is configured in SafeDESIGNER, monitoring of the load on the brake starts immediately after the "SBT - Enable delay time" ($t_{\text{SBT ED}}$) has expired. The safe brake output is simultaneously switched to 0 V.

6.4.22.4 Safe brake test with configured external load

After the "SBT - Enable delay time" (t_{SBT_ED}) has expired, the value of the stator current required to hold the load is immediately checked against the expected value. This means that at the time of the test the amount of stator current must be within the relatively tolerated measurement error of external load torque $\epsilon_{SBT_LOAD} = \pm 6.25\%$ of expected value "SBT - External load" (i_{SBT_LOAD}). If this is the case, the safe brake output is switched to 0 V and the stator current must undershoot the safe test torque.

Because an external load is already exerting torque on the engaged brake, the amount of torque that the drive must apply to test the brake is reduced. The safe test bench current is reduced by the amount of the external load.

The parameter current of external load "SBT - External Load" i_{SBT_LOAD} can only be used if the measured external load, taking into account accuracy of the safe current for SBT $i_{\epsilon SBT}$ and accuracy of the motor torque characteristic curve $_{T\ MC}$, is within the relatively tolerated measurement error of external load value $\epsilon_{SBT\ LOAD}$.

$$\varepsilon_{SBT_LOAD} > \frac{T_M^1(T_{LOAD_MAX})\frac{1}{(1+\varepsilon_{T_MC})} + i_{\varepsilon SBT}}{i_{SBT_LOAD}} - 1 \sqrt{\varepsilon_{SBT_LOAD}} > 1 - \frac{T_{MC}^1(T_{LOAD_MIN}) - i_{\varepsilon SBT}}{i_{SBT_LOAD}}$$

If the condition listed is not met, the availability of function SBT with constant load cannot be ensured.

Danger!

This function cannot be used with a variable load.

Danger!

In order for the measurement of the external load to provide valid results, the load must be held by the drive at the time of measurement. This means that the brake is not permitted to be engaged!

6.4.22.5 Brake load monitoring

From this point on, the safe brake test procedure is the same with or without a configured external load.

The MC_BR_BrakeControl function block in the standard application ensures that the desired amount of torque is applied to the brake. The stator current is increased in a ramped form until it reaches the setpoint. From the time the stator current exceeds the threshold value "SBT - Threshold" (i_{SBT_TRESH}), the safe position is stored and a position window is calculated.

The size of the position window can be configured using the "SBT - Position tolerance" ($s_{\text{SBT_L}}$) parameter. The "SBT" status bit is set to "Active" simultaneously and monitoring is started.

The "SBT - Maximum torque duration" (t_{SBT_D}) parameter defines the minimum duration of the test, during which the test torque must be applied. The total duration of monitoring is 32x this time (see Fig. 90 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 414 (a)).

During this time, the test current is not permitted to fall below the threshold value; the safe position is not permitted to leave the position window.

If the stator current falls below its threshold value during active monitoring (see Fig. 90 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 414 (b)) or the position tolerance window is violated (see Fig. 90 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 414 (c)), then the safe brake test becomes invalid and is aborted. If the status bit "SBT" is already set, it is reset. In addition, a corresponding entry is made in the Safety Logger.

After a successful brake test, the "SBT" status bit is set and a configurable timer is started (Parameter "SBT - Test interval" (t_{SBT_Ti})). After this timer has expired, the "SBT" status bit is reset to indicate that a new brake test is required.

6.4.22.6 Accuracy of SBT

The following accuracies must be taken into account when configuring SBT.

Accuracy of the safe current

For valid general information about current measurement and its accuracy, see 6.2.5.1 "Accuracy of the safe current" on page 318.

The threshold value must be taken into account by accuracy of the safe current for SBT $i_{\text{\tiny ESBT}}$. This alone guarantees valid execution of the brake test, even with the maximum permissible measurement error of the current transformers.

Accuracy of the test principle

With SBT, the torque-forming current can be distorted due to faulty commutation. The test principle used by SBT guarantees that a measurement error of $\varepsilon_{\text{SBT TEST}}$ = 2% is not exceeded.

Accuracy of the motor torque characteristic curve

$$i_S = T_{MC}^1(T) \frac{1}{(1 - \varepsilon_{T_MC})}$$

6.4.22.7 Calculating the current threshold value to be configured

Safe test torque of the holding brake T_{SBT_RISK} is obtained from the risk analysis. The test torque must be converted to required test current i_{SBT_RISK} using motor torque characteristic curve $T_{MC}^{-1}(T)$ (see 6.4.6 "Safe Torque" on page 352).

$$i_{SBT_RISK} = T_{MC}^{-1}(T_{SBT_RISK})$$

Safety technology

If a maximum permissible external load torque of T_{LOAD_MIN} , T_{LOAD_MIN} , is always present when performing the safe brake test, the required test torque can be reduced by minimum permissible external load torque T_{LOAD_MIN} with "Safe brake test without external load".

$$i_{SBT_RISK} = T_{MC}^{1}(T_{SBT_RISK} - T_{LOAD_MIN})$$

SBT monitors that safe test current of the holding brake i_{SBT_RISK} always undershoots threshold value of the stator current i_{SBT_RISK} when the test is performed. When configuring the threshold value of the stator current, test current i_{SBT_RISK} must be increased by accuracy of the motor torque characteristic ϵ_{T_MC} , measurement error of the SBT test principle ϵ_{SBT_TEST} and accuracy of the safe current for SBT $i_{\epsilon SBT}$.

$$i_{SBT_TRESH} = i_{SBT_RISK} * \frac{(1 + \varepsilon_{SBT_TEST})}{(1 - \varepsilon_{T_MC})} + i_{\varepsilon SBT}$$

 $\epsilon_{\text{SBT_TEST}}$ Measurement error of the SBT test principle 2%

 ϵ_{T_MC} Accuracy of the motor torque characteristic curve (see motor data sheet)

i_{εSBT} Accuracy of the safe current for SBT

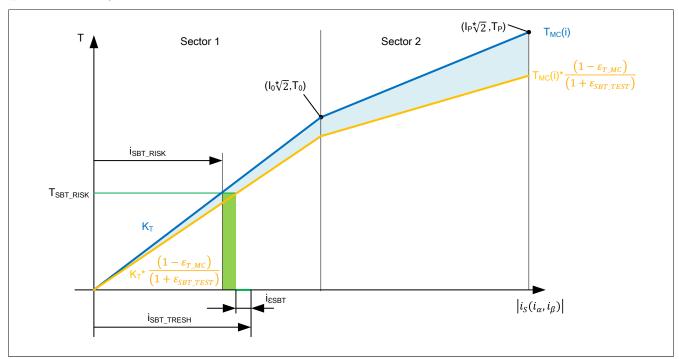


Figure 91: Effect of SBT accuracies on the stator current threshold

Danger!

If the accuracies of function SBT are not taken into account, a current value (or torque) that is too low can be monitored under certain circumstances. In this case, it cannot be guaranteed that the intended safe current is correctly monitored, and the result of the safety function is invalid!

Information:

The values for the test current and duration of the test depend on the application and the brake being used; it is the user's responsibility to set these values appropriately.

6.4.22.8 Calculating the standard test torque of the holding brake

During functional testing of the holding brake torque, the engaged holding brake is loaded by the standard application with standard test torque of the holding brake (parameter ID 1268) T_{BT} . The standard test torque is specified using function block MC_BR_BrakeControl (TestTorque) or a parameter ID (parameter ID 1268). Threshold value i_{SBT} Tresh must be exceeded at a permissible external load torque of $T_{LOAD} = T_{LOAD} =$

To ensure the availability of safety function SBT, standard test torque T_{BT} must be sufficiently increased in accordance with accuracy of the motor torque characteristic ϵ_{T_MC} and accuracy of the safe current for SBT $i_{\epsilon SBT}$.

$$T_{BT} = T_{MC}(i_{SBT_TRESH}) + T_{MC}\left(\frac{1}{(1-\varepsilon_{T-MC})}T_{MC}^{1}(T_{LOAD_MAX}) + i_{\varepsilon SBT}\right)$$

6.4.22.9 Permissible safe test torque of the holding brake

Functional testing of the holding brake torque is not permitted to exceed motor holding brake nominal torque (parameter ID 43) T_{BRAKE_RATED} . For this purpose, permissible safe test torque of the holding brake $T_{SBT_RISK_PERMIT}$ must be determined.

$$T_{SBT_RISK_PERMIT} = \frac{\left(1 - \varepsilon_{T_MC}\right)}{\left(1 + \varepsilon_{SBT_TEST}\right)} \cdot T_{MC} \left(T_{MC}^{1} \left(T_{BRAKE_RATED} - T_{MC} \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 - \varepsilon_{T_MC}\right)} T_{MC}^{1} \left(T_{LOAD_MAX}\right) + i_{\varepsilon SBT}\right)\right) - i_{\varepsilon SBT}\right) + T_{LOAD_MIN}$$

If safe test torque of the holding brake (from the risk analysis) $T_{\text{SBT_RISK}}$ is greater than permissible safe test torque of the holding brake $T_{\text{SBT_RISK_PERMIT}}$, motor holding brake nominal torque (parameter ID 43) $T_{\text{BRAKE_RATED}}$ is too small and a more powerful brake must be used (holding brake with higher nominal torque).

6.4.23 Safely Limited Torque, SLT

Information:

This functionality is only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later!

The function is approved starting with a defined hardware revision; for older hardware revisions, using the safety function leads directly to state FAIL SAFE. The necessary hardware revision is noted in the servo drive data sheet.

6.4.23.1 Parameter

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
SLT - Torque limit	[mNm]	Torque limitation monitored during activation of SLT	0	R 1.10
SLT - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.10

Table 254: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLT

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re-
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μH	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak cur- rent is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (oponal) hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later) µkgm² External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load		0	1.10	

Table 255: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

6.4.23.2 Behavior

Safety function SLT is used to monitor the electric motor torque for compliance with a specified maximum limit.

Information:

The SLT safety function requires safe motor current evaluation. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe motor current evaluation, then the SafeMC module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

Parameter "SLT - Torque Limit" T_{SLT_LIM} can be used to set the limit value for the electrical motor torque for the positive and negative directions of movement.

Setting the "S Control SLT" input to SAFEFALSE requests the SLT safety function.

After configurable delay time "SLT - Enable delay time" t_{SLT_ED} has elapsed, the configured motor torque limit is monitored.

^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

The purpose of delay time t_{SLT_ED} is to compensate for the different runtimes of the standard and safety applications. If the delay time is set to 0, then the motor torque limit will be monitored right after the request is made for the safety function.

The standard (non-safety-related) application must implement a closed-loop control appropriate for the level of danger to decelerate the movement and ensure adherence to the respective motor torque limit.

The "S_Status_SLT" status bit will be set to SAFETRUE if no errors occur while monitoring is active.

Information:

The SLT safety function can be activated in parallel with other safety functions. This makes it possible, for example, to reduce the expected residual distances in the worst-case calculation.

Information:

The SLT safety function has achieved its safe state when the safety function is selected and no violation is detected during monitoring of the motor torque limit of the drive.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

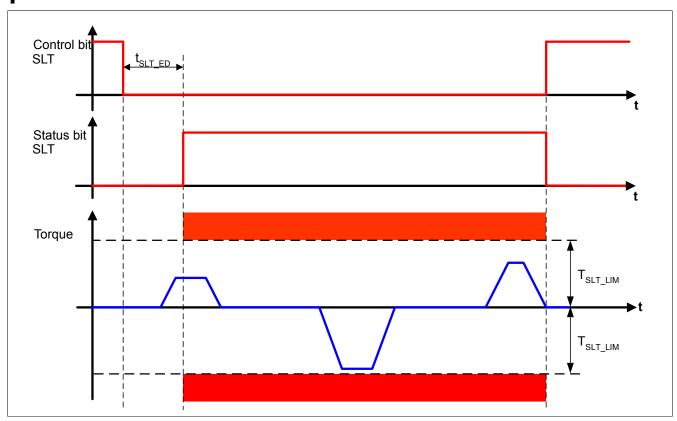


Figure 92: Safely Limited Torque, SLT

Danger!

When monitoring the safely limited motor torque, in the event of error a change in angular momentum that corresponds to the electrical dynamic behavior of the motor can occur during the error response time. The limitation of the torque cannot be ensured within the error response time. The dangerous change in angular momentum must be determined in a risk analysis and is not permitted to result in any hazard!

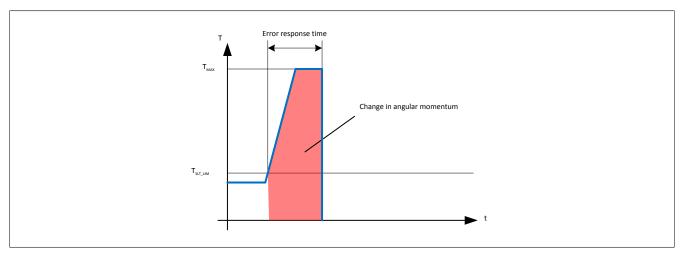


Figure 93: Possible change of the angular momentum in the event of an error

Danger!

If a motor torque limit is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. Output "S_NotErrFUNC" or "S_Status_NotErrFunc" of the function block is reset!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

If the safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each configured limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

The safe torque can only be used for synchronous motors with undefined poles ($L_d = L_o$)!

Danger!

Overheating of the motor can change torque constant K_T and therefore negatively influence the safe torque. Ensure that the motor has been sized so as to prevent overheating.

Danger!

If the accuracy of the safe current is not taken into account, a current value or torque that is too low can be monitored under certain circumstances. In this case, it cannot be guaranteed that the target torque will be reached or that the torque limit will be correctly monitored; the result of the safety function is therefore invalid!

The accuracy of the safe current only applies up to the continuous current of the performance class used. It is not permitted to use a safety function that should monitor or detect a current above the continuous current of the performance class used.

6.4.23.3 Accuracy of SLT

The following accuracies must be taken into account when configuring SLT.

For valid general information about current measurement and its accuracy, see 6.2.5.1 "Accuracy of the safe current" on page 318.

In order to calculate the motor torque, the accuracy of the safe current must be taken into account. This alone guarantees valid execution of safety function SLT, even with the maximum measuring error of the current transformers.

6.4.23.4 Calculating the electrical motor torque limit to be configured

In the configuration of parameter "SLT - Torque limit" T_{SLT_LIM} , safe electrical motor torque limit (from the risk analysis) T_{SLR_RISK} and corresponding current i_{SLT_RISK} must be calculated from the motor torque characteristic curve (see 6.4.6 "Safe Torque" on page 352); the accuracy of the safe current must also be taken into account. i_{SLT_RISK} must then be calculated back to a torque.

i_{SLT RISK} is calculated according to 6.4.6 "Safe Torque" on page 352 as follows:

$$i_{SLT_RISK} = T_{MC}^{-1} (T_{SLT_RISK})$$

Accuracy of the safe current SLT i_{ESLT} of the power classes of the servo drive must then be subtracted.

$$i_{SLT_LIM} = i_{SLT_RISK} - i_{\varepsilon SLT}$$

Transforming it back into a torque value results in "SLT - Torque Limit" to be configured for the safety function.

$$T_{SLT_LIM} = T_{MC}(i_{SLT_LIM})$$

6.4.24 Safe machine options

6.4.24.1 Parameters

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

•		,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable (previously <i>Activate Safe Machine Options</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9

Table 256: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

6.4.24.2 Behavior

The primary method for configuring a SafeMOTION module is to set the parameters in SafeDESIGNER and transfer them to the SafeLOGIC controller along with the safety application. From there, they are transferred to the SafeMOTION module. These parameters are labeled as "Default parameters" and require the use of SafeDESIGNER.

To allow them to be configured without using SafeDESIGNER, Safety Release 1.9 introduces the "Safe machine options" safety function.

"Safe machine options" is used to modify the parameters of the SafeMOTION module from the standard application.

The safe machine options are transferred from the standard application to the SafeLOGIC controller as a data block, and stored there permanently. The SafeMOTION module needs to restart in order to transfer the safe machine options, and in some cases this occurs automatically. This means that the parameters cannot be changed at runtime.

Information:

It is only possible to use the "Safe machine options" safety function:

- · On SG4 target systems
- With SafeLOGIC X20SL8100
- With Automation Runtime AR 4.06 or later

Danger!

Changing the module's parameters using the "Safe machine options" is equivalent to modifying the safety application.

Acknowledgment and unlock requests must be handled by authorized personnel only. Automated acknowledgment and unlocking logic is not permitted. This requirement must be listed in a code review document.

The danger warnings in the "Maintenance scenarios" chapter of the technical data sheets for X20SL8xxx and X20SLXxxx series devices must also be observed. Functions are only permitted to be executed by personnel with proper authorization. Access to the respective visualization components must be limited to the authorized group of personnel using suitable means.

Personnel authorized to acknowledge data are responsible for verifying the data that is to be acknowledged (project CRC, project save date, content of machine options, etc.).

Local personnel must be informed whenever access takes place. The user must implement suitable measures to ensure that remote access is not possible without notifying local personnel.

Proper functionality must be verified by comprehensive functional testing. All test procedures and results must be documented. Testing must be able to identify any data mismatches between the HMI application and safety application. Comprehensive functional testing must be carried out to ensure proper functionality after the standard application is created or modified as well as after any changes are made to Automation Runtime.

The following description assumes that the "Safe machine options - Enable" module parameter has been set to "Enabled".

6.4.24.3 Transferring to the SafeLOGIC controller

The safeDownloadData() function block from the AsSafety library is used to transfer the safe machine options. For information regarding the use of this function block, see library AsSafety in Automation Help.

As mentioned above, the safe machine options are transferred as a data block. This data block contains a 64-byte array, variables for version identification and the safety parameters themselves. The format of the safe machine options depends on the Safety Release of the module type (see "6.4.24.6 "Data structure of safe machine options (Safety Release 1.9 and later)" on page 424").

In Safety Release 1.9 and later, a structure type is provided in library "SafeMC" for SafeMOTION modules. Please note the minimum required ACP10 version (see 5.3 "System requirements" on page 270).

Since the entire safe machine option data block is always transferred, the "enable bits" can be used to enable each parameter. Each bit corresponds to a parameter. For parameters whose "enable bit" is set, the default value (as configured in SafeDESIGNER) is overwritten by the value in the structure. For parameters whose "enable bit" is not set, the default value (as configured in SafeDESIGNER) is retained.

Information:

When the safe machine options are transferred to the SafeLOGIC controller, their ranges are not checked. It is therefore possible to set values that are outside the valid ranges. To prevent malfunctions, the range check is performed on the SafeMOTION module. If faulty parameter settings are detected, the SafeMOTION module enters the FAIL SAFE state during startup.

Information:

The application that handles the transfer must be developed in accordance with currently applicable regulations. Manipulation of parameters by unauthorized personnel is not permitted and must be prevented.

After parameters have been changed, a complete functional test must be performed in order to ensure that the behavior of the safety application meets specifications.

Information:

The format of the safe machine options is backward compatible.

6.4.24.4 Transferring to the SafeMOTION module

Transfer always takes place in state PREOPERATIONAL. If the safe machine options on the SafeLOGIC controller are by a download, they are transferred automatically to the respective SafeMOTION module. On the SafeMOTION module, each of the "enable bits" is evaluated; for any that are set, the default value of the corresponding parameter is overwritten by the value of the safe machine option. Each parameter has a valid range of values which may depend on the values of other parameters (SMS/SLS speed limits, etc.). This range of values is checked on the SafeMOTION module.

If faulty parameter settings are detected, the SafeMOTION module enters the FAIL SAFE state and a corresponding error is entered in the Safety Logger.

6.4.24.5 Missing safe machine options

If the "Safe machine options" safety function is activated, then the safe machine options must be found on the SafeLOGIC controller. If there is no data block for the respective SafeMOTION module, then the SafeMOTION module does not switch to the OPERATIONAL state and can therefore not be used.

Downloading safe machine options to the SafeLOGIC controller triggers an automatic restart of the SafeMOTION module, and the safe machine options are transferred from the SafeLOGIC controller to the SafeMOTION module.

6.4.24.6 Data structure of safe machine options (Safety Release 1.9 and later)

Data structure of safe machine options:

- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 and later)
- ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later)
- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.9 and later)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

Data type	EnDat 2	2.2	SinCos		Name	Constant / Name	e in SafeDE	SIGNER
, , ,	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset				
USINT[64]		0 63		0 63	EnableBits	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	SMC_EnE	Dat22_R19_OptsIndex_enum
						SafeMOTION SinCos	SMC_Sin	Cos_R19_OptsIndex_enum
UINT		64 65		64 65	StructInfoAxisTypeID	Axis type ID of th	e SafeMOT	ION module
UINT		66 67		66 67	StructInfoSize	Size of the paran	neter structu	ire
UDINT		68 71		68 71	StructInfoVersion	StructInfoVersion	1	
USINT	0	72	0	72	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder ty	/ре	
						SafeMOTION E	nDat 2.2	SafeMOTION SinCos
						Encoder used = Encoder not use		Rotary encoder = 0 Linear encoder = 1 Encoder not used = 2
USINT	1	73	1	73	FuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by Always = 0 Only if safety fund		ror ring an encoder are enabled = 1
USINT	2	74	2	74	AlignmentByte1	Alignment placel	· ·	_ •
USINT	3	75	3	75	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placel		
UDINT	Not use		4	76 79	NrOfSignalperiods	EUS - Number of		
DINT	4	76 79	5	80 83	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of p	<u> </u>	
DINT	5	80 83	6	84 87	ScaleUnits			sical reference system
DINT	6	84 87	7	88 91	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting of Default = 0 Inverse = 1		5504.10.010.100 0 5000
DINT	7	88 91	8	92 95	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of p	hysical refe	rence system for linear encoder
DINT	8	92 95	9	96 99	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum	speed to no	rmalize speed range
DINT	9	96 99	10	100 103	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder a	cceleration	limit
DINT	10	100 103	11	104 107	HomingPos	Homing - Home	position or h	ome offset
DINT	11	104 107	12	108 111	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximi		
DINT	12	108 111	13	112 115	HomingTMon	Homing - Monito	ring time	
USINT	13	112	14	116	HomingMode		only SafeM	OTION EnDat 2.2) = 3 (only SafeMOTION EnDat
USINT	14	113	15	117	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of Negative = 0 Positive = 1	f reference :	switch
USINT	15	114	16	118	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger Negative = 0 Positive = 1	direction	
USINT	16	115	Not use	d	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	reference p	ulse
USINT	17	116	Not use	d	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	RSP (Rema	anent safe position)
USINT	18	117	Not use	d	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blockin	g distance	
USINT	19	118	17	119	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placel	nolder. Do n	ot use!
USINT	20	119	Not use	d	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placel	nolder. Do n	ot use!
DINT	21	120 123	18	120 123	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring	J - Speed de	celeration limit
USINT	22	124	19	124	UseSMS	SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	23	125	20	125	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset of Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	on start - En	able
USINT	24	126	21	126	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1		
USINT	25	127	22	127	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp mor Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	nitoring - Ena	able

Table 257: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.9 and later (SMC_EnDat22_R19_Opts_typ, SMC_SinCos_R19_Opts_typ)

Data type	EnDat 2	2.2	SinCos		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset		
USINT	26	128	23	128	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	27	129	24	129	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	28	130	25	130	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	29	131	26	131	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	30	132	27	132	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	31	133	28	133	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	32	134	29	134	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	33	135	30	135	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
DINT	34	136 139	31	136 139	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	35	140 143	32	140 143	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
DINT	36	144 147	33	144 147	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	37	148 151	34	148 151	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	38	152 155	35	152 155	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	39	156 159	36 37	156 159	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	40	160 163 164 167	38	160 163 164 167	SpeedLimitSMS SpeedLimitSLS1	SMS - Speed limit SLS1 - Speed limit
DINT	42	168 171	39	168 171	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit
DINT	43	172 175	40	172 175	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit
DINT	44	176 179	41	176 179	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit
DINT	45	180 183	42	180 183	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit
DINT	46	184 187	43	184 187	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit
DINT	47	188 191	44	188 191	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit
DINT	48	192 195	45	192 195	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit
DINT	49	196 199	46	196 199	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance
DINT	50	200 203	47	200 203	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance
DINT	51	204 207	48	204 207	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit
DINT	52 53	208 211 212 215	49 50	208 211 212 215	SliToffDelay RampMonTimeSS1	SLI - Disable delay time
DINT	54	216 219	51	216 219	RampMonTimeSS2	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable
DINT	55	220 223	52	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	56	224 227	53	224 227	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	57	228 231	54	228 231	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	58	232 235	55	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	59	236 239	56	236 239	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time
DINT	60	240 243	57	240 243	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time
DINT	61	244 247	58	244 247	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time
DINT	62	248 251	59	248 251	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time
DINT	Not use		60	252 255	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time
DINT	63	252 255	61	256 259	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time
DINT	64 65	256 259 260 263	62 63	260 263 264 267	EarlyLimitMonTime EncMonitoringPosTol	Early limit monitoring - Time Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance
DINT	66	264 267	64	268 271	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance
DINT	Not use		65	272 275	SbtInterval	SBT - Test interval
DINT	Not use		66	276 279	SbtTreshold	SBT - Threshold
DINT	Not use		67	280 283	SbtExternalLoad	SBT - External load
DINT	Not use		68	284 287	SbtDuration	SBT - Maximum torque duration
DINT	Not use		69	288 291	SbtPositionTolerance	SBT - Position tolerance
		-			1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 = 1

Table 257: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.9 and later (SMC_EnDat22_R19_Opts_typ, SMC_SinCos_R19_Opts_typ)

- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2x and later)
- ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)
- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

Data type	EnDat 2	2.2	SinCos		Name	Constant / Nam	e in SafeDI	ESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset				
USINT[64]		0 63		0 63	EnableBits	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	SMC_Enl	Dat22_R19_OptsIndex_enum
						SafeMOTION SinCos	SMC_Sin	Cos_R19_OptsIndex_enum
UINT		64 65		64 65	StructInfoAxisTypeID	Axis type ID of th	ne SafeMOT	ION module
UINT		66 67		66 67	StructInfoSize	Size of the parar	neter structi	ure
UDINT		68 71		68 71	StructInfoVersion	StructInfoVersion	า	
USINT	0	72	0	72	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder t	уре	
						SafeMOTION E	nDat 2.2	SafeMOTION SinCos
						Encoder used = Encoder not use	· · ·	Rotary encoder = 0 Linear encoder = 1 Encoder not used = 2
USINT	1	73	1	73	FuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by Always = 0 Only if safety fun		ror ring an encoder are enabled = 1
USINT	2	74	2	74	ModeBM	BM - Mode Off = 0 Prev. enabled SP Prev. enabled an		d SF = 2
						Configured SF =		
USINT	3	75	3	75	UseSEM	Encoder monitor Approved by use From motor data	er = 0	ncoder Mounting
UDINT	Not use	ed	4	76 79	NrOfSignalperiods	EUS - Number o		ods
DINT	4	76 79	5	80 83	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of p		
DINT	5	80 83	6	84 87	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per	count of phy	vsical reference system
DINT	6	84 87	7	88 91	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting Default = 0 Inverse = 1	direction	
DINT	7	88 91	8	92 95	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of	ohysical refe	erence system for linear encoder
DINT	8	92 95	9	96 99	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum	speed to no	ormalize speed range
DINT	9	96 99	10	100 103	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder a	cceleration	limit
DINT	10	100 103	11	104 107	HomingPos	Homing - Home	position or h	nome offset
DINT	11	104 107	12	108 111	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maxim	um trigger s	peed
DINT	12	108 111	13	112 115	HomingTMon	Homing - Monito	ring time	
USINT	13	112	14	116	HomingMode	Home offset with 2.2)	(only SafeM n correction	IOTION EnDat 2.2) = 3 (only SafeMOTION EnDat
USINT	14	113	15	117	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of Negative = 0 Positive = 1	of reference	switch
USINT	15	114	16	118	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	16	115	Not use	d	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	reference p	pulse
USINT	17	116	Not use	d	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	RSP (Rem	anent safe position)
USINT	18	117	Not use	d	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blockir	ng distance	
USINT	19	118	17	119	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placel	holder. Do n	ot use!
USINT	20	119	Not use	d	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placel	holder. Do n	ot use!
DINT	21	120 123	18	120 123	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring	g - Speed de	eceleration limit
USINT	22	124	19	124	UseSMS	SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	23	125	20	125	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	24	126	21	126	SelectSTO1channel	Disabled = 1 STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1		
USINT	25	127	22	127	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0		
USINT	26	128	23	128	UseRampMonitoringSS2	Enabled = 1 SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	27	129	24	129	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp mor Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	nitoring - En	able

Table 258: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.10 and later (SMC_EnDat22_V02_Opts_typ, SMC_SinCos_V02_Opts_typ)

Data type	EnDat 2	2.2	SinCos	·	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset		
USINT	28	130	25	130	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable
						Disabled = 0
LIGINIT		101		101	LL CAMP	Enabled = 1
USINT	29	131	26	131	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0
						Disabled = 1
USINT	30	132	27	132	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable
00		.02			Goozine: come	Disabled = 0
						Enabled = 1
USINT	31	133	28	133	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable
						Disabled = 0
LIGHT		101		101	11 0 15 41 7 1	Enabled = 1
USINT	32	134	29	134	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable
						Disabled = 0
						Enabled = 1
USINT	33	135	30	135	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode
						STO = 0
						STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
DINT	34	136 139	31	136 139	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	35	140 143	32	140 143	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
DINT	36	144 147	33	144 147	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	37	148 151	34	148 151	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	38	152 155	35	152 155	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	39	156 159	36	156 159	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	40	160 163	37	160 163	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit
DINT	41	164 167	38	164 167	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit
DINT	42	168 171	39	168 171	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit
DINT	43	172 175	40	172 175	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit
DINT	44	176 179	41	176 179	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit
DINT	45	180 183	42	180 183	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit
DINT	46	184 187	43	184 187	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit
DINT	47	188 191	44	188 191	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit
DINT	48	192 195	45	192 195	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit
DINT	49	196 199	46	196 199	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance
DINT	50	200 203	47	200 203	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance
DINT	51	204 207	48	204 207	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit
DINT	52	208 211	49	208 211	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time
DINT	53	212 215	50	212 215	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable
DINT	54	216 219	51	216 219	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable
DINT	55	220 223	52	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	56	224 227	53	224 227	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	57	228 231	54	228 231	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	58	232 235	55	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	59	236 239	56	236 239	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time
DINT	60	240 243	57	240 243	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time
DINT	61	244 247	58	244 247	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time
DINT	62	248 251	59	248 251	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time
DINT	Not use		60	252 255	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time
DINT	63	252 255	61	256 259	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time
DINT	64	256 259	62	260 263	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time
DINT	65	260 263	63	264 267	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance
DINT	66	264 267	64	268 271	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance
DINT	Not use		65	272 275	SbtInterval	SBT - Test interval
DINT	Not use		66	276 279	SbtTreshold	SBT - Threshold
DINT	Not use		67	280 283	SbtExternalLoad	SBT - External load
DINT	Not use		68	284 287	SbtDuration	SBT - Maximum torque duration
DINT	Not use		69	288 291	SbtPositionTolerance	SBT - Position tolerance
DINT	67	268 271	70	292 295	DelayFFSBM	Blackout Mode delay time to FFS (µs)
DINT	68	272 275	71	296 299	ConfiguredSFBM	Blackout Mode configured control word

Table 258: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.10 and later (SMC_EnDat22_V02_Opts_typ, SMC_SinCos_V02_Opts_typ)

• ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

Data type	ACOPOS EnDat 2.2	P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset		
USINT[64]		0 63	EnableBits	SMC_Acp_P3_R110_OptsIndex_enum
UINT		64 65	StructInfoAxisTypeID	Axis type ID of the SafeMOTION module
UINT		66 67	StructInfoSize	Size of the parameter structure
UDINT	l assis O assis	68 71	StructInfoVersion	StructInfoVersion
USINT	0	s and 3-axis modul		Automatic recet on start. Enable
USINT	U	1212	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	1	73 73	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
USINT	2	74 74	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1
USINT			BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0
	3	75 75		Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3
DINT	4	76 79	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	5	80 83	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
USINT	6	84 84	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0
USINT	7	85 85	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	8	86 86	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	9	87 87	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	10	88 91	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system
DINT	11	92 95	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system
DINT	12	96 99	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1
DINT	13	100 103	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder
DINT	14	104 107	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range
DINT	15	108 111	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit
USINT	16	112 112	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	17	113 113	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	18	114 114	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	19	115 115	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1
DINT	20	116 119	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance
DINT	21	120 123	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance
DINT	22	124 127	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance
DINT	23	128 131	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance
USINT	24	132 132	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	25	133 133	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	26	134 134	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	27	135 135	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	28	136 139	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time
DINT	29	140 143	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit
DINT	30	144 147	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time
USINT	31	148 148	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1
USINT	32	149 149	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	33	150 150	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	34	151 151	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	35	152 152	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	36	153 153	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	37	154 154	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	38	155 155	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	39	156 159	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time
DINI				

Data type	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
Index Byte offset						
USINT	41	164 164	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0		
LIGINIT	40	405 405	A//	Enabled = 1		
USINT	42 43	165 165	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	44	166 166 167 167	AlignmentByte16 AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	45	168 171	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time		
DINT	46	172 175	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	47	176 179	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	48	180 183	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	49	184 187	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	50	188 191	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time		
USINT	51	192 192	UseSMS	SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	52	193 193	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	53	194 194	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	54	195 195	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	55	196 199	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit		
DINT	56	200 203	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit		
DINT	57	204 207	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit		
DINT	58	208 211	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit		
DINT	59	212 215	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit		
USINT	60	216 216	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	61	217 217	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	62	218 218	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	63	219 219	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	64	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	65	224 227	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	66	228 231	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	67	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	68	236 239	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time		
DINT	69	240 243	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit		
DINT	70	244 247	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time		
USINT	71	248 248	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3		
USINT	72	249 249	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	73	250 250	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	74	251 251	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	75	252 255	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset		
USINT	76	256 256	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	77	257 257	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	78	258 258	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	79	259 259	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	80	260 260	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance		
USINT	81	261 261	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	82	262 262	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	83	263 263	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	84	264 267	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed		
USINT	85 86	268 271 272 272	HomingTMon UseSMP	Homing - Monitoring time SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	87	273 273	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	88	274 274	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	89	275 275	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	90	276 279	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit		
DINT	91	280 283	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit		
III - I			1			

Data type	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
	Index	Byte offset	_			
DINT	93	288 291	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit		
DINT	94	292 295	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time		
Axis2 - Only	for ACOP	OS P3 SafeMOTION	2-axis and 3-axis modules			
USINT	95	296 296	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	96	297 297	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1		
USINT	97	298 298	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1		
USINT	98	299 299	BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0 Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3		
DINT	99	300 303	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time		
DINT	100	304 307	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages		
USINT	101	308 308	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0		
USINT	102	309 309	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	103	310 310	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	104	311 311	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	105	312 315	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system		
DINT	106	316 319	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system		
DINT	107	320 323	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1		
DINT	108	324 327	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder		
DINT	109	328 331	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range		
DINT	110	332 335	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit		
USINT	111	336 336	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	112	337 337	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	113	338 338	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	114	339 339	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1		
DINT	115	340 343	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance		
DINT	116	344 347	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance		
DINT	117	348 351	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance		
USINT	118	352 355 356 356	SpeedTolerance UseEarlyLimitMon	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	120	357 357	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	121	358 358	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	122	359 359	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	123	360 363	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time		
DINT	124	364 367	DecelerationRamp Deley Remains and a series	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit		
DINT	125 126	368 371 372 372	DelayRampMonitoring SelectSTO1channel	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1		
USINT	127	373 373	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	128	374 374	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	129	375 375	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	130	376 376	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	131	377 377	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	132	378 378	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	133	379 379	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	134	380 383	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time		
DINT	135	384 387	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time		

Index	Data type	EnDat 2.2		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
USBNT 138 389 389 389 AlignmentByle 16 Enabled 1 Ena					
USINT 137 383 389 Alignment Bjere 15 Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	USINT	136	388 388	UseRampMonitoringSS2	Disabled = 0
USINT 138 391 39	LICINIT	127	380 380	AlianmentPyte15	
USINT 139 39 39 39 39 39 39 3				<u> </u>	
DINT				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
DINT		_			
DINT	-			- F	
DINT					·
DINT	DINT	143	404 407	AccelerationLimNeg	·
USINT 146	DINT	144	408 411	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 Disab	DINT	145	412 415	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time
	USINT	146	416 416	UseSMS	Enabled = 0
USINT 149	USINT	147	417 417	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT 150	USINT	148	418 418	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	USINT	149			Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT 152 428 . 431 SpeedLmillSL32 SL32 - Speed limit	DINT	150	420 423	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit
DINT				<u> </u>	·
DINT 155	-			<u>'</u>	·
USINT 155				- '	·
Disabled = 0		_			•
USINT 157	USINT	155	440 440	UseRampMonitoringSLS	Disabled = 0
USINT 158	USINT	156	441 441	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	USINT	157	442 442	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	USINT	158	443 443	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT 161	DINT	159	444 447	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	DINT	160	448 451	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	DINT	161	452 455	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	DINT	162	456 459	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT 166			_	<u> </u>	·
USINT 166		_			
Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset = 3				· ·	·
USINT 168					Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3
USINT 169				 	
DINT 170					
USINT				+	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
USINT 172				+ •	
Negative = 0		171	460 460	nomingRemanentSalePos	Disabled = 0
Negative = 0	USINT	172	481 481	HomingRefSwEdge	Negative = 0 Positive = 1
Disabled = 0	USINT	173	482 482	HomingTriggerDir	Negative = 0
USINT 176 485 485 AlignmentByte27 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 177 486 486 AlignmentByte28 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 178 487 487 AlignmentByte29 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 179 488 491 HomingMaxSpeed Homing - Maximum trigger speed DINT 180 492 495 HomingTMon Homing - Monitoring time USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit	USINT	174	483 483	HomingRefPulse	Disabled = 0
USINT 177 486 486 AlignmentByte 28 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 178 487 487 AlignmentByte 29 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 179 488 491 Homing MaxSpeed Homing - Maximum trigger speed DINT 180 492 495 Homing TMon Homing - Monitoring time USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit				HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance
USINT 178 487 487 AlignmentByte29 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 179 488 491 HomingMaxSpeed Homing - Maximum trigger speed DINT 180 492 495 HomingTMon Homing - Monitoring time USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit				 	
DINT 179 488 491 HomingMaxSpeed Homing - Maximum trigger speed DINT 180 492 495 HomingTMon Homing - Monitoring time USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit				 '	·
DINT 180 492 495 HomingTMon Homing - Monitoring time USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit		_	_	+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
USINT 181 496 496 UseSMP SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit				+ • •	
USINT 182 497 497 AlignmentByte30 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit					SMP - Enable Enabled = 0
USINT 183 498 498 AlignmentByte31 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit	LISINT	182	497 497	AlianmentRyte30	
USINT 184 499 499 AlignmentByte32 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit				<u> </u>	
DINT 185 500 503 PosLimitMinSMP SMP - Lower position limit DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit		_		+	
DINT 186 504 507 PosLimitMaxSMP SMP - Upper position limit		_			- ·
					·
TABLE LIGHT 1900 311 TEOSCHUMMUSER 151P - LOWER DOSINON HINT	DINT	187	508 511	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit

Data type	ACOPOS EnDat 2.	P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index	Byte offset			
DINT	188	512 515	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit	
DINT	189	516 519	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time	
Axis3 - Only	for ACOPC	S P3 SafeMOTION	3-axis modules		
USINT	190	520 520	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	
USINT	191	521 521	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1	
USINT	192	522 522	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1	
USINT	193	523 523	BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0 Off = 0 Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3	
DINT	194	524 527	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time	
DINT	195	528 531	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages	
USINT	196	532 532	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0	
USINT	197	533 533	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	198	534 534	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	199	535 535	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	200	536 539	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system	
DINT	201	540 543	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system	
DINT	202	544 547	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1	
DINT	203	548 551	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder	
DINT	204	552 555	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range	
DINT	205	556 559	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	
USINT	206	560 560	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	207	561 561	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	208	562 562	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	209	563 563	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1	
DINT	210	564 567	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	
DINT	211	568 571	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	
DINT	212	572 575	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	
DINT	213	576 579	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	
USINT	214	580 580	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	215	581 581	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	216	582 582	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	217	583 583	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	218	584 587	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time	
DINT	219	588 591	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	
DINT	220	592 595	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	
USINT	221	596 596	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1	
USINT	222	597 597	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	223	598 598	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	224	599 599	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	225	600 600	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	226	601 601	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	227	602 602	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	228	603 603	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	229	604 607	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time	
		608 611	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time	

Data type	ACOPO EnDat 2	S P3 SafeMOTION .2	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset		
USINT	231	612 612	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable
				Disabled = 0
LIONIT	000	040 040	A.C	Enabled = 1
USINT	232	613 613	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	233	614 614	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	234	615 615	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	235	616 619	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time
DINT	236	620 623	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	237	624 627	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	238	628 631	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	239	632 635	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	240	636 639	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time
USINT	241	640 640	UseSMS	SMS - Enable
				Enabled = 0
			1.00	Disabled = 1
USINT	242	641 641	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	243	642 642	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	244	643 643	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	245	644 647	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit
DINT	246	648 651	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit
DINT	247	652 655	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit
DINT	248	656 659	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit
DINT	249	660 663	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit
USINT	250	664 664	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable
				Disabled = 0
				Enabled = 1
USINT	251	665 665	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	252	666 666	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	253	667 667	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	254	668 671	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	255	672 675	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	256	676 679	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	257	680 683	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	258	684 687	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time
DINT	259	688 691	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit
DINT	260	692 695	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time
USINT	261	696 696	HomingMode	Homing - Mode
				Direct = 0
				Reference switch = 1
				Home offset = 2
LIONIT	000	007 007	A/'	Home offset with correction = 3
USINT	262	697 697	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	263	698 698	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	264	699 699	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	265	700 703	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset
USINT	266	704 704	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)
				Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	267	705 705	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch
JOHNI	201	700 700	Ioning Not Swedge	Negative = 0
				Positive = 1
USINT	268	706 706	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction
			33	Negative = 0
				Positive = 1
USINT	269	707 707	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse
			_	Disabled = 0
				Enabled = 1
USINT	270	708 708	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance
USINT	271	709 709	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	272	710 710	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	273	711 711	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	274	712 715	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed
DINT	275	716 719	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time
USINT			UseSMP	SMP - Enable
	276	720 720		Enabled = 0
				Disabled = 1
USINT	277	721 721	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	278	722 722	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	279	723 723	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
	280	724 727	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit

Table 259: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later (SM-C_Acp_P3_1Ax_R110_Opts_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_2Ax_R110_Opts_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_3Ax_R110_Opts_typ)

Data type	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index Byte offset				
DINT	281	728 731	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit	
DINT	282	732 735	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit	
DINT	283	736 739	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit	
DINT	284	740 743	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time	

Table 259: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later (SM-C_Acp_P3_1Ax_R110_Opts_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_2Ax_R110_Opts_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_3Ax_R110_Opts_typ)

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2x and later)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

Data type	ACOP EnDat	OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index	Byte off- set 1-axis module	set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module			
USINT[64]		0 63	0 63	0 63	EnableBits	SMC_Acp_P3_R110_OptsIndex_enum	
UINT		64 65	64 65	64 65	StructInfoAxisTypeID	Axis type ID of the SafeMOTION module	
UINT		66 67	66 67	66 67	StructInfoSize	Size of the parameter structure	
UDINT		68 71	68 71	68 71	StructInfoVersion	StructInfoVersion	
Axis 1 - For 1	-axis, 2-	axis and 3-ax	kis modules				
USINT	0	72 72	72 72	72 72	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	
USINT	1	73 73	73 73	73 73	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1	
USINT	2	74 74	74 74	74 74	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1	
USINT	3	75 75	75 75	75 75	BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0 Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3	
DINT	4	76 79	76 79	76 79	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time	
DINT	5	80 83	80 83	80 83	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages	
USINT	6	84 84	84 84	84 84	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0	
USINT	7	85 85	85 85	85 85	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	8	86 86	86 86	86 86	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	9	87 87	87 87	87 87	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	10	88 91	88 91	88 91	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system	
DINT	11	92 95	92 95	92 95	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system	
DINT	12	96 99	96 99	96 99	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1	
DINT	13	100 103	100 103	100 103	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder	
DINT	14	104 107	104 107	104 107	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range	
DINT	15	108 111	108 111	108 111	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	
USINT	16	112 112	112 112	112 112	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	17	113 113	113 113	113 113	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	18	114 114	114 114	114 114	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	19	115 115	115 115	115 115	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1	
DINT	20	116 119	116 119	116 119	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	
DINT	21	120 123	120 123	120 123	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	
DINT	22	124 127	124 127	124 127	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	
DINT	23	128 131	128 131	128 131	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	

Table 260: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later (SMC_Acp_P3_1A- x_R110_OptsV2_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_2Ax_R110_OptsV2_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_3Ax_R110_OptsV2_typ)

Data type	ACOP(EnDat	OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index Byte off- set 1-axis module		Byte off- set 3-axis module 2-axis module		_		
USINT	24	132 132	132 132	132 132	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	25	133 133	133 133	133 133	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	26	134 134	134 134	134 134	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	27	135 135	135 135	135 135	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	28	136 139	136 139	136 139	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time	
DINT	29	140 143	140 143	140 143	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	
DINT	30	144 147	144 147	144 147	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	
USINT	31	148 148	148 148	148 148	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1	
USINT	32	149 149	149 149	149 149	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	33	150 150	150 150	150 150	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	34	151 151	151 151	151 151	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	35	152 152	152 152	152 152	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	36	153 153	153 153	153 153	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	37	154 154	154 154	154 154	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	38	155 155	155 155	155 155	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	39	156 159	156 159	156 159	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time	
USINT	41	160 163 164 164	160 163 164 164	160 163 164 164	DelaySBC UseRampMonitoringSS2	SBC - Enable delay time SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	42	165 165	165 165	165 165	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	43	166 166	166 166	166 166	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	44	167 167	167 167	167 167	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	45	168 171	168 171	168 171	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time	
DINT	46	172 175	172 175	172 175	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	
DINT	47	176 179	176 179	176 179	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	
DINT	48	180 183	180 183	180 183	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	
DINT	49	184 187	184 187	184 187	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	
DINT USINT	50 51	188 191 192 192	188 191 192 192	188 191 192 192	DelaySLA UseSMS	SLA - Enable delay time SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	
USINT	52	193 193	193 193	193 193	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	53	194 194	194 194	194 194	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	54	195 195	195 195	195 195	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	55	196 199	196 199	196 199	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit	
DINT	56	200 203	200 203	200 203	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit	
DINT	57	204 207	204 207	204 207	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit	
DINT	58 59	208 211 212 215	208 211	208 211	SpeedLimitSLS3 SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS3 - Speed limit SLS4 - Speed limit	
USINT	60	216 216	212 215 216 216	212 215 216 216	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	61	217 217	217 217	217 217	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	62	218 218	218 218	218 218	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	63	219 219	219 219	219 219	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	64	220 223	220 223	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	65 66	224 227 228 231	224 227 228 231	224 227 228 231	RampMonTimeSLS2 RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	67	232 235	232 235	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	68	236 239	236 239	236 239	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time	
DINT	69	240 243	240 243	240 243	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit	
DINT	70	244 247	244 247	244 247	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time	
USINT	71	248 248	248 248	248 248	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3	
USINT	72	249 249	249 249	249 249	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	73	250 250	250 250	250 250	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	74	251 251	251 251	251 251	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	75	252 255	252 255	252 255	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset	

Data type	ACOP EnDat	OS P3 SafeN 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
		set 1-axis module	set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module		
USINT	76	256 256	256 256	256 256	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	77	257 257	257 257	257 257	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	78	258 258	258 258	258 258	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	79	259 259	259 259	259 259	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	80	260 260	260 260	260 260	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance
USINT	81	261 261	261 261	261 261	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	82	262 262	262 262	262 262	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	83	263 263	263 263	263 263	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	84	264 267	264 267	264 267	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed
DINT	85	268 271	268 271	268 271	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time
USINT	86	272 272	272 272	272 272	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	87	273 273	273 273	273 273	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	88	274 274	274 274	274 274	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	89	275 275	275 275	275 275	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	90	276 279	276 279	276 279	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit
DINT	91	280 283	280 283	280 283	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit
DINT	92	284 287	284 287	284 287	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit
DINT	93	288 291	288 291	288 291	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit
DINT	94	292 295	292 295	292 295	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time
				xis and 3-axis mo	1	
USINT	95	Not used	296 296	296 296	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	96	Not used	297 297	297 297	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
USINT	97	Not used	298 298	298 298	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1
USINT	98	Not used	299 299	299 299	BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0 Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3
DINT	99	Not used	300 303	300 303	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	100	Not used	304 307	304 307	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
USINT	101	Not used	308 308	308 308	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0
USINT	102	Not used	309 309	309 309	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	103	Not used	310 310	310 310	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	104	Not used	311 311	311 311	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	105	Not used	312 315	312 315	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system
DINT	106	Not used	316 319	316 319	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system
DINT	107	Not used	320 323	320 323	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1
DINT	108	Not used	324 327	324 327	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder
DINT	109	Not used	328 331	328 331	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range
USINT	110	Not used Not used	332 335 336 336	332 335 336 336	AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	112	Not used	337 337	337 337	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	113	Not used	338 338	338 338	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1

Data type	ACOP(EnDat	OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte off- set 1-axis module	Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module		
USINT	114	Not used	339 339	339 339	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1
DINT	115	Not used	340 343	340 343	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance
DINT	116	Not used	344 347	344 347	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance
DINT	117	Not used	348 351	348 351	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance
DINT	118	Not used	352 355	352 355	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance
USINT	119	Not used	356 356	356 356	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	120	Not used	357 357	357 357	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	121	Not used	358 358	358 358	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	122	Not used	359 359	359 359	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	123	Not used	360 363	360 363	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time
DINT	124	Not used	364 367	364 367	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit
DINT	125	Not used	368 371	368 371	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time
USINT	126	Not used	372 372	372 372	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1
USINT	127	Not used	373 373	373 373	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	128	Not used	374 374	374 374	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	129	Not used	375 375	375 375	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	130	Not used	376 376	376 376	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	131	Not used	377 377	377 377	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	132	Not used	378 378	378 378	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	133	Not used	379 379	379 379	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	134	Not used	380 383	380 383	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time
USINT	135 136	Not used Not used	384 387 388 388	384 387 388 388	DelaySBC UseRampMonitoringSS2	SBC - Enable delay time SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	137	Not used	389 389	389 389	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	138	Not used	390 390	390 390	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	139	Not used	391 391	391 391	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	140	Not used	392 395	392 395	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time
DINT	141	Not used	396 399	396 399	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	142	Not used	400 403	400 403	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	143	Not used	404 407	404 407	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	144	Not used	408 411	408 411	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
USINT	145	Not used Not used	412 415 416 416	412 415 416 416	DelaySLA UseSMS	SLA - Enable delay time SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	147	Not used	417 417	417 417	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	148	Not used	418 418	418 418	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	149	Not used	419 419	419 419	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	150	Not used	420 423	420 423	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit
DINT	151	Not used	424 427	424 427	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit
DINT	152	Not used	428 431	428 431	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit
DINT	153	Not used	432 435	432 435	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit
USINT	154 155	Not used Not used	436 439 440 440	436 439 440 440	SpeedLimitSLS4 UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS4 - Speed limit SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	156	Not used	441 441	441 441	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	157	Not used	442 442	442 442	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	158	Not used	443 443	443 443	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	159	Not used	444 447	444 447	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	160	Not used	448 451	448 451	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	161	Not used	452 455	452 455	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	162	Not used	456 459	456 459	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	163	Not used	460 463	460 463	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time
DINT	164	Not used	464 467	464 467	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit
DINT	165	Not used	468 471	468 471	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time

Data type	ACOP(OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
		Byte off- set 1-axis module	Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module		
USINT	166	Not used	472 472	472 472	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3
USINT	167	Not used	473 473	473 473	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	168	Not used	474 474	474 474	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	169	Not used	475 475	475 475	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	170	Not used	476 479	476 479	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset
USINT	171	Not used	480 480	480 480	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	172	Not used	481 481	481 481	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	173	Not used	482 482	482 482	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	174	Not used	483 483	483 483	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	175	Not used	484 484	484 484	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance
USINT	176	Not used	485 485	485 485	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	177	Not used	486 486	486 486	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	178	Not used	487 487	487 487	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	179	Not used	488 491	488 491	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed
DINT	180	Not used	492 495	492 495	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time
USINT	181	Not used	496 496	496 496	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	182	Not used	497 497	497 497	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	183	Not used	498 498	498 498	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	184	Not used	499 499	499 499	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	185	Not used	500 503	500 503	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit
DINT	186	Not used	504 507	504 507	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit
DINT	187	Not used	508 511	508 511	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit
DINT	188	Not used	512 515	512 515	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit
DINT	189	Not used	516 519	516 519	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time
Axis3 - Only	_				Hand to Describions	A to walk word on start Facility
USINT	190	Not used	Not used	520 520	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	191	Not used	Not used	521 521	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
USINT	192	Not used	Not used	522 522	ucFuncFailSafeEncErrMode	FFS - Caused by encoder error Always = 0 Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled = 1
USINT	193	Not used	Not used	523 523	BMMode	BM - Mode Off = 0 Prev. enabled SF = 1 Prev. enabled and configured SF = 2 Configured SF = 3
DINT	194	Not used	Not used	524 527	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	195	Not used	Not used	528 531	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
USINT	196	Not used	Not used	532 532	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0
USINT	197	Not used	Not used	533 533	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	198	Not used	Not used	534 534	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	199	Not used	Not used	535 535	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	200	Not used	Not used	536 539	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system
DINT	201	Not used	Not used	540 543	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system
DINT	202	Not used	Not used	544 547	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1
DINT	203	Not used	Not used	548 551	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder
DINT	204	Not used	Not used	552 555	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range
DINT	205	Not used	Not used	556 559	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit

Data type	ACOP(EnDat	OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index	Byte off- set 1-axis module	Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module			
USINT	206	Not used	Not used	560 560	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	207	Not used	Not used	561 561	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	208	Not used	Not used	562 562	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	209	Not used	Not used	563 563	UseSEM	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting Approved by user = 0 From motor data record = 1	
DINT	210	Not used	Not used	564 567	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	
DINT	211	Not used	Not used	568 571	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	
DINT	212	Not used	Not used	572 575	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	
DINT	213	Not used	Not used	576 579	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	
USINT	214	Not used	Not used	580 580	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	215	Not used	Not used	581 581	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	216	Not used	Not used	582 582	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	217	Not used	Not used	583 583	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	218	Not used	Not used	584 587	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time	
DINT	219	Not used	Not used	588 591	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	
DINT	220	Not used	Not used	592 595	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	
USINT	221	Not used	Not used	596 596	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1	
USINT	222	Not used	Not used	597 597	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	223	Not used	Not used	598 598	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	224	Not used	Not used	599 599	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	225	Not used	Not used	600 600	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	226	Not used	Not used	601 601	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	227	Not used	Not used	602 602	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	228	Not used	Not used	603 603	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	229	Not used	Not used	604 607	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time	
DINT	230	Not used	Not used	608 611	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time	
USINT	231	Not used	Not used	612 612	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	232	Not used	Not used	613 613	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	233	Not used	Not used	614 614	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	234	Not used	Not used	615 615	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	235	Not used	Not used	616 619	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time	
DINT	236	Not used	Not used	620 623	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	
DINT	237	Not used	Not used	624 627	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	
DINT	238	Not used	Not used	628 631	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	
DINT	239	Not used	Not used	632 635	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	
DINT	240	Not used	Not used	636 639	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time	

Data type ACC EnD		OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER	
	Index		Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module			
USINT	241	Not used	Not used	640 640	UseSMS	SMS - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	
USINT	242	Not used	Not used	641 641	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	243	Not used	Not used	642 642	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	244	Not used	Not used	643 643	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	245	Not used	Not used	644 647	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit	
DINT	246	Not used	Not used	648 651	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit	
DINT	247	Not used	Not used	652 655	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit	
DINT	248	Not used	Not used	656 659	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit	
DINT	249	Not used	Not used	660 663	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit	
USINT	250	Not used	Not used	664 664	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	251	Not used	Not used	665 665	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	252	Not used	Not used	666 666	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	253	Not used	Not used	667 667	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	254	Not used	Not used	668 671	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	255	Not used	Not used	672 675	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	256	Not used	Not used	676 679	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	257	Not used	Not used	680 683	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	
DINT	258	Not used	Not used	684 687	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time	
DINT	259	Not used	Not used	688 691	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit	
DINT	260	Not used	Not used	692 695	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time	
USINT	261	Not used	Not used	696 696	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3	
USINT	262	Not used	Not used	697 697	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	263	Not used	Not used	698 698	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	264	Not used	Not used	699 699	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT USINT	265 266	Not used Not used	Not used Not used	700 703 704 704	HomingPos HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Home position or home offset Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	
USINT	267	Not used	Not used	705 705	HomingRefSwEdge	Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Homing - Edge of reference switch	
OONT	207	Not used	Not used	700 700	TiomingixerowLuge	Negative = 0 Positive = 1	
USINT	268	Not used	Not used	706 706	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1	
USINT	269	Not used	Not used	707 707	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT	270	Not used	Not used	708 708	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance	
USINT	271	Not used	Not used	709 709	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	272	Not used	Not used	710 710	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	273	Not used	Not used	711 711	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	274	Not used	Not used	712 715	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed	
DINT	275	Not used	Not used	716 719	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time	
USINT	276	Not used	Not used	720 720	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1	
USINT	277	Not used	Not used	721 721	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	278	Not used	Not used	722 722	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT	279	Not used	Not used	723 723	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT	280	Not used	Not used	724 727	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit	
DINT	281	Not used	Not used	728 731	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit	
DINT	282	Not used	Not used	732 735	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit	
DINT	283	Not used	Not used	736 739	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit	
DINT	284	Not used	Not used	740 743	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time	
DINT	285	296 299	520 523	744 747	SbtThreshold	SBT - Threshold (uA)	
DINT	286	300 303	524 527	748 751	SbtExternalLoad	SBT - External load (uA)	
DINT	287	304 307	528 531	752 755	SbtPositionTolerance	SBT - Position tolerance (units)	
DINT	288	308 311	532 535	756 759	SbtDuration	SBT - Maximum torque duration (us)	
DINT	289	312 315	536 539	760 763	SbtInterval	SBT - Interval (s)	
DINT	290	316 319	540 543	764 767	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time (us)	
DINT	291	320 323	544 547	768 771	PolePairsMotor	Motor - Number of pole pairs	
DINT	292	324 327	548 551	772 775	DirectionMotor	Motor - Direction [-]	

Data type	ACOP(EnDat	OS P3 SafeM 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte off- set 1-axis module	Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module		
DINT	293	328 331	552 555	776 779	StatorResistanceMotor	Motor - Stator resistance [mOhm]
DINT	294	332 335	556 559	780 783	StatorInductanceMotor	Motor - Stator inductance [µH]
DINT	295	336 339	560 563	784 787	TorqueConstantMotor	Motor - Torque constant [μNm/A]
DINT	296	340 343	564 567	788 791	RatedSpeedMotor	Motor - Rated speed [units/s]
DINT	297	344 347	568 571	792 795	CurrentStallMotor	Motor - Stall current [mA]
DINT	298 299	348 351 352 355	572 575 576 579	796 799 800 803	CurrentRatedMotor CurrentPeakMotor	Motor - Rated current [mA] Motor - Peak current [mA]
DINT	300	356 359	580 583	804 807	TorqueStallMotor	Motor - Stall torque [mNm]
DINT	301	360 363	584 587	808 811	TorquePeakMotor	Motor - Peak torque [mNm]
DINT	302	364 367	588 591	812 815	MomentOfInertiaMotor	Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	303	368 371	592 595	816 819	ExternalMomentofInertiaMotor	Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	304	372 375	596 599	820 823	Reserved	Reserved
DINT	305	376 379	600 603	824 827	SpeedTolSafeSpeedSSO	SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed [% motor rated speed]
DINT	306	380 383	604 607	828 831	InverterSwitchingFreqSSO	SSO - Inverter switching frequency [Hz]
DINT	307	384 387	608 611	832 835	InverterAdjAmplFactorSSO	SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor [*10^3]
DINT	308	388 391	612 625	836 839	InverterAdjExponentSSO	SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent [*10^3/A]
DINT	309	392 395	616 619	840 843	ExternalLoadEnabledSSO	SSO - External load enabled
DINT	310	396 399	620 623	844 847	TorqueLimitSLT	SLT - Torque limit (mNm)
DINT	311 312	400 403	624 627 628 631	848 851 852 855	DelaySLT DelayFFSBM	SLT - Enable delay time (us) BM - Delay time to FFS (µs)
DINT	312	404 407	632 635	852 855 856 859	ConfiguredSFBM	BM - Configured control word
				kis and 3-axis mod		Divi Comigured control word
DINT	314	Not used	636 639	860 863	SbtThreshold	SBT - Threshold (uA)
DINT	315	Not used	640 643	864 867	SbtExternalLoad	SBT - External load (uA)
DINT	316	Not used	644 647	868 871	SbtPositionTolerance	SBT - Position tolerance (units)
DINT	317	Not used	648 651	872 875	SbtDuration	SBT - Maximum torque duration (us)
DINT	318	Not used	652 655	876 879	SbtInterval	SBT - Interval (s)
DINT	319	Not used	656 659	880 883	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time (us)
DINT	320	Not used	660 663	884 887	PolePairsMotor	Motor - Number of pole pairs
DINT	321	Not used	664 667	888 891	DirectionMotor	Motor - Direction [-]
DINT	322 323	Not used Not used	668 671 672 675	892 895 896 899	StatorResistanceMotor StatorInductanceMotor	Motor - Stator resistance [mOhm] Motor - Stator inductance [µH]
DINT	324	Not used	676 679	900 903	TorqueConstantMotor	Motor - Torque constant [µNm/A]
DINT	325	Not used	680 683	904 907	RatedSpeedMotor	Motor - Rated speed [units/s]
DINT	326	Not used	684 687	908 911	CurrentStallMotor	Motor - Stall current [mA]
DINT	327	Not used	688 691	912 915	CurrentRatedMotor	Motor - Rated current [mA]
DINT	328	Not used	692 695	916 919	CurrentPeakMotor	Motor - Peak current [mA]
DINT	329	Not used	696 699	920 923	TorqueStallMotor	Motor - Stall torque [mNm]
DINT	330	Not used	700 703	924 927	TorquePeakMotor	Motor - Peak torque [mNm]
DINT	331	Not used	704 707	928 931	MomentOfInertiaMotor	Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	332	Not used	708 711	932 935	ExternalMomentofInertiaMotor	Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	333	Not used	712 715	936 939	Reserved	Reserved
DINT	334	Not used	716 719	940 943	SpeedTolSafeSpeedSSO	SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed [% motor rated speed] SSO - Inverter switching frequency [Hz]
DINT	335 336	Not used Not used	720 723 724 727	944 947 948 951	InverterSwitchingFreqSSO InverterAdjAmplFactorSSO	SSO - Inverter switching frequency [HZ] SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor [*10^3]
DINT	337	Not used	728 731	952 955	InverterAdjExponentSSO	SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent [*10^3/A]
DINT	338	Not used	732 735	956 959	ExternalLoadEnabledSSO	SSO - External load enabled
DINT	339	Not used	736 739	960 963	TorqueLimitSLT	SLT - Torque limit (mNm)
DINT	340	Not used	740 743	964 967	DelaySLT	SLT - Enable delay time (us)
DINT	341	Not used	744 747	968 971	DelayFFSBM	BM - Delay time to FFS (μs)
DINT	342	Not used	748 751	972 975	ConfiguredSFBM	BM - Configured control word
	1	POS P3 Safel				
DINT	343	Not used	Not used	976 979	SbtThreshold	SBT - Threshold (uA)
DINT	344	Not used	Not used	980 983	SbtExternalLoad SbtPasitionTelerance	SBT - External load (uA)
DINT	345 346	Not used Not used	Not used Not used	984 987 988 991	SbtPositionTolerance SbtDuration	SBT - Position tolerance (units)
DINT	346	Not used	Not used	988 991	SbtInterval	SBT - Maximum torque duration (us) SBT - Interval (s)
DINT	348	Not used	Not used	996 999	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time (us)
DINT	349	Not used	Not used	1000 1003	PolePairsMotor	Motor - Number of pole pairs
DINT	350	Not used	Not used	1004 1007	DirectionMotor	Motor - Direction [-]
DINT	351	Not used	Not used	1008 1011	StatorResistanceMotor	Motor - Stator resistance [mOhm]
DINT	352	Not used	Not used	1012 1015	StatorInductanceMotor	Motor - Stator inductance [µH]
DINT	353	Not used	Not used	1016 1019	TorqueConstantMotor	Motor - Torque constant [µNm/A]
DINT	354	Not used	Not used	1020 1023	RatedSpeedMotor	Motor - Rated speed [units/s]
DINT	355	Not used	Not used	1024 1027	CurrentStallMotor	Motor - Stall current [mA]
DINT	356	Not used	Not used	1028 1031	CurrentRatedMotor	Motor - Rated current [mA]
DINT	357	Not used	Not used	1032 1035	CurrentPeakMotor	Motor - Peak current [mA]

Safety technology

Data type	ACOP EnDat	OS P3 SafeN 2.2	IOTION		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte off- set 1-axis module	Byte off- set 2-axis module	Byte offset 3-axis module		
DINT	358	Not used	Not used	1036 1039	TorqueStallMotor	Motor - Stall torque [mNm]
DINT	359	Not used	Not used	1040 1043	TorquePeakMotor	Motor - Peak torque [mNm]
DINT	360	Not used	Not used	1044 1047	MomentOfInertiaMotor	Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	361	Not used	Not used	1048 1051	ExternalMomentofInertiaMotor	Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) [µkgm²]
DINT	362	Not used	Not used	1052 1055	Reserved	Reserved
DINT	363	Not used	Not used	1056 1059	SpeedTolSafeSpeedSSO	SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed [% motor rated speed]
DINT	364	Not used	Not used	1060 1063	InverterSwitchingFreqSSO	SSO - Inverter switching frequency [Hz]
DINT	365	Not used	Not used	1064 1067	InverterAdjAmplFactorSSO	SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor [*10^3]
DINT	366	Not used	Not used	1068 1071	InverterAdjExponentSSO	SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent [*10^3/A]
DINT	367	Not used	Not used	1072 1075	ExternalLoadEnabledSSO	SSO - External load enabled
DINT	368	Not used	Not used	1076 1079	TorqueLimitSLT	SLT - Torque limit (mNm)
DINT	369	Not used	Not used	1080 1083	DelaySLT	SLT - Enable delay time (us)
DINT	370	Not used	Not used	1084 1087	DelayFFSBM	BM - Delay time to FFS (μs)
DINT	371	Not used	Not used	1088 1091	ConfiguredSFBM	BM - Configured control word

Table 260: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later (SMC_Acp_P3_1A- x_R110_OptsV2_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_2Ax_R110_OptsV2_typ, SMC_Acp_P3_3Ax_R110_OptsV2_typ)

In order for the SafeMOTION module to interpret and verify the data correctly, information regarding module type, size and version must be entered in the structure. The structure elements "StructInfoAxisTypeID", "StructInfoSize" and "StructInfoVersion" are provided for this purpose.

