SafeMOTION

User's manual

Version: 4.3 (2017-07-13)

Model no.: MAACPMSAFEMC-ENG

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Chapter 1 • General information

1 Manual history

Information:

This user's manual is only valid together with the "ACOPOSmulti" (MAACPM-ENG), "Decentralized motion control" (MAACPMDDE-ENG) and "Integrated safety technology" (MASAFETY-ENG) user's man-

Information:

B&R makes every effort to keep user's manuals as current as possible.

From a safety standpoint, however, the current version from the B&R website must be used www.br-automation.com

Version	Date	Comment
4.3	2017-07-13	Chapter ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION / Technical data / 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives: Added 1-axis modules.
4.2	2016-12-12	Added chapter "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / Safety functions": Added table "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / System requirements": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION / Safe power transmission system / ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe pulse disabling": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION".
		Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe motor holding brake output": Added "ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Added chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics - ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe machine options": Added data structure for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION module":
		Group "Encoders": Modified description.
		Group: Safety features: Added axis 1.
		Group: Safety features: Added axis 2.
		Group: Safety features: Added axis 3.
		Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in SafeDESIGNER": Added information regarding SafeMOTION parameters for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Channel list": Added channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the safety application":
		Modified figure "Inverter unit timing".
		SafeMOTION Help Tool: Updated for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION / openSAFETY.
		 Application in SafeDESIGNER: Added table "Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF". Accessing data on the SafeMOTION module / ACOPOS parameter ID: Added status and control bits for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.
		 Library SafeMC: Added description of function blocks READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2 (read SafeOUT data 2) and READ_SAFEIN_DATA2 (read SafeIN data 2).
		Chapter "PLCopen Safety": Replaced figures for function blocks in library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 for harmonization purposes.
		Chapter "PLCopen Safety": Added description of library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF. Chapter "Standards and certifications": Added ACOPOS P3, harmonized with user's manual standards. Appendix: Added overview of safety level for safety functions used by the ACOPOS product family.
4.1	2016-10-10	Added chapter "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / Safety functions": Added table "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". Chapter "System characteristics / System requirements": Added ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION. Added chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION / Safe power transmission system / ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION".
		Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe pulse disabling": Added ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION. Chapter "Safety technology / Configuring the safety functions / Safe motor holding brake output": Added ACOPOSmotor
		SafeMOTION. Added chapter "Safety technology / Safety characteristics - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION". Chapter "Safety technology / SafeMOTION register description / Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION module": Group "General": Revised description of SafeMODULE ID. Chapter "Standards and certifications" Updated "Applicable European directives".
		Updated "Mechanical conditions in accordance with EN 61800-2" for 8CVI and 8DI.
		Standards and definitions for safety technology: Removed standard-specific paragraphs regarding stop category.
4.0	2016-03-14	Renamed ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user manual to SafeMOTION user's manual.

Table 3: Manual history

SafeMOTION user's manual: Changed parameter names (chapter Safety technology and the parameter names) and chapter "Safety technology integrated safety technology / Safe machine option Encoder type" SafeMOTION Endat 2.2. 3.00 2015-01-21 Start of revision history publication Merged ACOPOSmulti SafeMC EnDat 2.2, V2.4 and ACOPOSmulti user's manumult SafeMOTION. The same model number (MAACPMSAFEMC) applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeM Version Date Comment 1.00 2010-03-26 Start of revision history publication 2.2 2012-03-19 Updated manual for Safety Release 1.4. 2.3 2012-09-24 Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety SafeMC / The safe power transmission system" notice. Chapter "Safety technology / Safety Characterist suring instruments. 2.4 2014-02-17 Chapter "General information" Disclaimer adder Chapter "Safety technology / Safety Characterist suring instruments. 2.4 2014-02-17 Chapter "General information / Protection against ger warning. Chapter "ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC" Added in bles sorted by model number and danger warnin X4B connectors). Chapter "Safety technology / The safe power tra about motor cables. Chapter "Safety technology / Fine safe power tra about motor cables. Chapter "Safety technology / Fine safe power tra about motor cables. Chapter "Safety technology / Fine coder mounting title (previously "Sare monitoring without fault exclusion"). Chapter "Safety technology / Safe motor holdin about safe motor holding brake output. Chapter "Safety technology / Safe motor holdin about safe motor holding brake output. Chapter "Safety technology / Farender mounting were monitoring "Shared content with ACOPOS (previously "Safe monitoring without fault exclusion"). Chapter "Safety technology / Farender mounting were monitoring "Shared content with ACOPOSmulti and Chapter "Safety technology / Parameters in the International transmitter of description of Safe Operating Stop (SOS). Chapter "Safety technology / Parameters in the International Chapter "Safety Safety Safety Operation in a ACOPOSmulti Safe	s / Data structure": Corrected values for als with SafeMC SinCos V1.1: ACOPOS-DTION. on of errors within the module". technology in the ACOPOSmulti with Updated encoder options and danger
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Chapter "Standards and certifications": Removed	,
IFA (previously BGIA) 2/2012, Additional enviro	
EN 61800-2: Removed footnote.	
Table 1: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMC	EnDat 2.2
Version Date Comment	
1.0 September Start of revision history publication	
2013	
1.1 February 2014 Chapter "Safety technology / Integrated safety Changed danger warnings, changed information	
Charged danger warnings, charged mildmation Chapter "Safety technology / Programming the	
Updated Safe Brake Test (SBT).	,
Chapter "Standards and certifications": Change BGIA) 2/2012	in accordance with IFA (previously
March 2014 Chapter "Safety technology / Safety requirement	for SinCos measuring instruments:
Requirements from the "Error list for movements"	
with EN 61800-5-2:2007", Table D.16	
Table 2: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMo	
Table 3: Manual history	SinCos

Table 3: Manual history

General information • Manual history

Version	Date	Comment	Comment		
		Version	Date	Comment	
				Performance level (PL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation	
				Safety integrity level (SIL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation	
				"Excerpt" removed, replaced with "in accordance with"; error list table: Added footnote regarding linear encoders.	
				regarding linear encoders.	
		Table 2: Manual history - ACOPOSmulti SafeMC SinCos			

Table 3: Manual history

1.1 Publications

Model number	Medium	Contents
MAACPMSAFEMC-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPM-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPP3-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MAACPMDDE-ENG	Electronic	Complete
MASAFETY-ENG	Electronic	Complete

Table 4: Publications

1.2 Release information

Manual version	Valid for	Valid for		
V4.2 V4.1 V4.0	SafeMOTION Safety Re	SafeMOTION Safety Release 1.10		
V3.00	SafeMOTION Safety Re	elease 1.9		
	Manual version	Valid for		
	V1.00	Safety Release 1.3		
	V2.2 V2.3	Safety Release 1.3 and Safety Release 1.4		
	V2.4	Table 5: ACOPOSmulti SafeMC EnDat 2.2 - Release information		
	Manual version	Valid for		
	V1.0	Safety Release 1.4 to Safety Release 1.7 - ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos		
		Table 6: ACOPOSmulti with SafeMC SinCos - Release information		

Table 7: Release information

2 Safety guidelines

2.1 Organization of safety notices

Safety notices in this manual are organized as follows:

Safety notice	Description
Danger!	Disregarding these safety guidelines and notices can be life-threatening.
Warning!	Disregarding these safety guidelines and notices can result in severe injury or substantial damage to property.
Caution!	Disregarding these safety guidelines and notices can result in injury or damage to property.
Information:	This information is important for preventing errors.

Table 8: Description of the safety notices used in this documentation

2.2 General information

B&R drive systems and servo motors have been designed, developed and manufactured for conventional use in industrial environments.

They were not designed, developed and manufactured for any use involving serious risks or hazards that could lead to death, injury, serious physical damage or loss of any kind without the implementation of exceptionally stringent safety precautions.

In particular, such risks and hazards include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, their use in flight control or flight safety systems as well as in the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems or weapons systems.

Servo drives, inverter modules and frequency inverters from B&R are not dual-use goods in accordance with Appendix I of Council Regulation (EC) No. 428/2009 | 3A225, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No. 2015/2420.

Danger!

Drive systems and servo motors can have exposed parts with voltages applied (e.g. terminals) or hot surfaces. Additional hazards include moving machine parts. The removal of required covers, inappropriate use of the devices or their improper installation or operation can result in severe personal injury or damage to property.

All tasks such as the transport, installation, commissioning and servicing of devices are only permitted to be carried out by qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are those familiar with the transport, mounting, installation, commissioning and operation of devices who also have the appropriate qualifications. National accident prevention regulations must be observed.

The safety notices, connection descriptions (type plate and documentation) and limit values listed in the technical data are to be read carefully before installation and commissioning and must be observed.

2.3 Qualified personnel

Use of safety-related products is restricted to the following persons:

- Qualified personnel who are familiar with relevant safety concepts for automation technology as well as applicable standards and regulations
- · Qualified personnel who plan, develop, install and commission safety equipment in machines and systems

Qualified personnel in the context of this manual's safety guidelines are those who, because of their training, experience and instruction combined with their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention guidelines and operating conditions, are qualified to carry out essential tasks and recognize and avoid potentially dangerous situations.

In this regard, sufficient language skills are also required in order to be able to properly understand this manual.

2.4 Intended use

Servo drives are components designed to be installed in electrical systems or machines. They are not permitted to be used unless the machine meets directive 2006/42/EC (machinery directive) as well as directive 2004/108/EC (EMC directive).

B&R drive systems are only permitted to be directly operated on grounded industrial power systems (TN, TN-C-S). When used in residential areas, commercial areas or small businesses, additional protective and filter measures must be implemented by the user.

Danger!

Drive systems are not permitted to be operated directly on TT, IT and corner-grounded TN-S systems!

Technical data as well as connection and environmental specifications can be found on the type plate and in this user's manual. Specifications regarding connection and environmental conditions must be observed!

Danger!

Electronic devices are never completely failsafe. If the drive systems fails, the user is responsible for making sure that the motor is brought to a secure state.

2.5 Safety technology disclaimer

The proper use of all B&R products must be guaranteed by the customer through the implementation of suitable training, instruction and documentation measures. The guidelines set forth in system user's manuals must be taken into consideration here as well. B&R has no obligation to provide verification or warnings with regard to the customer's purpose of using the delivered product.

Changes to the devices are not permitted when using safety-related components. Only certified products are permitted to be used. Currently valid product versions in each case are listed in the corresponding certificates. Current certificates are available on the B&R website (www.br-automation.com) in the Downloads section for the respective product. The use of non-certified products or product versions is not permitted.

All relevant information regarding these safety products must be read in the latest version of the related data sheet and the corresponding safety notices observed before the safety products are permitted to be operated. Certified data sheets are available on the B&R website (www.br-automation.com) in the Downloads section for the respective product.

Safety-related products are only permitted to be operated by qualified personnel who, because of their training, experience and instruction combined with their knowledge of relevant standards, regulations, accident prevention guidelines and operating conditions, are qualified to carry out essential tasks and recognize and avoid potentially dangerous situations. Consideration of and adherence to industry standards, safety regulations, operating conditions, etc. that apply to the end product are the sole responsibility of the customer, as is the functionality of the supplied contractual product as part of the end product.

B&R and its employees are not liable for any damages or loss resulting from the incorrect use of these products. The same applies to misuse that may result from specifications or statements made by B&R in connection with sales, support or application activities. It is the sole responsibility of the user to check all specifications and statements made by B&R for proper application as it pertains to safety-related applications. In addition, the user assumes sole responsibility for the proper design of the safety function as it pertains to safety-related applications.

2.6 Protection against electrostatic discharge

Electrical components that can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD) must be handled accordingly.

2.6.1 Packaging

Electrical components with a housing do not require any special ESD packaging, but they must still be handled properly (see section 2.6.2 "Guidelines for proper ESD handling" on page 24).

Electrical components without a housing are protected by ESD-suitable packaging.

2.6.2 Guidelines for proper ESD handling

Electrical components with a housing

- Do not touch the connector contacts on connected cables.
- Do not touch the contact tips on circuit boards.

Electrical components without a housing

The following points apply in addition to the points listed under "Electrical components with a housing":

- Any persons handling electrical components or devices with installed electrical components must be grounded.
- Components are only permitted to be touched on their narrow sides or front plate.

- Components should always be stored in a suitable medium (ESD packaging, conductive foam, etc.). Metallic surfaces are not suitable storage surfaces!
- · Components should not be subjected to electrostatic discharge (e.g. through the use of charged plastics).
- Ensure a minimum distance of 10 cm from monitors and TV sets.
- · Measuring instruments and equipment must be grounded.
- Probes on potential-free measuring instruments must be discharged on sufficiently grounded surfaces before taking measurements.

Individual components

- ESD protective measures for individual components are thoroughly integrated at B&R (conductive floors, footwear, arm bands, etc.).
- These increased ESD protective measures for individual components are not necessary for customers handling B&R products.

2.7 Transport and storage

During transport and storage, devices must be protected against undue stress (mechanical loads, temperature, moisture, corrosive atmospheres, etc.).

Drive systems contain components sensitive to electrostatic charges that can be damaged by inappropriate handling. It is therefore necessary to provide the required protective measures against electrostatic discharge when installing or removing these drive systems.

2.8 Handling and installation

Warning!

B&R drive systems and servo motors can be heavy.

During handling and installation of heavy B&R drive systems or servo motors, there is therefore the danger of personal injury or damage to property (through shearing, impacts, cutting or crushing). Suitable protective equipment (e.g. safety glasses, protective gloves, safety shoes, etc.) must be used whenever necessary!

Installation must be performed according to this documentation using suitable equipment and tools.

Devices are only permitted to be installed by qualified personnel without voltage applied. Before installation, voltage to the control cabinet must be switched off and prevented from being switched on again.

General safety guidelines and national accident prevention regulations for working with high voltage systems must be observed.

Electrical installation must be carried out in accordance with applicable guidelines (e.g. line cross sections, fuses, protective ground connections, see also 5 "Dimensioning" on page 145).

2.9 Operation

2.9.1 Protection against touching electrical parts

Danger!

To operate drive systems, it is necessary for certain parts to carry dangerous voltage levels over 60 VDC. Touching one of these parts can result in a life-threatening electric shock. This could lead to death, severe injury or damage to property.

Before switching on a drive system, it is important to ensure that it is properly connected to ground potential (PE rail). Ground connections must be established even when testing or operating the drive system for a short time!

Before switching on the device, all parts that carry voltage must be securely covered. During operation, all covers and control cabinet doors must remain closed.

Danger!

If the safety functions integrated in the drive system are used in an application, then they must be fully validated before the drive system is switched on for the first time. Failure to do so could lead to death, severe injury or damage to property.

Control and power connections can still carry voltage even if the motor is not turning. Touching these connections while the device is switched on is prohibited.

Before performing any work on drive systems, they must first be disconnected from the power system and prevented from being switched on again.

Danger!

Dangerously high voltage

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the capacitors have discharged. Observe regulations!

This delay time of 5 minutes begins as soon as all of the synchronous motors connected to the drive system that has been disconnected from the power supply have come to a standstill. If the synchronous motors are not stationary when the drive system is disconnected from the power supply, then the delay time must be extended accordingly.

SafeMOTION modules are labeled with the following warning:

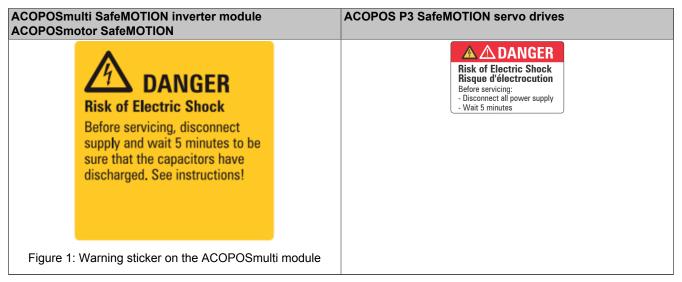


Table 9: Warning sticker on SafeMOTION modules

The connections on the drive system for signal voltages in the voltage range 5 to 30 V are safely isolated circuits. The signal voltage connections and interfaces are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or electrical components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 and protective extra-low voltage that corresponds to voltage class DVC A (SELV, PELV).

Never remove the electrical connections of drive systems while voltage is applied. In the worst case, arcs may occur that can subsequently cause personal injury and/or damage to contacts.

2.9.2 Protection against hazardous movements

Danger!

Improper control of motors can result in unintended hazardous movements! Such incorrect behavior can have various causes:

- Incorrect installation or mishandling of components
- · Improper or incomplete wiring
- Defective devices (drive system, motor, position encoder, cables, brake)
- Incorrect control (e.g. caused by software error)

Some of the errors listed above can be detected and prevented by the drive system's internal monitoring. Nevertheless, it is still possible for the motor shaft to move any time after the device is switched on! For this reason, higher-level safety precautions need to be put in place to ensure that personnel and machines are protected.

The moving parts on machines must be shielded in such a way as to prevent unintentional access by personnel. This type of protection can be achieved by using stable mechanical protective equipment such as protective covers, protective fences, protective gates or photoelectric sensors.

Removing, bypassing or circumventing these protective measures and entering the area where movement takes place is prohibited.

A sufficient number of emergency stop buttons must be installed in direct proximity to the machine and be easily accessible at all times. This emergency stop equipment must be checked before the machine is put into operation.

On free running motors, the key (if present) must be removed or measures taken to prevent its ejection. The holding brake built into motors cannot prevent hoisting equipment from dropping hanging loads.

2.10 Functional safety data and specifications

For the characteristic values of individual safety functions, see 3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 284.

Characteristic values are calculated based on a proof test interval of maximum 20 years. Since a proof test cannot be carried out for B&R drive systems, the proof test interval is the same as the system's mission time.

In accordance with the EN ISO 13849, EN 62061 and IEC 61508 standards, the safety functions described in 6 "Safety technology" on page 253 cannot be used beyond the specified mission time.

Danger!

Operating SafeMOTION modules beyond the specified mission time is not permitted!

The user must ensure that all SafeMOTION modules are replaced by new SafeMOTION modules or removed from operation <u>before</u> their mission time expires.

3 Environmentally friendly disposal

All B&R drive systems and servo motors are designed to inflict as little harm as possible on the environment.

3.1 Separation of materials

It is necessary to separate different materials so the device can undergo an environmentally friendly recycling process.

Component	Disposal
Drive systems, servo motors, cables	Electronic recycling
Cardboard box / Paper packaging	Paper/Cardboard recycling

Table 10: Environmentally friendly separation of materials

Disposal must comply with applicable legal regulations.

Chapter 2 • ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

1 Configuration of an ACOPOSmulti drive system

The ACOPOSmulti drive system consists of a mounting plate, various modules (power supply, auxiliary supply, inverter, expansion and capacitor modules), plug-in modules as well as a line filter and – only in combination with 8BVP active power supply modules – a regeneration choke.

There are 10 steps necessary to configure the ACOPOSmulti:

- 1. Determine the cooling method.
 - Standard cooling (wall mounting)
 - Feed-through cooling (feed-through mounting)
 - Oil/Water cooling (cold plate mounting)
- 2. Define or verify the supply voltage range and network configuration.
- 3. Select the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules according to the application requirements.
 - 1-axis modules
 - ° 2-axis modules
- 4. Select the ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules for the motor encoder and external axis encoder according to the application requirements.
- 5. Determine if it should be possible to extend the ACOPOSmulti drive system:

 If so, determine the number of optional slots on the mounting plate for other ACOPOSmulti modules
- 6. Select ACOPOSmulti power supply modules according to the application requirements (active/passive power supply module) based on the total power of the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules needed (derating information must be taken into consideration if the supply voltage <3x 400 VAC)
 - Passive power supply modules¹⁾
 - Active power supply modules
- 7. Check the maximum chargeable DC bus capacitance.
- Select the ACOPOSmulti auxiliary supply module based on the total power required for the 24 VDC supply
 of the selected ACOPOSmulti module, ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules as well as the peripheral supply (e.g.
 PLC, actuators, motor holding brakes, sensors)
 - ° 24 V internal
 - ° 24 V internal, 24 V external
 - 24 V internal, 24 V external, 24 V external supply
 - 42 V external

Danger!

ACOPOSmulti auxiliary supply modules (8B0C0320Hx00.00A-1) must not be used in combination with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules!

- Determine the total number of slots by adding the widths of all selected ACOPOSmulti modules (including optional slots).
- 10. Select the ACOPOSmulti mounting plate according to the total number of slots required and specified cooling method.

Step 8 can be skipped if the 24 VDC is supplied to the selected ACOPOSmulti inverter modules by passive power supply module 8B0P0110Hx00.000-1.

2 Status indicators

Status indicators are located on the black cover of each module.

2.1 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules

2.1.1 1-axis modules

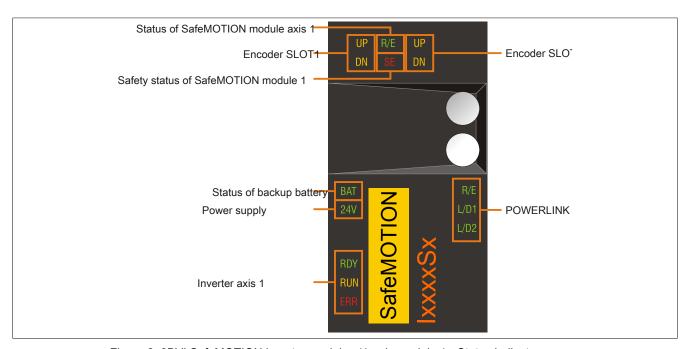


Figure 2: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - Status indicator groups

2.1.1.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
	L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on port 1	page 31
	L/D2		Link/Data activity on port 2	
Inverter axis 1	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED
	RUN	Orange	Run	status indicators" on page 31
	ERR	Red	Error	
Status of backup battery	BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "Backup battery - LED status indicators (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)" on page 31
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Encoder SLOT1	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
Encoder SLOT2	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	see Encoder SLOT1
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 1	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 1	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 32

Table 11: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

2.1.2 2-axis modules

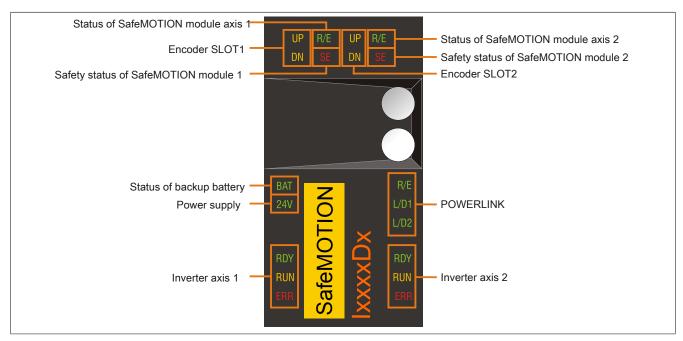


Figure 3: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (2-axis modules) - Status indicator groups

2.1.2.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
	L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity on port 1	page 31
	L/D2		Link/Data activity on port 2	
Inverter axis 1	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED
	RUN	Orange	Run	status indicators" on page 31
	ERR	Red	Error	
Inverter axis 2	RDY	Green	Ready	See inverter axis 1
	RUN	Orange	Run	
	ERR	Red	Error	
Status of backup battery	BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "Backup battery - LED status indicators (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)" on page 31
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the tolerance range.
Encoder SLOT1	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the positive direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	Indicates that the position of the connected encoder is changing in the negative direction. The faster the encoder position changes, the brighter the LED is lit.
Encoder SLOT2	UP	Orange	Encoder direction of rotation +	see Encoder SLOT1
	DN		Encoder direction of rotation -	
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 1	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 1	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 32
Status of SafeMOTION module axis 2	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	
Safety status of SafeMOTION module 2	SE	Red	Safe/Error	

Table 12: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (2-axis modules) - LED status indicators

2.1.3 RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description		
RDY	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).	
			Blinking green 1)	The module is not ready for operation.	
				Examples:	
				No signal on one or both enable inputs	
				DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range	
				Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor)	
				Motor feedback not connected or defective	
				Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective	
				Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.)	
				Disturbance on network	
RUN	Orange	Run	Solid orange	The module's power stage is enabled.	
ERR	Red	Error	Solid red 1)	There is a permanent error on the module.	
				Examples:	
				Permanent overcurrent	
				Invalid data in EPROM	

Table 13: RDY, RUN, ERR (8BVI, 8BVP, 8B0P) - LED status indicators

2.1.4 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	LED off	The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed.
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
			Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
			Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.
L/D1	Green	Link/Data activity or	Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
		port 1	Blinking green	Activity on port 1
L/D2	Green	Link/Data activity or	Solid green	A physical connection has been established to another station on the network.
		port 2	Blinking green	Activity on port 2

Table 14: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

2.1.5 Backup battery - LED status indicators (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)

Label	Color	Function	Description	
BAT	Green/Red	Ready/Error	LED off	Possible causes:
				 The voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range, but an EnDat encoder with backup battery is not connected. A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK", but the module's firmware version does not support EnDat encoders with battery backup.
			Solid green	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery OK" (voltage of the installed backup battery is within the tolerance range).
			Solid red	A battery-backed EnDat encoder is connected and registering "Battery not OK".
				Possible causes:
				 Voltage of the installed backup battery outside of tolerance range No backup battery installed in module

Table 15: Backup battery - LED status indicators

¹⁾ Firmware V2.130 and later.

2.1.6 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

There are 3 additional LEDs for each safe axis behind the front cover of an ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module:

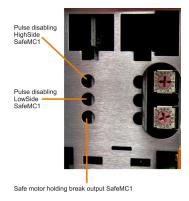


Figure 4: 1-axis modules

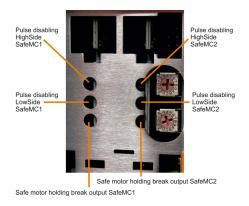


Figure 5: 2-axis modules

LED	Color		Description		
R/E	Green	Red			
	Off	Off	Module not supplied with current, no communication		
	Single flash		Unlink mode		
	Double flash		Updating firmware		
	Blinking		PREOPERATIONAL mode		
	On		Mode RUN		
	On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid		
		Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware		
		On	Communication error		
	Off	On	Errors		
Status LED Pulse disabling output, high-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the boot phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
Status LED Pulse disabling output, low-side	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the boot phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
Status LED Motor holding brake output	Red		Warning/Error on the channel During the boot phase, the channel LEDs are always lit constantly red.		
	Orange		24 V on the output		
	Off		0 V on the output		
SE	Red	Off	Mode RUN		
		On	Boot phase or defective processor Safe state PRE OPERATIONAL Safe communication channel not OK Boot phase Firmware error Non-acknowledgeable error state, FAIL SAFE state		
		The two "SE" indicators are two separate LEDs that show the states of safety processor 1 and safety processor 2. This is only distinguishable			
	when the front cover is or	when the front cover is open, however.			

Table 16: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

2.1.7 Status changes when booting the operating system loader

The following timing is used for the LED status indicators:

Block size: 50 ms Repeats after: 3,000 ms

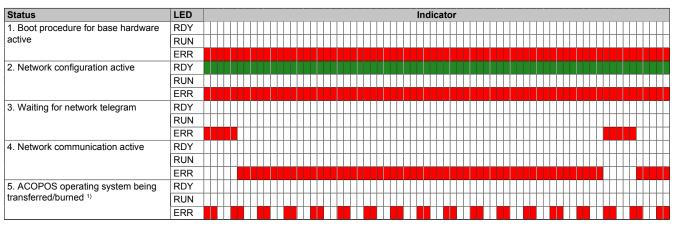


Table 17: Status changes when booting the operating system loader

1) Firmware V2.140 and higher.

2.1.8 Setting the POWERLINK station number

The POWERLINK station number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located behind the black cover.

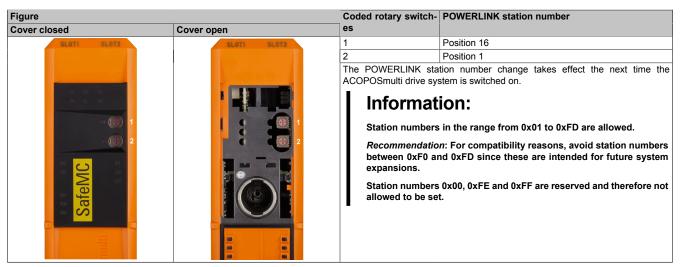


Table 18: Setting the POWERLINK station number

3 Data sheets

3.1 Module overview

Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis) Model number Short description Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis) Model number Short description Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis)	axis modules)
Model number Short description Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis Model number Short description	
Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis Model number Short description	Page
Model number Short description	
Model number Short description	
	modules)
Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis	Page
Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis	.
care ox main inverter mediales (1 axis	modules)
Model number Short description	Page
Safe single-width inverter modules (2-a	axis modules)
Model number Short description	Page
Safe double-width inverter modules (2-	axis modules)
Model number Short description	

3.2 Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.2.1 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1

3.2.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.2.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A,
0D\/1004411004 000 4	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A,
	HV, wall mounting
8BVI0014HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 1.9 A, HV,
	wall mounting
	Required accessories
8BZVI0055SS.000-1A	Terminal block sets
0BZV1003333.000-1A	and 8BVI00xxHxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of
	the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com-
	partment
8BXF001.0000-00	Fan modules ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
UDAFUU I.UUUU-UU	modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital
8BAC0130.001-1	inputs 24 VDC ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110	

Table 19: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.2.1.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1		
General information						
B&R ID code	0xAA0C	0xAA0E	0xE0B0	0xE0B1		
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting		
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)			
Certification						
CE		Y	es			
KC	Y	'es		-		
UL		cULus E225616 Power conversion equipment				
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es			
DC bus connection						
Voltage		-				
Nominal		750 VDC				
Continuous power consumption 3)						
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)		-				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[0.6 * I _M ² + 1.3 * I _M + 60] W					
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[0.97 * I _M ² + 0.5 * I _M + 110] W					
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[1.7 * I _M ² - 0.7 * I _M + 225] W					
DC bus capacitance	165 µF					
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane					
24 VDC supply						
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%					
Input capacitance	23.5 μF					
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾ 25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾			+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾		
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane					
24 VDC output						
Quantity	2					

Table 20: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	C ±6%	
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)			·	_
Quantity			1	_
Continuous power per motor connec-		1.4	kW	_
tion 3)				_
Continuous current per motor connection 3)			A _{eff}	_
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	_	No reduction 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction	-	No reduction
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.11 A/K (from 33°C) 9)	-	0.11 A/K (from 33°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de-	<u>-</u>	0.11 A/K (IIOIII 33 C) %	-	0.11 A/K (IIOIII 33 C) %
pending on switching frequency and mounting method 10)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz	Ni		N	
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction	-	No reduction	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction	-	No reduction	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.13 A/K (from 46°C)	-	0.13 A/K (from 46°C)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.1 A/K (from 41°C)	-	0.1 A/K (from 41°C)	-
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.19 A _{eff} p	er 1000 m	
Peak current		4.7	A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		_	KHZ	_
Possible switching frequencies 12)			 20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected		_	e curve A	_
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 13)				
Protective measures				
Overload protection		Ye	es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Ye	es	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾	598 Hz ¹⁵⁾	598	Hz ¹⁴⁾
Design U, V, W, PE		Mala oa	annostor	_
			onnector	_
Shield connection			es	_
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine wire lines		0.05 to	4 2	
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data			- 40	
UL/C-UL-US			o 10	
CSA		_	0 10	_
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		12 to 2	22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		10	m	
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity			1	
Output voltage 16)		24 VDC +5.	8% / -0% 17)	
Continuous current		1.1	1 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.5	5 Ω	_
Extinction potential		Approx	x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5	Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	_
Protective measures		0.0	·	
Overload and short circuit protec-		Ye	es	
tion Open circuit monitoring		Ye	es	
Undervoltage monitoring		Ye	es	
Response threshold for open circuit		Annroy	. 0.25 A	

Table 20: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1
Response threshold for undervoltage	02110011110001001	24 VDC -	
monitoring			
Encoder interfaces 18)			
Quantity			1
Туре	EnDa	t 2.2 ¹⁹⁾	SinCos
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators		UP/DN	I LEDs
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti			
Encoder monitoring			98
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 20)	100 m Depends on the cross section of the encoder's supply wires ²¹⁾	50 m ²²⁾
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage		12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²³⁾
Load capacity	350) mA	300 mA ²⁴⁾
Sense lines		-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures			
Short circuit protection		Ye	
Overload protection		Ye	es
Synchronous serial interface			405
Signal transmission	2.25	RS-	
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs Signal transmission		_	Differential signals, symmetrical
Differential voltage		-	Dinicicitial signals, symmetrical
In motion		_	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾
At standstill		_	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾
Differential voltage deviation per		_	±10% ²⁷⁾
signal period			110/0
Common-mode voltage		-	Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor		-	120 Ω
Max. input frequency		-	200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)		-	<300 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)		-	DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution		-	12-bit
Reference input			
Signal transmission		-	Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low		-	≤ -0.2 V
Differential voltage for high		-	≥ 0.2 V
Common-mode voltage		-	Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor		-	120 Ω
Position @ 1 V 28)			Number of anoder lines * 5700
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁸⁾ Precision ²⁹⁾		-	Number of encoder lines * 5700
Noise ²⁹⁾		-	
Max. power consumption per encoder		- V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³⁰⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³⁰⁾
interface	L SWC[AA] - 18	v 'Encoder[/]	SMC[VV] - 25 V (0.570 A + 0.55 IEncoder[A])
Trigger inputs			
Quantity			2
Wiring		Si	nk
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module		Ye	es
Input - Input		Ye	es
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 \	/DC
Maximum		30 \	/DC
Switching threshold			
Low			S V
High		>1	
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx	. 10 mA
Switching delay			d: -:k-11 £!k1\
Rising edge		52 µs ±0.5 µs (
Falling edge		53 μs ±0.5 μs (σ	±38 V
Modulation compared to ground potential		iviax.	IJU V
Electrical characteristics			
Discharge capacitance		0.14	4 μF
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•

Table 20: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCSS.000-1	8BVI0014HWSS.000-1	8BVI0014HCSA.000-1	8BVI0014HWSA.000-1		
Operating conditions						
Permitted mounting orientations				_		
Hanging vertically		Ye	es			
Lying horizontally		Ye	es			
Standing horizontally		N	0			
Installation at elevations above sea level						
Nominal		0 to 5	00 m			
Maximum 31)		400	0 m			
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)			
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		III				
EN 60529 protection		IP20 ³²⁾				
Environmental conditions						
Temperature						
Operation						
Nominal		5 to 4	40°C			
Maximum 33)		55	°C			
Storage		-25 to	55°C			
Transport		-25 to	70°C			
Relative humidity						
Operation		5 to	85%			
Storage		5 to	95%			
Transport		Max. 95%	% at 40°C			
Mechanical characteristics						
Dimensions 34)						
Width		53 ו	mm			
Height		317	mm			
Depth						
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm		
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-		
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-		
Weight	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg		
Module width		1				

Table 20: 8BVI0014HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0014HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0014HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_{M} ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
- P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).

 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with EC regulation 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power element: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The maximum encoder cable length I_{max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the supply wire [mm2].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 22) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 23) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 24) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2\sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
 - This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 29) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 30) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 31) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 32) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 33) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 34) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.2.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 57.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.2.2 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1

3.2.2.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design

3.2.2.2 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	0 >
8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A,	The state of the s
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting	THE PARTY OF THE P
8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, HV,	
	cold plate or feed-through mounting	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A,	Sateh
	HV, wall mounting	
8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 3.8 A, HV,	Spati
	wall mounting	
	Required accessories	SN ST
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI0055SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxSS	
	and 8BVI00xxHxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x	
	8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Order data

Model number	Short description
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of
0D/D000.0000-00	the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com-
	partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
	modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
00404040004	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital
	inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
22,100,100,001	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR en-
	coder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
0TD0404 000L 00	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
0102100.2010-00	bered serially
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W
0120101.201011	V U, G keying: 0110

Table 21: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.2.2.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1			
General information							
B&R ID code	0xAA10	0xAA12	0xCD74	0xE0B2			
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting			
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)				
Certification							
CE	Yes						
KC	Ye	es		-			
UL			E225616 sion equipment				
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	'es				
DC bus connection							
Voltage							
Nominal		750 VDC					
Continuous power consumption 3)		2.8	7 kW				
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.6 * 1.2 + 1	.3 * I _M + 60] W				
Switching frequency 10 kHz			.5 * I _M + 110] W				
Switching frequency 20 kHz		• "	7 * I _M + 225] W				
DC bus capacitance			5 μF				
Design			о µr ulti backplane	_			
24 VDC supply		ACOFOSIII	an backplane				
Input voltage		25 \/D(C ±1.6%				
Input capacitance			5 μF				
Max. power consumption	18 W + P + P	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾			
Design	TO VV 11 SMC1 11 SLOT2		ulti backplane	· 1 24 V Out · 1 HoldingBrake			
24 VDC output		7,001,001,10	an backplane				
Quantity			2				
Output voltage							
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)						
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	OC ±6%				
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)							
Quantity			1	_			
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	2.8 kW						
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		3.8	B A _{eff}				
Reduction of continuous current de-							
pending on switching frequency 7)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction	-	No reduction			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.12 A/K (from 33°C) 9)	-	0.12 A/K (from 33°C) 9)			
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and mounting method ¹⁰⁾							
Switching frequency 5 kHz							
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-			
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	0.0 4 1/4 // ======		0.0 4 1/4 // ======	1			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.6 A/K (from 58°C)	-	0.6 A/K (from 58°C)	-			
Feed-through mounting	No reduction	-	No reduction	-			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.4.4.1/. (5 0.100) (0)		0.4.4.07.05	1			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.1 A/K (from 34°C) 12)	-	0.1 A/K (from 34°C) 12)	-			
Feed-through mounting	0.09 A/K (from 18°C) 9)	-	0.1 A/K (from 18°C) 9)	-			
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on the installation elevation							
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0 38 А г	per 1000 m				
Peak current			5 A _{eff}				
Nominal switching frequency			kHz				
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			кпz 20 kHz				
Electrical stress of the connected			Je curve A				
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 14)							
Protective measures							
Overload protection		Y	'es				
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Y 598	'es				

Table 22: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	
Design					
U, V, W, PE	Male connector				
Shield connection	Yes				
Terminal connection cross section					
Flexible and fine wire lines					
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²		
Approbation data					
UL/C-UL-US		30 to			
CSA		28 to	-	_	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		12 to 2	22 mm		
Max. motor line length depending on					
switching frequency					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m		
Switching frequency 10 kHz		25			
Switching frequency 20 kHz		10			
Motor holding brake connection					
Quantity		1			
Output voltage 16)		24 VDC +5.8	8% / -0% 17)		
Continuous current		1.1	A		
Max. internal resistance		0.5	Ω		
Extinction potential		Approx	c. 30 V		
Max. extinction energy per switching		1.5	Ws		
operation					
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz		
Protective measures					
Overload and short circuit protec-		Ye	es		
tion					
Open circuit monitoring		Ye			
Undervoltage monitoring		Ye			
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx.	0.25 A		
Response threshold for undervoltage		24 VDC -	2% / -4%	_	
monitoring		21,150	2707 170		
Encoder interfaces 18)					
Quantity		1			
Туре	EnDat	2.2 19)	Sir	nCos	
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female	DSUB connector	
Status indicators		UP/DN	LEDs		
Electrical isolation					
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		N	0		
Encoder monitoring		Ye	es		
Max. encoder cable length	Depends on the cros	0 m is section of the pow- ne encoder cable ²⁰⁾	50	m ²¹⁾	
Encoder power supply					
Output voltage	Тур. ′	12.5 V	5 V :	±5% ²²⁾	
Load capacity	350	mA	300	mA ²³⁾	
Sense lines		-	2, compensation	n of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures					
Short circuit protection		Ye	es		
Overload protection		Ye	es		
Synchronous serial interface				_	
Signal transmission		RS ₂			
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.2	25 kbit/s	
Sine/Cosine inputs					
Signal transmission			Differential sign	nals, symmetrical	
Differential voltage					
In motion		-		1.35 V ²⁴⁾	
At standstill		-		1.35 V ²⁵⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per		-	±10)% ²⁶⁾	
signal period			NA		
Common-mode voltage		-		x. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor		-		20 Ω	
Max. input frequency		-		0 kHz	
Signal frequency (-5 dB)		-			
Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution		-		o 200 kHz 2-bit	
		-	12	2-NIL	
Reference input Signal transmission			Differential sig	nal, symmetrical	
-				0.2 V	
Ditterential voltage for low		-			
Differential voltage for low			~ <i>1</i>	121/	
Differential voltage for high		-		0.2 V V to +9 V	
-			Max5	0.2 V V to +9 V 20 Ω	

Table 22: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCSS.000-1	8BVI0028HWSS.000-1	8BVI0028HCSA.000-1	8BVI0028HWSA.000-1	
Position				1	
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾		- -	Number of enco	oder lines * 5700	
Precision ²⁸⁾					
Noise ²⁸⁾		-			
Max. power consumption per encoder	D 100 = 100	V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾		6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾	
interface	P _{SMC[VV]} = 19	V I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁵	P _{SMC[VV]} = 25 V (0.37)	0 A + 0.33 I _{Encoder[A]}) ²³	
Trigger inputs					
Quantity			2	_	
Wiring		Si	nk	_	
Electrical isolation					
Input - Inverter module			es		
Input - Input		Y	es		
Input voltage					
Nominal		24 \	VDC		
Maximum		30 \	VDC		
Switching threshold					
Low		</td <td>5 V</td> <td></td>	5 V		
High		>1	5 V		
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx	. 10 mA		
Switching delay					
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)		
Falling edge			digitally filtered)		
Modulation compared to ground potential			±38 V	_	
Electrical characteristics					
Discharge capacitance		0.14	 4 μF	_	
Operating conditions			· F		
Permitted mounting orientations				_	
Hanging vertically			es		
Lying horizontally					
Standing horizontally		Yes No			
Installation at elevations above sea				_	
Nominal		O to f	500 m		
Maximum ³⁰⁾			00 m		
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1			ctive pollution)		
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		ı	II	_	
EN 60529 protection		ID?	20 31)		
Environmental conditions		IFZ	.0/		
Temperature					
Operation					
•		F1.	40°C		
Nominal			i°C		
Maximum 32)					
Storage			55°C		
Transport		-25 to	70°C		
Relative humidity			050/		
Operation			85%		
Storage			95%		
Transport		Max. 959	% at 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics					
Dimensions 33)					
Width			mm		
Height		317	mm		
Depth					
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	Approx. 2.1 kg	Approx. 2.6 kg	
110.9.1.					

Table 22: 8BVI0028HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0028HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0028HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{\text{SLOT2}} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{BBAC}} \text{ [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module)}. \\$
 - $P_{24 \vee Out}$... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.

- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.2.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 57.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.2.3 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1

3.2.3.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design

3.2.3.2 Order data

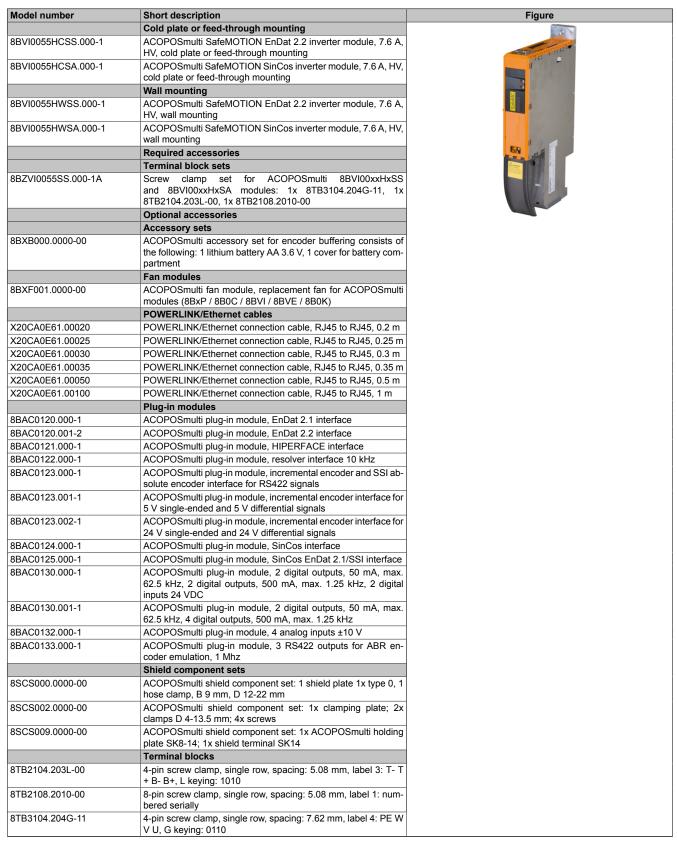


Table 23: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.2.3.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1			
General information							
B&R ID code	0xAA14	0xAA16	0xDD6B	0xE0B3			
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting			
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)				
Certification							
CE	Yes						
KC	Y	Yes -					
UL			E225616 sion equipment				
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es				
DC bus connection							
Voltage							
Nominal			VDC				
Continuous power consumption 3)		5.6	kW				
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz		$[0.6 * I_{M}^{2} + 1.$	3 * I _M + 60] W				
Switching frequency 10 kHz		$[0.97 * I_{M}^{2} + 0.$	5 * I _M + 110] W				
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[1.7 * I _M ² - 0.7	7 * I _M + 225] W				
DC bus capacitance		165	5 μF				
Design		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane				
24 VDC supply							
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%						
Input capacitance		23.	5 μF				
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾			
Design		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane				
24 VDC output							
Quantity			2	_			
Output voltage							
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC		24 VD	C ±6%				
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset				
Motor connection 6)							
Quantity			1				
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		5.5	kW				
Continuous current per motor connection ³⁾		7.6	A _{eff}				
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)							
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.2 A/K (from 49°C)	-	0.2 A/K (from 49°C)			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.13 A/K (from 4°C) 9)	-	0.13 A/K (from 4°C) 9)			

Table 24: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Model number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-			ı.	J
pending on switching frequency and mounting method ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz			1	1
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.65 A/K (from 57°C) 8)	-	0.65 A/K (from 57°C) 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.28 A/K (from 46°C)	-	0.28 A/K (from 46°C)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.15 A/K (from 34°C) 9)	-	0.15 A/K (from 34°C) 9)	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.14 A/K (from 5°C) 12)	-	0.14 A/K (from 5°C) 12)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.08 A/K (from -33°C) 9)	-	0.08 A/K (from -33°C) 9)	-
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		0.76 A _{eff} p	er 1000 m	
Peak current		18.9	9 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency		5	кНz	
Possible switching frequencies 13)		5/10/2	20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 ¹⁴⁾		Limit valu	ie curve A	
Protective measures				
Overload protection			es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection			es	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design				
U, V, W, PE		Male co	onnector	
Shield connection		Y	es	
Terminal connection cross section		-		
Flexible and fine wire lines				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US		30 t	o 10	
CSA		28 t	o 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-		12 to	22 mm	
sion of shield connection				_
Max. motor line length depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		10) m	
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity			1	
Output voltage 16)			.8% / -0% 17)	
Continuous current			1 A	
Max. internal resistance			5 Ω	
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	_
Max. extinction energy per switching operation			Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short circuit protection		Υ	es	
Open circuit monitoring			es	
Undervoltage monitoring			es	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx	. 0.25 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		24 VDC	-2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 18)				
Quantity			1	
Туре	EnDat	t 2.2 ¹⁹⁾	Sin	Cos
Connections	9-pin female D	SUB connector	15-pin female [OSUB connector
Status indicators		UP/DN	N LEDs	
Electrical isolation				
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		N	No	
Encoder monitoring			es	_
Max. encoder cable length	100	0 m		m ²¹⁾
		oss section of the pow- the encoder cable ²⁰⁾		

Table 24: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1	
Encoder power supply	-	10.5.1/	F.C.	E0/ 22)	
Output voltage	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12.5 V		5% 22)	
Load capacity	350 mA			300 mA ²³⁾	
Sense lines		-	2, compensation	of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures					
Short circuit protection		Ye			
Overload protection		Ye	es		
Synchronous serial interface					
Signal transmission		RS	485		
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.2	5 kbit/s	
Sine/Cosine inputs					
Signal transmission		-	Differential sign	als, symmetrical	
Differential voltage					
In motion		-	0.5 to 1	.35 V ²⁴⁾	
At standstill		-	0.8 to 1	.35 V ²⁵⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per signal period		-	±10	% 26)	
Common-mode voltage		-	Max	. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor		-		0 Ω	
Max. input frequency		-	200	kHz	
Signal frequency (-5 dB)		-) kHz	
Signal frequency (-3 dB)		-		200 kHz	
ADC resolution		-		-bit	
Reference input					
Signal transmission		_	Differential sign	nal, symmetrical	
Differential voltage for low		_		0.2 V	
Differential voltage for high		_		.2 V	
Common-mode voltage		_		V to +9 V	
Terminating resistor		<u> </u>		0 Ω	
Position		-	12	0 12	
			Number of one	nder lines * F700	
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾		-		oder lines * 5700	
Precision ²⁸⁾		-			
Noise ²⁸⁾		-			
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19	V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.37)	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾	
Trigger inputs					
Quantity		2			
Wiring		Si	nk		
Electrical isolation					
Input - Inverter module		Ye			
Input - Input		Ye	es		
Input voltage					
Nominal		24 \			
Maximum		30 \	/DC		
Switching threshold					
Low		<5			
High		>1	5 V		
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx	. 10 mA		
input current at nominal voltage					
Switching delay					
· · ·		52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)		
Switching delay Rising edge			<u> </u>		
Switching delay		52 µs ±0.5 µs (c 53 µs ±0.5 µs (c Max.	digitally filtered)		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground po-		53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics		53 µs ±0.5 µs (Max.	digitally filtered) ±38 V		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance		53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) ±38 V		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions		53 µs ±0.5 µs (Max.	digitally filtered) ±38 V		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations		53 µs ±0.5 µs (compared to the state of the	digitally filtered) ±38 V μF		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) 53 µs (const	digitally filtered) ±38 V µF		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) Max. 0.14	digitally filtered) ±38 V µF		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) Max.	digitally filtered) ±38 V µF		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level		53 µs ±0.5 µs (Max.: 0.14 Ye Ye N	digitally filtered) ±38 V I µF es es es		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) 0.14 Yell Yell N 0 to 5	digitally filtered) ±38 V I µF es es es o		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal Maximum 30)		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) 0.14 Yell N 0 to 5	digitally filtered) ±38 V I µF es es es o 0 00 m 0 m		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal Maximum 30) Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		53 µs ±0.5 µs (Max	digitally filtered) ±38 V Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lu		
Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal Maximum 30) Pollution degree in accordance with		53 µs ±0.5 µs (constant) 0.14 Yell N 0 to 5	digitally filtered) ±38 V Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lup Lu		

Table 24: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCSS.000-1	8BVI0055HWSS.000-1	8BVI0055HCSA.000-1	8BVI0055HWSA.000-1
Environmental conditions				·
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		55	°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95%	% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		53	mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 2.2 kg	Approx. 2.7 kg	Approx. 2.2 kg	Approx. 2.7 kg
Module width			1	_

Table 24: 8BVI0055HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0055HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0055HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires $[mm^2]. \label{eq:Among}$
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin - nSin)^2 + (Cos - nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.

- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.2.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 57. For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.2.4 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1

3.2.4.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.2.4.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 15.1 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, HV, wall mounting
8BVI0110HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module. 15.1 A.
	HV, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0110SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0110HxSS
	and 8BVI0110HxSA modules: 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of
	the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com-
	partment
0DVE004 0000 00	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
A20CA0E61.00100	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Order data

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Model number	Short description
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110

Table 25: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.2.4.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA18	0xAA1A	0xDD1F	0xE0BC
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)	
Certification				
CE		Y	es	
KC	Y	es		-
UL		cULus E	E225616	
		Power convers	sion equipment	
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es	
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		11.2	2 kW	

Table 26: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
Power dissipation depending on				
switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.16 * I _M ² + 5	.6 * I _M + 55] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		$[0.49 * I_{M}^{2} + 4]$.7 * I _M + 95] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			0 * I _M + 200] W	
DC bus capacitance) µF	-
Design			ılti backplane	
24 VDC supply		7,001,001,00	nti buokpiane	-
Input voltage		25 VD(C ±1.6%	
Input voltage Input capacitance			5 μF	
Max. power consumption	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	18 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁶⁾		+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Design	· · 24 V Out · · HoldingBrake		ılti backplane	
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage			-	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800		24 VD	C ±6%	
VDC Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 7)			, 2230	
Quantity			 1	
Continuous power per motor connec-			kW	
tion ³⁾				
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		15.	1 A _{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 8)		M. 1 0 0		M 1 22 22
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 9)	-	No reduction 9)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.26 A/K (from 33°C) 10)	-	0.26 A/K (from 33°C) ¹¹⁾
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.15 A/K (from -28°C) 10)	-	0.15 A/K (from -28°C) 113
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and mounting method ¹²⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting ¹³⁾	0.73 A/K (from 55°C) 9)	_	0.73 A/K (from 55°C) 9)	_
Feed-through mounting	0.29 A/K (from 49°C) 9)	-	0.29 A/K (from 49°C) 9)	_
Switching frequency 10 kHz	(1 1 1)			
Cold plate mounting ¹³⁾	0.32 A/K (from 35°C) 14)	_	0.32 A/K (from 35°C) 14)	_
Feed-through mounting	0.17 A/K (from 11°C) 11)	_	0.17 A/K (from 11°C) 11)	_
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.17 A/K (IIOIII 11 G)	_	0.17 AIX (IIOIII 11 O)	
Cold plate mounting 13)	0.18 A/K (from -13°C) 14)	_	0.18 A/K (from -13°C) 14)	_
	, ,		0.10 A/K (from -73°C) 11)	
Feed-through mounting	0.11 A/K (from -73°C) 11)	-	0.11 A/K (from -/3°C) 11)	-
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on the installation elevation		1.51.0	or 1000 m	
Starting at 500 m above sea level			er 1000 m	
Peak current			7 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency			Hz	
Possible switching frequencies 15)			20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 16)		Limit valu	ie curve A	
Protective measures				
Overload protection			es	_
Short circuit and ground fault pro-		Y	es	
tection			T	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁷⁾	598 Hz ¹⁸⁾	598	Hz ¹⁷⁾
Design				
U, V, W, PE		Male co	onnector	
Shield connection		Y	es	
erminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine wire lines				
With wire end sleeves		0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US		30 t	o 10	
CSA		28 t	o 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection			22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on				
switching frequency				
orritoring in equation		0.5	5 m	
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	/ III	
			5 m	

Table 26: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
Motor holding brake connection			0201011011007110001	
Quantity		1		
-		24 VDC +5.8		
Output voltage 19)				
Continuous current		2.1		
Max. internal resistance		0.3		
Extinction potential		Approx		
Max. extinction energy per switching		3 W	/s	
operation				-
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short circuit protec-		Ye	S	
tion				
Open circuit monitoring		Ye	S	
Undervoltage monitoring		Ye	S	
Response threshold for open circuit		Approx.	0.5 A	
monitoring				
Response threshold for undervoltage		24 VDC -2	2% / -4%	
monitoring				
Encoder interfaces ²¹⁾				
Quantity		1		
Туре	EnDat	t 2.2 ²²⁾	Sin	Cos
Connections		SUB connector		SUB connector
Status indicators	5 par formate D	UP/DN		
Electrical isolation		GP/DIN	LLD9	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		No		
Encoder monitoring		Ye		
Max. encoder cable length	100 m	100 m	50	m ²⁵⁾
	Depends on the cross	Depends on the cross		
	section of the pow-	section of the pow-		
	er supply wires in	er supply wires in		
	the encoder cable ²³⁾	the encoder cable ²⁴⁾		
Encoder power supply				
Output voltage	Typ. ′	12.5 V	5 V ±	5% ²⁶⁾
Load capacity	350	mA	300	nA ²⁷⁾
Sense lines		-	2. compensation	of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures			,	-
Short circuit protection		Ye	s	
Overload protection		Ye	S	
Synchronous serial interface				
Signal transmission		RS4		
Data transfer rate	6.25	Mbit/s	781.2	5 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs				
Signal transmission		-	Differential sign	als, symmetrical
Differential voltage				
In motion		_	0.5 to 1	.35 V ²⁸⁾
At standstill		_		.35 V ²⁹⁾
Differential voltage deviation per				% ³⁰⁾
signal period		-	110	70
			May	17.1/
Common-mode voltage		-		±7 V
Terminating resistor		-		0 Ω
Max. input frequency		-		kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)		-) kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)		-	DC up to	200 kHz
ADC resolution		-	12	-bit
Reference input				
Signal transmission		-	Differential sign	nal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low		_		1.2 V
Differential voltage for high				.2 V
		-		
Common-mode voltage		-		V to +9 V
Terminating resistor		-	12	0 Ω
Position				
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ³¹⁾		-	Number of enco	oder lines * 5700
Precision 32)		-	-	
Noise 32)		_	-	
Max. power consumption per encoder	P _{0.00} [W] = 10	V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³³⁾	P _{emc} [W] = 25 V * (0.37)	S A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) 33)
interface	· SWC[AA] - 13	- Encoderty 1	- SMC[**] - 20 V (0.07)	Encoder[/])
Trigger inputs				
		•		
Quantity		2		-
Wiring		Sin	IK	
Electrical isolation				
Input - Inverter module		Ye	s	
Input - Input		Ye		

Table 26: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCSS.000-1	8BVI0110HWSS.000-1	8BVI0110HCSA.000-1	8BVI0110HWSA.000-1
Input voltage				
Nominal		24 \	/DC	
Maximum		30 \	/DC	
Switching threshold				_
Low		<5	V	
High		>1		
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx		
Switching delay		PF -		
Rising edge		52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge		53 μs ±0.5 μs (
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max.		_
tential				
Electrical characteristics				
Discharge capacitance		0.14	l μF	
Operating conditions				
Permitted mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically		Ye	es	
Lying horizontally		Ye	es	
Standing horizontally		N		
Installation at elevations above sea level				
Nominal		0 to 5	00 m	
Maximum 34)		400	0 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with		2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)	
EN 61800-5-1		,	. ,	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		I	II	
EN 60529 protection		IP2	0 35)	_
Environmental conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to -	40°C	
Maximum ³⁶⁾		55	°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95%	6 at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions 37)				
Width		53	mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 2.4 kg	Approx. 2.9 kg	Approx. 2.4 kg	Approx. 2.9 kg
Module width	5	,		, ,,

Table 26: 8BVI0110HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0110HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0110HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC}[W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{SBAC}[W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 8) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 9) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 12) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 13) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.