For these structure elements, the correct values must be entered for the module type and structure version being used.

Variable	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION		
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos		1-axis module		3-axis mod- ule
StructInfoAxisTypeID	1	2	1	3	4	5
StructInfoSize	196	220	196	224	448	672
StructInfoVersion	4	5	4	6	7	8

Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later:

Variable	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION			ON
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos				3-axis mod-
				module	module	ule
StructInfoAxisTypeID	1	2	1	3	4	5
StructInfoSize	204	228	196	340	680	1020
StructInfoVersion	13	12	4	9	10	11

Danger!

Entering the wrong values will cause the data to be interpreted incorrectly and may result in dangerous situations when using the SafeMOTION module.

6.5 LED status indicators

For ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules, see 2.2 "Status indicators" on page 30.

For ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules, see 3.2 "Status indicators" on page 172.

For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, see 4.1.2.1 "Status indicators" on page 209.

6.6 SafeMOTION register description

6.6.1 Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION module

Group: Function model

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Function model		This parameter is reserved for future functional expansions.	Default

Table 261: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Function model

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit		
Module supervised	System behavior when	System behavior when a module is missing Off				
	Parameter value	Description				
	On	On A missing module causes service mode to be activated.				
	Off	Off A missing module is ignored.				
C-f-DOMAIN ID	La condications with an	ultiple Cofel OCIC controllers, this properties are effect	Assigned			
SafeDOMAIN ID		In applications with multiple SafeLOGIC controllers, this parameter specifies the module's association with a particular SafeLOGIC controller.				
	Permissible values: 1 to 1024					
SafeNODE ID	Unique safety address	of the module	Assigned	-		
	Permissible values: 2 to 1023 automatically					

Table 262: I/O configuration parameters: General

Group: Extended

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Turn-off delay in µs	[µs]	This parameter defines the delay before the SafeMOTION module should turn off if POWERLINK communication is lost.	0
		This parameter is obsolete in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later! The functionality is replaced by the blackout mode!	

Table 263: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Extended

Group: Encoders

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	
Encoder model	-	SafeMOTION E	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		
		Selects the encoder sys	stem and corresponding parameters		
		Parameter value	Description]	
		EnDat 2.2 encoder	Configuration for an EnDat 2.1 encoder		
		Encoder not used	No encoder active]	
		SafeMOTION S	SinCos	EnDat 2.1 encoder	
		Selects the encoder sy	stem and corresponding parameters		
		Parameter value	Description]	
		EnDat 2.1 encoder	Configuration for an EnDat 2.1 encoder]	
		SSI absolute encoder	Configuration for an SSI absolute encoder		
			Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revo- lution		
			SSI number of leading zeros		
			SSI number of data bits		
			SSI data coding		
			SSI parity check		
			Baud rate [kbaud]		
		SSI sinusoidal en-	Configuration for an SSI sinusoidal encoder	1	
		coder	Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution		
			SSI number of leading zeros		
			SSI number of data bits		
			SSI data coding		
			Serial resolution per sine period		
			Phasing of the serial position		
			Baud rate [kbaud]		
		Sine encoder	Configuration for a sinusoidal encoder	1	
			Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution		
		Sinusoidal encoder	Configuration for a sinusoidal encoder	1	
		with DCM	Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revo- lution		
			DCM general distance [pulses]		
			DCM distance difference [pulses]		
		Encoder not used	No encoder active		

Table 264: SafeMOTION parameter I/O configuration: Encoder (only ACOPOS-multi SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 and ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)

Information:

For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, the encoder group is located under the configuration of the power inverter.

The following settings are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives:

Group: Safety features: Axis 1

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled		Enabled
Speed function set -		Makes it possible to hid in SafeDESIGNER	e the configuration parameters of the speed function set	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set -		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER		Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Position function set	-	Makes it possible to hid set in SafeDESIGNER	de the configuration parameters of the position function	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 265: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 1

Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 2 applies to 1-axis, 2-axis and 3-axis modules.

Group: Safety features: Axis 2

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled	Always enabled	
Speed function set	-	Makes it possible to hin SafeDESIGNER	nide the configuration parameters of the speed function set	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set	-	·	Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	1
Position function set -		Makes it possible to set in SafeDESIGNER	hide the configuration parameters of the position function R	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 266: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 2

Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 2 applies only to 2-axis and 3-axis modules.

Group: Safety features: Axis 3

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled		Enabled
Speed function set -		Makes it possible to h in SafeDESIGNER	ide the configuration parameters of the speed function set	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Position function set -			Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the position function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 267: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 3

Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 3 applies only to 3-axis modules.

6.6.2 Parameters in SafeDESIGNER

Group: Basic

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit	
Min. required firmware revision	This parameter is reser	rved for future functional expansions.	Basic release	-	
Availability	modules do not have to	used to configure the module as "optional". Optional obe present, i.e. the SafeLOGIC controller will not inles are not present. However, this parameter does not signal or status data.	Permanent	-	
	Parameter value	Description			
	Permanent	Permanent This module is mandatory for the application.			
		The module must be in OPERATIONAL mode after startup, munication with the SafeLOGIC controller must be establishe (SafeModuleOK = SAFETRUE). Processing of the safety application of Colic controller is delayed after startup until this state is achieve with "Availability = Permanent".			
		After startup, module problems are indicated by a on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is also made			
	Optional	Optional The module is not required for the application. The module is not taken into account during startup, which mea cation is started regardless of whether the modules with "Availab in OPERATIONAL mode or if safe communication is properly enthese modules and the SafeLOGIC controller.			
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NO			
	Startup	This module is optional. The system determines ho startup.	w the module will p	proceed during	
		If it is determined that the module is physically pr of whether it is in OPERATIONAL mode or not), "Availability = Permanent" is set.			
		If it is determined that the module is not physically module behaves as if "Availability = Optional" is so		artup, then the	
	Never	The module is not required for the application.			
		The module is not taken into account during startucation is started regardless of whether the module physically present.			
		Unlike when "Availability = Optional" is configured "Availability = Never", which optimizes system sta		ot started with	
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NO			

Table 268: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Basic

Group: Safety Responsetime

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit
Manual configuration	safety response time fo The parameters for the way for all stations invo ters are configured for the cation situations in whice	e safety response time are generally set in the same lived in the application. For this reason, these paramel- he SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For appli- ch individual safety functions require optimal response meters for the safety response time can be configured	No	
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety response time" groresponse time for the module's signals.	oup is used to cal	culate the safety
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety response time" group on the SafeLOGIC of		ken from the
Safe data duration	tween the SafeLOGIC of For additional information Diagnostics and service Calculation of safety run The following formula control of the Network Arthe Stability of the systematics.	s the maximum permissible data transmission time be- controller and SafelO module. on about the actual data transmission time, see section e -> Diagnostics tools -> Network analyzer -> Editor -> ntime in Automation Help. an be used as the lower limit: Analyzer" * 2 + SafeLOGIC cycle time * 2 em cannot be ensured for smaller values.	20000	μѕ
	Permissible values)	ues: 2000 to 10,000,000 μs (corresponds to 2 ms to 10		
Additional tolerated packet loss	This parameter specifie data transfer. • Permissible value	s the number of additional tolerated lost packets during ues: 0 to 10	1	Packets
Node guarding packets	ing. Permissible valu	configured value, the greater the amount of asynchro-	5	Packets
	This setting is not a setting is no	ot critical to safety functionality. The time for safely cuts determined independently of this.		

Table 269: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety response time

Information:

Safe parameters are divided into module-specific and axis-specific parameters. Module-specific parameter apply once per module, while axis-specific parameters apply once per axis.

Information:

The following SafeMOTION parameter groups are module-specific:

• Safe machine options

Information:

The following SafeMOTION parameter groups are axis-specific:

- General settings ...
- Basic functions ...
- Speed functions ...
- Advanced functions ...
- Absolute position functions ...

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Activate Safe Machine Options)				

Table 270: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 271: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesortivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time betwee	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])			•		
FFS - Caused by encoder er- ror	Always / Only if safety functions re-		NAL FAIL SAFE on encoder error:	Always	R 1.10.1
(1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti	quiring an encoder		FFS occurs if at least one safety function that requires an encoder is used		
SafeMOTION and hardware	are enabled	and an encoder error is present.			
upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for			tions requiring an encoder are enabled:		
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)		and an encoder er	ast one safety function that requires an encoder is active ror is present.		

Table 272: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Blackout Mode

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used starting with Safe- ty Release
BM - Mode	Off /	The blackout mode defines the beha	vior in case of network failure.	Off	R 1.10
(hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x	Prev. enabled	Value	Description		
and later)	SF / Prev. enabled and configured SF /	Off	In the event of a network failure, as before the axis enters state IDLE of the SafeMOTION module's state machine.		
Configure	Configured SF	Configured SF Prev. enabled SF	The safety functions requested at the time of the network failure remain active during the blackout mode.		
		Prev. enabled and configured SF	The safety functions requested at the time of the network failure remain active during the blackout mode; in addition, the safety functions configured in "BM - Configured safety functions" are requested.		
		Configured SF	At the time of the network failure, the safety functions configured in "BM - Configured safety functions" are requested.		
BM - Delay time to FFS (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	[µs]	Delay time between start of blackou the change to state FUNCTIONAL FA	0	R 1.10	
BM - Configured safety functions (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Configuration mask of the safety function mode. Control bit = 0 Safety function requirements control bit = 1 Safety function not	4294967295 (0xFFFF FFFF)	R 1.10	

Table 273: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Blackout Mode

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously *Encoder Unit System*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder type (previously <i>Encoder Type</i>) (SSO starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x)	Rotary encoder / Linear encoder / Encoder used / Encoder not used / Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory / Safe Speed Observer - Linear	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.7 and later) Rotary encoder Linear encoder Encoder not used: No encoder being used ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 or later) ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 or later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder not used: Safe encoder evaluation disabled ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later) Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation enabled Encoder used: Safe encoder evaluation disabled Safe Speed Observer - Rotatory: SSO enabled for rotary systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later) Safe speed observer - Linear: SSO enabled for linear systems (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Rotary encoder (SinCos) Encoder used (EnDat 2.2)	R 1.7
EUS - Number of signal periods (previously <i>Number of signal periods</i>) (only with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)	-	Number of signal periods per revolution (rotary encoder) or length of the physical reference system (linear encoder)	1	R 1.7
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Rotary encoder unit scale: X revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: X reference lengths (reference length = length of the physical reference system) Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num- ber of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.	1	R 1.4

Table 274: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system	[units]	Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions 1 Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths		1000	R 1.4
(previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])		for positions (For this reaso (units per x re	Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /	Counting dire	ection of the position or speed	Default	R 1.3
	Inverse	Value	Description		
(previously Counting direction)		Default	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system.		
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder	[nm]	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		100000000	R 1.4
(previously Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nm))					
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range	[units/s]	Maximum spe	eed to which the displayed speed should be normalized	32767	R 1.3
(previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))					
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum pe	rmissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))					

Table 274: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Group: General settings - Motor (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease	
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10	
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10	
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10	
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μН	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10	
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10	
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10	
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10	
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10	

Table 275: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

Safety technology

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μkgm²	External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load	0	1.10

Table 275: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

Group: General settings - SSO (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	% of the nominal speed of the motor	Permissible dev encoder speed	iation of the observed safe speed from the actual	10	1.10
SSO - Inverter switching frequency (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Hz	Switching freque	ency of the servo drive	5000	1.10
SSO - Inverter adjustment amplifica- tion factor (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	10 ⁻³	Correction of the istic curve	e normalized gain factor of the inverter character-	0	1.10
SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	10 ⁻³ / A	Correction of the exponent of the inverter characteristic curve		0	1.10
SSO - External load - Enable (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Enabled/Disabled	Uses external energies (external load or suspended axes) with an enabled observer		Enabled	1.10
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	An external load / suspended load is used.		
		Disabled	No external load / suspended load is used.		

Table 276: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - SSO

^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof	f of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
l <u>-</u> . <u>-</u> .		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 277: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously Position Tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 278: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lir "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[ps]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 279: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 280: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel High-side/		Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	Hig	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 281: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 282: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 283: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - En- able Enabled/ Disabled			Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	amp monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 284: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9	
(previously <i>Delay time to start SLA</i> (<i>us</i>))					

Table 285: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Description Default valu		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3		
	Disabled	Value	Description				
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated				
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated				
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of t	the maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3		
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))							
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	or SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3		
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))							
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2) 0		0	R 1.3		
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))							
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3		
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))							
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 fo	or SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3		
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))							
SLS - Ramp monitoring - En-	Enabled/		-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when	Enabled	R 1.3		
able	able Disabled		on is requested				
(previously Rampmonitoring		Value	Description				
for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time				
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored				

Table 286: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS3 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS4 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3

Table 286: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 287: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[ps]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 288: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously *Safe Brake Test*) (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> SBT (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3

Table 289: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

Group: Advanced functions - SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
SLT - Torque limit	[mNm]	Torque limitation monitored during activation of SLT	0	R 1.10
SLT - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.10

Table 290: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLT

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) (previously Remanent safe position)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2. ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously Homing Monitoring Time (µs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 291: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	tween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 292: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.6.3 Parameter names

Changed parameter names in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Parameter			
Previous name	Name in Safety Release 1.10 and later	Formula symbols	
Basic	Basic		
Min_required_FW_Rev	Min required firmware revision		
Optional	Availability		
External_UDID	-		
Safety_Response_Time	Safety Responsetime		
Manual_Configuration	Manual Configuration		
Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	-		
Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	-		
Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_CycleTime_us	-		
Min_X2X_CycleTime_us	-		
Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	-		
Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_CycleTime_us	-		
Worst Case Response Time us	-		
	Safe data duration		
-	Additional tolerated packet loss		
-	Node guarding packets		
Additional Parameter	Safe machine options		
Activate Safe Machine Options	Safe machine options - Enable		
General Settings	General settings - Automatic reset on start		
Automatic Reset at Startup	Automatic reset on start - Enable		
Behavior of Functional Fail Safe	General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)		
Behavior of Functional Fail Safe	FFS - Mode		
Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs]	FFS - STO Enable delay time	+	
	-	t _{FFS_STO}	
Delay time until the brake engages [µs]	FFS - Delay time until brake engages	t _{FFS_BRAKE}	
-	FFS - Caused by encoder error		
-	General settings - Blackout mode		
-	BM - Mode		
-	BM - Delay time to IDLE		
	BM - Configured safety functions		
Encoder Unit System	General settings - Encoder Unit System (EUS)		
Encoder Type	EUS - Encoder type		
Number of signal periods	EUS - Number of signal periods		
Count of physical reference system	EUS - Count of physical reference system		
Units per count of physical reference system [units]	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system		
Counting direction	EUS - Counting direction		
Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nm)	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder		
Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s)	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range	V _{EUS_MAX_NORM}	
Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²)	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	a _{EUS_ENC_L}	
_	General settings - Motor		
-	Motor - Number of pole pairs		
-	Motor - Direction		
-	Motor - Stator resistance		
-	Motor - Stator inductance		
-	Motor - Torque constant	k _T	
-	Motor - Rated speed		
-	Motor - Stall current	I ₀	
-	Motor - Rated current		
-	Motor - Peak current	I _P	
_	Motor - Stall torque	T ₀	
	Motor - Peak torque	T _P	
	Motor - Moment of inertia	I P	
-			
-	Motor - External moment of inertia (optional)		
	General settings - SSO		
-	SSO - Speed tolerance safe speed		
-	SSO - Inverter switching frequency		
-	SSO - Inverter adjustment amplification factor		
<u>- </u>	SSO - Inverter adjustment exponent		
-	SSO - External load enabled		
Encoder Monitoring	General settings - Encoder monitoring		
-	Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting		
Encoder Position monitoring	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable		
Encoder Speed monitoring	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable		
Set position alive testing	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable		
Encoder Monitoring Tolerances	-		

Table 293: SafeMOTION parameters

Safety technology

Parameter Previous name	Name in Safety Release 1.10 and later	Formula sym
	Taine in July Release 1.10 and later	bols
Encoder monitoring Speed tolerance (units/s)	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	V _{EM_T}
Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances	General settings - Standstill monitoring	
Speed Tolerance (units/s)	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	V _{SM_T}
Position Tolerance (units)	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	S _{SM_T}
Early Limit Monitoring	General settings - Early limit monitoring	
Early Limit Monitoring	Early limit monitoring - Enable	
Early Limit Monitoring time	Early limit monitoring - Time	t _{ELM}
Safety Deceleration Ramp	General settings - Ramp monitoring	
Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	a _{RM_L}
Safety Additional Parameters	-	
Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us)	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	t _{RM_ED}
General Settings	Basic functions - STO1	
Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1)	STO1 - Channel	
General Settings	Basic functions - SS1	
Rampmonitoring for SS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times	-	
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us)	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SS1_RM}
Safety Additional Parameters	Basic functions - SBC	
Delay time to start SBC (us)	SBC - Enable delay time	t _{SBC_ED}
General Settings	Speed functions - SS2	
Rampmonitoring for SS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times Page Monitoring Time for SS2 (up)	CC2 Pamp manifering Time	1
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SS2_RM}
Safely Limited Acceleration Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction	Speed functions - SLA	
Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	a _{SLA_ACC_P_L}
Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	a _{SLA_DEC_P_L}
Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	a _{SLA_ACC_N_L}
Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	a _{SLA_DEC_N_L}
Safety Additional Parameters	CIA Frable delevitime	1
Delay time to start SLA (us)	SLA - Enable delay time	t _{SLA_ED}
General Settings	Speed functions - SMS/SLS	
Safe Maximum Speed	SMS - Enable	
Rampmonitoring for SLS Safety Speed Limits	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s)	SMS - Speed limit	V
Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s)	SLS1 - Speed limit	V _{SMS_L}
	SLS2 - Speed limit	V _{SLS1_L}
Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s) Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s)	SLS3 - Speed limit	V _{SLS2_L}
. , ,	·	V _{SLS3_L}
Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s)	SLS4 - Speed limit	V _{SLS4_L}
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times	CLC1 Damp monitoring Time	
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us)	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS1_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us)	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS2_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us)	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS3_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us)	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS4_RM}
Safety Additional Parameters	Advanced functions - SDI	
Delay time to start SDI (us)	SDI - Enable delay time	t _{SDI_ED}
Safely Limited Increment	Advanced functions - SLI	
Safe Increments (units)	SLI - Position limit	S _{SLI_L}
SLI Off Delay (µs)	SLI - Disable delay time	t _{SLI_DD}
Safe Brake Test	Advanced functions - SBT	1:
Safe Brake Test threshold (uA)	SBT - Threshold	I _{SBT_TRESH}
Safe Brake Test external load (uA)	SBT - External load	İ _{SBT_LOAD}
Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units)	SBT - Position tolerance	S _{SBT_L}
Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us)	SBT - Maximum torque duration	t _{SBT_D}
Safe Brake Test interval (s)	SBT - Test interval	t _{SBT_TI}
	Advanced functions - SLT	-
-	SLT - Torque limit	T _{SLT_L}
- Cofety Additional December	SLT - Enable delay time	T _{SLT_ED}
Safety Additional Parameters	CDT. Enable delegations	1
Delay Time to start SBT (us)	SBT - Enable delay time	t _{SBT_ED}
Homing	Absolute position functions - Homing	
Mode	Homing - Mode	
Home Position or Home Offset (units)	Homing - Home position or home offset	S _{HOME}
Remanent Safe Position	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	
Edge of reference switch	Homing - Edge of reference switch	
Trigger direction	Homing - Trigger direction	
Reference pulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse	
Blocking distance (% encoder reference system)	Homing - Blocking distance	
Max. trigger speed (units/s)	Homing - Maximum trigger speed	V _{HOME_MAX}

Table 293: SafeMOTION parameters

Parameter					
Previous name	Name in Safety Release 1.10 and later	Formula symbols			
Homing Monitoring Time (µs)	Homing - Monitoring time	t _{HOME_M}			
General Settings	Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP				
Safe Maximum Position	SMP - Enable				
Safety Position Limits	-				
Safe Lower Positionlimit for SMP (units)	SMP - Lower position limit	S _{SMP_LL}			
Safe Upper Positionlimit for SMP (units)	SMP - Upper position limit	S _{SMP_UL}			
Safe Lower Positionlimit for SLP (units)	SLP - Lower position limit	\$ _{SLP_LL}			
Safe Upper Positionlimit for SLP (units)	SLP - Upper position limit	S _{SLP_UL}			
Safety Additional Parameters	-				
Delay time to start SLP (us)	SLP - Enable delay time	t _{SLP_ED}			

Table 293: SafeMOTION parameters

Associated group name

6.6.4 Channel list For ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

		Automation Studio	SafeDESIGNER		
ModuleOK	R 1.3	Read		BOOL	Indicates if the module is OK
SerialNumber	R 1.3	Read 1)		UDINT	Module serial number
ModuleID	R 1.3	Read 1)	l	UINT	Module code
HardwareVariant	R 1.3	Read 1)		UINT	Hardware variant
FirmwareVersion	R 1.3	Read ²⁾		UINT	Module firmware version
			-	-	
UDID_low	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UDINT	UDID, lower 4 bytes
UDID_high	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	UDID, upper 2 bytes
SafetyFWversion1	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 1
SafetyFWversion2	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 2
Diag1_Temp	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Module temperature in °C
Diag1 24V	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement µP1 - 24V
Diag1_3V3	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement µP1 - 3V3
Diag1 5V	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement µP1 - 5V
Diag2 24V	R 1.3	,		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 24V
	-	(Read) 2)			
Diag2_3V3	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 3V3
Diag2_5V	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement μP2 - 5V
SafeModuleOK	R 1.3		Read	SAFEBOOL	Indicates if the safe communication channel is OK
SafetyActiveSTO	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of STO safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSBC	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SBC safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSOS	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SOS safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSS1	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SS1 safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSS2	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SS2 safety function
SafetyActiveSLS1	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS1 safety function
SafetyActiveSLS2	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS2 safety function
SafetyActiveSLS3	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS3 safety function
SafetyActiveSL4	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS4 safety function
SafetyActiveSTO1	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of STO1 safety function
SafetyActiveSDIpos	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SDIpos safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSLI	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SLI safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSDIneg	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SDIneg safety function
SafetyActiveSLP	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLP safety function
SafetyActiveSMP	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SMP safety function
SafePositionValid	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of the safe position
			1,		(TRUE = valid position referencing and no errors found)
SafetyActiveSLA	R 1.9	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the SLA safety function (TRUE = safe status)
StatusSetPosAlive ReqHomingOK	R 1.3	Read (Read) 4)	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL SAFEBOOL	Status of position setpoint "Alive Testing" (TRUE = valid) Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (TRUE = safe
AllReqFuncAct	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	position is valid and request for safe homing is TRUE) Status of the requested safety functions
SafetyActiveSDC	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = all requested safety functions are active) Status of the delay monitor
Operational	R 1.3	Read		SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = delay monitoring is active) Status of the function block
		_			(TRUE = function block is in the state OPERATIONAL, SAFE or WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION)
NotErrENC	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the safe encoder (FALSE = pending encoder error)
NotErrFUNC	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the SafeMOTION module (FALSE = SafeMOTION module is in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state)
ScaledSpeed	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEINT	Safe scaled speed
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEDINT	Safe position
SHIPPOR	113 1.4	ı veau	, ,	+	·
SafePos SafetyActiveSBT	R 1.7	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	SBT Active bit (TRUE = active)

Table 294: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
RSPValid	R 1.9	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Remanent safe position is validated and saved (TRUE = safe position is saved, Power Off for homing with RSP is possible)
RequestSTO	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the STO safety function
RequestSBC	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SBC safety function
RequestSOS	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SOS safety function
RequestSS1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SS1 safety function
RequestSS2	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SS2 safety function
RequestSLS1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS1 safety function
RequestSLS2	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS2 safety function
RequestSLS3	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS3 safety function
RequestSLS4	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS4 safety function
RequestSTO1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the STO1 safety function
RequestSDIpos	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SDIpos safety function
RequestSLI	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLI safety function
RequestSDIneg	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SDIneg safety function
RequestSLP	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLP safety function
RequestHoming	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Requests safe homing
ReferenceSwitch	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Safe input for using a reference switch
RequestSBT	R 1.7	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	SBT control bit
RequestSLA	R 1.9	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLA safety function
SwitchHomingMode	R 1.9	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Activates homing with RSP (TRUE = RSP homing mode is active)
Activate	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Enables the function block
Reset	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Reset input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

Table 294: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

- 1) Channel only visible if parameter "Module Information" has been set to "on".
- This data is accessed in Automation Studio using the ASIOACC library.
- 3) This data is accessed indirectly via the outputs of the function blocks SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR, SF_SafeMC_Position_BR or SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2.
- 4) This data can be accessed via NC Action or Trace.
- 5) This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs of the function blocks SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR_V2 or SF_SafeMC_BR_V3.

6.6.5 Channel list For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release		Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
ModuleOK	R 1.10	Read		BOOL	Indicates if the module is OK
SerialNumber	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UDINT	Module serial number
ModuleID	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UINT	Module code
HardwareVariant	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UINT	Hardware variant
FirmwareVersion	R 1.10	Read ²⁾		UINT	Module firmware version
UDID_low	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UDINT	UDID, lower 4 bytes
UDID_high	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	UDID, upper 2 bytes
SafetyFWversion1	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 1
SafetyFWversion2	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 2
SCError	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		USINT	Error in safety communication
SCErrorQuit	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Error in safety communication
SCErrorEnable	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Error in safety communication
Diag1_Temp	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾	 	INT	Module temperature in °C
Diag2_24V	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾ (Read) ²⁾		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 24V Voltage measurement µP2 - 3V3
Diag2_3V3	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 5V
Diag2_5V SafeModuleOK	R 1.10	(Reau)=/	Read	SAFEBOOL	Indicates if the safe communication channel is OK
For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 1-a.				SAFEBOOL	indicates if the sale communication channel is OK
AX1_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE status bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 1
AX1 StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 1 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX1_StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX1_StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSDI Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSDI Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
Ax1 StatusSBTValid	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBT Status bit (TRUE = Valid)
Ax1_StatusSBT	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBT Active bit (TRUE = Active)
AX1 StatusSLT	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	STL status bit (TRUE = Active)
AX1_StatusAllReqActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active
AX1_StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX1_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read)6)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX1_StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read)6)	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read)6)	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX1_StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX1_SafePOSITION_4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read)8)	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX1_ScaledSafeSPEED_2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁷⁾	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION	V 2-axis and 3-a	xis modules			
AX2_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE status bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 2
AX2_StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 2 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX2_StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX2_StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read)4)	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2 StatusSDI Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)

Table 295: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
AX2_StatusSDI_Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
Ax2_StatusSBTValid	R1.10	Read	(Read)5)	SAFEBOOL	SBT Status bit (TRUE = Valid)
Ax2_StatusSBT	R1.10	Read	(Read)5)	SAFEBOOL	SBT Active bit (TRUE = Active)
AX2_StatusSLT	R1.10	Read	(Read)5)	SAFEBOOL	STL status bit (TRUE = Active)
AX2_StatusAllReqActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active
AX2_StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX2_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX2 StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2 StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2 StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX2 StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX2 SafePOSITION 4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁸⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX2_dater dofffen_4Byte AX2 ScaledSafeSPEED 2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁷	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTIO			(Reau) ⁻	SAFEBOOL	Scaled Sale Speed
<u> </u>			(D4)3)	CAFEDOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL CAFE hit (FALCE - functional
AX3_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 3
AX3_StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 2 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX3_StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX3_StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSDI_Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)
	-		· ,	+	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
AX3_StatusSDI_Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
Ax3_StatusSBTValid	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBT Status bit (TRUE = Valid)
Ax3_StatusSBT	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBT Active bit (TRUE = Active)
AX3_StatusSLT	R1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	STL status bit (TRUE = Active)
AX3_StatusAllReqActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active
AX3_StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX3_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX3_StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX3_StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX3_SafePOSITION_4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read)8)	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX3_ScaledSafeSPEED_2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read)7)	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 1-a	xis, 2-axis and	3-axis module:	s		
AX1 ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit
AX1_ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component
AX1 ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit
AX1 ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit
AX1 ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit
AX1 ControlSTO1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit
AX1_controlSOS	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit
AX1_ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit
AX1_ControlSLA	R 1.10	, ,	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA control bit
_		(Read)9)	, ,		
AX1_ControlSLS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit
AX1_ControlSDI_Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit
AX1_ControlSDI_Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit
AX1_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit
AX1_ControlSBT	R1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBT control bit
AX1_ControlSLT	R1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLT control bit
AX1_ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit
AX1 ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit
AX1 ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit
AX1_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position
					(SAFE TRUE)

Table 295: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Safety technology

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release		Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description			
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTIO	Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 2-axis and 3-axis modules							
AX2_ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit			
AX2_ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component			
AX2_ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit			
AX2_ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit			
AX2_ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit			
AX2_ControlSTO1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit			
AX2_ControlSOS	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit			
AX2_ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLA	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLA control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit			
AX2_ControlSDI_Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit			
AX2_ControlSDI_Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit			
AX2_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit			
AX2 ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit			
AX2 ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit			
AX2 ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit			
AX2_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position (SAFE TRUE)			
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTIO	N 3-axis module	s						
AX3_ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit			
AX3_ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component			
AX3_ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit			
AX3_ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit			
AX3_ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit			
AX3_ControlSTO1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit			
AX3_ControlSOS	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit			
AX3_ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit			
AX3_ControlSLA	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLA control bit			
AX3_ControlSLS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 control bit			
AX3 ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit			
AX3 ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit			
AX3 ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit			
AX3 ControlSDI Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit			
AX3 ControlSDI Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit			
AX3_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit			
AX3_ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit			
AX3_ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit			
AX3 ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit			
AX3_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position (SAFE TRUE)			

Table 295: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

- Channel only visible if parameter "Module Information" is set to "on".
- 2) This data is accessed in Automation Studio using library ASIOACC.
- 3) 4)
- This data is accessed in Automation Studio using library ASIGACO.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.
- This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR. 7)
- This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR. This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.
- This data can only be accessed via NC Action or Trace.

6.7 Configuring the safety functions

The concept of integrated safety technology is based on keeping all functional control in the inverter unit, with the SafeMOTION module dedicated to monitoring configurable limits.

The only exception is that the SafeMOTION module activates safe pulse disabling and the safe motor holding brake.

The standard application must react accordingly to the request for a safety function.

To ensure proper interaction between the standard and the safety application (and thereby ensuring maximum availability of the system), the different timing of the two applications must be taken into account.

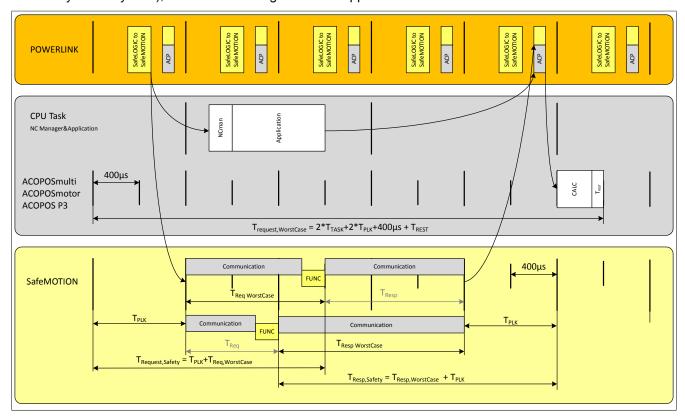


Figure 94: Inverter unit timing - SafeMOTION module

Delay time	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION
Request control bits (T _{ReqWorstCase})	1200 µs	1250 µs
Response status bits (T _{RespWorstCase})	1600 µs	1550 µs

Table 296: SafeMOTION module - Delay time

The differing runtimes of the standard and the safety application can be taken into account with the "Delay times for requesting a safety function".

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Delay time to start ramp moni-	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of mon-	0
toring (us)		itoring	
Delay time to start SDI (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay time to start SBC (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay time to start SLP (us) 1)	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0
Delay Time to start SBT (us) 2)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay Time to start SLA (us) 3)	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0

Table 297: Delay times for requesting a safety function

- 1) Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or later!
- 2) Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or later!

6.7.1 SafeMOTION Help Tool

The SafeMOTION Help Tool assists in the development of SafeMOTION projects. This program can be used to make calculations that are required frequently.

Starting with V6.0 of the SafeMOTION Help Tool, two variants of the SafeMOTION Help Tool are available:

- mapp Safety
- Legacy safety

The variant can be changed under 6.7.1.8 ""Options" tab" on page 480 tab "Options".

Information:

The parameters can be limited to different maximum values. If an impermissible value is entered, section *Invalid input* in the SafeDESIGNER parameters must be read.

6.7.1.1 "Status and control bits" tab

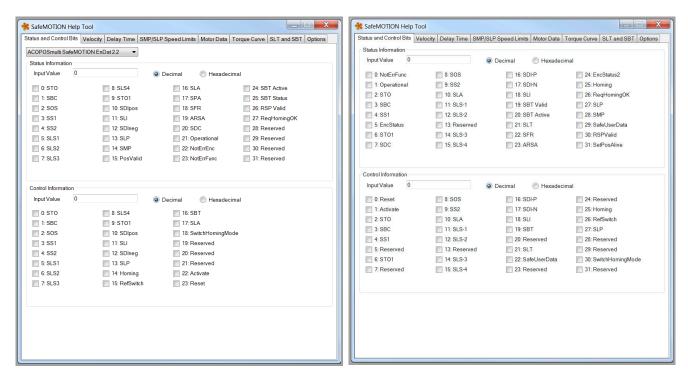


Figure 95: SafeMOTION Help Tool - Tab "Status and control bits" (legacy safety)

Figure 96: SafeMOTION Help Tool - Tab "Status and control bits" (mapp Safety)

"Status Information" section

Information:

Status information can be determined by running a trace on the cyclic data (ParlD 4).

Showing status bits for the status information that has been determined

- 1. Specify whether the value that has been determined for the status information is decimal or hexadecimal.
- 2. Enter the value that has been determined in the Input value field.
 - → The checkboxes now show the status bits for the determined status information.

Determining the input value for a combination of status bits

1. Specify whether the input value should be displayed as a decimal or hexadecimal value.

- 2. Set the desired combination of status bits by selecting the checkboxes.
 - → The input value that corresponds with the combination of status bits is shown.

"Control Information" section

Information:

Control information can be determined by running a trace on the cyclic data (ParID 5).

Showing status bits for the control information that has been determined

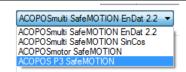
- 1. Specify whether the value that has been determined for the control information is decimal or hexadecimal.
- 2. Enter the value that has been determined in the Input value field.
 - → The check boxes now show the control bits for the determined control information.

Determining the input value for a combination of control bits

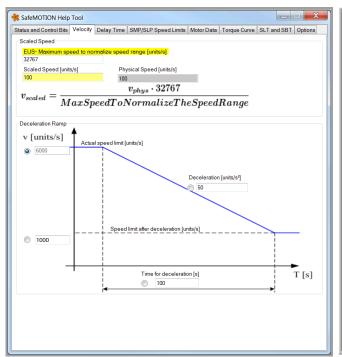
- 1. Specify whether the input value should be displayed as a decimal or hexadecimal value.
- 2. Set the desired combination of control bits by selecting the check boxes.
 - → The input value that corresponds with the combination of control bits is shown.

Information:

Selecting the SafeMOTION module displays the corresponding status and control bits. This only applies to "legacy safety"; there is no distinction in mapp Safety.



6.7.1.2 "Velocity" tab



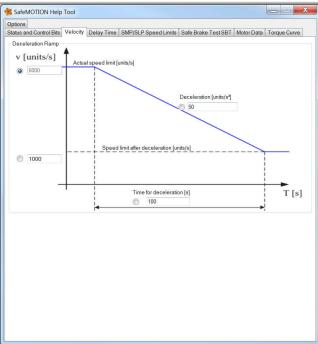


Figure 97: SafeMOTION Help Tool - Tab "Velocity" (legacy safety)

Figure 98: SafeMOTION Help Tool
- Tab "Velocity" (mapp Safety)

"Scaled Speed" section

In section *Scaled speed*, a scaled speed can be converted to a physical speed [units/s] and back again based on the "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]" value.

Parameter names marked in yellow correspond to parameters in SafeDESIGNER.

Scaled → physical speed conversion

- 1. Enter the value for "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]".
- 2. Enter the value for the scaled speed [units/s].
 - → The respective value for the physical speed [units/s] is shown.

Physical → scaled speed conversion

- 1. Enter the value for "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]".
- 2. Enter the value for the physical speed [units/s].
 - \rightarrow The respective value for the scaled speed [units/s] is shown.

"Deceleration Ramp" section

In section *Deceleration Ramp*, three parameters are used to calculate a fourth parameter in order to define a deceleration ramp. Which parameter to be determined can be freely selected.

Procedure

- 1. Choose the parameter to determine:
 - Current speed limit [units/s]
 - o Delay [units/s]
 - Speed limit after the delay [units/s]
 - Delay time [s]
- 2. Enter the values for the three remaining parameters in their respective fields.
 - → The calculated value for the fourth parameter is displayed.

6.7.1.3 "Delay Time" tab

This tab can be used to calculate the delay time to be set on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. "Delay time to start ramp monitoring"), see "Inverter unit timing - SafeMOTION module" on page 469. The delay time is the difference between the times $T_{Request, Safety}$ and $T_{Request, WorstCase}$.

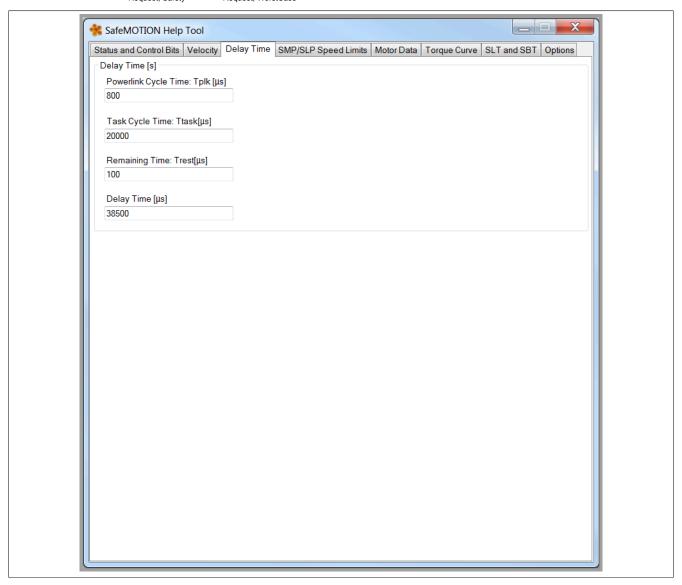


Figure 99: SafeMOTION Help Tool tab "Delay time" (legacy safety, mapp Safety)

"Delay Time" section

Procedure

- 1. Enter value for the POWERLINK cycle time [µs].
- 2. Enter value for the task cycle time [µs].
- 3. Enter value for the remaining time [µs].
 - → The value calculated for the delay time [µs] is displayed.

6.7.1.4 "SMP/SLP Speed Limits" tab

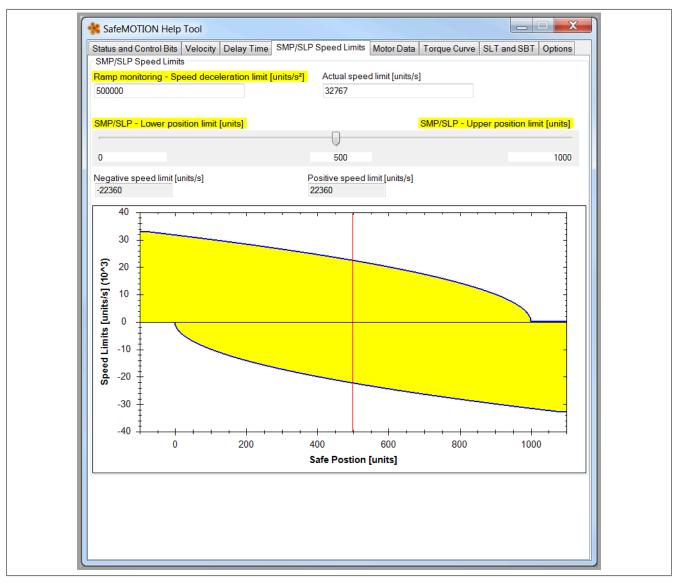


Figure 100: SafeMOTION Help Tool tab "SMP/SLP speed limits" (legacy safety, mapp Safety)

SMP/SLP Speed Limits section

In section *SMP/SLP speed limits*, parameters "Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]" and "Actual speed limit [units/s]" are used to determine the negative and positive speed limit and display them in a diagram.

The "Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" and the "Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" values can be preset. When a value between these limits is entered, the corresponding values for the negative and positive speed limit [units/s] are determined and displayed.

Parameter names marked in yellow correspond to parameters in SafeDESIGNER.

Calculating negative and positive speed limits

- 1. Enter the value for "Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]".
- 2. Enter the value for "Actual speed limit [units/s]".
- Preset the values for "Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" and the "Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]".
- 4. Enter a value between the limits or move the arrow with the left mouse button This value is shown in the diagram as a red vertical line. The red line can be scrolled or shifted using the arrow pointer.
 - \rightarrow The corresponding values for the negative and positive speed limit [units/s] are displayed in the fields and in the diagram.

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Diagram

The following diagram illustrates the speed limit [units/s] in relation to the safe position [units].

Displaying and using the diagram

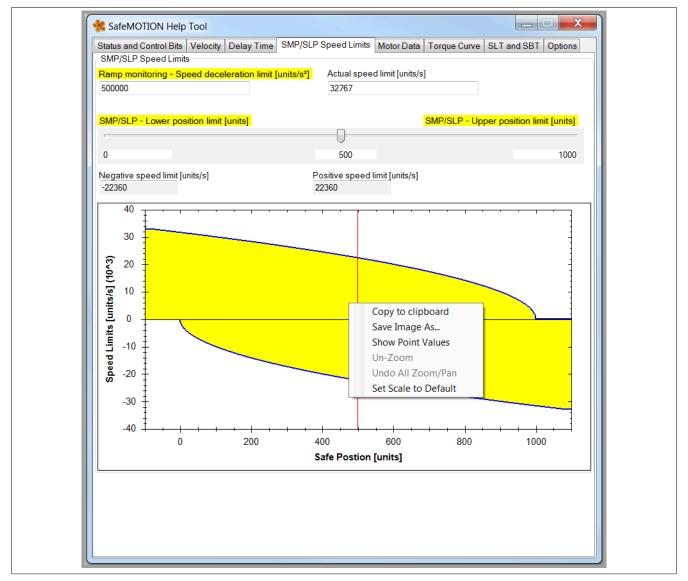


Figure 101: Display diagram with the selection menu (legacy safety, mapp Safety)

Move the mouse pointer over the diagram.

→ A cross-hair pointer appears.

Holding the left mouse button and marking a section zooms in the diagram.

Scrolling with the mouse also zooms in the diagram.

Right-click inside the diagram.

 \rightarrow A selection menu appears.

Select a menu item with the left mouse button.

 Copy to clipboard
 Copies the image to the clipboard

 Save image as...
 Saves the image

 Show point values
 Displays the values of individual points when moving the cross-hair pointer over the line in the diagram

 Undo last zoom action
 Reverts back to the previous zoom setting

 Undo all zoom/pan actions
 Resets all zoom/pan actions

 Set scale to default value
 Sets scaling to the default values

6.7.1.5 Tab "Motor data"

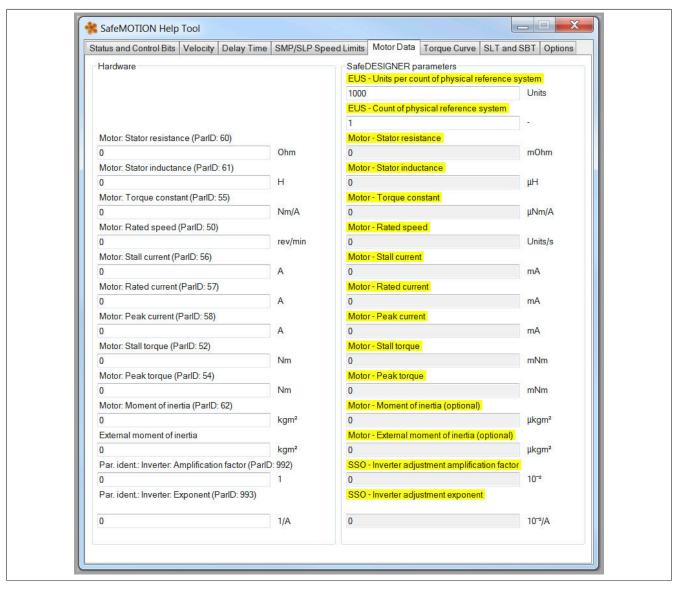


Figure 102: SafeMOTION Help Tool tab "Safe Speed Observer SSO" (legacy safety, mapp Safety)

The SafeMOTION Help Tool provides support for rescaling the parameters of ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives to the SafeDESIGNER unit system.

"Hardware" section

In section "Hardware", the required parameters can be entered in the original units (i.e. in the units specified in the motor data sheets or in the units included with the read-out parameter IDs).

As soon as a parameter is entered, it is immediately converted into the SafeDESIGNER unit system.

In addition to the respective parameter designation, the corresponding parameter ID, to which the parameter can be read out, is shown in brackets.

"SafeDESIGNER parameters" section

The yellow parameter names in section "SafeDESIGNER parameters" correspond to the parameters converted into the correct system of units, which are then entered in SafeDESIGNER.

6.7.1.6 Tab "Torque characteristic"

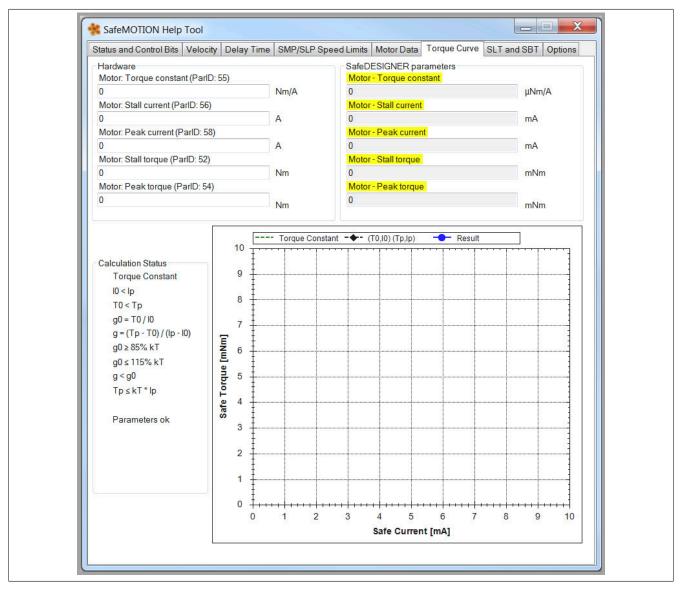


Figure 103: SafeMOTION Help Tool tab "Torque characteristic" (legacy safety, mapp Safety)

"Hardware" section

In section "Hardware", the required parameters can be entered in the original units (i.e. in the units specified in the motor data sheets or in the units included with the read-out parameter IDs). As soon as a parameter is entered, it is immediately converted into the SafeDESIGNER system of units.

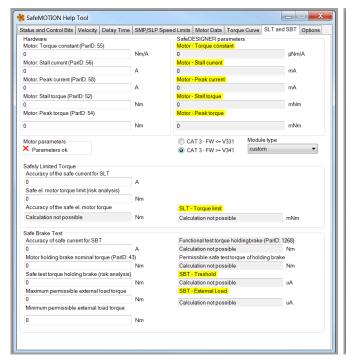
Section "SafeDESIGNER parameters"

The yellow parameter names in section "SafeDESIGNER parameters" correspond to the parameters converted into the correct system of units, which are then entered in SafeDESIGNER.

Section "Calculation status"

The parameters entered here are used to check whether they are valid and result in an intersection point. These checks are also performed in the firmware. In addition, the intersection point of the two lines is specified if all parameter entries are correct.

6.7.1.7 Tab "SLT and SBT"



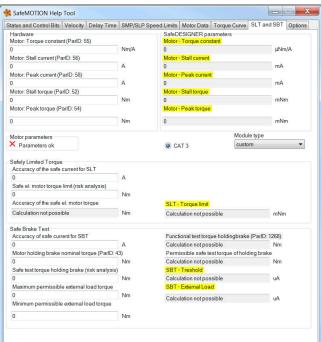


Figure 104: SafeMOTION Help Tool - Tab "SLT and SBT" (legacy safety)

Figure 105: SafeMOTION Help Tool - Tab "SLT and SBT" (mapp Safety)

The SafeMOTION Help Tool provides support for calculating the configuration for safety functions SLT and SBT for ACOPOS multi SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules (SBT only) and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (SLT and SBT).

The calculation is performed according to the user documentation ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test, SBT or ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safety Limited Torque, SLT.

"Hardware" section

In section "Hardware", the required motor parameters can be entered in the original units (i.e. in the units specified in the motor data sheets or in the units included with the read-out parameter IDs). As soon as a parameter is entered, it is immediately converted into the SafeDESIGNER system of units.

Section "SafeDESIGNER parameters"

The yellow parameter names in section "SafeDESIGNER parameters" correspond to the parameters converted into the correct system of units, which are then entered in SafeDESIGNER.

Section "Motor parameters"

The parameters entered here are used to check whether they are valid and result in an intersection point. These checks are also performed in the firmware.

Section "Module type"

The inverter module and firmware version (for legacy safety) can be set in section "Module type". If an inverter module is selected here, the values for the accuracy of the safe current measurement (SLT and SBT) are applied automatically and the corresponding fields are read-only.

Section "Safely Limited Torque"

The safe electrical motor torque limit (from the risk analysis) can be entered in section "Safely Limited Torque". This is used to determine the limit to be configured in SafeDESIGNER, taking into account the accuracy of the safe current for SLT.

The entered torque limit is checked for the worst-case deviation.

Section "Safe Brake Test"

The motor holding brake nominal torque, safe holding brake test torque (from the risk analysis) and any maximum/minimum permissible external load torque can be configured in section "Safe Brake Test".

The values to be configured – standard test torque of the holding brake (ParID 1268), SBT - Threshold (SafeDESIGNER) for the current threshold to be monitored in SafeDESIGNER and SBT - External Load (SafeDESIGNER) for configuring the external load in SafeDESIGNER – are determined from the entered values, taking into account the system accuracies.

The system checks whether the resulting permissible safe test torque of the holding brake is below the *motor holding brake nominal torque (ParID 43)* for the safe test torque of the holding brake used (from the risk analysis), 6.4.22.9 "Permissible safe test torque of the holding brake" on page 417.

Information:

The SafeMC Help Tool is not designed according to strict safety criteria. It simply provides support for calculating the values to be set. The calculation and its results must be checked!

6.7.1.8 "Options" tab

Section "SafeMOTION"

Variant selection mapp Safety or legacy safety

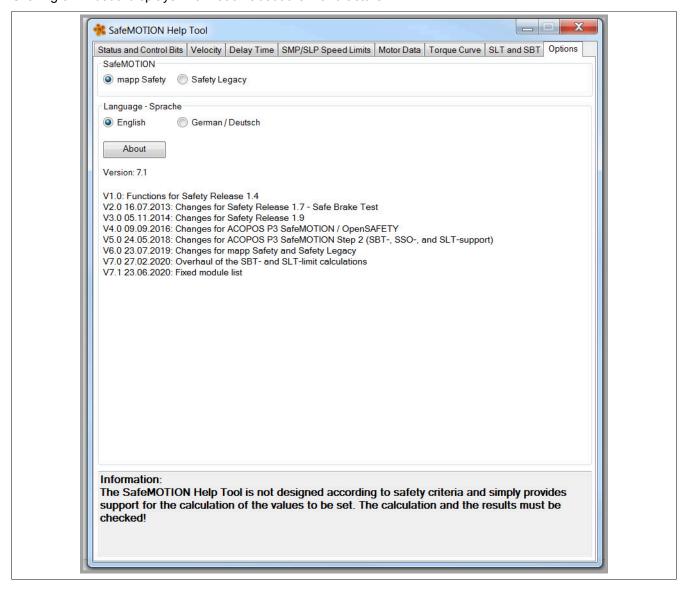
Here, the tool can be repositioned according to the SafeMOTION variant currently being used. This allows it to cover the corresponding available functionalities.

"Language" section

Select English or German.

"About" button

Clicking on "About" displays information about the manufacturer.



6.7.2 The application in SafeDESIGNER

The safety application is implemented in SafeDESIGNER.

Library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

The following function blocks in library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 are available for controlling ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules:

Function block	Safety Release
SF_SafeMC_BR	Safety Release 1.3 or later
SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR	
SF_SafeMC_BR_V2	Safety Release 1.4 or later
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR	
SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR	Safety Release 1.7 or later
SF_SafeMC_BR_V3	Safety Release 1.9 or later
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2	

Table 298: Function blocks in library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

For information about using these function blocks as well as the underlying safety functions and associated safe parameters, see 7 "PLCopen Motion SF 2" on page 498.

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives support the openSAFETY Safe Motion profile. For this reason, the function blocks in library openSAFETY BuR Motion SF must be used to control the safety functions.

Function block	Safety Release
SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR	Safety Release 1.10 and later:
SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR	

Table 299: Function blocks in library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

For information about using these function blocks as well as the underlying safety functions and associated safe parameters, see 8 "openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF" on page 737.

Danger!

Safety applications are only permitted to be created by qualified personnel. The respective processes specified in the standards must be followed!

The information provided in the "Integrated safety" user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG) under <u>SafeDESIGNER</u> must also be taken into consideration.

Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

6.7.3 Accessing data on the SafeMOTION module from Automation Studio

There are three ways to access safety-related data from a safe axis in Automation Studio.

6.7.3.1 I/O mapping

The states of individual safety functions can be accessed via the I/O mapping window for the respective SafeMOTION module. This information is provided in the form of status bits.

To connect PVs to the status bits, the "I/O mapping" window must be opened. As can be seen in the following image, the PV can then be selected in the "PV or channel name" column.

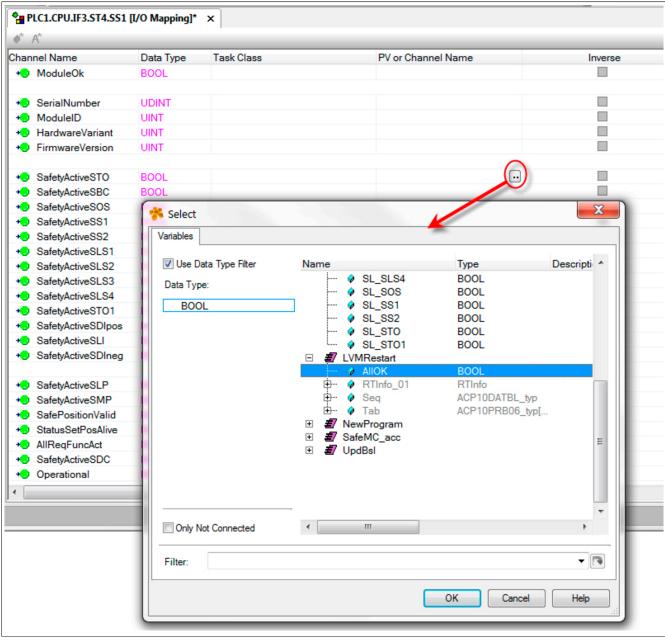


Figure 106: PV mapping

6.7.3.2 ACOPOS parameter ID

The following parameter IDs are available to make SafeMOTION data available to the non-safety-related part of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION.

ParID	Data type	NC constant (Define)	Description
4	UDINT	SAFEMC_STATUS	Status bits
5	UDINT	SAFEMC_CONTROL	Control bits
6	INT	SAFEMC_SPEED_ACT	Actual speed [scaled units/s]
7	INT	SAFEMC_SPEED_LIM	Speed limit value [scaled units/s], currently monitored speed limit
309	DINT	SAFEMC_POS_ACT	Safe position [units]

Table 300: ACOPOS parameter ID for SafeMOTION

With these Par IDs, you can use all the familiar features of the SafeMOTION module (e.g. NC Trace, reading parameters via service channel, SPT function block connections, etc.).

NC Trace can be used, for example, to optimize how the standard application handles approaching speed limit values. This also provides an easy way of checking whether the values configured for "Delay times for requesting a safety function" are correct or sufficient.

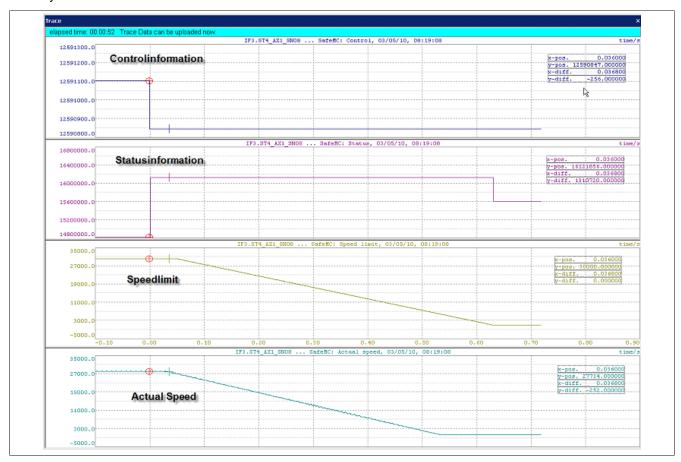


Figure 107: NC Trace: Example with SafeMOTION data

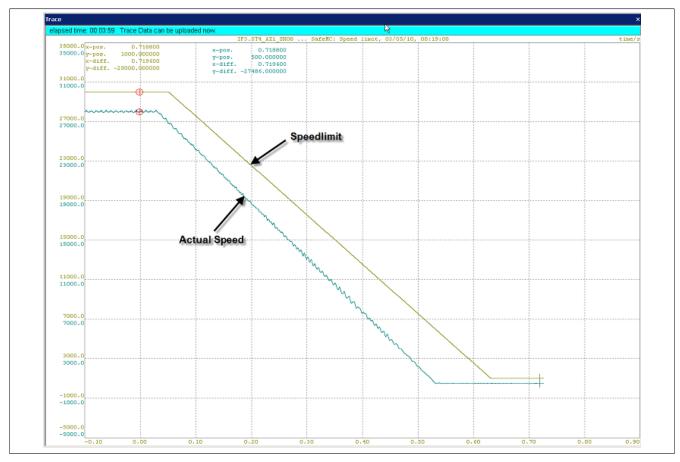


Figure 108: NC Trace: Speed reserve

The parameter IDs "4 status bits" and "5 control bits" are bit-coded, with only the lower three bytes actually relevant. The following tables indicate the bit assignments:

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Basic function set)
0	Status STO	Status Not Err Func
1	Status SBC	Status Operational
2	Status SOS	Status STO
3	Status SS1	Status SBC
4	Status SS2	Status SS1
5	Status SLS1	Status Not Err Enc
6	Status SLS2	Status STO1
7	Status SLS3	Status SDC

Table 301: Status bits - Byte 0

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Speed function set)
8	Status SLS4	Status SOS
9	Status STO1	Status SS2
10	Status SDIpos	Status SLA
11	Status SLI	Status SLS1
12	Status SDIneg	Status SLS2
13	Status SLP¹)	Reserved for openSAFETY
14	Status SMP¹)	Status SLS3
15	Status PosValid¹)	Status SLS4

Table 302: Status bits - Byte 1

1) Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or later!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
16	Status SLA ¹⁾	Status SDIpos
17	Status SPA	Status SDIneg
18	Status SFR	Status SLI
19	Status All requested safety functions active	Reserved for SBT
20	Status SDC	Reserved for SBT valid
21	Status Operational	Reserved for SLT
22	Status Not Err Enc	Status SFR
23	Status Not Err Func	Status All requested safety functions active

Table 303: Status bits - Byte 2

1) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or later!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Absolute position function set)	
24	Status SBT_ACTIVE¹)	Status Not err enc (copy of bit 5)	
25	Status SBT_STATUS¹)	Status SafePositionValid	
26	Status RSPValid ²⁾	Status ReqHomingOK	
27	Status ReqHomingOK ³⁾	Status SLP	
28	Not used	Status SMP	
29	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY	
30	Not used	Status RSPValid	
31	Not used	Status SetPosAlive	

Table 304: Status bits - Byte 3

- 1) Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 2) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- 3) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or later!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Basic function set)
0	Control STO	Control Reset
1	Control SBC	Control Activate
2	Control SOS	Control STO
3	Control SS1	Control SBC
4	Control SS2	Control SS1
5	Control SLS1	Reserved for openSAFETY
6	Control SLS2	Control STO1
7	Control SLS3	Not used

Table 305: Control bits - Byte 0

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Speed function set)	
8	Control SLS4	Control SOS	
9	Control STO1	Control SS2	
10	Control SDIpos	Control SLA	
11	Control SLI	Control SLS1	
12	Control SDIneg	Control SLS2	
13	Control SLP ¹⁾	Reserved for openSAFETY	
14	Homing ¹⁾	Control SLS3	
15	RefSwitch ¹⁾	Control SLS4	

Table 306: Control bits - Byte 1

1) Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or later!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
16	Control SBT ¹⁾	Control SDIpos
17	Control SLA ²⁾	Control SDIneg
18	SwitchHomingMode ³⁾	Control SLI
19	Not used	Control SBT

Table 307: Control bits - Byte 2

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Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
20	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
21	Not used	Control SLT
22	Control Activate	Not used
23	Control Reset	Not used

Table 307: Control bits - Byte 2

- 1) Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 2) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or later!
- 3) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Absolute position function set)
24	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
25	Not used	Control Homing
26	Not used	Control Reference Switch
27	Not used	Control SLP
28	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
29	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
30	Not used	Control SwitchHomingMode
31	Not used	Not used

Table 308: Control bits - Byte 3

6.7.3.3 SafeMC library

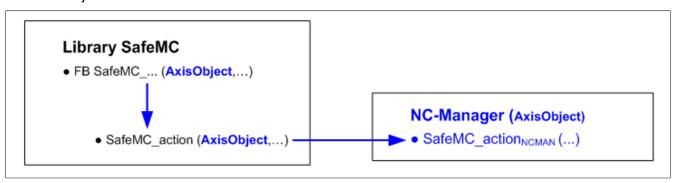
If SafeMOTION modules are being used, it is sometimes necessary to be able to read SafeMOTION data for an axis:

- Safe OUT: Data from the SafeLOGIC (SL) controller to the SafeMOTION module
- Safe IN: Data from the SafeMOTION module to the SafeLOGIC (SL) controller

For **Safe IN** data, it would be possible in the I/O configuration to define PVs to which the data would then be copied cyclically. However, this data must be explicitly assigned to specific axes by the user.