- 14) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 15) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 16) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 17) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 18) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 19) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 20) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 21) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 22) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 23) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Q mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 24) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- $I_{\text{\scriptsize G}}$... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 25) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 26) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 27) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 28) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 29) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 30) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2\sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of $\pm 10\%$ per signal period.
- 31) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 32) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 33) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 34) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 35) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 36) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 37) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.2.4.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.2.5 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 57.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.2.5 Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.2.5.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

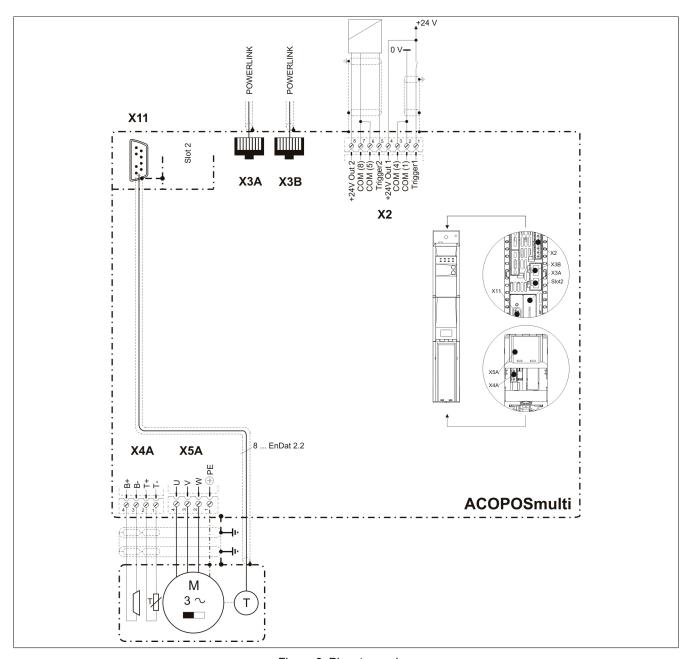


Figure 6: Pinout overview

3.2.5.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

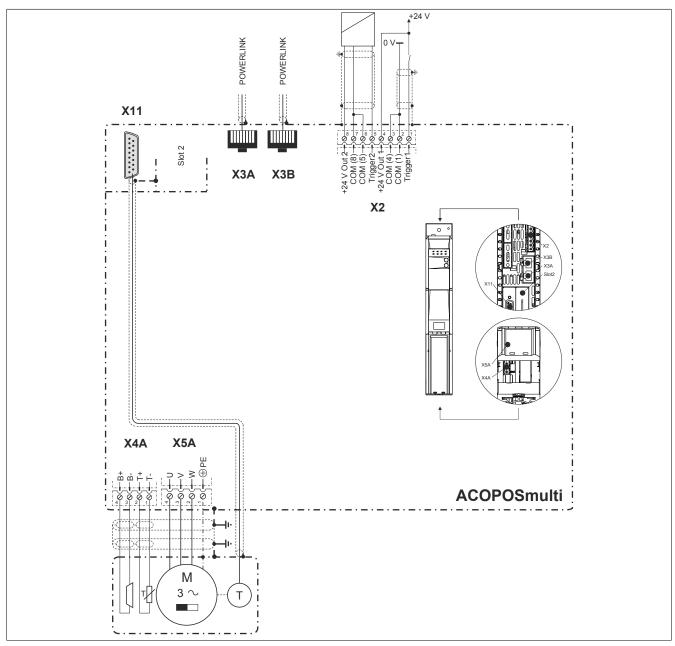


Figure 7: Pinout overview

3.2.5.3 X2 connector - Pinout

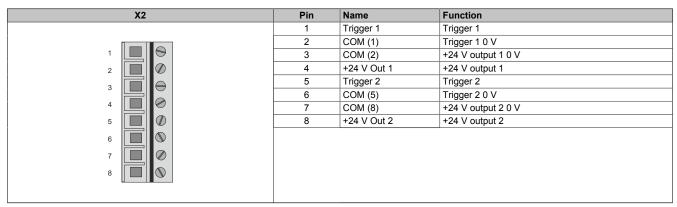


Table 27: X2 connector - Pinout

3.2.5.4 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 28: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.2.5.5 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Name	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 29: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.2.5.6 X5A connector - Pinout

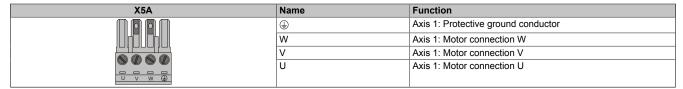


Table 30: X5A connector - Pinout

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

3.2.5.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Name	Function
F-P-402		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	1 6	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
		7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
3 6	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			
建型盔盖				

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.2.5.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout

Figure	X11	Pin	Name	Function
		1	Α	Channel A/Sin
SinCos Safety		2	COM	Ground
(6)		3	В	Channel B/COS
		4	+5 V	Encoder power supply +
	1	5	D	Data
	9	6		
		7	R\	Reference pulse inverted/nREF
		8	Т	Clock
		9	A\	Channel A inverted/nSIN
60		10	Sense COM	Sense ground
	8	11	B\	Channel B inverted/nCOS
		12	Sense +5V	Sense input +5 V
(6)		13	D\	Data inverted
RS422		14	R	Reference pulse/REF
		15	T\	Clock cycle inverted

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.3 Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.3.1 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1

3.3.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.3.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, HV,
	cold plate or feed-through mounting
ADI ((AAAA) NA(AAA	Wall mounting
8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, HV, wall mounting
8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 22 A, HV, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0220SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0220HxSS, 8BVI0220HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-00
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
	modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
V20CA0E64 00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00025	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
8BAC0124 000 1	24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0125.000-1 8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, Sincos EnDat 2.1/SSI interrace ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
6BACU130.000-1	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Order data

Model number	Short description
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T-T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB4104.204G-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110

Table 31: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.3.1.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	
General information				,	
B&R ID code	0xAA1C	0xAA1E	0xE0B4	0xE0B5	
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)		
Certification		_		_	
CE		Y	es		
KC	Y	'es		-	
UL			E225616		
			sion equipment		
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es		
DC bus connection					
Voltage					
Nominal		750 VDC			
Continuous power consumption 3)	16.2 kW				
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency ⁴⁾					
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[0.13 * I_{M}^{2} + 5.5 * I_{M} + 40] W$				
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[0.43 * I _M ² + 3.7 * I _M + 110] W				
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[1.4 * I _M ² + 1.97 * I _M + 230] W				
DC bus capacitance		495 μF			
Design		ACOPOSmu	ılti backplane		
24 VDC supply					
Input voltage		25 VDC ±1.6%			
Input capacitance	32.9 µF				
Max. power consumption	26 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane				
24 VDC output					
Quantity		:	2		

Table 32: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

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Model number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1
Output voltage			(11 (0.45)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%			
Protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset			
Motor connection 6)			,	
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connec-		16	kW	
tion ³⁾ Continuous current per motor connec-		22 A _{Eff}		22 A _{eff}
tion 3)		ZZ NE#		ZZ Nett
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)		N 1 1 1 0		N
Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz	<u>-</u>	No reduction 8) 0.4 A/K (from 31°C) 9)	-	No reduction 8) 0.4 A/K (from 31°C) 9)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	<u> </u>	0.31 A/K (from -16°C) 9)	-	0.4 A/K (from -16°C) 9
Reduction of continuous current de-		0.017010 (110111 10 0)		0.01741((110111 10 0)
pending on switching frequency and mounting method ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz	No reduction 8)	-	No reduction 8)	-
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.36 A/K (from 5°C) 12)	-	0.36 A/K (from 5°C) 12)	<u>-</u>
Feed-through mounting	0.39 A/K (from 26°C) 9)	-	0.39 A/K (from 26°C) 9)	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	- (
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.5 A/K (from 49°C)	-	0.5 A/K (from 49°C)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.15 A/K (from -59°C) 9)	-	0.15 A/K (from -59°C) 9)	-
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		2.2 A _{Eff} per 1000 m		2.2 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current		55 A _{Eff}		55 A _{eff}
Nominal switching frequency			Hz	
Possible switching frequencies 13)			20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected		Limit valu	e curve A	
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 14)				
Protective measures				
Overload protection	Yes			
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Ye	es	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design U, V, W, PE		Mala oo	unnoctor	
Shield connection	Male connector			
Terminal connection cross section	Yes			
Flexible and fine wire lines				
With wire end sleeves	0.5 to	6 mm²	0.5 to 1	16 mm²
Approbation data				
UL/C-UL-US			to 8	
CSA Terminal coble gross section dimen			to 8	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		12 to 2	22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on				
switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m 25 m			
Switching frequency 20 kHz			m	
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity		,		
Output voltage 16)			3% / -0.5% 17)	
Continuous current	4.2 A			
Max. internal resistance Extinction potential	0.15 Ω Approx. 30 V			
Max. extinction energy per switching operation			Ns	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short circuit protec-		Ye	es	
tion	Yes			
Open circuit monitoring		Y6		
			es	

Table 32: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	
Response threshold for undervoltage	24 VDC -	2% / -4%	
monitoring			
Encoder interfaces 18)			
Quantity	1		
Type	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾	SinCos	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	15-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators	UP/DN	LEDs	
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	N		
Encoder monitoring	Ye	1	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m	50 m ²¹⁾ 50 m ²²⁾	
	Depends on the cross section of the pow-		
-needer neurar europh	er supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾		
Encoder power supply	T 40 F.V	F.V. (50/ 23)	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²³⁾	
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²⁴)	
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures			
Short circuit protection	Ye		
Overload protection	Ye	es	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission	RS4		
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s	
Sine/Cosine inputs			
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical	
Differential voltage			
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾	
At standstill	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per	-	±10% ²⁷⁾	
signal period			
Common-mode voltage	-	Max. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω	
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz	
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz	
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz	
ADC resolution	_	12-bit	
Reference input			
Signal transmission	_	Differential signal, symmetrical	
Differential voltage for low		≤-0.2 V	
Differential voltage for high	_	≥0.2 V	
Common-mode voltage		Max5 V to +9 V	
-	-		
Terminating resistor	<u>-</u>	120 Ω	
Position Q 4 V 28		Noushan of annual lines * F700	
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁸⁾	-	Number of encoder lines * 5700	
Precision ²⁹⁾	-		
Noise ²⁹⁾	-		
Max. power consumption per encoder	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V * I_{Encoder}[A]^{30}$	$P_{SMC}[W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I_{Encoder}[A])^{30}$	
nterface			
Frigger inputs			
Quantity			
Viring	Sir	nk	
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module	Ye	es	
Input - Input	Ye	es	
nput voltage			
Nominal	24 V	/DC	
Maximum	30 V	/DC	
Switching threshold			
Low	<5	V	
High	>15		
nput current at nominal voltage	Approx.		
Switching delay			
Rising edge	52 119 +0 5 119 (6	digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)		
Modulation compared to ground po-			
tential	IVIAA. 1		
Electrical characteristics			
Discharge capacitance	0.22		
Operating conditions	U.ZZ	· r ·	
Permitted mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically	Ye	29	
Lying horizontally	Ye		
Standing horizontally	N.	<u> </u>	

Table 32: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCSS.000-1	8BVI0220HWSS.000-1	8BVI0220HCSA.000-1	8BVI0220HWSA.000-1	
Installation at elevations above sea					
level					
Nominal		0 to 5	**		
Maximum 31)		400	0 m		
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)		
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		- II	II		
EN 60529 protection		IP20	0 32)		
Environmental conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to 4	40°C		
Maximum 33)		55	°C		
Storage		-25 to 55°C			
Transport	-25 to 70°C				
Relative humidity		-			
Operation	5 to 85%				
Storage	5 to 95%				
Transport		Max. 95%	6 at 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics					
Dimensions 34)					
Width	106.5 mm				
Height	317 mm				
Depth					
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 3.9 kg	Approx. 5.2 kg	Approx. 3.9 kg	Approx. 5.2 kg	
Module width	2				

Table 32: 8BVI0220HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0220HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0220HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_{M} ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid for the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 22) The maximum permissible cable length is 50 m.

- 23) During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 24) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin - nSin)² + (Cos - nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 28) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 29) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 30) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 31) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 32) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 33) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 34) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.3.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 78. For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.3.2 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1

3.3.2.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.3.2.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 33 A, HV, wall mounting
8BVI0330HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 33 A, HV, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0440SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0440HxSS, 8BVI0440HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-10
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Order data

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Model number	Short description
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS007.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 2x 45°; 4x screws
8SCS008.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 2x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 23-35 mm
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB4104.204G-10	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 10.16 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110

Table 33: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.3.2.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xADC3	0xADC4	0xE0B6	0xE0B7
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)			

Table 34: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
Certification			1	
CE	Yes			
KC	Ye	es		-
UL		cULus I	225616	
		Power convers	sion equipment	
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es	
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal			VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		24.4	ł kW	
Power dissipation depending on				
switching frequency 4)			0.1.1.1.107.114	
Switching frequency 5 kHz			.3 * I _M + 40] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			1 * I _M + 130] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			8 * I _M + 300] W	
DC bus capacitance) μF	
Design		ACOPOSmi	ılti backplane	
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage			C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance			9 μF	
Max. power consumption	$31 \text{ W} + P_{\text{SMC1}} + P_{\text{SLOT2}}$	31 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	$25 W + P_{SMC1} + P_{SLOT2}$	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁶⁾
Design	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁶⁾	ulti baakalana	
Design 24 VDC output		ACOPOSMI	ılti backplane	
•	I			
Quantity			2	
Output voltage		25 VDC *	(11 /245)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800		24 \/D	C ±6%	
VDC		24 VD	C 10 /6	
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	-
Motor connection 7)		200 His (Glow Blow) old	onomo, automato recet	
Quantity			 1	
Continuous power per motor connec-			kW	_
tion 3)				
Continuous current per motor connec-	33 A _{eff}		33 A _{Eff}	
tion 3)				
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 8)		4 == 4 #4 #5 4000 \ 0)	T	1
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	1.57 A/K (from 40°C) 9)	-	1.57 A/K (from 40°C) 9)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.5 A/K (from -10°C) ¹⁰⁾	-	0.5 A/K (from -10°C) ¹⁰
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.36 A/K (from -77°C) 10)	-	0.36 A/K (from -77°C) 10)
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on switching frequency and				
mounting method 11)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting ¹²⁾	0.8 A/K (from 45°C) 9)	-	0.8 A/K (from 45°C) 9)	-
Feed-through mounting	1.26 A/K (from 40°C) 9)	-	1.26 A/K (from 40°C) 9)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz		I	1 (J
Cold plate mounting 12)	0.62 A/K (from 6°C) 13)	-	0.62 A/K (from 6°C) 13)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.37 A/K (from -36°C) 10)	-	0.37 A/K (from -36°C) 10)	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	- (/	ı		1
Cold plate mounting 12)	0.32 A/K (from -82°C) 13)	-	0.32 A/K (from -82°C) 13)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.24 A/K (from -137°C) 10)	-	0.24 A/K (from -137°C) 10)	-
Reduction of continuous current de-				J
pending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level	3.3 A _{eff} per 1000 m		3.3 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	
Peak current	83 A _{eff}		83 A _{Eff}	
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz			
Possible switching frequencies 14)	5/10/20 kHz			
Electrical stress of the connected		Limit valu	ie curve A	
motor in accordance with IEC TS				
60034-25 15)				
Protective measures				
Overload protection	Yes			
Short circuit and ground fault pro-	Yes			
tection Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁶⁾			
Max. output frequency Design		598	114 -7	
U, V, W, PE	Male connector			
Shield connection	Yes			
	Í.	Y	C3	

Table 34: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

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Model number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1			
Terminal connection cross section					
Flexible and fine wire lines					
With wire end sleeves	0.5 to	16 mm²			
Approbation data					
UL/C-UL-US	20	to 6			
CSA	20	to 6			
Terminal cable cross section dimen-	23 to	35 mm			
sion of shield connection		23 to 35 mm			
Max. motor line length depending on					
switching frequency					
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25	5 m			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25	5 m			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	25	5 m			
Motor holding brake connection					
Quantity		1			
Output voltage 17)	24 VDC +5.8	8% / -0.5% 18)			
Continuous current	4.:	2 A			
Max. internal resistance	0.1	15 Ω			
Extinction potential	Appro	x. 30 V			
Max. extinction energy per switching	3'	Ws			
operation					
Max. switching frequency	0.5	5 Hz			
Protective measures					
Overload and short circuit protec-	Y	'es			
tion					
Open circuit monitoring		/es			
Undervoltage monitoring		<u>′es</u>			
Response threshold for open circuit	Approx	x. 0.5 A			
monitoring					
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -	-2% / -4%			
Encoder interfaces 19)					
		4			
Quantity		1 SinCoo			
Type	EnDat 2.2 ²⁰⁾	SinCos			
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	15-pin female DSUB connector			
Status indicators	UP/DI	N LEDs			
Electrical isolation					
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		No .			
Encoder monitoring		res			
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²¹⁾	50 m ²²⁾			
Encoder power supply					
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²³⁾			
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²⁴⁾			
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V			
Protective measures					
Short circuit protection	Y	'es			
Overload protection	Y	'es			
Synchronous serial interface					
Signal transmission		3485			
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s			
Sine/Cosine inputs					
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical			
Differential voltage					
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁵⁾			
At standstill	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾			
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-	±10% ²⁷⁾			
Common-mode voltage	-	Max. ±7 V			
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω			
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz			
		<300 kHz			
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-				
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz			
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution					
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution Reference input	-	DC up to 200 kHz			
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution	-	DC up to 200 kHz			
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution Reference input	-	DC up to 200 kHz 12-bit			
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution Reference input Signal transmission	-	DC up to 200 kHz 12-bit Differential signal, symmetrical			
Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB) ADC resolution Reference input Signal transmission Differential voltage for low	- - - -	DC up to 200 kHz 12-bit Differential signal, symmetrical ≤-0.2 V			

Table 34: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0330HCSS.000-1	8BVI0330HWSS.000-1	8BVI0330HCSA.000-1	8BVI0330HWSA.000-1
Position		1		
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁸⁾		-	Number of end	oder lines * 5700
Precision ²⁹⁾				
Noise ²⁹⁾				
Max. power consumption per encoder interface		V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³⁰⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.37	'6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³⁰⁾
Trigger inputs				
Quantity			2	_
Wiring			nk	_
Electrical isolation			TIK .	_
Input - Inverter module		V	es	
Input - Input			es	_
Input voltage			25	
Nominal		24.)	/DC	
Maximum Switching throughold		30 \	/DC	_
Switching threshold			- \ /	_
Low			5 V	
High			5 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx	. 10 mA	_
Switching delay		E0 : .0.E /	di aita II £ita aa d\	
Rising edge			digitally filtered)	_
Falling edge			digitally filtered)	_
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max.	±38 V	
tential				
Electrical characteristics		0.00)E	_
Discharge capacitance		0.2	2 μF	
Operating conditions				_
Permitted mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically			es	
Lying horizontally		Yes		
Standing horizontally			lo	
Installation at elevations above sea level				
Nominal		0 to 500 m		
Maximum 31)		4000 m		
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-condu	ctive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1			II	
EN 60529 protection		IP2	0 32)	
Environmental conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum ³³⁾			°C	
Storage			55°C	
Transport			70°C	
Relative humidity			-	_
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage				
Transport	5 to 95% Max. 95% at 40°C			
Mechanical characteristics		IVIGA. 90		
Dimensions ³⁴⁾				
Width		106	5 mm	
Height	106.5 mm 317 mm			
Depth		317	111111	_
Wall mounting		263 mm		263 mm
-	- 212 mm		212 mm	263 mm -
Cold plate Feed-through mounting	212 mm	-	212 mm 209 mm	-
3 3	209 mm Approx. 4.3 kg			
Weight	Арргох. 4.3 ку	Approx. 5.4 kg	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg
Module width	, pprox. no ng		2	, τργιολ. σ.τ

Table 34: 8BVI0330HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0330HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0330HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_{M} ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC}[W] of the SafeMOTION module SLOT1 (see section "Encoder interfaces").
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{8BAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - $P_{24 \vee \text{Out}} \dots Power [W] \text{ that is output to the connections } X2/+24 \vee Out 1 \text{ and } X2/+24 \vee Out 2 \text{ on the module (max. } 10 \text{ W)}.$
- 6) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 7) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

- 8) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 9) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 11) Valid for the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 12) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 13) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 14) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 15) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 17) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 18) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 19) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 20) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 21) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 22) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 23) During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 24) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2\sqrt[3]{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of $\pm 10\%$ per signal period.
- 28) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 29) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 30) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 31) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 32) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 33) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 34) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.3.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 78.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.3.3 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1

3.3.3.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.3.3.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
	Wall mounting
8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 44 A,
0BV10440FIVV33.000-1	HV, wall mounting
8BVI0440HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 44 A, HV, wall mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0440SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0440HxSS, 8BVI0440HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB4104.204G-10
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
V20CA0E61 00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00020	1 1
X20CA0E61.00025 X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00030 X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00055	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00000	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
7/200/10201:00100	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI ab-
8BAC0123.001-1	solute encoder interface for RS422 signals ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for
	5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
9BAC0132 000 1	62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1 8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
ODACU133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS007.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 2x 45°; 4x screws
8SCS008.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 2x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 23-35 mm
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20
0TD0404 000L 00	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially

Table 35: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.3.3.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA1F	0xAA20	0xD5CB	0xC5FE
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)	1
Certification		-		_
CE		Y	'es	
KC	Y	es	-	Yes
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
Functional safety ²⁾			'es	
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)			5 kW	_
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.07 * I _M ² + 7	'.3 * I _M + 40] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			.1 * I _M + 130] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			.8 * I _M + 300] W	
DC bus capacitance			0 µF	_
Design			ulti backplane	_
24 VDC supply				_
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance		32.	9 μF	_
Max. power consumption	31 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	· ·	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Design	5.512		ulti backplane	2. Foot Holdings and
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				_
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%			
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)		` '		
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		32	kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		44	A _{Eff}	

Table 36: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
Reduction of continuous current de-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
pending on switching frequency 7)		4 E7 A/// /5 4000\ °\		1 E7 A #/ (f 1000) *)
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	1.57 A/K (from 40°C) ⁸⁾ 0.5 A/K (from -10°C) ⁹⁾	-	1.57 A/K (from 40°C) ⁸⁾ 0.5 A/K (from -10°C) ⁹⁾
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.5 A/K (from -10°C) 9)	-	0.5 A/K (from -10°C) 9 0.36 A/K (from -77°C) 9
Reduction of continuous current de-	-	0.30 A/K (IIOIII -77 C) 9	-	0.30 A/K (IIOIII - 17 C) %
pending on switching frequency and mounting method ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.8 A/K (from 45°C) 8)	-	0.8 A/K (from 45°C) 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	1.26 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-	1.26 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.62 A/K (from 6°C) 12)	-	0.62 A/K (from 6°C) 12)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.37 A/K (from -36°C) 9)	-	0.37 A/K (from -36°C) 9)	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz			1	
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.32 A/K (from -82°C) 12)	-	0.32 A/K (from -82°C) 12)	-
Feed-through mounting	0.24 A/K (from -137°C) 9)	-	0.24 A/K (from -137°C) 9)	-
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		4.4.An	er 1000 m	
Peak current				
			A _{eff} KHz	
Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			KHZ 20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected			ie curve A	
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 ¹⁴⁾		Littit vait	ie curve A	
Protective measures				
Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault pro-			es es	
tection Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design				
U, V, W, PE			onnector	
Shield connection		Y	es	
Terminal connection cross section Flexible and fine wire lines				
With wire end sleeves		0.5 to	16 mm²	
Approbation data		0.5 to	10 111111	
UL/C-UL-US		20	to 6	
CSA		20 to 6		
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection		23 to	35 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		25	5 m	
Motor holding brake connection			4	
Quantity			1	
Output voltage ¹⁶⁾ Continuous current			3% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾	
Max. internal resistance			2 A 5 Ω	
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation			ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5	i Hz	
Protective measures				
Overload and short circuit protection		Y	es	
Open circuit monitoring			es	
Undervoltage monitoring			es	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring			x. 0.5 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring		24 VDC	-2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 18)			1	
Quantity	EnDot	2.2 19)	1 Sin	Cos
Type Connections		SUB connector	15-pin female D	
Status indicators	ə-pin iemale D		15-pin female L N LEDs	COD COMIRCION
		UP/DI	1 LLU3	
Flectrical Isolation				
Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti			lo	

Table 36: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

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Model number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
Max. encoder cable length	100 Depends on the cros er supply wires in the	s section of the pow-	50 r	m ²¹⁾
Encoder power supply				
Output voltage	Typ. 1		5 V ±	
Load capacity	350			mA ²³⁾
Sense lines	-		2, compensation	of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures				
Short circuit protection			es es	
Overload protection Synchronous serial interface		Ţ(28	
Signal transmission		RS	485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 M		781.25	5 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs				
Signal transmission	-		Differential signa	als, symmetrical
Differential voltage				
In motion	-			.35 V ²⁴⁾
At standstill	-			.35 V ²⁵⁾
Differential voltage deviation per signal period	-	· 		% ²⁶⁾
Common-mode voltage	-			±7 V
Terminating resistor	-		200	νμ-
Max. input frequency Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-			KHZ) kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-		DC up to	
ADC resolution	-		·	-bit
Reference input			12	
Signal transmission	-		Differential sign	nal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	-		≤-0.	_ · · •
Differential voltage for high	-		≥0	2 V
Common-mode voltage	-		Max5 \	V to +9 V
Terminating resistor	-		120	Ω
Position				
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁷⁾	-		Number of enco	oder lines * 5700
Precision ²⁸⁾	-			-
Noise 20)	_			
Noise ²⁸⁾ Max. power consumption per encoder	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	/ * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376	S A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	/ * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \		P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	:		5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	:	2	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	: Si	2	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	: Si	2 nk	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Yi	2 nk es	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	: Si Yi Yi	2 nnk es es	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \ 30 \	2 nnk es es es /DC /DC	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \\ 30 \\	2 nnk es es /DC /DC	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \\ 30 \\ <	22 nnk ess ess //DC //DC //DC	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \\ 30 \\ <	2 nnk es es /DC /DC	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \\ 30 \\ < \\ >1 \\ Approx	22 nnk es es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \ 30 \ <= 51 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (22 nk es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered)	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \ 30 \ 31 \ 45 \ 45 \ 46 \ 51 \ 46 \ 52 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	22 nnk es es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground po-	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	24 \ 30 \ 31 \ 45 \ 45 \ 46 \ 51 \ 46 \ 52 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	22 nk es es es //DC //DC //DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered)	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	59 Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ 51 Approx 52 \(\ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5 \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0	22 nk es es es //DC //DC //DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered)	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	59 Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ 51 Approx 52 \(\ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5 \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0	2 nnk es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered)	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	59 Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ 51 Approx 52 \(\ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \ps \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5 \ps \pm 0.5 \pm 0	2 nnk es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered)	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ <ξ >1 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (Max. 0.22	2 nnk es es es //DC //DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ <-5 >1 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (Max. 0.22	2 nnk es es es //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //D	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ <-5 >1 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (Max. 0.22	2 nnk es es es //DC //DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (54 γς (55 μs (56 γς (57 γς (57 γς (57 γς (2 nnk es es es /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V 2 µF es es es	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ < ξ >1 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (Max. 0.22 Yi Yi N 0 to ξ	22 nk es es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V 2 µF es es es es	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	53 μs ±0.5 μs (54 μs (55 μs (55 μs (55 μs (2 nnk es es es /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V 2 µF es es es	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Standing horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal Maximum 30) Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	52 µs ±0.5 µs (53 µs ±0.5 µs (Max.	22 nk es es es /DC /DC /DC 5 V . 10 mA digitally filtered) digitally filtered) ±38 V 2 µF es es es es lo	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾
Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs Quantity Wiring Electrical isolation Input - Inverter module Input - Input Input voltage Nominal Maximum Switching threshold Low High Input current at nominal voltage Switching delay Rising edge Falling edge Modulation compared to ground potential Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance Operating conditions Permitted mounting orientations Hanging vertically Lying horizontally Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal Maximum 30) Pollution degree in accordance with	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 \	Si Si Si Yi Yi 24 \ 30 \ <e>>1 Approx 52 μs ±0.5 μs (53 μs ±0.5 μs (Μαχ. 0.22 Yi Yi N 0 to 5 400 2 (non-conduct I</e>	2 nnk es es es //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //DC //D	5 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ²⁹⁾

Table 36: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0440HCSS.000-1	8BVI0440HWSS.000-1	8BVI0440HCSA.000-1	8BVI0440HWSA.000-1
Environmental conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 32)		55	5°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 959	% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions 33)				
Width		106.	5 mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg	Approx. 4.3 kg	Approx. 5.4 kg
Module width			2	

Table 36: 8BVI0440HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0440HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0440HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_M ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - PSLOT2 ... Max. power consumption PBBAC [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid for the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 22) During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 23) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 24) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 25) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((\sin n\sin)^2 + (\cos n\cos)^2)}$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 27) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 28) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 29) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 30) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 31) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 32) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 33) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.3.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.3.4 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 78.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.3.4 Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.3.4.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

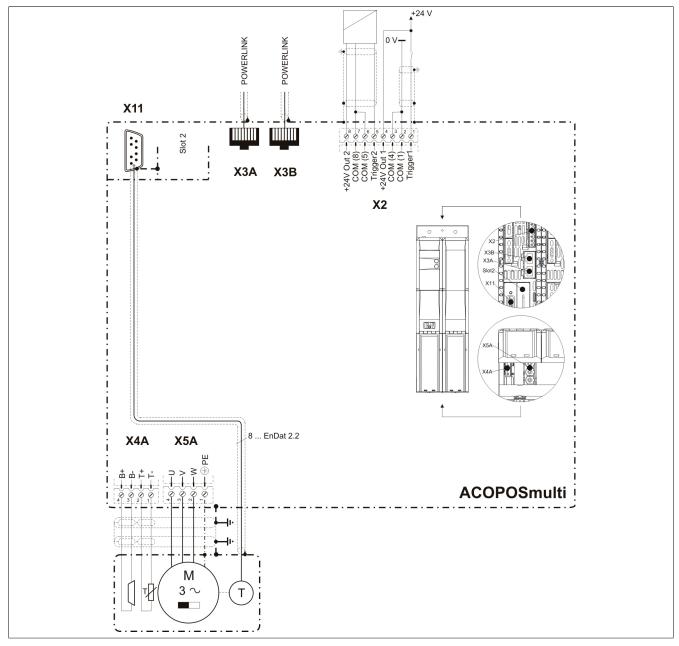


Figure 8: Pinout overview

3.3.4.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

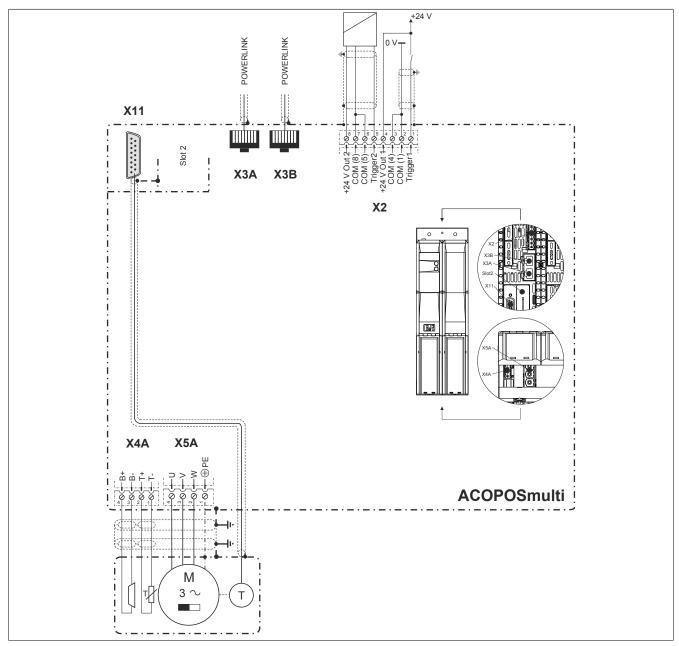


Figure 9: Pinout overview

3.3.4.3 X2 connector - Pinout

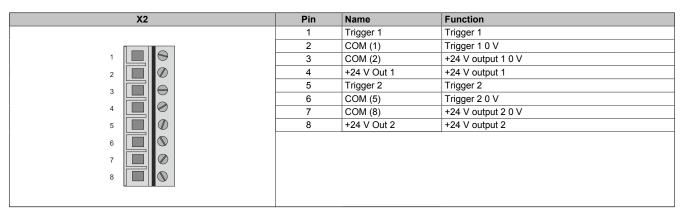


Table 37: X2 connector - Pinout

3.3.4.4 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

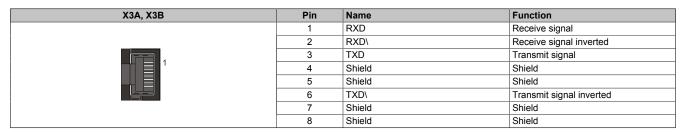


Table 38: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.3.4.5 X4A connector - Pinout

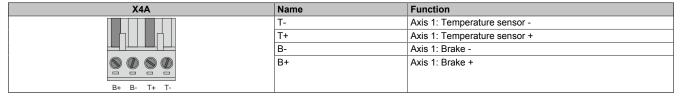


Table 39: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

 There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.3.4.6 X5A connector - Pinout

X5A	Name	Function
	(b)	Axis 1: Protective ground conductor
	W	Axis 1: Motor connection W
	V	Axis 1: Motor connection V
	U	Axis 1: Motor connection U
U V W		

Table 40: X5A connector - Pinout

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

3.3.4.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Name	Function
F-D-400		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	1 6	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
		7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
3.5	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.3.4.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout

Figure	X11	Pin	Name	Function
		1	Α	Channel A/Sin
SinCos Safety		2	СОМ	Ground
		3	В	Channel B/COS
	~	4	+5 V	Encoder power supply +
	1	5	D	Data
	' • 9	6		
		7	R\	Reference pulse inverted/nREF
0.5		8	Т	Clock
		9	A۱	Channel A inverted/nSIN
60	. 15	10	Sense COM	Sense ground
	8	11	B\	Channel B inverted/nCOS
		12	Sense +5V	Sense input +5 V
(6)		13	D\	Data inverted
RS422		14	R	Reference pulse/REF
		15	T\	Clock cycle inverted

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.4 Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

3.4.1 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1

3.4.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

3.4.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 1.9 A,
	HV, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, F keying: 0101
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001

Table 41: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.4.1.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	
General information			
B&R ID code	0xAA0B	0xAA0D	
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	Wall mounting	
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)		
Certification			
CE	Yes		
KC	Yes		
UL	cULus E22		
Franchism of a field (2)	Power conversio	· ·	
Functional safety ²⁾ DC bus connection	Yes		
Voltage			
Nominal	750 VE	nc.	
Continuous power consumption 3)	2.91 k'		
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-	2.011		
cy ⁴⁾			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[1.2 * I _M ² + 2.62 *	' I _M + 100] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8 *	' I _M + 200] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[6 * I _M ² - 9.4 * I _N		
DC bus capacitance	165 μ		
Design	ACOPOSmulti	backplane	
24 VDC supply			
Input voltage	25 VDC ±	1.6%	
Input capacitance	23.5 μ		
Max. power consumption	$28 \text{ W} + P_{\text{SMC1}} + P_{\text{SMC2}} + P$	P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾	
Design	ACOPOSmulti	backplane	
24 VDC output			
Quantity	2		
Output voltage			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC		
Protection	24 VDC : 250 mA (slow-blow) electr		
Protection Motor connection 6)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr		
Protection Motor connection ⁶⁾ Quantity	250 mA (slow-blow) electr	ronic, automatic reset	
Protection Motor connection ⁶⁾ Quantity Continuous power per motor connection ³⁾	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV	ronic, automatic reset N	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr	ronic, automatic reset N	
Protection Motor connection ⁶⁾ Quantity Continuous power per motor connection ³⁾ Continuous current per motor connection ³⁾ Reduction of continuous current depending on	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV	ronic, automatic reset N	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV	ronic, automatic reset N	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	N No reduction ⁸⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A _e	ronic, automatic reset N	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 8) No reduction	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 8) No reduction	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Continuous current per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 8) No reduction	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11)	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 8) No reduction	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2	N No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A No reduction 8) No reduction 8)	N No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11)	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	N No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A No reduction 8) No reduction 8)	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical section 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A ₀ -	No reduction 9) No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9)	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting uethod 10) Switching frequency 3 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 9) No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9)	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical section 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A ₀ -	No reduction 9) No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9)	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 9) No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9)	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 40 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation	250 mA (slow-blow) electrical selectric select	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction ⁹⁾ No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction ® No reduction ® No reduction 0.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9) 1000 m	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequency	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A 1.9 A 1.9 A 1.0 A 1.9 A 1.0 A	No reduction ® No reduction No reduction No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9) 1000 m	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequencies 12)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction ® No reduction No reduction No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9) 1000 m	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accor-	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A 1.9 A 1.9 A 1.0 A 1.9 A 1.0 A	No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾ 1000 m	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 12) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 13)	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction ⁸⁾ No reduction No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) ⁹⁾ 1000 m	
Protection Motor connection 6) Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 3) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7) Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz Cold plate mounting 11) Feed-through mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting Switching frequency 20 kHz Cold plate mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation	250 mA (slow-blow) electr 2 1.4 kV 1.9 A	No reduction 8) No reduction O.11 A/K (from 15°C) 9)	

Table 42: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Design		
U, V, W, PE	Male connector	
Shield connection	Yes	
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine wire lines		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10	
CSA	28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection	12 to 22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m	
Motor holding brake connection		
Quantity	2	
Output voltage ¹⁵⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0% ¹⁶⁾	
Continuous current	1.1 A	
Max. internal resistance	0.5 Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		
Overload and short circuit protection	Yes	
Open circuit monitoring	Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces ¹⁷⁾	21.030 2707 170	
Quantity	2	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁸⁾	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs	
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No	
Encoder monitoring	Yes	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m	
3.	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 19)	
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	
Load capacity	350 mA	
Protective measures		
Short circuit protection	Yes	
Overload protection	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁰⁾	
Trigger inputs	,	
Quantity	2	
Wiring	 Sink	
Electrical isolation	<u></u>	
Input - Inverter module	Yes	
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold	30.20	
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA	
Switching delay	Uhhiov: 10 IIIU	
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered) 53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
	Max. ±38 V	
Modulation compared to ground potential	IVIAX. ±30 V	
Electrical characteristics Discharge capacitance	0.2 μF	
	U.Z UF	

Table 42: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0014HCDS.000-1	8BVI0014HWDS.000-1	
Operating conditions			
Permitted mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically	Yes		
Lying horizontally	Υε	es	
Standing horizontally	N	lo	
Installation at elevations above sea level			
Nominal	0 to 5	500 m	
Maximum ²¹⁾	400	0 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	II	II	
EN 60529 protection	IP:	20	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal	5 to 4	40°C	
Maximum ²²⁾	55	°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C		
Transport	-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity			
Operation	5 to 85%		
Storage	5 to	95%	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions ²³⁾			
Width	53 r	mm	
Height	317	mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg	Approx. 2.8 kg	
Module width	1	1	

Table 42: 8BVI0014HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0014HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{X5A} \dots Current$ on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on X5B motor connection $[A_{\text{Eff}}]$
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SMC2} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{24\,V\,Out}\,...\,Power\,[W]\,that\,is\,output\,to\,the\,connections\,X2/+24\,V\,Out\,1\,\,and\,X2/+24\,V\,Out\,2\,on\,the\,module\,(max.\,10\,W).$
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 15) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 16) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 7) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 18) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 19) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 20) $I_{Encoder}$... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 21) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 22) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 23) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.4.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 96. For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.4.2 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1

3.4.2.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

3.4.2.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0028HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 3.8 A,
	HV, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxDS modules: 1x
	8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00,
	1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
2DV/D000 0000 00	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of
	the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
027.11 00 1.10000 00	modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T
	+ B- B+, F keying: 0101

Table 43: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110	
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001	

Table 43: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.4.2.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1
General information		
B&R ID code	0xAA0F	0xAA11
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2	1)
Certification		
CE	Ye	es ·
KC	Ye	es ·
UL	cULus E	225616
	Power conversi	ion equipment
Functional safety ²⁾	Ye	es
DC bus connection		
Voltage		
Nominal	750 \	/DC
Continuous power consumption 3)	5.73	kW
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[1.2 * I _M ² + 2.62	2 * I _M + 100] W
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8	3 * I _M + 200] W
Switching frequency 20 kHz	[6 * I _M ² - 9.4 *	I _M + 430] W
DC bus capacitance	165 µF	
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane	
24 VDC supply		
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%	
Input capacitance	23.5	μF
Max. power consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} +	P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane	
24 VDC output		
Quantity	2	!
Output voltage		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%	
Protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)		
Quantity	2	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	2.8 kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	3.8 A _{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	No reduction
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.12 A/K (from 13°C) 9)

Table 44: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1	8BVI0028HWDS.000-1	
Reduction of continuous current depending on			
switching frequency and mounting method 10)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	No reduction 8)	-	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.6 A/K (from 57°C)	-	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction	-	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.12 A/K (from 34°C) 12)	-	
Feed-through mounting	0.09 A/K (from 6°C) 9)	-	
Reduction of continuous current depending on the	(1 1)		
installation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.38 A _{eff} pe	er 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection	9.5		
Nominal switching frequency	5 kl		
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾	5/10/2		
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accor-	Limit value		
dance with IEC TS 60034-25 ¹⁴⁾	Littill Value	e cuive A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection	Ye	e e	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Ye		
Max. output frequency			
	598 F	IZ ·	
Design PF		ana atar	
U, V, W, PE	Male co		
Shield connection	Ye	S	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine wire lines			
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to	4 mm²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US	30 to	10	
CSA	28 to	10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 2	2 mm	
connection			
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-			
quency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m		
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m		
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity	2		
Output voltage 16)	24 VDC +5.8	3% / -0% 17)	
Continuous current	1.1	A	
Max. internal resistance	0.5	Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V		
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5		
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz		
Protective measures			
Overload and short circuit protection	Ye	s	
Open circuit monitoring	Ye		
Undervoltage monitoring			
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Yes Approx 0.25 A		
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A 24 VDC -2% / -4%		
Encoder interfaces ¹⁸)	24 VDC -	- /U / ¬¬ /U	
Encoder interraces 10)			
Quantity	2		
Quantity Type	EnDat	2.2 19)	
Quantity Type Connections	EnDat 9-pin female DS	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators	EnDat	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN N	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN N Ye	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs O	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN Ni Ye 100	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs o s	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN N Ye	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs o s	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN No Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs os m ver supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN Ni Ye 100	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs os m //er supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN No Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs o s m yer supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN No Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs o s m yer supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN No Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow	2.2 ¹⁹⁾ SUB connector LEDs os m ver supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN No Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow	2.2 19) SUB connector LEDs D S m ver supply wires in the encoder cable 20) 2.5 V mA	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN Ni Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow Typ. 1 350	2.2 19) SUB connector LEDs D S m ver supply wires in the encoder cable 20) 2.5 V mA	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN Ni Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow Typ. 1 350 Ye Ye	2.2 19) SUB connector LEDs D S m ver supply wires in the encoder cable 20) 2.5 V mA S S	
Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection	EnDat 9-pin female DS UP/DN Ni Ye 100 Depends on the cross section of the pow Typ. 1 350	2.2 19) SUB connector LEDs D S m ver supply wires in the encoder cable 20) 2.5 V mA S S S S	

Table 44: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0028HCDS.000-1 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1		
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Wiring	Sink		
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Λοι	prox. 10 mA	
Switching delay	App	DIOX. TO THA	
	50 10 5	(dinital). Citanad\	
Rising edge		μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge		μs (digitally filtered) lax. ±38 V	
Modulation compared to ground potential	IV.	lax. ±38 V	
Electrical characteristics	244 5	20.5	
Discharge capacitance	0.14 μF	0.2 μF	
Operating conditions			
Permitted mounting orientations			
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Lying horizontally		Yes	
Standing horizontally		No	
Installation at elevations above sea level			
Nominal		to 500 m	
Maximum ²²⁾	4000 m		
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)		
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN		III	
61800-5-1			
EN 60529 protection		IP20	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal	5 to 40°C		
Maximum ²³⁾	55°C		
Storage	-25 to 55°C		
Transport	-2	25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity			
Operation	5 to 85%		
Storage	5 to 95%		
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions ²⁴⁾			
Width	53 mm		
Height	317 mm		
Depth			
Wall mounting	- 263 mm		
Cold plate	212 mm -		
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg Approx. 2.8 kg		
Module width	Арргох. 2.5 ку — Арргох. 2.6 ку		

Table 44: 8BVI0028HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0028HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on X5A motor connection [A $_{\text{Eff}}]$
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on X5B motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} \left[W \right] \text{ of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section)}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.

Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.

- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 23) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.4.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 96.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.4.3 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1

3.4.3.1 General information

- Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design
- Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

3.4.3.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0055HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 7.6 A, HV, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0055DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI00xxHxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Order data

Model number	Short description	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm	
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws	
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, F keying: 0101	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110	
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001	

Table 45: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.4.3.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	8BVI0055HWDS.000-1		
General information				
B&R ID code	0xAA13	0xAA15		
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	Wall mounting		
Slots for plug-in modules	2	1)		
Certification				
CE	Ye	es		
KC	Ye	es		
UL	cULus E Power convers	E225616 sion equipment		
Functional safety ²⁾	Ye	es		
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal	750 VDC			
Continuous power consumption 3)	11.19 kW			
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[1.2 * I _M ² + 2.62 * I _M + 100] W			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[2.56 * I _M ² + 2.8 * I _M + 200] W			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	$[6 * I_{M}^{2} - 9.4 * I_{M} + 430] W$			
DC bus capacitance	330 µF			
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%			
Input capacitance	23.5 μF			
Max. power consumption	28 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾			
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC output				
Quantity		2		

Table 46: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	8BVI0055HWDS.000-1	
Output voltage			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%		
Protection State of the state o	250 mA (slow-blow)	electronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6) Quantity		2	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		5.5 kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	7.6 A _{eff}	7.6 A _{Eff}	
Reduction of continuous current depending on	- 011	- EII	
switching frequency 7)			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	No reduction 8)	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.22 A/K (from 43°C)	
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on	<u>-</u>	0.15 A/K (from -14°C) ⁹⁾	
switching frequency and mounting method 10) Switching frequency 5 kHz			
Cold plate mounting ¹¹⁾	0.72 A/K (from 56°C) 8)	_	
Feed-through mounting	No reduction 8)	-	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.28 A/K (from 43°C)	-	
Feed-through mounting	0.17 A/K (from 23°C) 9)	-	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	2.40 4 11 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.13 A/K (from 3°C) 12)	-	
Feed-through mounting Reduction of continuous current depending on the	0.12 A/K (from -21°C) ⁹⁾	-	
installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.76 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.76 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection	0.76 A _{eff} per 1000 m 18.9 A _{eff}	18.9 A _{Eff}	
Nominal switching frequency	IU.3 A _{eff}	5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾	5/	10/20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accor-		value curve A	
dance with IEC TS 60034-25 14) Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁵⁾	598 Hz ¹⁶⁾	
Design			
U, V, W, PE Shield connection	Mai	e connector Yes	
Terminal connection cross section		163	
Flexible and fine wire lines			
With wire end sleeves	0.2	5 to 4 mm²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		30 to 10	
CSA		28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection	12	to 22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz		25 m	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		2	
Output voltage ¹⁷⁾	24 VDC	+5.8% / -0% 18)	
Continuous current		1.1 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.5 Ω	
Extinction potential	Ap	prox. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	1.5 Ws		
Max. switching frequency Protective measures		0.5 Hz	
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.25 A		
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%		
Encoder interfaces 19)			
Quantity		2	
Type		Dat 2.2 ²⁰⁾	
Connections Status indicators	•	e DSUB connector P/DN LEDs	
Electrical isolation	OF		
		No	

Table 46: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0055HCDS.000-1	8BVI0055HWDS.000-1	
Encoder monitoring	Yes		
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the pow- Depends on the cross section of the pow-		
Franks and a superior and a	er supply wires in the encoder cable ²¹⁾	er supply wires in the encoder cable ²²⁾	
Encoder power supply	T 4	0.5.\/	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V		
Load capacity	350 mA		
Protective measures			
Short circuit protection	Ye		
Overload protection	Ye	is	
Synchronous serial interface	DO	IOE	
Signal transmission Data transfer rate	RS4 6.25 N		
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V$		
	F _{SMC} [vv] - 19 v	**IEncoder[A] 207	
Trigger inputs	2		
Quantity			
Wiring Electrical isolation	Sir	1K	
	V-	_	
Input Input	Ye Ye		
Input - Input Input voltage	Ye	:5	
Nominal	04.1/	IDC	
	24 V		
Maximum Switching throughold	30 V	DC .	
Switching threshold		V	
Low	<5		
High	>15		
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx.	TO MA	
Switching delay	50 10 5 /		
Rising edge	52 µs ±0.5 µs (0		
Falling edge	53 µs ±0.5 µs (c Max. ±		
Modulation compared to ground potential		E38 V	
Electrical characteristics	0.0	.	
Discharge capacitance	0.2	μτ	
Operating conditions			
Permitted mounting orientations	V-	_	
Hanging vertically	Ye		
Lying horizontally	Ye		
Standing horizontally	No	<u> </u>	
Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal	0 to 5	00	
Maximum ²⁴⁾			
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	4000 2 (non-conduc		
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conduc		
EN 60529 protection	IP2	20	
Environmental conditions	,		
Temperature			
Operation			
Nominal	5 to 4	10°C	
Maximum ²⁵⁾	5 to 40°C 55°C		
Storage	-25 to 55°C		
Transport	-25 to		
Relative humidity	20 10		
Operation	5 to 85%		
Storage	5 to 85% 5 to 95%		
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions ²⁶⁾			
Width	53 n	nm	
Height	317		
Depth	017	·····	
Wall mounting	- 263 mm		
Cold plate	212 mm	203 11111	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	<u>-</u>	
Weight	Approx. 2.3 kg	Approx. 2.9 kg	
Module width		•	
IVIOGGIC WIGHT	1		

Table 46: 8BVI0055HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0055HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2)
- Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology"). Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea 3) level, no derating due to cooling type.
- $I_{M} = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on X5A motor connection [A $_{\text{Eff}}]$
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on X5B motor connection [A $_{\text{Eff}}$

- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{\text{SMC2}} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{SMC}} [W] \text{ of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section)}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 17) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 18) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 19) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 20) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 21) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 22) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 23) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 24) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 25) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 26) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.4.3.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.4.4 "Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 96.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.4.4 Wiring: Safe single-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

3.4.4.1 Pinout overview

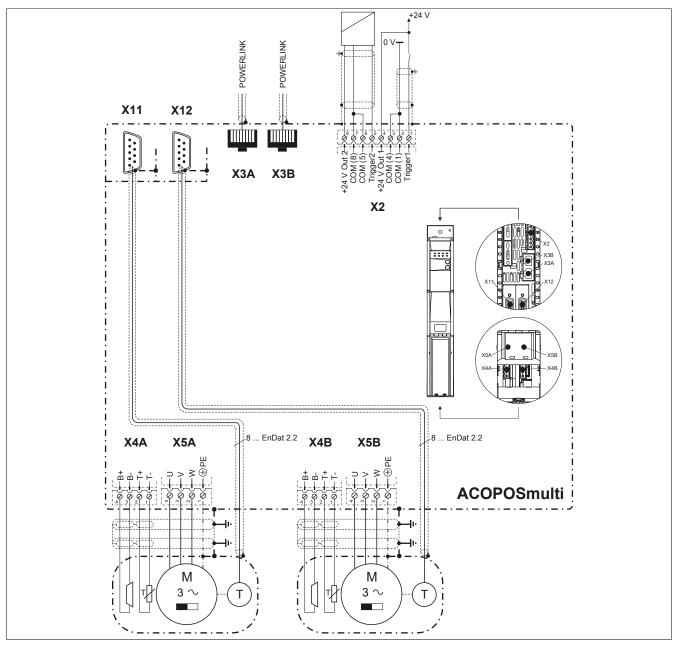


Figure 10: Pinout overview

3.4.4.2 X2 connector - Pinout

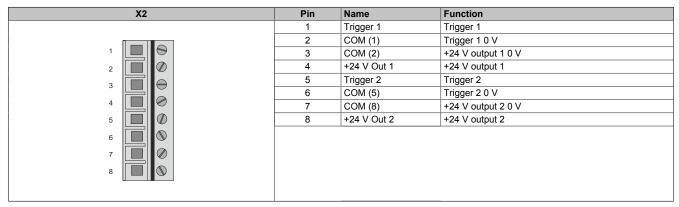


Table 47: X2 connector - Pinout

3.4.4.3 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 48: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.4.4.4 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Name	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 49: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

 There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.4.4.5 X4B connector - Pinout

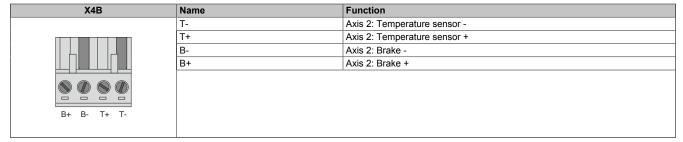


Table 50: X4B connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4B/T+ and X4B/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT2 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.4.4.6 X5A connector - Pinout

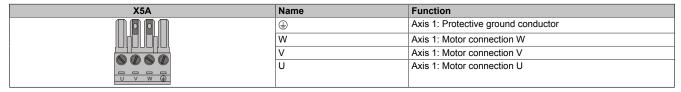


Table 51: X5A connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

3.4.4.7 X5B connector - Pinout

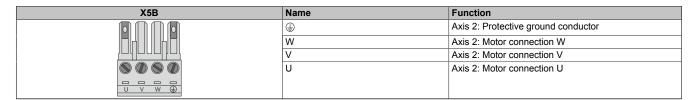
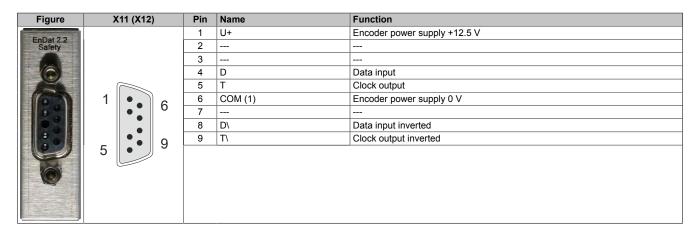


Table 52: X5B connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

3.4.4.8 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.5 Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

3.5.1 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1

3.5.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

3.5.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 15.1 A,
	HV, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0110DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0110HxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery com- partment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding
	plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, F keying: 0101
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001

Table 53: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.5.1.3 Technical data

cULus Power conver	OxAA19 Wall mounting 2 ¹) Yes Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes O VDC .3 kW
d plate or feed-through mounting cULus Power conver	Wall mounting 2 ¹¹ Yes Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes
cULus Power conver	Yes Yes Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes
cULus Power conver	Yes Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes
cULus Power conver	Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes
cULus Power conver	Yes E225616 rsion equipment Yes
CULus Power conver	E225616 rsion equipment Yes
Power conversion 750 22.	rsion equipment Yes D VDC
750 22. [0.33 * I _M ² +	Yes O VDC
750 22. [0.33 * I _M ² +) VDC
[0.33 * I _M ² +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[0.33 * I _M ² +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[0.33 * I _M ² +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[0.33 * I _M ² +	.3 kW
_	
_	
_	11 * I + 001 W
[0.07 * 1.2 ± 0	0.5 * I _M + 170] W
•	•
[1.66 * I _M 2 + 21 * I _M + 380] W	
	60 μF
ACOPOSmulti backplane	
25 VD	00 +1 6%
25 VDC ±1.6%	
23.5 μF	
32 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾ ACOPOSmulti backplane	
ACOPOSIII	пин раскріале
	2
25 \/DC * /LL /315\	
25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315) 24 VDC ±6%	
250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset	
250 IIIA (SIOW-DIOW) ei	ectionic, automatic reset
	2
15.1 A _{Eff}	
10.	
-	No reduction 8)
-	0.19 A/K (from 29°C) 9)
-	0.15 A/K (from -38°C) 9)
	· · · ·
	-
0.27 A/K (from 46°C) 8)	-
0.25 A/K (from 24°C) 11)	-
0.16 A/K (from 2°C) 9)	-
0.19 A/K (from -14°C) 11)	-
0.14 A/K (from -74°C) 9)	-
4 62 4	nor 1000 m
1.51 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	
37.7 A _{Eff}	
5 kHz	
5/10/20 kHz	
Limit value curve A	
•	
Yes Yes	
	25 VDC 23 32 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} ACOPOSM 25 VDC 24 VI 250 mA (slow-blow) el 11 15. 0.38 A/K (from 51°C) ⁸⁾ 0.27 A/K (from 46°C) ⁸⁾ 0.25 A/K (from 2°C) ⁹⁾ 0.19 A/K (from -14°C) ¹¹⁾ 0.14 A/K (from -74°C) ⁹⁾ 1.51 A _{Eff} 37. 5

Table 54: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCDS.000-1 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Design	000112	
U, V, W, PE	Male connector	
Shield connection	Yes	
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine wire lines		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10	
CSA	28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield connection	12 to 22 mm	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	10 m	
Motor holding brake connection		
Quantity	2	
Output voltage 15)	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁶⁾	
Continuous current	2.1 A	
Max. internal resistance	0.3 Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws	
Max. switching frequency	0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		
Overload and short circuit protection	Yes	
Open circuit monitoring	Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%	
Encoder interfaces 17)		
Quantity	2	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ¹⁸⁾	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs	
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No	
Encoder monitoring	Yes	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 19)	
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	
Load capacity	350 mA	
Protective measures		
Short circuit protection	Yes	
Overload protection	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ²⁰⁾	
Trigger inputs		
Quantity	2	
Wiring	Sink	
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Yes	
Input - Input	No Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold		
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA	
Switching delay	укрем. то пих	
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	53 µs ±0.5 µs (digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	
Electrical characteristics	1100 400 V	
Discharge capacitance	0.44 µF	
	· F	

Table 54: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0110HCDS.000-1	8BVI0110HWDS.000-1
Operating conditions		
Permitted mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically	Yes	
Lying horizontally	Yes	
Standing horizontally	No	0
Installation at elevations above sea level		
Nominal	0 to 5	00 m
Maximum ²¹⁾	4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conduc	tive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III	
EN 60529 protection	IP20	
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 4	10°C
Maximum ²²⁾	55°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%	
Storage	5 to 95%	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics		
Dimensions ²³⁾		
Width	106.5 mm	
Height	317 mm	
Depth		
Wall mounting	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 4.1 kg	Approx. 5.3 kg
Module width	2	

Table 54: 8BVI0110HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0110HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{X5A} \dots Current$ on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on X5B motor connection $[A_{\text{Eff}}]$
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SMC2} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{24 \text{ VOut}}$... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid for the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min). The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 15) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 16) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 17) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 18) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!

19) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²]
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 20) $I_{Encoder}$... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 21) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 22) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 23) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.5.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.5.3 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 110. For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.5.2 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1

3.5.2.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design
- · Complete safety functionality, even in 2-axis modules

3.5.2.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI0220HCDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A,
	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting, 2 axes
	Wall mounting
8BVI0220HWDS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 22 A, HV, wall mounting, 2 axes
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI0220DS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0220HxDS modules: 1x 8TB2108.2010-00, 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2104.203F-00, 1x 8TB3104.204G-11, 1x 8TB3104.204K-11
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 1x type 0, 1
	hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x
	clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS009.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK8-14; 1x shield terminal SK14
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203F-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, F keying: 0101

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACO Fisher

Model number	Short description	Figure
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	
8TB3104.204G-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, G keying: 0110	
8TB3104.204K-11	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 4: PE W V U, K keying: 1001	

Table 55: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.5.2.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1	8BVI0220HWDS.000-1
General information		
B&R ID code	0xAA1B	0xAA1D
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules	2	1)
Certification		
CE	Yes	
KC	Yes	
UL	cULus E225616	
	Power conversion equipment	
Functional safety ²⁾	Yes	
DC bus connection		
Voltage		
Nominal	750	VDC
Continuous power consumption 3)	32.3	7 kW
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	[0.65 * I _M ² - 0.35 * I _M + 64] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	[2.16 * I _M 2 - 10.912 * I _M + 190] W	
DC bus capacitance	1320 µF	
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane	
24 VDC supply		
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%	
Input capacitance	23.5 μF	
Max. power consumption	32 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SMC2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake(s)} ⁵⁾	
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane	
24 VDC output		
Quantity	2	2
Output voltage		
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)	
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%	
Protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)		
Quantity	2	
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	16 kW	
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	22 A _{Eff}	
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 7)		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	0.33 A/K (from 40°C) 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.17 A/K (from -25°C) 9)

Table 56: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1	
Reduction of continuous current depending on	-	
switching frequency and mounting method 7)		
Switching frequency 5 kHz		
Cold plate mounting 10)	0.99 A/K (from 40°C) ⁸⁾	
Feed-through mounting	0.52 A/K (from 40°C) ⁸⁾	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		
Cold plate mounting 10)	0.29 A/K (from 10°C) 11) -	
Feed-through mounting	0.23 A/K (from 0°C) ⁹⁾	
Reduction of continuous current depending on the	0.23 AIX (IIOIII 0 0)	
installation elevation		
Starting at 500 m above sea level	2.2 A por 1000 m	
	2.2 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection	55 A _{Eff} ¹²⁾	
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 13)	5/10 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accor-	Limit value curve A	
dance with IEC TS 60034-25 14)		
Protective measures		
Overload protection	Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes	
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design		
U, V, W, PE	Male connector	
Shield connection	Yes	
Terminal connection cross section		
Flexible and fine wire lines		
With wire end sleeves	0.25 to 4 mm ²	
Approbation data		
UL/C-UL-US	30 to 10	
CSA	28 to 10	
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 22 mm	
connection		
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-		
quency		
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m	
. ,	25 111	
Motor holding brake connection		
Quantity	2	
Output voltage 16)	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁷⁾	
Continuous current	2.1 A	
Max. internal resistance	0.3 Ω	
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws	
Man and table a free or		
iviax, switching frequency	0.5 Hz	
Max. switching frequency Protective measures	0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection	Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring	Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring	Yes Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Yes Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces ¹⁸⁾	Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces ¹⁸⁾	Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4%	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹)	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces 18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection	Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces ¹⁸⁾ Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Yes Yes Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Pes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ARS485 6.25 Mbit/s	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Max. power consumption per encoder interface	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Yes Yes Yes Yes	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Max. power consumption per encoder interface Trigger inputs	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Ye	
Protective measures Overload and short circuit protection Open circuit monitoring Undervoltage monitoring Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring Encoder interfaces (18) Quantity Type Connections Status indicators Electrical isolation Encoder - ACOPOSmulti Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length Encoder power supply Output voltage Load capacity Protective measures Short circuit protection Overload protection Synchronous serial interface Signal transmission Data transfer rate Max. power consumption per encoder interface	Yes Yes Yes Approx. 0.5 A 24 VDC -2% / -4% 2 EnDat 2.2 ¹⁹⁾ 9-pin female DSUB connector UP/DN LEDs No Yes 100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²⁰⁾ Typ. 12.5 V 350 mA Pes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes ARS485 6.25 Mbit/s	

Table 56: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0220HCDS.000-1 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1	
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Υ	′es
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24	VDC
Maximum	30 '	VDC
Switching threshold		
Low	<5 V	
High	>1	5 V
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx	c. 10 mA
Switching delay		
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs ((digitally filtered)
Falling edge		(digitally filtered)
Modulation compared to ground potential		±38 V
Electrical characteristics		
Discharge capacitance	0.4	4 μF
Operating conditions	•••	
Permitted mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically	Υ	/es
Lying horizontally	Υ	′es
Standing horizontally	No No	
Installation at elevations above sea level	<u> </u>	
Nominal	0 to 500 m	
Maximum ²²⁾	4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN		
61800-5-1	""	
EN 60529 protection	IP20	
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 40°C	
Maximum ²³⁾	55°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%	
Storage	5 to 95%	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics		
Dimensions ²⁴⁾		
Width	106.5 mm	
Height	317 mm	
Depth		
Wall mounting	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 4.4 kg	Approx. 5.7 kg
Module width	2	

Table 56: 8BVI0220HCDS.000-1, 8BVI0220HWDS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 1 and SLOT 2 of the ACOPOSmulti module are occupied by the encoder interfaces.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) $I_M = 0.5 * (I_{X5A} + I_{X5B})$
 - $I_{\text{X5A}} \dots$ Current on X5A motor connection [A $_{\text{Eff}}]$
 - I_{X5B} ... Current on X5B motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{SMC2} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{SMC} \left[W\right] \text{ of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT2 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section)}.$
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid for the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min). The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 12) The thermal pulse load capacity is lower than for the 8BVI0220HxS0.000-1 1-axis module. It is therefore not possible to simply replace two 8BVI0220HxS0.000-1 1-axis modules with one 8BVI0220HxD0.000-1 2-axis module. If this is required, the load cycle must be examined in detail.

- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load. When using 2-axis modules, the increased CPU load reduces the functionality of the drive; if this is not taken into consideration, the computing time can be exceeded in extreme cases.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
- 18) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 19) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm2].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 22) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 23) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 24) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.5.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.5.3 "Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)" on page 110.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.5.3 Wiring: Safe double-width inverter modules (2-axis modules)

3.5.3.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

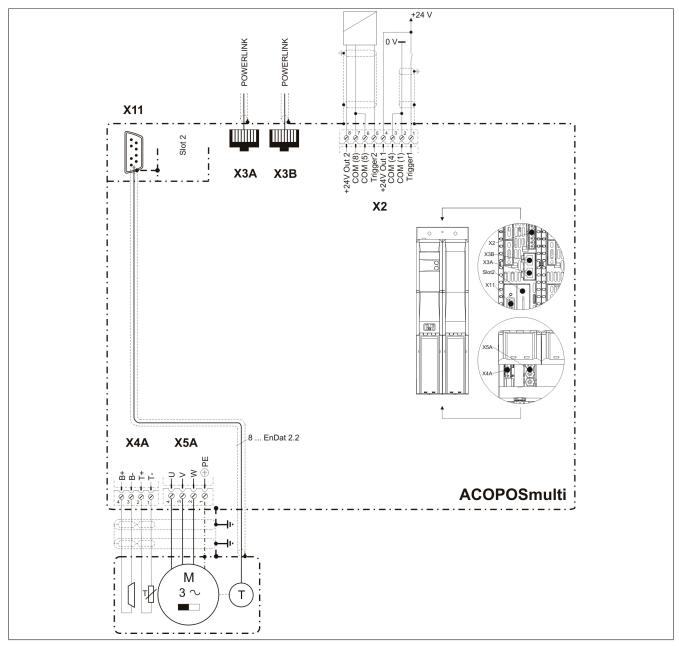


Figure 11: Pinout overview

3.5.3.2 X2 connector - Pinout

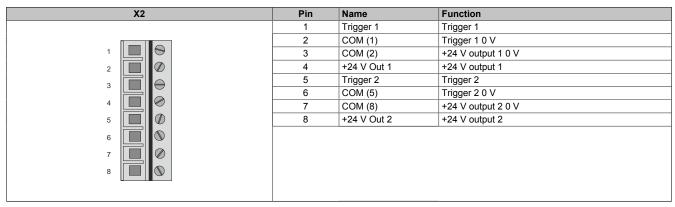


Table 57: X2 connector - Pinout

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3.5.3.3 X3A. X3B connectors - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function	
	1	RXD	Receive signal	
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted	
	3	TXD	Transmit signal	
	4	Shield	Shield	
	5	Shield	Shield	
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted	
	7	Shield	Shield	
	8	Shield	Shield	

Table 58: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.5.3.4 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Name	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 59: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.5.3.5 X4B connector - Pinout

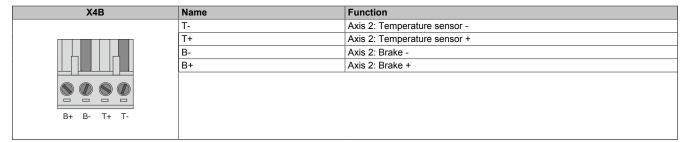


Table 60: X4B connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

For a 2-axis module, it is therefore especially important to prevent a cross fault between the two B+ connections of the two axes!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4B/T+ and X4B/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT2 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.5.3.6 X5A connector - Pinout

X5A	Name	Function
	(Axis 1: Protective ground conductor
	W	Axis 1: Motor connection W
	V	Axis 1: Motor connection V
	U	Axis 1: Motor connection U
U V W (4)		

Table 61: X5A connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

3.5.3.7 X5B connector - Pinout

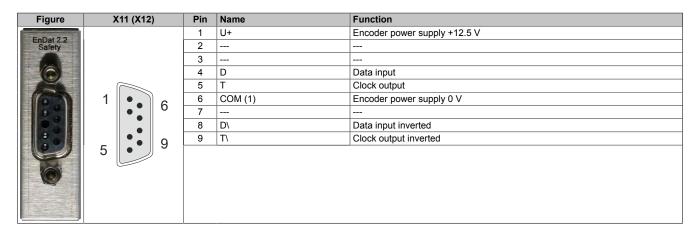
X5B	Name	Function
	(b)	Axis 2: Protective ground conductor
	W	Axis 2: Motor connection W
	V	Axis 2: Motor connection V
	U	Axis 2: Motor connection U
U V W 🕀		

Table 62: X5B connector - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

3.5.3.8 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout



Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.6 Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.6.1 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1

3.6.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.6.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	• • • •
8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting	THE PARTY OF THE P
8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 66 A,	
	HV, wall mounting	
8BVI0660HWSA.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 66 A, HV, wall mounting	NO.
	Required accessories	CAT
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI1650SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0660HxSS,	
0BZV1103033.000-1A	8BVI0880HxSS, 8BVI1650HxSS, 8BVI0660HxSA, 8BVI0880HxSA and 8BVI1650HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment	
	Fan modules	
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)	
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables	
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m	
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m	
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m	
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m	
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m	
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m	
	Plug-in modules	
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface	
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface	
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface	
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz	
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals	
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals	
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals	
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface	
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface	
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC	
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz	
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V	
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz	
	Shield component sets	
8SCS001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 1, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm	
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws	

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

Model number	Short description
8SCS003.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 4x 45°; 8x screws
8SCS004.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 0, 2 hose clamps, B 9 mm, D 32-50 mm
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2106.2010-00	6-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially

Table 63: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.6.1.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
General information				
B&R ID code	0xBE89	0xBE8B	0xE0B8	0xE0B9
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting
Slots for plug-in modules		2	2 1)	
Certification				
CE		Y	'es	
KC	Y	'es		-
UL			E225616 sion equipment	
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	'es	
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal		750	VDC	
Continuous power consumption 3)		48.	8 kW	
Power dissipation depending on switching frequency 4)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		[0.03 * I _M ² + 7	7.9 * I _M + 90] W	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		[0.11 * I _M ² + 1	1 * I _M + 185] W	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		[0.17 * I _M ² + 2	7 * I _M + 310] W	
DC bus capacitance		198	80 μF	
Design		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage		25 VD0	C ±1.6%	
Input capacitance		32.	9 μF	
Max. power consumption	33 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾	25 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2}	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾
Design		ACOPOSmi	ulti backplane	

Table 64: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
24 VDC output				
Quantity			2	
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)	
VDC				
DC bus voltage (U_{DC}): 315 to 800		24 VD	C ±6%	
VDC				
Protection		250 mA (slow-blow) ele	ectronic, automatic reset	
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity			1	
Continuous power per motor connec-		48	kW	
tion 3)				
Continuous current per motor connection 3)		66	A_{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on switching frequency 7)				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	1.4 A/K (from 41°C) 8)	_	1.4 A/K (from 41°C) 8)
Switching frequency 10 kHz	_	0.92 A/K (from -5°C) 9)	_	0.92 A/K (from -5°C) 9)
Switching frequency 20 kHz	_	0.56 A/K (from -90°C) 9)	-	0.56 A/K (from -90°C) 9)
Reduction of continuous current de-	-	0.30 Art (IIOIII -90 C)	_	0.50 Att (IIOIII -50 C)
pending on switching frequency and				
mounting method ¹⁰⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.9 A/K (from 58°C) 8)	-	1.9 A/K (from 58°C) 8)	-
Feed-through mounting	1.82 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-	1.82 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-
Switching frequency 10 kHz				
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.36 A/K (from 27°C) 12)		1.36 A/K (from 27°C) 12)	_
Feed-through mounting	0.88 A/K (from -12°C) ⁹⁾	<u>-</u> -	0.88 A/K (from -12°C) ⁹⁾	-
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.00 A/K (IIOIII = 12 O) 57	<u>-</u>	0.00 A/IX (II/0III = 12 O) =/	-
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.75 A/K (from -37°C) 12)	_	0.75 A/K (from -37°C) 12)	
Feed-through mounting	0.54 A/K (from -106°C) 9)	<u>-</u>	0.54 A/K (from -106°C) 9)	
Reduction of continuous current de-	0.54 A/K (IIOIII - 100 C) 3/	<u>-</u>	0.54 A/K (IIOIII - 100 C) 5	-
pending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level		66 An	er 1000 m	
Peak current			2 A _{eff}	
Nominal switching frequency	1		kHz	
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾			20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected		Limit valu	ie curve A	
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 ¹⁴⁾				
Protective measures				
Overload protection			es	
Short circuit and ground fault pro-			es es	
tection		•	C3	
Max. output frequency		598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design				
U, V, W, PE		M8 thre	aded bolt	
Shield connection			es	
Connection cross section range		<u>.</u>		
Flexible and fine wire lines		6 to 50	mm² ¹⁶⁾	
Approbation data		0 10 30	mul /	
Appropation data UL/C-UL-US		ln nro-	paration	
CSA			paration	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-			0 mm ¹⁷⁾	
sion of shield connection		12 10 5	o mille /	
Max. motor line length depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz			5 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz			5 m	
Motor holding brake connection		20		
Quantity			1	
Output voltage ¹⁸⁾			8% / -0.5% ¹⁹⁾	
Continuous current			2 A	
Max. internal resistance			5 Ω	
Extinction potential			x. 30 V	
•			x. 30 v Ws	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		3	VV5	
Max. switching frequency			Hz	
Protective measures			/ 1 14	
Overload and short circuit protec-			es	
Ovenuau anu Shun GifCull DioleC-		Y	63	
•				
tion Open circuit monitoring			es	

Table 64: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
Response threshold for open circuit	Approx	
monitoring	, фр.ол	0.0 / 1
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -	2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces ²⁰⁾		
Quantity		1
Туре	EnDat 2.2 21)	SinCos
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	15-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN	LEDs
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	N	
Encoder monitoring		es
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²²⁾	50 m ²³⁾
Encoder power supply		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²⁴⁾
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²⁵⁾
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V
Protective measures		
Short circuit protection	Ye	es
Overload protection	Ye	es
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission		485
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s
Sine/Cosine inputs		Diff. vi. L.
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical
Differential voltage		0.5 (- 4.25)/ 36)
In motion	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾
At standstill Differential voltage deviation per	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁷⁾ ±10% ²⁸⁾
signal period	-	
Common-mode voltage	-	Max. ±7 V
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω
Max. input frequency	-	200 kHz
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	-	DC up to 200 kHz
ADC resolution Reference input	-	12-bit
Signal transmission	_	Differential signal, symmetrical
Differential voltage for low	<u>-</u>	≤ -0.2 V
Differential voltage for high	<u>-</u>	≥ 0.2 V
Common-mode voltage	_	Max5 V to +9 V
Terminating resistor	-	120 Ω
Position		
Resolution @ 1 V _{SS} ²⁹⁾	-	Number of encoder lines * 5700
Precision 30)	-	
Noise 30)	-	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{SMC} [W] = 19 V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³¹⁾	P _{SMC} [W] = 25 V * (0.376 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³¹⁾
Trigger inputs		
Quantity		2
Wiring	Si	nk
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Ye	
Input - Input	Ye	es
Input voltage	200	100
Nominal		/DC
Maximum Switching threshold	30 \	/DC
Switching threshold Low		S V
High	>1!	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx	
Switching delay	Approx	. IV IIIA
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)
Falling edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (ι 53 μs ±0.5 μs (ι	
Modulation compared to ground po-		±38 V
tential		
Electrical characteristics		1F
Discharge capacitance	0.44	+ μr

Table 64: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0660HCSS.000-1	8BVI0660HWSS.000-1	8BVI0660HCSA.000-1	8BVI0660HWSA.000-1
Operating conditions				
Permitted mounting orientations				_
Hanging vertically		Y	es	
Lying horizontally		Y	es	
Standing horizontally		N	lo	
Installation at elevations above sea level				
Nominal		0 to 5	500 m	
Maximum 32)		400	0 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conduc	ctive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		ı	II	
EN 60529 protection		IP2	0 33)	
Environmental conditions				
Temperature		-		
Operation				
Nominal		5 to	40°C	
Maximum 34)		55	°C	
Storage		-25 to	55°C	
Transport		-25 to	70°C	
Relative humidity				
Operation		5 to	85%	
Storage		5 to	95%	
Transport		Max. 95%	% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions 35)				
Width		213.	5 mm	
Height		317	mm	
Depth				
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-
Weight	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.2 kg	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.9 kg
Module width			1	,

Table 64: 8BVI0660HCSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSS.000-1, 8BVI0660HCSA.000-1, 8BVI0660HWSA.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_{M} ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) The connection is made with cable lugs using an M8 threaded bolt. The rated cross section of the cable lug must match the wire cross section of the cable that is to be connected.
- 17) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 18) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 19) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection between S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) using a jumper with a max. length of 10 cm.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
 - If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the jumpers.
- Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

- 21) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 22) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 23) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 24) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 25) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 28) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.
- 29) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 30) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 31) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 32) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 33) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 34) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 35) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.6.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.6.3 "Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 126. For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.6.2 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1

3.6.2.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- · Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- Compact design

3.6.2.2 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Cold plate or feed-through mounting	• • •
8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting	
8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting	
	Wall mounting	
8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 88 A, HV, wall mounting	
8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, 88 A, HV, wall mounting	NA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF T
	Required accessories	
	Terminal block sets	
8BZVI1650SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0660HxSS, 8BVI0880HxSS, 8BVI1650HxSS, 8BVI0660HxSA, 8BVI0880HxSA and 8BVI1650HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00 1x 1x 1x	
	Optional accessories	
	Accessory sets	
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment	

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Order data

Model number	Short description
	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti
	modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max.
05/100/100:000	62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	Shield component sets
8SCS001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 1, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS003.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 4x 45°; 8x screws
8SCS004.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 0, 2 hose clamps, B 9 mm, D 32-50 mm
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20
	Terminal blocks
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T-T + B- B+, L keying: 1010
8TB2106.2010-00	6-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: num-
	bered serially

Table 65: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces on B&R standard motors.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system " on page 254.

3.6.2.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	8BVI0880HWSA.004-1		
General information						
B&R ID code	0xB450	0xB451	0xDD1E	0xE0BA		
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting	Cold plate or feed- through mounting	Wall mounting		
Slots for plug-in modules		2	1)			
Certification						
CE		Y	es			
KC	Y	es		-		
UL		cULus E	225616			
			sion equipment			
Functional safety ²⁾		Y	es			
DC bus connection						
Voltage						
Nominal			VDC			
Continuous power consumption 3)		65	kW			
Power dissipation depending on						
switching frequency 4)		[0 02 * 1 2 + 7	.9 * I _M + 90] W			
Switching frequency 5 kHz			.9 I _M + 90] W 1 * I _M + 185] W			
Switching frequency 10 kHz		<u>.</u>	•			
Switching frequency 20 kHz			7 * I _M + 310] W			
DC bus capacitance			0 μF			
Design 24 VPC cumply		ACOPOSMI	ılti backplane			
24 VDC supply		05.100	2 +1 60/			
Input capacitance			C ±1.6% 9 µF			
Input capacitance Max. power consumption	33 W + D + D	+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾		+ P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} 5)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	JJ VV + FSMC1 + FSLOT2		Ilti backplane	T 24 V Out T HoldingBrake		
Design 24 VDC output		ACOFOSIIIC	пи раскріане			
Quantity			2			
Output voltage		<u> </u>				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315		25 VDC *	(U _{DC} /315)			
VDC		23 VDC	(O _{DC} /313)			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800	24 VDC ±6%					
VDC						
Protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset					
Motor connection 6)						
Quantity			1			
Continuous power per motor connection 3)		64	kW			
Continuous current per motor connec-		88 A _{eff}				
tion 3)			, verr			
Reduction of continuous current de-		_				
pending on switching frequency 7)						
Switching frequency 5 kHz	-	1.4 A/K (from 41°C) 8)	-	1.4 A/K (from 41°C) 8)		
Switching frequency 10 kHz	-	0.92 A/K (from -5°C) 9)	-	0.92 A/K (from -5°C) 9)		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	-	0.56 A/K (from -90°C) 9)	-	0.56 A/K (from -90°C) 9)		
Reduction of continuous current de-						
pending on switching frequency and						
mounting method 10)						
Switching frequency 5 kHz	4.0. A // (fra -: 500.0) ()		4.0 A /// /f= 500.0\ 0\			
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.9 A/K (from 58°C) 8)	-	1.9 A/K (from 58°C) 8)	<u>-</u>		
Feed-through mounting	1.82 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-	1.82 A/K (from 40°C) 8)	-		
Switching frequency 10 kHz	4.00 A/I/ (fee - 0700) 40)		4.00 A /// /5 0700\ 42\			
Cold plate mounting 11)	1.36 A/K (from 27°C) 12)	-	1.36 A/K (from 27°C) 12)	-		
Feed-through mounting	0.88 A/K (from -12°C) 9)	-	0.88 A/K (from -12°C) 9)	-		
Switching frequency 20 kHz	0.75 A/V (from 27°C) 12)		0.75 A/V (from 27°C) (2)			
Cold plate mounting 11)	0.75 A/K (from -37°C) 12)	-	0.75 A/K (from -37°C) 12)	<u>-</u>		
Feed-through mounting	0.54 A/K (from 106°C) 9)	_	0.54 A/K (from -106°C) 9)	-		
Reduction of continuous current de- pending on the installation elevation						
Starting at 500 m above sea level		22Δ η	er 1000 m			
Peak current						
			S A _{eff} KHz			
Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies (3)			kHz 20 kHz			
Possible switching frequencies ¹³⁾ Electrical stress of the connected			ie curve A			
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 ¹⁴⁾		Limit vaic	le cuive A			

Table 66: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	
Protective measures			
Overload protection	Y	· es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Y	'es	
Max. output frequency	598	Hz ¹⁵⁾	
Design			
U, V, W, PE		aded bolt	
Shield connection	Y	'es	
Connection cross section range Flexible and fine wire lines	6 to 50	0 mm² 16)	
Approbation data	0 10 30	7111111	
UL/C-UL-US	In prer	paration	
CSA		paration	
Terminal cable cross section dimen-		0 mm ¹⁷)	
sion of shield connection Max. motor line length depending on			
switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz	25	5 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	25	5 m	
Switching frequency 20 kHz	25	5 m	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		1	
Output voltage 18)		8% / -0.5% 19)	
Continuous current		2 A	
Max. internal resistance		5 Ω	
Extinction potential Max. extinction energy per switching		x. 30 V Ws	
operation	0.5	: Ue	
Max. switching frequency Protective measures	0.8	5 Hz	
Overload and short circuit protec-	Y	/es	
tion Open circuit monitoring		/es	
Undervoltage monitoring			
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Yes Approx. 0.5 A		
Response threshold for undervoltage	24 VDC	-2% / -4%	
monitoring			
Encoder interfaces 20)			
Quantity		1	
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ²¹⁾	SinCos	
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector	15-pin female DSUB connector	
Status indicators Electrical isolation	UP/DI	N LEDs	
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti		No	
Encoder monitoring		'es	
Max. encoder cable length	100 m Depends on the cross section of the pow-	50 m ²³⁾	
Encoder power supply	er supply wires in the encoder cable ²²⁾		
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V	5 V ±5% ²⁴⁾	
Load capacity	350 mA	300 mA ²⁵⁾	
Sense lines	-	2, compensation of max. 2 x 0.7 V	
Protective measures		, ,	
Short circuit protection	Y	/es	
Overload protection	Y	'es	
Synchronous serial interface			
Signal transmission	RS	485	
Data transfer rate	6.25 Mbit/s	781.25 kbit/s	
Sine/Cosine inputs			
Signal transmission	-	Differential signals, symmetrical	
Differential voltage		0.5 to 4.05 1/25	
In motion At standstill	-	0.5 to 1.35 V ²⁶⁾	
Differential voltage deviation per	-	0.8 to 1.35 V ²⁷⁾ ±10% ²⁸⁾	
signal period Common-mode voltage	_	Max. ±7 V	
Terminating resistor	-	Max. ±7 V 120 Ω	
-	<u>-</u>	200 kHz	
Max, input frequency	1		
Max. input frequency Signal frequency (-5 dB)	-	<300 kHz	
Max. input frequency Signal frequency (-5 dB) Signal frequency (-3 dB)	- -	<300 kHz DC up to 200 kHz	

Table 66: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

Model number	8BVI0880HCSS.004-1	8BVI0880HWSS.004-1	8BVI0880HCSA.004-1	8BVI0880HWSA.004-1	
Reference input					
Signal transmission		-	Differential sig	nal, symmetrical	
Differential voltage for low		-		0.2 V	
Differential voltage for high		-).2 V	
Common-mode voltage		_		V to +9 V	
Terminating resistor				20 Ω	
Position		-	12	.0 12	
			Number of one	adar linaa * F700	
Resolution @ 1 V _{ss} ²⁹⁾		-	Number of end	oder lines * 5700	
Precision 30)		-			
Noise 30)		-			
Max. power consumption per encoder	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19$	V * I _{Encoder} [A] ³¹⁾	$P_{SMC}[W] = 25 V * (0.37)$	6 A + 0.35 * I _{Encoder} [A]) ³¹⁾	
interface					
Trigger inputs				_	
Quantity			2	_	
Wiring		Si	ink		
Electrical isolation					
Input - Inverter module		Υ	es		
Input - Input		Y	es	_	
Input voltage					
Nominal		24 \	VDC		
Maximum		30 \	VDC		
Switching threshold					
Low		<5	5 V		
High			5 V		
Input current at nominal voltage			:. 10 mA	_	
Switching delay		7.рр. ол		_	
Rising edge		52 119 +0 5 119 (digitally filtered)		
Falling edge			digitally filtered)		
Modulation compared to ground po-			±38 V	_	
tential		iviax.	±30 V		
Electrical characteristics					
Discharge capacitance		0.4	4E		
		0.44	4 μF		
Operating conditions					
Permitted mounting orientations					
Hanging vertically			es		
Lying horizontally		Yes			
Standing horizontally			lo .		
Installation at elevations above sea					
level					
Nominal			500 m		
Maximum 32)	4000 m				
Pollution degree in accordance with	2 (non-conductive pollution)				
EN 61800-5-1		_		_	
Overvoltage category in accordance		I	II		
with EN 61800-5-1		_		_	
EN 60529 protection		IP2	20 33)		
Environmental conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to	40°C		
Maximum ³⁴⁾		55	5°C		
Storage		-25 to	55°C		
Transport			70°C		
Relative humidity				_	
Operation		5 to	85%		
Storage	5 to 85%				
Transport	5 to 95% Max. 95% at 40°C				
Mechanical characteristics		iviax. 95	70 UL 70 O		
,					
Dimensions 35)		040			
Width			5 mm		
Height		317	mm		
Depth			I		
Wall mounting	-	263 mm	-	263 mm	
Cold plate	212 mm	-	212 mm	-	
Feed-through mounting	209 mm	-	209 mm	-	
0 0					
Weight	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.2 kg	Approx. 8 kg	Approx. 10.9 kg	

Table 66: 8BVI0880HCSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSS.004-1, 8BVI0880HCSA.004-1, 8BVI0880HWSA.004-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I_{M} ... Current on X5A motor connection [A_{Eff}]

- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - P_{SLOT2} ... Max. power consumption P_{BBAC} [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module).
 - P_{24 V Out} ... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage. The temperature specifications refer to the ambient temperature.
- 8) Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 9) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 10) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 11) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- 12) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 13) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 14) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 15) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 16) The connection is made with cable lugs using an M8 threaded bolt. The rated cross section of the cable lug must match the wire cross section of the cable that is to be connected.
- 17) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 18) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 19) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection between S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) using a jumper with a max. length of 10 cm.

If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.

If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the jumpers.

- 20) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 21) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 22) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_G ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 23) The maximum permitted cable length is 50 m.
- 24) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.

A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.

An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.

- 25) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 26) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin - nSin)^2 + (Cos - nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.

- 27) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 \(\sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}\) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circ
- The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.

 28) The sine cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
- 28) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2\sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of $\pm 10\%$ per signal period.
- 29) This value does not correspond to the encoder resolution that must be configured in Automation Studio (16384 * number of encoder lines).
- 30) Limited by the encoder in practice.
- 31) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 32) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 33) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 34) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 35) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.6.2.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.6.3 "Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 126.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.6.3 Wiring: Safe 4x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.6.3.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 - Pinout overview

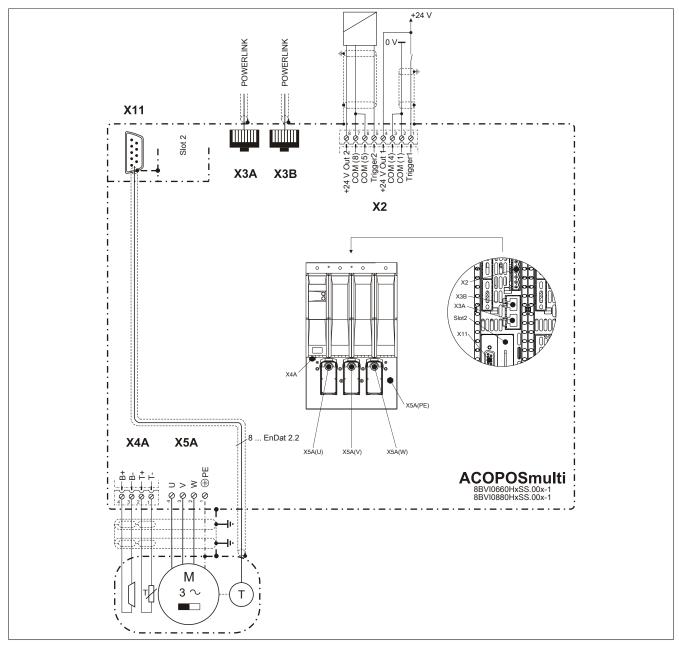


Figure 12: Pinout overview

3.6.3.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos - Pinout overview

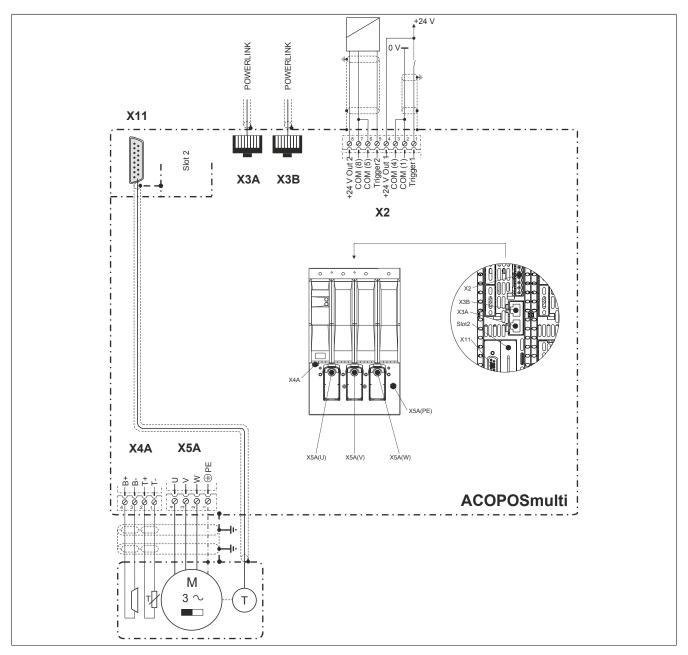


Figure 13: Pinout overview

3.6.3.3 X2 connector - Pinout

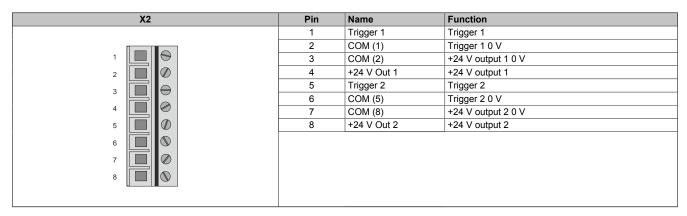


Table 67: X2 connector - Pinout

3.6.3.4 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

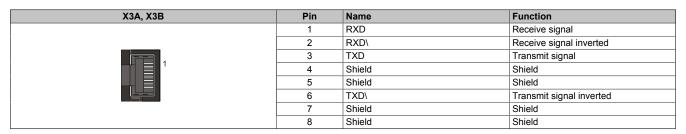


Table 68: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.6.3.5 X4A connector - Pinout

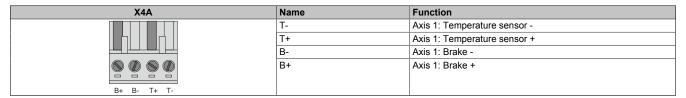


Table 69: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.6.3.6 X5A - Pinout

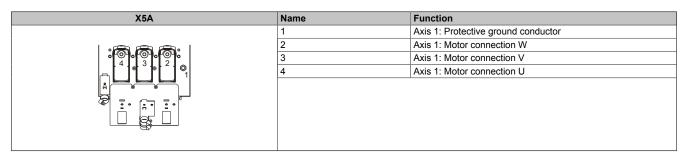


Table 70: X5A - Pinout

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Motor connections U, V, W - Cable installation

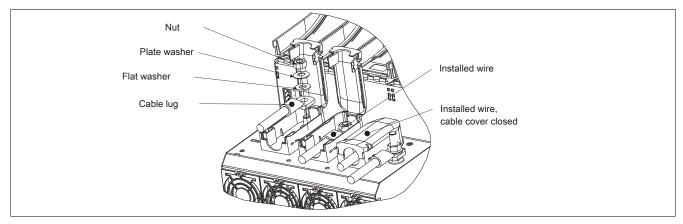


Figure 14: X5A - Cable installation

PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

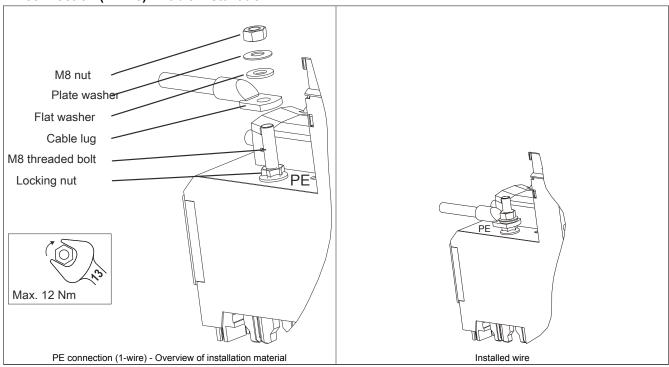


Table 71: PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

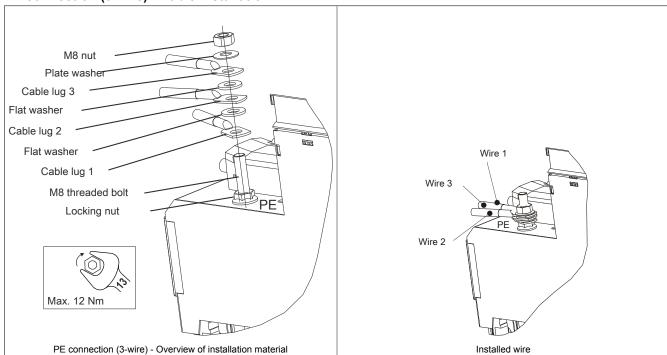


Table 72: PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

3.6.3.7 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Name	Function
F-D-40.0		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
EnDat 2.2 Safety		2		
-		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	1 6	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V
0.0		7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
20	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.6.3.8 SafeMOTION SinCos module - Pinout

Figure	X11	Pin	Name	Function
		1	A	Channel A/Sin
SinCos Safety		2	COM	Ground
		3	В	Channel B/COS
	~	4	+5 V	Encoder power supply +
	1	5	D	Data
	' • 9	6		
		7	R\	Reference pulse inverted/nREF
0.5		8	Т	Clock
		9	A\	Channel A inverted/nSIN
	0 15	10	Sense COM	Sense ground
	8	11	B\	Channel B inverted/nCOS
		12	Sense +5V	Sense input +5 V
(6)		13	D\	Data inverted
RS422		14	R	Reference pulse/REF
		15	T\	Clock cycle inverted

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

3.7 Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.7.1 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1

3.7.1.1 General information

- · Clearly structured, straightforward implementation via network-based safety technology
- · Modular expandability through virtual wiring
- Immediate triggering of safety function due to short cycle times
- · Easy implementation with transparent control and status information, even in the standard application
- · Compact design

3.7.1.2 Order data

Model number	Short description
model Hullibel	Cold plate or feed-through mounting
8BVI1650HCSS.000-1	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module, 165 A,
DB V1100011000.000 1	HV, cold plate or feed-through mounting
	Required accessories
	Terminal block sets
8BZVI1650SS.000-1A	Screw clamp set for ACOPOSmulti 8BVI0660HxSS, 8BVI0880HxSS, 8BVI1650HxSS, 8BVI0660HxSA, 8BVI0880HxSA and 8BVI1650HxSA modules: 1x 8TB2104.203L-00, 1x 8TB2108.2010-00 1x 1x
	Optional accessories
	Accessory sets
8BXB000.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti accessory set for encoder buffering consists of the following: 1 lithium battery AA 3.6 V, 1 cover for battery compartment
0DVE004 0000 00	Fan modules
8BXF001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti fan module, replacement fan for ACOPOSmulti modules (8BxP / 8B0C / 8BVI / 8BVE / 8B0K)
	Plug-in modules
8BAC0120.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.1 interface
8BAC0120.001-2	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, EnDat 2.2 interface
8BAC0121.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, HIPERFACE interface
8BAC0122.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8BAC0123.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder and SSI absolute encoder interface for RS422 signals
8BAC0123.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 5 V single-ended and 5 V differential signals
8BAC0123.002-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, incremental encoder interface for 24 V single-ended and 24 V differential signals
8BAC0124.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos interface
8BAC0125.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, SinCos EnDat 2.1/SSI interface
8BAC0130.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 2 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz, 2 digital inputs 24 VDC
8BAC0130.001-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 2 digital outputs, 50 mA, max. 62.5 kHz, 4 digital outputs, 500 mA, max. 1.25 kHz
8BAC0132.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 4 analog inputs ±10 V
8BAC0133.000-1	ACOPOSmulti plug-in module, 3 RS422 outputs for ABR encoder emulation, 1 Mhz
	POWERLINK/Ethernet cables
X20CA0E61.00020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 m
X20CA0E61.00025	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.25 m
X20CA0E61.00030	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.3 m
X20CA0E61.00035	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.35 m
X20CA0E61.00050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.5 m
X20CA0E61.00100	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 1 m
	Shield component sets
8SCS001.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 1, 1 hose clamp, B 9 mm, D 12-22 mm
8SCS002.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x clamping plate; 2x clamps D 4-13.5 mm; 4x screws
8SCS003.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x shield mounting plate 4x 45°; 8x screws
8SCS004.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1 shield plate 4x type 0, 2 hose clamps, B 9 mm, D 32-50 mm

Table 73: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

Model number	Short description	Figure
8SCS010.0000-00	ACOPOSmulti shield component set: 1x ACOPOSmulti holding plate SK14-20; 1x shield terminal SK20	
	Terminal blocks	
8TB2104.203L-00	4-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 3: T- T + B- B+, L keying: 1010	
8TB2108.2010-00	8-pin screw clamp, single row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: numbered serially	

Table 73: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Order data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

For details, see 1.2 "Safe power transmission system" on page 254.

3.7.1.3 Technical data

Model number	8BVI1650HCSS.000-1			
General information				
B&R ID code	0xB878			
Cooling and mounting method	Cold plate or feed-through mounting			
Slots for plug-in modules	2 1)			
Certification				
CE	Yes			
KC	Yes			
UL	cULus E225616			
	Power conversion equipment			
Functional safety ²⁾	Yes			
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal	750 VDC			
Continuous power consumption 3)	121.8 kW			
Power dissipation depending on switching frequen-				
cy ⁴⁾				
Switching frequency 5 kHz	$[0.001 * I_{M}^{2} + 9.9 * I_{M} + 165] W$			
Switching frequency 10 kHz	$[0.17 * I_M^2 + 10.8 * I_M + 320] W$			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	In preparation			
DC bus capacitance	3630 μF			
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage	25 VDC ±1.6%			
Input capacitance	32.9 μF			
Max. power consumption	43 W + P _{SMC1} + P _{SLOT2} + P _{24 V Out} + P _{HoldingBrake} ⁵⁾			
Design	ACOPOSmulti backplane			
24 VDC output				
Quantity	2			
Output voltage				
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 260 to 315 VDC	25 VDC * (U _{DC} /315)			
DC bus voltage (U _{DC}): 315 to 800 VDC	24 VDC ±6%			
Protection	250 mA (slow-blow) electronic, automatic reset			
Motor connection 6)				
Quantity	1			
Continuous power per motor connection 3)	120 kW			
Continuous current per motor connection 3)	165 A _{eff}			

Table 74: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

Model number	8BVI1650HCSS.000-1
Reduction of continuous current depending on	
switching frequency and mounting method 7)	
Switching frequency 5 kHz	
Cold plate mounting 8)	3.1 A/K (from 53°C) ⁹⁾
Feed-through mounting	2.82 A/K (from 40°C) ⁹⁾
Switching frequency 10 kHz Cold plate mounting ⁸⁾	1.8 A/K (from 17°C) 10)
Feed-through mounting	1.5 A/K (from -13°C) ⁽¹⁾
Switching frequency 20 kHz	ו.ט אוז נווטווו־וט ט
Cold plate mounting 8)	1.2 A/K (from -60°C) 10)
Feed-through mounting	0.72 A/K (from 141°C) ¹¹⁾
Reduction of continuous current depending on the	· · · ·
installation elevation	
Starting at 500 m above sea level	16.5 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current	330 A _{eff}
Nominal switching frequency	5 kHz
Possible switching frequencies 12)	5/10/20 kHz
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 13)	Limit value curve A
Protective measures	
Overload protection	Yes
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹⁴⁾
Design	
U, V, W, PE	M8 threaded bolt
Shield connection	Yes
Connection cross section range	O.L. OF245
Flexible and fine wire lines	6 to 95 mm ² ¹⁵⁾
Approbation data UL/C-UL-US	In preparation
CSA CSA	In preparation
Terminal cable cross section dimension of shield	12 to 50 mm ¹⁶⁾
connection	
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-	
Quency Switching frequency 5 kHz	9F
Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz	25 m 25 m
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz	25 m
Motor holding brake connection	EV III
Quantity	1
Output voltage ¹⁷⁾	24 VDC +5.8% / -0.5% ¹⁸⁾
Continuous current	4.2 A
Max. internal resistance	0.15 Ω
Extinction potential	Approx. 30 V
Max. extinction energy per switching operation	3 Ws
Max. switching frequency Protective measures	0.5 Hz
Overload and short circuit protection	Yes
Open circuit monitoring	Yes
Undervoltage monitoring	Yes
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring	Approx. 0.5 A
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC -2% / -4%
Encoder interfaces ¹⁹⁾	
Quantity	1
Туре	EnDat 2.2 ²⁰⁾
Connections	9-pin female DSUB connector
Status indicators	UP/DN LEDs
Electrical isolation	Ma
Encoder - ACOPOSmulti	No Yes
Encoder monitoring Max. encoder cable length	100 m
max. encoder cable letigui	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable ²¹⁾
Encoder power supply	
Output voltage	Typ. 12.5 V
Load capacity	350 mA
Protective measures	
Short circuit protection	Yes
Overload protection	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	D0/05
Signal transmission	RS485
Data transfer rate Max. power consumption per encoder interface	6.25 Mbit/s
wax. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{SMC}[W] = 19 V * I_{Encoder}[A] ^{22}$

Table 74: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION • Data sheets

del number 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1		
Trigger inputs		
Quantity	2	
Wiring	Sink	
Electrical isolation		
Input - Inverter module	Yes	
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold		
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 10 mA	
Switching delay	·	
Rising edge	52 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Falling edge	53 μs ±0.5 μs (digitally filtered)	
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	
Electrical characteristics		
Discharge capacitance	0.9 µF	
Operating conditions		
Permitted mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically	Yes	
Lying horizontally	Yes	
Standing horizontally	No	
Installation at elevations above sea level		
Nominal	0 to 500 m	
Maximum ²³⁾	4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN		
61800-5-1		
EN 60529 protection	IP20 ²⁴⁾	
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 40°C	
Maximum ²⁵⁾	55°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%	
Storage	5 to 95%	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics		
Dimensions ²⁶⁾		
Width	427.5 mm	
Height	317 mm	
Depth		
Cold plate	212 mm	
Cold plate Feed-through mounting	212 mm 209 mm	

Table 74: 8BVI1650HCSS.000-1 - Technical data

- 1) SLOT 2 is not occupied. SLOT 1 of the ACOPOSmulti module is occupied by the SafeMOTION module.
- 2) Achievable safety classifications (safety integrity level, safety category, performance level) are documented in the user's manual (section "Safety technology").
- 3) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 4) I $_{\text{M}}$... Current on X5A motor connection [A $_{\text{Eff}}$]
- 5) P_{SMC1} ... Max. power consumption P_{SMC} [W] of the SafeMOTION module in SLOT1 (see the "Encoder interfaces" section).
 - $P_{\text{SLOT2}} \dots \text{Max. power consumption } P_{\text{BBAC}} \text{ [W] of the plug-in module in SLOT2 (see the technical data for the respective plug-in module)}. \\$
 - P_{24 V Out}... Power [W] that is output to the connections X2/+24 V Out 1 and X2/+24 V Out 2 on the module (max. 10 W).
- 6) Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, minimum permissible coolant flow volume (3 l/min).
- 8) The temperature specifications refer to the return temperature of the cold plate mounting plate.
- Value for the nominal switching frequency.
- 10) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the return temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
 - Caution! Condensation can occur at low flow temperatures and return temperatures.
- 11) The module cannot supply the full continuous current at this switching frequency. This unusual value for the ambient temperature, at which derating of the continuous current must be taken into account, ensures that the derating of the continuous current can be determined in the same manner as at other switching frequencies.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.

- 13) If necessary, the stress of the motor isolation system can be reduced by an additional externally wired dv/dt choke. For example, the RWK 305 three-phase du/dt choke from Schaffner (www.schaffner.com) can be used. Important: Even when using a dv/dt choke, it is necessary to ensure that an EMC-compatible, low inductance shield connection is used!
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 15) The connection is made with cable lugs using an M8 threaded bolt. The rated cross section of the cable lug must match the wire cross section of the cable that is to be connected.
- 16) The maximum diameter that can be clamped depends on the shield component set.
- 17) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 18) The specified value is only valid under the following conditions:
 - The 24 VDC supply for the module is provided by an 8B0C auxiliary supply module installed on the same mounting plate.
 - Connection between S1 and S2 (activation of the external holding brake) using a jumper with a max. length of 10 cm.
 - If the 24 VDC supply for the module is applied to the mounting plate using an 8BVE expansion module, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the expansion cable. In this case, undervoltage monitoring must be disabled.
 - If jumpers longer than 10 cm are used to connect S1 and S2, then the output voltage is reduced because of voltage drops on the jumpers.
- 19) Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.
- 20) An EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is required when using ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!
- 21) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 100 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{Max} = 7.9 / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- I_{G} ... Max. current consumption of the encoder [A].
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 22) I_{Encoder} ... Max. power consumption of the connected encoder [A].
- 23) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration).
- 24) This value only applies in its delivered state (SLOT2 of the module is sealed by a slot cover / shield plate). If SLOT2 on the module is not sealed, then the level of protection is reduced to IP10. It is important to note that a 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set (slot cover / shield plate) or plug-in module must always be inserted!
- 25) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 26) These dimensions refer to the actual device dimensions including the respective mounting plate. Make sure to leave additional space above and below the devices for mounting, connections and air circulation.

3.7.1.4 Wiring

For details, see section 3.7.2 "Wiring: Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)" on page 138.

For general information, see section 6 "Wiring" on page 146.

3.7.2 Wiring: Safe 8x width inverter modules (1-axis modules)

3.7.2.1 Pinout overview

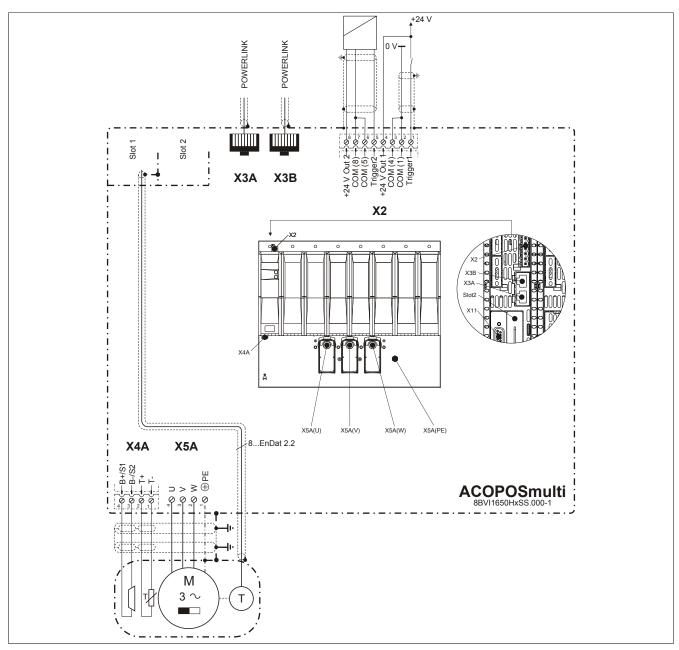


Figure 15: Pinout overview

3.7.2.2 X2 connector - Pinout

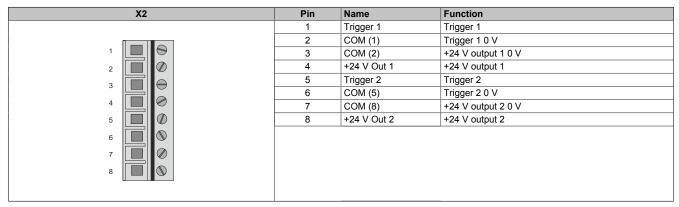


Table 75: X2 connector - Pinout

3.7.2.3 X3A. X3B connectors - Pinout

X3A, X3B	Pin	Name	Function
	1	RXD	Receive signal
	2	RXD\	Receive signal inverted
	3	TXD	Transmit signal
	4	Shield	Shield
	5	Shield	Shield
	6	TXD\	Transmit signal inverted
	7	Shield	Shield
	8	Shield	Shield

Table 76: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

3.7.2.4 X4A connector - Pinout

X4A	Name	Function
	T-	Axis 1: Temperature sensor -
	T+	Axis 1: Temperature sensor +
	B-	Axis 1: Brake -
	B+	Axis 1: Brake +
B+ B- T+ T-		

Table 77: X4A connector - Pinout

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)!

Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

This must be taken into consideration when choosing the motor holding brake!

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Caution!

If B+ and B- are swapped when connecting the permanent magnet holding brakes, then the brakes cannot be opened! ACOPOSmulti inverter modules cannot determine if a holding brake is connected with reverse polarity!

Warning!

Temperature sensors are only permitted to be connected to the X4A/T+ and X4A/T- connectors on an ACOPOSmulti module under the following conditions:

• There is no ACOPOSmulti plug-in module in SLOT1 on the ACOPOSmulti module with a temperature sensor connected to T+ and T-

Otherwise, the temperature monitoring functions on the ACOPOSmulti module may become ineffective, which in extreme cases can cause the hardware (e.g. motors) connected to the ACOPOSmulti module to be destroyed!

3.7.2.5 X5A - Pinout

X5A	Pin	Name	Function
0 0 0 0 0	1	PE	Axis 1: Protective ground conductor
	2	W	Axis 1: Motor connection W
	3	V	Axis 1: Motor connection V
	4	U	Axis 1: Motor connection U
	Holding torque	for the M8 nuts: 12 Nm	

Table 78: X5A - Pinout

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

Motor connections U, V, W - Cable installation

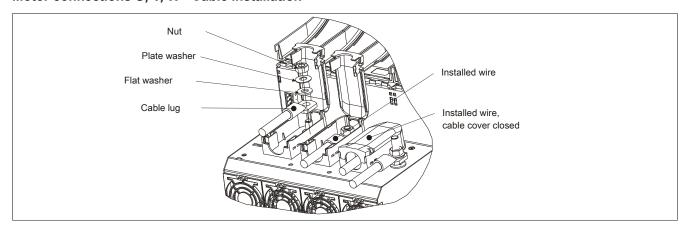


Figure 16: X5A - Cable installation

PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

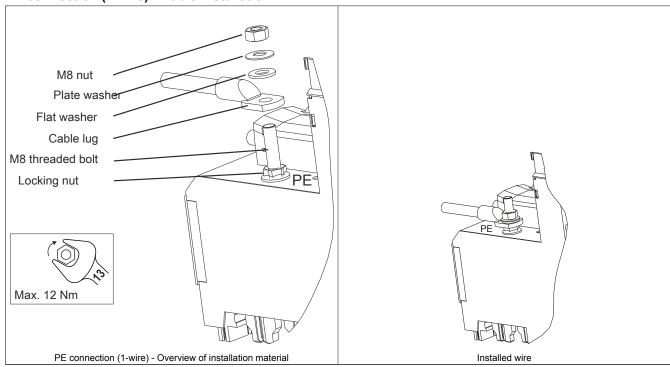


Table 79: PE connection (1-wire) - Cable installation

PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

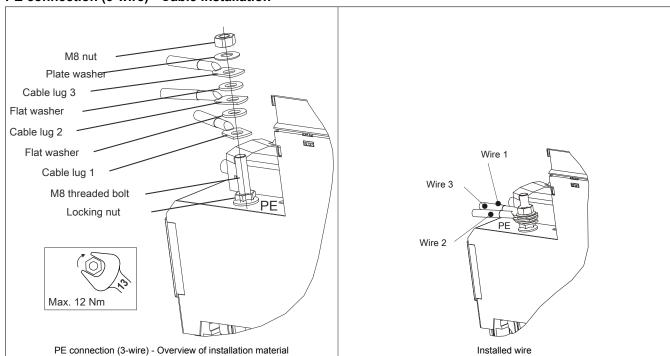


Table 80: PE connection (3-wire) - Cable installation

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3.7.2.6 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module - Pinout

Figure	X11 (X12)	Pin	Name	Function
EnDat 2.2 Safety 1 6 0		1	U+	Encoder power supply +12.5 V
		2		
		3		
		4	D	Data input
		5	Т	Clock output
	6	COM (1)	Encoder power supply 0 V	
		7		
		8	D\	Data input inverted
	_ • 9	9	T\	Clock output inverted
	5			
再 选品工作				

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module and the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module together form a single unit. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

4 Installation

See the ACOPOSmulti user's manual MAACPM-ENG, chapter "Installation".

Chapter 2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

5 Dimensioning

See the ACOPOSmulti user's manual MAACPM-ENG, chapter "Dimensioning".

6 Wiring

6.1 General information

6.1.1 EMC-compatible installation

General information

If the directives for electromagnetic compatibility of the installation are followed, the ACOPOSmulti drive system meets the EMC directive 2004/108/EC and low-voltage directives 2006/95/CE. It also meets the requirements for harmonized EMC product standard IEC 61800-3:2004 for industry (second environment).

Additional EMC measures must be implemented by the machine or system manufacturer in the event that the product standard for the machine includes lower limit values or the machine conforms to the IEC 61000-6-4 basic standard. Proof of conformity to required limit values must be provided by the manufacturer or distributor of the machine or system in accordance with the guidelines for implementing the EMC directive.

Additional EMC measures are required when operating ACOPOSmulti drive systems in a residential area or when connecting ACOPOSmulti drive systems to a low voltage system that also supplies buildings in a residential area (first environment) without an intermediate transformer.

Installation notes

- 1. The control cabinet or system must be constructed properly.
- 2. To prevent the effects of disturbances, the following lines must be properly shielded:
 - Motor cables
 - Encoder cables
 - Control cables
 - Data cables
- Inductive switching elements such as contactors or relays must be equipped with corresponding suppressor elements such as varistors, RC elements or damping diodes.
- 4. All electrical connections must be kept as short as possible.
- 5. Cable shields must be attached to designated shield connection clamps and the connector housing.
- 6. Shielded cables with copper braiding or tinned copper braiding must be used. Twisting the braided shield or extending it with single conductors is not permitted.
- 7. Unused cable conductors must be grounded on both sides whenever possible.

6.1.2 Overview

Passive power supply

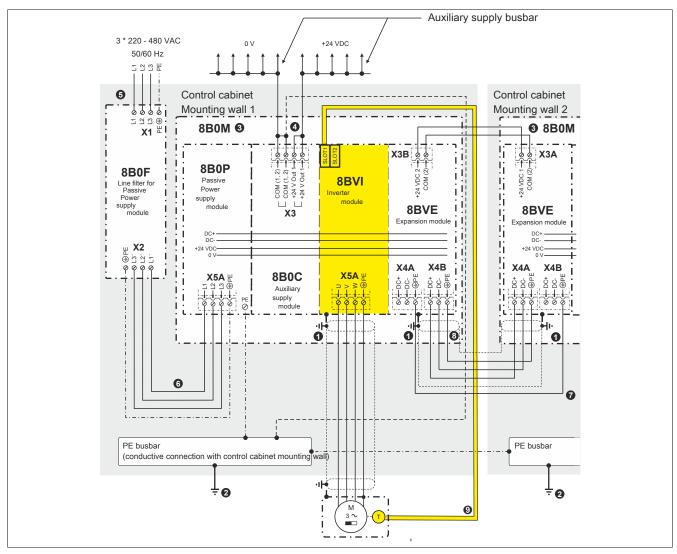


Figure 17: Overview of ground/shield for ACOPOSmulti drive system (passive power supply)

- 1 Shielding connection via module-specific shield component set.
- 2 Central grounding point.
- 3 8B0M mounting plate, large-surface conductive connection with control cabinet mounting wall.
- 4 One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).
- 5 The mains power input must be kept as short as possible inside the control cabinet.
- The connection between the line filter and power supply module is never shielded. To prevent disturbances in the mains power input (**6**), they cannot be routed parallel to the connection between the line filter and power supply module.
- An additional PE connection must be made between two 8BVE expansion modules in order to meet the conditions necessary for the ACOPOSmulti drive systems mains connection on all 8B0M mounting plates that are connected using 8BVE expansion modules. This additional PE connection must be made with the same wire cross section as the PE wire routed in the expansion cable (at least 2.5 mm² with protected wiring or 4 mm² with unprotected wiring).
- 9 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2: Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Active power supply

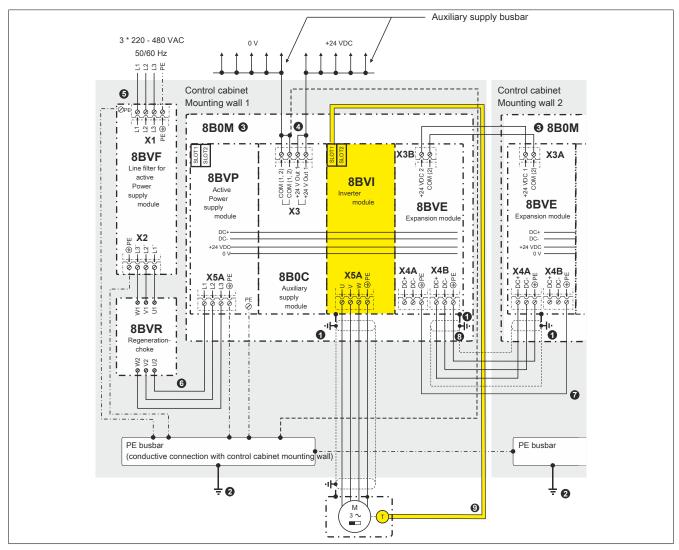


Figure 18: Overview of ground/shield for ACOPOSmulti drive system (active power supply)

- 1 Shielding connection via module-specific shield component set.
- 2 Central grounding point.
- 3 8B0M mounting plate, large-surface conductive connection with control cabinet mounting wall.
- 4 One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).
- 5 The mains power input must be kept as short as possible inside the control cabinet.
- The connection between the line filter and power supply module is never shielded. To prevent disturbances in the mains power input (③), they cannot be routed parallel to the connection between the line filter and power supply module.
- An additional PE connection must be made between two 8BVE expansion modules in order to meet the conditions necessary for the ACOPOSmulti drive systems mains connection on all 8B0M mounting plates that are connected using 8BVE expansion modules. This additional PE connection must be made with the same wire cross section as the PE wire routed in the expansion cable (at least 2.5 mm² with protected wiring or 4 mm² with unprotected wiring).
- 9 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2: Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Danger!

One of the two COM connections (1, 2) on the X3 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential. Otherwise, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) safety function could fail if an error occurs (ground fault).

Caution!

No additional consumers/components are permitted to be connected between the 8BVF line filter, 8BVR regeneration choke and 8BVP power supply module!

Warning!

ACOPOSmulti drive systems are only permitted to be used with specially designed line filters. Third-party line filters are not permitted to be used; it is possible that they will be destroyed!

6.1.2.1 Additional PE connection on 8BVE expansion modules

The PE connection must always be made between the first and last 8BVE expansion module.

DC connection between 2 8BVE expansion modules

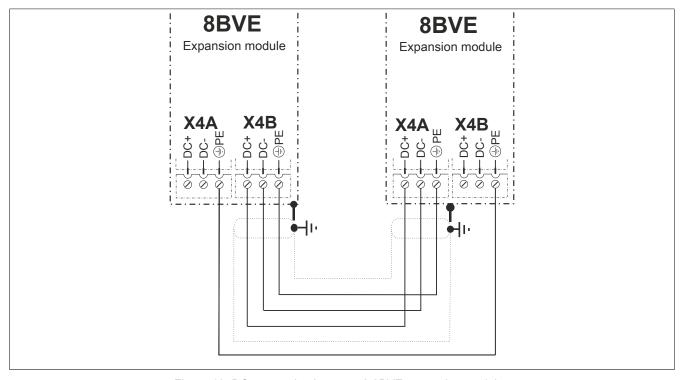


Figure 19: DC connection between 2 8BVE expansion modules

DC connection between more than 2 8BVE expansion modules

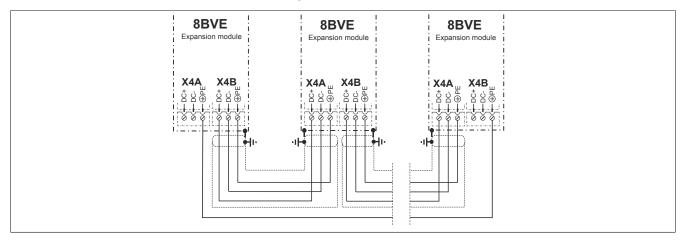


Figure 20: DC connection between more than 2 8BVE expansion modules

Connection between two 8BVE expansion modules in combination with 8CVI inverter modules

Variant 1: 8CVI inverter modules to both 8BVE expansion modules

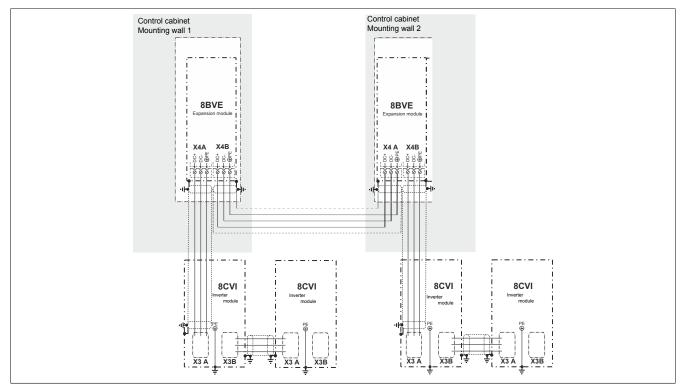


Figure 21: 8CVI inverter module to both 8BVE expansion modules

Variant 2: 8CVI inverter modules to the last 8BVE expansion module

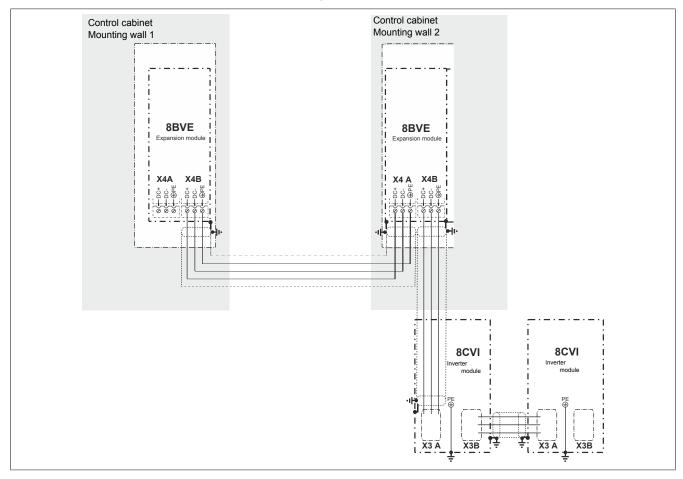


Figure 22: 8CVI inverter modules to the last 8BVE expansion module

6.1.3 Ground and shield connection diagrams

6.1.3.1 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules)

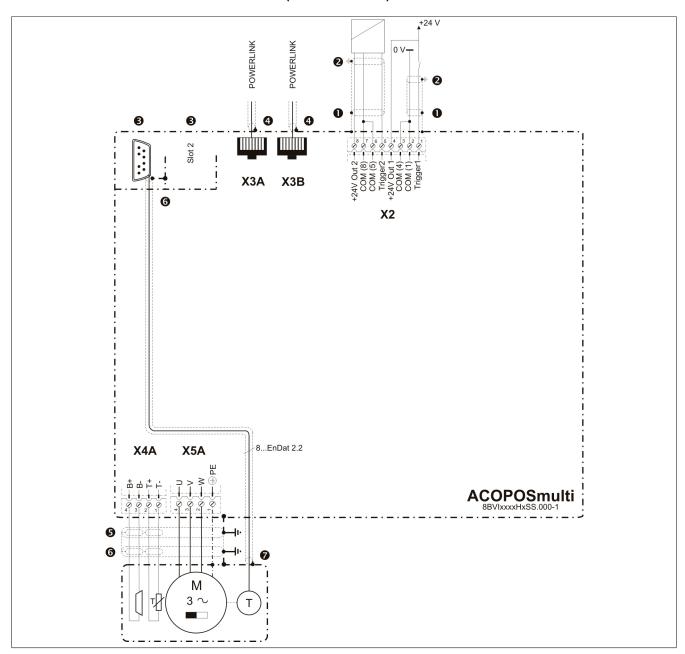


Figure 23: Ground connections and shield connections for 8BVI SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules

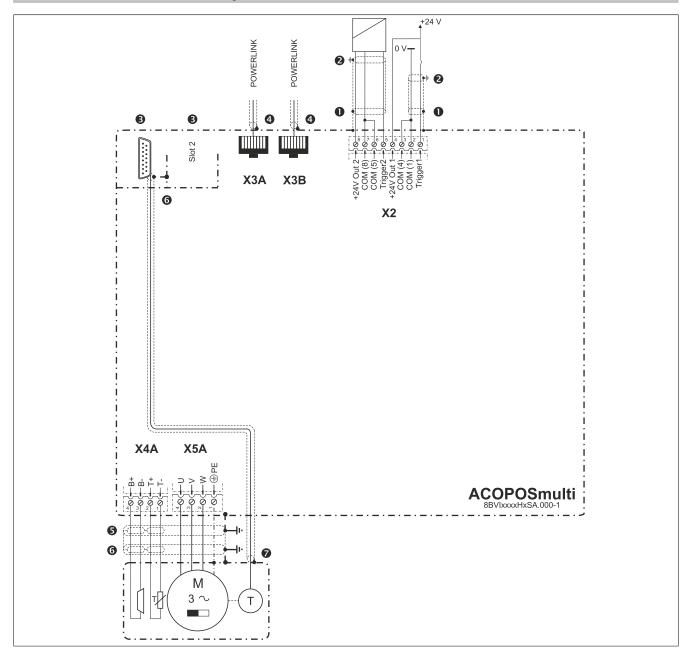


Figure 24: Ground connections and shield connections for 8BVI SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules

- 1. Both trigger inputs are only filtered internally with approx. 50 μs. Make sure the cable shield is grounded properly. The optional 8SCS002.0000-00 shield set can be used for this.
- 2. The cable shield must be attached to the shield connector.

3. ACOPOSmulti plug-in modules automatically come in contact with the housing when inserted in the module slot:



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Open module slots on ACOPOSmulti modules can be closed with the optional 8SCS005.0000-00 shield set available from B&R. The standard shield set for closing open module slots on ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules is the 8SCS005.0000-00.

4. Male DSUB cable connection:

The cable shield must be sufficiently connected using the designated clamp in the metallic or metal-plated male DSUB housing. The fastening screws on the DSUB housing must be tightened.

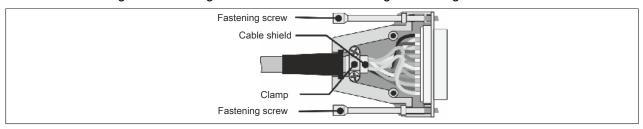


Figure 25: Cable shield in DSUB housing

Terminal cable connection:

The cable shield must be connected to the ACOPOSmulti module housing using the optional 8SCS002.0000-00 shield set.

Male RJ45 cable connection:

Additional grounding of the cable shield provides improved EMC characteristics. Grounding should take place on both sides, over a large area and near the connector. The optional 8SCS002.0000-00 shield set, available from B&R, can be used on the ACOPOSmulti module for this.