Automation Studio does not include a mechanism for read access to Safe OUT data.

The **SafeMC_action()** function in the SafeMC library makes it possible to access the SafeMOTION data of an axis (described below). The SafeMOTION function blocks call the global **SafeMC_action()** function. Using the specified axis object, **SafeMC_action()** calls a **SafeMC_action_{NCMAN}()** function that is included in the NC Manager belonging to this NC object.



Information:

The SafeMC_action() function only contains a call frame. The actual functionality is part of the corresponding NC Manager function.

For this reason, the constants and data types for the functionalities implemented for the SafeMC_action() function are not included in the SafeMC library:

- Constants are included in library NcGlobal.
- Data types are included in library Acp10man.

6.7.3.3.1 Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action

status = SafeMC_action(nc_object, action, par_ptr, par_size)		
Input parameters:		
nc_object	UDINT	NC object
action	UDINT	Action to be executed
par_ptr	UDINT	Address of the parameter data
par_size	UDINT	Size of the parameter data in bytes
Output parameters:		
status	UINT	ncOK or error code

Table 309: SafeMC_action()

Error codes (also used for function blocks SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData(2)) and SafeMC_ReadSafeInData(2)):

10720	Invalid function pointer:
	Error during NC software initialization (see Logger)
	The NC Manager version on the PLC does not yet contain the SafeMC_action() function.
10721	Invalid NC object (parameter: "nc_object")
10723	The action (parameter "action") is not defined or not permitted for this NC object.
10724	Invalid NC object type
10726	This action is not allowed since the corresponding initializations are not yet complete.
10729	Parameter "par_ptr" is zero.
10731	Invalid NC object data (is a PV being used as an NC object for which an INIT value is defined in the variable declaration?)
10732	Parameter "par_size" is not valid for this action.
10733	The network status is not valid for this action.
10734	Invalid network type (the NC object does not belong to a module on the POWERLINK network)
10735	Invalid length of corresponding network data
10736	The type of network data is not compatible with "action":
	SafeOUT/IN data compatible with "action =DATA"
	SafeOUT/IN data 2 compatible with "action =DATA2"

In addition, the following error codes are output for some actions, which suggests an initialization error in the SafeMOTION data:

10712	NC object not enabled (channel number too high or no PDO data defined)
20918	"data_len" provided by plAction(plACTION_GET_DP_INFO) too large
20953	"direction_id" provided by plAction(plACTION_GET_DP_INFO) invalid

All other error codes are provided by the functions in the "Powerlnk" library. The following error code deserves special mention:

20923	Data point not available (not entered in the PDO mapping)

6.7.3.3.2 Accessing SafeMOTION data with the SafeMC_action() function

6.7.3.3.2.1 READ_SAFEOUT_DATA: Read SafeOUT data

Information:

Function READ_SAFEOUT_DATA and associated data type ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules (EnDat 2.2 and SinCos) and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.

Parameter:

ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ safeout_data;

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEOUT_DATA,
&safeout_data,sizeof(safeout_data));
```

Condition(s):

p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE

ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ data structure (also used for function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData):

RequestSTO	USINT	STO control bit
RequestSBC	USINT	SBC control bit
RequestSOS	USINT	SOS control bit
RequestSS1	USINT	SS1 control bit
RequestSS2	USINT	SS2 control bit
RequestSLS1	USINT	SLS1 control bit
RequestSLS2	USINT	SLS2 control bit

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RequestSLS3	USINT	SLS3 control bit
RequestSLS4	USINT	SLS4 control bit
RequestSTO1	USINT	STO1 control bit
RequestSDIpos	USINT	SDI control bit (positive direction)
RequestSLI	USINT	SLI control bit

RequestSDIneg USINT SDI control bit (negative direction)

RequestSLP 1) USINT SLP control bit 1) RequestHoming 1) USINT Homing control bit 1) RequestSwitch 1) USINT Reference Switch 1) RequestSBT 2) USINT SBT control bit 2) RequestSLA3) USINT SLA control bit 3) SwitchHomingMode 4) USINT Switch Homing Mode Bit 4) reserved_ctrl_b19 USINT Reserved

 reserved_ctrl_b19
 USINT
 Reserved

 reserved_ctrl_b20
 USINT
 Reserved

 reserved_ctrl_b21
 USINT
 Reserved

Activate USINT Activates the SafeMOTION module

Reset USINT Reset bit

- 1) Available with V2.250 or later for Safety Release 1.4.
- 2) Available with V2.340 or later for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- Available with V2.480 or later for Safety Release 1.9!
- 4) Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

6.7.3.3.2.2 READ_SAFEIN_DATA: Read SafeIN data

Information:

Function READ_SAFEIN_DATA and associated data type ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules (EnDat 2.2 and SinCos) and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.

Parameter:

ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ safein_data;

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA,
&safein_data,sizeof(safein_data));
```

Condition(s):

SafetyActiveSTO

p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE

ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ data structure (also used for SafeMC_ReadSafeInData function block):

STO status bit

SafetyActiveSBC	USINT	SBC status bit
SafetyActiveSOS	USINT	SOS status bit
SafetyActiveSS1	USINT	SS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSS2	USINT	SS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS1	USINT	SLS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS2	USINT	SLS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS3	USINT	SLS3 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS4	USINT	SLS4 status bit
SafetyActiveSTO1	USINT	STO1 status bit
SafetyActiveSDIpos	USINT	SDI status bit (positive direction)
SafetyActiveSLI	USINT	SLI status bit
SafetyActiveSDIneg	USINT	SDI status bit (negative direction)
SafetyActiveSLP 1)	USINT	SLP status bit 1)
SafetyActiveSMP 1)	USINT	SMP status bit 1)
SafePositionValid 1)	USINT	Safe position successfully homed and is valid 1)
SafetyActiveSLA 4)	USINT	SLA status bit
StatusSetPosAlive	USINT	Position setpoint has been tested
StatusSFR	USINT	At least one safety function has been requested
AllReqFuncAct	USINT	All requested safety functions are active
SafetyActiveSDC	USINT	Delay monitoring is active
Operational	USINT	Function block is in the OPERATIONAL state
NotErrENC	USINT	Encoder error status bit
NotErrFUNC	USINT	Functional fail safe status bit
SafetyActiveSBT 2)	USINT	SBT is active 2)
SaftetyStatusSBT 2)	USINT	SBT status bit 2)
RSPValid 3)	USINT	RSP Valid Bit 3)
ReqHomingOK 4)	USINT	Request Homing OK Bit 4)
reserved_stat_b28	USINT	Reserved
reserved_stat_b29	USINT	Reserved

reserved_stat_b30	USINT	Reserved
reserved_stat_b31	USINT	Reserved
ScaledSpeed	INT	Scaled safe speed
SafePosition 1)	DINT	Safe position 1)

- 1) Available with V2.250 or later for Safety Release 1.4.
- 2) Available with V2.340 or later for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- 4) Available with V2.480 or later for Safety Release 1.9!

6.7.3.3.2.3 READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2: Read SafeOUT data 2

Information:

Function READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2 and associated data type ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 servo drives.

Parameter:

```
ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ safeout_data;
```

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2,
&safeout_data2,sizeof(safeout_data2));
```

Condition(s):

```
p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE
```

Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ (also used for function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData2):

Reset	USINT	Reset bit
Activate	USINT	Activates the SafeMOTION module
RequestSTO	USINT	STO control bit
RequestSBC	USINT	SBC control bit
RequestSS1	USINT	SS1 control bit
reserved_ctrl_b5	USINT	Reserved
RequestSTO1	USINT	STO1 control bit
reserved_ctrl_b7	USINT	Reserved
RequestSOS	USINT	SOS control bit
RequestSS2	USINT	SS2 control bit
RequestSLA	USINT	SLA control bit
RequestSLS1	USINT	SLS1 control bit
RequestSLS2	USINT	SLS2 control bit
reserved_ctrl_b13	USINT	Reserved
RequestSLS3	USINT	SLS3 control bit
RequestSLS4	USINT	SLS4 control bit
RequestSDIpos	USINT	SDI control bit (positive direction)
RequestSDIneg	USINT	SDI control bit (negative direction)
RequestSLI	USINT	SLI control bit
RequestSBT	USINT	SBT control bit
reserved_ctrl_b20	USINT	Reserved
RequestSLT	USINT	SLT control bit (V5.030 and later)
reserved_ctrl_b22	USINT	Reserved
reserved_ctrl_b23	USINT	Reserved
reserved_ctrl_b24	USINT	Reserved
RequestHoming	USINT	Homing control bit
RequestSwitch	USINT	Reference Switch
RequestSLP	USINT	SLP control bit
reserved_ctrl_b28	USINT	Reserved
reserved_ctrl_b29	USINT	Reserved
SwitchHomingMode	USINT	Switch Homing Mode Bit
reserved_ctrl_b31	USINT	Reserved

6.7.3.3.2.4 READ_SAFEIN_DATA2: Read SafeIN data 2

Information:

Function READ_SAFEIN_DATA2 and associated data type ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 servo drives.

Parameter:

```
ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ safein_data2;
```

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj, SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA2,
&safein_data2, sizeof(safein_data2));
```

Condition(s):

```
p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE
```

Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ (also used for function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData2):

	31 (
NotErrFUNC	USINT	Functional fail safe status bit
Operational	USINT	Function block is in the OPERATIONAL state
SafetyActiveSTO	USINT	STO status bit
SafetyActiveSBC	USINT	SBC status bit
SafetyActiveSS1	USINT	SS1 status bit
NotErrENC	USINT	Encoder error status bit
SafetyActiveSTO1	USINT	STO1 status bit
SafetyActiveSDC	USINT	Delay monitoring is active
SafetyActiveSOS	USINT	SOS status bit
SafetyActiveSS2	USINT	SS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLA	USINT	SLA status bit
SafetyActiveSLS1	USINT	SLS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS2	USINT	SLS2 status bit
reserved_stat_b13	USINT	Reserved
SafetyActiveSLS3	USINT	SLS3 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS4	USINT	SLS4 status bit
SafetyActiveSDIpos	USINT	SDI status bit (positive direction)
SafetyActiveSDIneg	USINT	SDI status bit (negative direction)
SafetyActiveSLI	USINT	SLI status bit
SafetyActiveSBT	USINT	SBT is active
SafetyStatusSBT	USINT	SBT status bit
SafetyActiveSLT	USINT	SLT status bit (V5.030 and later)
StatusSFR	USINT	At least one safety function has been requested
AllReqFuncAct	USINT	All requested safety functions are active
NotErrENC2	USINT	Encoder error status bit 2
SafePositionValid	USINT	Safe position successfully homed and is valid
ReqHomingOK	USINT	Request Homing OK Bit
SafetyActiveSLP	USINT	SLP status bit
SafetyActiveSMP	USINT	SMP status bit
reserved_stat_b29	USINT	Reserved
RSPValid	USINT	RSP Valid Bit
StatusSetPosAlive	USINT	Position setpoint has been tested
ScaledSpeed	INT	Scaled safe speed
SafePosition	DINT	Safe position
reserve1	UINT	Reserved
reserve2	UDINT	Reserved

6.7.3.3.2.5 Example: Accessing SafeOUT and SafeIN data

```
#include <bur/plctypes.h>
#include <SafeMC.h>
LOCAL UINT
                         status ncaccess;
LOCAL UINT
                         status safeout;
LOCAL UINT
                         status safein;
_LOCAL UDINT
                         ax_obj;
LOCAL ACP10AXIS typ
                          *p_ax_dat;
LOCAL ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ safeout_data;
LOCAL ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ safein_data;
void _INIT SafeMC_accessINIT( void )
   status_ncaccess = ncaccess(ncACP10MAN,"AxisObj1",(void *)&ax_obj);
   p_ax_dat = (ACP10AXIS_typ*)ax_obj;
}
void _CYCLIC SafeMC_accessCYCLIC( void )
   if ( status ncaccess != ncOK )
       return;
   if ( p ax dat->network.init == ncTRUE )
       status_safeout = SafeMC_action(ax_obj, SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEOUT_DATA,
                                      &safeout data, sizeof(safeout data));
       status_safein = SafeMC_action(ax_obj, SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA,
```

```
&safein_data, sizeof(safein_data));
}
```

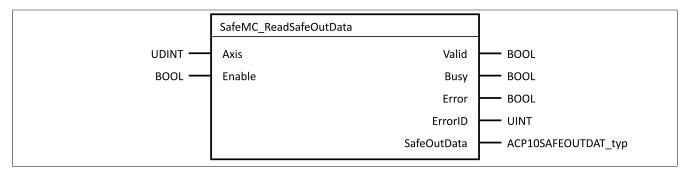
6.7.3.3.3 Accessing SafeMOTION data using SafeMOTION function blocks

6.7.3.3.1 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData: Read SafeOUT data

Information:

Function SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData and associated data type ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules (EnDat 2.2 and SinCos) and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.

Function block



Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description			
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)			
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.			
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid			
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed			
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error			
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see 6.7.3.3.1 "function SafeMC_action(): Perform			
			SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page 487)			
OUT	SafeOutData	ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ	Output data structure			

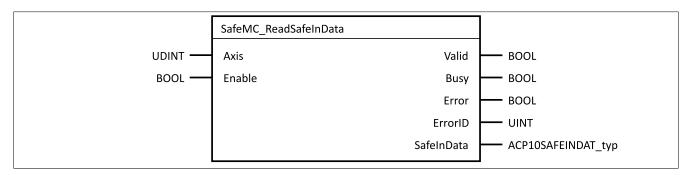
Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ, see 6.7.3.3.2.1 "READ_SAFEOUT_DATA: ReadSafeOUT data / data structure" on page 487

6.7.3.3.3.2 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData: Read SafeIN data

Information:

Function SafeMC_ReadSafeInData and associated data type ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules (EnDat 2.2 and SinCos) and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.

Function block



Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description
IN Axis UDINT Axis reference (NC object)			
IN Enable BOOL If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.			
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid

Safety technology

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description		
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed		
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error		
OUT	ErrorID		Function block error code (see "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page)6.7.3.3.1 "Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action" on page 487		
OUT	SafeInData	ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ	Output data structure		

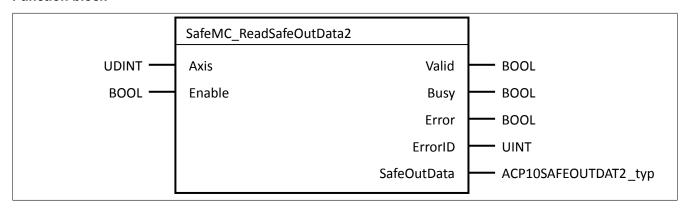
Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ, see 6.7.3.3.2.2 "READ_SAFEIN_DATA: Read SafeIN data / data structure" on page 488

6.7.3.3.3.3 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData2: Read SafeOut data 2

Information:

Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData2 and associated data type ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 servo drives.

Function block



Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description		
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)		
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.		
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid		
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed		
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error		
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see 6.7.3.3.1 "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page 487)		
OUT	SafeOutData	ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ	Output data structure		

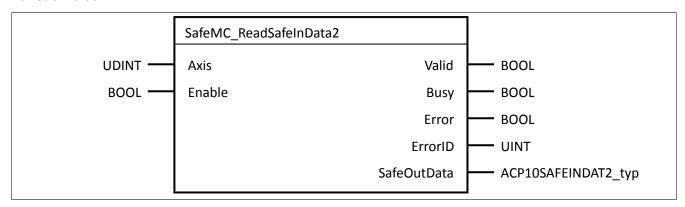
Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ, see 6.7.3.3.2.3 "READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2: Read SafeOUT data 2 / data structure" on page 489

6.7.3.3.3.4 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData2: Read SafeIN data 2

Information:

Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData2 and associated data type ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 servo drives.

Function block



Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description			
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)			
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.			
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid			
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed			
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error			
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page)6.7.3.3.1 "Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action" on page 487			
OUT	SafeInData	ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ	Output data structure			

Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ, see 6.7.3.3.2.4 "READ_SAFEIN_DATA2: Read SafeIN data 2 / data structure" on page 489

6.7.3.3.3.5 Example: Accessing SafeOUT and SafeIN data

```
#include <bur/plctypes.h>
#include <SafeMC.h>
LOCAL UINT
                                 status_ncaccess;
LOCAL UDINT
                                ax obj;
_LOCAL ACP10AXIS_typ
                                *p_ax_dat;
_LOCAL SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_typ SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_0;
_LOCAL SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_typ SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0;
void INIT SafeMC accessINIT( void )
   status ncaccess = ncaccess(ncACP10MAN, "AxisObj1", (void *) &ax_obj);
   p ax dat = (ACP10AXIS typ*)ax obj;
   SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_0.Axis = ax_obj;
   SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0.Axis = ax_obj;
void CYCLIC SafeMC accessCYCLIC( void )
   if ( status_ncaccess != ncOK )
       return;
   SafeMC ReadSafeOutData 0.Enable = p ax dat->network.init;
   SafeMC ReadSafeOutData(&SafeMC ReadSafeOutData 0);
   SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0.Enable = p_ax_dat->network.init;
   SafeMC ReadSafeInData(&SafeMC ReadSafeInData 0);
```

6.7.4 Validating the safety functions

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Information:

Applicable standards specify certain processes that must be followed when developing safety-related applications. You are solely responsible for establishing and adhering to these processes.

Danger!

Safety applications are only permitted to be developed by qualified personnel. Acceptance of the final product, validation and verification in particular, must also be performed by qualified personnel.

When commissioning a machine, the complete safety application must be tested, validated and verified in accordance with the SRS (Safety Requirements Specification).

When performing a comprehensive safety function test, all specified limits and timing values must be tested in accordance with the SRS. All monitored limits must be violated and the respective error responses then evaluated.

Each of the safety functions being used must be fully tested in regard to their respective limit values.

The physical units of the monitored limits must be tested! A function is considered "in use" if the respective function block input is used in the safety application.

The following tests are mandatory in all cases:

Safety function	Selects/Deselects the safety function	Checks the safe outputs	Violation of the deceleration ramp	Violation of the monitored speed limit	Violation of the monitored path
STO	J	✓			
STO1	1	✓			
SBC	J	✓			
sos	1			1	✓
SS1	J	✓	1		
SS2	1		1	✓	
SLS1	1		1	1	
SLS2	√		1	✓	
SLS3	J		1	1	
SLS4	√		1	√	
SMS				√	
SDIpos	√				✓
SDIneg	✓				✓
SLI	1				✓
SLP	✓		√ 1)	√ 1)	✓
SMP			√ 1)	√ 1)	✓
SBT ²⁾	1	Violation of uppe	Violation of upper/lower limit for test torque or torque of external load		✓
SLA 3)	1	Violation of monitored limit for acceleration or deceleration with respect to current direction of movement			
RSP 4)		Check	ked by performing the RSP	procedure	
SLT ⁵⁾	√		Monitored torg	ue limit exceeded	

Table 310: Test matrix for the safety functions

- 1) Speed limit calculated dynamically according to the current position.
- 2) Available with Safety Release 1.7 or later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with Safety Release 1.9 or later!
- 4) Available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- Safety Release 1.10 and later, hardware upgrades 1.10.2.x and later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION only!

Danger!

Check the parameter settings for the unit system! An incorrectly configured unit system can cause dangerous situations since the monitored limits may not correspond to the physical limits under certain conditions!

6.7.5 Maintenance scenarios

6.7.5.1 Commissioning

When commissioning a machine, its safety functions must always undergo comprehensive testing, as described in 6.7.4 "Validating the safety functions" on page 495.

Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

6.7.5.2 Replacing safe modules

The SafeLOGIC controller independently detects when safe modules have been replaced. Following a module replacement, the overall system (SafeLOGIC, openSAFETY) automatically ensures that the module is operated again using the correct parameters and that incompatible modules are rejected.

Replacing a safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module or ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive can result in the following potential errors. These errors must be excluded through testing:

- · Wiring errors in the motor connection
- · Wiring errors in the motor holding brake connection
- · Connection of the wrong encoder

Danger!

Check all safety functions that are implemented on the replaced SafeMOTION inverter module! Always validate the entire safety function!

6.7.5.3 Replacing a safe encoder/motor

If a safe EnDat 2.2 FS encoder is replaced on a safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module or safe ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive, this will be detected as a module replacement on the SafeLOGIC controller and must be acknowledged accordingly.

The SafeLOGIC controller <u>does not</u> detect when a motor or encoder is replaced on the safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter!

After the replacement, test the safety functions configured on the affected axis.

Danger!

An ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module can only be replaced in its entirety.

Replacing individual components is not possible since they are permanently installed.

Danger!

Check all safety functions that are implemented on the replaced SafeMOTION inverter module! Always validate the entire safety function!

6.7.5.4 Firmware updates / Acknowledging updated firmware

Changes to safety-related parts of the firmware are distributed by B&R as firmware updates. Safety-relevant firmware is only permitted to be updated by qualified personnel.

A firmware update is indicated on the SafeLOGIC controller and must be acknowledged accordingly.

Danger!

A complete functional test must be performed following any modification to the firmware.

Danger!

Check the installed firmware version of the SafeMOTION modules used against the version listed in the respective certificate.

Information:

An AS hardware upgrade for SafeMOTION modules always includes the necessary associated configuration and firmware files. In general, efforts are made to always keep new upgrades compatible with previous versions. If new features of a new upgrade are not used, it is usually not mandatory to also recompile the safety application and transfer it to the SafeLOGIC controller, although this is recommended.

Exception

The configuration parameters have been extended accordingly for the functional expansions for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives starting with hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 (firmware version 331). These safety-related parameters are protected in the safety application using CRC. For 3-axis modules, the number of CRCs had to be increased to protect the data due to the size of the new parameter set. If the safety application is not rebuilt and a parameter set is transferred to the 3-axis ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION module that was built with the previous configuration parameters, a checksum will be missing when validating the parameters. This results in the SafeMOTION module not accepting the parameters, and errors 106766, 106767 and 106773 are reported cyclically. The SafeMOTION module does not subsequently change to state OPERATIONAL.

Workaround

If a 3-axis ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION module should be changed from AS hardware upgrade 1.10.2.0 (firmware version 321) to hardware upgrade 1.10.3.0 (firmware version 331), the safety application must also be recompiled and transferred, even if no new features should be used on the SafeMOTION module.

6.7.5.5 Decommissioning a system

SafeMOTION modules have a mission time of maximum 20 years.

This means that all SafeMOTION modules must be taken out of service one week (at the latest) before the expiration of this 20 year time span (starting from B&R's delivery date).

Danger!

Operating SafeMOTION modules beyond the specified mission time is not permitted!

The user must ensure that all SafeMOTION modules are replaced by new SafeMOTION modules or removed from operation <u>before</u> their mission time expires.

7 PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

7.1 Overview

Overview of the function blocks in the PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 library

Function block	Description	Safety Release
SF_SafeMC_BR	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.3 or later
SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR	Links the safe speed of an axis and the associated status of the encoder error	
SF_SafeMC_BR_V2	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.4 or later
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status	
SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR	Safe brake test	Safety Release 1.7 or later
SF_SafeMC_BR_V3	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.9 or later
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status	

Table 311: Overview of the function blocks in the PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 library

7.2 Term definitions

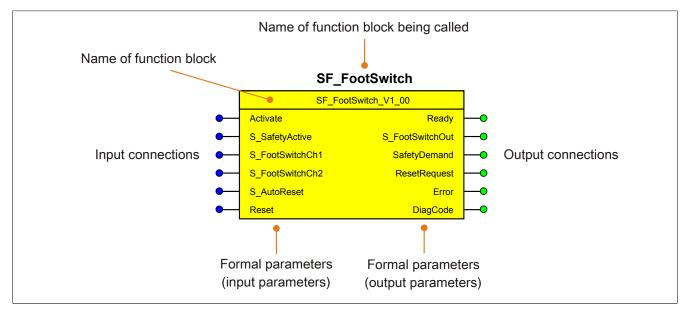


Figure 109: Components of a function block

When calling a function block, the inputs supply the input parameters with the current values of the variables or constants.

The output parameters supply the outputs with the associated values.

Inputs and outputs do not need to have the same name as the associated formal parameters, but they must be of the same data type. A difference in data type between formal parameters and inputs/outputs is reported as an error after compilation.

The name of a function block is composed of the function itself (e.g. "SF_FootSwitch", SF = safety function) and its version (Vx_yz). The format used to represent the version number in this document, Vx_yz , is a placeholder. For the actual version, see the function block being used.

7.3 SF_SafeMC_BR

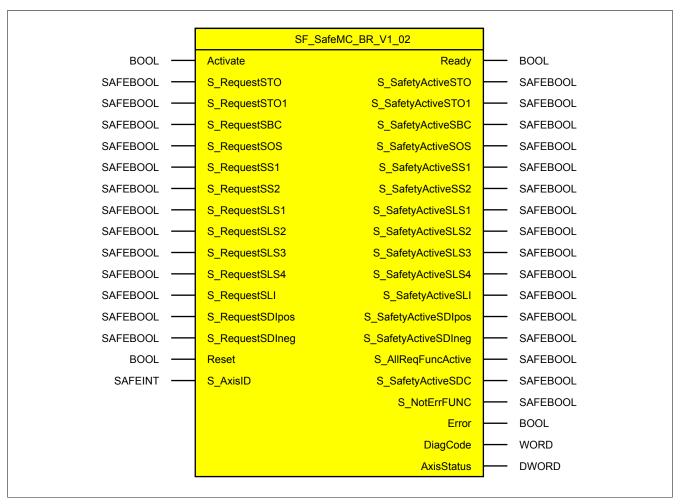


Figure 110: Function block SF_SafeMC_BR

7.3.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the error has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 312: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled	
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration mon itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a mon- itored limit (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)	

Table 313: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of output parameters

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	State	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 313: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 314: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

7.3.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system	-	Linear encode	r unit scale: X revolutions r unit scale: X reference lengths (reference length = length of ference system)	1	R 1.4
(previously Count of physical			•		
reference system)		positions (and For this reason per x revolutio	1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data that can result such as speed and acceleration). I, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units ns / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system	[units]		r unit scale: Units per x revolutions r unit scale: Units per x reference lengths	1000	R 1.4
(previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])		positions (and For this reason per x revolutio	1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data that can result such as speed and acceleration). In the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units ns / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /	Counting direct	tion of the position or speed	Default	R 1.3
	Inverse	Value	Description		
(previously Counting direction)	Defaul	Default	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system.		
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range	[units/s]	Maximum spec	ed to which the displayed speed should be normalized	32767	R 1.3
(previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))					

Table 315: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 316: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 317: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

502

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp SS2 function is	o monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 318: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description [Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automati	c reset of the function block at startup	Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 319: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	escription		Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	de or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function	High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 320: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	Activates the SMS safety function by configuration		R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the	maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for	SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 321: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Value Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS4 0		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 321: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-	From motor data	Status of the proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting		From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-		Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
(previously Encoder Speed		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 322: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL (SAFE state		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously <i>Delay time until the</i>	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
brake engages [µs]) FFS - Caused by encoder er-	Always / Only if	Enable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE on encoder error:		Always	R 1.10.1
ror	safety functions re-				
(1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti	quiring an encoder	FFS occurs if at least one safety function that requires an encoder is used			
SafeMOTION and hardware	are enabled	and an encoder error is present.			
upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)		Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled: FFS occurs if at least one safety function that requires an encoder is active and an encoder error is present.			

Table 323: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 324: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 325: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease	
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/		monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls	Disabled	R 1.3	
	Disabled	below the lower lin	below the lower limit			
(previously Early Limit Moni-			ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process			
toring)			d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined			
		amount of time, th	nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-			
		vated prematurely				
		Value	Description			
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!			
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's			R 1.3	
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		end state	to deceleration rump and to assume the safety functions			

Table 326: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 327: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 328: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

7.3.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.3.4 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.3.4.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

To prevent a violation of a monitored limit, the following points must be observed:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

7.3.4.2 Plausibility error¹⁰⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.3.4.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals¹¹⁾

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters cause the function block to interpret this signal as an edge, which results in an unintended corresponding action being triggered in the function block if fault avoidance measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

¹⁰⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

¹¹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_ADSPOS_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR

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- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- · Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- · Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- · Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

7.3.4.4 Simultaneous edge change¹²⁾

Make sure that the "Reset" formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

7.3.4.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment¹³⁾

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

¹²⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Ab-sPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

⁽³⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

7.3.5 Input parameters

7.3.5.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S_Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the "Activate" and "S_AxisID" inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

7.3.5.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

7.3.5.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

7.3.5.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

F	arameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
5	TO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	High-side	R 1.3	
	(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	Low-side Value High-side	Value	Description		
			High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
			Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 329: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

7.3.5.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 330: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

7.3.5.6 S_RequestSOS

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 331: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 332: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 333: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 334: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.8 S_RequestSS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 335: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp mo SS2 function is rec	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 336: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 337: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease	
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/	Deceleration ramp	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls Di			
	Disabled	below the lower lin	below the lower limit			
(previously Early Limit Moni-		"Early limit monitor	"Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process			
toring)			d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined			
		amount of time, th	nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-			
		vated prematurely				
		Value	Description			
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!			
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which	the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to	0	R 1.3	
		prematurely end th				
(previously Early Limit Moni-		end state				
toring time (us))						

Table 338: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.9 S_RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 339: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 340: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the	Enabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 341: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.10 S_RequestSLS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 342: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp- the SLS function	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc n}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
Time for SLS2 (us))					

Table 343: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 344: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.11 **S_RequestSLS3**

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 345: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc n}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 346: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 347: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.12 S_RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 348: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description I		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	or SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 349: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 350: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.3.5.13 S_RequestSLI

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Increment, SLI

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 351: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

•	'''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''				
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3	
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (us))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3	

Table 352: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.3.5.14 S_RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 353: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 354: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable

FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.3.5.15 S_RequestSDIneg

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 355: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 356: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

533

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.3.5.16 Reset

General function

 "Reset" input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

"Reset" input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A positive edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of parameter "Automatic Reset at Startup", a positive edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from state INIT to state OPERATIONAL after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En- Enabled/	Activates automatic	c reset of the function block at startup	Disabled	R1.3	
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 357: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

7.3.5.17 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

7.3.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

7.3.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

7.3.6.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Increment

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.15 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

7.3.6.16 S_AllReqFuncActive

General function

• Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.3.6.17 S_NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for additional information about the error. If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input "Reset" from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_NotErrFUNC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

7.3.6.18 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on the "Reset" input must change from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge).

7.3.6.19 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

7.3.6.20 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible workaround
0000	IDLE	The function block is not active.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure parameter "Startreset" accordingly or change to a positive edge on input "Reset".
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	'
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 358: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): Diagnostic codes

7.3.6.21 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostics message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

DWORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

The "AxisStatus" output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information is equal to a summary of the "S_xxx" outputs in a DWORD. The individual bits have the following meaning:

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	-	-	-
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg			
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
-	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
	Setposition Alive	SFR	All requested safe-	SDC	Operational	Not Encoder Error	Not Functional Er-
	Test		ty functions active				ror

Table 359: SF_SafeMC_BR: SafeMOTION module status bits

7.3.7 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

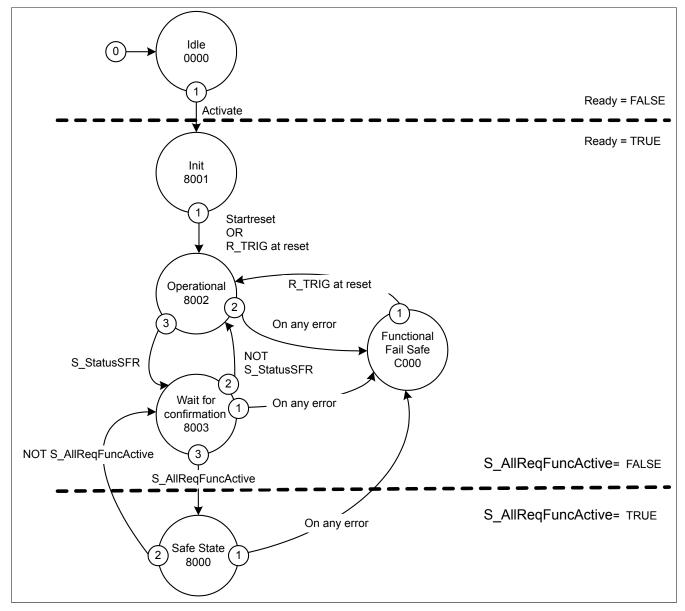


Figure 111: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2): State machine

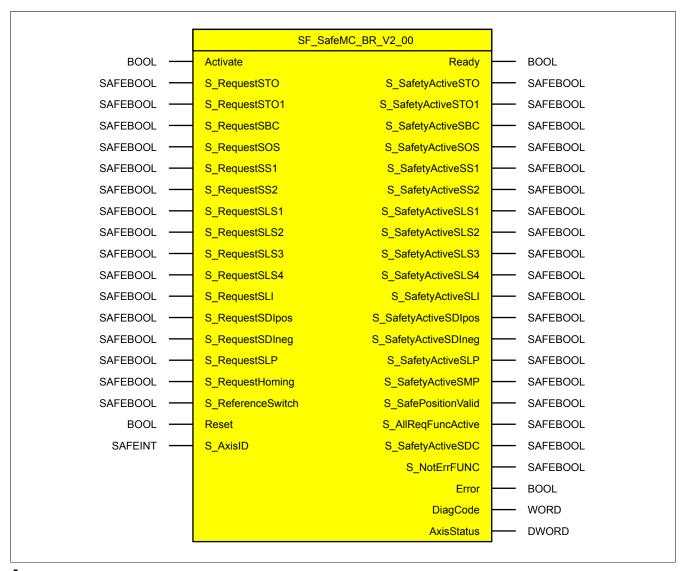
Individual states are reflected by the "DiagCode" output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

7.3.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.4 SF_SafeMC_BR_V2



Information:

The SF_SafeMC_BR_V2_00 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.4.

If Safety Release 1.3 is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

7.4.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestHoming	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing Request is made on a positive edge!
S_ReferenceSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the er- ror has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 360: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)

Table 361: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SMP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	State	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 361: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 362: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

7.4.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Rotary encoder Linear encoder the physical refe Any unit (mm, 1 positions (and d For this reason, per x revolution revolutions / x re		R 1.4	
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system [units]</i>)	[units]	revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined. Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.			R 1.4
EUS - Counting direction (previously Counting direction)	Standard / Inverse	Value Default Inverse	on of the position or speed Description	Default	R 1.3
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nm))	[nm]	is defined here. This value is no	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system 1		R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permi	issible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 363: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Maximum trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
(previously Homing Monitoring Time (µs))				
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		

Table 364: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously Edge of reference switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.		R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders.	0	R 1.4
		This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		

Table 364: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•	5 17		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 365: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descriptio	n	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition to when the S	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		En- \ abled \ t	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		abled s	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1</i> (us))	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS1		0	R 1.3

Table 366: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested			
		Value Description				
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time			
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored			
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3	

Table 367: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 368: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function			
	Low-side	Value	Description			
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.			
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.			

Table 369: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	S safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the	maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for	SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 370: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		o-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 370: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMF	safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position lim	it for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position lim	it for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position lim	it for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position lim	it for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between	en the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 371: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-	From motor data	Status of the proof	f of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		R1.3
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiva	ates monitoring of the speed error generated on the dule	Enabled	
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitoring Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 372: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesactivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay for STO in</i>	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state		0	R 1.3
Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake	[µs]	Delay time before	e the brake engages	0	R 1.3
engages			le channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])					
FFS - Caused by encoder error	Always / Only if safety functions re-		NAL FAIL SAFE on encoder error:	Always	R 1.10.1
(1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti	quiring an encoder		east one safety function that requires an encoder is used		
SafeMOTION and hardware	are enabled	and an encoder er			
upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)			tions requiring an encoder are enabled:		
ACOPOS ES SAIEMOTION)		and an encoder er	ast one safety function that requires an encoder is active ror is present.		

Table 373: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 374: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 375: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)		Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 376: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

		<u> </u>		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 377: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 378: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} \leq EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ norm$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

7.4.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.4.4 Safe encoder connection monitoring

7.4.4.1 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength¹⁴⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

7.4.4.2 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring¹⁵⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION), SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION) and Safe Speed).

¹⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

¹⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for drive systems with synchronous motors.
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing) must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- Safety functions Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP are not permitted to be not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{S} \right]$$

With the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ And number of motor pole pairs ρ_z

Danger!

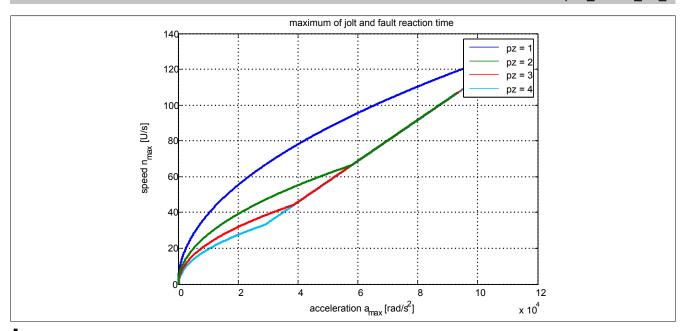
In the worst-case consideration of a safety function, the maximum achievable speed must be the maximum of maximum actuation speed n_{Jolt} and the speed due to the maximum error response time $n_{T_{worstcase}}$.

$$n_{\text{max}} = max(n_{\text{Jolt}}, n_{\text{T_{worstcase}}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{\text{max}}}{\rho_z}}, \frac{T_{\text{worstcase}}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{\text{max}}\right)$$

With the maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of coasting to a stop.

$$n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe Encoder Mounting (Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.x and later)		Status of the proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting		From motor data	R1.10
		Value	Description	record	
		From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position monitoring)		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
(previously Encoder Speed monitoring)		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable (previously Set position alive testing)	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring		0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolerance for encoder monitoring		0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 379: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 380: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

7.4.4.2.1 Activating monitoring¹⁶⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

7.4.4.2.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance¹⁷⁾

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance is not permitted to be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

¹⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

¹⁷⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

7.4.4.2.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance¹⁸⁾

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error (ParID 1159: SCTRL_SPEED_ERROR) under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

¹⁸⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

7.4.5 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.4.5.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

To prevent a violation of a monitored limit, the following points must be observed:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

7.4.5.2 Plausibility error¹⁹⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.4.5.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals²⁰

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters cause the function block to interpret this signal as an edge, which results in an unintended corresponding action being triggered in the function block if fault avoidance measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

¹⁹⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

²⁰⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

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- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- · Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- · Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- · Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

7.4.5.4 Simultaneous edge change²¹⁾

Make sure that the "Reset" formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

7.4.5.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment²²⁾

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

²¹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Ab-sPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

²²⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

7.4.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

7.4.6.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S_Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the "Activate" and "S_AxisID" inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

7.4.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.
All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.
Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

7.4.6.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

7.4.6.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	-side/ Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side Value High-side Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.			
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 381: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

7.4.6.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 382: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

7.4.6.6 S_RequestSOS

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 383: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 384: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descrip	tion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Disabled	addition	s ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) s SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelera SS1	ation ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 385: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 386: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.8 S_RequestSS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 387: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 388: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 389: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously *Early Limit Monitoring*)

•	•		3 (1)		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	0	nich the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to nd the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		R 1.3

Table 390: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.9 S_RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 391: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for S	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		0	R 1.3
Time for SLS1 (us))					

Table 392: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 393: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.10 S_RequestSLS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 394: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba	ased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enal	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3

Table 395: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description			R 1.3
		Enabled Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active! "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 396: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.11 **S_RequestSLS3**

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 397: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba	ased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enab	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for 9	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3

Table 398: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 399: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.12 S_RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 400: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba the SLS function is	sed monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Ena	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 401: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description Enabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Disabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active! Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to		0	R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		prematurely end the end state	ne deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		

Table 402: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.4.6.13 S_RequestSLI

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Increment, SLI

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 403: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

(provided in the control of the								
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release				
SLI - Position limit	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3				
(previously Safe Increments (units))								
SLI - Disable delay time	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3				
(previously SLI Off Delay (µs))								

Table 404: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.4.6.14 S_RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 405: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 406: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.4.6.15 S_RequestSDIneg

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 407: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 408: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.4.6.16 S_RequestSLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

FALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 409: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 410: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 411: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{POS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{POS}}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the "S_SafePositionValid" status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of function block "S_NotErrFUNC" is reset.

7.4.6.17 S_RequestHoming

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A positive edge of the input starts the safety function.

Positive edge: Change from FALSE to TRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Negative edge: Change from TRUE to FALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the negative edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	

Table 412: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4	
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4	

Table 412: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

7.4.6.18 S_ReferenceSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input "S_ReferenceSwitch" is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

The "S_ReferenceSwitch" input is only evaluated in "Reference Switch" homing mode. The input is ignored in other homing modes!

7.4.6.19 Reset

General function

 "Reset" input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

"Reset" input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A positive edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of parameter "Automatic Reset at Startup", a positive edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from state INIT to state OPERATIONAL after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

•	•		"		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled R1.3	
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 413: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

7.4.6.20 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

7.4.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

7.4.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

7.4.7.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Increment

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.15 S_SafetyActiveSLP

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

TRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLP safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.16 S_SafetyActiveSMP

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Maximum Position, SMP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

TRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not active because the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed, the function or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.17 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_SafePositionValid" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.4.7.18 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

7.4.7.19 S_AllReqFuncActive

General function

· Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.4.7.20 S_NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for additional information about the error. If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input "Reset" from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_NotErrFUNC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

7.4.7.21 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on the "Reset" input must change from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge).

7.4.7.22 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

7.4.7.23 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible workaround
0000	IDLE	The function block is not active.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure parameter "Startreset" accordingly or change to a positive edge on input "Reset".
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	No action required
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 414: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): Diagnostic codes

7.4.7.24 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostics message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

DWORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

The "AxisStatus" output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information is equal to a summary of the S_xxx outputs in a DWORD.

The individual bits have the following meaning:

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg	SLP	SMP	PositionValid
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
-	Status Setposition Alive Test	Status SFR	Status All requested safety functions active	Status SDC	Status Operational	Status Not Encoder Error	Status Not Functional Er- ror

Table 415: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: SafeMOTION module status bits

7.4.8 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

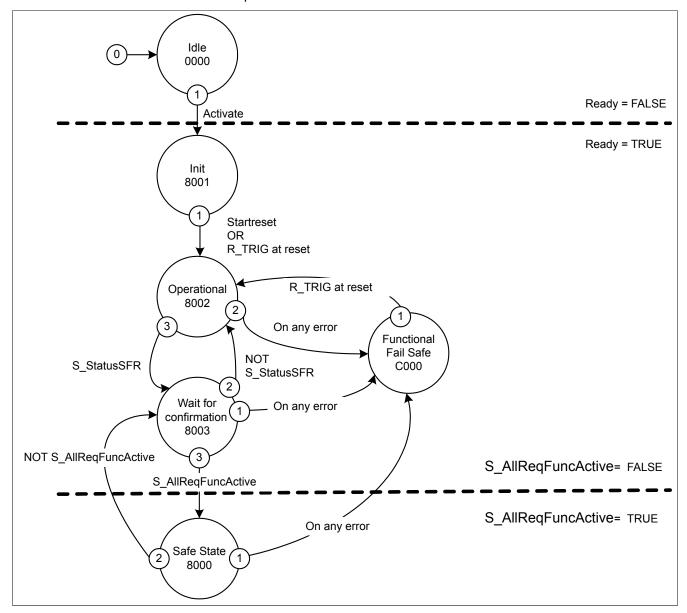


Figure 112: SF SafeMC BR(V2): State machine

Individual states are reflected by the "DiagCode" output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

7.4.9 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.5 SF_SafeMC_BR_V3

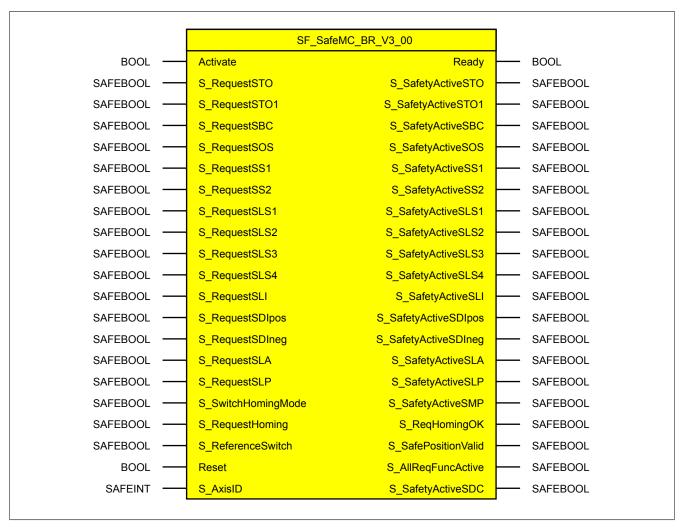


Figure 113: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3 function block

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_BR_V3_00 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.9.

If a previous Safety Release is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

7.5.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLA safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_SwitchHomingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Homing with RSP enabled. SAFEFALSE: Homing with RSP disabled.
S_RequestHoming	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing Request is made on a positive edge!
S_ReferenceSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the er- ror has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 416: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)

Table 417: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of output parameters

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLA safety function is active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SMP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_ReqHomingOK	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (=SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	State	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 417: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 418: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

7.5.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Activate Safe Ma-	Disabled			
chine Options)				

Table 419: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		D	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously <i>Count of physical reference system</i>)	-	Linear encoder unthe physical reference Any unit (mm, 1, positions (and da For this reason, 1)	Rotary encoder unit scale: X revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: X reference lengths (reference length = length of the physical reference system) Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per processed lengths).			R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])	[units]	Rotary encoder the Linear encoder to Any unit (mm, 1, positions (and da For this reason, 1 per x revolutions	per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined. Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.			
EUS - Counting direction (previously Counting direction)	Standard / Inverse	•		Default	R 1.3	
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nml)	[nm]	is defined here. This value is not	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system 1		00000000	R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		malized 32	2767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permis	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration			R 1.4

Table 420: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 421: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch. The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.		R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	0	R 1.4

Table 421: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 422: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested Description When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time. When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.	Enabled	R 1.3
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS1		R 1.3

Table 423: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp mo	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp	monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 424: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En- Enabled	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 425: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	High-side	R 1.3	
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 426: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	IS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the	e maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for	SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 427: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description D		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		b-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 427: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in pos- itive direction (previously Safe acceleration	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously <i>Delay time to start SLA (us)</i>)				

Table 428: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 429: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof	f of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(annuincely Ontonoliting alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 430: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL 0 SAFE state		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously <i>Delay time until the</i>	[µs]	The second enabl	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		R 1.3
brake engages [µs]) FFS - Caused by encoder er-	Always / Only if	Enable FUNCTIO	NAL FAIL SAFE on encoder error:	Always	R 1.10.1
ror	safety functions re-	Always:			
(1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti	quiring an encoder	FFS occurs if at least one safety function that requires an encoder is used			
SafeMOTION and hardware	are enabled	and an encoder error is present.			
upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)			tions requiring an encoder are enabled: ast one safety function that requires an encoder is active rror is present.		

Table 431: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 432: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 433: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/	Deceleration ramp	Disabled	R 1.3	
(previously Early Limit Moni- toring)	Disabled	below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the enc amount of time, th vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to (prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 434: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 435: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 436: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} \leq EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ normaliz$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

7.5.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.5.4 Safe encoder connection monitoring

7.5.4.1 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength²³⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value is not permitted to be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

7.5.4.2 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring²⁴⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION), SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION) and Safe Speed).

²³⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

²⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used for drive systems with synchronous motors
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing) must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- Safety functions Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP are not permitted to be not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{S} \right]$$

With the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ And number of motor pole pairs p_z

Danger!

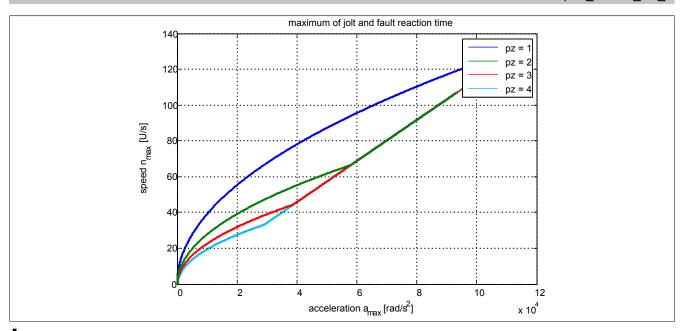
In the worst-case consideration of a safety function, the maximum achievable speed must be the maximum of maximum actuation speed n_{Jolt} and the speed due to the maximum error response time $n_{T_{worstcase}}$.

$$n_{max} = max(n_{Jolt}, n_{T_{worstcase}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}}, \frac{T_{worstcase}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{max}\right)$$

With the maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of coasting to a stop.

$$n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting		From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware upgrade 1.10.3.x and later)		Value	Description		
		From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables monitoring of the position lag error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
(previously Encoder Speed monitoring)		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable (previously Set position alive testing)	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring		0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolerance for encoder monitoring		0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 437: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 438: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for parameter "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using parameter "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit".

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring is only permitted to be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

7.5.4.2.1 Activating monitoring²⁵⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

7.5.4.2.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance²⁶⁾

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance is not permitted to be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

²⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

²⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

7.5.4.2.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance²⁷⁾

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error (ParID 1159: SCTRL_SPEED_ERROR) under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

²⁷⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

7.5.5 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.5.5.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

To prevent a violation of a monitored limit, the following points must be observed:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The "S_NotErrFUNC" output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

7.5.5.2 Plausibility error²⁸⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.5.5.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals²⁹

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters cause the function block to interpret this signal as an edge, which results in an unintended corresponding action being triggered in the function block if fault avoidance measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

²⁸⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

²⁹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

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- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- · Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- · Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

7.5.5.4 Simultaneous edge change³⁰⁾

Make sure that the "Reset" formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

7.5.5.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment31)

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

³⁰⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Ab-sPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

³¹⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

7.5.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

7.5.6.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S_Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the "Activate" and "S_AxisID" inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

7.5.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

7.5.6.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

7.5.6.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

F	arameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
5	TO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		R 1.3
		Low-side	Value	Description		
	(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High-side	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
			Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 439: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

7.5.6.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 440: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

7.5.6.6 S_RequestSOS

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 441: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 442: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS1 function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 443: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lowe "Early limit mo falls below the	nitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined e, then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring time (us)</i>)	[µs]		Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state		R 1.3

Table 444: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.8 S_RequestSS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 445: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
	Disal	Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 446: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 447: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously *Early Limit Monitoring*)

•	•		C (1		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Moni-</i>	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower	mp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls limit itoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process		R 1.3
toring)		falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-			
		vated premature	ely		
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's			R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		end state	•		

Table 448: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.9 S_RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 449: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 450: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 451: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.10 S_RequestSLS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 452: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp- the SLS function	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc n}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
Time for SLS2 (us))					

Table 453: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 454: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.11 **S_RequestSLS3**

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 455: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc n}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 456: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
. ,	Enabled/ Disabled	below the low "Early limit mo falls below the	unitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process e end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined ie, then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-	; 	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring time (us)</i>)	[µs]		Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state		R 1.3

Table 457: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.12 S_RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 458: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba the SLS function is	sed monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	E	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 459: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description Enabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is active! Disabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 460: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

7.5.6.13 S_RequestSLI

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Increment, SLI

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 461: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

•	•	,			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3	
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (us))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3	

Table 462: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.5.6.14 S_RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 463: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 464: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.5.6.15 S_RequestSDIneg

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 465: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 466: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.5.6.16 S_RequestSLA

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Acceleration, SLA

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 467: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously <i>Delay time to start SLA (us)</i>)				

Table 468: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

7.5.6.17 S_RequestSLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

FALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 469: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 470: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously Position Tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 471: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the "S_SafePositionValid" status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of function block "S_NotErrFUNC" is reset.

7.5.6.18 S_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by safety function "Remanent Safe Position" and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

TRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge of the "S_RequestHoming" input), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

FALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge of the "S_RequestHoming" input), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

_	•					
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value			
Homing	· ·					
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled			
		This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!				
Safety Standstill and Direction	Tolerances					
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0			
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0			

Table 472: RSP safety function - Parameters

7.5.6.19 S_RequestHoming

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A positive edge of the input starts the safety function.

Positive edge: Change from FALSE to TRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Negative edge: Change from TRUE to FALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the negative edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4

Table 473: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 473: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

7.5.6.20 S ReferenceSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input "S_ReferenceSwitch" is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

The "S_ReferenceSwitch" input is only evaluated in "Reference Switch" homing mode. The input is ignored in other homing modes!

7.5.6.21 Reset

General function

 "Reset" input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

"Reset" input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A positive edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of parameter "Automatic Reset at Startup", a positive edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from state INIT to state OPERATIONAL after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

•	•		· ,		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 474: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

7.5.6.22 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

7.5.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

7.5.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

7.5.7.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Increment

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.15 S_SafetyActiveSLA

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

TRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLA safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.16 S_SafetyActiveSLP

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

TRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLP safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.17 S_SafetyActiveSMP

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Maximum Position, SMP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

TRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not active because the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed, the function or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.18 S_ReqHominOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state (**S_RequestHoming** and **S_SafePositionValid** are set).

TRUE

The input for homing is set (**S_RequestHoming** = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid (**S_SafePosition-Valid** = SAFETRUE).

FALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid.

7.5.7.19 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_SafePositionValid" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.5.7.20 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

7.5.7.21 S_AllReqFuncActive

General function

• Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

7.5.7.22 S_NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for additional information about the error. If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input "Reset" from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_NotErrFUNC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

7.5.7.23 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on the "Reset" input must change from FALSE to TRUE (positive edge).

7.5.7.24 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

7.5.7.25 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible workaround
0000	IDLE	The function block is not active.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure parameter "Startreset" accordingly or change to a positive edge on input "Reset".
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	'
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 475: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): Diagnostic codes

7.5.7.26 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostics message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

• DWORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

The **AxisStatus** output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information corresponds to a summary of the **S_xxx** outputs in a DWORD.

The individual bits have the following meaning:

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg	SLP	SMP	PositionValid
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
Status SLA	Status Setposition Alive	Status SFR	Status "All requested	Status SDC	Status Operational	Status Not Encoder Error	Status Not Functional Er-
	Test		safety functions active"				ror

Table 476: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: SafeMOTION module status bits

7.5.8 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

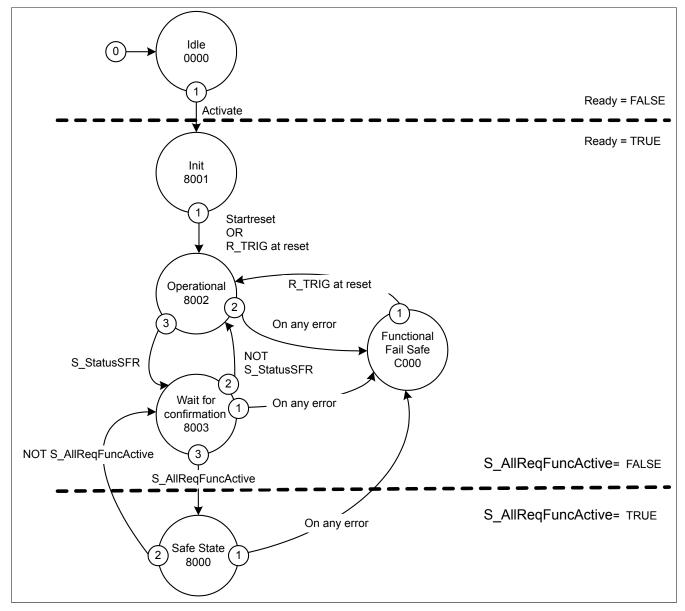


Figure 114: SF SafeMC BR(V2): State machine

Individual states are reflected by the "DiagCode" output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

7.5.9 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

7.6 SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR

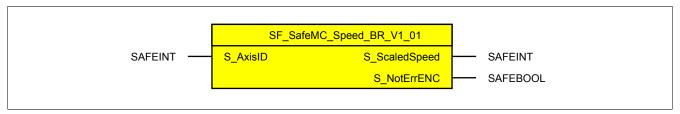


Figure 115: Function block SF SafeMC Speed BR

7.6.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type ¹⁾	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 477: SF SafeMC Speed BR: Overview of input parameters

l) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type ¹⁾	Initial value	Description / General function
S_ScaledSpeed	SAFEINT	Variable	Value	-	Scaled safe speed
S_NotErrENC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (=SAFETRUE), the signal S_ScaledSpeed is valid

Table 478: SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 479: Format description of the data types

7.6.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR is to establish a connection between the safe speed of an axis and the associated encoder error status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR function block can be used to process the current safe speed of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the speed signal, the corresponding encoder error status bit must also always be checked.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to TRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.6.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.6.3.1 Plausibility errors

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by the function block or compiler.

This is not always possible in the event of connection errors, however.

It is not possible for the function block to check whether:

- Actual parameter values or constants within the valid range are in fact incorrect for the safety functions being executed. A static TRUE signal on the Reset input is detected by the function block and indicated as an error, however.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- I/O formal parameters were not connected inadvertently.

It is therefore important to note the following:

Danger!

The user is responsible for the connection of the safety function (sub-application).

The connection for validating the sub-application must be checked

7.6.3.2 Validating the speed signal

In order for the speed signal to undergo a valid evaluation, the associated encoder error status bit must always be checked as well.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to TRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.6.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

7.6.4 Input parameters

7.6.4.1 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR is permitted to be used more than once in the safety application!

7.6.5 Output parameters

7.6.5.1 S_ScaledSpeed

General function

· Indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed for a real axis.

Danger!

The value of the "S_ScaledSpeed" output parameter is only valid if the "S_NotErrENC" output parameter is TRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.6.5.2 S_NotErrENC

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

TRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal. The value of the safe speed on the output parameter "S_S-caledSpeed" is valid.

FALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_NotErrENC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_ScaledSpeed" is only valid if the output parameter "S_NotEr-rENC" is TRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.6.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

7.6.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible comparison of the scaled safe speed with a permanent defined value in the safety application.

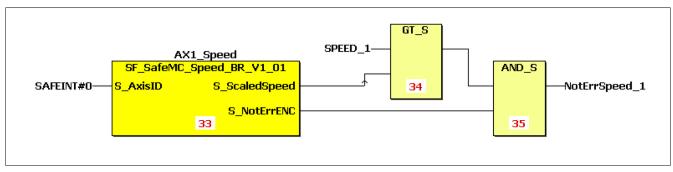


Figure 116: SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR: Evaluation of the scaled safe speed

7.7 SF_SafeMC_Position_BR

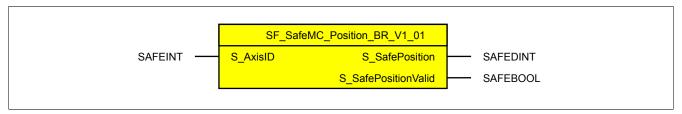


Figure 117: Function block SF SafeMC Position BR

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V1_01 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.4. If Safety Release 1.3 is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

7.7.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 480: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: Overview of input parameters

() Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafePosition	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State		Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)

Table 481: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 482: Format description of the data types

7.7.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and its associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR function block can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit "S_PositionValid" must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.7.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.7.3.1 Plausibility errors

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- · Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.7.3.2 Validating the position signal

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.7.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

7.7.4 Input parameters

7.7.4.1 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR is permitted to be used more than once in the safety application!

7.7.5 Output parameters

7.7.5.1 S_SafePosition

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.7.5.2 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_SafePositionValid" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.7.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

7.7.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible use of the Safe Position Monitor function on the SafeL-OGIC controller.

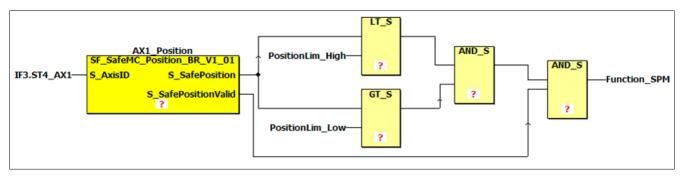


Figure 118: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: The Safe Position Monitor function

7.8 SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2

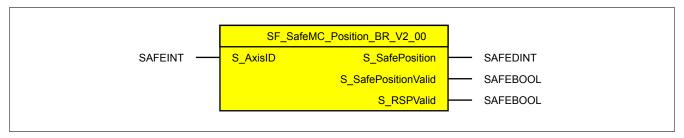


Figure 119: SF SafeMC Position BR V2 function block

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.9.

If a previous Safety Release is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

7.8.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 483: SF SafeMC Position BR V2: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafePosition	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)

Table 484: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 485: Format description of the data types

7.8.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and its associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 function block can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit "S_PositionValid" must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.8.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.8.3.1 Plausibility error³²⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- · Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.8.3.2 Validating the position signal

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.8.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment³³⁾

Faulty protective equipment is only detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for the functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore validate the protective equipment!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit and open circuit (user error, wiring error)

³²⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

³³⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

7.8.4 Input parameters

7.8.4.1 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR is permitted to be used more than once in the safety application!

7.8.5 Output parameters

7.8.5.1 S_SafePosition

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.8.5.2 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_SafePositionValid" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the output parameter "S_SafePosition" is only valid if the output parameter "S_SafePositionValid" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.8.5.3 S_RSPValid

General function

· Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the following:

- · The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

TRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

FALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of "S_SafePositionValid" is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.

7.8.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

7.8.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible use of the Safe Position Monitor function on the SafeL-OGIC controller.

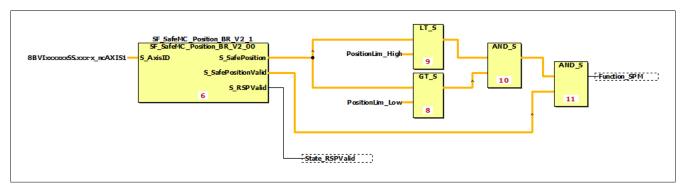


Figure 120: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2: The "Safe Position Monitor" function

7.9 SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR

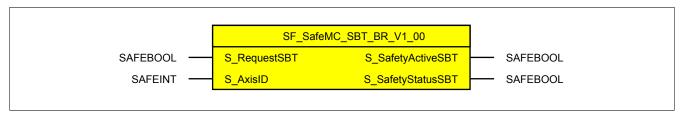


Figure 121: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR function block

7.9.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type	Initial value	Description / General function
S_RequestSBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Requests the SBT safety function on a negative edge
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 486: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR: Overview of input parameters

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSBT	SAFEBOOL	OL Variable State SAFEFALSE SBT safety function active (= SA		SBT safety function active (= SAFETRUE)	
S_SafetyStatusSBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function completed successfully, valid test status (= SAFETRUE)

Table 487: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR: Overview of output parameters

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 488: Format description of the data types

7.9.2 Safe Brake Test (SBT)

See ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test (SBT).