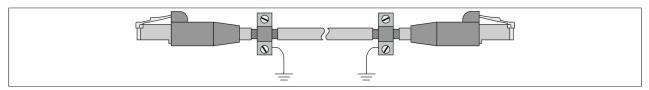


Figure 26: Male RJ45 connector - Grounding the cable shield

Information:

When cabling POWERLINK networks with B&R POWERLINK cables, no additional grounding of the cable shield is required to ensure resistance to disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3!

- 5. The cable shield can be connected to the ACOPOSmulti module housing using the optional shield sets available from B&R.
- 6. On the motor side, the cable shield of the motor line is connected to the motor housing via the motor connector and connected to ground via the machine.
- 7. On the motor side, the encoder cable shield must be connected to the motor housing using the encoder connector and connected to ground via the machine.

For external encoders, the cable shield of the encoder cable must be connected on the encoder side to the machine via the encoder connector and subsequently connected to ground potential.

6.1.4 Insulation and high voltage testing

6.1.4.1 Insulation resistance testing in accordance with EN 60204

In accordance with EN 60204, the insulation resistance of electrical equipment is measured with 500 VDC between the main circuit conductors and the protective ground conductor system and is not permitted to fall below the value $1 \text{ M}\Omega$. Testing individual sections of the system is permitted.

Motor connectors on ACOPOSmulti inverter modules (X5A / X5B)

Warning!

An insulation test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connectors (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be disconnected from the motor connector (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before insulation resistance is measured!

B&R motors and **B&R** motor cables

In principle, insulation resistance measurement can be carried out on B&R motor cables and B&R motors. The insulation resistance can be lower than 1 M Ω , however, depending on the motor that is connected. The 50 k Ω minimum value required as specified in EN 60204, Section 18.3 is exceeded in any case.

Warning!

An insulation test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connectors (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be disconnected from the motor connector (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before insulation resistance is measured!

6.1.4.2 High voltage testing

In accordance with EN 60204, the electrical equipment must be able to withstand a test voltage connected between the conductors of all circuits and the protective ground conductor system for at least 1 s (exception: all circuits with a voltage < PELV voltage). The test voltage must be twice the rated voltage for the equipment, but at least 1000 VAC (50/60 Hz). Components that cannot handle this test voltage must be disconnected before carrying out the high voltage test.

Motor connectors on ACOPOSmulti inverter modules (X5A / X5B)

Warning!

A high voltage test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

B&R motors and **B&R** motor cables

In principle, high voltage testing can be carried out on B&R motor cables and B&R motors. Depending on the size of the motor and length of the motor cable, increased measurement currents can occur because of capacitive coupling.

Warning!

A high voltage test is not permitted to be carried out on the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of ACOPOS-multi inverter modules since this would destroy the ACOPOSmulti inverter modules!

The motor cable must be removed from the motor connection (X5A / X5B) of the ACOPOSmulti inverter module before the high voltage measurement is made!

6.1.4.3 Typical procedure

Isolation test

- a) Disconnect the motor cable from the X5A / X5B connector on the ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- b) Perform the insulation test on the X1 mains connection (mains side) of the ACOPOSmulti line filter.
- c) Perform the insulation test on the B&R motor.

High voltage testing

- a) Disconnect the connection cable between the X2 connector of the ACOPOSmulti line filter and the U1 / V1 / W1 connectors of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke on the X2 connector of the ACOPOSmulti line filter.
- b) Disconnect the connection cable between the X5A connector on the ACOPOSmulti power supply module and the U2 / V2 / W2 connections of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke on the X5A connector of the ACOPOSmulti power supply module.
- c) Perform the high voltage test on the U1 / V1 / W1 connectors of the ACOPOSmulti regeneration choke.
- d) Disconnect the motor cable from the X5A / X5B connector on the ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- e) Perform the high voltage test on the B&R motor.

Chapter 3 • ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

1 System characteristics

1.1 Compact and safe



ACOPOSmotor modules combine the following components in a single compact unit:

- Servo drive
- Servo motor as an energy transducer
- · Built-in position sensor

ACOPOSmotor modules deliver maximum performance through the use of advanced power component technology that minimizes power loss as well as a motor series optimized for motion applications.

Available in 3 different sizes, ACOPOSmotor modules cover the entire spectrum with a torque range of 5.7 to 17 Nm and a power range of 1 kW to 2.3 kW. For applications that demand more power, an optional fan component can be added at any time to boost performance considerably.

1.2 Decentralized and flexible

In terms of topology, the ACOPOSmotor module can be integrated into a simple line or tree structure. Node number assignment takes place automatically in the line structure. If the address still needs to be set, however, this can be done without opening the housing.

The connection to the drive network is made using a hybrid connector. It contains all power and signal lines needed to operate the ACOPOSmotor module as well as those required by the POWERLINK network.

Highly effective IP65 protection allows ACOPOSmotor modules to be mounted directly on the machine. The control cabinet then only has to contain the power supply, high-powered inverter modules and other necessary electromechanical components. This makes it much easier to implement modular machine architectures and optional machine functions since they can be easily connected – with the requisite dimensioning of the power supply – to the machine's main line using hybrid cables.

Also ideal for modular machine engineering is the ability to connect X67 modules directly to ACOPOSmotor modules, something that paves the way for implementing machine modules as completely self-sufficient and testable production units.

1.3 Homogeneous and compatible

ACOPOSmotor modules provide the well-known functionality of the ACOPOSmulti drive family and can therefore be completely integrated into a drive solution.

1.4 Cooling

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are self-cooling and have a long, slim design. The modules must be installed on the cooling surface (flange).

1.5 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION



B&R's well-established safety solution – consisting of X20 SafelO modules, SafeLOGIC controllers and the SafeDESIGNER toolset in Automation Studio – is rounded off by ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules. All B&R "Integrated Safety Technology" products are optimized to work together, delivering elegant applications at extremely low cost levels.

openSAFETY sets technical standards

Although there are many new approaches to safe fieldbus systems, most of them are restricted by proprietary standards and sluggish response times. The B&R safety system – including its ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules – takes a different approach by implementing openSAFETY across the board. This approach allows integrated safety functions such as Safely Limited Speed to be activated directly over the network instead of having to wire these types of safety-related signals to the drive.

Information is collected directly from its source via safe digital inputs and outputs before being distributed to the respective sensors and actuators – in this case, the drive with integrated safety functions – via a safe CPU, the SafeLOGIC controller. Connecting over a POWERLINK network makes it easy to achieve the best possible communication between the SafeLOGIC controller and the standard controller for non safety-related program engineering.

Short cycle times

Cycle times of 800 μ s are achieved on ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules while still satisfying SIL 3 requirements.

Modular, expandable system

Because not all drives and axes in a production machine are safety-related, ACOPOSmotor modules are offered both with and without integrated safety functionality (SafeMOTION). This makes it possible to combine safe and non-safe axes in an application as needed.

1.6 ACOPOSmotor configurations

ACOPOSmotor drive systems have access to multiple technology-specific functions whose performance, flexibility and capability have been remarkably proven in countless applications. The ACOPOS functions listed below are basic functions which the user can switch between as needed within 400 µs. In addition, manipulations such as changes in product length, registration mark control, overlying torque control, brief process adaptations and quality checks can be carried out at any time.

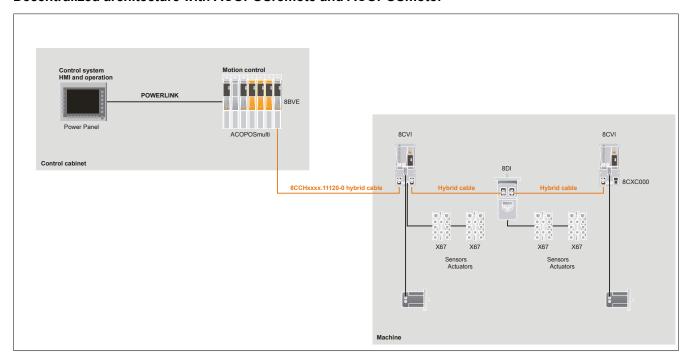
- Point-to-point
- Electronic gears
- Electronic compensation gears
- · Cross cutter
- Electronic cams
- Flying saws
- · Line shafts
- CNC

ACOPOSmotor drive systems can be used in various configurations depending on the requirements of the application. The functions listed above are available to the user in each of the topology examples shown.

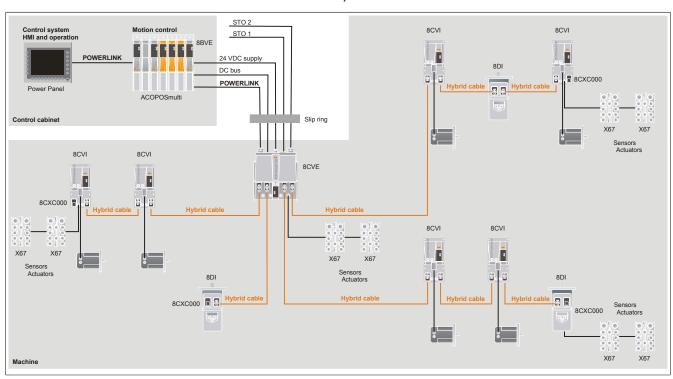
Reaction speeds are not influenced by the control system being used if technology functions are processed directly on the ACOPOSmotor drive system. Additional sensors and actuators must be integrated in the control system for more complex processes. In these cases, the level of performance depends mostly on the type of network and control system being used. The topology examples shown on the following pages provide an overview of the bandwidths that are possible with B&R automation components.

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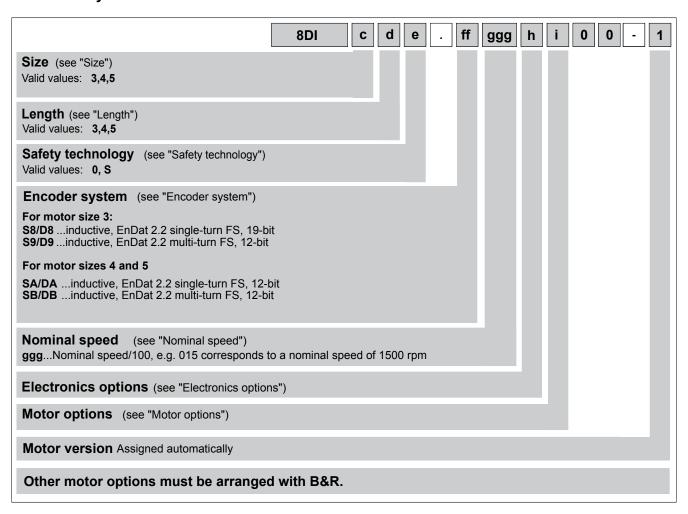
Decentralized architecture with ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor



Decentralized architecture with connection box 8CVE, ACOPOSremote and ACOPOSmotor



1.7 Order key



1.7.1 Size (c)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes (3, 4 and 5). They have different dimensions (especially flange dimensions) and power ratings. These different sizes are indicated by a number represented by (c) in the model number. The larger the number, the larger the flange dimensions and power rating for the ACOPOSmotor module.

1.7.2 Length (d)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available in three different sizes. They have different power ratings with identical flange dimensions. These different lengths are indicated by a number represented by (d) in the model number.

Length	Available sizes			
	3	4	5	
3	Yes	No	No	
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	No	Yes	Yes	
6	No	Yes	Yes	

1.7.3 Safety technology (e)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are delivered with wired safety technology or SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2. as a standard feature.

Name	Note	Code for order key
Wired safety technology		0
SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2		S

The following table lists the safety functions integrated in ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules as well as the safety levels that can be achieved when they are used:

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 81: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

1.7.4 Encoder system (ff)

EnDat 2.2 encoder

General information

Digital drive systems and position control loops require fast and highly secure transfer of data obtained from position measuring instruments. In addition, other data such as drive-specific characteristics, correction tables, etc. should also be available. To ensure a high level of system security, measuring instruments must be integrated in routines for detecting errors and be able to perform diagnostics.

The EnDat interface from HEIDENHAIN is a digital, bidirectional interface for measuring instruments. It is able to output position values from incremental and absolute measuring instruments and can also read and update information on the measuring instrument or store new data there. Because it relies on serial data transfer, only 4 signal lines are needed. Data is transferred synchronously to the clock signal defined by the subsequent electronics. The type of transfer used (e.g. for position values, parameters, diagnostics, etc.) is selected using mode commands sent to the measuring instrument by the subsequent electronics.

As a serial interface, EnDat 2.2 is also suitable for safety-related applications up to SIL 3.

¹⁾ Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

Technical data

Name					
Order code (ff)	S8/D8	S9/D9	SA/DA	SB/DB	
Can be used with	Size 3	Size 3	Motor sizes 4 and 5	Motor sizes 4 and 5	
Encoder type	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety	
Operating principle	Inductive				
EnDat protocol	EnDat 2.2				
Position values per revolution	524 288 (19-bit)				
Distinguishable revolutions		4096 (12-bit)		4096 (12-bit)	
Precision	±120"		±65"		
Vibration during operation 55 to 2000 Hz	Stator: ≤400 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m	n/s² (EN 60068-2-6) ¹)	Stator: ≤200 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m	n/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²)	
Shock during operation Duration 6 ms	≤2.000 m/s² (EN 60068-2-27)				
Manufacturer's website	Dr. Johannes Heidenhain GmbH www.heidenhain.de				
Manufacturer's product ID	ECI 1119	EQI 1131	ECI 1319	EQI 1331	

¹⁾ Valid according to the standard at room temperature;

1.7.5 Nominal speed (ggg)

The nominal speed is listed as part of the model number in the form of a 3-digit code (ggg). This code represents the nominal speed divided by 100.

Size	Available nominal speeds n _N [rpm]				
	2200 (code for order key: 022)			4500 (code for order key	: 045)
3	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
4	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
5	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Length	4	5	6	3	4

1.7.6 Electronics options (h)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with optional external connections:

- One additional POWERLINK connection
- Two 24 VDC outputs for supplying external components (e.g. X67 modules)
- Two trigger inputs

The respective execution of the module is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (h) as part of the model number.

POWERLINK	24 VDC outputs (2x)	Trigger inputs (2x)	Code for order key
No	No	No	0
Yes	Yes	Yes	7

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

²⁾ In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to 100°C: ≤300 m/s², up to 115°C: ≤150 m/s².

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak

¹⁰ to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

1.7.7 Motor options (i)

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with the following features depending on size and length:

- · With or without an oil seal
- · With or without a holding brake
- · With a smooth or keyed shaft end

The respective combination of motor options is listed in the form of a 1-digit code (i) as part of the model number.

Holding brake	Key	Oil seal	Code for order key
	I No	No	0
No		Yes	1
No	Yes	No	2
		Yes	3
Yes	No	No	4
		Yes	5
	Yes	No	6
		Yes	7

Oil seal

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are available with an optional Form A oil seal in accordance with DIN 3760.

When equipped with an oil seal, 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules have IP65 protection in accordance with EN 60034-5. Proper lubrication of the oil seal must be ensured throughout the entire service life of the motor.

Holding brake

All 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be delivered with a holding brake. It is installed directly behind the A flange on the module and is used to hold the motor shaft when no power is applied to the servo motor.

The holding brake is a spring-loaded brake. Based on principle, this type of holding brake exhibits a minimal amount of backlash.

This brake is designed as a holding brake and is not permitted to be used for operational braking! Under these conditions, the brake has a service life of approximately 5,000,000 cycles (opening and closing the brake is one cycle). Loaded braking during an emergency stop is permitted but reduces its service life. The required brake holding torque is determined based on the actual load torque. If not enough information is known about the load torque, it is recommended to assume a safety factor of 2.

Name	ACOPOSmotor module size			
	3	4	5	
Holding torque M _{Br} [Nm]	3.2	9	18	
Connected load Pon [W]	12	15	18	
Supply current I _{On} [A]	0.5	0.9	1.3	
Supply voltage U _{On} [V]	24 VDC +20% / -25%	24 VDC +20% / -25%	24 VDC +20% / -25%	
Activation delay t _{on} [ms]	29	40	50	
Release delay t _{off} [ms]	19	7	10	
Moment of inertia J _{Br} [kgcm ²]	0.38	0.54	1.66	
Mass m _{Br} [kg]	0.3	0.46	0.9	

Design of the shaft end

8DI ACOPOSmotor module shafts comply with the DIN 748 standard and are available with a smooth or keyed shaft end.

Smooth shaft end

A smooth shaft end is used for a force-fit shaft-hub connection and guarantees a backlash-free connection between the shaft and hub as well as a high degree of operating smoothness. The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole.

Keyed shaft end

A keyed shaft end is used for a form-fit torque transfer with low demands on the shaft-hub connection and for handling torque in a constant direction.

The keyways for 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules conform to keyway form N1 in accordance with DIN 6885-1. Form A keyed shafts that conform to DIN 6885-1 are used. Balancing motors with keyways is done using the shaft and fitment key convention in accordance with DIN ISO 8821.

The end of the shaft has a threaded center hole that can be used to mount machine actuators with shaft end cover plates.

1.7.8 Version

ACOPOSmotor module versions are assigned automatically.

1.8 8ZDFB fan kits



8DI ACOPOSmotor modules can be optionally equipped with a fan kit depending on size. The fan kit considerably improves the nominal values of 8DI ACOPOSmotor modules (see speed-torque characteristic curve for the respective 8DI ACOPOSmotor module).

The fan kit is mounted on the back of the 8DI ACOPOSmotor module, with 24 VDC supplied to the fan kit either externally or via connector X31 on the ACOPOSmotor module (8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1).

Size	Corresponding fan kit
3	In preparation
4	8ZDFB400000.000-0
5	8ZDFB500000.000-0

1.9 Load capacity of the shaft end and bearings

8DI ACOPOSmotor modules are equipped with grooved ball bearings that are sealed on both sides and lubricated. Radial and axial forces (F_r , F_a) applied to the shaft end during operation and installation must be within the specifications listed below. Bearing elements must not be subjected to shocks or impacts! Incorrect handling will reduce the service life and result in damage to the bearings.

The axial forces F_a permitted during the installation of pinion gears, couplings, etc. depend on the size of the ACOPOSmotor module and can be found in the following table:

Size	Permissible axial force F _a [N]		
	Standard bearing		
3	1400		
4	2300		
5	2500		

Radial force

The radial force F_r on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. belt tension on pulleys) and operation (e.g. load torque on the pinion). The maximum radial force F_r depends on the shaft end type, bearing type, average speed, the position where the radial force is applied and the desired service life of the bearings.

Axial force, shift in shaft position caused by axial force

The axial force F_a on the shaft end is a function of the loads during installation (e.g. stress caused by mounting) and operation (e.g. thrust caused by slanted tooth pinions). The maximum axial force F_a depends on the bearing type and the desired lifespan of the bearings. The fixed bearing is secured on the A flange with a retaining ring. The floating bearing is preloaded on the B flange with a spring in the direction of the A flange. Axial forces in the direction of the B flange can cause the spring bias to be overcome, which shifts the shaft by the amount of axial backlash in the bearing (approx. 0.1 - 0.2 mm). This shift can cause problems on ACOPOSmotor modules with holding brakes or ACOPOSmotor modules with EnDat encoders (D8, D9, DA and DB). As a result, no axial force is permitted in the direction of the B flange when using these ACOPOSmotor modules.

Axial loads are not permitted on shaft ends of ACOPOS motor modules with holding brakes. It is especially important to prevent axial forces in the direction of the B flange since these forces can cause the brake to fail!

Determining permissible values of F_r and F_a

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION • System characteristics

Information for determining permissible values of F_r and F_a can be found in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmotor modules. Permissible values are based on a bearing lifespan of 20,000 h (bearing lifespan calculation based on DIN ISO 281).

Definitions for maximum shaft load diagrams

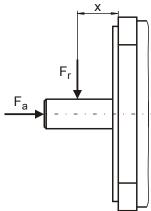


Figure 27: Defin-

ition of shaft load

- F_r........... Radial force
- F_a...... Axial force
- x..... Distance between the motor flange and the point where radial force Fr is applied

2 Status indicators

2.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

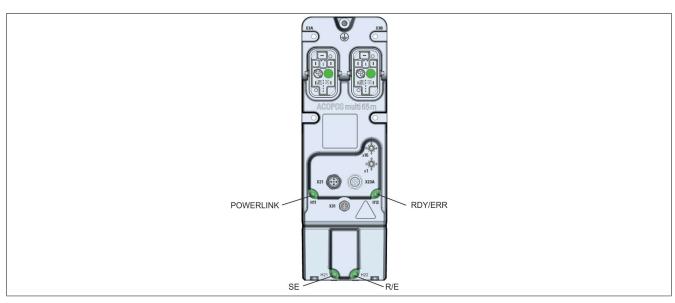


Figure 28: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION - Display

2.1.1 LED status indicators

Status indicator group	Label	Color	Function	Description
POWERLINK	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "POWERLINK - LED status indicators" on
				page 165
Power inverter	RDY	Green	Ready	see "RDY/ERR - LED status indicators" on page
	RUN	Orange	Run	165
	ERR	Red	Error	
Power supply	24 V	Green	24 V OK	The 24 V module power supply voltage is within the
				tolerance range.
Status of SafeMOTION module	R/E	Green/Red	Ready/Error	see "SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators"
Safety status of SafeMOTION module	SE	Red	Safe/Error	on page 166

Table 82: 8BVI SafeMOTION inverter modules (1-axis modules) - LED status indicators

2.1.2 RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
H12	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).
			Blinking green	The module is not ready for operation.
				Examples:
				No signal on one or both enable inputs DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor) Motor feedback not connected or defective Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.) Disturbance on network
	Red	Error	Solid red	There is a permanent error on the module.
				Examples:
				Permanent overcurrentInvalid data in EPROM

Table 83: RDY/ERR - LED status indicators

2.1.3 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
H11	Green/Red	Ready/Error	ED off The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface h	
			failed.	
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
			Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).

Table 84: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

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ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION • Status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description		
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.	
			Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.	
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.	
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.	
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.	

Table 84: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

2.1.4 SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

LED	Function	Color		Description
H22	Ready/Error	Green	Red	
		Off	Off	Module not supplied with current, no communication
		Single flash		Unlink mode
		Double flash		Updating firmware
		Blinking		PREOPERATIONAL mode
		On		Mode RUN
		On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid
			Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware
			On	Communication error
		Off	On	Errors
H21	Safe/Error	Red	Off	Mode RUN
		The two "H21" indica	Safe	phase or defective processor state PRE OPERATIONAL communication channel not OK phase Firmware error Non-acknowledgeable error state, FAIL SAFE state of safety processor 1 and safety processor 2.

Table 85: SafeMOTION module - LED status indicators

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

2.1.5 Status changes when booting the operating system loader

The following timing is used for the LED status indicators:

Block size: 50 ms Repeats after: 3,000 ms

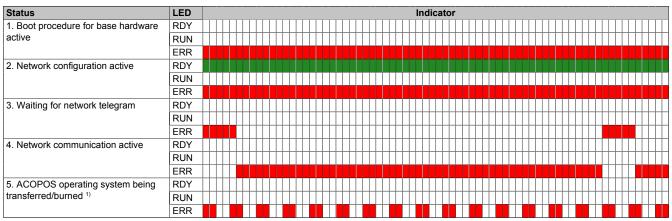
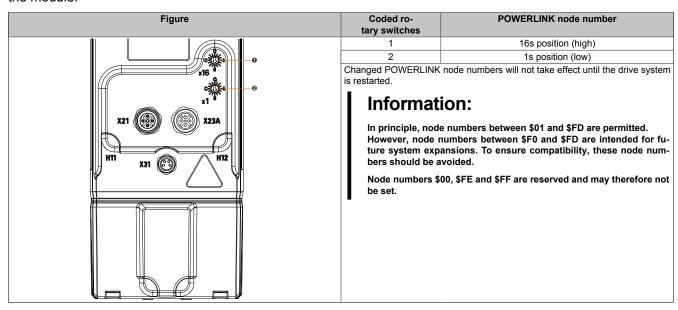


Table 86: Status changes when booting the operating system loader

Firmware V2.140 and higher.

2.1.6 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK station number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located on top of the module:



3 Data sheets

3.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules

Danger!

An ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module can only be replaced in its entirety. Replacing individual components is not possible since they are permanently installed.

3.1.1 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with electronics options - Order data

Model number	Short description
	ACOPOSmotor
8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	ACOPOSmotor module configuration with electronics options 1x
	PLK, 1x 24VOut, 2x trigger
	Required accessories
	Threaded caps
X67AC0M08	X67 M8 threaded caps, 50 pcs.
X67AC0M12	X67 M12 threaded caps, 50 pcs.
	Accessory sets
8CXC000.0000-00	Accessory set: 1x slot cover for male hybrid connector
	Optional accessories
	Hybrid cable
8CCH0001.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0002.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x
000110005 44440 4	2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0005.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH01X1.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH01X2.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.20 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
	I/O supply cables
X67CA0P00.0010	Power connection cable, 1 m
X67CA0P00.0020	Power connection cable, 2 m
X67CA0P00.0050	Power connection cable, 5 m
X67CA0P10.0010	Power connection cable, angled, 1 m
X67CA0P10.0020	Power connection cable, angled, 2 m
X67CA0P10.0050	Power connection cable, angled, 5 m
X67CA0P40.0002	Power open-ended cable, 0.20 m
X67CA0P40.0020	Power open-ended cable, 2m
X67CA0P40.0050	Power open-ended cable, 5m
7.07.07.07.10.10.0000	Pre-assembled cables
X67CA0E41.0010	POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 1 m
X67CA0E41.0050	POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 5 m
X67CA0E61.0020	POWERLINK attachment cable, 7045 to M12, 5 m
X67CA0E61.0050	POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 2 m
X67CA0E61.0100	POWERLINK connection cable, M12 to M12, 10 m Sensor cable
X67CA0A41.0020	M12 sensor cable, 2 m
	M12 sensor cable, 2 m
X67CA0A41.0050 X67CA0A41.0100	
	M12 sensor cable, 10 m
X67CA0A51.0020	M12 sensor cable, angled, 2 m
X67CA0A51.0050	M12 sensor cable, angled, 5 m
X67CA0A51.0100	M12 sensor cable, angled, 10 m
000110000 44400 4	8BVE/8CVI connection cables
8CCH0002.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0005.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0007.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0010.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector

Table 87: 8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1 - Order data

3.1.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION without electronics options - Order data

Model number	Short description
	ACOPOSmotor
8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1	ACOPOSmotor module configuration without electronics options
	Required accessories
	Accessory sets
8CXC000.0000-00	Accessory set: 1x slot cover for male hybrid connector
	Optional accessories
	Hybrid cable
8CCH0001.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0002.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0005.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH01X1.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH01X2.11110-1	Hybrid cable, length 1.20 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm ² + 4x 0.75 mm ² + 5x 2.5 mm ² , 2x 15-pin female hybrid connector
	8BVE/8CVI connection cables
8CCH0002.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 2 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0005.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 5 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0007.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 7 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector
8CCH0010.11120-1	Hybrid cable for connecting 8BVE to 8CVI or 8DI, length 10 m, 2x 2x 0.34 mm² + 4x 0.75 mm² + 5x 2.5 mm², 1x 15-pin female hybrid connector

Table 88: 8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Order data

3.1.3 Technical data

3.1.3.1 General information

Product ID	
General information	
Module type	ACOPOSmotor module
Current-carrying capacity of the 19-pin hybrid con-	
nector	
Power contacts	Max. 20 A at 40°C
Certification	
CE	Yes
cULus	In preparation
FSC	In preparation
Support	
Software	
ACP10	V3.14 or higher
Thermal characteristics	
Methods of cooling in accordance with EN 60034-6 (IC code)	
Standard	Self-cooled; no separate surface cooling (IC4A0A0)
With 8ZBDF fan kit installed	Externally-cooled; surface cooling with independent cooling module attached (IC4A0A6)
Operating conditions	
Construction and mounting arrangement type in ac-	Horizontal (IM3001);
cordance with EN 60034-7 (IM code)	Vertical, motor stands on the machine (IM3031)
Reduction of the nominal current and stall current at installation elevations over 500 m above sea lev-	10% per 1000 m
el	
Reduction of the continuous power at installation elevations over 500 m above sea level	10% per 1000 m
Installation at elevations above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum 1)	4000 m
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 60664-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with IEC 60364-4-443:1999	III ,
EN 60529 protection 2)	Without optional oil seal: IP64
	With optional oil seal: IP65
	With 8ZDFB fan kit installed: IP24

Table 89: General information - Technical data

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ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION • Data sheets

Product ID		
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 40°C	
Maximum	55°C ³⁾	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Max. flange temperature	65°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing	
Transport	Max. 95% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics		
Motor coating	Water-based paint, RAL 9005 flat	
Inverter coating	Electrophoretic deposition (EPD), black	
Vibration severity in accordance with EN 60034-14	Vibration severity grade A 4)	
Roller bearing, dynamic load ratings and nominal	Based on DIN ISO 281	
service life		
Shaft end in accordance with DIN 748	Form E	
Oil seal in accordance with DIN 3760	Form A	
Key and keyway in accordance with DIN 6885-1	Keyway form N1; key form A	
Balancing the shaft in accordance with DIN ISO 8821	Half-key arrangement	
Mounting flange in accordance with DIN 42948	Form A	
Smooth rotation of shaft end, coaxial properties and mounting flange plane in accordance with DIN 42955	Tolerance R	

Table 89: General information - Technical data

- 1) Continuous operation at elevations ranging from 500 m to 4000 m above sea level is possible (taking the specified continuous current reductions into consideration). Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B&R.
- 2) The specified level of protection is only in place if all connectors on the module that are not being used are closed with suitable caps or covers. Suitable caps and covers are available as optional accessories (X67AC0M08, X67AC0M12, 8CXC000.0000-00). The module is rated at IP20 when delivered.
- 3) Continuous operation at ambient temperatures ranging from 40°C to max. 55°C is possible (taking the specified continuous torque reductions into consideration), but this will result in a shorter service life.
- 4) Vibration severity grade B on request.

3.1.3.2 Inverter module

Product ID	8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1		
DC bus connection				
Voltage				
Nominal	750	VDC		
Continuous power consumption 1)	(P _N /0.:	97) + P _{IM}		
DC bus capacitance		DI3x): 10 μF		
	Size 4 (8DI4x): 15 μF			
	`	DI5x): 24 μF		
Design	19-pin hybr	id connector 2)		
Cable length		_		
Maximum	3	0 m		
24 VDC supply				
Input voltage		20% / -25%		
Input capacitance		0 μF		
Max. power consumption		0 96 W] + P _{24 VDC Out 2} [0 12 W]		
Design	19-pin hybri	id connector 2)		
Cable length				
Maximum	3	0 m		
24 VDC Out 1				
Output voltage	Depends on the 24 VDC supply	-		
Continuous current	Max. 4 A	-		
Fuse protection	Electronic	-		
Design				
24 VDC	M8 connector	-		
COM	M8 connector	-		
Cable length				
Maximum	3	0 m		
24 VDC Out 2				
Output voltage	Depends on the 24 VDC supply -			
Continuous current	Max. 0.5 A -			
Fuse protection	Electronic -			
Design				
24 VDC	M12 connector -			
COM	M12 connector -			

Table 90: 8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data

Product ID	8Dlcde.ffggg7i00-1	8Dlcde.ffggg0i00-1	
Cable length			
Maximum	30	m	
Motor connection			
Nominal switching frequency	5 kl	Hz	
Possible switching frequencies 3)	5 / 10 /	20 kHz	
Max. output frequency	598 I	Hz ⁴⁾	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity	1		
Continuous current	1.	A	
Max. switching frequency	0.5	Hz	
Response threshold for undervoltage monitoring	24 VDC	C -25%	
Fieldbus			
Туре	POWERLINK V1/V2 100B	BASE-T (ANSI/IEE 802.3)	
Design	Internal 2-port hub, 2x 19-	,	
Cable length	Max. 100 m between two s		
Transfer rate	100 N	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Enable inputs			
Quantity	2	6)	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity	2	-	
Wiring	Sink	-	
Electrical isolation			
Input - Inverter module	No	-	
Input - Input	No	-	
Input voltage			
Nominal	24 VDC	-	
Maximum	30 VDC	-	
Switching threshold			
Low	<5 V	-	
High	>15 V	-	
Input current at nominal voltage	5 mA	-	
Switching delay			
Rising edge	In preparation	-	
Falling edge	In preparation	-	
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	-	
Design	M12 connector	-	
Cable length			
Maximum	30	m	
Support			
Software			
ACP10	V3.14 and higher		

Table 90: 8DIcde.ffggg7i00-1, 8DIcde.ffggg0i00-1 - Technical data

- 1) Valid in the following conditions: 750 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 2) It is important to note that the 19-pin hybrid connector is designed for max. 5 connection cycles.
- 3) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 4) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 5) Limited to 30 m when using hybrid cables.
- 6) The enable inputs are continuous. They have no function on SafeMOTION modules, however.

3.1.3.3 Encoder

Name				
Order code (ff)	S8/D8	S9/D9	SA/DA	SB/DB
Can be used with	Size 3	Size 3	Motor sizes 4 and 5	Motor sizes 4 and 5
Encoder type	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety	EnDat single-turn functional safety	EnDat multi-turn functional safety
Operating principle	Inductive			
EnDat protocol	EnDat 2.2			
Position values per revolution	524 288 (19-bit)			
Distinguishable revolutions		4096 (12-bit)		4096 (12-bit)
Precision	±120"		±65"	
Vibration during operation 55 to 2000 Hz	Stator: ≤400 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (EN 60068-2-6) 1)		Stator: ≤200 m/s², rotor: ≤600 m/s² (IEC 60068-2-6) ²⁾	
Shock during operation Duration 6 ms	≤2.000 m/s² (EN 60068-2-27)			
Manufacturer's website	Dr. Johannes Heidenhain GmbH www.heidenhain.de			
Manufacturer's product ID	ECI 1119	EQI 1131	ECI 1319	EQI 1331

- Valid according to the standard at room temperature;
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak 10 to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak

 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak
- In accordance with the standard at room temperature; the following values apply at a working temperature up to 100°C: ≤300 m/s², up to 115°C: ≤150 m/s². 10 to 55 Hz, constant path, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant lift, 4.9 mm peak to peak
 - 10 to 55 Hz, constant amplitude, 4.9 mm peak to peak

3.1.4 Size 3

3.1.4.1 Technical data

Model number	8DI33S.ff045hi00-1	8DI34S.ff045hi00-1
Motor		
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]	45	00
Number of pole pairs	4	4
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	1.17	1.52
Nominal power P _N [W]	551	716
Nominal current I _N [A]	1.08	1.39
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	2.4	2.86
Stall current I ₀ [A]	2.22	2.62
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	6.12	9.81
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	5.67	9
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]	66	00
Torque constant K _⊤ [Nm/A]	1.08	1.09
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]	65	.97
Stator resistance R _{2ph} [Ω]	4.81	3.9
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	19.81	16.5
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	34	38
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	0.95	1.2
Mass without brake m [kg]	4.7	5.6

Table 91: 8DI33S.ff045hi00-1, 8DI34S.ff045hi00-1 - Technical data

3.1.4.2 8DI33e.ffggghi00-l - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage

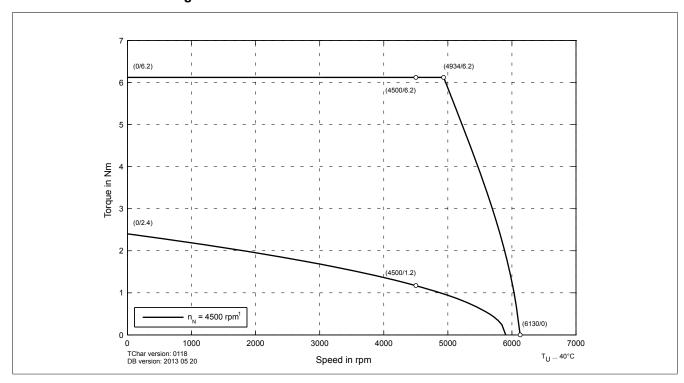


Figure 29: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 750 VDC DC bus voltage

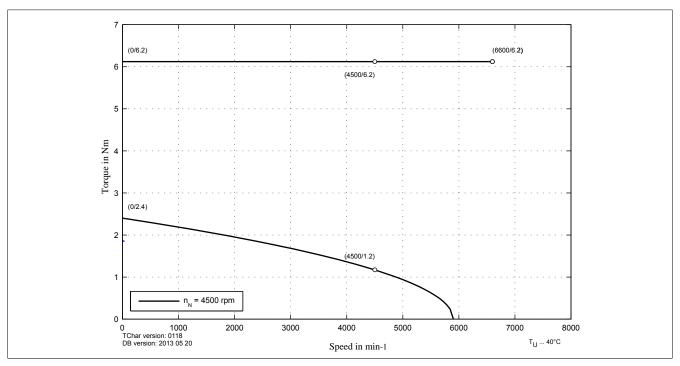


Figure 30: 8DI33e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.1.4.3 8DI34e.ffggghi00-l - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 560 VDC DC bus voltage

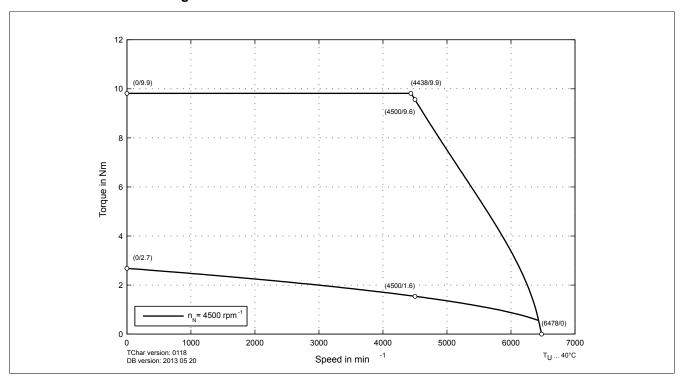


Figure 31: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 560 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

With 750 VDC DC bus voltage

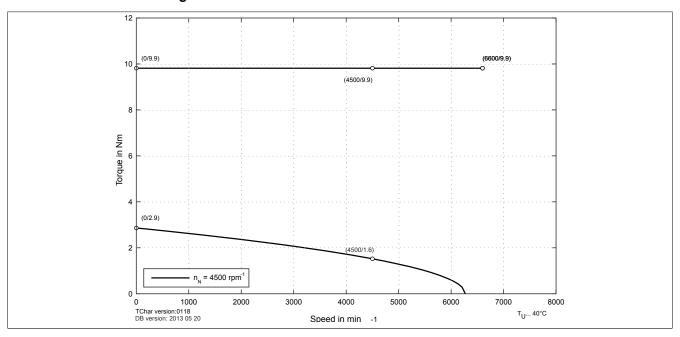
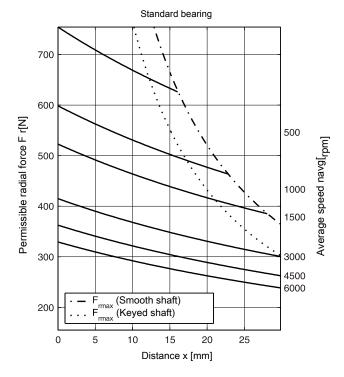


Figure 32: 8DI34e.ffggghi00-1 with 750 VDC DC bus voltage - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.1.4.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.



Maximum axial force: Famax = 66 N

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3.1.5 Size 4

3.1.5.1 Technical data

Model number	8DI44S.ff022hi00-1	8DI45S.ff022hi00-1	8DI46S.ff022hi00-1		
Motor			,		
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]		2200			
Number of pole pairs		5			
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	5	5.1	5.2		
Nominal power P _N [W]	1037	1175	1198		
Nominal current I _N [A]	2.26	2.4	2.35		
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	5.7	6.7	7.7		
Stall current I ₀ [A]	2.57	3.02	3.49		
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	20.5	27.4	31.1		
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	14.46	19.29	21		
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]		12000			
Torque constant K _T [Nm/A]		2.22			
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]	134.04				
Stator resistance R _{2ph} [Ω]	6.24	4.32	3.61		
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	44.8	41	32		
Electrical time constant tel [ms]	In preparation	9.49	8.86		
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	30	35	40		
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	2.73	3.58	4.39		
Mass without brake m [kg]	5.26	6.7	8.1		

Table 92: 8DI44S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI45S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI46S.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

3.1.5.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1

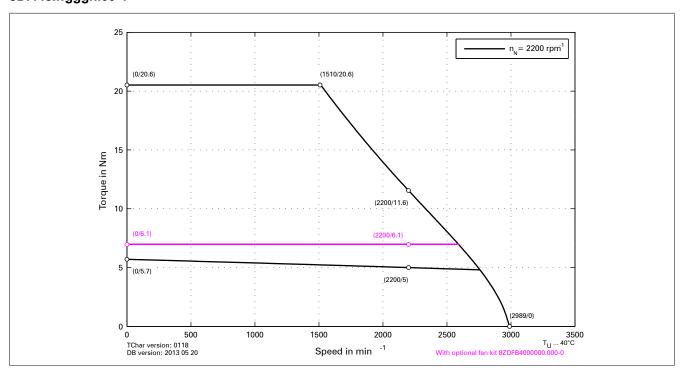


Figure 33: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI45e.ffggghi00-1

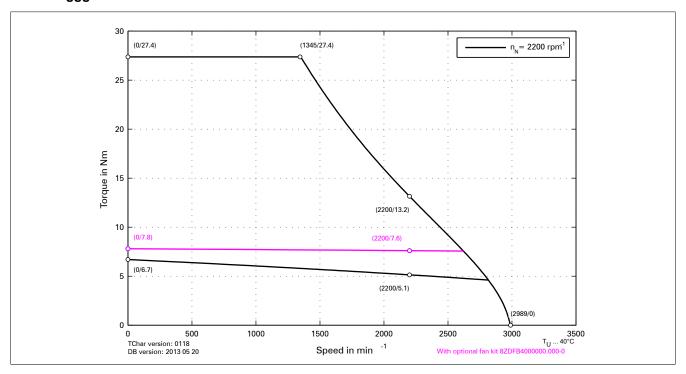


Figure 34: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI46e.ffggghi00-1

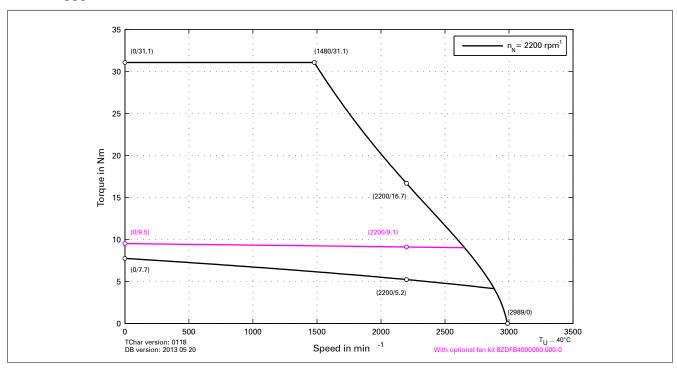


Figure 35: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

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3.1.5.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI44e.ffggghi00-1

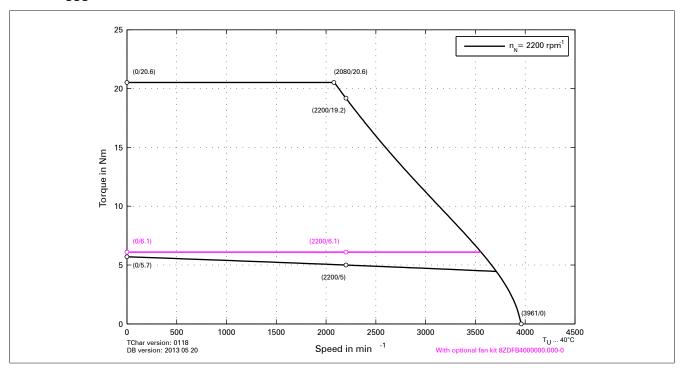


Figure 36: 8DI44e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI45e.ffggghi00-1

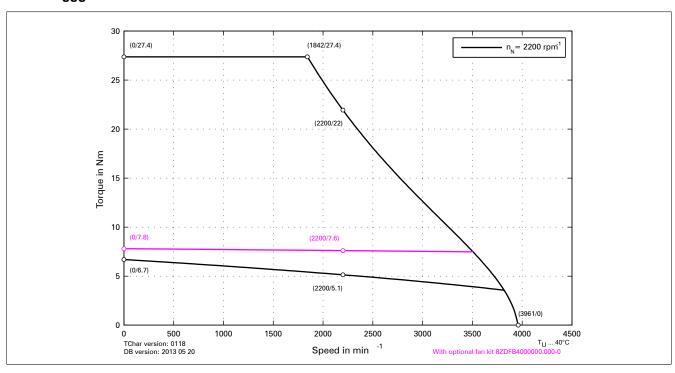


Figure 37: 8DI45e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI46e.ffggghi00-1

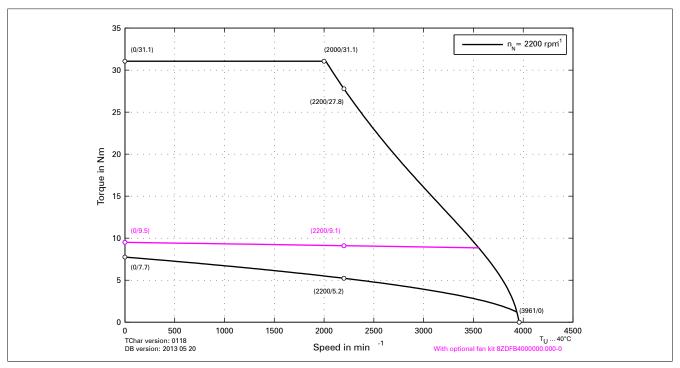
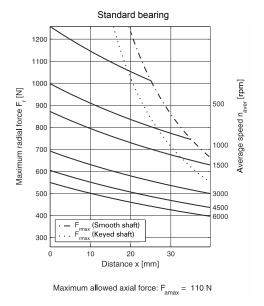


Figure 38: 8DI46e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.1.5.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.



3.1.6 Size 5

3.1.6.1 Technical data

Model number	8DI54S.ff022hi00-1	8DI55S.ff022hi00-1	8DI56S.ff022hi00-1	
Motor				
Nominal speed n _N [rpm]	2200			
Number of pole pairs	4			
Nominal torque M _n [Nm]	7.1	8.4	10	
Nominal power P _N [W]	1636	1935	2304	
Nominal current I _N [A]	3.2	3.79	4.51	
Stall torque M ₀ [Nm]	8	10	12	
Stall current I ₀ [A]	3.61	4.51	5.42	
Maximum torque M _{max} [Nm]	21.6	36.5	46.6	
Maximum current I _{max} [A]	14.9	14.9		
Maximum speed n _{max} [rpm]	9000			
Torque constant K _⊤ [Nm/A]	2.22			
Voltage constant K _E [V/1000 rpm]	134.04			
Stator resistance R _{2ph} [Ω]	3.44	2.265	1.51	
Stator inductance L _{2ph} [mH]	34.5	24.29	17.6	
Electrical time constant t _{el} [ms]	10	10.724	In preparation	
Thermal time constant t _{therm} [min]	37	40	48	
Moment of inertia J [kgcm²]	6.04	8.19	10	
Mass without brake m [kg]	11.46	13.29	16.4	

Table 93: 8DI54S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI55S.ff022hi00-1, 8DI56S.ff022hi00-1 - Technical data

3.1.6.2 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 560 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1

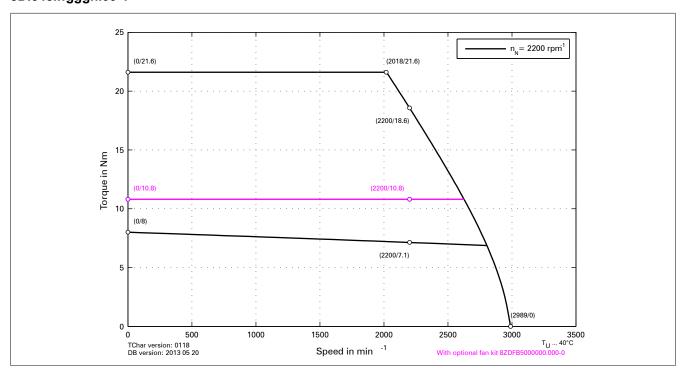


Figure 39: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI55e.ffggghi00-1

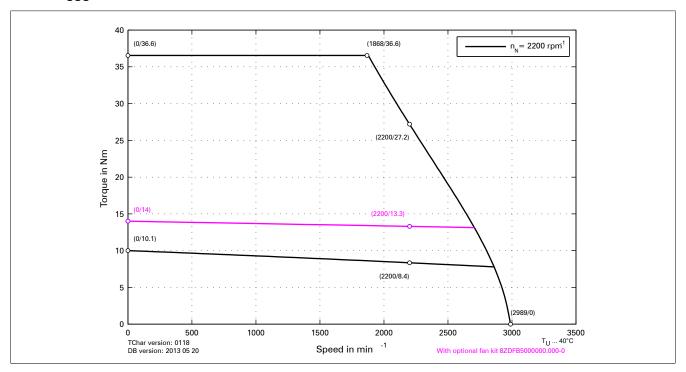


Figure 40: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI56e.ffggghi00-1

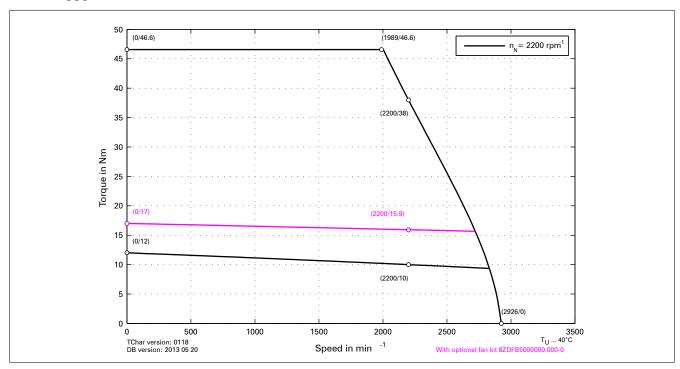


Figure 41: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.1.6.3 Speed-torque characteristic curve with 750 VDC DC bus voltage

8DI54e.ffggghi00-1

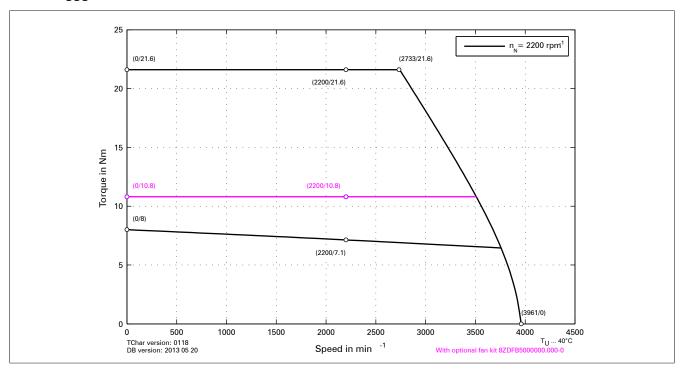


Figure 42: 8DI54e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI55e.ffggghi00-1

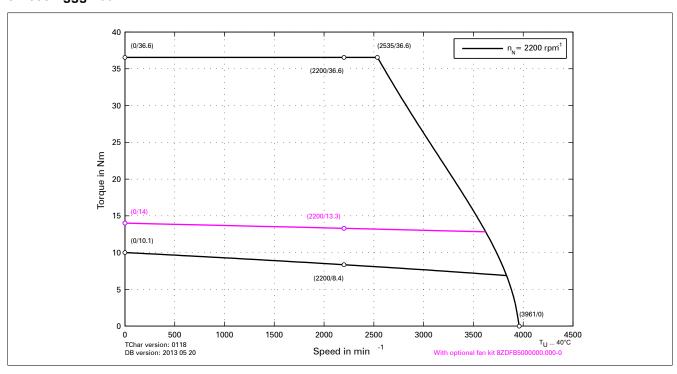


Figure 43: 8DI55e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

8DI56e.ffggghi00-1

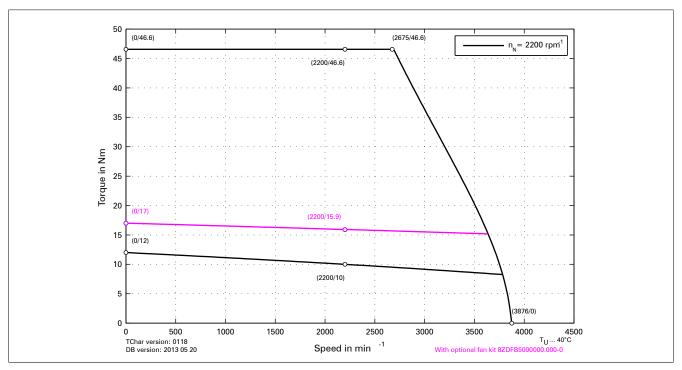
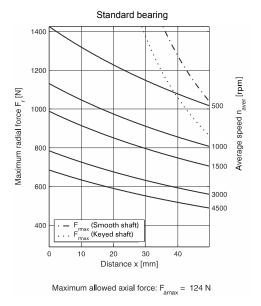


Figure 44: 8DI56e.ffggghi00-1 - Speed-torque characteristic curve

3.1.6.4 Maximum shaft load

The values in the diagram below are based on a mechanical service life of the bearings of 20,000 operating hours.



3.1.7 Pinouts

Danger!

Before performing service work, disconnect the power supply and wait 5 minutes to ensure that the DC bus of the drive system has discharged. Observe regulations!

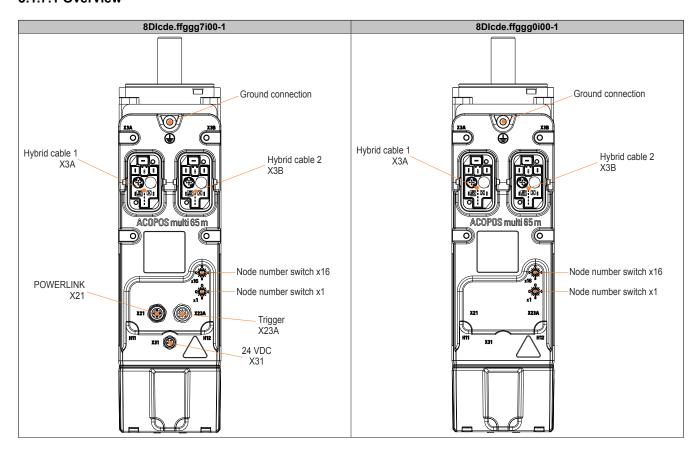
Warning!

Drive systems can carry high levels of electrical voltage. Never connect or disconnect the connector when voltage is present!

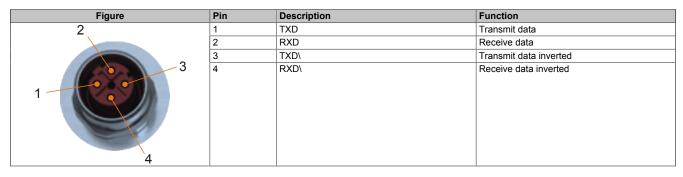
Information:

To satisfy UL/CSA requirements, components of B&R drive systems are only permitted to be wired with copper wires with a permitted wire temperature of at least 75°C.

3.1.7.1 Overview



3.1.7.1.1 X21 (POWERLINK)



3.1.7.1.2 X23A (trigger)

Figure	Pin	Description	Function
2	1	+24 V	Sensor/actuator power supply 24 VDC 1)
	2	Trigger1	Trigger input 1
	3	GND	GND
3	4	Trigger2	Trigger input 2
1 5	5		

¹⁾ Sensors/Actuators are not permitted to be supplied externally.

3.1.7.1.3 X31 (24 VDC routing)

Figure	Pin	Description	Function
3	1	24 VDC I/O	24 VDC I/O power supply
2	2	24 VDC I/O	24 VDC I/O power supply
2	3	GND	24 VDC I/O power supply 0 V
4	4	GND	24 VDC I/O power supply 0 V

3.1.7.1.4 Ground connection (PE)

The protective ground conductor is connected to the M5 threaded bolt provided using a cable lug.

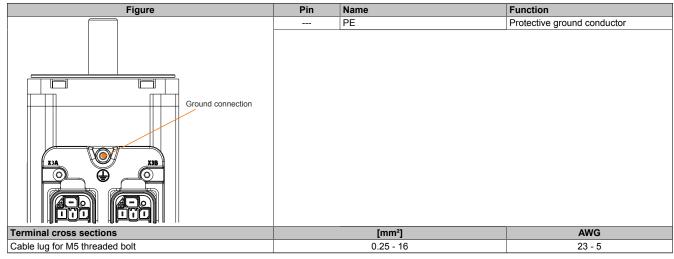
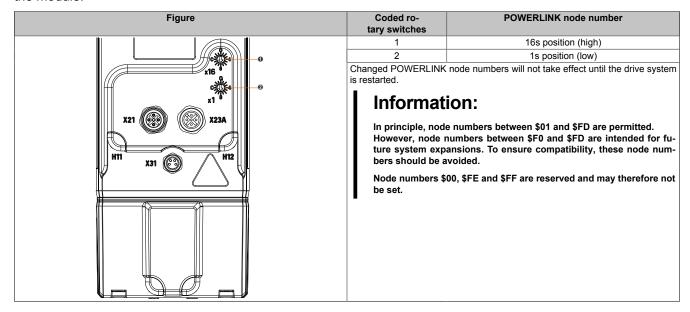


Table 94: Ground connection (PE)

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3.1.8 POWERLINK node number setting

The POWERLINK station number can be set using the two coded hexadecimal rotary switches located on top of the module:



3.2 Accessories

3.2.1 Cables

3.2.1.1 Cable for 24 VDC routing

3.2.1.1.1 X67CA0P00.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	I/O supply cable	
X67CA0P00.0020	Power connection cable, 2 m	
X67CA0P00.0050	Power connection cable, 5 m	

Table 95: X67CA0P00.0020, X67CA0P00.0050 - Order data

3.2.1.1.2 X67CA0P00.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0P00.0020	X67CA0P00.0050	
General information			
Note	PVC- and s	PVC- and silicone-free	
	LABS- (PWIS-)	LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free	
Durability		and oil resistance	
	Flame-retardant		
0		ozone resistance	
Short description	Power connection cable, 2.0 m	Power connection cable, 5.0 m	
Туре	Connecti	on cables	
Cable cross section			
AWG		2 AWG	
mm²	4x 0.3	34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Complete shielding	Not st	nielded	
Outer sheathing			
Material		ane (PUR)	
Color		ack	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P00.0020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P00.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Lines			
Wire insulation		ene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors	Brown, blac	k, blue, white	
Туре		copper ETP1	
		Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5	
Stranding	4-wire tw	4-wire twisted pair	
Electrical characteristics			
Nominal current		Max. 4 A / contact at 40°C	
Operating voltage	Max. 30 V		
Degree of insulation	5 /	Category II in accordance with IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance		≤57 Ω/km	
Insulation resistance	≥100	0 ΜΩ	
Operating conditions			
EN 60529 protection			
Connector/Coupling	IP67, only wh	nen screwed in	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-40 to	90°C	
Fixed installation	-30 to	-30 to 90°C	
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to	-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter	4.7 mm	4.7 mm ±0.2 mm	
Bend radius	≥10x oute	≥10x outer diameter	
Drag chain data			
Acceleration	Max.	5 m/s ²	
Flex cycles	5 m	5 million	
Speed	Max. 3	Max. 3.3 m/s	

Table 96: X67CA0P00.0020, X67CA0P00.0050 - Technical data

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

¹⁾ In cable drag chain operation.

3.2.1.1.3 X67CA0P10.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	I/O supply cable	
X67CA0P10.0020	Power connection cable, angled, 2 m	
X67CA0P10.0050	Power connection cable, angled, 5 m	<u> </u>

Table 97: X67CA0P10.0020, X67CA0P10.0050 - Order data

3.2.1.1.4 X67CA0P10.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0P10.0020	X67CA0P10.0050	
General information			
Note	PVC- a	nd silicone-free	
	LABS- (PWIS	LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free	
Durability	Good chemic	Good chemical and oil resistance	
	Flan	ne-retardant	
	Good UV ar	d ozone resistance	
Short description	Power connection cable, 2.0 m	Power connection cable, 5.0 m	
Туре	Conn	ection cables	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4>	22 AWG	
mm²	4x	0.34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Complete shielding	No	t shielded	
Outer sheathing			
Material	Polyur	ethane (PUR)	
Color		Black	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P10.0020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P10.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	
Lines			
Wire insulation	Polypro	pylene (PP) 9Y	
Wire colors	Brown, b	lack, blue, white	
Туре	Uncoate	d copper ETP1	
	Fine stranded wire (42x	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1 mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5	
Stranding	4-wire	4-wire twisted pair	
Electrical characteristics			
Nominal current	Max. 4 A	Max. 4 A / contact at 40°C	
Operating voltage	N	Max. 30 V	
Degree of insulation	Category II in acco	Category II in accordance with IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance	≤	≤57 Ω/km	
Insulation resistance	2	≥100 MΩ	
Operating conditions			
EN 60529 protection			
Connector/Coupling	IP67, only	IP67, only when screwed in	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-4	0 to 90°C	
Fixed installation	-3	-30 to 90°C	
Flexible installation 1)	-2	-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter		4.7 mm ±0.2 mm	
Bend radius		≥10x outer diameter	
Drag chain data			
Acceleration	M	ax. 5 m/s ²	
Flex cycles		5 million	
Speed		Max. 3.3 m/s	
	IVIC	IVIGA. J.J III/3	

Table 98: X67CA0P10.0020, X67CA0P10.0050 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation.

3.2.1.1.5 X67CA0P40.xxxx - Order data

Short description	Figure
I/O supply cable	acq.
Power open-ended cable, 2 m	man,
Power open-ended cable, 5m	
	I/O supply cable Power open-ended cable, 2 m

Table 99: X67CA0P40.0020, X67CA0P40.0050 - Order data

3.2.1.1.6 X67CA0P40.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0P40.0020	X67CA0P40.0050
General information		
Note	PVC- and s	silicone-free
	LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free	
Durability	Good chemical and oil resistance	
	Flame-retardant	
		zone resistance
Short description	Power open-ended cable, 2.0 m	Power open-ended cable, 5.0 m
Туре	Open-end	ded cables
Cable cross section		
AWG		AWG
mm²	4x 0.3	4 mm²
Cable construction		
Complete shielding	Not sh	nielded
Outer sheathing		
Material	Polyureth	ane (PUR)
Color	Bla	ack
Labeling	B&R X67CA0P4020 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	B&R X67CA0P40.0050 Rev. G0 ESCHA FC
Lines		
Wire insulation	Polypropyle	ene (PP) 9Y
Wire colors	Brown, black	k, blue, white
Туре		opper ETP1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5
Stranding	4-wire twisted pair	
Electrical characteristics		
Nominal current	Max. 4 A / contact at 40°C	
Operating voltage	Max. 30 V	
Degree of insulation	Category II in accordance with IEC 61076-2	
Conductor resistance		Ω/km
Insulation resistance	≥100 MΩ	
Operating conditions		
EN 60529 protection		
Connector/Coupling	IP67, only wh	en screwed in
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Transport	-40 to	90°C
Fixed installation	-30 to 90°C	
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to 60°C	
Mechanical characteristics		
Dimensions		
Length	2 m	5 m
Diameter	4.7 mm ±0.2 mm	
Bend radius	≥10x outer diameter	
Drag chain data		
Acceleration	Max.	5 m/s²
Flex cycles	5 million	
Speed	Max. 3.3 m/s	

Table 100: X67CA0P40.0020, X67CA0P40.0050 - Technical data

1) In cable drag chain operation.