7.9.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.9.3.1 Plausibility error³⁴⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Check the connections when validating the sub-application!

7.9.3.2 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals

Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals on

edge-controlled formal input parameters cause the function block to interpret the signal as an edge, which
results in an unintended action being triggered in the function block if error prevention measures are not
in place.

Possible causes of these signals:

- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- · Error in the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- · Use of safe device signals
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from the standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after resetting a triggered safety function or correcting an error)
- · Line control on the safe control system.
- Suitable wiring when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

The specified measures can also be combined to reliably avoid errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

7.9.4 Input parameters

7.9.4.1 S_RequestSBT

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start the SBT safety function.

Negative edge

A negative edge or state transition from SafeTRUE to SafeFALSE on input parameter "S_RequestSBT" starts the Safe Brake Test, SBT safety function.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Safety Additional Parameters			
Delay time to start SBT (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0
Safe Brake Test			
Safe Brake Test interval (s)	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800
Safe Brake Test threshold (uA)	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0
Safe Brake Test external load (uA)	[µA]	External load	0
Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us)	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0
Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units)	[units]	Position tolerance	0

Table 489: SBT safety function - Parameters

7.9.4.2 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

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7.9.5 Output parameters

7.9.5.1 S_SafetyActiveSBT

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT

Data type

• SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBT safety function

TRUE

The SBT safety function is being executed.

FALSE

The SBT safety function has not been requested.

7.9.5.2 S SafetyStatusSBT

General function

· Status information for testing the holding brake with Safe Brake Test, SBT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Returns the status of the holding brake test with Safe Brake Test, SBT

TRUE

The SBT safety function has been executed. The status of the testing is valid.

FALSE

The SBT safety function has not been executed. The status of the testing is invalid or expired.

7.9.6 Signal sequence diagram

Signal sequence diagram for the Safe Brake Test, SBT safety function (see "ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test, SBT").

7.10 Exceeding monitored limits³⁵⁾

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

To prevent a violation of a monitored limit, the following points must be observed:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Function block output "S_Status_NotErrFUNC" is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop.

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

³⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

8 openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF is the vendor-specific implementation of the openSAFETY Safe Movement profile specification for B&R.

All function blocks are equipped with the general connections defined in the PLCopen specification ("Activate", "Ready", "Error", "DiagCode").

Input "Activate" solely affects the functionality of the function block; outputs "Ready", "Error" and "DiagCode" are exclusively generated by the function block.

- · Input "Activate": Enables the function block
- · Output "Ready": Function block is being processed
- · Output "Error": Boolean error message
- Output "DiagCode": Error code

Connection "S_AxisID" references the axis to be used. This axis ID is made available as a constant by SafeDESIGNER.

All other connections correspond to the requirements or the status of the safety functions made available by the safe axis.

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

Information:

Only the inputs of safety functions that are actually used in the safety application are permitted to be linked.

Linking an input of a safety function to SAFETRUE or SAFEFALSE is not permitted since this identifies the function as being used but does not allow it to be tested!

8.1 Overview

Overview of function blocks in library openSAFETY BuR Motion SF.

Function block	Description
SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR	Interface to the Basic Set of the openSAFETY Safe Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR	Interface to the Speed Extension Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR	Interface to the Advanced Extension Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR	Interface to the Encoder Basic Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_BR	Combination of function blocks SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR and SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR
SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR	Links the safe speed of an axis and the associated status of the encoder error
SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status

8.2 System requirements

Library "openSAFETY BuR Motion SF" is part of SafeDESIGNER and only permitted to be used there.

The following requirements must be met in order to use library "openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF":

- SafeDESIGNER: 4.2.2 or later
- · Automation Studio: 4.2.5 or later
- · SafeLOGIC: Safety Release 1.10 or later
- SafeLOGIC-X: Safety Release 1.10 and later, X20(c)SLX910 supports maximum 1 axis
- ACP10 motion software: 3.15.0 or later
- The safety functions being used must be unlocked using a Technology Guard.

8.3 Term definitions

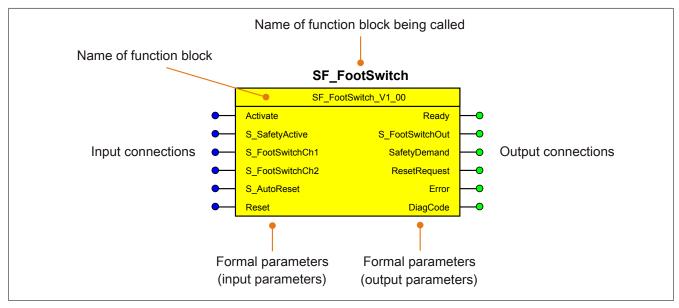


Figure 122: Components of a function block

When calling a function block, the inputs supply the input parameters with the current values of the variables or constants.

The output parameters supply the outputs with the associated values.

Inputs and outputs do not need to have the same name as the associated formal parameters, but they must be of the same data type. A difference in data type between formal parameters and inputs/outputs is reported as an error after compilation.

The name of a function block is composed of the function itself (e.g. "SF_FootSwitch", SF = safety function) and its version (Vx_yz). The format used to represent the version number in this document, Vx_yz , is a placeholder. For the actual version, see the function block being used.

8.4 SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR

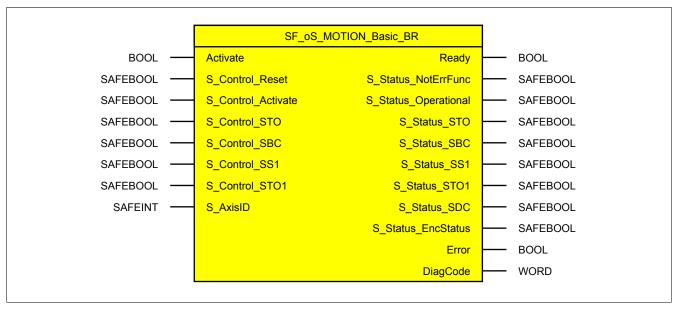


Figure 123: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

8.4.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_Reset	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the error has been removed
S_Control_Activate	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SAFETRUE: Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled. SAFEFALSE: Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE
S_Control_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Chan- nel" (STO1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 490: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_Status_NotErrFunc	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_Operational	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Status of the state machine of the safe axis SAFEFALSE: State machine not in state OPERATION- AL SAFETRUE: State machine in state OPERATIONAL
S_Status_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal S_ScaledSpeed is valid.
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 491: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 492: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

8.4.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description				Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic	Disabled	R1.3			
able	Disabled	Value	Description				
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!				
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.				

Table 493: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously <i>Count of physical reference system</i>)	-	Linear encode the physical re Any unit (mm positions (and	er unit scale: X revolutions er unit scale: X reference lengths (reference length = length of eference system) , 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for d data that can result such as speed and acceleration). n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units)		R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of phys-	[units]	per x revolution revolutions / x Rotary encode	ons / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x creference lengths has to be previously defined. er unit scale: Units per x revolutions		R 1.4
ical reference system (previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])		Any unit (mm positions (and For this reaso per x revolution	er unit scale: Units per x reference lengths 1, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for d data that can result such as speed and acceleration). 1. In, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units ons / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x or reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard / Inverse	Counting dire	Counting direction of the position or speed Value Description		R 1.3
(previously Counting direction)	inverse	Default	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system.		
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en-	[nm]	For linear medis defined her This value is single revoluti		R 1.4	
coder (nm)) EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range	[units/s]	Maximum spe	32767	R 1.3	
(previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))					
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum per	missible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))					

Table 494: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description Default value		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof	f of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled				
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	Speed error tolerance for encoder monitoring		R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 495: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 496: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 497: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•	5 (1)		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 498: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-si	High-side	R 1.3	
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High-side	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 499: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descrip	tion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Disabled additi		s ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) s SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		En- abled Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time. When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Decelera SS1	ation ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 500: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 501: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

8.4.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.4.4 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.4.5 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.4.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.4.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

"S_Control" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs "Activate" and "S AxisID" must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs "Activate" and "S_AxisID", inputs "S_Control_Reset" and "S_Control_Activate" must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

8.4.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.4.6.3 S_Control_Reset

General function

 Input "S_Control_Reset" for acknowledging state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE or for putting the SafeMOTION module into state OPERATIONAL after STARTUP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Input "S_Control_Reset" for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A positive edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of parameter "Automatic Reset at Startup", a positive edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from state INIT to state OPERATIONAL after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

•	•		"		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Automatic reset on start - En- Enabled/		Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 502: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

8.4.6.4 S_Control_Activate

General function

• Enables the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to enable the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function.

SAFETRUE

Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled.

SAFEFALSE

Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE

8.4.6.5 S_Control_STO

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

• None

8.4.6.6 S_Control_SBC

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 503: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

8.4.6.7 S_Control_SS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 504: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	ion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 505: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value			R 1.3
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 506: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.4.6.8 S_Control_STO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-si	High-side	R 1.3	
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	Low-side	Value	Description		
		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 507: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

8.4.6.9 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and function block oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.4.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.4.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.4.7.2 S_Status_NotErrFunc

General function

Information about the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module.

SAFETRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

SAFEFALSE

An error (e.g. exceeding a monitored limit) has been detected on the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module or the function block has not been activated.

In the event of an error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for additional information about the error. If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_NotErrFUNC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

8.4.7.3 S_Status_Operational

General function

· Information about the status of the state machine of the safe axis

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the status of the state machine of the safe axis.

SAFETRUE

The state machine is in state OPERATIONAL.

SAFEFALSE

The state machine is not in state OPERATIONAL.

8.4.7.4 S_Status_STO

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.4.7.5 **S_Status_SBC**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

SAFETRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.4.7.6 S_Status_SS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.4.7.7 S_Status_STO1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.4.7.8 **S_Status_SDC**

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

SAFETRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

SAFEFALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

8.4.7.9 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_EncStatus" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.4.7.10 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.4.7.11 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.4.7.12 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	action is required.
		 If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	The function set for the control byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	The function set for the status byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	The status byte could not be read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	The control byte could not be written.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 508: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.4.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.5 SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR

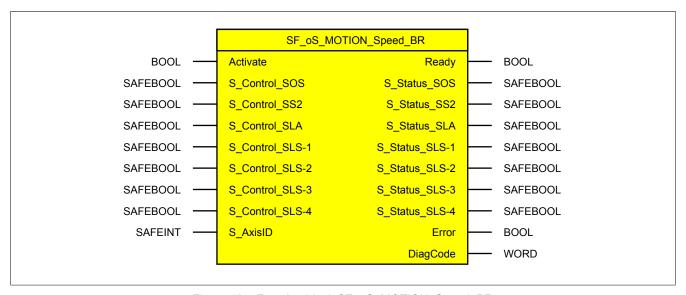


Figure 124: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

8.5.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Operating Stop (SOS). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Stop 2 (SS2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2 (SLS-2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3 (SLS-3). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4 (SLS-4). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 509: SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR: Overview of input parameters

¹⁾ Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_Status_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1" (SLS-1) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2" (SLS-2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3" (SLS-3) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4" (SLS-4) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 510: SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 511: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

8.5.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp me SS2 function is red	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp	monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 512: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 513: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SN	AS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit (previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit of th	e maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3

Table 514: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4) 0		0	R 1.3
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		b-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 514: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} \leq EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

8.5.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.5.4 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.5.5 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.5.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.5.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

"S_Control" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs "Activate" and "S AxisID" must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

8.5.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.5.6.3 S_Control_SOS

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 515: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.4 **S_Control_SS2**

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 516: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp	monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 517: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously Position Tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 518: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp	Disabled	R 1.3	
(previously Early Limit Moni- toring)		"Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 519: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.5 S_Control_SLA

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Acceleration, SLA

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 520: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	it Description		Description Default value		Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9		
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)						
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9		
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)						
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9		
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)						
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9		
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)						
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9		
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))						

Table 521: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.5.6.6 S_Control_SLS-1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 522: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled Disabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 523: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 524: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.7 S_Control_SLS-2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 525: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp- the SLS function	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc in}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled Disabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
Time for SLS2 (us))					

Table 526: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ram below the lower lin "Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 527: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.8 S_Control_SLS-3

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 528: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description I		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba	ased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for 9	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3

Table 529: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ram below the lower lin "Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 530: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.9 S_Control_SLS-4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 531: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		b-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 f	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 532: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower lir "Early limit monitor falls below the end	ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 533: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.5.6.10 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and function block oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.5.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.5.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.5.7.2 **S_Status_SOS**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

SAFETRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.3 S_Status_SS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.4 **S_Status_SLA**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Acceleration, SLA

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.5 S_Status_SLS-1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.6 S_Status_SLS-2

General function

• Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.7 S_Status_SLS-3

General function

• Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.8 S_Status_SLS-4

General function

• Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.5.7.9 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.5.7.10 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.5.7.11 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), or correct the fault in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended,
		check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	The function set for the control byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	The function set for the status byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	The status byte could not be read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	The control byte could not be written.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 534: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.5.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.6 SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR

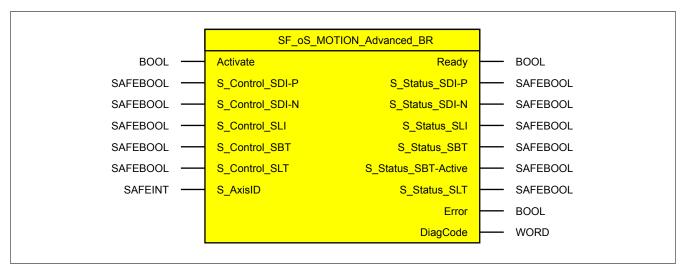


Figure 125: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

8.6.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard	
S_Control_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Direction (SDI). Movement in the positive direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested	
S_Control_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Direction (SDI). Movement in the negative direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested	
S_Control_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Increment (SLI). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested	
S_Control_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Brake Test (SBT). The request is made on a falling edge!	
S_Control_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Torque" (SLT) SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested	
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block	

Table 535: SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_Status_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, positive direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, negative direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) completed successfully, status of test is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT-Active	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Torque" (SLT) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 536: SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 537: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

8.6.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 538: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 539: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

8.6.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.6.4 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.6.5 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.6.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.6.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

"S_Control" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs "Activate" and "S_AxisID" must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

8.6.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.6.6.3 S_Control_SDI-P

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 540: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 541: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.6.4 S_Control_SDI-N

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 542: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 543: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.6.5 S_Control_SLI

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Increment, SLI

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 544: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

	(1	,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Increments (units))				
SLI - Disable delay time	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3
(previously SLI Off Delay (µs))				

Table 545: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.6.6 S_Control_SBT

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start the SBT safety function.

Negative edge

A negative edge (state transition from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE on input parameter "S_Control_SBT") starts safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously Safe Brake Test) (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> SBT (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3

Table 546: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.6.7 S_Control_SLT

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Torque, SLT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLT safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLT is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The configured motor torque limit is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
SLT - Torque limit	[mNm]	Torque limitation monitored during activation of SLT	0	R 1.10
SLT - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.10

Table 547: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLT

Group: General settings - Motor (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μH	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10

Table 548: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load	0	1.10

Table 548: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

8.6.6.8 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.6.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.6.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.6.7.2 S_Status_SDI-P

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.6.7.3 S_Status_SDI-N

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.6.7.4 **S_Status_SLI**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Increment

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.6.7.5 **S_Status_SBT**

General function

Additional information for testing the holding brake with Safe Brake Test

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Returns the status of the holding brake test with Safe Brake Test, SBT

SAFETRUE

The SBT safety function has been executed. The status of the testing is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The SBT safety function has not been executed. The status of the testing is invalid or expired.

8.6.7.6 S_Status_SBT-Active

General function

• Additional information for testing the holding brake with Safe Brake Test

Data type

• SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Returns the status of the holding brake test with Safe Brake Test, SBT

SAFETRUE

Testing of the holding brake with SBT is being executed.

SAFEFALSE

Testing of the holding brake with SBT is not requested.

8.6.7.7 **S_Status_SLT**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Torque

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLT safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLT safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

Safety function SLT is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.6.7.8 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.6.7.9 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.6.7.10 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), or correct the fault in the peripheral
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	according to the device description. If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required.
		If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	The function set for the control byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	The function set for the status byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	The status byte could not be read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	The control byte could not be written.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 549: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.6.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.7 SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR

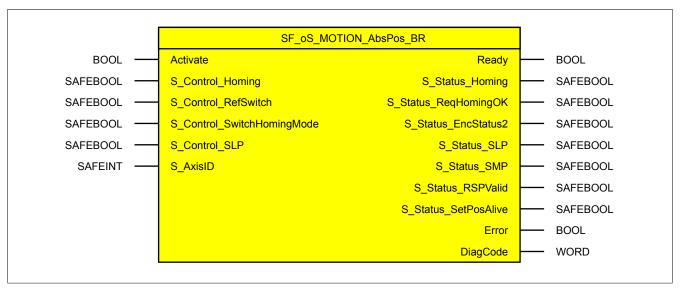


Figure 126: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

8.7.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing. The request is made on a rising edge!
S_Control_RefSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
S_Control_SwitchHom- ingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Enables homing with remanent safe position (RSP). SAFEFALSE: Homing with RSP disabled.
S_Control_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Position (SLP). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 550: SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output "Ready" according to the PLCopen standard	
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)	
S_Status_ReqHomin- gOk	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (i.e SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_EncStatus2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte" is valid.	
S_Status_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Position (SLP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_SMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Maximum Position (SMP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSP) (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)	
S_Status_SetPosAlive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint	
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message	
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message	

Table 551: SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 552: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

8.7.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously <i>Home Position or</i> <i>Home Offset (units)</i>)	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (µs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Disabled	R 1.4
(previously Reference pulse) Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	0	R 1.4

Table 553: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SN	MP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Lower position li	Lower position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		0	R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position li	imit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range		0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time betw	een the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 554: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time (previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL 0 SAFE state		0	R 1.3
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
FFS - Caused by encoder error (1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)	Always / Only if safety functions re- quiring an encoder are enabled	Always:			R 1.10.1

Table 555: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

8.7.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.7.4 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.7.5 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.7.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.7.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

"S_Control" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs "Activate" and "S_AxisID" must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs "Activate" and "S_AxisID", inputs "S_Control_Reset" and "S_Control_Activate" must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

8.7.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.
All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.
Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.7.6.3 S_Control_Homing

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A positive edge of the input starts the safety function.

Positive edge: Change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Negative edge: Change from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the negative edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4

Table 556: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4	
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4	

Table 556: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The "SafePositionValid" status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

8.7.6.4 S_Control_RefSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input "S_ReferenceSwitch" is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

Input "S_Control_RefSwitch" is only evaluated in homing mode "Reference Switch". The input is ignored in other homing modes!

8.7.6.5 S_Control_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by safety function "Remanent Safe Position" and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

SAFETRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge on input "S_Control_RequestHoming"), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

SAFEFALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge on input "S_Control_RequestHoming"), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Homing			
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled
		This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	
Safety Standstill and Direction	Tolerances		
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0

Table 557: RSP safety function - Parameters

8.7.6.6 S_Control_SLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 558: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 559: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 560: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the "S_SafePositionValid" status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of function block "S_NotErrFUNC" is reset.

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8.7.6.7 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.7.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.7.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.7.7.2 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_Status_Homing" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter "S_SafePosition_4Byte" is only valid if output parameter S_SafePositionValid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

8.7.7.3 S_Status_ReqHomingOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state ("S_Control_Homing" and "S_Status_Homing" are set).

SAFETRUE

The input for homing is set ("S_Control_Homing" = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid ("S_Status_Homing" = SAFETRUE).

SAFEFALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.7.4 S_Status_EncStatus2

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_EncStatus2" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.7.7.5 **S_Status_SLP**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.7.6 **S_Status_SMP**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Maximum Position, SMP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not yet active since the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.7.7 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

· Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the following:

- · The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of "S_Status_Homing" is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.7.8 S_Status_SetPosAlive

General function

· Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether the plausibility of the position setpoint has been checked.

SAFETRUE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was checked successfully.

SAFEFALSE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was faulty or not checked. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.7.9 Error

General function

Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.7.7.10 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.7.7.11 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	The function set for the control byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	The function set for the status byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	The status byte could not be read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	The control byte could not be written.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 561: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.7.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.8 SF_oS_MOTION_BR

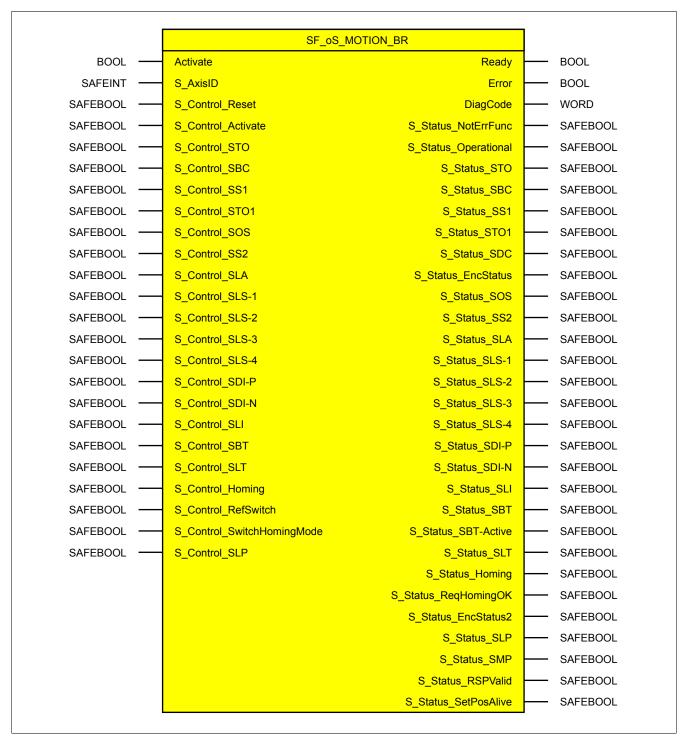


Figure 127: Function block "SF_oS_MOTION_BR"

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

This function block provides access to all available function sets.

If this function block is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the same "S_AxisID" is not permitted to be simultaneously used with function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR!

8.8.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block
S_Control_Reset	SAFEBOOL	Variable/	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION mod-
S. Comtrol. Activists	CAFEROOL	Constant	Ctoto	CAFFFALCE	ule after the cause of the error has been removed
S_Control_Activate	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	SAFETRUE: Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled.
		Conotant			SAFEFALSE: Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE
S_Control_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Torque Off (STO). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Brake Control (SBC). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Stop 1 (SS1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel (STO1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S Control SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Operating Stop
		Constant			(SOS).
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	CAFEROOL	Mariable/	Chaha	CAFFEALOF	SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Stop 2 (SS2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed,
		Constant			Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2 (SLS-2).
					SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3 (SLS-3). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Speed,
		Constant			Speed Limit 4 (SLS-4). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Direction (SDI). Movement in the positive direction is allowed.
					SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Direction (SDI). Movement in the negative direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Increment
		Constant			(SLI). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safe Brake Test (SBT). The request is made on a falling edge!
S_Control_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Torque (SLT) SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing. The request is made on a rising edge!
S_Control_RefSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
S_Control_SwitchHomingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Enables homing with remanent safe position (RSP). SAFEFALSE: Homing with RSP disabled.
S_Control_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	State	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function Safely Limited Position (SLP).
					SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested

Table 562: "SF_oS_MOTION_BR": Overview of input parameters

¹⁾ Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output "Ready" according to the PLCopen standard
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
S_Status_NotErrFunc	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_Operational	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Status of the state machine of the safe axis SAFEFALSE: State machine not in state OPERATION-AL
					SAFETRUE: State machine in state OPERATIONAL
S_Status_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Torque Off (STO) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Brake Control (SBC) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Stop 1 (SS1) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel (STO1) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed" is valid.
S_Status_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Operating Stop (SOS) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Stop 2 (SS2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2 (SLS-2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3 (SLS-3) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4 (SLS-4) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Direction (SDI, positive direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Direction (SDI, negative direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Increment (SLI) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Brake Test (SBT) completed successfully, status of test is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT-Active	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Brake Test (SBT) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Torque (SLT) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_Status_ReqHomingOF	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (i.e. SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)
S_Status_EncStatus2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed" is valid.
S_Status_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safely Limited Position (SLP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Safety function Safe Maximum Position (SMP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSP) (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)
S_Status_SetPosAlive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint

Table 563: "SF_oS_MOTION_BR": Overview of output parameters

¹⁾ Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

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Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 564: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

8.8.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release			
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup Disable		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description				
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!				
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.				

Table 565: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesactivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL 0 SAFE state		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake	[µs]	Delay time before	e the brake engages	0	R 1.3
engages			le channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])			-		
FFS - Caused by encoder er-	Always / Only if		NAL FAIL SAFE on encoder error:	Always	R 1.10.1
ror	safety functions re-				
(1.10.1.x for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and hardware	quiring an encoder are enabled	FFS occurs if at least one safety function that requires an encoder is used and an encoder error is present.			
upgrade 1.10.2.x or later for	a. 5 5.165.00	Only if safety functions requiring an encoder are enabled:			
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)			ast one safety function that requires an encoder is active		

Table 566: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Rotary encoder uni Linear encoder uni the physical referer Any unit (mm, 1/10 positions (and data For this reason, the per x revolutions / x reference unit of the x revolutions / x reference unit of x revolutions / x reference unit of x revolutions / x reference unit of x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x revolutions / x r	1	R 1.4	
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system</i> [units])	[units]	Any unit (mm, 1/10 positions (and data For this reason, the per x revolutions /	revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined. Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for cositions (and data that can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		R 1.4
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /		of the position or speed	Default	R 1.3
(previously Counting direction)	Inverse	Default Inverse	Description Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nm))	[nm]	is defined here.	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a		
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissi	ble encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 567: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Safe En-		Status of the proof	f of fatigue strength of the encoder mounting	From motor data	R1.10
coder Mounting (Hardware up-	record / Approved	Value	Description	record	
grade 1.10.3.x and later)	by user	From motor data record	The status of the encoder mounting is determined using the motor data record.		
		Approved by user	The user confirms safe encoder mounting / no mounting information available in the motor data record.		
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Enables/Disables SafeMOTION mod	monitoring of the position lag error generated on the dule	Enabled	R1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R1.3
l <u>-</u> . <u>-</u> .		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error t	olerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tolera	nce for encoder monitoring	0	R1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 568: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

-	•	5 (1)		•
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 569: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Moni-</i>	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ram below the lower li "Early limit monitor		R 1.3	
toring)		falls below the en			
		vated prematurely	·		
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's			R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		end state			

Table 570: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[he]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 571: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High-s	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 572: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	tion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	s ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) s SS1 function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Decelera SS1	ttion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 573: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 574: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	, ,	Activates ramp SS2 function is	o monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the requested	Enabled	R 1.3
			Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 575: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction (previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction (previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction (previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in nega- tive direction)	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction (previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in nega- tive direction)	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
SLA - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLA (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9

Table 576: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Description D	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3	
	Disabled	Value	Description			
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated			
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated			
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of	the maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3	
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))						
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 f	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3	
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))						
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 f	or SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3	
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))						
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 f	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3	
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))						
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 f	or SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3	
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))						

Table 577: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

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Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration r	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 577: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 578: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Oroup: Navarious Tariotions Ozi (proviously Caroly Emittod moromone)					
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3	
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3	

Table 579: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Maximum trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
(previously Homing Monitoring Time (μs))				

Table 580: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Direct / Reference	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4	
switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!			
Positive / Negative			R 1.4	
Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	
Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Disabled	R 1.4	
%	coders.		R 1.4	
	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction Positive / Negative Positive / Negative Enabled/ Disabled	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction Positive / Negative Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement. Positive / Negative Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse. Enabled/ Disabled Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2! Distance within which evaluation of the reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders.	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction Positive / Negative Selects the switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement. Positive / Negative Selects the trigger direction Negative If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse. Enabled/ Disabled Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary en-	

Table 580: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SI	Activates the SMP safety function from the configuration		R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full travel range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	Upper position limit for the machine's full travel range		R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Posi-					
tion Limit for SMP (units))	F - 21 - 2	1	P9 6 - 0 9 - 2	0	D 4 4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range		0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time betw	veen the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 581: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

8.8.3 Integrated safety functions

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.8.4 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.8.5 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.8.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.8.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

"S_Control" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs "Activate" and "S AxisID" must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs "Activate" and "S_AxisID", inputs "S_Control_Reset" and "S_Control_Activate" must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

8.8.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.8.6.3 S Control Reset

General function

 Input "S_Control_Reset" for acknowledging state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE or for putting the SafeMOTION module into state OPERATIONAL after STARTUP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Input "S_Control_Reset" for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A positive edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of parameter "Automatic Reset at Startup", a positive edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from state INIT to state OPERATIONAL after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After startup, the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL (Startreset). The reset input does not have to be controlled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a positive edge of the reset input is detected.		

Table 582: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

Parameter "Automatic reset on start" enables/disables the restart interlock during startup or when a network failure occurs on a reestablished network connection.

If parameter "Automatic reset on start" is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically changes to state OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical safety conditions. Take additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality.

8.8.6.4 S_Control_Activate

General function

• Enables the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to enable the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function.

SAFETRUE

Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled.

SAFEFALSE

Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE

8.8.6.5 S_Control_STO

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

• None

8.8.6.6 S_Control_SBC

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 583: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

8.8.6.7 S_Control_SS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 584: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 585: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value			R 1.3
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 586: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.8 S_Control_STO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side Value High-side Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 587: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

8.8.6.9 S_Control_SOS

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 588: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.10 S_Control_SS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp [units/s ²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 589: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp mo SS2 function is req	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 590: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 591: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•		5 (1) 5 5		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower "Early limit mon falls below the	nitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined e, then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 592: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.11 **S_Control_SLA**

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Acceleration, SLA

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 593: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9	
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))					

Table 594: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.8.6.12 S_Control_SLS-1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 595: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when on is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 596: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 597: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.13 S_Control_SLS-2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 598: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description I		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba	ased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Ena	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ram	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3

Table 599: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 600: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.14 S_Control_SLS-3

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 601: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp	-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when $\mbox{\sc n}$ is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 602: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 603: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.15 S_Control_SLS-4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 604: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description I		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-ba the SLS function is	sed monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Ena	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for S	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 605: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower line "Early limit monitor falls below the endamount of time, the vated prematurely	ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-	5 1	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]		the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to ne deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		R 1.3

Table 606: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.8.6.16 S_Control_SDI-P

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 607: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 608: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.8.6.17 S_Control_SDI-N

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 609: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 610: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.8.6.18 S_Control_SLI

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Increment, SLI

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 611: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (μs))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 612: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.8.6.19 S_Control_SBT

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start the SBT safety function.

Negative edge

A negative edge (state transition from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE on input parameter "S_Control_SBT") starts safety function Safe Brake Test, SBT.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously Safe Brake Test) (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> SBT (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7 SinCos R 1.10 ACOPOS P3

Table 613: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.8.6.20 S_Control_SLT

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Torque, SLT

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLT safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLT is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The configured motor torque limit is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SLT (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
SLT - Torque limit	[mNm]	Torque limitation monitored during activation of SLT	0	R 1.10
SLT - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.10

Table 614: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLT

Group: General settings - Motor (only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x or later)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Motor - Number of pole pairs (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	-	Number of pole pairs on the rotor circumference	1	1.10
Motor - Direction*) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	Standard / Inverse	Direction of rotation of the motor	Standard	1.10
Motor - Stator resistance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mOhm	Ohmic stator resistance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stator inductance (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μН	Stator inductance measured between two connections (phase - phase) of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Torque constant (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	μNm / A	Torque constant of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated speed (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	units/s	Nominal speed of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Stall current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Stall current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Rated current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Nominal current of the motor	0	1.10
Motor - Peak current (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mA	Peak current of the motor	0	1.10

Table 615: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Motor - Stall torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Stall torque of the motor that is output when the stall current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Peak torque (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	mNm	Peak torque of the motor that is briefly output when the peak current is applied	0	1.10
Motor - Moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	Mass moment of inertia of the motor. Consists of the sum of the inertias of the rotor, encoder and holding brake.	0	1.10
Motor - External moment of inertia (optional) (hardware upgrade 1.10.2.x and later)	µkgm²	External mass moment of inertia, depends on the total external load	0	1.10

Table 615: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Motor

^{*)} The direction of rotation of the motor is not related to the counting direction of the speed ("EUS - Counting direction"), i.e. the direction of rotation of the motor can be changed explicitly in the non-safe application and must therefore also be taken into account in SafeDESIGNER.