3.2.1.2 POWERLINK cables

3.2.1.2.1 X67CA0E41.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	POWERLINK/Ethernet-Cable	
X67CA0E41.0010	POWERLINK attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 1 m	
X67CA0E41.0050	POWERLINK/Ethernet attachment cable, RJ45 to M12, 5 m	

Table 101: X67CA0E41.0010, X67CA0E41.0050 - Order data

3.2.1.2.2 X67CA0E41.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0E41.0010	X67CA0E41.0050	
General information		<u>'</u>	
Note	-	Halogen-free	
Durability	Oil resistant in accordance with VDE 0473 part 811-2-1 (IEC 60811-2-1) Flame-retardant in accordance with IEC 60332-1-2 UV resistant	Flame-retardant in accordance with IEC 60332-1-2	
Short description	POWERLINK attachment cable RJ45 to M12, 1.0 m	POWERLINK attachment cable - RJ45 to M12	
Туре	Attachment cables	Attachment cable	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4x 22	2 AWG	
mm²	4x 0.3	34 mm²	
Cable construction			
Complete shielding	-	Aluminum-clad foil (overlapping), tinned copper braiding, 85% covering	
Outer sheathing			
Material	Polyurethane (PUR) GN	Polyurethane (PUR)	
Features	Halogen-free	-	
Color	Gr	reen	
Labeling	B&R X67CA0Exx.xxxx and X20CA0Exx.xxxx	B&R X67CA0E41.0050 Rev. C0	
Lines			
Wire insulation	Polyethy	rlene (PE)	
Wire colors	White, yellow	v, blue, orange	
Shield	Aluminum foil and braided wire shield made of tinned copper wires	-	
Туре	Stranded wire 0.34 mm² (22 AWG), tinned 7x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG	Tinned copper stranded wire Fine stranded wire (7x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG)	
Stranding	4-wire tv	visted pair	
Electrical characteristics			
Conductor resistance		≤120 Ω/km at 20°C	
Transfer properties	IEC 11801 (EN50173-1), IS	0 MHz in accordance with ISO/ SO/IEC 24702 (EN 50173-3)	
Transfer rate		0 Mbit/s	
Insulation resistance	≥500 MΩ/	≥500 MΩ/km at 20°C	
Operating conditions			
EN 60529 protection			
Cables		P67	
Male M12 connector		nen screwed in	
RJ45 connector	IP20, only when o	connected properly	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature		10.4 7000	
Transport	-50 to 70°C	-40 to 70°C	
Fixed installation		0 60°C	
Flexible installation		o 60°C	
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions	4		
Length	1 m	5 m	
Diameter	6.5 mm	±0.2 mm	
Bend radius	37 - 1 - 10 - 11 - 1		
After installation	≥7x outer diameter	-	
During installation	≥3x outer diameter		
Bend radius	0.004 lim/m	≥7x outer diameter	
Weight	0.061 kg/m	0.062 kg/m	

Table 102: X67CA0E41.0010, X67CA0E41.0050 - Technical data

3.2.1.2.3 X67CA0E61.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	POWERLINK/Ethernet-Cable	
X67CA0E61.0020	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12 to M12, 2 m	
X67CA0E61.0050	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, M12 to M12, 5 m	

Table 103: X67CA0E61.0020, X67CA0E61.0050 - Order data

3.2.1.2.4 X67CA0E61.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0E61.0020	X67CA0E61.0050	
General information	<u>'</u>		
Note	Halogen-free	-	
Durability	Flame-retardant in accordance with IEC 60332-1-2	Oil resistant according to VED 0473 part 811-2-1 (IEC 60811-2-1) Flame resistant in accordance with IEC 60332-1-2 UV resistant	
Short description	POWERLINK connecti	ion cable - M12 to M12	
Туре	Connecti	on cables	
Cable cross section			
AWG	4x 22	AWG	
mm²	4x 0.3	4 mm²	
Cable construction			
Complete shielding	Aluminum-clad foil (overlapping), tinned copper braiding, 85% covering	-	
Outer sheathing			
Material	Polyurethane (PUR)	Polyurethane (PUR) GN	
Features	-	Halogen-free	
Color		een	
Labeling	X67CA3E61.0020 Rev. C0	B&R X67CA0Exx.xxxx	
Lines			
Wire insulation		lene (PE)	
Wire colors	White, yellow		
Shield	-	Aluminum foil and braided wire shield made of tinned copper wires	
Туре	Tinned copper stranded wire Fine stranded wire (7x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG)	Stranded wire 0.34 mm² (22 AWG), tinned 7x 0.25 mm / 7x 30 AWG	
Stranding	4-wire tw	isted pair	
Electrical characteristics			
Conductor resistance	≤120 Ω/kı	≤120 Ω/km at 20°C	
Transfer properties		Category 5 / Class D up to 100 MHz in accordance with ISO/ IEC 11801 (EN50173-1), ISO/IEC 24702 (EN 50173-3)	
Transfer rate	10/100	10/100 Mbit/s	
Insulation resistance	≥500 MΩ/k	km at 20°C	
Operating conditions			
EN 60529 protection			
Cables		67	
Male M12 connector		en screwed in	
RJ45 connector	IP20, only when c	onnected properly	
Environmental conditions			
Temperature			
Transport	-40 to 70°C	-50 to 70°C	
Fixed installation		60°C	
Flexible installation	-20 to	60°C	
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions		_	
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter	6.5 mm	±0.2 mm	
Bend radius		>7	
After installation	-	≥7x outer diameter	
During installation		≥ 3x outer diameter	
Bend radius	≥7x outer diameter	0.004 harden	
Weight	0.062 kg/m	0.061 kg/m	

Table 104: X67CA0E61.0020, X67CA0E61.0050 - Technical data

ACO Signal

3.2.1.3 Sensor cables

3.2.1.3.1 X67CA0A41.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Sensor cable	
X67CA0A41.0020	M12 sensor cable, 2 m	
X67CA0A41.0050	M12 sensor cable, 5 m	
X67CA0A41.0100	M12 sensor cable, 10 m	

Table 105: X67CA0A41.0020, X67CA0A41.0050, X67CA0A41.0100 - Order data

3.2.1.3.2 X67CA0A41.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0A41.0020	X67CA0A41.0050	X67CA0A41.0100
General information			
Note	PVC- and silicone-free		-
	LABS- (PWIS-) and halogen-free		
Durability	Good chemical and oil resistance		and oil resistance
	Flame resistant	Flame-retardant in accorda	ince with VDE 0472, part 804
	Good UV and ozone resistance		
Short description	M12 sensor cable, 2 m	M12 sensor cable, 5.0 m	M12 sensor cable, 10.0 m
Type		M12 attachment cables, straight	_
Cable cross section		5 00 AVAIG	
AWG		5x 22 AWG	
mm²		5x 0.34 mm²	_
Cable construction	The state of the s		
Complete shielding	Tinned copper braiding, coverage 84%, 0.25 mm² with filler		-
Outer sheathing	age 64 /6, 0.23 Hilli- Willi lillel		_
Material	Polyurethane (PUR) UL	Double iack	et PUR / PVC
Features	- Folyuretriane (FOR) OL	<u> </u>	cadmium and lead
Color	-	Gray	Jaumium anu icau
Labeling	B&R X67CA0A41.0020		CA0Axx.xxxx
Labeling	Rev. G0 ESCHA FC	Bar xore	2AUAXX.XXX
Lines	11011 00 2001 1111 0		
Wire insulation	Polypropylene (PP) 9Y	P	PVC
Wire colors	. слургоруши (г. т / с т	Brown, black, blue, white, gray	
Features	_		admium and lead
i catalos			s 0.34 mm² (22 AWG)
			2x 38 AWG)
Shield	-	Y	/es
Туре	Uncoated copper ETP1		-
	Fine stranded wire (42x 0.1		
O	mm / 42x 38 AWG), class 5		
Stranding		5 wires stranded using filler	_
Electrical characteristics			
Nominal current	Max. 4 A / contact at 40°C		A / contact
Connection voltage	-	Max. 60	V AC/DC
Operating voltage	Max. 60 V		-
Degree of insulation	Category II in accor- dance with IEC 61076-2	Category II in accord	ance with IEC 60664-1
Conductor resistance	dance with leC 61076-2 ≤57 Ω/km		
Insulation resistance	≥37 Ω/KIII ≥100 MΩ		-
Operating conditions	2100 MIZ		
EN 60529 protection			
Connector/Coupling		ID67, only when corowed in	
		IP67, only when screwed in	_
Environmental conditions Temperature			
Temperature Transport	-40 to 80°C		_
Fixed installation			
Flexible installation 1)	-25 to 65°C	-25 to 80°C -20 to 80°C	
	-25 to 60°C	-20 ti	U 0U C
Mechanical characteristics Dimensions			
	2 m	5 m	10 m
Length	2 m	5 m	
Diameter Pand radius	5.6 mm ±0.2 mm		±0.2 mm
Bend radius	≥12x outer diameter	≥1UX Oute	er diameter
Drag chain data	NA. F.:/:2		5 0 (-2
Acceleration	Max. 5m/s²		5.0 m/s²
Flex cycles	2 million	>2.5 million	
Speed	Max. 1.6 m/s	Max. 2.0 m/s	

Table 106: X67CA0A41.0020, X67CA0A41.0050, X67CA0A41.0100 - Technical data

¹⁾ In cable drag chain operation

3.2.1.3.3 X67CA0A51.xxxx - Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	Sensor cable	
X67CA0A51.0020	M12 sensor cable, angled, 2 m	332
X67CA0A51.0050	M12 sensor cable, angled, 5 m	505
X67CA0A51.0100	M12 sensor cable, angled, 10 m	
		,

Table 107: X67CA0A51.0020, X67CA0A51.0050, X67CA0A51.0100 - Order data

3.2.1.3.4 X67CA0A51.xxxx - Technical data

Model number	X67CA0A51.0020	X67CA0A51.0050	X67CA0A51.0100	
General information				
Durability		Good chemical and oil resistance		
		Flame-retardant in accordance with VDE 0472, part 804		
Short description	M12 sensor cable, angled, 2.0 m	, , ,	M12 sensor cable, angled, 10.0 m	
Туре		M12 attachment cables, angled		
Cable cross section				
AWG		5x 22 AWG		
mm²		5x 0.34 mm ²		
Cable construction				
Outer sheathing				
Material		Double jacket PUR / PVC		
Features		Free of CFCs, cadmium and lead		
Color		Gray		
Labeling		B&R X67CA0Axx.xxxx		
Lines				
Wire insulation		PVC		
Wire colors		Brown, black, blue, white, gray		
Features		Free of CFCs, cadmium and lead		
	Fi	ne stranded wires 0.34 mm² (22 AW)	G)	
		Class 6 (42x 38 AWG)		
Shield		Yes		
Stranding	5 wires stranded using filler			
Electrical characteristics				
Nominal current		Max. 4 A / contact		
Connection voltage		Max. 60 V AC/DC		
Degree of insulation	Cat	egory II in accordance with IEC 6066	64-1	
Operating conditions				
EN 60529 protection				
Connector/Coupling		IP67, only when screwed in		
Environmental conditions				
Temperature				
Fixed installation		-25 to 80°C		
Flexible installation		-20 to 80°C		
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions				
Length	2 m	5 m	10 m	
Diameter	6.4 mm ±0.2 mm		1	
Bend radius		≥10x outer diameter		
Drag chain data				
Acceleration		Max. 5.0 m/s ²		
Flex cycles	>2.5 million			
	Max. 2.0 m/s			

Table 108: X67CA0A51.0020, X67CA0A51.0050, X67CA0A51.0100 - Technical data

3.2.2 Fan kits

3.2.2.1 8ZDFB4000000.000-0

3.2.2.1.1 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	fan kit	
8ZDFB4000000.000-0	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules	
	Included in delivery	5
	Size 4	•
8DI440.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 4, length 4, nominal speed 2200 rpm	A0000 .
8DI44S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 4, length 4, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI450.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 4, length 5, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI45S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 4, length 5, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI460.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 4, length 6, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI46S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 4, length 6, nominal speed 2200 rpm	

Table 109: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Order data

3.2.2.1.2 Technical data

Model number	8ZDFB4000000.000-0
General information	
Short description	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI4xx modules
24 VDC supply	
Input voltage	24 VDC +10% / -50%
Max. power consumption	5.5 W
Design	M8 4-pin male connector, 90° angled
Operating conditions	
Installation at elevations above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
EN 60529 protection	IP24
Environmental conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-20 to 55°C
Transport	-20 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Storage	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Transport	In preparation
Mechanical characteristics	
Volume flow	2.486 m³/min
Operating noise	47 dB(A)
Service life	
At 40°C	80,000 h
Dimensions	
Width	125 mm
Height	131 mm
Depth	143.5 mm
Weight	0.43 kg

Table 110: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Technical data

3.2.2.1.3 Dimension diagram

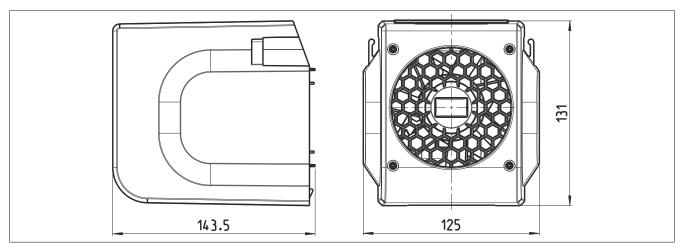


Figure 45: 8ZDFB4000000.000-0 - Dimensions

3.2.2.2 8ZDFB5000000.000-0

3.2.2.2.1 Order data

Model number	Short description	Figure
	fan kit	
8ZDFB5000000.000-0	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules	
	Included in delivery	5
	Size 5	
8DI540.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 5, length 4, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI54S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 5, length 4, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI550.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 5, length 5, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI55S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 5, length 5, nominal speed 2200 rpm	
8DI560.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor, size 5, length 6, nominal speed 2200 rpm	A GARA
8DI56S.ff022hi00-1	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION, size 5, length 6, nominal speed 2200 rpm	

Table 111: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Order data

3.2.2.2.2 Technical data

Model number	8ZDFB5000000.000-0
General information	
Short description	ACOPOSmotor fan kit for 8DI5xx modules
24 VDC supply	
Input voltage	24 VDC +10% / -50%
Max. power consumption	7.4 W
Design	M8 4-pin male connector, 90° angled
Operating conditions	
Installation at elevations above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
EN 60529 protection	IP24
Environmental conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-20 to 55°C
Transport	-20 to 75°C
Relative humidity	
Operation	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Storage	15 to 90%, non-condensing
Transport	In preparation
Mechanical characteristics	
Volume flow	3.256 m³/min
Operating noise	47 dB(A)
Service life	
At 40°C	75,000 h
Dimensions	
Width	167 mm
Height	173.1 mm
Depth	143 mm
Weight	0.57 kg

Table 112: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Technical data

3.2.2.2.3 Dimension diagram

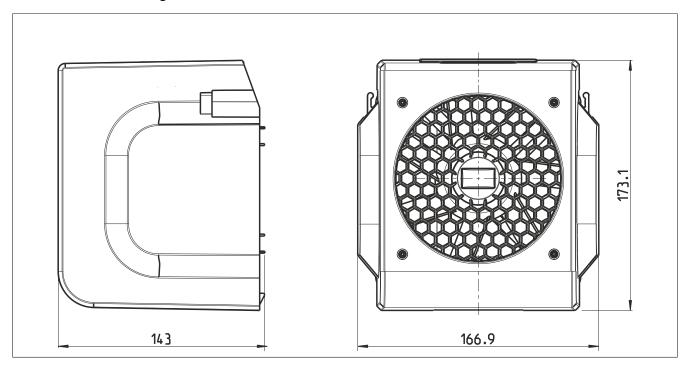


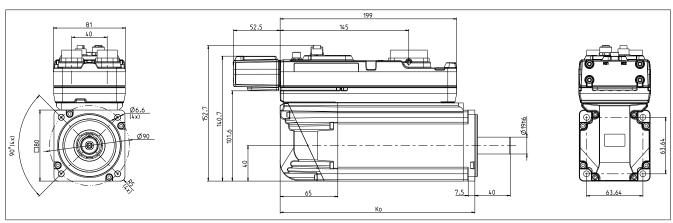
Figure 46: 8ZDFB5000000.000-0 - Dimensions

3.3 Installation

3.3.1 Dimension diagrams and installation dimensions

3.3.1.1 Size 3

8DI3dS.ffggghi00-1



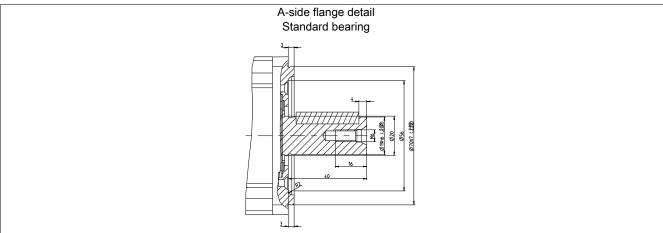
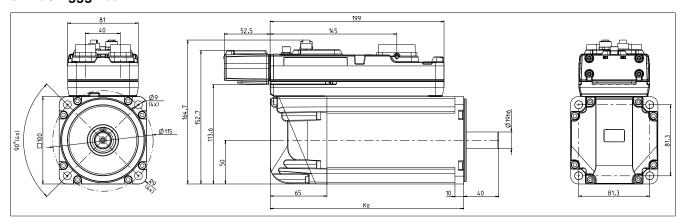


Figure 47: Flange details

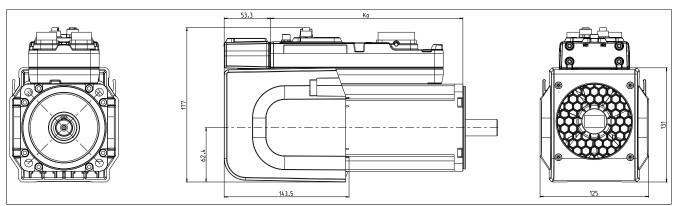
		Extension of K₀ depending on motor option [mm]	
ACOPOSmotor module	Length K₀ [mm]	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI33x.xxxxxxxxxxx	203.5	27	5
8DI34x.xxxxxxxxxxxx	214.5	31	5

3.3.1.2 Size 4

8DI4dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB4000000.000-0



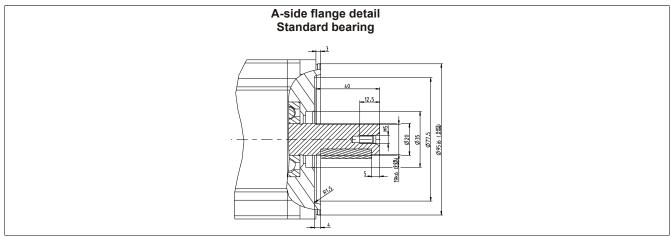
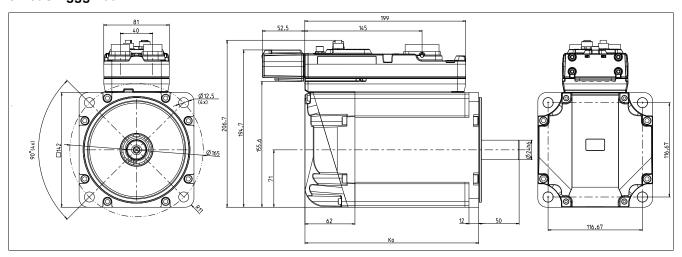


Figure 48: Flange details

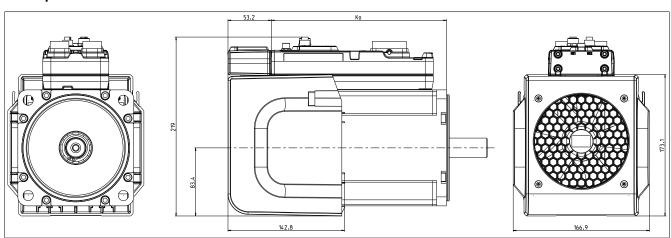
		Extension of K ₀ depending on	motor option [mm]
Model number	K ₀	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI44x.Dxggghi00-1	222.5	32	
8DI45x.Dxggghi00-1	246.5	32	
8DI46x.Dxggghi00-1	266.5	32	

3.3.1.3 Size 5

8DI5dS.ffggghi00-1



With optional fan kit 8ZDFB5000000.000-0



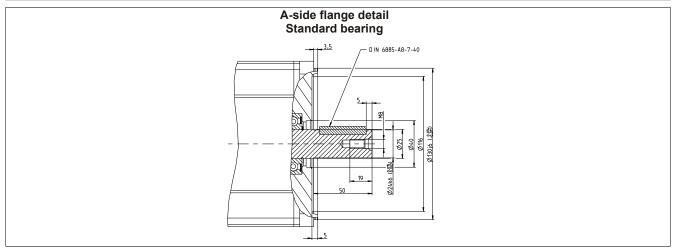


Figure 49: Flange details

		Extension of K₀ depending on motor option [mm]	
Model number	K ₀	Holding brake	Oil seal
8DI54x.Dxggghi00-1	215	35	
8DI55x.Dxggghi00-1	240	30	
8DI56x.Dxggghi00-1	265	30	

3.4 Dimensioning

See chapter "ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION / Dimensioning" in user's manual "Decentralized motion control".

Chapter 4 • ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

1 Technical data

1.1 SafeMOTION - Order key



	Symbol	Name
b	1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive
CCC	123	Continuous current A _{eff}
		e.g. 2X2 2.2 A
d	Н	3x 200 - 480 VAC
	M	3x 200 - 230 VAC or 1x 110 - 230 VAC
е	W	Wall mounting
f	S	1-axis module
	D	2-axis module
	T	3-axis module
g	S	SafeMOTION with encoder
h	X 1)	Module-specific options
	0	Standard
i	X 1)	Plug-in module included in delivery
	0	No plug-in module included in delivery
j	X 1)	Configurable accessories included in delivery
	0	No configurable accessories included in delivery
kk	XX 1)	Customized options
	00	No customized options

Table 113: ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive - Order key

1.1.1 Continuous current A_{eff} (ccc)

The continuous current A_{eff} of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive is listed in the form of a 3-digit code (ccc) as part of the model number.

Continuous current A _{eff}	Order code (ccc)	1-axis module	2-axis module	3-axis module
1.6 A	1X6	Yes	No	No
2.2 A	2X2	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.5 A	4X5	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.8 A	8X8	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 114: Continuous current (ccc)

1.1.2 Plug-in modules (i)

ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives can be configured with our without an included plug-in module. The selected plug-in module is added to the content of delivery and included in the package containing the servo drive.

Order code (i)	Plug-in module	
Α	Resolver 1x interface	8EAC0122.001-1
С	Resolver 3x interface	8EAC0122.003-1
0	No	

Table 115: Plug-in modules (i)

1.1.3 Configurable accessories (j)

ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives can be configured to include accessories. The selected accessories are added to the content of delivery and included in the package containing the servo drive.

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¹⁾ Placeholder for the respective option or configuration.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Order code (j)	Internal braking resistor	Front cover	Connector set 2 (2-row)	Connector set 1 (1-row)
0	No	No	No	Yes
1	No	No	Yes	No
2	No	Yes	No	Yes
3	No	Yes	Yes	No
4	Yes	No	No	Yes
5	Yes	No	Yes	No
6	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
7	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
A	No	No	No	No
В	No	Yes	No	No
С	Yes	No	No	No
D	Yes	Yes	No	No

Table 116: Configurable accessories (j)

1.2 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives

1.2.1 Status indicators

1-axis modules	2-axis modules	3-axis modules
Safe R/E SE Ax1	Safe R/E Ax2 SE Ax1	Safe R/E Ax3 MOTION R/E Ax2 SE Ax1

Table 117: 8EI SafeMOTION servo drives - Status indicators

1.2.1.2 POWERLINK - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
PLK	Green/Red/Orange	Ready/Error	LED off	The module is not receiving power or initialization of the network interface has failed.
			Solid red	The POWERLINK node number of the module is 0.
			Blinking red/green	The client is in an error state (drops out of cyclic operation).
			Blinking green (1x)	The client detects a valid POWERLINK frame on the network.
		Blinking green (2x)	Cyclic operation on the network is taking place, but the client itself is not yet a participant.	
			Blinking green (3x)	Cyclic operation of the client is in preparation.
			Solid green	The client is participating in cyclic operation.
			Flickering green	The client is not participating in cyclic operation and also does not detect any other stations on the network participating in cyclic operation.
			Solid orange	The module is booting.

Table 118: POWERLINK - LED status indicators

1.2.1.3 Ax1/Ax2/Ax3 - LED status indicators

Label	Color	Function	Description	
Ax1 Ax2	Green	Ready	Solid green	The module is operational and the power stage can be enabled (operating system present and booted, no permanent or temporary errors).
Ax3			Blinking green	The module is not ready for operation.
				Examples:
				No signal on one or both enable inputs DC bus voltage outside the tolerance range Overtemperature on the motor (temperature sensor) Motor feedback not connected or defective Motor temperature sensor not connected or defective Overtemperature on the module (IGBT junction, heat sink, etc.) Disturbance on network
	Red	Error	Solid red	There is a permanent error on the module.
				Examples:
				Permanent overcurrent
				Invalid data in EPROM
			Blinking red	Burning ACOPOS P3 operating system
	Orange	Run	Solid orange	The module's power stage is enabled.

Table 119: Ax1/Ax2/Ax3 - LED status indicators

1.2.1.4 R/E and SE - LED status indicators

LED	Color		Description
R/E	Green	Red	
	Off	Off	Module not supplied with current, no communication
	Single flash		Unlink mode
	Double flash		Updating firmware
	Blinking		PREOPERATIONAL mode
	On		Mode RUN
	On	Single flash, inverse	Safety-related firmware invalid
		Triple flash, inverse	Updating safety-related firmware
		On	Communication error
	Off	On	Errors

Table 120: R/E and SE - LED status indicators

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ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

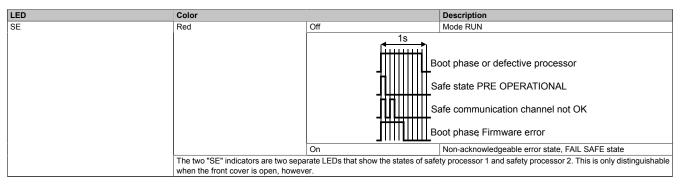


Table 120: R/E and SE - LED status indicators

1.2.2 1-axis modules

1.2.2.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

1.2.2.1.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW

Order data

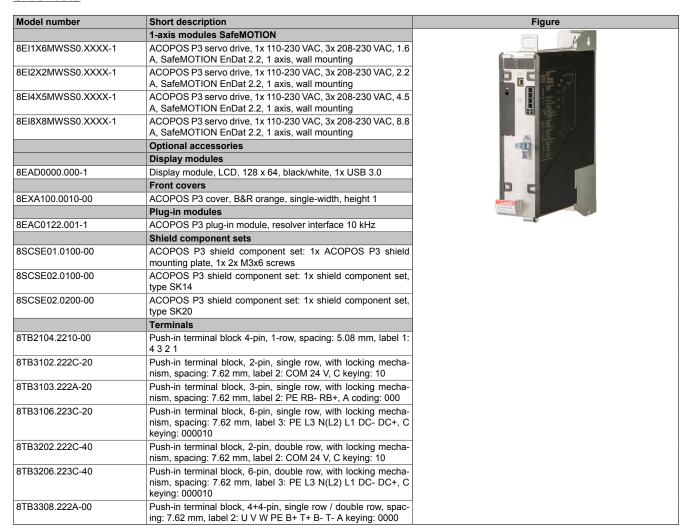


Table 121: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

8ElxxxM... (3x 200 - 230 VAC / 1x 110 - 230 VAC)

· (•× -••			
Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00		
X6	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00		

Table 122: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does not exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

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Technical data

General information Slots for plug-in modules Certification CE UL Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Cb us capacitance Max. cable length DC bus canacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous current per motor connection of continuous current depending on switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency	Pow TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + (30 + 10 * 25 * 1 _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	1 Yes cULus E225616 wer conversion equipment N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% (VA	t				
Slots for plug-in modules Certification CE UL Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Cb us capacitance Max. cable length Cb us connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 20 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Max. output frequency 598 Hz Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	Yes cULus E225616 wer conversion equipment N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 100 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% (VA	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Cetification CE UL Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	Yes cULus E225616 wer conversion equipment N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 100 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% (VA	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Max. 1 k² Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus capacitance Max. cable length DC bus capacitance Max. cable length Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous current per motor connection °) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Shot at installation elevation Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Shield connection Max. 1 k² Max. 1 k² Max. 1 k² Inval 1 k² Inval 1 n² Inv	TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	cULus E225616 wer conversion equipment N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% KVA	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Mains connection Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection °) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible connection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portection Portecti	TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	N-C-S with grounded star point N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% VA	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 9 Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible swit	TN-S, TN 1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	N-C-S with grounded star point 10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% kVA	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Network configurations Mains input voltage Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 9 Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible swit	1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + [(30 + 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 1	10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% (VA Max. 2.5 k\) Max. 22 A Typ. 60 s No 1) PAVG [kW] + 5.8 * IAX1 [A] + 0.25 3 m 1880 µF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection © Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Postore with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Max. 1 k² Inval. 1 k² Inval. 20 Max. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 21 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 22 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 23 Nax. 1 k² Inval. 24 Nax. 1 k² Inv	1x 1 3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + [(30 + 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 10 * 1	10 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% (VA Max. 2.5 k\) Max. 22 A Typ. 60 s No 1) PAVG [kW] + 5.8 * IAX1 [A] + 0.25 3 m 1880 µF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%	VA Max. 5 kVA				
Frequency Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous current per motor connection © Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	3x 2 A Max. 1.25 k [kW] + [(30 + 10 * 25 * l _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²)	200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 50/60 Hz ±4% kVA					
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Installed load Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Integrated line filter in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection max. output frequency 598 Hz Shield connection cross section	[kW] + [(30 + 10 * 25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	Max. 2.5 kV Max. 2.5 kV Max. 2.5 kV Max. 2.5 kV Typ. 60 s No 1) Pavg [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0.25 3 m 1880 µF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%					
Inrush current Switch-on interval Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection © Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	[kW] + [(30 + 10 * 25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	Max. 22 A Typ. 60 s No 1) P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0.25 3 m 1880 μF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%					
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Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switch	25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	No 1) P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0.25 3 m 1880 µF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%	5 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ³⁾				
EN 61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Postible switching frequency Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	3 m 1880 μF 3 m 4) 24 VDC ±25%	5 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ³⁾				
Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor (30 + 10 * P _{AV} 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0 (A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * Max. cable length	25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	3 m 1880 µF 3 m ⁴⁾ 24 VDC ±25%	5 * I _{BR1} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ³⁾				
er without braking resistor 5.8 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0 [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * · Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	25 * I _{BR1} ² 1] [W] ²⁾	3 m 1880 µF 3 m ⁴⁾ 24 VDC ±25%	J IBRI [A]) T PVSLOT) I.I.] [W]				
Max. cable length DC bus connection DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Short circuit and ground fault protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		1880 µF 3 m ⁴⁾ 24 VDC ±25%					
DC bus capacitance Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ct	3 m ⁴⁾ 24 VDC ±25%					
Max. cable length 24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ct	3 m ⁴⁾ 24 VDC ±25%					
24 VDC supply Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ct	24 VDC ±25%					
Input voltage Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 9 Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ct						
Input capacitance Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ct						
Current consumption Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + ca	In proporation					
Max. cable length Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.9 A + cı	In preparation					
Motor connection Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section		0.9 A + current for motor holding brake 5)					
Quantity Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section							
Continuous power per motor connection 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section							
tion 6) Continuous current per motor connection 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section		1					
tion 6) Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	0.5 kW	1 kW	2 kW				
pending on switching frequency Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	2.2 A _{Eff}	4.5 A _{Eff}	8.8 A _{Eff}				
Switching frequency 5 kHz Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section							
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies Pessible switching frequencies Stoo34-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section							
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies Petertical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency S98 Hz Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection cross section	In preparation						
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection consection Terminal connection cross section		In preparation					
pending on the installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection consection Starting per 10 1 kW		In preparation					
Starting at 500 m above sea level Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection connection Terminal connection connection 0.16 A _{eff} per 14 1 kW							
Peak current per motor connection Peak power output Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	0.00 m 0.22 A _{Eff} per 10	000 m 0.45 A _{Eff} per 10	000 m 0.88 A _{Eff} per 1000 m				
Peak power output 1 kW Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency 598 Hz Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	6 A _{Eff}	12.25 A _{Eff}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Nominal switching frequency Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	1.25 kW		5 kW				
Possible switching frequencies 7) Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	1.20 KW	5 kHz	3 KVV				
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		5 / 10 / 20 kHz					
motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25 Protective measures Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section	Limit value curve A						
Overload protection Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		Ellint value out ve / t					
Short circuit and ground fault protection Max. output frequency 598 Hz Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section							
tection Max. output frequency 598 Hz Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		Yes					
Design U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		Yes					
U, V, W, PE Shield connection Terminal connection cross section		598 Hz ⁹⁾)				
Shield connection Terminal connection cross section							
Terminal connection cross section		Male connector					
		Yes					
Llovible and tine wire lines							
Flexible and fine wire lines							
With wire end sleeves		1.E to C?					
Approbation data		1.5 to 6 mm ²					
UL/C-UL-US CSA							
Max. motor line length depending on		24 to 8 AWG					
switching frequency							
Switching frequency 5 kHz		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG					
Switching frequency 10 kHz Switching frequency 20 kHz		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG 25 m					
Motor holding brake connection		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG 25 m In preparation					
Quantity		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG 25 m					
Output voltage 10)		24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG 25 m In preparation					

Table 123: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Model number	8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	_
Max. extinction energy per switching		1.5 Ws	-
operation			
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	_
Protective measures			
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit		Approx. 30 mA	
monitoring			_
Max. cable length		75 m ¹¹⁾	
Braking resistors 12)			_
Peak power int. / ext.		1.5 kW / 11 kW	_
Continuous power int. / ext.		100 W / 970 W	_
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12 Ω	_
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus		DOMESTI WAY TO A STATE OF THE S	
Туре		POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)	_
Design		2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	_
Cable length		Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)	
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		1	_
Туре		Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 13)	_
Connections		8-pin female mini I/O connector	_
Status indicators		None 14)	_
Electrical isolation			_
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	_
Encoder monitoring		No	_
Max. encoder cable length	Dananda	75 m	or achie 15)
Encoder neuror europhy	Depends	on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encode	er cable 137
Encoder power supply Output voltage		Configurable	
Output voltage		Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ¹⁶⁾¹⁷⁾	
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Protective measures		max. ooo mir	
Short circuit protection		Yes	
Overload protection		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		100	_
Signal transmission		RS485 ¹⁸⁾	
Data transfer rate		Depends on the configured encoder type	
Differential voltage ¹⁹⁾			_
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder		$P_{\text{ENCODER}}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{\text{ENCODER}}[A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W^{20}$	_
interface		ENCODER [11] O24V [1] (TENCODER [11] OTT)	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Wiring		Sink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx. 4 mA	
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<2 µs	
Falling edge		<1 µs	
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max. ±38 V	
tential			
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support			
Software			
ACP10		V3.16.1	V3.16.0

Table 123: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1	
Operating conditions					
Permitted mounting orientations		-			
Hanging vertically		Yes			
Standing horizontally					
Installation at elevations above sea level					
Nominal	0 to 500 m				
Maximum		4000 m			
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1					
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1					
EN 60529 protection					
Environmental conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to 4	10°C		
Maximum		55	°C		
Storage	-25 to 55°C				
Transport		-25 to	70°C		
Relative humidity					
Operation		5 to 85%, nor	n-condensing		
Storage		5 to 9	95%		
Transport		95% a	t 40°C		
Mechanical characteristics					
Dimensions					
Width		66 r	mm		
Height		290	mm		
Depth					
Wall mounting		258.5 mm (with 8EXA	front cover: 261 mm)		
Weight		3.2	kg		

Table 123: 8EI1X6MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2MWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWSS0.XXXX-1. 8EI8X8MWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

1) A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive.

- 2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{\text{AX1}} \dots \text{Root}$ mean square of the current on axis 1
 - $I_{\text{BR1}} \ ... \ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1$
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$
 - $P_{\text{AVG}} \dots \text{Average continuous power of the module}$
 - I_{AX1} ... Root mean square of the current on axis 1
 - I_{BR1} ... Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power \ dissipation \ of the 8EAC \ plug-in \ module$
- 4) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
- 5) Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 6) Valid in the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 7) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 8) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 10) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 11) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 12) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 13) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 14) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 15) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- $I_{\text{G}} \dots$ Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Q mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.

- 17)
- Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher
- 18)
- Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.

 Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL. 19)
- 20) $I_{\text{\tiny ENCODER}} \dots$ Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{24V} \dots$ Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.2.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

1.2.2.2.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW

Order data

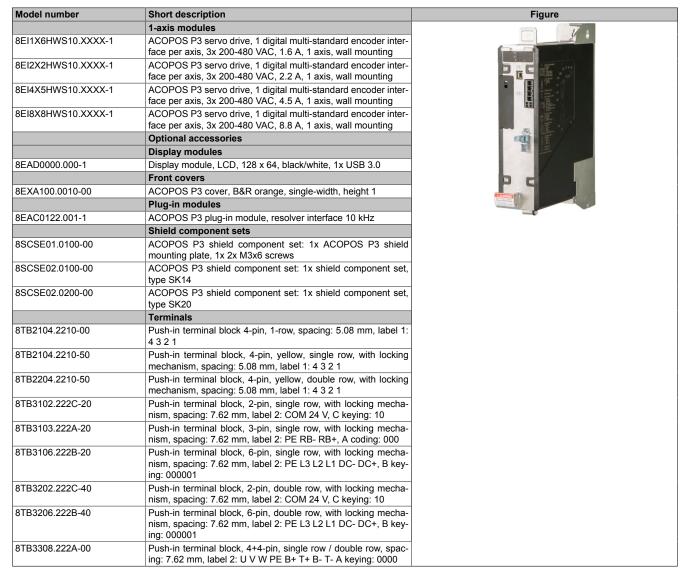


Table 124: 8EI1X6HWS10.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWS10.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWS10.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWS10.XXXX-1 - Order data

8EIxxxH... (3x 200 to 480 VAC)

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00		
X6	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00		

Table 125: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does not exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Mandal mumban	OFIAVCUIMOOD VVVV 4	OFIOVOLIMODO VVVV 4	OFIAVELIMOCO VVVV A	OFIOVOLIMOCO VVVV 4
Model number General information	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Slots for plug-in modules		1	1	
Certification			l	_
CE	Yes			
UL	CULus E225616			
	Power conversion equipment			
Mains connection				
Network configurations		TN-S, TN-C-S with	grounded star point	_
Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to		
Frequency		50/60 H	Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 1.75 kVA	Max. 2.5 kVA	Max. 5 kVA	Max. 10 kVA
Inrush current		Max.	45 A	
Switch-on interval		Тур.	60 s	
Integrated line filter in accordance with		No) 1)	
EN 61800-3, Category C3				
Power dissipation at max. device pow-	[(40 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] +	[(40 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] +	[(40 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] +	[(40 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] +
er without braking resistor	7.5 * I_{AX1} [A] + 0.25 * I_{BR1}^2 [A] + P_{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ²⁾	7.5 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A] + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ³⁾	$7.5 * I_{AX1} [A] + 0.25 * I_{BR1}^2 [A] + P_{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] 4)$	7.5 * I _{AX1} [A] + 0.25 * I _{BR1} ² [A] + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ²⁾
May pable length	[A] T P _{VSLOT}) 1.1] [VV] -/			[A] + P _{VSLOT}) 1.1] [VV] -/
Max. cable length DC bus connection		3	<u>III</u>	
DC bus connection DC bus capacitance		470	uE	_
Max. cable length		3 n	<u>'</u>	_
24 VDC supply		311		
Input voltage		24 VD0	C ±25%	
Input capacitance		In prep		_
Current consumption		0.9 A + current for m		_
Max. cable length		30		
Motor connection				
Quantity		1	1	
Continuous power per motor connection 7)	0.7 kW	1 kW	2 kW	4 kW
Continuous current per motor connection 7)	1.6 A _{eff}	2.2 A _{Eff}	4.5 A _{Eff}	8.8 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency				1
Switching frequency 5 kHz	In preparation			
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In prep		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In prep	aration	
Reduction of continuous current de-				
pending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.16 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.22 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{Eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	4.5 A _{eff}	6 A _{Eff}	12.25 A _{Eff}	24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	1.75 kW	2.5 kW	5 kW	10 kW
Nominal switching frequency		5 k		_
Possible switching frequencies 8)	5 / 10 / 20 kHz			
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25		Limit valu	e curve A	
Protective measures				
Overload protection		Ye	es	
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes			
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ⁹⁾	598 I	∃ z ¹0)	598 Hz ⁹⁾
Design				
U, V, W, PE		Male co		
Shield connection		Ye	es	_
Terminal connection cross section				
Flexible and fine wire lines				
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to	6 mm²	
Approbation data) ANA (O	
UL/C-UL-US	24 to 8 AWG 24 to 8 AWG			
CSA Max mater line length depending on		24 to 8	AVVG	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25	m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz	In preparation			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	In preparation			
Motor holding brake connection		ргор		
Quantity			1	
Output voltage 11)	Depends on the input voltage on the X2 connector			
Continuous current		1.3		_
		CC0 VVVV 4 0F12V2U\		

Table 126: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	-
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Max. cable length		75 m ¹²⁾	
Braking resistors 13)			
Peak power int. / ext.		7 kW / 25 kW	
Continuous power int. / ext.		100 W / 2 kW	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		25 Ω	
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus			
Туре		POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)	
Design		2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length		Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)	
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	_
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		1	
Туре		Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 14)	
Connections		8-pin female mini I/O connector	
Status indicators		None 15)	
Electrical isolation		TONO	
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Encoder monitoring		No	_
Max. encoder cable length		75 m	
Max. effcoder cable lefigiti	Depends	on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encode	er cable 16)
Encoder power supply			
Output voltage		Configurable	
Calput Voltage		Typ. 11.45 V ± 0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V $^{17)18)$	
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Protective measures			
Short circuit protection		Yes	
Overload protection		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			_
Signal transmission		RS485 ¹⁹⁾	
Data transfer rate		Depends on the configured encoder type	
Differential voltage ²⁰⁾		Beponde on the configured encoder type	
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum			
Max. power consumption per encoder	6.0 V P _{ENCODER} [W] = U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W ²¹⁾		_
interface		FENCODER [VV] - U24V [V] (IENCODER [A] U.7) + U.3 VV	
Trigger inputs			
Quantity		2	
Wiring		Sink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	_
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx. 4 mA	
Switching delay			
Rising edge		<2 µs	
Falling edge			
Modulation compared to ground po-		Max. ±38 V	_
tential			
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support			
Software			
ACP10		V3.16.1	V3.16.0
	-		

Table 126: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Model number	8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1
Operating conditions				,
Permitted mounting orientations				
Hanging vertically	Yes			
Standing horizontally		Yes		
Installation at elevations above sea level				
Nominal		0 to 5	00 m	
Maximum		4000) m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)			
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III			
EN 60529 protection	IP20			
Environmental conditions				
Temperature				
Operation				
Nominal	5 to 40°C			
Maximum	55°C			
Storage	-25 to 55°C			
Transport	-25 to 70°C			
Relative humidity				
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing			
Storage	5 to 95%			
Transport	95% at 40°C			
Mechanical characteristics				
Dimensions				
Width	66 mm			
Height	290 mm			
Depth				
Wall mounting	258.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 mm)			
Weight	3.2 kg			

Table 126: 8EI1X6HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI2X2HWSS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWSS0.XXXX-1. 8EI8X8HWSS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

1) A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive.

- 2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{\text{AX1}} \dots \text{Root}$ mean square of the current on axis 1
 - $I_{\text{BR1}} \ ... \ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1$
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$
- 3) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{\text{AX1}} \dots \text{Root mean square of the current on axis 1}$
 - I_{BR1} ... Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1
 - P_{VSLOT} ... Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module
- 4) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - I_{AX1} ... Root mean square of the current on axis 1
 - I_{BR1} ... Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis $1\,$
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$
- 5) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
- Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 8) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 9) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 10) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 11) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 12) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 13) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 14) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 15) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 16) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- $I_{\text{G}} \dots$ Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

- 17) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 18) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher
- 19) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 20) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 21) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{\mbox{\tiny 24V}} \dots$ Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.3 2-axis modules

1.2.3.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

1.2.3.1.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW

Order data

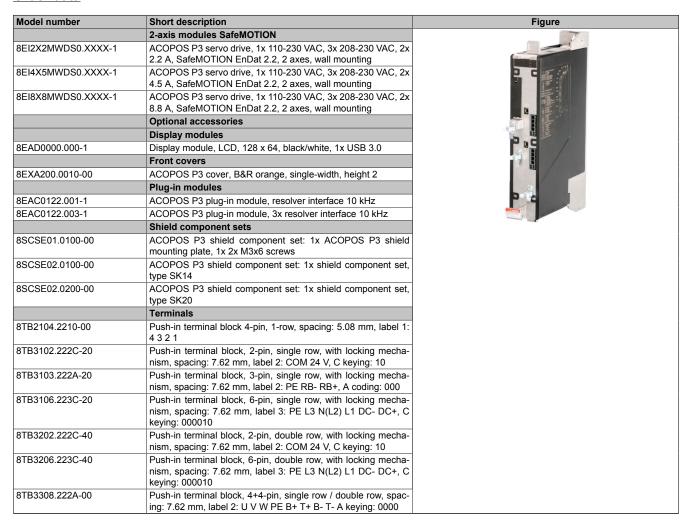


Table 127: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

8ElxxxM... (3x 200 - 230 VAC / 1x 110 - 230 VAC)

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 128: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does not exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

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Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1	
General information	OEIZAZIWIYVD3U.AAAA-1	BEI4ASIWWBSU.AAAA-1	BEIOAGINIVEDSU.AAAA-1	
Slots for plug-in modules		1		
Certification		·	-	
CE		Yes		
UL	cULus E225616			
	_	Power conversion equipment		
Mains connection	_			
Network configurations	TN	I-S, TN-C-S with grounded star poi	nt -	
Mains input voltage	1x 110 VAC to 230 VAC ±10% 3x 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%			
Frequency		50/60 Hz ±4%		
Installed load	Max. 2.5 kVA		5 kVA	
Inrush current	Max 2.0 Km	Max. 22 A		
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s		
Integrated line filter in accordance with EN	No 1)	N	O ²⁾	
61800-3, Category C3				
Power dissipation at max. device power without	[(35 + 10 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * (I _{AX1}		5.8 * (I _{AX1} [A] + I _{AX2} [A]) +	
braking resistor	[A] + I _{AX2} [A]) + 0.25 * (I _{BR1} ² [A]	0.25 * (I _{BR1} ² [A] + I _{BR2} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ⁴⁾	
May cable length	+ I _{BR2} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ³⁾	2		
Max. cable length DC bus connection		3 m		
DC bus connection DC bus capacitance		1880 µF		
Max. cable length	-	3 m ⁵⁾		
24 VDC supply		O III		
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%		
Input capacitance		In preparation		
Current consumption	1.2	A + current for motor holding brake	e ⁶⁾	
Max. cable length		30 m	-	
Motor connection	_			
Quantity		2		
Continuous power per motor connection 7)	0.5 / 0.5 kW	1 / 1 kW	2 / 2 kW ⁸⁾	
Continuous current per motor connection 7)	2.2 / 2.2 A _{Eff}	4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}	
Reduction of continuous current depending on				
switching frequency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		In preparation		
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation		
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation		
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation				
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{Fff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m	
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 A _{Eff}	12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 A _{eff}	
Peak power output	1.25 kW ⁹⁾	2.5 kW ¹⁰⁾	5 kW ¹¹⁾	
Nominal switching frequency	1.20 KW	5 kHz	J KVV	
Possible switching frequencies 12)	_	5 / 10 / 20 kHz	-	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accor-	5 / 10 / 20 kHz Limit value curve A		-	
dance with IEC TS 60034-25				
Protective measures				
Overload protection		Yes		
Short circuit and ground fault protection	Yes			
Max. output frequency	598 Hz ¹³⁾	598	Hz ¹⁴⁾	
Design				
U, V, W, PE	Male connector			
Shield connection		Yes		
Terminal connection cross section	_			
Flexible and fine wire lines	_	45: 2		
With wire end sleeves	_	1.5 to 6 mm ²		
Approbation data	041-04110			
UL/C-UL-US CSA	24 to 8 AWG			
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-	_	24 to 8 AWG		
quency				
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25 m		
Switching frequency 10 kHz	In preparation			
Switching frequency 20 kHz	In preparation			
Motor holding brake connection				
Quantity		2		
Output voltage 15)	Depends on the input voltage on the X2 connector			
Continuous current	1.3 A			
Max. internal resistance	0.25 Ω			
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V		
		1.5 Ws		

Table 129: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Max. cable length		75 m ¹⁶⁾	
Braking resistors ¹⁷⁾			
Peak power int. / ext.		1.5 kW / 11 kW	
Continuous power int. / ext.	-	150 W / 970 W	
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12 Ω	
Max. cable length		3 m	
Fieldbus		0.111	
Type	DOW/EI	RLINK V2 controlled node (CN	J)
		RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Design Coble length			longth)
Cable length	Max. 100 m	between 2 stations (segment I	lengtn)
Transfer rate		100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces			
Quantity		2	
Туре		ti-encoder interface, configural	ble 18)
Connections	8-pi	n female mini I/O connector	
Status indicators		None 19)	
Electrical isolation			
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No	
Encoder monitoring		No	
Max. encoder cable length		75 m	
_	Depends on the cross section	on of the power supply wires ir	n the encoder cable 20)
Encoder power supply			-
Output voltage		Configurable	
	Typ. 11.	.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ²¹⁾³	22)
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA	
Protective measures			
Short circuit protection		Yes	
Overload protection		Yes	
Synchronous serial interface			-
Signal transmission		RS485 ²³⁾	
Data transfer rate	Denends	s on the configured encoder ty	vne
Differential voltage ²⁴⁾	Борона	y on the comigarou oncourt ty	<u></u>
Minimum		2.0 V	
Maximum		6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	D DM/1 -	U _{24V} [V] * (I _{ENCODER} [A] * 0.7) +	0.5 W 25)
Trigger inputs	I ENCODER [VV] -	Use Coder [A] U.7)	0.5 VV
		2	
Quantity			-
Wiring		Sink	
Electrical isolation			
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes	
Input - Input		Yes	
Input voltage			
Nominal		24 VDC	
Maximum		30 VDC	
Switching threshold			
Low		<5 V	
High		>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx. 4 mA	
Switching delay			-
Rising edge		<2 µs	
Falling edge		-12 μs	
Modulation compared to ground potential		Мах. ±38 V	
Max. cable length		100 m	
Support		100 111	
Software			
ACP10		V3.14.1	
		۷ J. 14. I	
Operating conditions			
Permitted mounting orientations		Van	
Hanging vertically		Yes	
Standing horizontally		Yes	
Installation at elevations above sea level			
Nominal		0 to 500 m	
Maximum		4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2	(non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN		III	
61800-5-1			

Table 129: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1
Environmental conditions			
Temperature		-	
Operation			
Nominal		5 to 40°C	
Maximum		55°C	
Storage		-25 to 55°C	
Transport		-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity			
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage		5 to 95%	
Transport		95% at 40°C	
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261	mm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 129: 8EI2X2MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

1) A line filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R line filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).

In extreme cases, using line filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in irreparable damage to the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive.

2) A mains filter must be connected.

6)

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R mains filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).

In extreme cases, using mains filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive being damaged or destroyed.

3) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

IAX1, IAX2 ... Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

4) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 I_{AX1} , I_{AX2} ... Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2

 I_{BR1} , I_{BR2} ... Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

- 5) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
 - Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 7) Valid in the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 8) The total continuous power of the motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2 kW.
- 9) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 1.25 kW.
- 10) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2.5 kW.
- 11) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 12) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 13) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (Power unit: Limit speed exceeded).
- 14) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 15) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 16) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 17) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 18) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 19) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 20) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_{G} * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 21) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 22) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher $\,$
- 23) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 24) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 25) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder

 $U_{\text{24V}} \dots$ Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.3.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

1.2.3.2.1 Continuous power up to 4 kW

Order data

Model number	Short description
	2-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 2x 2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 2x 4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 2x 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3x resolver interface 10 kHz
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: 4 3 2 1
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A coding: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3308.222A-00	Push-in terminal block, 4+4-pin, single row / double row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: U V W PE B+ T+ B- T- A keying: 0000

Table 130: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

8ElxxxH... (3x 200 to 480 VAC)

· — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector	
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40	
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40	
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50	
X8	8TB2104.2210-00		

Table 131: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1	
General information				
Slots for plug-in modules		1		
Certification				
CE		Yes		
UL		cULus E225616		
		Power conversion equipment		
Mains connection				
Network configurations	1	N-S, TN-C-S with grounded star poi	nt	

Table 132: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

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Model number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 480 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50/60 Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 5 kVA	Max. 1	0 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 45 A	
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s	
Integrated line filter in accordance with EN		No 1)	
61800-3, Category C3			
Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor	[(50 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 7.5 * (I _{AX1} [A] + I _{AX2} [A]) + 0.25 * (I _{BR1} ² [A] + I _{BR2} ² [A]) + P _{VSLOT}) * 1.1] [W] ²)	[(50 + 6.9 * P _{AVG} [kW] + 7 0.25 * (I _{BR1} ² [A] + I _{BR2} ² [A	
Max. cable length	IBR2 [A]) I VSLOT) III][VV]	3 m	
DC bus connection			
DC bus capacitance		470 μF	
Max. cable length		3 m ⁴⁾	
24 VDC supply			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		In preparation	
Current consumption	1.2	A + current for motor holding brake	5)
Max. cable length		30 m	
Motor connection			
Quantity		2	
Continuous power per motor connection 6)	1 / 1 kW	2 / 2 kW	4 / 4 kW ⁷⁾
Continuous current per motor connection 6)	2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation	
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	2.5 kW ⁸⁾	5 kW ⁹⁾	10 kW ¹⁰⁾
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 11)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25		Limit value curve A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹²⁾	
Design			
U, V, W, PE		Male connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine wire lines		4.5 to 02	
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data		24 +- 0 0 00	
UL/C-UL-US CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor line length depending on switching fre-		24 to 8 AWG	
quency Switching frequency 5 kHz		25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation	
Motor holding brake connection		in proparation	
Quantity		2	
Output voltage ¹³⁾	Depend	ls on the input voltage on the X2 cor	nnector
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures			
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Max. cable length		75 m ¹⁴⁾	
Braking resistors 15)			
Peak power int. / ext.		7 kW / 25 kW	
	t		
Continuous power int. / ext.		150 W / 2 kW	

Table 132: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Max. cable length	3 m
Fieldbus	
Туре	POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)
Design	2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)
Transfer rate	100 Mbit/s
Encoder interfaces	
Quantity	2
Туре	Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 16)
Connections	8-pin female mini I/O connector
Status indicators	None 17)
Electrical isolation	
Encoder - ACOPOS P3	No
Encoder monitoring	No
Max. encoder cable length	75 m
	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in the encoder cable 18)
Encoder power supply	
Output voltage	Configurable
	Typ. 11.45 V ± 0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V $^{(9)20)}$
Load capacity	Max. 300 mA
Protective measures	
Short circuit protection	Yes
Overload protection	Yes
Synchronous serial interface	
Signal transmission	RS485 ²¹⁾
Data transfer rate	Depends on the configured encoder type
Differential voltage ²²⁾	
Minimum	2.0 V
Maximum	6.0 V
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{\text{ENCODER}}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{\text{ENCODER}}[A] * 0.7) + 0.5 W^{23}$
Trigger inputs	
Quantity	2
Wiring	Sink
Electrical isolation	
Input - ACOPOS P3	Yes
Input - Input	Yes
Input voltage	
Nominal	24 VDC
Maximum	30 VDC
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 V
High	>15 V
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 4 mA
Switching delay	
Rising edge	<2 µs
Falling edge	<1 μs
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V
Max. cable length	100 m
Support	
Software ACP10	1/0 44 4
	V3.14.1
Operating conditions	
Permitted mounting orientations	W. ·
Hanging vertically	Yes
Standing horizontally	Yes
Installation at elevations above sea level	
Nominal	0 to 500 m
Maximum	4000 m
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN	III
61800-5-1	ID00
EN 60529 protection	IP20
Environmental conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Nominal	5 to 40°C
Maximum	55°C
Storage	-25 to 55°C
Transport	-25 to 70°C
Relative humidity	
	5 to 85%, non-condensing
Operation	5 to 65%, Hori-condensing
Operation Storage	5 to 95%

Table 132: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 132: 8EI2X2HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWDS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWDS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

A mains filter must be connected.

CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R mains filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).

In extreme cases, using mains filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive being damaged or destroyed.

2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{AX1},\,I_{AX2}\,...$ Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

3) PAVG ... Average continuous power of the module

 $I_{AX1},\,I_{AX2}\dots$ Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2

 $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2

 $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$

- This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
- Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 6) Valid in the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 7) The total continuous power of the motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 4 kW.
- 3) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2.5 kW.
- The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 10) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 10 kW.
- 11) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 12) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 13) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 14) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 15) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 16) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- $17) \qquad \text{The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.}$
- 18) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

 $I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- I_G ... Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 19) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 20) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher
- 21) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 22) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 23) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - $U_{24V} \dots$ Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.4 3-axis modules

1.2.4.1 Mains input voltage - 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

1.2.4.1.1 Order data

Model number	Short description
	3-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 208-230 VAC, 3x 2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 208-230 VAC, 3x 4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 1x 110-230 VAC, 3x 208-230 VAC, 3x 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3x resolver interface 10 kHz
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: 4 3 2 1
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A coding: 000
8TB3106.223C-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying: 000010
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.223C-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 3: PE L3 N(L2) L1 DC- DC+, C keying: 000010
8TB3308.222A-00	Push-in terminal block, 4+4-pin, single row / double row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: U V W PE B+ T+ B- T- A keying: 0000

Table 133: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

8ElxxxM... (3x 200 - 230 VAC / 1x 110 - 230 VAC)

·				
Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector		
X1	8TB3106.223C-20	8TB3206.223C-40		
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40		
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	8TB3308.222A-00		
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	8TB3103.222A-20		
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50		
X8	8TB2104.2210-00			

Table 134: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

1.2.4.1.4 Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1		
General information					
Slots for plug-in modules		1			
Certification					
CE		Yes			
UL		cULus E225616			
		Power conversion equipment			
Mains connection					
Network configurations	-	TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded star point			

Table 135: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Model number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Mains input voltage		1x 110 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	
		3x 200 VAC to 230 VAC ±10%	
Frequency		50/60 Hz ±4%	
Installed load	Max. 3.75 kVA	Max. 5	5 kVA
Inrush current		Max. 22 A	
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s	
Integrated line filter in accordance with EN 61800-3, Category C3		No ¹)	
Power dissipation at max. device power without braking resistor		* P_{AVG} [kW] + 5.8 * (I_{AX1} [A] + I_{AX2} [A] + I_{R1}^2 [A] + I_{BR2}^2 [A] + I_{BR3}^2 [A]) + I_{VSLOT}) *	
Max. cable length	, <u> </u>	3 m	
DC bus connection			
DC bus capacitance		1880 μF	
Max. cable length		3 m ³⁾	
24 VDC supply			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%	
Input capacitance		In preparation	
Current consumption	1	.2 A + current for motor holding brake	4)
Max. cable length		30 m	
Motor connection			
Quantity		3	
Continuous power per motor connection 5)	0.5 / 0.5 / 0.5 kW	1 / 1 / 1 kW ⁶⁾	2 / 2 / 2 kW ⁶⁾
Continuous current per motor connection 5)	2.2 / 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 / 8.8 A _{eff}
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation	
Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation elevation			
Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{eff} per 1000 m
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 / 24 A _{eff}
Peak power output	1.25 kW ⁷⁾	2.5 kW ⁸⁾	5 kW ⁹⁾
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz	
Possible switching frequencies 10)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz	
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25		Limit value curve A	
Protective measures			
Overload protection		Yes	
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes	
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹¹⁾	
Design			
U, V, W, PE		Male connector	
Shield connection		Yes	
Terminal connection cross section			
Flexible and fine wire lines			
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²	
Approbation data			
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG	
CSA		24 to 8 AWG	
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency			
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25 m	
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation	
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation	
Motor holding brake connection			
Quantity		3	
Output voltage 12)	Deper	nds on the input voltage on the X2 cor	nnector
Continuous current		1.3 A	
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω	
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V	
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws	
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz	
Protective measures		V	
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes	
Open circuit monitoring		Yes	
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes	
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring		Approx. 30 mA	
Max. cable length		75 m ¹³⁾	
Braking resistors ¹⁴⁾ Peak power int. / ext.		1 F DM / 11 DM	
·		1.5 kW / 11 kW 150 W / 970 W	
Continuous power int. / ext.			
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		12 Ω	

 $Table\ 135:\ 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1,\ 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1,\ 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1\ -\ Technical\ data$

Model number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Max. cable length	3 m	
Fieldbus		
Туре	POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN	1)
Design	2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment l	length)
Transfer rate	100 Mbit/s	
Encoder interfaces		
Quantity	3	1.46
Type	Digital multi-encoder interface, configural	ole 15)
Connections	8-pin female mini I/O connector	
Status indicators	None ¹⁶⁾	
Electrical isolation		
Encoder - ACOPOS P3	No .	
Encoder monitoring	No	
Max. encoder cable length	75 m	- the consequence (17)
5	Depends on the cross section of the power supply wires in	the encoder cable 17)
Encoder power supply	0 5 11	
Output voltage	Configurable Typ. 11.45 V ±0.1 V / 5.2 V ± 0.1 V ¹⁸⁾	19)
Load canacity	**	
Load capacity Protective management	Max. 300 mA	
Protective measures	V	
Short circuit protection	Yes	
Overload protection	Yes	
Synchronous serial interface		
Signal transmission	RS485 ²⁰⁾	
Data transfer rate	Depends on the configured encoder ty	pe
Differential voltage ²¹⁾		
Minimum	2.0 V	
Maximum	6.0 V	
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	$P_{ENCODER}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{ENCODER}[A] * 0.7) +$	0.5 W ²²⁾
Trigger inputs		
Quantity	2	
Wiring	Sink	
Electrical isolation		
Input - ACOPOS P3	Yes	
Input - Input	Yes	
Input voltage		
Nominal	24 VDC	
Maximum	30 VDC	
Switching threshold		-
Low	<5 V	
High	>15 V	
Input current at nominal voltage	Approx. 4 mA	
Switching delay	, pp. 5	
Rising edge		
Falling edge		
Modulation compared to ground potential	Max. ±38 V	
	100 m	
Max. cable length	100 III	
Support		
Software	1/0.4.4.4	V0.44.0
ACP10	V3.14.1	V3.14.0
Operating conditions		
Permitted mounting orientations		
Hanging vertically	Yes	
Standing horizontally	Yes	
Installation at elevations above sea level		
Nominal	0 to 500 m	
Maximum	4000 m	
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)	
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN	III	
61800-5-1		
EN 60529 protection	IP20	
Environmental conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Nominal	5 to 40°C	
Maximum	55°C	
Storage	-25 to 55°C	
Transport	-25 to 70°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 85%, non-condensing	
Storage	5 to 95%	
-	95% at 40°C	

Table 135: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 135: 8EI2X2MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5MWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8MWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- A mains filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R mains filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).
 - In extreme cases, using mains filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive being damaged or destroyed.
- 2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{AX1},\,I_{AX2},\,I_{AX3}\,...$ Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3
 - $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}},\,I_{\text{BR3}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2, axis 3
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$
- 3) This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
- 4) Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 5) Valid in the following conditions: 325 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 6) The total continuous power of the motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2 kW.
- The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 1.25 kW.
- 8) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2.5 kW.
- 9) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 10) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 11) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 12) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 13) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 14) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 15) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 16) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 17) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- $I_{\text{G}} \dots$ Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 18) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 19) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher
- 20) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 21) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 22) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.4.2 Mains input voltage - 3x 200 to 480 VAC

1.2.4.2.1 Order data

Model number	Short description
	3-axis modules SafeMOTION
8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 3x 2.2 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 3x 4.5 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1	ACOPOS P3 servo drive, 3x 208-480 VAC, 3x 8.8 A, SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3 axes, wall mounting
	Optional accessories
	Display modules
8EAD0000.000-1	Display module, LCD, 128 x 64, black/white, 1x USB 3.0
	Front covers
8EXA200.0010-00	ACOPOS P3 cover, B&R orange, single-width, height 2
	Plug-in modules
8EAC0122.001-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, resolver interface 10 kHz
8EAC0122.003-1	ACOPOS P3 plug-in module, 3x resolver interface 10 kHz
	Shield component sets
8SCSE01.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x ACOPOS P3 shield mounting plate, 1x 2x M3x6 screws
8SCSE02.0100-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK14
8SCSE02.0200-00	ACOPOS P3 shield component set: 1x shield component set, type SK20
	Terminals
8TB2104.2210-00	Push-in terminal block 4-pin, 1-row, spacing: 5.08 mm, label 1: 4 3 2 1
8TB3102.222C-20	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3103.222A-20	Push-in terminal block, 3-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE RB- RB+, A coding: 000
8TB3106.222B-20	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, single row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3202.222C-40	Push-in terminal block, 2-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: COM 24 V, C keying: 10
8TB3206.222B-40	Push-in terminal block, 6-pin, double row, with locking mechanism, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: PE L3 L2 L1 DC- DC+, B keying: 000001
8TB3308.222A-00	Push-in terminal block, 4+4-pin, single row / double row, spacing: 7.62 mm, label 2: U V W PE B+ T+ B- T- A keying: 0000

Table 136: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Order data

8ElxxxH... (3x 200 to 480 VAC)

Connection	1-row connector	2-row connector
X1	8TB3106.222B-20	8TB3206.222B-40
X2	8TB3102.222C-20	8TB3202.222C-40
X5x	8TB3308.222A-00	
X6	8TB3103.222A-20	
X7	8TB2104.2210-50	8TB2204.2210-50
X8	8TB2104.2210-00	

Table 137: Terminals - Order numbers

Information:

Connector X7 does <u>not</u> exist on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

1.2.4.2.4 Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1			
General information						
Slots for plug-in modules		1				
Certification						
CE		Yes				
UL		cULus E225616 Power conversion equipment				
Mains connection						
Network configurations	Т	TN-S, TN-C-S with grounded star point				
Mains input voltage		3x 200 VAC to 480 VAC ±10%				
Frequency		50/60 Hz ±4%				

Table 138: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

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Model number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1		
Installed load	Max. 7.5 kVA Max. 10 kVA				
Inrush current	Max. 45 A				
Switch-on interval		Typ. 60 s			
Integrated line filter in accordance with EN	No ¹)				
61800-3, Category C3 Power dissipation at max. device power without	$[(60 + 6.9 * P_{AVG} [kW] + 7.5 * (I_{AX1} [A] + I_{AX2} [A] + I_{AX3} [A]) +$				
braking resistor	$\begin{array}{c} (100 + 0.9 \ P_{AVG}[KVV] + 7.5 \ (1_{AX1}[A] + 1_{AX2}[A] + 1_{AX3}[A]) + \\ 0.25 * (1_{BR1}^2[A] + 1_{BR2}^2[A] + 1_{BR3}^2[A]) + P_{VSLOT}) * 1.1][W]^2) \end{array}$				
Max. cable length	().	3 m	7. 1		
DC bus connection					
DC bus capacitance		470 μF			
Max. cable length		3 m ³⁾			
24 VDC supply		0.1.1/2.0			
Input voltage		24 VDC ±25%			
Input capacitance Current consumption	1	In preparation 2 A + current for motor holding brake	4)		
Max. cable length		30 m			
Motor connection					
Quantity		3			
Continuous power per motor connection 5)	1 / 1 / 1 kW	2 / 2 / 2 kW ⁶⁾	4 / 4 / 4 kW ⁶⁾		
Continuous current per motor connection 5)	2.2 / 2.2 / 2.2 A _{eff}	4.5 / 4.5 / 4.5 A _{eff}	8.8 / 8.8 / 8.8 A _{Eff}		
Reduction of continuous current depending on switching frequency					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		In preparation			
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation			
Switching frequency 20 kHz Reduction of continuous current depending on the installation clausition.		In preparation			
installation elevation Starting at 500 m above sea level	0.22 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.45 A _{eff} per 1000 m	0.88 A _{Eff} per 1000 m		
Peak current per motor connection	6 / 6 / 6 A _{eff}	12.25 / 12.25 / 12.25 A _{eff}	24 / 24 / 24 A _{eff}		
Peak power output	2.5 kW ⁷⁾	5 kW ⁸⁾	10 kW ⁹⁾		
Nominal switching frequency		5 kHz			
Possible switching frequencies 10)		5 / 10 / 20 kHz			
Electrical stress of the connected motor in accordance with IEC TS 60034-25		Limit value curve A			
Protective measures					
Overload protection		Yes			
Short circuit and ground fault protection		Yes			
Max. output frequency		598 Hz ¹¹⁾			
Design U, V, W, PE		Male connector			
Shield connection		Yes			
Terminal connection cross section		103			
Flexible and fine wire lines					
With wire end sleeves		1.5 to 6 mm ²			
Approbation data					
UL/C-UL-US		24 to 8 AWG			
CSA		24 to 8 AWG			
Max. motor line length depending on switching frequency					
Switching frequency 5 kHz		25 m			
Switching frequency 10 kHz		In preparation			
Switching frequency 20 kHz		In preparation			
Motor holding brake connection					
Quantity		3			
Output voltage ¹²⁾ Continuous current	Deper	nds on the input voltage on the X2 con 1.3 A	nector		
Max. internal resistance		0.25 Ω			
Extinction potential		Approx. 30 V			
Max. extinction energy per switching operation		1.5 Ws			
Max. switching frequency		0.5 Hz			
Protective measures					
Overload and short circuit protection		Yes			
Open circuit monitoring		Yes			
Undervoltage monitoring		Yes			
Response threshold for open circuit monitoring Max, cable length		Approx. 30 mA 75 m ¹³⁾			
Max. cable length Braking resistors 14)		75 III (9)			
Peak power int. / ext.		7 kW / 25 kW			
Continuous power int. / ext.		150 W / 2 kW			
Minimum braking resistance (ext.)		25 Ω			
Max. cable length					
		3 m			
Fieldbus Type		3 m POWERLINK V2 controlled node (CN)			

Table 138: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

Madalassahan	OFIOVOLIMITOO VVVV 4	OFIAVEIRATOR VVVV 4	OFINALINATON VVVV 4		
Model number Design	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1 2x RJ45, shielded, 2-port hub	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1		
Cable length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)				
Transfer rate	100 Mbit/s				
Encoder interfaces		TOO INIDIO			
Quantity	3				
Туре	Digital multi-encoder interface, configurable 15)				
Connections		8-pin female mini I/O connector			
Status indicators		None 16)			
Electrical isolation					
Encoder - ACOPOS P3		No			
Encoder monitoring		No			
Max. encoder cable length	Depends on the cros	75 m ss section of the power supply wires in	the encoder cable ¹⁷⁾		
Encoder power supply					
Output voltage		Configurable Typ. 11.45 V \pm 0.1 V / 5.2 V \pm 0.1 V ¹⁸⁾¹⁵	3)		
Load capacity		Max. 300 mA			
Protective measures		Wax. 300 mA			
Short circuit protection		Yes			
Overload protection		Yes			
Synchronous serial interface					
Signal transmission		RS485 ²⁰⁾			
Data transfer rate		Depends on the configured encoder typ	oe .		
Differential voltage ²¹⁾					
Minimum		2.0 V			
Maximum		6.0 V			
Max. power consumption per encoder interface	P _{ENCODE}	$_{RR}[W] = U_{24V}[V] * (I_{ENCODER}[A] * 0.7) + 0$).5 W ²²⁾		
Trigger inputs					
Quantity		2			
Wiring		Sink			
Electrical isolation					
Input - ACOPOS P3		Yes Yes			
Input - Input		res			
Input voltage Nominal		24 VDC			
Maximum		30 VDC			
Switching threshold		30 VDC			
Low		<5 V			
High		>15 V			
Input current at nominal voltage		Approx. 4 mA			
Switching delay					
Rising edge		<2 µs			
Falling edge		<1 µs			
Modulation compared to ground potential		Max. ±38 V			
Max. cable length		100 m			
Support					
Software					
ACP10	V3	5.14.1	V3.14.0		
Operating conditions					
Permitted mounting orientations					
Hanging vertically		Yes			
Standing horizontally		Yes			
Installation at elevations above sea level Nominal		0 to 500 m			
Nominal Maximum		0 to 500 m 4000 m			
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1		2 (non-conductive pollution)			
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN		2 (non-conductive poliution)			
61800-5-1		•••			
EN 60529 protection		IP20			
Environmental conditions					
Temperature					
Operation					
Nominal		5 to 40°C			
Maximum		55°C			
Storage		-25 to 55°C			
Transport		-25 to 70°C			
Relative humidity		5.1.050/			
Operation		5 to 85%, non-condensing			
Storage		5 to 95% 95% at 40°C			
Transport		50% at 40 C			

Table 138: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION • Technical data

Model number	8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1	8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1
Mechanical characteristics			
Dimensions			
Width		66 mm	
Height		374 mm	
Depth			
Wall mounting	258	3.5 mm (with 8EXA front cover: 261 r	nm)
Weight		4 kg	

Table 138: 8EI2X2HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI4X5HWTS0.XXXX-1, 8EI8X8HWTS0.XXXX-1 - Technical data

- A mains filter must be connected.
 - CE compliance can only be ensured by connecting a B&R mains filter (e.g. 8B0F0160H000.A00-1).
 - In extreme cases, using mains filters from 3rd-party manufacturers can result in the 8EI ACOPOS P3 servo drive being damaged or destroyed.
- 2) P_{AVG} ... Average continuous power of the module
 - $I_{\text{AX1}},\,I_{\text{AX2}},\,I_{\text{AX3}}\dots$ Root mean square of the current on axis 1, axis 2, axis 3
 - $I_{\text{BR1}},\,I_{\text{BR2}},\,I_{\text{BR3}}\,...$ Nominal current of the motor holding brake for axis 1, axis 2, axis 3
 - $P_{\text{VSLOT}} \dots Power dissipation of the 8EAC plug-in module$
- This value applies to unshielded wiring inside a control cabinet. If the wiring is shielded between two control cabinets, a cable length of up to 30 m is permitted.
- 4) Current consumption depends on the configuration of the ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive.
- 5) Valid in the following conditions: 560 VDC DC bus voltage, 5 kHz switching frequency, 40°C ambient temperature, installation elevation <500 m above sea level, no derating due to cooling type.
- 6) The total continuous power of the motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 4 kW.
- The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 2.5 kW.
- 8) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 5 kW.
- 9) The total peak power of all motor connectors is not permitted to exceed 10 kW.
- 10) B&R recommends operating the module at its nominal switching frequency. Operating the module at a higher switching frequency for application-specific reasons reduces the continuous current and increases the CPU load.
- 11) The module's electrical output frequency (SCTRL_SPEED_ACT * MOTOR_POLEPAIRS) is monitored to protect against dual use in accordance with Council Regulation (EC) 428/2009 | 3A225. If the electrical output frequency of the module exceeds the limit value of 598 Hz uninterrupted for more than 0.5 s, then the current movement is aborted and error 6060 is output (power unit: limit speed exceeded).
- 12) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified input voltage and wiring. The operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 13) During the project development phase, it is necessary to check if the minimum voltage can be maintained on the holding brake with the specified cable length.

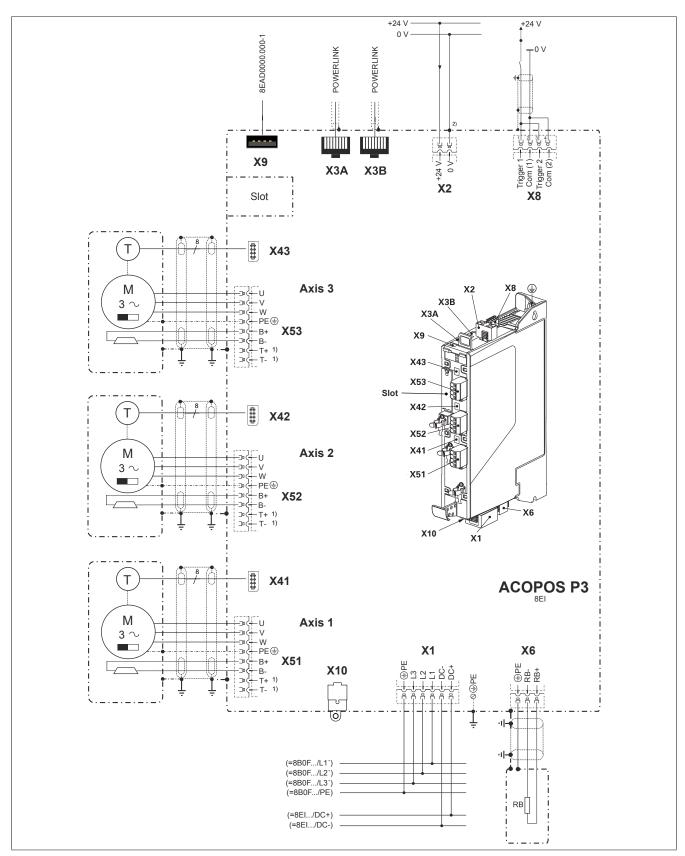
 The permissible operating voltage range of the holding brake can be found in the user's manual for the respective motor.
- 14) There is a connection for external braking resistors. An internal braking resistor is available as an option.
- 15) The encoder type is not predefined from the factory. The encoder type necessary in each case must be configured in Automation Studio.
- 16) The direction of rotation of the encoder can be displayed on the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module.
- 17) The maximum encoder cable length I_{Max} can be calculated as follows (the maximum permissible encoder cable length of 75 m must not be exceeded):

$$I_{max} = f / I_G * A * 1/(2*\rho)$$

- f ... (Output voltage of encoder interface [V] Min. permissible supply voltage of connected encoder [V]) * 1.1
- $I_{\text{G}} \dots$ Max. current consumption of connected encoder [A]
- A ... Cross section of the power supply wires [mm²].
- ρ ... Specific resistance [Ω mm²/m] (e.g. for copper: ρ = 0.0178).
- 18) The output voltage is not predefined from the factory (exception: encoder types EnDat 2.2 and HIPERFACE DSL). It must be configured in Automation Studio based on the encoder type. If no output voltage is configured, then the encoder will not be supplied by digital multi-encoder interface X4x. Power to the encoder can then be supplied externally.
- 19) Output voltage 5.2 V is only available under the following conditions:
 - Servo drive 8EI with 8ZECxxx revision D0 and higher, see the device information on the left side of servo drive 8EI
 - ACP10 V3.150 and higher
- 20) Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 21) Values valid for clock output and data input. Except encoder type HIPERFACE DSL.
- 22) I_{ENCODER} ... Current consumption of the encoder
 - U_{24V} ... Input voltage on +24 VDC input of the module

1.2.5 Wiring

1.2.5.1 Pinout overview



- 1) A temperature sensor does not need to be connected when using 8ECHxxx hybrid motor cables since the motor temperature is transferred digitally.
- 2) The COM connection on the X2 connector must be grounded to achieve a defined relationship between the signal ground and ground potential!

1.2.5.2 X1 connector - Pinout

Mains voltage 1x 110 to 230 VAC / 3x 200 to 230 VAC

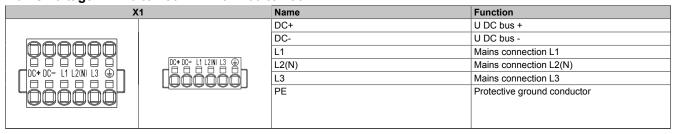


Table 139: X1 connector - Pinout

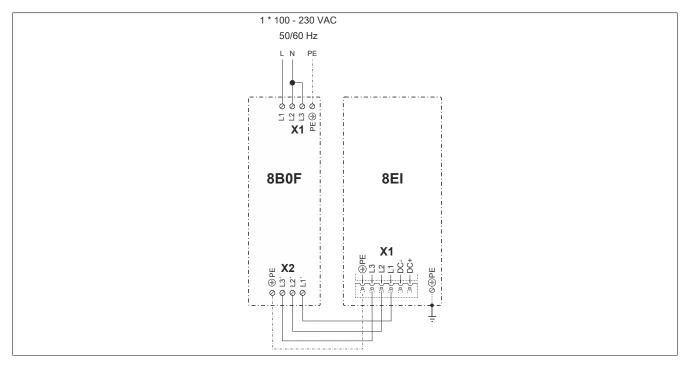


Figure 50: Mains connection 1x 110 - 230 VAC

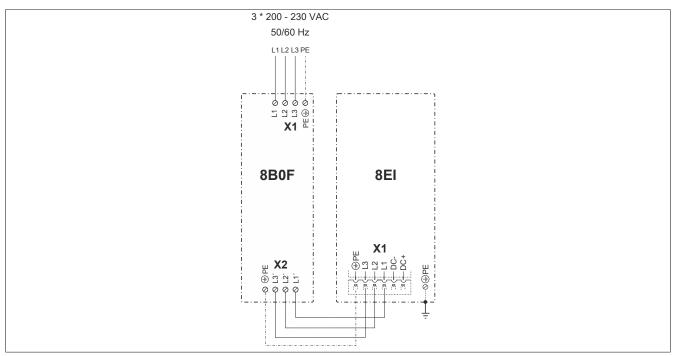


Figure 51: Mains connection 3x 200 - 230 VAC

Mains voltage 3x 200 to 480 VAC

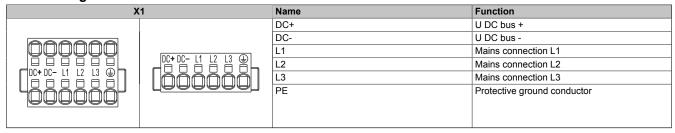


Table 140: X1 connector - Pinout

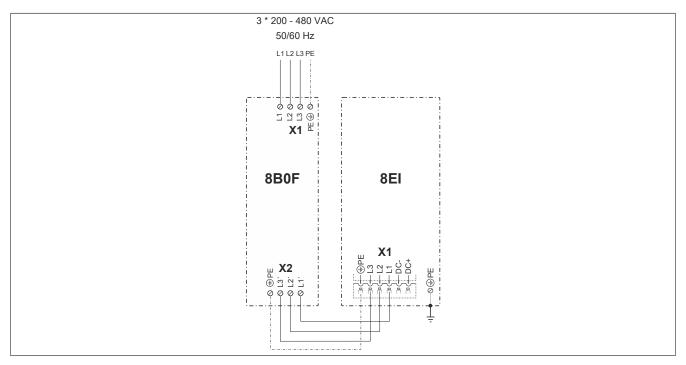


Figure 52: Mains connection 3x 200 - 480 VAC

1.2.5.3 X2 connector - Pinout

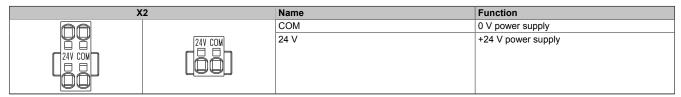


Table 141: X2 connector - Pinout

1.2.5.4 X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

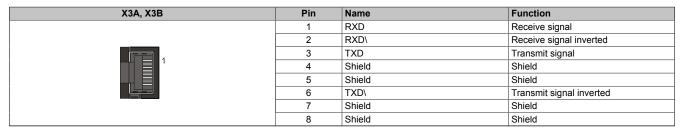


Table 142: X3A, X3B connectors - Pinout

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

1.2.5.5 X4x connector (digital multi-encoder interface) - Pinout

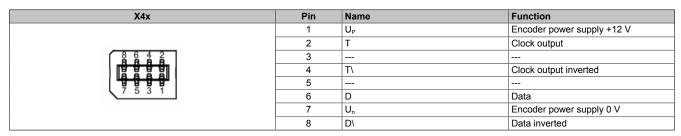


Table 143: X4x connector - Pinout

1.2.5.6 X5x connector - Pinout

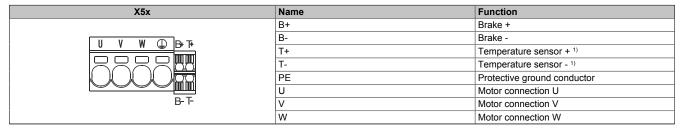


Table 144: X5x connector - Pinout

1) A temperature sensor does not need to be connected when using a hybrid motor cable solution since the motor temperature is transferred digitally.

Danger!

The connections for the motor temperature sensors and the motor holding brake are safely isolated circuits. These connections are therefore only permitted to be connected to devices or components that have sufficient isolation in accordance with IEC 60364-4-41 or EN 61800-5-1.

Information:

B&R recommends wiring the ACOPOS P3 X5x motor connectors in the following order:

- 1. X51
- 2. X52
- 3. X53

1.2.5.7 X6 connector - Pinout

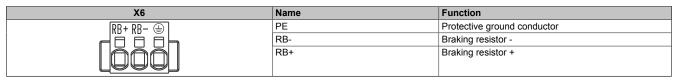


Table 145: X6 connector - Pinout

Danger!

During operation, the contacts of connection X6 carry dangerous voltages greater than 60 VDC. Touching one of these contacts can result in a life-threatening electric shock. This could result in death or severe injury.

For this reason, terminal block 8TB3103.222A-20 or 8TB4103.222A-10 must always be connected to connection X6 during operation.

1.2.5.8 X8 connector - Pinout

X8	Pin	Name	Function
<u>6</u> 146	1	Trigger 1	Trigger 1
	2	COM (1)	Trigger 1 0 V
	3	Trigger 2	Trigger 2
	4	COM (2)	Trigger 2 0 V

Table 146: X8 connector - Pinout

1.2.5.9 X10 connector - Pinout

In preparation

1.3 Setting POWERLINK node numbers

ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives do not have node number switches and are delivered with the node number set to 0. There are 2 ways to set the node number:

- · Setting with dynamic node allocation (DNA) in Automation Studio
- Setting with the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module

Information:

If an ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive is supplied with 24 VDC and its node number is set to 0, then the PLK LED is lit solid red.

Information:

Node numbers in the range 001 to 239 are permitted.

Node number 000 and in the range 240 to 255 are reserved and not permitted.

Information:

A node number set using the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module is only applied the next time the 24 VDC power supply of the ACOPOS P3 8E1 servo drive is switched back on.

Setting with dynamic node allocation (DNA)

Information:

The node number of the first ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive in an ACOPOS P3 drive system can only be set using DNA if it is directly connected to the controller via POWERLINK.

If this is not the case, the node number of the first ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drive in an ACOPOS P3 drive system can only be set using the 8EAD000.0000-00 display module.

Information:

Setting the node number using DNA only works on ACOPOS P3 8EI servo drives with node number 0 (factory setting).

See also section "Dynamic node allocation (DNA)" in Automation Help.

Setting with the 8EAD0000.000-1 display module

See "Accessories / Display module 8EAD0000.000-1" in the ACOPOS P3 user's manual.

2 Installation

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Installation".

3 Dimensioning

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Dimensioning".

4 Wiring

See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Wiring".

Chapter 5 • System characteristics

1 Integrated (network-based) safety technology - SafeMOTION

1.1 General information

1.1.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented using an integrated SafeMOTION module on ACOPOS-multi inverter modules and the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION inverter unit.

One SafeMOTION module is integrated in the safe drive for each safe axis.

A SafeMOTION module is the equivalent of a safe node and performs the safety functions on the drive.

Only 1-axis modules are available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules.

Information:

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

A safe 2-axis module includes two SafeMOTION modules. It is therefore the equivalent of one POWER-LINK node and two safe nodes. This should be taken into consideration when designing the system.

Information:

The user is not able to connect or disconnect the SafeMOTION module! This means that a standard axis (ACOPOSmulti, ACOPOS P3, ACOPOSmotor) cannot be retrofitted!

1.1.2 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

On ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented as an integrated option.

On ACOPOS P3 servo drives, up to 3 axes are integrated in a SafeMOTION module.

An ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive corresponds to a safe node (regardless of the number of axes integrated in a SafeMOTION module) and executes the safety function on the drive.

Information:

The user is not able to connect or disconnect the SafeMOTION module! This means that a standard axis (ACOPOSmulti, ACOPOS P3, ACOPOSmotor) cannot be retrofitted!

1.2 Safety functions

The following safety functions are supported by the SafeMOTION module:

Safety function	ACOPOSmulti EN IS		EN ISO 13849-1		EN 61508 / EN 62061		Safe encoder
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	evaluation necessary
	Starting ty Re	in Safe-					•
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL e / CAT 4	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	Time-based moni- toring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based moni- toring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	Time-based moni- toring: SIL 3 Ramp-based moni- toring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. SIL 3, depends on the encoder used	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.9	R 1.9	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	-	R 1.7	-	Max. PL d / CAT 3, depends on the encoder used	-	Max. SIL 2, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.9	-	PL d / CAT 3		SIL 2	-	Yes

Table 147: ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 148: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

System characteristics • Integrated (network-based) safety technology - SafeMOTION

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation necessary
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 148: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

Safety function	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation	
	EnDat 2.2			necessary	
	Starting in Safety Release				
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	No	
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No	
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes	
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No	
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	Project step 2			Yes	
Safely Limited Torque (SLT)	Project step 2			Yes	
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes	

Table 149: ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Details about the individual safety functions can be found in section 6 "Safety technology" on page 253.

2 Integrated safety technology

Seamless integration of safety technology in the standard application is a reality with B&R's safety technology products. This allows fixed wiring to be replaced by safe data transfer via the existing machine bus system. Flexibly configured or programmed safety behavior can be adapted optimally to various safety situations. Complete diagnostic information about safety components accessible via the machine bus system provides detailed data about the state of the machine.

Insufficient protection from manipulation and the inadequacy of existing safety solutions provide some justification for dangerous behavior when it comes to operating the machine. The possibilities provided by the latest safety technology allow considerable potential for improvement here. In the pursuit of improving machine safety, safety technology guidelines are continually updated according to the current technological situation. Consequently, improvements become mandatory. B&R's integrated safety technology is state-of-the-art and meets both current and expected future demands on safety components.

Safety shutdowns do not always have to involve a full machine stop. When opening a protective cover, it is often sufficient to reduce the speed. Smart, safe reactions to various situations provide safety without having to stop the production process. The machine does not need to be emptied and set up again, and manipulation is not necessary. This results in real advantages for the user that can be implemented with programmable safety behavior.

Integrated safety technology products are certified for use in safety applications up to:

- EN ISO 13849, PL e / CAT 4
- IEC 62061, SIL 3
- IEC 61508, SIL 3
- IEC 61511, SIL 3

The actual level of safety achieved depends on the respective safety function and the components being used!

A cycle time of 800 µs for SIL 3 SafeMOTION safety applications is a new feature for safety communication. Response times decrease by a factor of 10, and the advantages of hard-wired solutions are combined with the possibilities of advanced, integrated and intelligent safety bus technology. POWERLINK and openSAFETY accomplish all this using only standard Ethernet mechanisms. As a result, these protocols can be combined with all conventional and, more important, newer Ethernet profiles. openSAFETY is the fastest and most flexible real-time safety bus system on the market.

The reduction to a single cable allows safety-related data to be transferred using the existing infrastructure. Additional cabling of a safe line is not necessary. Transparent and non-reactive access of secure data is an integral part of functional machine control. Complicated communication mechanisms between the safety application and standard application are also no longer necessary. Smart, safe reactions instead of hard machine stops provide advantages for processes, help to avoid manipulation and therefore increase the value of machines.

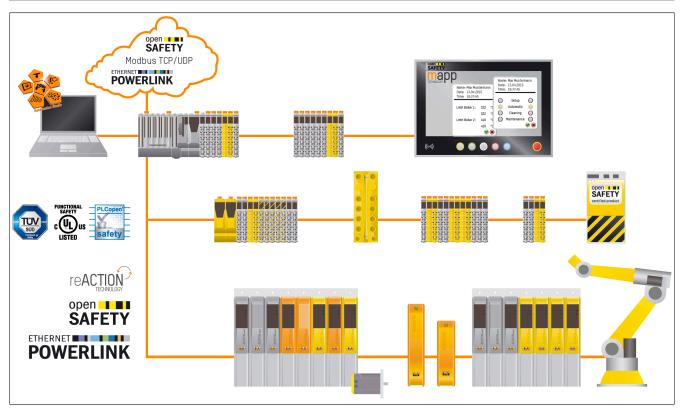


Figure 53: Integrated safety technology - Topology

3 System requirements

Integrated safety technology requires the use of the following software and hardware:

- POWERLINK V2
- Automation Studio V3.0.80 or higher
- Automation Studio V4.2.5.x or higher (Safety Release 1.10 or higher)
- · Automation Runtime V3.00 or higher
- ACP10 V2.180 software or higher (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 Safety Release R1.3)
- ACP10 V2.250 software or higher (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 Safety Release R1.4 or higher)
- ACP10 V2.391 software or higher (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos Safety Release R1.4 or higher)
- ACP10 V2.480 software or higher (ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Safety Release R1.9 or higher)
- ACP10 software V3.140 or higher (Safety Release 1.10 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION)
- ACP10 software V3.161 or higher (ab Safety Release 1.10 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION)
- SG4 CPUs

4 System limits

The following limitations exist when using SafeMOTION modules:

- A SafeMOTION module basically corresponds to a safe node²). Additionally, each drive module equates to one POWERLINK node.
- A SafeMOTION module can only communicate safely with one SafeLOGIC controller with SafeMOTION support (see SafeLOGIC data sheets X20SL80xx, X20SL81xx and X20SLXx10 under www.br-automation.com). It is not possible for a SafeMOTION module to communicate safely with multiple SafeLOGIC controllers or with other safe modules (other SafeIO, SafeMOTION, etc.).
- The output-side payload data size of the SafeLOGIC controller is limited to 1490 bytes. Among other things, this limitation reduces the resulting number of usable SafelO or SafeMOTION modules during SafeLOGIC-to-SafeLOGIC communication.
- The safe state is implemented in B&R safety modules by cutting off the output. This is a design feature of the modules and cannot be changed.
 - This is particularly important for SafeMOTION modules since the safe state cuts off the torque on the motor!

Danger!

After the safe state (STO) is activated or in state FAIL SAFE, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force.

If the motor was moving before STO is activated, it is only stopped by a safe motor holding brake (if available) or by the friction of the complete system!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

The safety response time must be taken into consideration since this has a substantial effect on the residual distances and remaining times to be considered!

In order to calculate the total safety response time, the user must validate the rundown time of the complete system! For the switch-off time, see 5 "Safety response time" on page 244.

²⁾ ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules: A SafeMOTION module is integrated into a single-axis inverter module, i.e. one safe node. A 2-axis inverter module has two integrated SafeMOTION modules, i.e. two safe nodes.

5 Safety response time

The safety response time is the time between the arrival of the signal on the input channel and the output of the cutoff signal on the output.

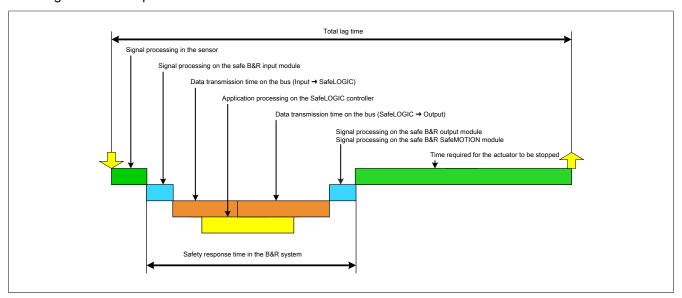


Figure 54: Total lag time

As illustrated in the figure, the safety response time in the B&R system is composed of the following partial response times:

- · Signal processing on the safe B&R input module
- Data transmission time on the bus (Input → SafeLOGIC)
- Data transmission time on the bus (SafeLOGIC → Output)
- Signal processing in the safe B&R output module (or safe B&R SafeMOTION module)

Danger!

The following sections are dedicated exclusively to the safety response time in the B&R system. When assessing the complete safety response time, the user must include signal processing in the sensor as well as the time until the actuator is stopped.

Be sure to validate the total lag time on the system!

Information:

The safety response time in B&R products already contains all delays caused by sampling input data (sampling theorem).

5.1 Signal processing on the safe B&R input module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R input module.

5.2 Data transmission time on the bus

The following relationship must be taken into consideration for the data transmission time on the bus:

- The time needed to transfer data from the input to the SafeLOGIC controller or to the output depends on the sum of the cycle times and CPU copy times in effect on the transfer line.
- POWERLINK MN (managing node, standard CPU) settings are important for the actual timing on the bus, but they cannot be used from a safety standpoint since the values can be changed at any time in the course of modifications made outside of the safety application.
- In the SafeLOGIC controller, data transmission times are monitored on the bus using openSAFETY services. The time needed to process the application on the SafeLOGIC controller is taken into account in this test (system-dependent). Monitoring is defined in SafeDESIGNER using the parameters in the "Safety Responsetime" parameter group.

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if modified parameters on the POWERLINK MN alter the data transmission times on the bus so that they lie outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in the parameter group "Safety Responsetime".

Information:

The safety components located in this network segment could be cut off by the SafeLOGIC controller if EMC disturbances cause data failures that fall outside of the SafeDESIGNER parameters defined in the parameter group "Safety Responsetime".

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - up to Release 1.9:

- The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated adding rameter "Worst Case Response Time us" for the safe input module "Worst Case Response Time us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual Configuration". If parameter "Manual Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default Worst Case Response Time us" is used.
- Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module:
 - The total max. data transmission time on the bus is calculated by adding parameter "Cycle_Time_max_us" + 2000 µs and parameter "Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" for the safe output module. When doing this, be sure to check parameter "Manual_Configuration". If parameter "Manual_Configuration" is set to "No", the value specified for parameter "Default_Worst_Case_Response_Time_us" is used.

Calculating the maximum data transmission time - Release 1.10 and later:

The following parameters are relevant for calculating the data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module; parameter "Manual Configuration" deserves special attention.

- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = No":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Default Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Responsetime Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Default Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Responsetime Defaults" of the SafeLOGIC controller
 - "PacketLoss2": Same as "PacketLoss1"
 - "DataDuration2": Same as "DataDuration1"
- Relevant parameters for "Manual Configuration = Yes":
 - "PacketLoss1": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Responsetime" of the safe input module
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Responsetime" of the safe input
 - "PacketLoss2": Parameter "Additional Tolerated Packet Loss" of group "Safety Responsetime" of the safe output module
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Safe Data Duration" of group "Safety Responsetime" of the safe output module
- · Special case: Local inputs on the X20SLX module:
 - "PacketLoss1": 0
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 µs
- Special case: Local outputs on the X20SLX module:
 - "PacketLoss2": 0
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle Time max" of group "Module Configuration" of the X20SLX + 2000 µs
- Special case: Linking local inputs with local outputs on the X20SRT module:
 - "PacketLoss1": 0
 - "PacketLoss2": 0
 - "DataDuration1": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"
 - "DataDuration2": Parameter "Cycle time" of group "General"

The following equation is used to calculate the maximum data transmission time between the safe input module and safe output module:

Maximum data transmission time = (PacketLoss1+1)* DataDuration1+ (PacketLoss2+1)* DataDuration2

Information:

In addition to the data transmission time on the bus, the time needed for signal processing in the safe B&R input and output module must be taken into account (see section "Safety response time").

Information:

For additional information about the actual data transmission time, see section Diagnostics and service -> Diagnostics tools -> Network analyzer -> Editor -> Calculation of safety runtime in Automation Help.

5.3 Signal processing on the safe B&R output module

The maximum I/O update time in the "I/O update time" chapter for the respective module must be taken into account when processing signals in the safe B&R output module.

5.4 Signal processing on the safe B&R SafeMOTION module

The duration of signal processing in the event of a function request depends on the drive module, see Tab. 150 ""Worst case" error response time" on page 247.

In addition to the signal processing, however, the duration of the communication between the POWERLINK interface and the SafeMOTION module must also be taken into account. In the worst case, this can be 1600 µs.

Safe error response time

In addition to the signal processing duration in functional situations, the safe error response time is also relevant when setting up safety equipment.

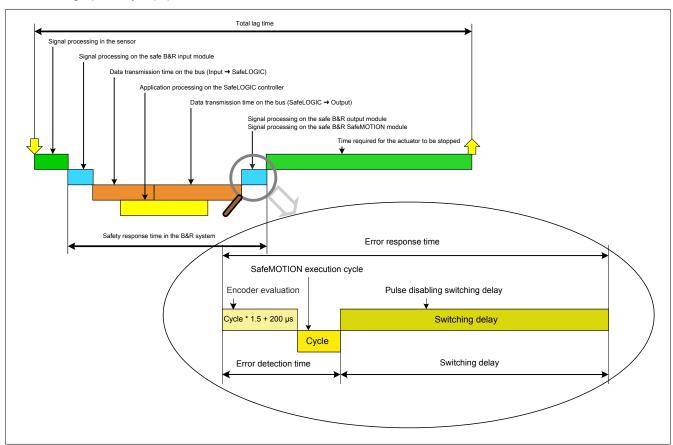


Figure 55: Safe error response time

The safe error response time plays a role if the currently monitored limit is exceeded when a safety function is activated on the SafeMOTION module.

The safe error response time includes:

- Error detection time (encoder evaluation + processing time on the SafeMOTION module)
- · Switching delay

Module	Cycle [µs]	Switching delay [µs]	Worst case error response time [µs]
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	800	5000	7200
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos	800	5000	7200
ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	800	5000	7200
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 1-axis module	800	2000	4200
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 2-axis module	1600	2000	6200
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, 3-axis module	1600	2000	6200

Table 150: "Worst case" error response time

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Danger!

For the worst-case safe error response time on the SafeMOTION module, see Tab. 150 ""Worst case" error response time" on page 247.

When setting up the safety measures, the assumption must be that the drive will accelerate to its maximum within this amount of time.

This speed must be considered together with the speed when the safety function is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed when coasting to a stop!

In addition, the error response time for determining the residual distance must be used when an error occurs in order to determine the maximum distance by which a monitored position limit can be exceeded!

5.5 Calculating the safety response time

Information:

The information in this section applies only up to SafeDESIGNER 4.1.x.

The safety response time can be calculated using the Response Time Calculator. This tool can be opened with "Project → Response Time Calculator".

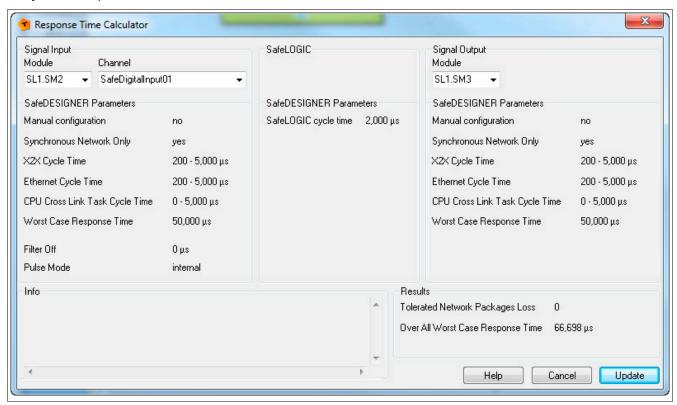


Figure 56: Response Time Calculator

This tool takes the values set in SafeDESIGNER and uses them to calculate the total response time and the tolerated packet loss on the network.

The modules relevant for the calculation can be selected in the "Signal input" and "Signal output" section. The values that are set accordingly are automatically shown in SafeDESIGNER and the total response time is calculated.

If the values set in SafeDESIGNER for the response time calculation result in a longer maximum response time than is set in SafeDESIGNER, the calculation is canceled and the error is shown in the "Info" field.

SafeDESIGNER parameters can also be changed with the dialog box window open. The values are applied either after changing which inputs/outputs are selected or after updating using the "Refresh" button.

Input fields:

Input field	Value	Function	Corresponding SafeDESIGNER parameters	
Synchronous network only	Yes	All networks involved in data transfer are synchronous.	Synchronous_Network_Only = Yes	
No		At least one of the networks involved in data transfer is not synchronous.	Synchronous_Network_Only = No	
X2X cycle time	200-30,000 μs	X2X cycle time entry for checking the data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller	Min_X2X_CycleTime_us Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	
Ethernet cycle time	200-30,000 μs	POWERLINK cycle time entry for checking the data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller	Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us - Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	
CPU cross link task cycle time	0-30,000 µs	Cycle time entry of the CPU cross link task for checking the data transmission time in the SafeL-OGIC controller. See the table below.	Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_CycleTime_us - Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_CycleTime_us	
Response time	3000-500,000 μs	Limit value for monitoring the data transmission time on the bus	Worst_Case_Response_Time_us	
Filter off 0		A switch-off filter is not being used on the input module.	Filter_Off_us	
	1-500,000 µs	A switch-off filter is being used on the input module.		
Pulse mode	External	"External pulse signals" mode is being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = External	
	Internal	"Internal pulse signals" mode is being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = Internal	
	None	"External pulse signals" mode is not being used on the input module.	Pulse_Mode = No pulse	
SafeLOGIC cycle time	800-20,000 μs	SafeLOGIC cycle time parameter "Cycle_Time_us" from SafeDESIGNER in μs.	Cycle_Time_us	

Table 151: Fields in the "Response Time Calculator"

If the SafeLOGIC controller is on a different POWERLINK interface than the SafeIO modules, then the data must be copied to the CPU on its way from the SafeIO modules to the SafeLOGIC controller. An internal system task (CPU_CrossLinkTask) handles this copy procedure. The cycle time of this task is automatically assigned by the system.

It is important to know the configuration options of CPU_CrossLinkTask for monitoring data transmission time on the SafeLOGIC controller:

Min. CPU cross link task	Max. CPU cross link task	Description
Value > 0	Value > 0	Data is always copied via the CPU. Application situations where data is not copied are detected
		by the SafeLOGIC controller and registered as errors due to the very short runtime.
Value > 0	0	Not a valid combination
No	Value > 0	Runtime monitoring in the SafeLOGIC controller accepts application situations where data is
		copied as well as application situations where it is not.
0	0	Data is never copied via the CPU. Application situations where data is copied are detected by
		the SafeLOGIC controller and registered as errors due to the very long runtime.

Table 152: Meaning of "Min./Max. CPU" parameters

Output fields:

Output field	Value	Function	Corresponding SafeDESIGNER parameters
Tolerated network	0-10	Number of lost packets that are tolerated without	-
packages loss		cutting off the safety function	
Total response time		Resulting safety response time in the B&R system.	-

Table 153: Output fields in the "Response time calculator"

5.6 Parameters for the safety response time in SafeDESIGNER

The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER.

For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be configured individually on the respective module.

The parameters and their limits for the SafeMOTION module are described below for each specific module.

Up to SafeDESIGNER 4.1.x:

Parameter		Description	Default value	Unit
Manual_Configuration	This parameter makes safety response time for	it possible to manually and individually configure the r the module.	No	-
	same way for all station parameters are configu For application situation response time behavior	The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be		
	configured individually d	on the respective module.		
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety_Response_Time safety response time for the module's signals.	group is used	to calculate the
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety_Response_Time" group on the SafeLOG		ken from the
Synchronous_Network_Only	This parameter determine being used.	nes the synchronization characteristics of the network	Yes	-
	Parameter value	Description		
	Yes	In order to calculate the safety response time, net their cycle times must either be the same or an interest of the same of the same or an interest of the s		
	No	No requirement for synchronization of the network		.,
Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies the maximum X2X cycle time used to calculate the 5000 µs safety response time.			μs
		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs		
Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies the maximum POWERLINK cycle time used to calculate the safety response time.		5000	μs
		Permissible values: 200 to 25,000 μs		
Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_ CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies the maximum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU used to calculate the safety response time. The value 0 indicates that a copy task is not included for the response time.		5000	μs
Min VOV CycleTime up		ues: 0 to 25,000 µs	200	
Min_X2X_CycleTime_us	This parameter specifies the minimum X2X cycle time used to calculate the safety response time.		200	μs
Min_Powerlink_CycleTime_us		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs	200	
wiii_Foweriiik_cycle+iiile_us	late the safety response	This parameter specifies the minimum POWERLINK cycle time used to calculate the safety response time.		μs
Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_		ues: 200 to 25,000 µs s the minimum cycle time for the copy task on the CPU	0	μs
CycleTime_us	used to calculate the sa	fety response time. The value 0 indicates that configu- ask are also included for the response time.		μο
	 Permissible values: 0 to 25,000 μs 			
Worst_Case_Response_Time_us	This parameter specifies the limit value for monitoring the safety response time.		50000	μs
	• Permissible values: 3000 to 5,000,000 μs (corresponds to 0 to 5 s)			
Node_Guarding_Lifetime	ing the time set with par	es the maximum number of attempts to be made dur- rameter "Node_Guarding_Timeout_s". The purpose of sure that the module is available.	5	-
	Permissible valu	ues: 1 to 255		
	Note			
	nous data traffic	configured value, the greater the amount of asynchro- c. not critical to safety functionality. The time for safe-		
	ly cutting off act	tuators is determined independently using parameter desponse_Time_us".		

Table 154: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety_Response_Time

SafeDESIGNER 4.2.x and higher:

Parameter		Default value	Unit	
Manual Configuration	This parameter makes it possible to manually and individually configure the safety response time for the module. The parameters for the safety response time are generally configured in the same way for all stations involved in the application. For this reason, these parameters are configured for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. For application situations in which individual safety functions require optimal response time behavior, the parameters for the safety response time can be configured individually on the respective module.			
	Parameter value	Parameter value Description		
	Yes	Data from the module's "Safety Responsetime" group is used to calculate the safety response time for the module's signals.		
	No	The parameters for the safety response "Safety Responsetime" group on the SafeLOGIC		ken from the
Synchronous Network Only	This parameter determi being used.	nes the synchronization characteristics of the network	Yes	-
	Parameter value Description			
	Yes In order to calculate the safety response time, networks must be synchronous and their cycle times must either be the same or an integer ratio of the cycle times.			
	No	No requirement for synchronization of the network	S	
Safe Data Duration	This parameter specifie controller and SafelO m	es the data transmission time between the SafeLOGIC nodule.	20000	μs
	Permissible values: 500 to 30,000,000 μs			
Additional Tolerated Packet Loss	This parameter specifies the number of additional tolerated lost packets during data transfer. O Packages			
	Permissible values: 0 to 20			
Packets per Node Guarding	This parameter specifies ing.	s the maximum number of packets used for node guard-	5	Packages
	Permissible values: 1 to 255			
	Note			
	The larger the configured value, the greater the amount of asynchronous data traffic.			
	_	ot critical to safety functionality. The time for safely cuts is determined independently of this.		

Table 155: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety Responsetime

5.7 Minimum signal lengths

The parameters in the "Safety Responsetime" group in SafeDESIGNER influence the maximum number of data packets that can fail without triggering a safety response. These parameters therefore act like a switch-off filter. If several data packets are lost within the tolerated amount, safety signals may not be detected if their low phase is shorter than the determined data transmission time.

Danger!

Lost signals can result in serious safety errors. Check all signals to determine the smallest possible pulse length and make sure that it is larger than the determined data transmission time.

Possible solution:

- The switch-on filter can be used to extend the low phase of a signal on the input module.
- Low phases of signals from the SafeLOGIC controller can be lengthened with restart inhibit functions or timer function blocks.

6 Detecting errors within the module

The red "SE" LED makes it possible to evaluate the following error states:

- Module error, e.g. defective RAM, defective CPU, etc.
- · Overtemperature/Undertemperature
- · Overvoltage/Undervoltage
- Incompatible firmware version
- Incorrect configuration

Errors that occur within the module are detected with the diagnostic coverage (DC) specified in the respective safety function in accordance with the requirements of the standards listed in the certificate. After this occurs, the module reverts back to a safe state within the safe error response time.

The internal module tests needed for this are only performed, however, if the module's firmware has been booted and the module is in either the PREOPERATIONAL state or the OPERATIONAL state. If this state is not achieved (for example, because the module has not been configured in the application), then the module will remain in the boot state.

The boot state is clearly indicated by the following SE LED blink sequences:



Danger!

Operating the safety module in boot mode is not permitted.

Danger!

A safety-related output channel is only permitted to be switched off for a maximum of 24 hours. The channel must be switched on by the end of this period so that the module's internal channel test can be performed.

Chapter 6 • Safety technology

1 Integrated safety technology - SafeMOTION

1.1 General information

The safety functions integrated in the drive open up entirely new possibilities for guaranteeing the safety of personnel while maintaining maximum machine availability.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with integrated safety technology round off the B&R safety concept and make it possible to design an entire safety application using state-of-the-art products from B&R.

Information:

Due to the internal cycle time on the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, the POWERLINK cycle time must be set to 800 µs or a whole-number multiple of 800 µs.

The products are intended for use worldwide, in the following areas for example:

- Automotive industry
- Electrical industry
- · Beverages industry
- Food industry
- · Glass and cement building materials industry
- · Handling robotics industry
- · Metal industry
- · Packaging industry
- Paper printing industry
- · Pharmaceutical industry
- Plastics industry
- · Textile industry
- · Transport systems
- · Wood handling and processing industry

This list shows typical areas of application but is by no means complete.

Danger!

B&R drive systems and servo motors have been designed, developed and manufactured for conventional use in industrial environments. They were not designed, developed and manufactured for any use involving serious risks or hazards that could lead to death, injury, serious physical damage or loss of any kind without the implementation of exceptionally stringent safety precautions.

In particular, such risks and hazards include the use of these devices to monitor nuclear reactions in nuclear power plants, their use in flight control or flight safety systems as well as in the control of mass transportation systems, medical life support systems or weapons systems.

1.2 Safe power transmission system

The main components of a safe power transmission system are the safe inverter module or servo drive, the encoder cable, the motor cable and a motor with a position encoder that meets the requirements for use in integrated safety technology.

The following components are permanently installed:

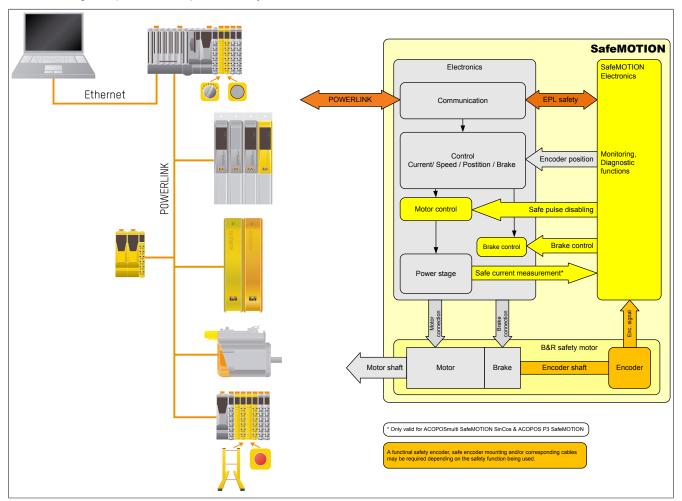


Figure 57: Safe power transmission system

Safe drive module

The safe drive module basically consists of a standard module with additional SafeMOTION hardware and firmware.

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented using an integrated SafeMOTION module on ACOPOS-multi inverter modules and the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION inverter unit.

One SafeMOTION module is integrated in the safe drive for each safe axis. A safe 1-axis module includes one permanent installed SafeMOTION module and is the equivalent of one POWERLINK node and one safe node.

With ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, a 2-axis module includes two permanent installed SafeMOTION modules and is the equivalent of one POWERLINK node and two safe nodes.

On ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, SafeMOTION integrated safety technology is implemented as an integrated option. On ACOPOS P3 servo drives, up to 3 axes are integrated in a SafeMOTION module. An ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive corresponds to a safe node (regardless of the number of axes integrated in a SafeMOTION module).

As before, actual control is performed via the standard application and is not safety-related. The additional SafeMOTION components provides safety-related monitoring of predefined limits based on requirements, however. If these limits are exceeded, the SafeMOTION module activates safe pulse disabling and the motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V.

1.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Motor with safe position encoder

In order to be able to use all safety functions, the use of an EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder from Heidenhain is mandatory! With standard EnDat 2.2 encoders, only the STO, SBC and time-monitored SS1 safety functions are available!

B&R safety motors (Sx encoder option)

For motors with the Sx encoder option, the EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder is installed in strict accordance with Heidenhain's installation guidelines.

In this way, encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage can be ruled out as a mechanical error.

Danger!

Encoders used with B&R safety motors (Sx encoder option) are only permitted to be replaced by B&R! If the encoder is replaced by someone other than B&R, mechanical errors such as encoder slippage or shaft breakage can no longer be ruled out.

B&R standard motors (Dx encoder option)

For motors with the Dx encoder option, the SafeMOTION module can sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage in some applications. In this case, the application must meet all requirements specified under 2.3.3.2 "Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring" on page 279, and all limitations listed in this section must be taken into account. Under these conditions, B&R standard motors can also be used for safety applications!

Combining B&R motors with gearboxes

Danger!

When combining B&R motors with gearboxes, the mechanical connection between the motor and gearbox does not meet "functional safety" requirements. It is not possible to rule out slippage or breakage.

For combinations of B&R motors and gearboxes, only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

The use of B&R motor-gearbox combinations is <u>not</u> permitted with <u>hanging loads and other comparable applications</u> where breakage between the motor and gearbox would result in a dangerous situation!

Encoder cable

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with a male DSUB connector. Please note the instructions in the "Cable connection via male DSUB connector" section under 6.1.3.1 "Wiring / General information / Connection diagrams for ground and shield connections / 8BVI inverter modules with SafeMOTION (1-axis modules)" on page 151.

Information:

Only 8BCF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with using a mini I/O connector. See ACOPOS P3 user's manual MAACPP3-ENG, chapter "Wiring".

Information:

Only 8ECF EnDat 2.2 cables from B&R or 8ECH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces!

Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R or 8BCH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors!

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Information:

Only 8ECM motor cables from B&R or 8ECH hybrid motor cables from B&R are permitted to be wired to the motor connections!

1.2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Available safety functions

In order to use all of the available safety functions, the encoders used must meet the requirements listed in section 2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 270. Note that fault exclusion is required for encoder slippage and encoder shaft breakage and that the encoder installation must therefore be evaluated accordingly.

If encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage is covered only by the lag error monitoring performed by the SafeMOTION module, then the safety-related use of the Safe Homing, SLP and SMP safety functions is not permitted!

Compatible B&R standard motors (Ex encoder option)

For B&R standard motors, the SafeMOTION module can sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage in some safety applications. In this case, the safety application must meet all of the requirements specified under 2.3.3.2 "Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring" on page 279, and all limitations listed in this section must be taken into consideration. Under these conditions, B&R standard motors can be used for safety applications.

· Encoder cable and encoder

The encoder cable is connected to the SafeMOTION module with a male DSUB connector. Please note the instructions in the "Cable connection via male DSUB connector" section under 6.1.3.1 "Wiring / General information / Connection diagrams for ground and shield connections / 8BVI inverter modules with SafeMOTION (1-axis modules)" on page 151.

The following encoder types are used with B&R standard motors with encoder options E0/E1, E4/E5 and E6/E7:

Heidenhain ECN 1313, EQN 1325, ECN 1113, EQN 1125 (for details, see 1.2.4 "B&R motors / List of encoders / SinCos measuring instruments" on page 257)

Information:

Only 8BCS encoder cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the encoder interfaces.

Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

Third-party motors

Note the requirements for encoders and motors listed in section 2.3.2.2 "Sine-Cosine encoders" on page 270. Under these conditions, third-party motors can be used for safety applications.

Encoder cables and encoders

The encoders used must meet the requirements set forth in 2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 270, in particular those listed under "EMC requirements for the SinCos measuring instrument" on page 273.

In addition, the wiring from the inverter module to the motor and within the motor itself must be comparable to that of B&R cables and B&R motors. If not, it must be subjected to a complete type examination with the increased test levels specified in IEC 61326-3-1!

Information:

If cables from other manufacturers are used, make sure that they have the same wave parameters and the same design as the respective B&R cable. If deviations exist, additional measures are necessary to ensure that EMC directives are met. When using cables from other manufacturers, B&R cannot guarantee adherence to EMC limit values! The connectors on the cables as well as on the motors are part of a properly functioning EMC concept!

For details, see the ACOPOSmulti user's manual (MAACPM-ENG) under "Technical data / Cables".

Motor cable

The motor cable is connected to the safe inverter module with a male motor connector.

Information:

Only 8BCM motor cables from B&R are permitted to be connected to the motor connectors.

1.2.3 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Motor with safe position encoder

In order to use the safety functions, an EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder from Heidenhain is a fixed component of the ACOPOSmotor. It is installed strictly according to the guidelines provided by Heidenhain.

In this way, encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage can be ruled out as a mechanical error.

Combining ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with gearboxes

Danger!

When combining ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION with gearboxes, the mechanical connection between the motor and gearbox does not meet "functional safety" requirements. It is not possible to rule out slippage or breakage.

For combinations of ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION and gearboxes, only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

The use of ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION and gearbox combinations is <u>not</u> permitted with <u>hanging loads</u> <u>and other comparable applications</u> where breakage between the motor and gearbox would result in a dangerous situation!

Information:

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules with gearbox mounting are not available.

1.2.4 B&R motors / Encoder list

The encoders in this list have been tested and approved by B&R for the safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

EnDat 2.2 FS measuring instruments

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	ECN1325	678919-12 678919-03 678919-53	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, 2048-line Mounted optical rotary encoder	S0/D0	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQN1337	678921-02 677921-03 678921-53	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn, 2048-line, 4096 revolutions Mounted optical rotary encoder	S1/D1	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECN1123	640745-01 743586-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, 512-line Mounted optical rotary encoder	S4/D4	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQN1135	640746-01 743587-01	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn, 512-line, 4096 revolutions Mounted optical rotary encoder	S5/D5	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECI1319	810661-02 810661-04	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, 16-line Mounted inductive rotary encoder	SA/DA	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQI1331	810662-03 807100-01 810662-04	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn, 16-line, 4096 revolutions Mounted inductive rotary encoder	SB/DB	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECI1119	826930-01 826930-02	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, 16-line Mounted inductive rotary encoder	S8/D8/B8	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQI1131	826933-12 826980-01 826980-02	EnDat 2.2 multi-turn, 16-line, 4096 revolutions Mounted inductive rotary encoder	multi-turn, S9/D9/B9 96 revolutions	
Heidenhain	LC415-570	89674-11	EnDat 2.2 20 µm grating period Encapsulated length measuring systems	-	SIL2
Heidenhain	RCN 2310	667789-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, Angular measuring instrument Optical		SIL2
Heidenhain	RCN 8310	667601-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, Angular measuring instrument Optical		SIL2
Heidenhain	RCN 8510	667595-01	EnDat 2.2 single-turn, Angular measuring instrument Optical	-	SIL2

Table 156: Measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules and ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

The following SinCos measuring instruments have been tested with respect to their safety requirements and their suitability for use with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules:

SinCos measuring instruments

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	ECN1313	586 640-11 586 640-51	EnDat single-turn, 512-line	E0 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQN1325	586 654-05 586 654-55	EnDat multi-turn, 512-line, 4096 revolutions	E1 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECI1317	623 042-07 623 042-52	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line	E2	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI1329	623 079-14 623 079-61	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line, 4096 revolutions	E3	Not suitable
Heidenhain	ECN1113	606 684-01 606 684-P1	EnDat single-turn, 512-line	E4 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2
Heidenhain	EQN1125	606 689-13 606 689-16	EnDat multi-turn, 512-line, 4096 revolutions	E5 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECN1313	586 643-03	EnDat single-turn, 2048-line	E6 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2

Table 157: Measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules

Manufacturer	Name	Vendor ID Model number	Description	B&R Motor option	Achievable Safety level
Heidenhain	EQN1325	586 653-06	EnDat multi-turn, 2048-line, 4096 revolutions	E7 8LS starting with Rev. C3 8JS starting with Rev. C0	SIL2
Heidenhain	ECI1118	622 503-01	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 16-line	E8	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI1130	598 412-03	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 16-line, 4096 revolutions	E9	Not suitable
Heidenhain	ECI1319	623 042-04 623 042-54	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line	EA	Not suitable
Heidenhain	EQI1331	623 079-08 623 079-58	EnDat single-turn, (inductive), 32-line, 4096 revolutions	EB	Not suitable
AMO	LMKA	LMKA-x3100.x0x-x, x- Sxx	Absolute length measuring system SSI + 1 Vss	-	SIL2
Pepperl Fuchs	RVS58S	RVS58S-xxxxxxxxZ	SinCos rotary encoder 1 Vss 1024-/2048-line	-	SIL3
Kübler	Sendix 5863 SIL/ 5883 SIL	8.5863SIL.1xxx.xx2x	Multi-turn rotary encoder SSI/BISS + 1 Vss 2048-line	-	SIL3

Table 157: Measuring instruments for safe evaluation of ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules

Information:

The "B&R motors / Encoder list" is current as of the publication of this version of the user's manual. The latest version of the "B&R motors / Encoder list" can be downloaded from www.br-automation.com.

1.3 The idle current principle

Integrated safety technology in the SafeMOTION module uses the idle current principle. When there is a logical 0 at a controller input or the current is interrupted, the corresponding safety function or error response is executed. The idle current principle ensures that the system tends toward the safest possible result in case of failure.