8.8.6.21 S_Control_Homing

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A positive edge of the input starts the safety function.

Positive edge: Change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Negative edge: Change from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the negative edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference switch / Home Offset / Home offset with correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4

Table 616: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring</i> <i>Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 616: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The "SafePositionValid" status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

8.8.6.22 S Control RefSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input "S_ReferenceSwitch" is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

Input "S_Control_RefSwitch" is only evaluated in homing mode "Reference Switch". The input is ignored in other homing modes!

8.8.6.23 S_Control_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by safety function "Remanent Safe Position" and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

SAFETRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge on input "S_Control_RequestHoming"), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

SAFEFALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. positive edge on input "S_Control_RequestHoming"), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	
Homing				
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled	
		This parameter is only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		
Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances				
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0	
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	

Table 617: RSP safety function - Parameters

8.8.6.24 S_Control_SLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 618: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 619: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 620: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the "S_SafePositionValid" status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of function block "S_NotErrFUNC" is reset.

8.8.6.25 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

If function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the same "S_AxisID" is not permitted to be simultaneously used with function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR!

8.8.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.8.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.8.7.2 S_Status_NotErrFunc

General function

Information about the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module.

SAFETRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

SAFEFALSE

An error (e.g. exceeding a monitored limit) has been detected on the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module or the function block has not been activated.

In the event of an error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for additional information about the error. If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_NotErrFUNC" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

8.8.7.3 S_Status_Operational

General function

· Information about the status of the state machine of the safe axis

Data type

• SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies the status of the state machine of the safe axis.

SAFETRUE

The state machine is in state OPERATIONAL.

SAFEFALSE

The state machine is not in state OPERATIONAL.

8.8.7.4 S_Status_STO

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, STO

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.5 **S_Status_SBC**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Brake Control, SBC

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

SAFETRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.6 S_Status_SS1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 1, SS1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.7 S_Status_STO1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Torque Off, One Channel, STO1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.8 **S_Status_SDC**

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

SAFETRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

SAFEFALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

8.8.7.9 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_EncStatus" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.8.7.10 **S_Status_SOS**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Operating Stop, SOS

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

SAFETRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.11 S_Status_SS2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Stop 2, SS2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.12 **S_Status_SLA**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Acceleration, SLA

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.13 S_Status_SLS-1

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.14 S_Status_SLS-2

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.15 S_Status_SLS-3

General function

• Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.16 S_Status_SLS-4

General function

• Status information for safety function Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4 (SLS-1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.17 S_Status_SDI-P

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.18 S_Status_SDI-N

General function

• Status information for safety function Safe Direction. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.19 S_Status_SLI

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Increment

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.20 **S_Status_SBT**

General function

· Additional information for testing the holding brake with Safe Brake Test

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Returns the status of the holding brake test with Safe Brake Test, SBT

SAFETRUE

The SBT safety function has been executed. The status of the testing is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The SBT safety function has not been executed. The status of the testing is invalid or expired.

8.8.7.21 S_Status_SBT-Active

General function

• Additional information for testing the holding brake with Safe Brake Test

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Returns the status of the holding brake test with Safe Brake Test, SBT

SAFETRUE

Testing of the holding brake with SBT is being executed.

SAFEFALSE

Testing of the holding brake with SBT is not requested.

8.8.7.22 **S_Status_SLT**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Torque

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLT safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLT safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

Safety function SLT is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.23 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_Status_Homing" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter "S_SafePosition_4Byte" is only valid if output parameter S_SafePositionValid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

8.8.7.24 S_Status_ReqHomingOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state ("S_Control_Homing" and "S_Status_Homing" are set).

SAFETRUE

The input for homing is set ("S_Control_Homing" = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid ("S_Status_Homing" = SAFETRUE).

SAFEFALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.25 S_Status_EncStatus2

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_EncStatus2" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.8.7.26 **S_Status_SLP**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safely Limited Position, SLP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.27 **S_Status_SMP**

General function

· Status information for safety function Safe Maximum Position, SMP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFFFALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not yet active since the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

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8.8.7.28 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

· Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of "S_Status_Homing" is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.29 S_Status_SetPosAlive

General function

· Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether the plausibility of the position setpoint has been checked.

SAFETRUE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was checked successfully.

SAFEFALSE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was faulty or not checked. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.8.7.30 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.8.7.31 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages (0xxx_{hex}, 8xxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.8.7.32 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), or correct the fault in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended,
		check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	The function set for the control byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	The function set for the status byte was not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	The status byte could not be read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	The control byte could not be written.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 621: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.8.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 6.4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

8.9 SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR

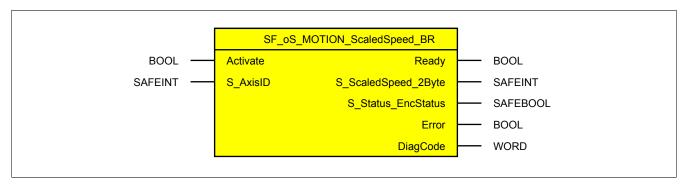


Figure 128: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

8.9.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/	State	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
		Constant			Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 622: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output "Ready" according to the PLCopen standard
S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte	SAFEINT	Variable	Value	-	Scaled safe speed
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed" is valid.
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 623: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 624: Format description of the data types

8.9.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR is to establish a connection between the safe speed of an axis and the associated encoder error status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

Function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR can be used to process the current safe speed of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct "AxisID" is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the speed signal, the corresponding encoder error status bit must also always be checked.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

8.9.3 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.9.4 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

8.9.5 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.9.5.1 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.9.5.2 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_S-caledSpeed_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.9.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.9.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.9.6.2 S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte

General function

· Indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed for a real axis.

Danger!

The value of output parameter "S_ScaledSpeed_2BYTE" is valid if output parameter "S_Status_EncStaus" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

8.9.6.3 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal. The value of the safe speed on output "S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte" is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_Status_EncStatus does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte is valid if output S_ Status_EncStatus is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

8.9.6.4 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.9.6.5 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.9.6.6 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is not enabled.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE.
	If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), or correct the fault in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required.
		 If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
8001	There is no function set for this instance ID. 2 or 4 bytes not read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C001	Could not read back position value properly from axis.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read 2 or 4 bytes.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 625: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.9.7 Signal sequence diagram of function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

8.10 SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR

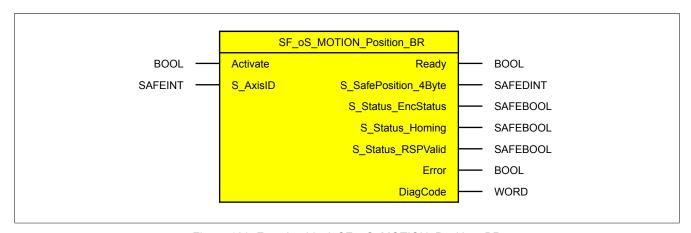


Figure 129: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

8.10.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	itial value Description / General function	
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ State FALSE Enables the function block (= TRUE		Enables the function block (= TRUE)		
		Constant			Input "Activate" according to the PLCopen standard	
S AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	State	-1 Assigns an axis to the function block		

Table 626: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Ready	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output "Ready" according to the PLCopen standard	
S_SafePosition_4Byte	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units	
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE signal "S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte" is valid.	
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)	
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	State	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSP) (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)	
Error	BOOL	Variable	State	FALSE	Function block error message	
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	State	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message	

Table 627: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
DINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number

Table 628: Format description of the data types

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source; safe device)

Table 628: Format description of the data types

8.10.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and the associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit "S_Status_Homing" must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

8.10.3 Safe encoder connection

See 6.2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 310.

8.10.4 Fault avoidance

See 7.3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 507.

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8.10.5 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.10.5.1 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to activate the function block.

- When enabling or disabling safe devices, "Activate" must be linked to a variable that indicates the state (enabled or disabled) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is switched off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Form this signal using only safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. In this way, you prevent triggered safety functions from being reported by active safe devices. This measure is only used to control the diagnostic information from inactive safe devices in a defined manner.

8.10.5.2 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Function description

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There is only permitted to be one combination of AxisID and SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

8.10.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.10.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates whether the function block is enabled or not.

TRUE

The function block is enabled ("Activate" = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current state of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled ("Activate" = FALSE). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.10.6.2 S_SafePosition_4Byte

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of output parameter "S_SafePosition_4Byte" is valid if output parameter "S_Status_EncStaus" is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

8.10.6.3 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. For more information about the error, see the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

"S_Status_EncStatus" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.10.6.4 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

"S_Status_Homing" does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter "S_SafePosition_4Byte" is only valid if output parameter S_SafePositionValid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

8.10.6.5 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

· Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of "S_Status_Homing" is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.10.6.6 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Function description

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block detected an error. "DiagCode" indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block did not detect an error. "DiagCode" indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary corrective measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in a hazard!

In order to exit an error state ("Error" = TRUE), the signal on input "S_Control_Reset" must change from SAFE-FALSE to SAFETRUE (positive edge).

8.10.6.7 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Function description

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the "DiagCode" output via the "Error" output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as data type WORD. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets "Error" to FALSE.

In the event of error messages (Cxxx_{hex}), the function block sets "Error" to TRUE.

8.10.6.8 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures	
0000	The function block is not enabled.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to TRUE.	
	If "Activate" is connected to a variable that indicates the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected a fault in the connected peripheral.	indicates the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive	
8000	The function block detected neither a status nor an error to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 If this is a desired signal combination at the signal inputs, no action is required. 	
		If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.	
8001	There is no function set for this instance ID. 2 or 4 bytes not read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.	
C001	Could not read back position value properly from axis.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.	
C003	The function set ID that was read does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the conne ed axis.	
C004	The data length of the function set that was read is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.	
C005	Could not read 2 or 4 bytes.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.	

Table 629: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.10.7 Signal sequence diagram of function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

8.11 Version history

Version	Date	Comment
1.00	October 2016	First edition

Table 630: Version history

9 SafeDESIGNER

See Integrated Safety user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG), Chapter "SafeDESIGNER".

10 Standards and certifications

10.1 Relevant European directives

- EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
- · Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC36)

10.2 Applicable standards

Standard	Description		Valid for	
		ACOPOS- multi SafeMOTION	ACOPOS- motor SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION
EN 61800-2:2015	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	Х
	 Part 2: General requirements; Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency AC power drive systems 			
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	Х
+A1:2012	Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods			
EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	Х
+A1:2017	Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy			
EN 61800-5-2:2017	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	Х
2.2011	Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional			
EN 60204-1:2006	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines	X	X	X
+AC:2010		^	^	^
	Part 1: General requirements	V		
EN 61508:2010	Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems	Х	Х	Х
EN 1037:1995 +A1:2008	Safety of machinery - Prevention of unexpected startup	X	X	X
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems	Х	Х	Х
	Part 1: General principles for design			
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and	Х	Х	Х
+Cor.:2010	programmable electronic control systems			
+A1:2013 +A2:2015				
EN 60034-1:2010	Rotating electrical machines		X	
+AC:2010	Part 1: Rating and performance			
EN 60034-5:2001	Rotating electrical machines		Х	
+A1:2007	Part 5: Degrees of protection provided by the integral design of rotating electrical machines (IP code) - Classification			
EN 60034-6:1993	Rotating electrical machines		Х	
	Part 6: Methods of cooling (IC code)			
EN 60034-7:1993	Rotating electrical machines		Х	
+A1:2001	Part 7: Classification of types of construction, mounting arrangements			
	and terminal box position (IM code)			
EN 60034-11:2004	Rotating electrical machines		X	
	Part 11: Thermal protection			
EN 60034-14:2004	Rotating electrical machines		X	
+A1:2007	Part 14: Mechanical vibration of certain machines with shaft heights 56		^	
DIN 100 201-2010 10	mm and higher – Measurement, evaluation and limits of vibration severity		V	
DIN ISO 281:2010-10 DIN 580:2010-09	Rolling bearings – Dynamic load ratings and rating life (ISO 281:2007)		X	
DIN 580:2010-09 DIN 3760:1996-09	Lifting eye bolts Radial shaft seals		X	
DIN 3760:1996-09 DIN 6885-1:1968-08			X	
	Drive type fastenings without taper action – Parallel keys, keyways, deep pattern	X	X	
UL 508c Ed.3:2002 +Rev.:2013	Power conversion equipment	_ ^	_ ^	
UL 61800-5-1 Ed.1:2012	Power conversion equipment			X
UL 1004-1 Ed.2:2012	Rotating electrical machines – General requirements		X	
+Rev.:2013	Totaling Stockhool Hudriinos Gonoral Toquiloniono			
CSA-C22.2 No. 274 Ed.2:2017	Adjustable speed drives	Х	Х	Х

Table 631: Applicable standards

³⁶⁾ This machinery directive only applies to logic units for safety functions that are initially made available by B&R for sale or use.

10.2.1 Limit values

The limit values specified from section Mechanical conditions during operation to section Additional environmental limit values are taken from the product standard EN 61800 (or IEC 61800) for servo drives in industrial environments (Category C3³⁷)).

10.3 Environmental limits

10.3.1 Mechanical conditions in accordance with EN 61800-2

Operation

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M1		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	0.3 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	1 m/s² acceleration	

Table 632: Mechanical conditions during operation

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M7		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	10 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	30 m/s² acceleration	

Table 633: Mechanical conditions during operation

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M4		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s² acceleration	

Table 634: Mechanical conditions during operation

Transport

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2M1		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during transport 1)2)		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3.5 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s² acceleration	
200 ≤ f < 500 Hz	15 m/s² acceleration	
Drop height in free fall 1)		
Weight < 100 kg	0.25 m	

Table 635: Mechanical conditions during transport

- 1) Only valid for components in original packaging.
- The values for "Vibration during operation" apply to components that are not in their original packaging.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2M2		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during transport 1) 2)		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3.5 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s ² acceleration	
200 ≤ f < 500 Hz	15 m/s² acceleration	
Drop height in free fall 1)		
Weight <10 kg	0.8 m ³⁾	

Table 636: Mechanical conditions during transport

- Only valid for components in original packaging.
- 2) The values for "Vibration during operation" apply to components that are not in their original packaging.
- 3) Fall height in accordance with EN ISO 4180

10.3.2 Climate conditions in accordance with EN 61800-2

Operation

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3K3	
	EN 61800-2
Ambient temperature during operation	5 to 55°C
Relative humidity during operation	5 - 85%, non-condensing

Table 637: Climate conditions during operation

Storage

_	
IEC 60721-3-1, class 1K4	
	EN 61800-2
Storage temperature	-25 to 55°C

Table 638: Climate conditions during storage (temperature)

IEC 60721-3-1, class 1K3	
	EN 61800-2
Relative humidity during storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing

Table 639: Climate conditions during storage (relative humidity)

Transport

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2K3		
	EN 61800-2	
Transport temperature	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity during transport	Max. 95% at 40°C	

Table 640: Climate conditions during transport

10.4 Requirements for immunity to disturbances (EMC)

- · EN 61800-3 requirements apply.
- For all modules that have certified safety functions, stricter requirements apply for section 4.3 "High-frequency disturbances per EN 61800-3" per IEC 61800-5-2.

10.4.1 Evaluation criteria (performance criteria)

Performance criteria (PC)	Description	
A	The test object is not interfered with during testing.	
В	The test object is only interfered with temporarily during testing.	
С	The system does not reboot itself automatically (reset required).	
FS	Functional safety - Behavior of test object per EN 61800-5-2, item 6.2.5.3	

Table 641: Evaluation criteria (performance criteria) for immunity to disturbances

10.4.2 Low-frequency disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3

The following limit values are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Power mains harmonics and commutation notches / voltage distortions

IEC 61000-2-4, class 3		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Harmonics	THD = 12%	A

Table 642: Limit values for power mains harmonics

IEC 60146-1-1, class B		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Commutation notches	Depth = 40%,	A
	Total area = 250% in % degrees	

Table 643: Limit values for commutation notches / voltage distortions

Voltage deviations, voltage dips and short-term interruptions

IEC 61000-2-4, class 2		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Voltage deviations (>60 s)	±10%	A

Table 644: Limit values for voltage deviations

IEC 61000-4-34, class 3			
	EN 61800-3		Performance criteria
	Remaining volt-	Periods	
	age		
Voltage dips	0%	1	С
	40%	10/12 1)	
	70%	25/30 1)	
	80%	250/300 1)	
Short-term interruptions	0%	250/300 1)	

Table 645: Limit values for voltage dips and short-term interruptions

Voltage unbalance and frequency changes

IEC 61000-2-4, class 3		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Voltage unbalance	3% of negative component	A

Table 646: Limit values for voltage unbalance

IEC 61000-2-4			
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria	
Frequency changes	±2%	A	
	(±4% if the power supply is isolated		
	from public power supply networks)		
Speed of frequency change	1%/s		
	(2%/s if the power supply is isolated		
	from public power supply networks)		

Table 647: Limit values for frequency changes

^{1) &}quot;x/y periods" means "x periods for 50 Hz test" and "y periods for 60 Hz test".

10.4.3 High-frequency disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3

These immunity tests are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Electrostatic discharge

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-2				
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturbances	
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC
Contact discharge to powder-coated and bare metal housing	4 kV	В	6 kV	FS
parts				
Discharge through the air to plastic housing parts	8 kV	1	15 kV	1

Table 648: Limit values for electrostatic discharge

 The total number of discharges depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

Electromagnetic fields

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-3				
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturbances	
	Requirement	PC	Requirement	PC
Housing	80 MHz to 1000 MHz 10 V/m	Α	80 MHz to 1000 MHz 20 V/m	FS
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	
	1.4 GHz to 2.0 GHz		1.4 GHz to 2.0 GHz	
	3 V/m		10 V/m	
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	
	2.0 GHz to 2.7 GHz		2.0 GHz to 2.7 GHz	
	1 V/m		3 V/m	
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	

Table 649: Limit values for electromagnetic fields

Burst

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-4				
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturbances	
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC
Power supply connections	2 kV, 1 min, direct coupling	В	4 kV, direct coupling	FS
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-	2 kV, 1 min]	4 kV	1
loop process control				
Signal interfaces	1 kV, 1 min		2 kV	

Table 650: Limit values for burst

 The duration of the effect depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

Surge

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-5				
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturba	inces
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC
Power supply connections	1 kV, DM, symmetrical 2 kV, CM, asymmetrical	В	2 kV, DM, symmetrical 4 kV, CM, asymmetrical	FS
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-loop process control	1 kV, CM, asymmetrical		2 kV, CM, asymmetrical	
Signal interfaces			0.5 kV, CM, asymmetrical	

Table 651: Limit values for surge

 The number of pulses depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

High-frequency conducted disturbances

	y				
Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-6					
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturbances		
	Requirement	PC	Requirement	PC	
Power supply connections	0.15 MHz to 80 MHz	Α	0.15 MHz to 80 MHz	FS	
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-			20 V		
loop process control	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		
Signal interfaces					

Table 652: Limit values for high-frequency conducted disturbances

10.5 Requirements for emissions (EMC)

10.5.1 High-frequency emissions in accordance with EN 61800-3

These emission tests are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Disturbance voltages on the mains connections

	Tests in accordance with EN 55011				
Continuous current I	Frequency band [MHz]	Quasi-peak value [dB (μV)]	Average value [dB (μV)]		
	0.15 ≤ f < 0.5	100	90		
	0.5 ≤ f < 5	86	76		
I ≤ 100 A	5 ≤ f < 30	90	80		
		Decreases with the loga-	Decreases with the loga-		
		rithm of the frequency to 70	rithm of the frequency to 60		
	0.15 ≤ f < 0.5	130	120		
100 A < I	0.5 ≤ f < 5	125	115		
	5 ≤ f < 30	115	105		

Table 653: Limit values for disturbance voltages on power mains connection

Radiated emissions

Tests in accordance with EN 55011			
Frequency band [MHz] Limit values of the quasi-peak value [dB (µV/m)]			
30 ≤ f ≤ 230	50 1)		
230 < f < 1000	60 1)		

Table 654: Limit values for radiated emissions

10.6 Additional environmental limit values in accordance with EN 61800-2

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

	EN 61800-2
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III
EN 60529 protection	IP20
Reduction of the continuous current at installation elevations over 500 m above sea level	10% per 1000 m
Maximum installation elevation	4000 m ¹⁾

Table 655: Additional environmental limit values

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

	EN 61800-2
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III
EN 60529 protection	IP65
Reduction of the continuous current at installation elevations over 500 m above	10% per 1000 m
sea level	
Maximum installation elevation	4000 m ¹⁾

Table 656: Additional environmental limit values

Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B&R.

¹⁾ Test distance 10 m.

¹⁾ Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B&R.

10.7 International certifications

B&R products and services comply with applicable standards. This includes international standards from organizations such as ISO, IEC and CENELEC, as well as national standards from organizations such as UL, CSA, FCC, VDE, ÖVE, etc. We are committed to ensuring the reliability of our products in an industrial environment.

Certifications	
Europe	B&R products with this mark satisfy all harmonized EN standards for the applicable guidelines.
CUL US E225616	B&R products with this mark are tested and listed by Underwriters Laboratories and checked quarterly by a UL inspector. This mark is valid for the USA and Canada and simplifies the certification of your machines and systems in these regions.
6	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Russian Federation.
EAC	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Eurasian Economic Union.
	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Korean market.
open SAFETY certified product	Products with this mark were designed, developed and manufactured for special applications for machine and personnel protection. The products are certified by the recognized authorities (TÜV Rheinland, TÜV Süd).

Table 657: International certifications

10.8 Standards and definitions for safety technology

Stop functions per EN 60204-1 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

There are three categories of stop functions:

Category	Description
0	Stopping by immediate removal of power to the machine actuators (i.e. an uncontrolled stop).
1	A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators to allow for stopping. Power is only interrupted when standstill is achieved.
2	A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators.

Table 658: Overview of stop function categories

The necessary stop functions must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine. Category 0 and category 1 stop functions must be functional regardless of operating mode. A category 0 stop must have priority. Stop functions must have priority over assigned start functions. Resetting the stop function is not permitted to trigger a dangerous state.

Emergency stops per IEC 60204-1:2006 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

In addition to the requirements for stop functions, the emergency stop function has the following requirements:

- It shall override all other functions and operations in all operating modes.
- Power to the machine actuators that can cause a hazardous situation shall be removed as quickly as
 possible without creating other hazards.
- · A reset is not permitted to initiate a restart.

Emergency stops must be category 0 or category 1 stop functions. The necessary stop function must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine.

Performance levels (PL) per EN ISO 13849-1 (Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems, Part 1: General principles for design)

The safety-related parts of control systems must meet one or more of the requirements for five defined performance levels. These performance levels define the required behavior of safety-related controller parts with regard to their resistance to errors.

Performance level (per EN ISO 13849-1)	Safety integrity level - SIL (per IEC 61508-2)	Short description	System behavior
а		Safety-related components must be designed and built in such away that they can meet the expected operational requirements (no specific safety measures are implemented).	Caution! The occurrence of a fault can result in the loss of the safety function.
b	1	Safety-related components must be designed and built in such a way that only reliable components and safety principles are used (e.g. preventing short circuits by using sufficient distances, reducing the probability of errors by using oversized components, defining the failure route, idle current principle).	Caution! The occurrence of a fault can result in the loss of the safety function.
С	1	Safety-related components must be designed so that their safety functions are checked at suitable intervals by the machine control system (e.g. automatic or manual check during startup).	Caution! An error between checks can result in the loss of the safety function. The loss of the safety function is detected during the check.
d	2	Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not result in the loss of the safety function. Individual errors should – if possible – be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required.	Caution! The safety function is always retained when a fault occurs. Some but not all errors are detected. An accumulation of undetected errors can result in loss of the safety function.
е	3	Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not result in the loss of the safety function. Individual errors must be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required. If this type of detection is not possible, an accumulation of faults is not permitted to result in the loss of the safety function.	Information: The safety function is always retained when a fault occurs. The faults are detected in time to prevent loss of the safety function.

Table 659: Overview of performance levels (PL)

A suitable performance level must be selected separately for each drive system (or for each axis) based on a risk assessment. This risk assessment is a part of the total risk assessment for the machine.

The following risk graph (per EN ISO 13849-1, appendix A) provides a simplified procedure for risk assessment:

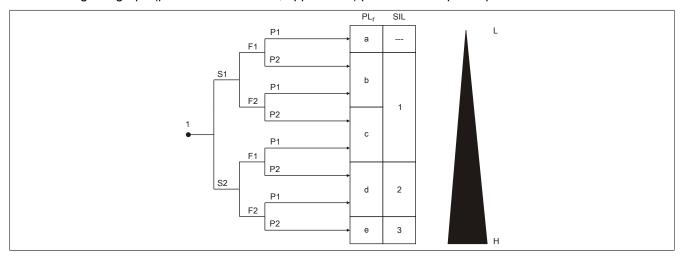


Figure 130: Risk diagram for determining the PL_r for each safety function per EN ISO 13849-1, appendix A

Legend

- 1 Starting point for assessing the impact on risk reduction
- L Low contribution to risk reduction
- H High contribution to risk reduction
- PL_r Required performance level
- SIL Safety Integrity Level per IEC 61508-2

Risk parameters

- S Severity of injury
- S1 Slight (normally reversible injury)
- S2 Serious (normally irreversible injury or death)
- F Frequency and/or duration of the exposure to the hazard
- F1 Seldom to less often and/or exposure time is short.
- F2 Frequent to continuous and/or exposure time is long.
- P Possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm P1 Possible under specific conditions
- P2 Scarcely possible

The performance level to be used is determined by starting at the specified starting point and taking the risk parameters S, F and P into account.

Appendix A EC declaration of conformity

This document was originally written in the German language. The German edition therefore represents the original documentation in accordance with the 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive. Documents in other languages should be interpreted as translations of the original documentation.

Product manufacturer:

B&R Industrial Automation GmbH

B&R Strasse 1

5142 Eggelsberg

Austria

Telephone: +43 7748 6586-0

Fax: +43 7748 6586-26

office@br-automation.com

The place of jurisdiction, in accordance with article 17 of the European Convention on Courts of Jurisdiction and Enforcement, is A-4910, Austria.

Ried im Innkreis, Austria, commercial register court: Ried im Innkreis, Austria

Commercial register number: FN 111651 v.

The place of fulfillment in accordance with article 5 of the European Convention on Courts of Jurisdiction and Enforcement is A-5142 Eggelsberg, Austria.

VATIN: ATU62367156

The EC declarations of conformity for B&R products can be downloaded from the B&R website (<u>www.br-automation.com</u>).

Appendix B Safety level overview for ACOPOS product family safety functions

Standard safety technology ("hardwired safety technology")

Safety function	ACOPOS	ACOPOSmulti	ACOPOS P3	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOSremote	ACOPOSmicro
Enable (STO)	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS1, SS2 With corresponding external wiring	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 21)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 21)
SOS and SLS With corresponding external wiring	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 21)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 21)

Table 660: Safety level for standard safety technology

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology ("network-based safety technology")

	, ,	•	. ,		
Cofety function?)	ACOPOSmu	Iti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION	
Safety function ²⁾	EnDat 2.2	SinCos¹)	SafeMOTION		
STO	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	
STO, single-channel	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SBC	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SOS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SS1 with time monitoring	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	
SS1 with ramp monitoring	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SS2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SLS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SDI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SLI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SLA	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SMS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SLP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SMP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
Safe Homing	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SBT	No	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	
RSP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	
SLT	No	No	No	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	

Table 661: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

B&R motors for applications with SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

	B&R motor options				
Safety function	S0, S1 ²⁾ SA, SB ²⁾ DA, DB ²⁾ D4, D5 ²⁾ D8, D9 ²⁾ Z8, Z9 ²⁾	D0, D1 ¹⁾²⁾ B8, B9 ¹⁾²⁾	E0, E1, E4, E5, E6, E7 ¹⁾²⁾	E2, E3, E8, E9, EA, EB	Resolver
STO	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3				
STO, single-channel	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2				
SBC ³⁾	No				
SOS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SS1 with time monitoring	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3				
SS1 with ramp monitoring	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SS2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SDI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLA	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SMS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No

Table 662: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with B&R motors

¹⁾ The actual safety level that can be achieved depends on the external wiring!

In order to achieve Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3, special certified encoders are needed that meet B&R's catalog of requirements.
 Only 1-axis modules are available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules due to the amount of space inside the device.

²⁾ The safety functions are configured using SafeDESIGNER.

	B&R motor options				
Safety function	S0, S1 ²⁾ SA, SB ²⁾ DA, DB ²⁾ D4, D5 ²⁾ D8, D9 ²⁾ Z8, Z9 ²⁾	D0, D1 ¹⁾²⁾ B8, B9 ¹⁾²⁾	E0, E1, E4, E5, E6, E7 ¹⁾²⁾	E2, E3, E8, E9, EA, EB	Resolver
SMP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No
Safe Homing	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No
SBT ⁴⁾	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2		Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
RSP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		No	No	No
SLT ⁴⁾	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2				

Table 662: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with B&R motors

- 1) Motors with a B8, B9, D0, D1, E0, E1, E4, E5, E6 or E7 encoder option do not have a safety-oriented encoder mount. For information regarding their limited use, see chapter "Safety technology Safe monitoring without fault exclusion" of the SafeMOTION user's manual.
- 2) B&R motor and encoder cables must be used (see SafeMOTION user's manual).
- 3) Safety function SBC for safety-oriented control of a safe motor holding brake achieves a maximum safety level of Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 depending on the safety level of the motor holding brake being controlled.
- 4) Only for synchronous motors.

Third-party motors for applications with SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

Safety function	EnDat226)	EnDat016	SinCos		
Salety function	3rd-party motors ³⁾	3rd-party motors ³⁾	3rd-party motors ²⁾³⁾		
STO	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
STO, single-channel	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		
SBC ⁴⁾		No	-		
SOS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SS1 with time monitoring	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SS1 with ramp monitoring	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SS2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SLS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SDI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SLI	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SLA	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SMS	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SLP ¹⁾	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SMP1)	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
Safe Homing ¹⁾	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	Max. Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3		
SBT ⁵⁾	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2		
361%	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2		
RSP	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No		
SLT ⁵⁾		Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2			
OLI -	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL 2				

Table 663: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with 3rd-party motors

- 1) This safety function can only be used if a third-party motor is demonstrably equipped with a safe encoder mounting.
- 2) ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules are certified up to Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL 3. In order to achieve this level, special certified encoders are needed that meet B&R's catalog of requirements.
- 3) When using third-party motors for applications with FS (functional safety), other measures may need to be taken (e.g. using B&R motor and encoder cables). In addition, the catalog of measures from manufacturers of products (e.g. encoder manufacturer) used throughout the entire safety system must be taken into consideration. For details, see the SafeMOTION user's manual.
- 4) Safety function SBC for safety-oriented control of a safe motor holding brake achieves a maximum safety level of Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL 2 depending on the safety level of the motor holding brake being controlled.
- 5) Only for synchronous motors
- 6) Model number (with regard to incremental signals) of manufacturer DR. JOHANNES HEIDENHAIN GmbH (www.heidenhain.de)

Danger!

The safety functions used are only permitted to be configured and used as described in 6.4 "Integrated safety functions" on page 329.

Danger!

The steps listed under 6.7.5 "Maintenance scenarios" on page 495 must be observed.

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8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 8BVI0105HWSS.000-1 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1 8BVI0120HCSS.000-1 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1 8BVI0340HCSS.000-1 8BVI0360HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1 8BVI0680HCSS.000-1 8BVI0680HCSS.004-1 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	4910655555555566666667272
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8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	254
8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	231
BEI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	211
BEI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	248
8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1	237
8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1	216
8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1	254
BEI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1	231
BEI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1	211
BEI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1	248
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8ZDFB5000000.000-0	203
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X67CA0A41.0050	199
X67CA0A41.0100	199
X67CA0A51.0020	200
X67CA0A51.0050	200
X67CA0A51.0100	200
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Publishing information

B&R Industrial Automation GmbH B&R Strasse 1 5142 Eggelsberg Austria

Telephone: +43 7748 6586-0

Fax: +43 7748 6586-26 office@br-automation.com