This method is an example of the general principle referred to in engineering as "fail-safe".

This is why the only safe function is the cutoff of a drive's energy and torque. The consequences that are described below are a result of the fail-safe principle.

Danger!

After the safe state (STO) is activated or in state FAIL SAFE, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force.

If the motor was moving before STO is activated, it is only stopped by a safe motor holding brake (if available) or by the friction of the complete system!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

During a fault event, the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force. Safe pulse disabling (STO) is active.

Information:

Safe pulse disabling

Torque and power are switched off on the drive. No electrical pulses are transmitted from the drive to the motor.

If the drive is in motion at the time of the error, then it will coast to a stop. The residual movement and remaining time must be considered for the worst-case scenario when making all of the calculations for the machine's safety circuit.

Danger!

An error can result in a forward movement followed by the motor coasting to a stop. When estimating the distance and time that results from the forward movement / coasting to a stop, the worst case scenario (i.e. the current maximum possible speed) must always be assumed.

The maximum possible drive speed is calculated from the maximum possible acceleration and the error response time, plus the actively monitored speed limit.

Danger!

Note that multiple errors in the IGBT bridge can cause a brief forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation φ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used. For permanent magnet synchronous motors, $\varphi = 360^{\circ}/2p$ (for B&R standard motors, p=3 so the angle is 60°). For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

This short forward movement can be excluded as a fault in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1, among other things due to the improbability that this would occur and due to general technical experience.

2 Principle - Implementing safety functions

Danger!

The C standards relevant to applications must be observed!

Danger!

Activating safe pulse disabling is not sufficient for achieving a voltage-free drive and therefore does not provide sufficient protection against electrical shock!

2.1 Safe pulse disabling

2.1.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

Safe pulse disabling in ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules has the exact same structure as in standard ACOPOSmulti inverter modules.

The difference is that no external wiring is required. Instead, pulse disabling is activated internally by the SafeMOTION module. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION module.

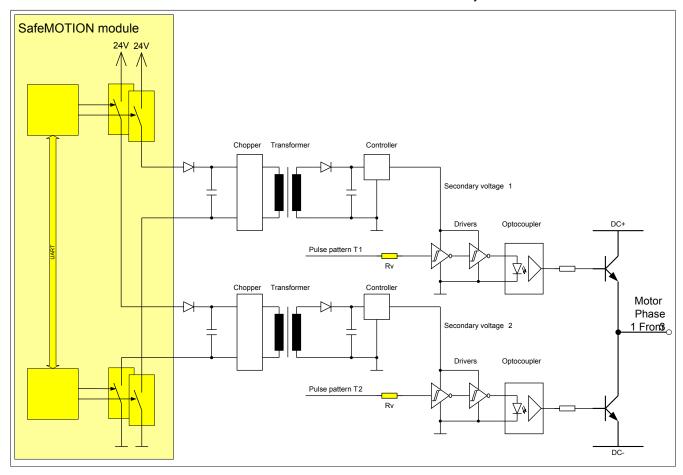


Figure 58: Control of safe pulse disabling - ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

2.1.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

Like standard ACOPOSmotor modules, safe pulse disabling on ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules isolates the power supply for the gate control.

No external wiring is required; instead, pulse disabling is activated internally by the SafeMOTION module. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION module.

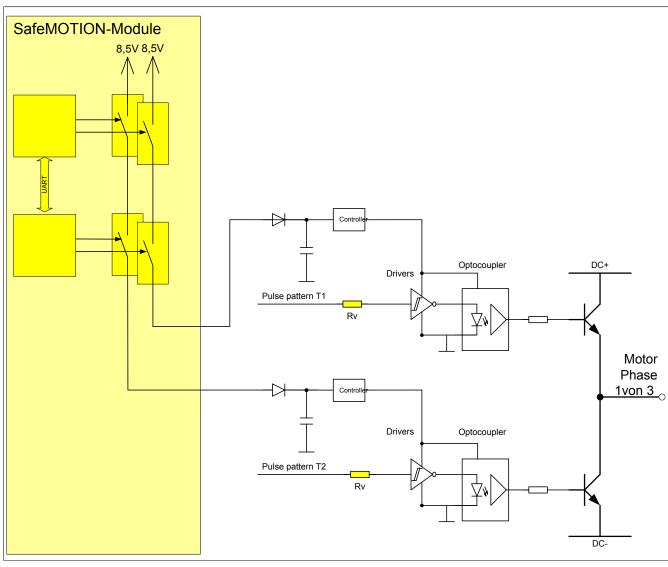


Figure 59: Control of safe pulse disabling - ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

2.1.3 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

Safe pulse disabling in ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives has the exact same structure as in standard ACOPOS P3 servo drives.

The difference is that no external wiring is required. Instead, pulse disabling is activated internally in the module by the SafeMOTION components. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION components.

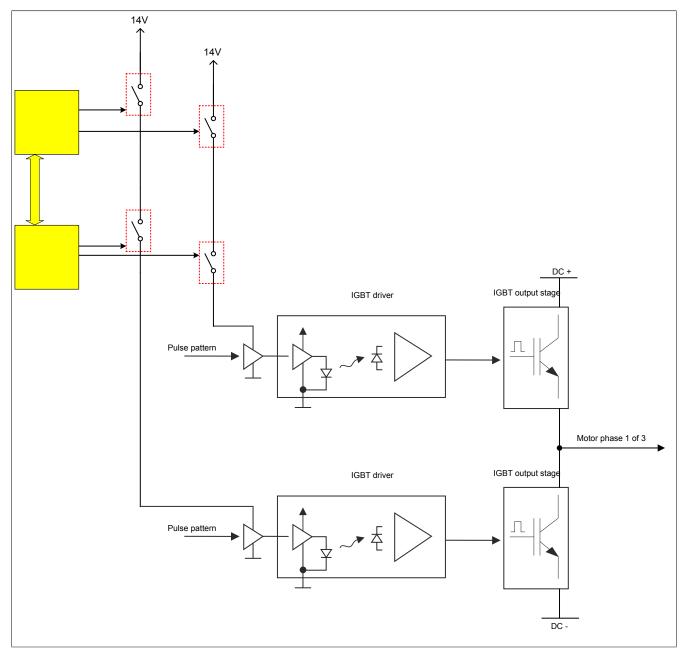


Figure 60: Controlling safe pulse disabling on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

Information:

Safe pulse disabling is controlled directly by the SafeMOTION module. External wiring is not possible. This also means it is not necessary to apply fault exclusion to wiring errors!

2.2 Safe motor holding brake output

2.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module

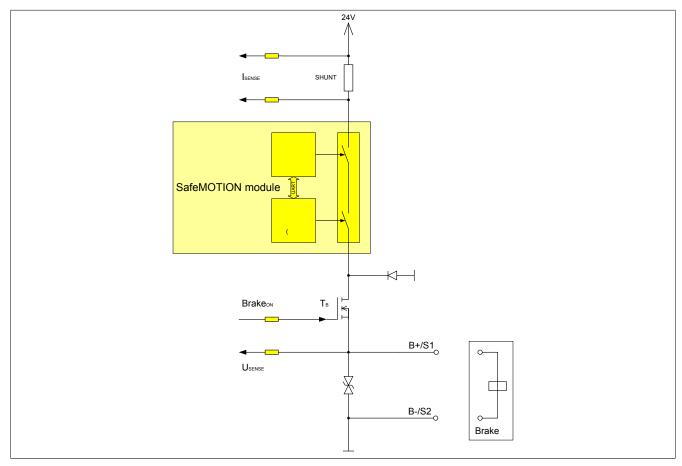


Figure 61: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

A wiring error that causes the output B+ to be shorted to 24 V causes the actuator to remain turned on despite the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state being activated.

Error description	Effects	Safety function in accordance with category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d maintained?
Short circuit: B+ and B-	Error not detected by module-internal testing. However, this is not critical since the motor holding brake is not released in this case (remains engaged).	Yes The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.
Short circuit between 24 V and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake always remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V! This is a critical error and must therefore be prevented through wiring.	No Wiring error must be prevented through appropriate wiring!
Short circuit between ground and B+	Error not detected by module-internal testing. However, this is not critical since the motor holding brake is not released in this case (remains engaged).	Yes The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.

Table 158: Wiring error in safe motor holding brake output

Danger!

The FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state is activated if the SBC output B+ is shorted to 24 V (i.e. safe pulse disabling is activated). The brake always remains on/released, however, due to the short circuit to 24 V! This can lead to dangerous situations because the motor holding brake cannot brake or prevent the spin-out movement (or the unrestrained lowering in the case of hanging loads)! Appropriate wiring measures must be implemented to ensure that the SBC output B+ is not shorted to 24 V!

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output voltage of ≤ 5 V can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a voltage of 5 V.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

Make sure to take this into consideration when selecting the motor holding brake.

2.2.2 ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module

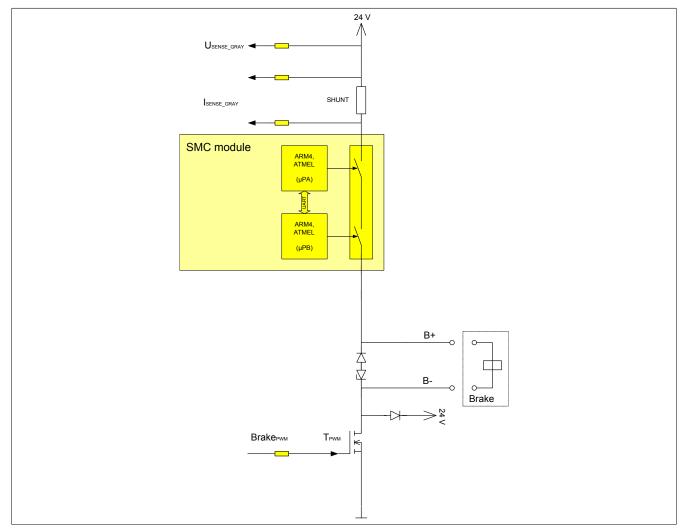


Figure 62: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

Information:

Wiring faults can be excluded since the motor holding brake is integrated in ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules.

2.2.3 ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives

The safe motor holding brake output on ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives is activated internally in the module by the SafeMOTION components. The function is controlled via two channels and tested by the SafeMOTION components.

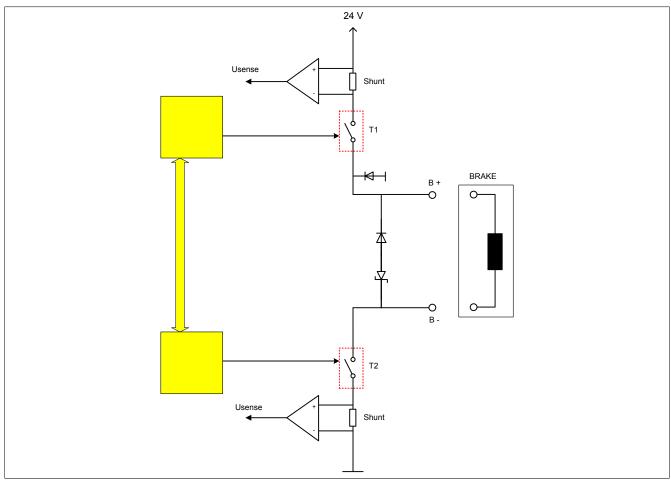


Figure 63: Connection of safe motor holding brake output

The following wiring errors can occur on the safe motor holding brake output:

Error description	Effects	Safety function in accordance with category 3 / SIL 2 / PL d maintained?
Short circuit: B+ and B-	Error detected by module-internal testing if short circuit current greater than the specified continuous current of the motor holding brake output. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake always remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V!	
Short circuit between 24 V and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is enabled, and the brake output is cut off.	Yes The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.
Short circuit between ground and B+	Error detected by module-internal testing. The error detection causes the SafeMOTION module to change to the acknowledgeable error state. Safe pulse disabling is activated, and the brake always remains open due to the short circuit to 24 V!	Yes The motor holding brake output remains in the safe state.

Table 159: Wiring error in safe motor holding brake output

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Danger!

The SBC output

- is not permitted to be wired to multiple modules!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open emitter!
- is not permitted to be wired as an open collector!

Danger!

Only an output current of ≤30 mA can be ensured for the safe motor holding brake output when shut off. When selecting a motor holding brake, the user must ensure that the required braking torque is reached at a current of 30 mA.

Information:

The transistors of the SBC output stage are tested cyclically. When the output channels are active, this test emits low pulses on the output with a maximum length of 600 µs.

Make sure to take this into consideration when selecting the motor holding brake.

Danger!

The motor holding brake is engaged in the safe state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

Information:

The safe motor holding brake output is only a part of safe function group "Safe motor holding brake". The motor holding brake must be included when determining the safety category or SIL for the entire function group.

2.3 Safe encoder input

2.3.1 Assessing the safety integrity of the overall system

The entire chain, from the encoder to the safety function, must always be taken into consideration when assessing safety integrity.

2.3.1.1 PFH value

To determine the PFH value for the entire safety chain, the PFH value of the current safety function (see 3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 284) and the PFH value of the encoder must be added:

2.3.1.2 Category

To determine the category, the category of the respective safety function and the category of the encoder must both be taken into account (encoder manufacturer specifications or determined according to method described).

They must be viewed as a chain, which means the lower of the two categories must be used!

2.3.1.3 Performance level

When determining the performance level of the overall system, all elements that participate in the safety function must be viewed as a chain.

The PL that is achieved for the safety function can then be determined according to "Figure 5" or "Table K.1 – Numerical representation of Figure 5" in EN ISO 13849.

2.3.1.4 SIL

The SIL of the overall system results from the overall PFH value. As a rule of thumb, the drive system (safety function of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module plus the measuring instrument used) should account for no more then 10% of the SIL limit.

Note that the maximum SIL of the respective safety function (see 3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 284) cannot be exceeded. This also applies if the PFH value of the chain would be sufficient to achieve a higher SIL!

A maximum of SIL 2 can be reached with a non-certified SinCos encoder.

Safety-related evaluation is not possible for EnDat 2.2 encoders without FS certification, and they therefore cannot be used for safety functions that require safe position evaluation.

2.3.2 Electrical interface

2.3.2.1 EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder

The conceptual design of the integrated safety functions in ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules³⁾ includes the use of a Heidenhain EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder.

The EnDat 2.2 safety encoder must be installed in such a manner as to eliminate the possibility of slippage and encoder shaft breakage. Please follow the installation guidelines from Heidenhain.

In some applications, the SafeMOTION module is able to sufficiently detect encoder slippage or encoder shaft breakage. Mechanical fault exclusion is not necessary for these applications.

Danger!

Some safety-related measuring instruments can only be used in a closed control loop. This limitation is indicated in the technical data for the respective measuring instrument.

These types of safety-related measuring instruments are not permitted to be used in combination with a SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 module!

Information:

If safety functions are used that require a safe speed and/or position, then a Heidenhain EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder must be used. Otherwise, the process data from the encoder is set to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

2.3.2.1.1 Safe encoder counting range

The safe encoder counting range can be found in the data sheet of the respective encoder. On ECN 1325 single-turn and EQN 1337 multi-turn rotary encoders, this range corresponds with the single-turn range. See excerpt from the data sheet:

Technische Kennwerte	Absolut		
	ECN 1325 Singleturn	EQN 1337 Multitum	
Funktionale Sicherheit für Anwendungen bis	 SIL 2 nach EN 61508 (weitere Prüfgrundlage: EN 61800-5-2) Kategorie 3 PL d nach EN ISO 13849-1:2008 		
	Sicher im Singleturn-Betrieb		

Information:

The manufacturer's most recent data sheet is the one that is valid. The user is responsible for obtaining this information from the manufacturer.

2.3.2.2 Sine-Cosine encoders

The conceptual design of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module includes safe evaluation of analog, sinusoidal incremental signals. For this to be possible, the encoder must meet the requirements specified under 2.3.2.2.1 "Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments" on page 270.

2.3.2.2.1 Safety requirements for SinCos measuring instruments

General information

In table D.16, the DIN EN 61800-5-2 standard specifies a general fault model for motion and position sensors that is independent of the construction and design of the motion and position sensors. The following specifications regarding the fault model specified in DIN EN 61800-5-2 refer only to the purely analog 1 V_{ss} signals of a measuring instrument.

Technical data for the encoder interface

The measuring instrument must be suitable according to the technical data for the encoder interface.

Encoder interfaces 1)				
Encoder power supply				
Output voltage	5 V ±5% ²⁾	5 V ±5% ³⁾	5 V ±5% ²⁾	
Load capacity	300 mA ⁴⁾			
Sense lines	2, comper	nsation of max. 2 x 0.7 V		
Protective measures				
Short circuit protection		Yes		
Sine/Cosine inputs				
Signal transmission	Different	al signals, symmetrical		
Differential voltage				
In motion	0.5 to 1.35 V ⁵⁾			
At standstill	0.8 to 1.35 V ⁶⁾			
Differential voltage deviation per signal period		±10% ⁷⁾		
Common-mode voltage		Max. ±7 V		
Terminating resistor		120 Ω		
Max. input frequency	200 kHz			
Signal frequency (-5 dB)	<300 kHz			
Signal frequency (-3 dB)	DC up to 200 kHz			
ADC resolution	12-bit			

Table 160: Encoder interface - Technical data

- Only shielded cables are permitted to be used.
 - The stranded wire for the analog interface (Sin, nSin, Cos, nCos, Ref, nRef) and the digital interface (T, nT, D, nD) must be twisted pair with a wave impedance of 120 Ω ±10%.
 - Additional shielding of the analog interface is recommended.
- 2) During the power-on procedure for the encoder supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.
 - A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V should not damage the encoder electronics in any way.
 - An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.
- 4) An actual reserve of 12 mA exists for the terminating resistor.
- 5) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.
 - The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((Sin nSin)^2 + (Cos nCos)^2)}$ is monitored according to the specified limits.
- 6) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring.

 The pointer length z = 2 √((Sin nSin)² + (Cos nCos)²) is also monitored according to the specified limits from the time the evaluation circuit is switched on until a signal period has passed.
- 7) The sine-cosine output signals from the measuring instrument are checked by the evaluation circuit using pointer length monitoring. The pointer length $z = 2 \sqrt{((\sin n\sin)^2 + (\cos n\cos)^2)}$ is permitted to deviate by a maximum of ±10% per signal period.

Danger!

During the power-on procedure for the encoder power supply voltage (2 seconds), the monitoring limit for the supply voltage is increased from 5.25 V to 6 V. In this phase, overvoltages up to 6 V are not detected.

A short-term overvoltage of maximum 6 V must not damage the encoder electronics in any way.

An undervoltage on the encoder power supply will result in a sine or cosine signal outside the specification.

Requirements from the "Error list for movement and position sensors in accordance with EN 61800-5-2:2007", Table D.16

The following requirements from the error list must be assessed and implemented by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or the machine manufacturer.

No.	Fault description	Fault exclusion	Comment	Requirements that must be met by the measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manu- facturer
8	Parts become loose at a standstill: Sensor housing comes off motor housing Sensor shaft comes off motor shaft	FMEA and proof of fatigue strength of mechanical attachment	Output signal indicates a speed of zero. If fault exclusion is employed, the fastening mechanism for the sensor housing on the motor housing and the sensor shaft on the motor shaft generally withstands excessive stress up to a factor of approximately 20x and any special maintenance information must be provided.	Fault exclusion based on appropriate mounting must be applied in all cases. Exceptions: In synchronous motors applications where the encoder is integrated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
Ø		FMEA and proof of fatigue strength of mechanical at- tachment	Potential effect: • Static offset of sensor shaft • Dynamic slippage of sensor shaft • Output signal is incorrect / indicates a speed of zero If fault exclusion is employed, the fastening mechanism for the sensor housing on the motor housing and the sensor shaft on the motor shaft generally withstands excessive stress up to a factor of approximately 20x and any special maintenance information must be provided.	Fault exclusion based on appropriate mounting must be applied in all cases. Exceptions: In synchronous motors applications where the encoder is integrated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
10	Measuring element comes loose ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder disc)	None	Output provides incorrect position information	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error. This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
11	No light in front of sensor diode	None	-	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error. This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
Additio	nal requirements for rotary	encoders with sin/cos output	signals, analog signal generation	1
12	Static signal on inputs and outputs, individual or on multiple signals, amplitude in the voltage supply range	None	-	The output signals (sine and cosine) must be generated independently. If this requirement is met, the error is detected by pointer length monitoring on the SafeMOTION module with a diagnostic coverage (DC) of 99%.
14	Swapping the sine and co- sine output signal	Fault exclusion is permitted if no electronic components are used to select an output signal from multiple sources.		Fault exclusion is required by the measuring instrument manufacturer.

Table 161: Error list for movement and position sensors using the standardized error model in accordance with EN 61800-5-2:2007 (Table D.16)

No.	Fault description	Fault exclusion	Comment	Requirements that must be met by the measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manu- facturer
21	Distortion of the output signals in any way	None	-	Synthetically generated output signals are not permitted to be used.
				Exception: Encoders with safety certification, as long as error detection in the encoder is safety-related.
Addition	onal requirements for linear	encoders		
23	Mounting for read head broken		If fault exclusion is required, the sensor mounting usually withstands the excessive stress that takes place and specific maintenance information should be spec-	Fault exclusion based on appropriate mounting must be applied in all cases.
			ified.	Exceptions: In synchronous motors applications where the encoder is integrated in position control, errors can be localized using the safe lag error monitoring function in the SafeMOTION module.
24	Static offset of measuring element ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder strips)	None	-	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error.
				This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.
25	Damaged measuring element ^{a)} (e.g. optical encoder strips)	None	Pulse shape changed. Pulses missing on incremental encoders	An error that would lead to a position deviation larger than ±1/2 of a signal period must change the sine-cosine signal enough that pointer length monitoring detects an error.
				This error must be assessed by the measuring instrument manufacturer.

NOTE: This table was written assuming the use of optical sensors. If other sensors are used (e.g. inductive sensors), then the respective errors apply.

Table 161: Error list for movement and position sensors using the standardized error model in accordance with EN 61800-5-2:2007 (Table D.16)

- a) Does not apply to resolvers.
- b) Applies correspondingly to linear encoders.

Items not listed in table D.16 are covered by the safety-related evaluation of the sine and cosine signals on the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module with a diagnostic coverage of 99%!

EMC requirements for the SinCos measuring instrument

The necessary EMC tests must conform with the higher testing levels in accordance with IEC 61326-3-1. The measuring instrument manufacturer or machine manufacturer must provide proof that the measuring instrument conforms to the higher testing levels!

Safety-related values

The ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module offers the possibility of using certified or non-certified SinCos measuring instruments. When determining the safety characteristics of the overall system, non-certified and certified encoders require different procedures.

Non-certified measuring instruments

In order to assess safety integrity, the measuring instrument manufacturer must provide one of the following characteristics. These values can then be used to calculate the PFH for the encoder via diagnostics and encoder evaluation and therefore assess the safety integrity of the overall system.

Value	Unit	Short name	Description
MTTF	[h]	Mean time to failure (mean time to failure)	The MTTF can be directly used to assess safety concepts in accordance with EN ISO 13849.
			The MTTF (mean time to failure) can be performed for components by analyzing field
			data or by predictive analysis. At a constant failure rate, the average of the failure-free operating time MTTF = $1/\lambda$, where λ is the failure rate of the instrument. (Statistically, the assumption can be made that 63.2% of the respective components will experience failure after the MTTF has expired.)
λ	[10 ⁻⁹ 1/h],[FIT]	Failure rate	To assess the safe failure rate according to DIN EN 61508, the FIT value (reciprocal of
		(Failures In Time)	the MTTF value) must be used as the failure rate.
λ_{D}			If no detailed breakdown of failure rates ($\lambda_F = \lambda_{F1} + \lambda_{F2} + + \lambda_{Fn}$) is specified for the mea-
		Dangerous failure rate	suring instrument being used, the default rate is equally distributed among the faults tak-
$\lambda_{\rm S}$			en into account in the error model in table D.16 in DIN EN 61800-5-2.
		Safe failure rate	If no detailed breakdown of failure rates ($\lambda_F = \lambda_S + \lambda_D$) is specified for the measuring in-
			strument being used, then 50% of the failures will be assumed dangerous in accordance with EN ISO 13849.

Table 162: Characteristics required for non-certified SinCos measuring instruments

Calculating the relevant characteristic values when using non-certified SinCos measuring instruments

PFH value of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The safety integrity level is determined based on the PFH value. There are two methods for determining the PFH value of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation:

⇒ Method 1: Determining from the MTTF_d (mean time to dangerous failure) of the encoder being used
The probability of failure per hour (PFH) for the safety function is calculated from the MTTF_d of the encoder being used and the DC of the SafeMOTION module.

$$PFH_{Encoders} = \frac{1 - DC}{MTTF_d}$$

In the absence of more detailed information about the failure of the measuring instrument, it is assumed that 50% of errors are dangerous.

$$MTTF_d = 2MTTF$$

 \Rightarrow Method 2: Determining from the λ_D (dangerous failure rate) of the encoder being used

The probability of failure per hour (PFH) for the safety function is determined from the dangerous failure rate (λ_D) of the encoder and the DC of the SafeMOTION module.

$$PFH_{Encoders} = \lambda_D(1 - DC)$$

The encoder evaluation of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module has a DC of 99%.

Category (Cat.) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Safe encoder evaluation can be assessed at Cat. 3 when using a non-certified measuring instrument. This is because the requirements from EN ISO 13849 for diagnostic coverage (DC) and common cause factor (CCF) are met through the named requirements and through the monitoring of the encoder power supply voltage in the evaluation logic.

Performance level (PL) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The performance level of a system can be determined using the figures or tables provided in EN ISO 13849.

Depending on the $MTTF_d$ and PFH value of the SinCos encoder, up to PL d can be achieved (see Figure 5 in EN ISO 13849).

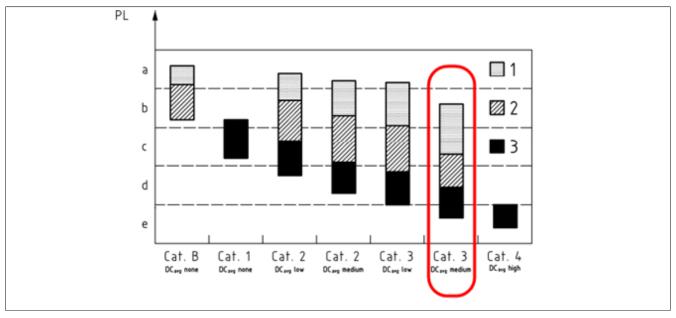


Figure 64: Relationship between DCavg, MTTFd of each channel and PL according to EN ISO 13849-1, Figure 5

N1000 Key

- 1 MTTF_d of each channel = Low
- 2 MTTF_d of each channel = Medium
- 3 MTTF_d of each channel = High
- PL Performance level

MTTF _d				
Name for each channel	Range for each channel			
Low	3 years ≤ MTTF _d < 10 years			
Medium	10 years ≤ MTTF _d < 30 years			
Portrait	30 years ≤ MTTF _d ≤ 100 years			

Table 163: Mean time to dangerous failure (MTTFd) of each channel in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1, Table 5

SIL capability of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

The safety integrity level of a device depends on whether it is operated in a high demand mode of operation or low demand mode of operation.

When operating in a high demand mode of operation, it is assumed that the safety function will be requested continuously or an average of once per hour. For a continuous or high demand mode of operation, the PFH measure is used, which specifies the safety function's probability of failure per hour.

A position measuring instrument is evaluated as a device with a high demand mode of operation.

The maximum possible safety integrity level of a SinCos encoder can be determined as follows.

Safety integrity level (SIL)	Average frequency of dangerous failure of the safety function [h ⁻¹] (PFH)
4	≤10 ⁻⁹ to <10 ⁻⁸
3	≤10-8 to <10-7
2	≤10 ⁻⁷ to <10 ⁻⁶
1	≤10 ⁻⁶ to <10 ⁻⁵

Table 164: Safety integrity levels and target failure measures for a safety function operating in high demand mode of operation or continuous mode of operation in accordance with EN 61508-1:2010, Table 3

The following characteristic values are used to assess the SIL:

System type

As defined in DIN EN 61508, systems are classified as Type A and Type B. Since a SinCos encoder includes complex components (e.g. OPV), it is considered a Type B system.

Hardware fault tolerance (HFT)

A hardware fault tolerance of N means that N+1 faults could lead to a failure of the safety function. The hardware fault tolerance is determined based on the MooN architecture used. MooN stands for "M out of N channel architecture" and describes the architecture of a SIL device. For example, "1002" refers to an architecture with 2 channels where either of the channels is able to execute the safety function.

In order to provide single fault tolerance, both signals (sine and cosine) must be generated independently and the safety function (position information) must be contained in both signals. The position information can only be obtained by evaluating both signals, however.

The SinCos encoder input is to be viewed as single-channel with respect to the position and speed safety functions and can only be assessed as HFT = 0.

Safe Failure Fraction (SFF)

SFF is the fraction of safe failures. The higher the required SIL rating, the higher the SFF must be. A system's SFF is calculated from the failure rates (λ values) of the individual components.

To determine the SFF of the SinCos encoder, pointer length monitoring of SinCos signals in the SafeMOTION module is used to increase diagnostic coverage. This additional diagnostics increases the DC level to HIGH.

Safe failure fraction of an element	Hardware fault tolerance		
	0	1	2
<60%	Not permitted	SIL 1	SIL 2
60% - <90%	SIL 1	SIL 2	SIL 3
90% - <99%	SIL 2	SIL 3	SIL 4
≥99%	SIL 3	SIL 4	SIL 4

Table 165: Maximum allowable safety integrity level for a safety function carried out by a type B safety-related element or subsystem in accordance with EN 61508-2:2010, Table 3

Information:

When a safety-related system executes a safety function over a single channel, the maximum safety integrity level that can be claimed for the safety function under consideration shall be determined by the subsystem with the lowest requirements for hardware safety integrity.

Information:

The overall ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module system is certified for a maximum safety integrity level of SIL 2 for evaluation of non-certified encoders.

Certified measuring instruments

For certified measuring instruments, the manufacturer must specify the necessary safety characteristics.

Verify that all specified diagnostic properties are fulfilled.

Value	Unit	Short name	Description
SIL SIL CL	[]	Safety integrity level (Safety Integrity Level) SIL Claim Level	The safety integrity level is one of four discrete levels used to specify the requirement for the safety integrity of the safety functions assigned to the safety-related system, with 4 being the highest level for safety integrity and 1 the lowest. The failure limits for the four safety integrity levels are defined in tables 2 and 3 of IEC 61508-1.
PFH	[10 ⁻⁹ 1/h], [FIT]	Probability of safety function failure per hour (Probability of failure per pour)	When operating in a high demand mode of operation, it is assumed that the safety function will be requested continuously or an average of once per hour. For a continuous or high demand mode of operation, the PFH measure is used, which specifies the safety function's probability of failure per hour.
PL	[]	Performance level	The ability to operate safety-related parts of control systems or to perform a safety function under foreseeable conditions is assigned a performance level (PL) from a scale of five levels. These performance levels are defined according to the probability of a dangerous failure per hour (see EN ISO 13849-1:2006, Table 3).
Cat.	[]	Category	Assesses how well safety-related components in a control system behave when an error occurs.
DC	[%]	Diagnostic coverage (diagnostic coverage)	Partial reduction of the probability of dangerous hardware failures resulting from the use of automatic diagnostic tests Safe evaluation is based solely on the analog Sin/Cos signals. If the measuring instrument contains an internal diagnostics function, then the discovered errors must be reported through a violation of the SinCos interface specification on the subsequent electronics. Only then does it make sense to take into account the level of diagnostic coverage. If a DC is specified, then a provision must also be specified for the diagnostic test interval. Period between online tests to detect faults in a safety-related system with specified diagnostic coverage.
T _m	[years], [a]	Mission time (mission time)	The mission time must be determined by the device manufacturer and specifies the maximum amount of time an encoder can be used. The encoder must be replaced before the mission time expires!
Tı	[years], [a]	Proof test interval (proof test interval)	Recurring test for fault detection in a safety-related system, which can restore the system to a "like new" condition or as close to it as possible from a practical standpoint. A proof test is normally not possible for electronic devices. The mission time and proof test interval are therefore generally the same.

Table 166: Characteristic values required for certified SinCos measuring instruments

Category (Cat.) of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Danger!

Valid freezing only detected in movement with DC = 99%!

To exclude accumulation of faults at a standstill, movement must take place once a day by at least one signal period of the encoder.

The necessary movement can take place in the course of a functional positioning or homing procedure.

Safe encoder evaluation can be assessed at Cat. 4 when a suitable (certified) measuring instrument is used and the above limitations are taken into account.

Estimation of the achievable safety levels based on the example of a Heidenhain ECN 1313 / EQN 1325

Manufacturer specifications

According to an analysis of the document D662649-01-E-01 from Heidenhain, ECN 1313 and EQN 1325 encoders are deemed suitable for use with the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module.

The following MTTF / FIT values are specified:

Туре	ID number	MTTF [h]	FIT [10 ⁻⁹ /h]
ECN 1313	586640-11	>1,666,667	<600
ECN 1313	586643-03	>1,666,667	<600
EQN 1325	586653-06	>1,666,667	<600
EQN 1325	586654-05	>1,666,667	<600

Table 167: MTTF values for Heidenhain ENC 1313 and EQN 1325 encoders according to Heidenhain document D662649-01-E-01

Calculating characteristic values of the encoder with diagnosis of encoder evaluation

Since ECN 1313 and EQN 1225 encoders have the same MTTF values, the following calculations apply to both encoder types.

Safety technology • Principle - Implementing safety functions

Characteristic value	ECN 1313 / EQN 1325
MTTF	1,666,667 [h]
MTTF _d	3,333,334 [h] = 380 years = high
PFH _{encoder}	3*10 ⁻⁹ [h ⁻¹]
CAT / PL	Cat 3 / PL d
SIL	Max. SIL 2 since the encoder is not certified

Table 168: Calculated characteristic values for Heidenhain ECN 1313 and EQN 1325 with diagnosis of encoder evaluation of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module

Calculating the characteristic values of the overall system

The following tables show an example of the safety characteristics for the safety functions of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module, performance class XXX, in combination with a Heidenhain ECN 1313 or EQN 1325 encoder:

Safety function	PFH	CAT / PL / SIL
STO	1*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹]	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
STO1	1*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹]	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SBC	1*10 ⁻⁰⁸ [h ⁻¹]	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
sos	$6*10^{-09} [h^{-1}] + 3*10^{-09} [h^{-1}] = 6*10^{-09} [h^{-1}]$	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS1		
SS2		
SLS		
SMS		
SDI		
SLI		
Safe Speed		
Safe Homing	6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] + 3*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹] = 6*10 ⁻⁰⁹ [h ⁻¹]	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLP	Only with safe encoder mounting (see Table	Only with safe encoder mounting (see Table D.16, No. 8 and 9,
SMP	D.16, No. 8 and 9, Fault exclusion)	Fault exclusion)
Safe Position		
SBT	$2*10^{-08} [h^{-1}] + 3*10^{-09} [h^{-1}] = 2.3*10^{-08} [h^{-1}]$	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2

Table 169: Safety characteristics for 8BVIXXXXSA.XXX-X ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Sin-Cos inverter modules in combination with a Heidenhain ECN 1313 or EQN 1325 encoder

2.3.3 Mechanical mounting

2.3.3.1 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength⁴⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

2.3.3.2 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring⁵⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for drive systems with synchronous motors.
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing) must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- The Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP safety functions must not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{S} \right]$$

with the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ and the number of motor pole pairs p_z

Danger!

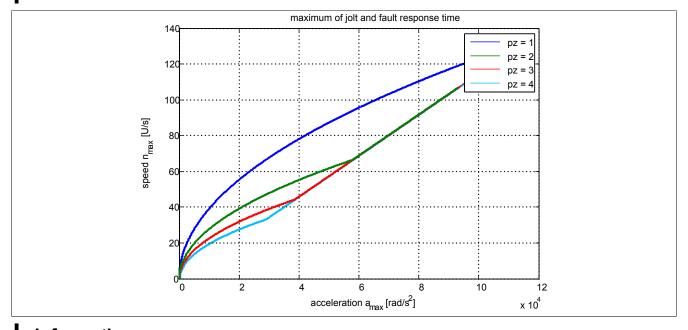
When viewing the worst-case scenario for a safety function, the highest value of the maximum speed of the forward movement n_{Jolt} and the speed must be used as maximum speed due to the maximum error response time. $n_{T_{worstcase}}$.

$$n_{max} = max(n_{Jolt}, n_{T_{worstcase}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{P_z}}, \frac{T_{worstcase}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{max}\right)$$

with maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of spin-out.

 $n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Dead SafeMOTION r	tivates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the nodule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the Er SafeMOTION module		R 1.3
_		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed			Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(annuincely Cot annuiting alice		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag err	or tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tol	erance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 170: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 171: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring can only be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

2.3.3.2.1 Activating monitoring⁶⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enabled" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

2.3.3.2.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance⁷⁾

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance cannot be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

⁷⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

2.3.3.2.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance8)

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

⁸⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

3 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

The safety characteristics have been calculated for the individual safety functions and grouped together in the following blocks:

- · Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored
 - → The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in evaluation.
- Safe Torque Off (STO1) single-channel
 - → Only one safe pulse disabling channel and its activation are included in evaluation.
- Safe Brake Control (SBC)
 - → The safe motor brake output and its activation are included in the evaluation. The brake itself must be taken into account explicitly in the safety chain!
- Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) speed-monitored, Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing, Remanent Safe Position (RSP)
 - \rightarrow The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in evaluation. Safe evaluation of the encoder, safe position detection and the safe motor holding brake output and its activation are also taken into consideration.

The safety characteristics of the encoder itself must also be taken into account!

- · Safe Brake Test (SBT)
 - → The two safe pulse disabling channels and their activation are included in evaluation. Safe evaluation of the encoder, safe position detection, safe current measurement and the safe motor holding brake output and its activation are also taken into consideration.

The safety characteristics of the encoder itself must also be taken into account!

The brake itself must be taken into account explicitly in the safety chain.

Danger!

To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into account.

For a detailed description, see 2.3.1 "Assessing the safety integrity of the overall system" on page 269!

PFH_{TOTAL} = PFH_{SOS,SS1,SS2,SLS,SMS,SDI,SLI,SLA,SLP,SMP} + PFH_{Encoder}

Danger!

It is the machine manufacturer's responsibility to read and adhere to the technical documentation (product catalog / user's manual) provided for the measuring instrument.

Danger!

If the technical documentation (product catalog / user's manual) for the measuring instrument explicitly specifies that the bit error rate must be verified, then the user needs to implement this verification procedure in the application. This verification is not necessary if using B&R EnDat 2.2 encoder cables and certain B&R motors.

3.1 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module			le width 1)
		1	2	4	8
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4			
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL e	PL e		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 3			
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 3			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<5*10-10			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<9*10 ⁻⁰⁵			
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 3)	2500 years			

Table 172: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 3) Values determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1. openautomation (2009) No. 6, pp. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width			width 1)
		1	2	4	8
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3			
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d			
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2			
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	08 SIL 2			
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<8*10 ⁻⁰⁹			
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1.4*10-03	-		
	test interval of 20 years				
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years			
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>94%			
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>167 years	>157 years	>143 years	>85 years

Table 173: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)					
		1	2	4	8		
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3					
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d	_				
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2					
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2					
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-08					
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰³					
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years					
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	DC (diagnostic coverage) >95%					
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>153 years	>135 years	>117 years	>56 years		

Table 174: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety technology • Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module			width 1)	
		1	2	4	8	
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3				
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d				
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2	SIL 2			
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2				
Safely Limited Increments (SLI),	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<5*10 ⁻⁹				
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	Cannot be used since continuous encoder evalua				
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	test interval of 20 years	tion is required!				
Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years				
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%				
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>109 years	>100 years	>89 years	>49 years	

Table 175: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

3.2 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module		dule width 1)
		1	2	4
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4		
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL e		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 3		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 3		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-09	-	
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1.5*10-04		
	test interval of 20 years			
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>98%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 3)	2200 years		

Table 176: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 3) Values determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1. openautomation (2009) No. 6, pp. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009 249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)		
		1	2	4
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3		
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2	_	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸		_
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1.5*10 ⁻⁰³	_	_
	test interval of 20 years			
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>220 years	>220 years	>180 years

Table 177: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)		
		1	2	4
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3		
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸		
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof	<1*10-04		
	test interval of 20 years			
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>300 years	>300 years	>300 years

Table 178: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety technology • Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)		
		1	2	4
Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849		certified measurin non-certified mea	
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849		ertified measuring on-certified measu	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	Max. SIL 3 with certified measuring instrument Max. SIL 2 with non-certified measuring instrument		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508		certified measuring non-certified meas	
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<5*10 ⁻⁹		
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	Cannot be used since continuous encoder evaluation is required!		
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>90 years	>85 years	>80 years

Table 179: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic dependent on module width 1)		
		1	2	4
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3		
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2		
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2		
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸		
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	Cannot be used tion is required!	since continuous	encoder evalua-
	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years		
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>97%		
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>65 years	>55 years	>45 years

Table 180: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Test (SBT)

- 1) ACOPOSmulti inverter modules have different module widths according to their performance class. Different components and/or switching elements are used depending on the performance class / module width, which has a direct effect on the characteristics of safe pulse disabling. The module width is listed in the technical data for the respective ACOPOSmulti inverter module.
- 2) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

3.3 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL e
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 3
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 3
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<9*10-10
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.5*10 ⁻⁰⁴
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 2)	2500 years

Table 181: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 2) Values determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1. openautomation (2009) No. 6, pp. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10-08
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰³
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>94%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>70 years

Table 182: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3	
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2	
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸	
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰⁸	
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years	
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%	
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>153 years	

Table 183: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety technology • Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2
Safely Limited Increments (SLI),	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) 1)	<1*10 ⁻⁰⁸
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<1.75*10 ⁻⁰³
Safely Limited Position (SLP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years
Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	>45 years

Table 184: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

¹⁾ The encoder is not taken into consideration here! To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into consideration. See 3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 284.

²⁾ Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

3.4 Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off (STO),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4
Safe Stop 1 (SS1), time-monitored	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL e
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 3
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 3
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<2.0*10-9
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<4.0*10-4
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure) 2)	150 years

Table 185: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off (STO), Safe Stop 1 (SS1) time-monitored

- 1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.
- 2) Values determined according to Apfeld, R.; Bömer, T.; Hauke, M.; Huelke, M.; Schaefer, M.: Practical experience with DIN EN ISO 13849-1. openautomation (2009) No. 6, pp. 34-37 (www.dguv.de/ifa/de/pub/grl/pdf/2009_249.pdf).

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<3.5*10-9
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<6.0*10-4
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	150 years

Table 186: Safety characteristics: Safe Torque Off single-channel (STO1)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 3	
	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL d	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 2	
	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 2	
	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour)	<1.0*10-9	
	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<2.0*10-4	
	PTI (proof test interval) 1)	Max. 20 years	
	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%	
	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	200 years	

Table 187: Safety characteristics: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

1) Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

Safety technology • Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions

Safety function	Criteria	Characteristic value
Safe Operating Stop (SOS),	Maximum safety category in accordance with EN ISO 13849	Cat. 4
Safe Stop 1 (SS1),	Maximum performance level in accordance with EN ISO 13849	PL e
Safe Stop 2 (SS2),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 62061	SIL 3
Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI),	Maximum safety integrity level in accordance with IEC 61508	SIL 3
Safely Limited Increments (SLI),	PFH (probability of dangerous failure per hour) 1)	<2.5*10-8
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS),	PFD (probability of dangerous failure on demand) with a proof test interval of 20 years	<3.5*10-3
Safely Limited Position (SLP),	PTI (proof test interval) 2)	Max. 20 years
Safe Maximum Position (SMP),	DC (diagnostic coverage)	>95%
Safe Homing Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	MTTFd (mean time to dangerous failure)	50 years

Table 188: Safety characteristics: Safe Operating Stop (SOS), Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safe Stop 2 (SS2), Safely Limited Speed (SLS), Safe Direction (SDI), Safely Limited Increments (SLI), Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA), Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), Safely Limited Position (SLP), Safe Maximum Position (SMP), Safe Homing

¹⁾ The encoder is not taken into consideration here! To determine the overall PFH value for safety functions that require safe encoder evaluation, the PFH value of the encoder being used must be taken into consideration. See 3 "Safety characteristics of integrated safety functions" on page 284.

²⁾ Corresponds to the mission time of the module.

4 Integrated safety functions

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

The following safety functions are supported by the SafeMOTION module:

Safety function	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION		EN ISO 13849-1		EN 61508 / EN 62061		Safe encoder
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	EnDat 2.2	SinCos	evaluation necessary
	Starting ty Rel						
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL e / CAT 4	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.3	R 1.4	Time-based moni- toring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based moni- toring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	Time-based moni- toring: SIL 3 Ramp-based moni- toring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: Max. SIL 3, depends on the encoder used	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.9	R 1.9	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.3	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.4	R 1.4	PL d / CAT 3	Max. PL e / CAT 4, depends on the encoder used	SIL 2	Max. SIL 3, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)	-	R 1.7	-	Max. PL d / CAT 3, depends on the encoder used	-	Max. SIL 2, depends on the en- coder used	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.9	-	PL d / CAT 3	-	SIL 2	-	Yes

Table 189: ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation necessary
	Starting in Safe- ty Release			
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 190: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Safety technology • Integrated safety functions

Safety function	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation necessary
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC) 1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 190: ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

1) Safety function SBC does not apply to the motor holding brake integrated in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION; it is not safety-related.

Safety function	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION	EN ISO 13849-1	EN 61508 / EN 62061	Safe encoder evaluation
	SaleWOTION	necessary		
	Starting in Safety Release	EnDat 2.2		-
Safe Torque Off (STO)	R 1.10	PL e / CAT 4	SIL 3	No
Safe Torque Off One Channel (STO1)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safe Operation Stop (SOS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Stop 1 (SS1)	R 1.10	Time-based monitoring: PL e / CAT 4 Ramp-based monitoring: PL d / CAT 3	Time-based monitoring: SIL 3 Ramp-based monitoring: SIL 2	Time-based monitoring: No Ramp-based monitoring: Yes
Safe Stop 2 (SS2)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Speed (SLS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Direction (SDI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Increment (SLI)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	No
Safely Limited Position (SLP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Maximum Position (SMP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Homing	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes
Safe Brake Test (SBT)		Yes		
Safely Limited Torque (SLT)		Project step 2		Yes
Remanent Safe Position (RSP)	R 1.10	PL d / CAT 3	SIL 2	Yes

Table 191: ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION: Safety functions and associated safety levels

Guidelines for using the integrated safety functions

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

At least the Activate and S_AxisID inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, pulse disabling and the motor holding brake output will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be switched on.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

At a minimum, inputs Activate, S_AxisID and S_Control_Activate must be connected on function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR for each axis being used.

Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

The following libraries and function blocks are available in SafeDESIGNER for creating a safe application.

Drive system	Library
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	7 "PLCopen_Motion_SF_2" on page 423
ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos	
ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	
ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	8 "openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF" on page 658

4.1 FAIL SAFE state

4.1.1 Parameters

None

4.1.2 Behavior

If a hardware or firmware error occurs, then the SafeMOTION module switches to a non-acknowledgeable error state – the FAIL SAFE state. The logbook entry in Automation Studio provides more detailed information about the pending error. This logbook can also be evaluated in the standard application.

If the hardware is defective, the entire ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, entire ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive or entire ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module must be replaced.

Information:

SafeMOTION modules cannot be replaced! The SafeMOTION module forms a unit with the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive or inverter unit in the ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module. In the event of an error, the entire module must be replaced.

An error may also have been caused by a configuration mistake, however. If this is the case, then the safe configuration must be checked and reloaded to the SafeLOGIC controller. This must then be followed by a power off/on cycle to bring the module back to the OPERATIONAL state.

Danger!

In state "FAIL SAFE", safe pulse disabling is always active, i.e. the drive is not supplied with power; the motor therefore no longer exerts torque or force. The motor holding brake output is always switched to 0 V in this state!

Danger!

Constantly lit "SE" LEDs indicate a non-acknowledgeable FAIL SAFE state. The cause of this could be a defective module or faulty configuration.

Check the entries in the logbook! If you are able to rule out a faulty configuration, then the module is defective and must be replaced immediately.

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures or corrections to the configuration are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

Danger!

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules

If connected, the motor holding brake engages in the FAIL SAFE state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

4.2 FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

4.2.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	F	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 192: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between SAFE state	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously <i>Delay time until the</i>	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
brake engages [µs])					

Table 193: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

4.2.2 Behavior

If a monitored limit is exceeded or an encoder error occurs during operation – and as long as the safe encoder is required for the safety functions being used – then the SafeMOTION module switches to an acknowledgeable error state – the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

Information about any errors that occur can be found in the logbook entry in Automation Studio. This logbook can also be evaluated in the standard application.

Danger!

The motor holding brake is engaged in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state. The motor holding brake will suffer mechanical wear if the motor is in motion just before the safe state is triggered. This must be taken into account when selecting and dimensioning the motor holding brake (emergency stop capability).

Danger!

The error response time specified in the manual affects the residual movement in the event of error! This must be taken into account when planning the safety equipment (e.g. distances, monitored limits, etc.)

"FFS - Mode" = "STO"

Pulse disabling is requested (low-side and high-side) immediately after the error is detected and the safe motor holding brake output is set to 0 V.

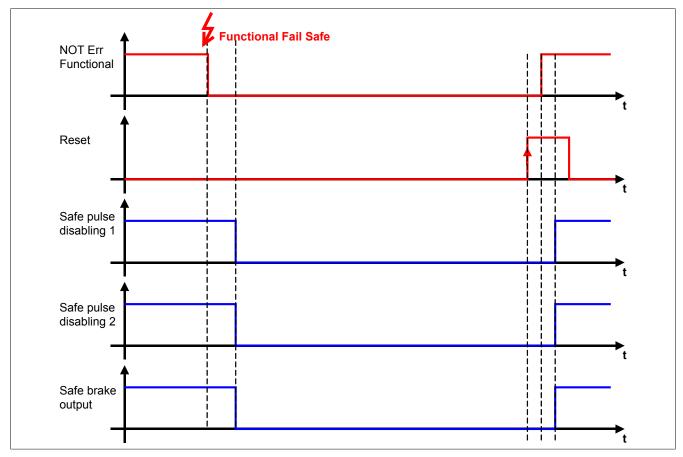


Figure 65: FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE - STO configuration

"FFS - Mode" = "STO1 and STO with time delay"

Either the low-side or high-side of the pulse disabling is switched to 0 V immediately after the error is detected. The safe motor holding brake output is set to 0 V after the configured "FFS - STO Enable delay time" (t_{FFS_STO}) has expired.

The second channel of the pulse disabling is also switched to 0 V after the configured "FFS - STO Enable delay time until brake engages" (t_{FFS BRAKE}) has expired.

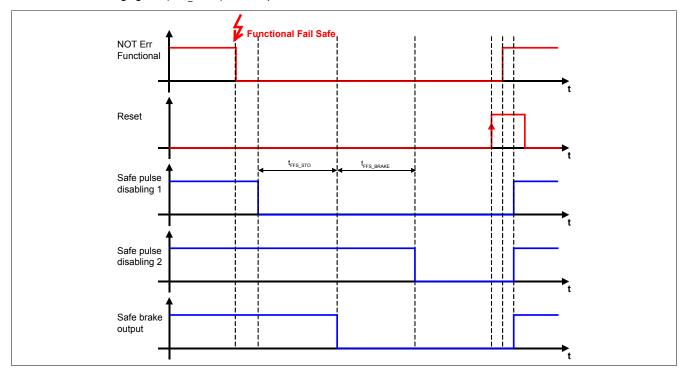


Figure 66: FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE - STO1 and STO configuration with time delay

This makes it possible for the drive to be decelerated via the short circuit braking integrated in the inverter unit for the amount of time in which just one pulse disabling channel is active.

In this case, the time $t_{\text{FFS_BRAKE}}$ serves to incorporate this brake engage time. This means that the second pulse disabling channel will only be switched to 0 V after the motor holding brake has actually engaged.

Danger!

Short circuit braking in the inverter unit is not suitable for safety purposes and can therefore only be used to protect the machine. If the release of motor energy could result in dangerous situations (e.g. with hanging loads), then a mechanical safeguard must also be installed.

4.3 Safe Position, Safe Speed

4.3.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder type (previously Encoder Type)	Rotary encoder / Linear encoder / Encoder used /		e type of encoder used: OSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.7 or	Rotary encoder (SinCos)	R 1.7
(previously Encoder Type)	Encoder not used	ACOP higher, ACOP ACOP	higher) Rotary encoder Linear encoder Encoder not used: No encoder being used ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 or higher) ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later) ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later) Encoder used Encoder not used: No encoder being used		R 1.9
EUS - Number of signal periods (previously <i>Number of signal periods</i>)	-	_	nal periods per revolution (rotary encoder) or length of the ence system (linear encoder)	1	R 1.7
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Linear encode of the physical Any unit (mm, positions (and For this reason (units per x rev	er unit scale: x revolutions r unit scale: x reference lengths (reference length = length l reference system) 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data which can result such as speed and acceleration). n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit rolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num- tions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.	1	R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system</i> [units])	[units]	Any unit (mm, positions (and For this reason (units per x rev	Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data which can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num-		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /		tions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined. tion of the position or speed	Standard	R 1.3
· ·	Inverse	Value	Description		
(previously Counting direction)		Standard	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nm))	[nm]	tem is defined This value is r	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum peri	nissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 194: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

SafeMOTION User's Manual V 4.3.2

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

4.3.2 Behavior

These parameters (see 4.3.1 "General settings - Encoder Unit System" on page 299) can be used to configure the safe unit system.

The safe speed and safe position are transferred in the safety frame. The process data may only be used together with the corresponding status bit. If the respective status bit is FALSE, then the corresponding data is invalid.

Function blocks are available that can link the process data to a specific axis in order to use it in the safety application.

Safe Position

The safe position is transferred in the [units] defined by the configured units system. When homing is completed, the **SafePositionValid** status bit is set.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

Danger!

The safe encoder evaluation can only detect a transmission or positioning error if:

- a distance is traversed that is greater than the angular deviation from the safe position that is specified in the product information provided by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION).
- a distance is traversed that is greater than ±½ of the signal period of the SinCos measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos).

The resulting maximum error in the safe position also depends on the length of the physical reference system (revolutions, length of the scale, etc.).

The error affects the minimum clearance required to prevent pinching/crushing (e.g. of fingers) and must be taken into account when dimensioning the safety function.

Danger!

For a frictionally engaged connection with fault exclusion, there is no additional mechanical offset that would need to be considered for the safe position.

If fault exclusion is fulfilled only by a mechanical stop with backlash, this maximum possible offset must be calculated into the safe position. This is done by adding the values for the measuring instrument and for the mechanical coupling.

Safe Speed

The safe speed is scaled to 2 bytes due to the limited bandwidth available in the safety frame. The scaled speed (v_{Scaled}) is calculated as follows:

$$v_{scaled} = \frac{v_{physical} \cdot 32767}{v_{EUS\ MAX\ NORM}} \left[\frac{scaled\ units}{s} \right]$$

 $v_{Physical}$ (physical speed) corresponds to the actual physical value and is calculated in [units/s] using the configured units system.

With the default parameter setting "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" = $v_{EUS_MAX_NORM}$ = 32767, the scaled speed equals the physical speed!

The maximum speed is never permitted to exceed the configured value of "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range"; otherwise, the module switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

Information:

The speed limits of safety functions are configured in [units/s] of physical speed. The safety functions monitor the scaled speeds [scaled units/s] internally, which can cause scaling errors to occur.

Example

The following configuration results in the speed tolerance for standstill monitoring being scaled internally to 0 [scaled units/s].

Configuration:

"EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" = $v_{EUS\ MAX\ NORM}$ = 3276700

"Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" = $v_{SM T}$ = 20

Scaled
$$v_{SM_T} = \frac{v_{SM_T} \cdot INT16MAX}{v_{EUS_MAX_NORM}} = \frac{20 \cdot 32767}{3276700} = 0$$

If Safe Operating Stop is activated, a speed tolerance of 0 is monitored internally [scaled units/s]. This can wrongly result in a speed limit violation while at a standstill.

Information:

The configured unit system has a significant impact on the maximum physical speed that is achieved.

When changing the configured unit system, it is important to consider how this will affect the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter.

Danger!

If the module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state, then the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

Danger!

The safe encoder evaluation can only detect a transmission or positioning error if:

- a distance is traversed that is greater than the angular deviation from the safe position that is specified in the product information provided by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION).
- a distance is traversed that is greater than ±½ of the signal period of the SinCos measuring instrument (applies to ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos).

The resulting maximum error in the safe position also depends on the length of the physical reference system (revolutions, length of the scale, etc.).

The error influences the error response time and must be taken into account when dimensioning the safety function.

4.4 Safe Torque Off (STO)

4.4.1 Parameters

None

4.4.2 Behavior

STO is the fundamental safety function of the SafeMOTION module since it represents the "idle current principle". A request from the STO safety function activates safe pulse disabling and switches off the torque and power to the drive. Activation of safe pulse disabling is performed actively by the SafeMOTION module.

Danger!

A STO request causes synchronized axes to no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

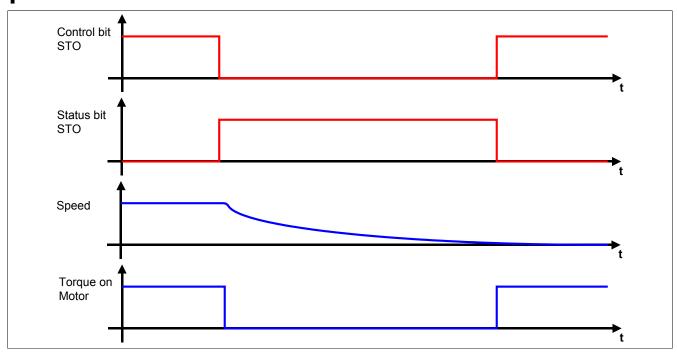


Figure 67: Safe Torque Off (STO)

Information:

The functional safe state of the STO safety function has been achieved when the pulse disabling outputs are switched to 0 V. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Danger!

If the drive is in motion at the time STO is requested, it will coast to a stop. The resulting residual movement and time depends on the properties of the machine and must always be considered when dimensioning the safety equipment.

The maximum possible (worst case) movement must be assumed.

The maximum possible speed is determined by the current operating mode. If there is no active safety function, the maximum speed that is physically possible for the motor must be assumed.

Danger!

If the SMS or SLS safety function is active, the assumed maximum speed can be reduced to the currently active configured speed limit plus the maximum possible acceleration during the error response time.

Information:

The resulting residual movement and time determines the clearances that must be observed for the safety features and therefore the overall size of the machine.

Information:

The STO safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the STO safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

4.5 Safe Torque Off, single-channel (STO1)

4.5.1 Parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 195: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

4.5.2 Behavior

The STO1 safety function works in the same way as STO. The only difference is that either only the high-side or only the low-side IGBTs are switched off depending on the configuration.

Information:

The functional safe state of the STO1 safety function has been achieved when the configured pulse disabling output is switched to 0 V.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Information:

The two-channel aspect is lost because either only the low-side or only the high-side of the pulse disabling is activated with the STO1 safety function.

This results in a lower SIL and performance level!

Information:

The STO1 safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the safety function STO1 is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

4.6 Safe Brake Control (SBC)

4.6.1 Parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 196: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.6.2 Behavior

The SBC safety function is a safe (time-delayed) output that can be used to safely control a motor holding brake.

Information:

To achieve a defined SIL level, the controlled holding brake must also have at least the same SIL level and errors in the wiring must be ruled out.

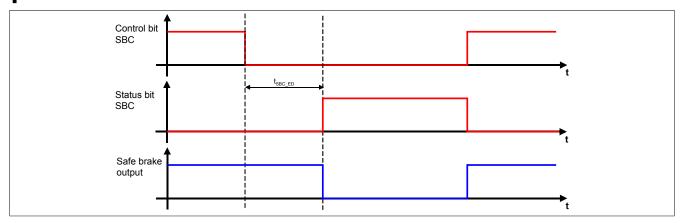


Figure 68: Safe Brake Control (SBC)

Only the actuation of the motor holding brake output by the SafeMOTION module is rated SIL 2.

The SafeMOTION module does not provide safe monitoring of the braking procedure.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SBC safety function has been achieved when the safe motor holding brake output has been switched to 0 V.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The purpose of the delay time t_{SBC_ED} is to compensate for the different runtimes of the standard and safety applications.

Information:

The SBC safety function does not require safe encoder evaluation.

Danger!

If the SBC safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

Information:

Functional errors will occur (e.g. 6029: Holding brake: Control signal on and output status off), if the holding is released by the standard application but the motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V by the SafeMOTION module.

4.7 Safe Operating Stop (SOS)

4.7.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

•	•	0 '' ,		,
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 197: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

4.7.2 Behavior

An enabled SOS safety function monitors the drive to ensure that it stops safely. The SafeMOTION module does not control pulse disabling.

The drive can remain active and must be kept at standstill by the standard application.

Information:

The SOS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

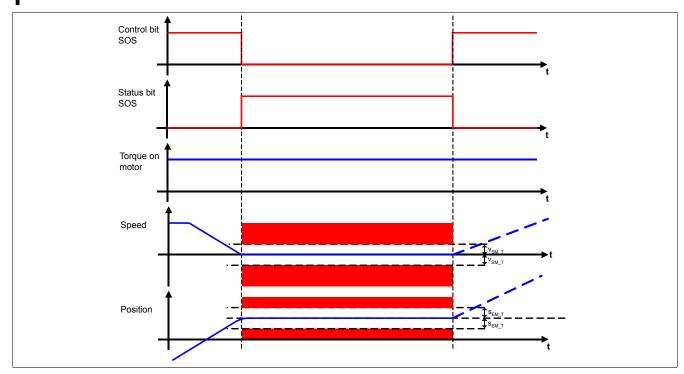


Figure 69: Safe Operating Stop (SOS)

To prevent the axis from drifting, both the speed and position are monitored with standstill tolerance limits. The position window is generated when the safety function is requested. If the request is withdrawn, then monitoring of the standstill tolerance window will also be terminated. The next time a request is made, the standstill tolerance position window is regenerated based on the current position.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SOS safety function has been achieved when the drive is stopped and the standstill is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The standstill tolerances can be configured for each axis in SafeDESIGNER.

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

If the stop monitoring limits are violated, safe pulse disabling is activated and the drive switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. An error will cause a synchronous axis to no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If a standstill limit (position or speed) is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

If the SOS safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The configured limits must be violated with the function enabled and the error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

4.8 Safe Stop 1 (SS1)

4.8.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 198: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Disabled addition to time-ba		ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 199: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•	•	3 (1		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 200: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

4.8.2 Behavior

When requesting the SS1 safety function, the deceleration process of the axis is monitored until standstill after the ramp delay time passes. After decelerating, safe pulse disabling is activated and switches off the torque/power to the drive.

Danger!

Synchronous axes will no longer be synchronous when SS1 is in a safe state.

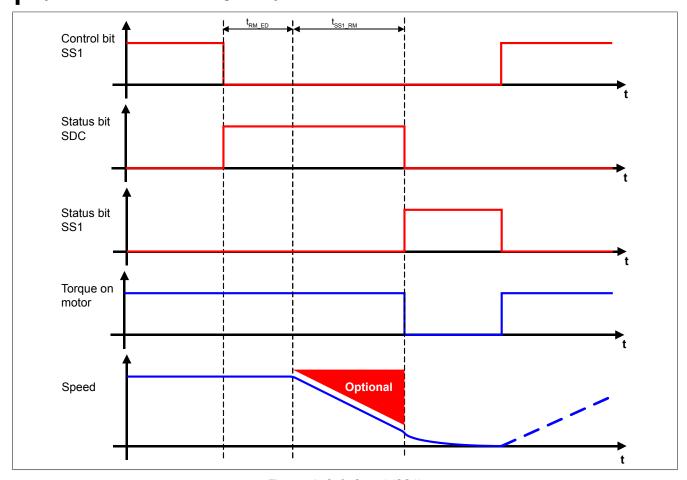


Figure 70: Safe Stop 1 (SS1)

The deceleration itself is controlled by the non-safety-related standard application.

The purpose of the ramp delay time parameter "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SS1 safety function has been achieved when the pulse disabling outputs are switched to 0 V. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Depending on the requirements for the safety function and its parameter settings, it is possible to monitor either only the deceleration time $t_{\text{SS1 RM}}$ or the deceleration ramp as well.

If the monitoring limits are violated during deceleration, then an acknowledgeable error state is entered.

The "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" parameter configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

4.8.3 SS1 - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, the standard application must ensure that the stopping procedure for a hazardous situation is handled accordingly.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" $(a_{RM L})$ parameter.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope. If the monitoring ramp reaches the configurable standstill speed limit "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) or if the monitoring time "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS1~RM}$) has expired, then safe pulse disabling is activated and torque is switched off on the drive.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the standstill speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

If the active limit is violated during monitoring of the deceleration procedure, then the drive will immediately switch to the acknowledgeable Functional Fail Safe error state.

Information:

If ramp monitoring is configured for the safety function SS1, then the speed must be safely evaluated. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

Danger!

If safe pulse disabling is activated (coast to stop) and the safety function is in its functional safe state, the maximum speed at the end of the deceleration ramp must be used to calculate the residual distance

To determine the maximum possible speed, it must be assumed that in the event of error, the drive will accelerate to its maximum during the error response time starting from the standstill speed limit. It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

If the monitored ramp is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

If the SS1 safety function with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should include at least one violation of the monitored ramp, and the error response must be tested accordingly!

4.8.4 SS1 - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation.

After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) plus the monitoring time "SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" have expired, safe pulse disabling is activated and the drive loses all torque.

Information:

With this configuration of the Safe Stop 1 safety function, only the time frame is monitored. No speed limit or position window is monitored.

The function can therefore also be used in this configuration without safe encoder evaluation!

Danger!

If safe pulse disabling is activated (coast to stop), the maximum speed after the time frame has expired must be used to calculate the residual distance!

The drive can move at its maximum physical speed during this time window (plus the response time of the safe pulse disabling). If SMS is active, then the speed limit plus the error tolerance can be assumed as the maximum speed.

It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

If the SS1 safety function with true time-monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The drive should be accelerated to its maximum during the monitored time frame and the error response tested accordingly!

4.9 Safe Stop 2 (SS2)

4.9.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 201: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp SS2 function is	o monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 202: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Moni-toring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Moni- toring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 203: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 204: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

4.9.2 Behavior

With SS2, the deceleration process is monitored until standstill after the ramp delay time passes. The drive must then be kept at standstill by the standard application. As with SOS, this standstill is monitored by the SafeMOTION module according to the configured standstill tolerance window "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) and "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) .

The delay itself must be generated by the non-safety-related, standard application by halting the drive in response to the dangerous situation.

Information:

The Safe Stop 2 safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

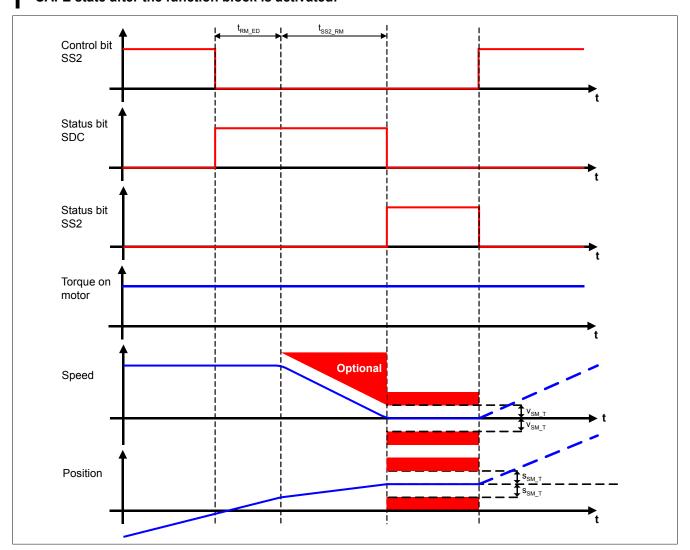


Figure 71: Safe Stop 2 (SS2)

Danger!

If a standstill limit (position or speed) is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

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The purpose of the ramp delay time parameter "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SS2 function has been achieved when the drive is stopped and the standstill is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

As with SS1, it is possible to monitor either only the deceleration time or also the deceleration ramp depending on the requirements of the safety function.

The "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS2\ RM}$) parameter configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

4.9.3 SS2 - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, the standard application must ensure that the stopping procedure for a hazardous situation is handled accordingly.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM_L}) parameter

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope. If the monitoring ramp reaches the configurable standstill speed limit "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) or if the monitoring time "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SS2_RM}) has expired, then a position window is established and monitoring of the standstill tolerances is started.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the standstill speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

If the active limit or standstill window is violated during monitoring of the deceleration procedure or standstill, then the drive will immediately switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Danger!

When the monitored ramp or standstill tolerance window is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit. It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SS2 safety function with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the monitored ramp and standstill tolerance window. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.9.4 SS2 - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation.

After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) plus the monitoring time "SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time" ($t_{SS2\ RM}$) have expired, the standstill tolerance window is safety-monitored.

Danger!

If the standstill tolerance window is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

In the event of an error, forward movement can occur during the error response time when monitoring the standstill tolerance window. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed and position limits being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement does not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SS2 safety function with time-monitored stopping procedure is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it! The test should contain at least one violation of the standstill tolerance window. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.10 Safely Limited Speed (SLS)

4.10.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	0 1 7 7					
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release		
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3		
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3		

Table 205: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

-	•		3 (1) 3 3		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Enabled Disabled	Description		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 206: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SI	Activates the SMS safety function by configuration		R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the maximum speed (SMS)		0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1					
for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 207: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3	[units/s]	Speed limit 3	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 4	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4)		R 1.3
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3
Time for SLS1 (us)) SLS2 - Ramp monitoring -	fuel	Deceleration	rama manitaring time for CLC2	0	R 1.3
Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))	[µs]	Deceleration	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		K 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS3 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))	[µs]	Deceleration r	ramp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3

Table 207: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range } \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

4.10.2 Behavior

The purpose of the SLS safety function is to monitor a specified speed limit: Parameters "SLS1 - Speed limit", "SLS2 - Speed limit", "SLS3 - Speed limit", "SLS4 - Speed limit" (v_{SLSX_L}). It is also possible to monitor deceleration until the limit is reached if needed by the application.

Four different speed limits can be monitored on the SafeMOTION module. All limits can also be monitored in parallel. If a request is made to monitor multiple speed limits at the same time, then the lowest limit value will always be monitored. To make this possible, the function block includes four different inputs **S_RequestSLS***X* [*X* = 1..4].

The standard (non-safety-related) application must implement a closed-loop control appropriate for the level of danger to decelerate the movement and ensure adherence to the respective speed limit.

Information:

The SLS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed. If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

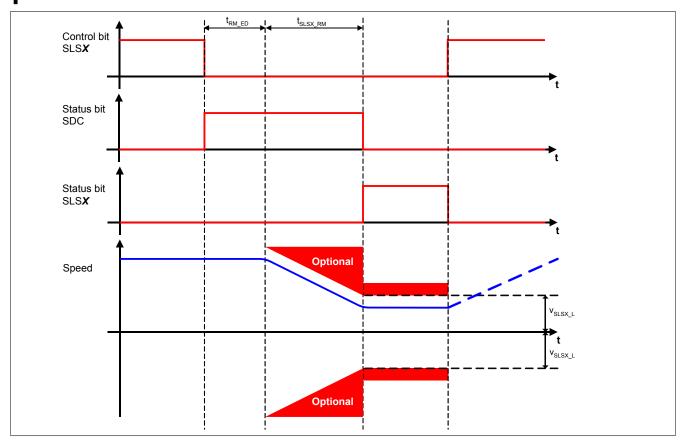


Figure 72: Safely Limited Speed (SLS)

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

If a speed limit is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTION-AL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

The purpose of the ramp delay time t_{RM_ED} is to compensate for runtime differences between the standard and safety applications.

If the delay time ("SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SLSX_RM})) is set to zero, then the speed limit will be monitored immediately after the request is made for the safety function.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SLS safety function has been achieved if the drive has not exceeded a defined speed limit and this limit is being safety-monitored. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

As with SS1 and SS2, the deceleration ramp monitoring can be adapted according to requirements so that either only the deceleration time or both the deceleration time and the deceleration ramp are monitored. The "SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" parameter configures the ramp monitoring behavior.

4.10.3 SLS - Stopping procedure with ramp-based monitoring

"SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Enabled

With this setting, the configurable deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to time-based monitoring. In the event of an error, this provides the advantage that a lower maximum speed can be assumed when entering the safe state. During deceleration ramp monitoring, a deceleration procedure must be adjusted to the dangerous situation by the standard application.

The slope of the monitoring ramp can be set using the "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM_L}) parameter.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. After the "Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time" (t_{RM_ED}) has expired, monitoring of the deceleration ramp begins. The monitored ramp always begins at the currently monitored limit and is calculated using the configured slope.

If the monitored ramp reaches the corresponding speed limit ("SLS1 - Speed limit", "SLS2 - Speed limit", "SLS3 - Speed limit", "SLS4 - Speed limit" (v_{SLSX_L})) or the monitoring time ("SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SLSX_RM})) has expired, then the status of the safety function is set and the selected speed limit is monitored.

Setting "Early limit monitoring" to "Enable" makes it possible to configure an early enabling of the safe state. If the setting above has been made, then the safe state of the safety function will be started when the current speed falls below the monitored speed limit for at least the amount of time defined by "Early limit monitoring - Time" (t_{ELM}) during deceleration ramp monitoring.

Danger!

When the monitored ramp or the enabled safe speed is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit. It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe reduced speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger. The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function SLS with ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the monitored ramp and of each speed limit being used. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.10.4 SLS - Stopping procedure with time-based monitoring

"SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable" = Disabled

This configuration provides true time-based monitoring of the deceleration.

A timer is started when the safety function is requested. Within this time frame, the drive must implement a stopping procedure via the standard application that is appropriate for the respective dangerous situation. After the delay time of the request "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" plus the monitoring time "SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time", "SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time" (t_{SLSX RM}) have expired, the speed limit is safety-monitored.

Danger!

When the speed limit is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time, starting with the currently monitored speed limit.

It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe reduced speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function SLS without ramp-based monitoring is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each speed limit being used.

The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.11 Safe Maximum Speed (SMS)

4.11.1 Parameters

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter Parameter	Unit			Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMS safety function by configuration		Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of the maximum speed (SMS)		0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4)		0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	when the SLS fur	pased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) nction is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring -	[µs]	Deceleration ram	pp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
Time					
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ram	p monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ram	p monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 208: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

4.11.2 Behavior

The difference between SMS and SLS is that SMS cannot be actively requested. It is either enabled (parameter "SMS - Enable" = Enabled) or disabled (parameter "SMS - Enable" = Disabled) in the configuration.

When enabled, the current speed is constantly monitored according to a defined limit ("SMS - Speed limit" (v_{SMS_L}) parameter).

Information:

The SMS safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

Danger!

When the monitored speed limit is exceeded, the residual distance must be calculated based on the error response time.

It must be ensured that the spin-out movement and residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe maximum speed, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The speed limit being monitored must be set in a manner so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SMS safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine!

The configured limit must be exceeded! The error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

4.12 Safely Limited Increment (SLI)

4.12.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

•	•	U (1)		,
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 209: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 210: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

4.12.2 Behavior

With the SLI safety function, the movement is monitored for a defined number of increments ("SLI - Position limit" (s_{SLI L}) parameter).

Information:

The SLI safety function requires safe evaluation of the speed and position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

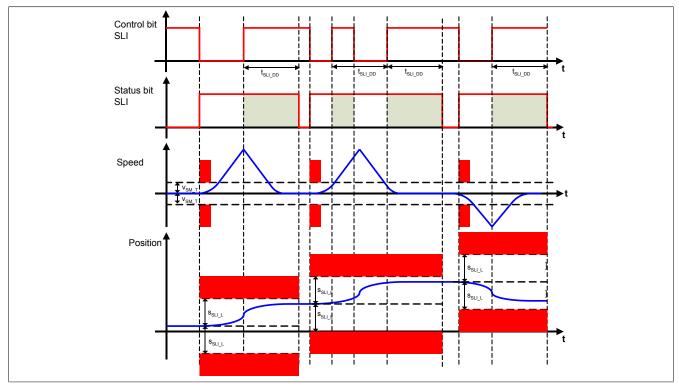


Figure 73: Safely Limited Increment (SLI)

The SLI safety function is only effective when used in combination with at least a second safety function. The SOS, SS2, or SLS safety functions are possible, for example.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SLI safety function has been achieved if the drive has not exceeded a defined increment size and this limit is being safety-monitored.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The safe axis must be at a standstill when this function is enabled. To do this, the speed is monitored for adhering to the speed standstill tolerance (parameter "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" ($v_{SM T}$).

A position window is then generated that is safety-monitored. This position window depends on the configured safe increment size ("SLI - Position limit" (s_{SLI_L} parameter). The standard application must guarantee that this position window is not exceeded.

After the safety function is disabled, monitoring continues for the configured period of time ("SLI - Disable delay time" ($t_{SLI\ DD}$) parameter). This prevents continuous movement caused by constant jogging.

Danger!

If a speed limit for requesting the function or the position window is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe increments, a dynamic forward movement that goes beyond the monitored limit can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop.

The resulting residual distance must be taken into account when configuring the permissible increments and must not present any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SLI safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of the standstill speed limit when enabled and the permissible increments. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.13 Safe Direction (SDI)

4.13.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 211: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 212: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.13.2 Behavior

The SDI safety function monitors the defined direction of movement.

Either the positive or the negative direction can be monitored. The **S_RequestSDIpos** and **S_RequestSDIneg** inputs are available on the function block for this.

Information:

The SDI safety function requires safe evaluation of the position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMC module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

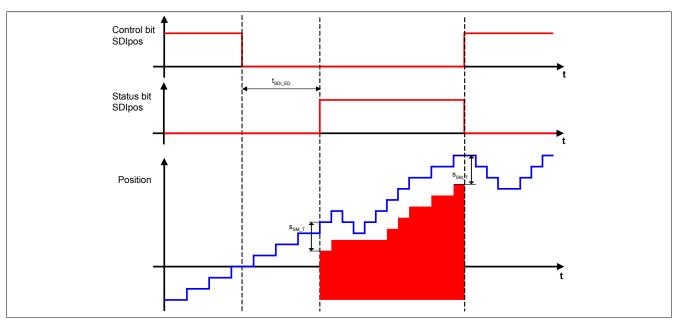


Figure 74: Safe Direction (SDI) - Positive direction of rotation allowed

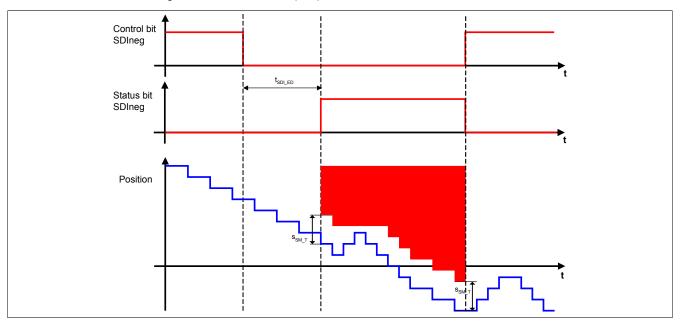


Figure 75: Safe Direction (SDI) - Negative direction of rotation allowed

The Safe Direction safety function can be activated in parallel with other safety functions. For example, SLS or SLI can be limited to a certain direction.

Information:

The functional safe state of the SDI safety function has been achieved if the drive has not violated a defined direction of movement and this direction of movement is being safety-monitored. The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

The purpose of the delay time "SDI - Enable delay time" (t_{SDI_ED}) is to compensate for the different runtimes of standard and safety applications.

When monitoring the direction of movement, then standstill tolerance ("Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) parameter) is not permitted to be exceeded in the forbidden direction of movement. When moving in the permitted direction of movement, the position window moves along with it.

Danger!

If the safe direction of movement is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

In the event of an error when monitoring the safe direction of rotation, a dynamic forward movement in the dangerous direction can occur during the error response time.

During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The resulting residual distance must be taken into account when configuring the permissible tolerance limits and must not present any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the SDI safety function is used in the safety application, then each of the directions of movement that are being used must be tested by selecting and deselecting it when commissioning the machine! The test should contain at least one violation of each safe direction of movement that is being used. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.14 Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)

Information:

The Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety function is only available with SafeMOTION Safety Release 1.9 (FW 300) and higher!

4.14.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 213: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter			Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction (previously Safe acceleration	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)					
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9	
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)					
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9	
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))					

Table 214: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.14.2 Behavior

The SLA safety function is used to monitor the acceleration or deceleration with respect to defined maximum limits.

The SLA safety function requires safe encoder evaluation.

If the safety function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated!

The parameters "SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}$) can be used to set the limit values for acceleration and deceleration in the positive direction of movement. The parameters "SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_N_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_N_L}$) can be used to set the limit values in the negative direction of movement.

Setting the **S** RequestSLA input to SAFEFALSE requests the SLA safety function.

After the "SLA - Enable delay time" (t_{SLA_ED}) has expired, the configured acceleration and deceleration limits are monitored. The purpose of the delay time is to compensate for the different runtimes of the standard and safety applications.

The SafetyActiveSLA status bit will be set to SAFETRUE if no errors occur while monitoring is active.

Information:

The SLA safety function can be activated in parallel with other safety functions. This makes it possible, for example, to reduce the expected residual distances in the worst-case calculation.

Information:

The SLA safety function has achieved its safe state when the safety function is selected and no violation is detected during monitoring of the acceleration and deceleration limits.

The respective bit is set when the functional safe state has been achieved.

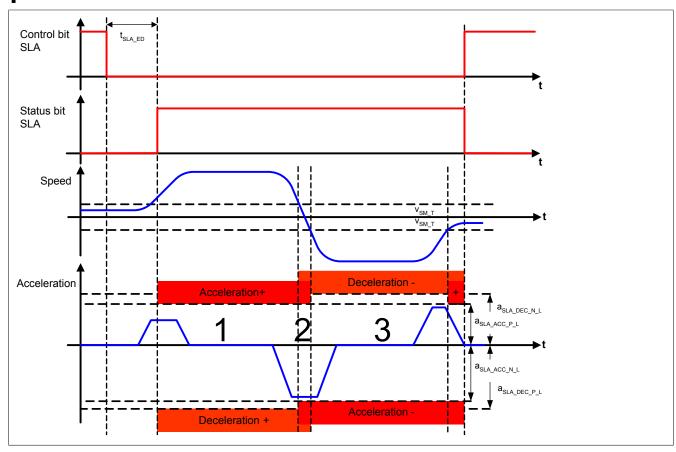


Figure 76: Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)

Monitoring of acceleration and deceleration limits can be classified into the following 3 types (see Fig. 76 "Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA)"):

1 Positive direction of movement

If a movement in the positive direction is detected (current speed is greater than the value of the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring), then the limit values set using the "SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}$) parameters are monitored.

2 Standstill

If standstill is detected (current speed is within \pm the value set for the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring), then the lowest limit value is used for monitoring in each case:

- "SLA Acceleration limit in positive direction" (a_{SLA_ACC_P_L}) and "SLA Deceleration limit in negative direction" (a_{SLA_DEC_N_L})
- "SLA Deceleration limit in positive direction" (a_{SLA_DEC_P_L}) and "SLA Acceleration limit in negative direction" (a_{SLA_ACC_N_L})

3 Negative direction of movement

If a movement in the negative direction is detected (current speed is less than the value of the "Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance" (v_{SM_T}) parameter for standstill monitoring in the negative direction), then the limit values set using the "SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_ACC_N_L}$) and "SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction" ($a_{SLA_DEC_N_L}$) parameters are monitored.

Danger!

If an acceleration or deceleration limit is violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Danger!

When calculating the residual distance when the monitored limit values are violated, the worst case scenario – i.e. the maximum speed possible – must be assumed. The maximum possible speed of the drive in the event of an error is calculated based on the speed at the time of the error, the maximum acceleration and the error response time.

It must be ensured that the movement performed while coasting to a stop or the residual distance do not present any danger!

Danger!

When acceleration or deceleration is safety-monitored, a dynamic forward movement may occur during the error response time. During this time, the drive can accelerate to its maximum before coasting to a stop. The limit being monitored must be set so that the calculated forward movement will not cause any danger.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Danger!

If the safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each configured limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.15 Safe Homing

Information:

The Safe Homing safety function is only available with Safety Release R 1.4 and higher!

4.15.1 Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.9	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4	
Homing - Blocking distance Spreviously Blocking distance		Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse		R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (µs))			0	R 1.4	

Table 215: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

4.15.2 Behavior

The Safe Homing function provides a way to establish a reference between the encoder position and the machine position.

Depending on the homing mode, it may be necessary for the drive to perform a homing procedure. A homing procedure requires the control functions between the electronic controller and the drive motor to be active. Other safety functions might have to be selected in order to prevent a hazardous state during the homing procedure.

The following homing modes are supported:

- Direct
- Reference switch
- Home offset / Home offset with correction (only available with ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!)

Safe homing requires safe evaluation of the position.

If the function is programmed in the safety application and if an error is detected in the safe encoder evaluation, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after the function block is activated! The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle!

A rising edge on the **RequestHoming** control bit starts "Safe Homing" and simultaneously resets the **SafePositionValid** status bit.

As soon as the homing procedure is finished, the **SafePositionValid** status bit is set and the **RequestHoming** control bit must be reset.

The homing procedure must be complete within the monitoring time "Homing - Monitoring time" (t_{HOME_M}) or else the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

The homing procedure will be aborted if the **RequestHoming** control bit is reset before the procedure is completed.

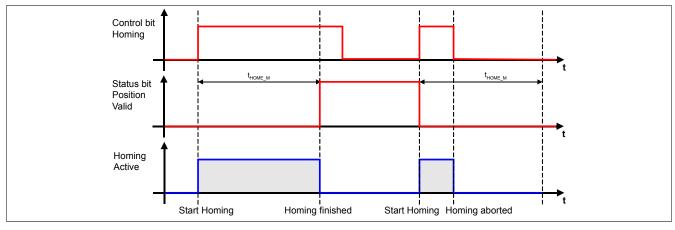


Figure 77: Safe Homing

Information:

The Safe Homing safety function is a prerequisite for implementing the SLP and SMP safety functions and for using the safe position. The SafePositionValid status will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

Danger!

If an error occurs during the homing procedure, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If the safe position is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the "Position Valid" output of the SF_SafeMC_Position_BR(_V2, _V3) function block must also always be evaluated.

This will be reset immediately only with referenced axes SAFETRUE, and the first time an encoder error occurs (SAFEFALSE).

This enables the safety application to detect any encoder error, even if only brief.

If a machine reference is not required for the application, then the axis can be referenced using "Direct" mode.

4.15.2.1 Status bit ReqHominOK

The **ReqHominOK** status bit is only available with Safety Release R 1.9 and higher. The **ReqHominOK** status bit provides feedback in SafeDESIGNER regarding whether direct homing is performed when the **PositionValid** status bit is already set, even for large cycle times.

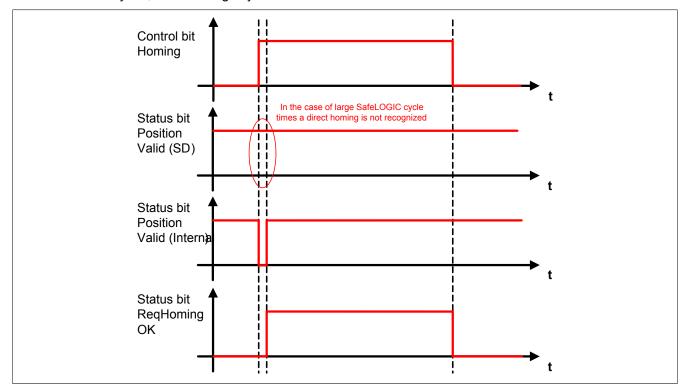


Figure 78: Safe homing - ReqHomingOK status bit

4.15.3 "Direct" mode

4.15.3.1 Parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously <i>Home Position or</i> <i>Home Offset (units)</i>)	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Correction	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.	Disabled	R 1.4

Table 216: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 217: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	MP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 218: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.15.3.2 Behavior

"Direct" mode is used if the current position of the axis is known and only needs to be applied to the SafeMOTION module.

The following scenario is an example of how this mode can be used:

- A functional homing procedure is first carried out on the SafeMOTION module.
- The axis is then moved to a defined position.
- The operator confirms via a safe button that the position is correct → internally, a safe homing procedure is initiated in "Direct" mode.

When homing in "Direct" mode, the actual position of the axis is set to the value specified in the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter immediately after the homing command (rising edge on the **S_RequestHoming** input).

The **S_ReferenceSwitch** input is not evaluated.

The axis must be at a standstill when the homing request is made.

The values configured under "General settings - Standstill monitoring" are monitored in this regard. If the standstill tolerances are violated, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Information:

A reference pulse is not permitted to be used in "Direct" mode!

If a reference pulse is enabled ("Homing - Enable reference pulse" = Enabled), then the system will switch to the FAIL SAFE state when the configuration is checked during startup.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

If Safe Maximum Position has been activated in the configuration ("SMP - Enable" = Enabled), then the value set for the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter must lie within the permitted SMP window ("SMP - Lower position limit" ($s_{\text{SMP_LL}}$) and "SMP - Upper position limit" ($s_{\text{SMP_UL}}$) parameters).

If this is not the case, then the system will switch to the FAIL SAFE state when the configuration is checked during startup.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

4.15.4 "Reference switch" mode

4.15.4.1 parameter

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Disabled This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION		Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	0	R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously Homing Monitoring Time (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 219: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease	
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3	
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))					
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3	
(previously Position Tolerance (units))					

Table 220: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

4.15.4.2 Behavior

"Reference switch" mode correlates with the "Switch Gate", "Abs Switch" and "Limit Switch" homing modes on the SafeMOTION module.

Information:

If the reference switch input (S_ReferenceSwitch) on the function block is not connected, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Depending on the configuration, the SafeMOTION module will pass over the reference switch / limit switch several times.

Danger!

The reference switch / limit switch is part of the safety function and must therefore be accounted for in the risk analysis.

Use a debounced position switch suitable for safety applications!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for implementing a suitable switch!

After the homing command (i.e. rising edge of the S_RequestHoming input), the SafeMOTION module uses the reference switch edge that matches the "Homing - Edge of reference switch" and "Homing - Trigger direction" as long as it is passed below the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" $(v_{HOME\ MAX})$.

If the reference switch is passed with a speed greater than the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" ($v_{\text{HOME_MAX}}$), then the reference switch edge is ignored.

Configuration	Reference switch evaluation
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Negative Homing - Trigger direction = Negative	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Positive Homing - Trigger direction = Negative	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Negative Homing - Trigger direction = Positive	- +
Homing - Edge of reference switch = Positive Homing - Trigger direction = Positive	- +

Table 221: Selecting the reference switch edge

Information:

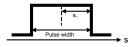
After the homing command is given, the homing procedure must be completed within the configured "Homing - Monitoring time" (t_{HOME_M}). Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

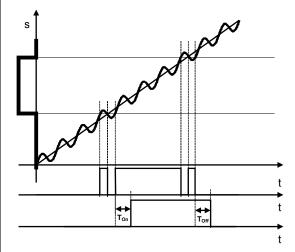
Danger!

The standstill "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" (s_{SM_T}) must be less than or equal to half the pulse width of the reference switch being used!



Danger!

The necessary filter (T_{on}, T_{off}) when reading the reference switch edges in SafeDESIGNER must be determined according to the control behavior during standstill.



Errors in the referenced absolute position due to the delay caused by the filter times must be taken into account!

4.15.4.2.1 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos

The home position is applied immediately after the reference switch edge is evaluated successfully.

4.15.4.2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION, ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Homing - Enable reference pulse = Disabled

If the reference pulse is disabled, then the home position is applied immediately after the reference switch edge is evaluated successfully.

Homing - Enable reference pulse = Enabled

This mode is recommended when the positions of the ACOPOSmulti system and the SafeMOTION module must match exactly. Evaluation of the reference pulse compensates for the speed-dependent position difference by processing the two values at different times.

Information:

If "Homing - Enable reference pulse" is set to "Enabled", then a rotary EnDat 2.2 functional safety encoder must be used. The reference pulse is generated at each single-turn overflow.

If "Homing - Enable reference pulse" = Enabled, then the home position is not applied until the first valid reference pulse after the reference switch edge is reached.

After a valid reference switch edge is evaluated, the evaluation of the reference pulse is suppressed for the distance set by the "Homing - Blocking distance" parameter. The next reference pulse is only evaluated after this distance has been exceeded, at which point the home position is applied.

For a homing procedure to be valid, the direction of movement must not change between the time the reference switch edge occurs and the valid reference pulse; the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" (v_{HOME_MAX}) limit must also not be exceeded.

Information:

If the direction of movement changes while searching for the reference pulse, the reference switch must be passed again.

Information:

If the "Homing - Maximum trigger speed" (v_{HOME_MAX}) speed limit is exceeded while searching for the reference pulse, the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

4.15.5 Mode Home offset / Home offset with correction (only available for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2)

Information:

Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!

4.15.5.1 Parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously <i>Home Position or</i>	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference Switch /	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		

Table 222: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMF	safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
_	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Lower position lim	nit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position lim	ilt for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position lim	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position lim	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between	en the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 223: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.15.5.2 Behavior

If an absolute encoder is being used, then the machine reference can be established via an offset to the encoder position.

A homing procedure is not necessary.

The "Home offset" mode uses this offset directly, while "Home offset with correction" takes into account any encoder overflow that might occur in the permissible range of movement.

The offset is configured in SafeDESIGNER using the "Homing - Home position or home offset" (s_{HOME}) parameter.

The **S_ReferenceSwitch** input is not evaluated.

Danger!

This homing mode can only be used for absolute encoders (single-turn encoders / multi-turn encoders / linear encoders). Using another encoder for this mode will cause the SafeMOTION module to switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The Fail Safe state can only be exited by powering off/on and changing the safety application!

Information:

If the SMP and/or SLP safety functions are used, then their position window must be smaller than the safety-related encoder counting range.

If one of the two position windows is configured greater than the encoder counting range, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

For more information, see Safe encoder counting range (only applies to SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2).

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Home offset

This mode is particularly suited for absolute encoders that provide unique position values over the entire range of movement. The home offset allows the encoder position to accurately represent the machine position over the entire range of movement.

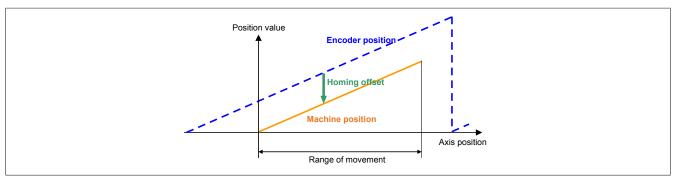


Figure 79: Homing mode - Home offset

The home offset can be determined by performing a calibration movement (e.g. homing with a reference switch).

Home offset with correction

In addition to setting the home offset, this homing mode checks to determine if the machine position is within the range of movement defined by the SMP position limits. If this is not the case, the home offset in the safety-relevant encoder counting range is corrected.

Information:

The SMP safety function must be activated when using this mode. If SMP is deactivated, the SafeMOTION module switches to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Counting range correction is needed when using absolute encoders if the encoder returns a unique position value over the entire range of movement but an encoder overflow occurs within the range of movement. In this case, the home offset depends on whether the machine was calibrated at a position to the right or the left of the overflow point.

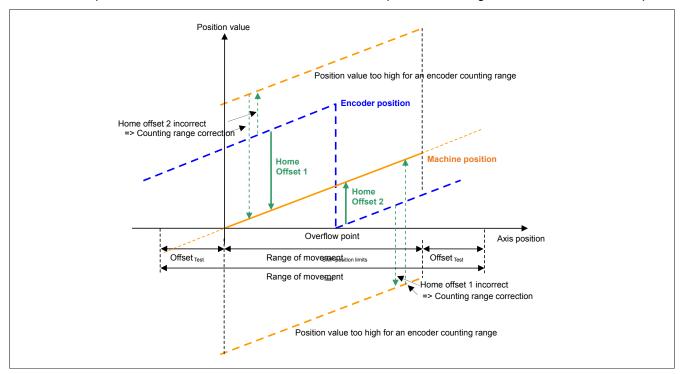


Figure 80: Homing mode - Home offset with correction

To the right of the overflow point, Home Offset 1 – which applies to the left side – would lead to an incorrect position value. To the left of the overflow point, Home Offset 2 – which applies to the right side – would lead to an incorrect position value. This can be compensated for with counting range correction.

Information:

Counting range correction only works if the encoder range is greater than or equal to the range of movement! Keep in mind that only the safety-relevant part of the encoder counting range is used.

4.16 Remanent Safe Position (RSP)

Information:

This functionality is only available with Safety Release R 1.9 and later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter modules, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!

Information:

In order to be able to use the RSP safety function:

- The axis must first be homed using the "Safe Homing" safety function. It does not matter which homing mode is used, but the respective safety notices must be observed.
- The STO and SOS safety functions must be used in accordance with the respective safety notices.

Danger!

The RSP safety function may only be used if suitable technical measures are taken to prevent impermissible movement of the axis when it is switched off (e.g. motor holding brake, self-locking gear, etc.). The axis is not in the OPERATIONAL state and not permitted to be moved further than the lag tolerance (max. half the safe absolute encoder counting range - 2 * "Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance" ($s_{SM T}$)).

$$\Delta x_{Danger} > \frac{x_{SafeEncoderRange}}{2} - 2 \cdot x_{SSM_T}$$

It is the user's responsibility to take suitable technical measures to prevent excess movement.

Danger!

In order to perform testing and validation of the RSP safety function in the course of maintenance, the SafeMOTION module must have performed the RSP procedure.

Danger!

If the module is replaced, an initial homing procedure must be performed without the S_SwitchHomingMode activated.

Danger!

The RSP safety function is not suitable for continuously rotating axes. If an INT32 overflow of the safe position occurs during homing, homing using RSP will result in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state.

4.16.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 224: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Remanent safe position)		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		

Table 225: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

4.16.2 Behavior

The RSP safety function can be activated or deactivated via the configuration.

With this safety function, after the safe position has been homed once to the machine position, the homed safe position does not have to be homed again after a power off/on cycle. It is only possible to store valid position data after a controlled standstill of the drive. The standstill must therefore be ensured. It must also be ensured that no power is supplied to the drive while the data is being saved so that it is <u>not</u> possible for the drive to move. These requirements are met when using the STO and SOS safety functions.

Information:

If the RSP safety function is used and the S_RequestHoming, S_SwitchHomingMode, S_RequestS-TO and S_RequestSOS inputs on the function block are not connected, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state.

The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

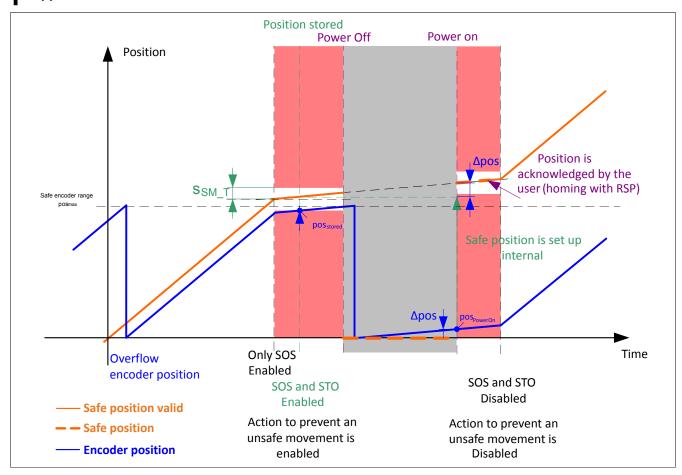


Figure 81: RSP safety function - Timing diagram with encoder overflow during power off

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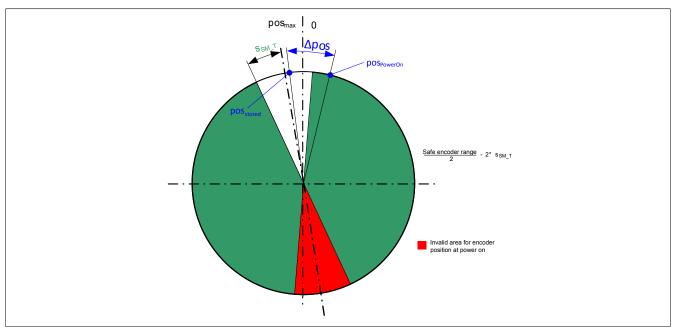


Figure 82: RSP safety function with respect to position for one revolution

4.16.2.1 RSP procedure

This safety function is not intended to provide a functional safe position following an uncontrolled machine failure. The following procedure is defined in order to achieve a controlled stop and enable the use of the remanent safe position:

- 1. Stop the axis in a controlled manner (valid safe position required).
- 2. Achieve the RSPValid status.

This indicates whether the position has been stored and whether homing with RSP will be possible after powering off. The following conditions must be met in order to achieve the **RSPValid** status:

- STO and SOS are selected.
- ° STO and SOS are active and in their safe state.
- The axis has been homed and the safe position is valid (S SafePositionValid = TRUE).
- The store procedure is completed after the other conditions have been fulfilled.
- 3. Activate the technical measures required to prevent a dangerous movement. Execute a power off. A dangerous movement is one that corresponds to half the safe encoder counting range minus two times "Standstill monitoring Position tolerance" (S_{SM T}).

$$\Delta x_{Danger} > \frac{x_{SafeEncoderRange}}{2} - 2 \cdot x_{SSM} T$$

- 4. Confirm the restored position by homing with RSP after powering on.
 - To confirm the restored position after powering on, execute a homing command (i.e. rising edge of the S_RequestHoming input) with the S_SwitchHomingMode input enabled.

Information:

If the switching frequency of the RSPValid status is too fast to complete the store procedure, a warning is entered in the Safety Logger. The SOS and STO safety functions are active in this state and are not deselected until the most recent store procedure is completed.

Information:

If the module is powered on after a controlled stop and homing is performed without the S_Switch-HomingMode input enabled, or if an encoder error is detected, then homing with RSP will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power!

If an error or change in the configuration is detected when powering on after a controlled stop, then the position is not applied and homing with RSP will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power!

Information:

If the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state occurs when homing with RSP, the axis must be homed again with the S_SwitchHomingMode input disabled in order to obtain a new, valid safe position.

4.17 Safely Limited Position (SLP)

Information:

The "Safely Limited Position" safety function is only available with Safety Release 1.4 and higher!

4.17.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 226: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 227: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	Activates the SMP safety function from the configuration		R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 228: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.17.2 Behavior

The purpose of the SLP safety function is to monitor a specified position window.

The "SLP - Lower position limit" (s_{SMP_LL}) and "SLP - Upper position limit" (s_{SMP_UL}) parameters can be used to configure the limits of the monitoring range.

Setting the **S_RequestSLP** input to SAFEFALSE requests the SLP safety function.

After the configurable time "SLP - Enable delay time" (t_{SLP_ED}) has expired, the position window is monitored.

The **S_SafetyActiveSLP** status bit will be set to SAFETRUE if no errors occur while monitoring is active.

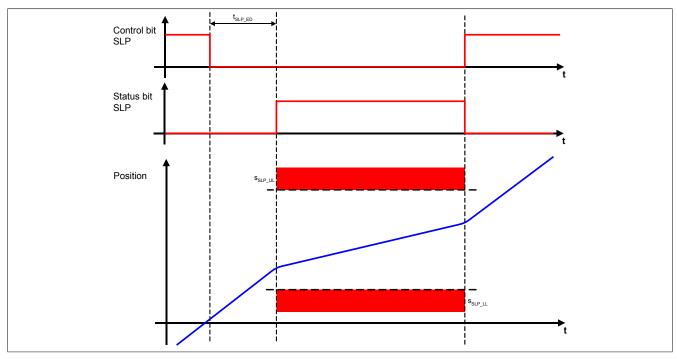


Figure 83: Safely Limited Position (SLP)

The axis must be homed successfully before using the SLP safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the S_SafePositionValid status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

To minimize the residual distance when the position window is exceeded, a position-dependent speed limit is monitored in addition to the position.

Danger!

In the worst case, the monitored position window can be violated while the axis is coasting to a stop. This must be taken into account when defining the limits!

When the position limit is approached, the monitored speed limit is calculated in such a way that the drive will come to a full stop before the positioning limit is reached using the configured "Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit" (a_{RM} _L) parameter.

Permitted speed in the direction of the upper position limit:

$$v_{LIM,POS} = \sqrt{2(LIM_{SLP,POS} - s) \cdot a}$$

Permitted speed in the direction of the lower position limit:

$$v_{LIM,NEG} = \sqrt{2(s - LIM_{SLP,NEG}) \cdot a}$$

The position-dependent speed limit is illustrated in the following figure.

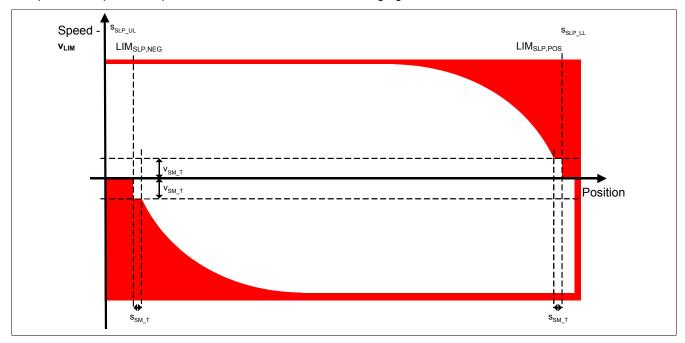


Figure 84: Position-dependent speed window

Danger!

If the position window or the position-dependent speed limit is violated while the SLP safety function is activated or the S_SafePositionValid status is lost, then the module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

If the SLP safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine by selecting and deselecting it!

The test should contain at least one violation of each position limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

4.18 Safe Maximum Position (SMP)

Information:

The "Safe Maximum Position" safety function is only available with Safety Release 1.4 and higher!

4.18.1 Parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 229: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 230: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
(previously Safe Maximum Po-	Disabled	Value	Description		
		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 231: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.18.2 Behavior

The difference between SMP and SLP is that SMP cannot be actively requested. It is either enabled or disabled by the configuration.

When enabled, the current position is constantly monitored against a defined position window.

The "SMP - Lower position limit" (s_{SMP_LL}) and "SMP - Upper position limit" (s_{SMP_UL}) parameters can be used to configure the limits of the monitoring range.

The SMP safety function only works with homed axes since it requires a safe absolute position.

If SMP is configured, a 15-minute timeout period begins when pulse disabling is activated. The homing procedure must take place during this time.

When homing is completed and if there were no errors during monitoring, the **S_SafetyActiveSMP** status bit is set to SAFETRUE.

The axis must be homed successfully before using the "Safe Maximum Position" safety function. If the homing procedure does not complete successfully within 15 minutes after pulse disabling is activated, the SafePositionValid status bit is lost for an already homed axis or there is a violation of the position window or position-dependent speed limit, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

As with the SLP safety function, the SMP safety function also monitors a position-dependent speed limit in addition to the position in order to minimize the remaining distance if the position window is exceeded. For more information, see the description of the "Safety Limited Position (SLP)" safety function.

Danger!

In the worst case, the monitored position window can be violated while the axis is coasting to a stop. This must be taken into account when defining the limits!

If the position window has been exceeded, then movement is only possible in the direction of the position window after the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state has been acknowledged.

Attempting to move beyond the standstill tolerance in the unsafe direction (i.e. away from the position window) will cause the SafeMOTION module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Danger!

If the SMP safety function is used in the safety application, then it must be tested when commissioning the machine! The test should contain at least one violation of each position limit. The error response must be tested accordingly!

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

4.19 Safe Brake Test (SBT)

Information:

This functionality is only available with Safety Release R 1.7 or higher and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules!

Danger!

The SBT safety function can only be used for synchronous motors!

Danger!

Use of the SBT safety function requires fault exclusion for encoder shaft breakage or that safe encoder connection monitoring is active.

This requires either a safe encoder mounting, or the application must meet the necessary requirements for safe encoder shaft breakage monitoring!

Information:

Determining the added value of using this function depends on the requirements of the brake being used and is your responsibility as user.

Danger!

The SBT safety function is not a typical safety function!

It is only used to test an engaged holding brake by applying a configurable stator current for a certain period of time.

The test is carried out at the specified safety level and with the specified precision.

Danger!

Overheating of the motor can change the torque constant (K_T) and therefore negatively influence the functionality of SBT.

Ensure that the motor has been sized so as to prevent overheating.

4.19.1 Parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously Safe Brake Test)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[μΑ]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> SBT (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7

Table 232: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

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The parameters are checked when the SafeMOTION module is started. If a parameter is invalid, the module switches to an error state. In addition, a corresponding error entry is made in the logger.

If an external load is not configured, the following guidelines apply:

• The "Safe Brake Test threshold" value must be greater than the measurement imprecision of the module being used.

The following additional guidelines apply for an external load:

- The external load is not permitted to be greater than the threshold value.
- The external load must be greater than the measurement imprecision of the module being used.

4.19.2 Behavior

The SBT safety function allows an engaged brake to be tested by applying a configurable stator current for a specified period of time.

Using torque constant K_T, the torque is proportional to the stator current I_s:

$$T = I_S * K_T$$

An external load can be taken into consideration if it is configured in SafeDESIGNER using the "SBT - External load" (i_SBT_EXT_LOAD) parameter. In this case, the expected testing torque after measuring the configured load is reduced by the value for the external load.

The brake test must be performed by the standard application; the SafeMOTION module monitors this process.

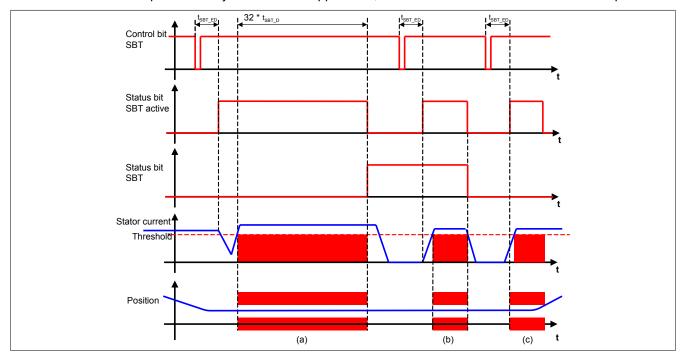


Figure 85: Safe Brake Test (SBT)

A corresponding mode is available in the PLCopen function block MC BR BrakeControl.

The SF SafeMC SBT BR V1 00 function block is available in SafeDESIGNER to request the safe brake test.

A falling edge on the **SBT** control bit starts the SBT safe brake test; the **SBT** status bit is set to "Active" at the same time.

As soon as the brake test has been completed successfully, the **SBT** status bit is set; **SBT** is reset to "Active" at the same time.

The request for the safe brake test is edge-controlled. Resetting the **SBT** control bit to SAFETRUE has no effect on the rest of the process.

Immediately after the safe brake test is requested, the actual brake test is delayed by the "SBT - Enable delay time" (t_{SBT_ED}) counter. This time allows the standard application to react to the status of the request bit and bring the axis to a standstill if necessary.

The safe brake test is handled differently depending on whether or not an external load is present at the time of the test.

4.19.3 Safe brake test without external load

If no external load is configured in SafeDESIGNER, monitoring of the load on the brake starts immediately after the "SBT - Enable delay time" ($t_{SBT\ ED}$) has expired. The safe brake output is simultaneously switched to 0 V.

4.19.4 Safe brake test with configured external load

After the "SBT - Enable delay time" (t_{SBT_ED}) has expired, the value of the stator current required to hold the load is immediately checked against the expected value. This means that at the time the stator current is checked, it must be within a window of $\pm 6.25\%$ of the expected "SBT - External load" ($i_{SBT_EXT_LOAD}$) value. If it is, the safe brake output is switched to 0 V, and the stator current must be below the reduced threshold value.

Because an external load is already exerting torque on the engaged brake, the amount of torque that the drive must apply to test the brake is reduced. The test current is reduced by the amount of the configured load.

Danger!

This function cannot be used with a variable load.

Danger!

In order for the measurement of the external load to provide valid results, the load must be held by the drive at the time of measurement. This means that the brake must not be engaged!

4.19.5 Brake load monitoring

From this point on, the safe brake test procedure is the same with or without a configured external load.

The MC_BR_BrakeControl function block in the standard application ensures that the desired amount of torque is applied to the brake. The stator current is increased in a ramped form until it reaches the setpoint. From the time the stator current exceeds the threshold value "SBT - Threshold" (i_{SBT_TRESH}), the safe position is stored and a position window is calculated.

The size of the position window can be configured using the "SBT - Position tolerance" (s_{SBT_L}) parameter. The **SBT** status bit is simultaneously set to "Active" and monitoring is started.

The "SBT - Maximum torque duration" (t_{SBT_D}) parameter defines the minimum duration of the test, during which the test torque must be applied. The total duration of monitoring is 32x this time (see Fig. 85 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 360 (a)).

During this time, the test current is not permitted to fall below the threshold value; the safe position is not permitted to leave the position window.

If the stator current falls below its threshold value during active monitoring (see Fig. 85 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 360 (b)) or the position tolerance window is violated (see Fig. 85 "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" on page 360 (c)), then the safe brake test becomes invalid and is aborted. If the **SBT** status bit is already set, it is reset. In addition, a corresponding entry is made in the Safety Logger.

After a successful brake test, the **SBT** status bit is set and a configurable timer is started (Parameter "SBT - Test interval" ($t_{SBT\ Tl}$)). After this timer has expired, the **SBT** status bit is reset to indicate that a new brake test is required.

4.19.6 Accuracy of current measurement

Problems with commutation can affect the accuracy of current measurement. Nevertheless, the testing principle used guarantees that this measurement error is <2%.

The accuracy of current measurement also depends on the maximum measurement error of the current transformer, which in turn depends on the performance class of the inverter module being used.

The threshold value must therefore be additionally increased by this value. This ensures valid results from the brake test, even with maximum measurement error.

The following table lists the maximum measurement error for each performance class.

Performance class	Continuous current [A]	Transformer measurement error
8BVI0014HxSA	1.9	108.6 mA
8BVI0028HxSA	3.8	293 mA
8BVI0055HxSA	7.6	488.2 mA
8BVI0110HxSA	15.1	976.6 mA
8BVI0220HxSA	22	1101.6 mA
8BVI0330HxSA	33	2406.4 mA

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Performance class	Continuous current [A]	Transformer measurement error
8BVI0440HxSA	44	2406.4 mA
8BVI0660HxSA	66	4.813 A
8BVI0880HxSA	88	4.813 A
8BVI1650HxSA	165	7.344 A

The following applies for the value to be set for the I_{SET} threshold:

 $I_{SET} = I_{Test} * 1.02 + measurement error$

Danger!

If the accuracy of the current measurement is not taken into account when setting the threshold value, the monitored stator current could be too low under certain conditions. In this case, it is not possible to guarantee that the target test torque is achieved, and the results of the brake test would be invalid!

Information:

The values for the test current and duration of the test depend on the application and the brake being used; it is the user's responsibility to set these values appropriately.

4.20 Safe machine options

4.20.1 Parameters

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Activate Safe Machine Options)				

Table 233: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

4.20.2 Behavior

The primary method for configuring a SafeMOTION module is to set the parameters in SafeDESIGNER and transfer them to the SafeLOGIC controller along with the safety application. From there, they are transferred to the SafeMOTION module. These parameters are labeled as "Default parameters" and require the use of SafeDESIGNER.

To allow them to be configured without using SafeDESIGNER, Safety Release 1.9 introduces the "Safe machine options" safety function.

"Safe machine options" is used to modify the parameters of the SafeMOTION module from the standard application.

The safe machine options are transferred from the standard application to the SafeLOGIC controller as a data block, and stored there permanently. The SafeMOTION module needs to restart in order to transfer the safe machine options, and in some cases this occurs automatically. This means that the parameters cannot be changed at runtime.

Information:

It is only possible to use the "Safe machine options" safety function:

- On SG4 target systems
- With SafeLOGIC X20SL8100
- With Automation Runtime AR 4.06 or later

Danger!

Changing the module's parameters using the "Safe machine options" is equivalent to modifying the safety application.

Acknowledgment and unlock requests must be handled by authorized personnel only. Automated acknowledgment and unlocking logic is not permitted. This requirement must be listed in a code review document.

The danger warnings in the "Maintenance scenarios" chapter of the technical data sheets for X20SL8xxx and X20SLXxxx series devices must also be observed. Functions are only permitted to be executed by personnel with proper authorization. Access to the respective visualization components must be limited to the authorized group of personnel using suitable means.

Personnel authorized to acknowledge data are responsible for verifying the data that is to be acknowledged (project CRC, project save date, content of machine options, etc.).

Local personnel must be informed whenever access takes place. The user must implement suitable measures to ensure that remote access is not possible without notifying local personnel.

Proper functionality must be verified by comprehensive functional testing. All test procedures and results must be documented. Testing must be able to identify any data mismatches between the HMI application and safety application. Comprehensive functional testing must be carried out to ensure proper functionality after the standard application is created or modified as well as after any changes are made to Automation Runtime.

The following description assumes that the "Safe machine options - Enable" module parameter has been set to "Enabled".

4.20.3 Transferring to the SafeLOGIC controller

The safeDownloadData() function block from the AsSafety library is used to transfer the safe machine options. Information regarding the use of this function block can be found in Automation Help for the AsSafety library.

As mentioned above, the safe machine options are transferred as a data block. This data block contains a 64-byte array, variables for version identification and the safety parameters themselves. The format of the safe machine options depends on the Safety Release of the module type (see "4.20.6" Data structure of safe machine options (Safety Release 1.9 and later)" on page 365").

In Safety Release 1.9 and later, a structure type is provided in library "SafeMC" for SafeMOTION modules. Please note the minimum required ACP10 version (see 3 "System requirements" on page 242).

Since the entire safe machine option data block is always transferred, the "enable bits" can be used to enable each parameter. Each bit corresponds to a parameter. For parameters whose "enable bit" is set, the default value (as configured in SafeDESIGNER) is overwritten by the value in the structure. For parameters whose "enable bit" is not set, the default value (as configured in SafeDESIGNER) is retained.

Information:

When the safe machine options are transferred to the SafeLOGIC controller, their ranges are not checked. It is therefore possible to set values that are outside the valid ranges. To prevent malfunctions, the range check is performed on the SafeMOTION module. If faulty parameter settings are detected, the SafeMOTION module enters the FAIL SAFE state during startup.

Information:

The application that handles the transfer must be developed in accordance with currently applicable regulations. Manipulation of parameters by unauthorized personnel is not permitted and must be prevented.

After parameters have been changed, a complete functional test must be performed in order to ensure that the behavior of the safety application meets specifications.

Information:

The format of the safe machine options is backward compatible.

4.20.4 Transferring to the SafeMOTION module

The transfer takes place in the PREOPERATIONAL state. When the safe machine options on the SafeLOGIC controller are changed after a download, they are automatically transferred to the respective SafeMOTION module. On the SafeMOTION module, each of the "enable bits" is evaluated; for any that are set, the default value of the corresponding parameter is overwritten by the value of the safe machine option. Each parameter has a valid range of values which may depend on the values of other parameters (SMS/SLS speed limits, etc.). This range of values is checked on the SafeMOTION module.

If faulty parameter settings are detected, the SafeMOTION module enters the FAIL SAFE state and a corresponding error is entered in the Safety Logger.

4.20.5 Missing safe machine options

If the "Safe machine options" safety function is activated, then the safe machine options must be found on the SafeLOGIC controller. If there is no data block for the respective SafeMOTION module, then the SafeMOTION module does not switch to the OPERATIONAL state and can therefore not be used.

Downloading safe machine options to the SafeLOGIC controller triggers an automatic restart of the SafeMOTION module, and the safe machine options are transferred from the SafeLOGIC controller to the SafeMOTION module.

4.20.6 Data structure of safe machine options (Safety Release 1.9 and later)

Data structure of safe machine options:

- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 and later)
- ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later)
- ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.9 and higher)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

Data type	EnDat 2	2.2	SinCos		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset				
USINT[64]		0 63		0 63	EnableBits			
UINT		64 65		64 65	StructInfoAxisTypeID	Axis type ID of the SafeMOT	ION module	
UINT		66 67		66 67	StructInfoSize	Size of the parameter structu	re	
UDINT		68 71		68 71	StructInfoVersion	StructInfoVersion		
USINT	0	72	0	72	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type		
CONT		12	ľ	12	Encoderrype	SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	SafeMOTION SinCos	
						Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Encoder not used = 0 Encoder not used = 0 Encoder not used = 2		
USINT	1	73	1	73	AlignmentByte0	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	2	74	2	74	AlignmentByte1	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	3	75	3	75	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do no		
UDINT	Not use		4	76 79	NrOfSignalperiods	EUS - Number of signal period		
DINT	4	76 79	5	80 83	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system		
DINT	5	80 83	6	84 87	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of phy		
			7				sical reference system	
DINT	6	84 87	1	88 91	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0		
						Inverse = 1		
DINT	7	88 91	8	92 95	ScaleLength		ranca system for linear ancoder	
					- 0	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear end		
DINT	8	92 95	9	96 99	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range		
DINT	9	96 99	10	100 103	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit		
DINT	10	100 103	11	104 107	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset		
DINT	11	104 107	12	108 111	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed		
DINT	12	108 111	13	112 115	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time		
USINT	13	112	14	116	HomingMode	Homing - Mode		
						Direct = 0		
						Reference switch = 1		
						Home offset = 2 (only SafeM		
							= 3 (only SafeMOTION EnDat	
						2.2)		
USINT	14	113	15	117	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference s	switch	
						Negative = 0		
						Positive = 1		
USINT	15	114	16	118	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction		
						Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
	1							
USINT	16	115	Not use	d	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse		
						Disabled = 0		
LIOINIT	4-	110	NI-1		Harris Barrer 10 f Bar	Enabled = 1 s Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)		
USINT	17	116	Not use	a	HomingRemanentSafePos		anent sate position)	
						Disabled = 0		
LICINIT	40	447	Matrice		Llaurius Daf DDIa al-	Enabled = 1		
USINT	18	117	Not use	1	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance		
USINT	19	118	17	119	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	20	119	Not use	,	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do no		
DINT	21	120 123	18	120 123	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit		
USINT	22	124	19	124	UseSMS	SMS - Enable		
						Enabled = 0		
						Disabled = 1		
USINT	23	125	20	125	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - En	able	
						Enabled = 0		
						Disabled = 1		
USINT	24	126	21	126	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel		
						Highside = 0		
LIOU: T	105	107		107	11	Lowside = 1	. L.L.	
USINT	25	127	22	127	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Ena	able	
						Disabled = 0		
		100		100		Enabled = 1		
USINT	26	128	23	128	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Ena	apie	
						Disabled = 0		
						Enabled = 1		
				1		Lilableu – I		

Table 234: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.9 and higher

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Data type	EnDat 2.2		SinCos		Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
7.	Index	Byte offset	Index	Byte offset	_			
USINT	27	129	24	129	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0		
USINT	28	130	25	130	UseEarlyLimitMon	Enabled = 1 Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0		
						Enabled = 1		
USINT	29	131	26	131	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	30	132	27	132	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	31	133	28	133	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	32	134	29	134	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	33	135	30	135	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0		
						STO1 and STO with time delay = 1		
DINT	34	136 139	31	136 139	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time		
DINT	35	140 143	32	140 143	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages		
DINT	36	144 147	33	144 147	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	37	148 151	34	148 151	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	38	152 155	35	152 155	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	39	156 159	36	156 159	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	40	160 163	37	160 163	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit		
DINT	41	164 167	38	164 167	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit		
DINT	42	168 171	39	168 171	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit		
DINT	43	172 175	40	172 175	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit		
DINT	44	176 179	41	176 179	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit		
DINT	45	180 183	42	180 183	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit		
DINT	46	184 187	43	184 187	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit		
DINT	47	188 191	44	188 191	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit		
DINT	48	192 195	45	192 195	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit		
DINT	49	196 199	46	196 199	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance		
DINT	50	200 203	47	200 203	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance		
DINT	51	204 207	48	204 207	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit		
DINT	52	208 211	49	208 211	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time		
DINT	53	212 215	50	212 215	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable		
DINT	54	216 219	51	216 219	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable		
DINT	55	220 223	52	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	56	224 227	53	224 227	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	57	228 231	54	228 231	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	58	232 235	55	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	59	236 239	56	236 239	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time		
DINT	60	240 243	57	240 243	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time		
DINT	61	244 247	58	244 247	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time		
DINT	62	248 251	59	248 251	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time		
DINT	Not use	d	60	252 255	DelaySBT	SBT - Enable delay time		
DINT	63	252 255	61	256 259	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time		
DINT	64	256 259	62	260 263	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time		
DINT	65	260 263	63	264 267	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance		
DINT	66	264 267	64	268 271	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance		
DINT	Not use	d	65	272 275	SbtInterval	SBT - Test interval		
DINT	Not use	d	66	276 279	SbtTreshold	SBT - Threshold		
DINT	Not use	_	67	280 283	SbtExternalLoad	SBT - External load		
DINT	Not use		68	284 287	SbtDuration	SBT - Maximum torque duration		
DINI								

Table 234: Data structure of safe machine options, Safety Release 1.9 and higher

• ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Safety Release 1.10 and later)

Parameters that are set using a drop-down menu in SafeDESIGNER have a specific range of values, which is listed in the following table for each parameter.

USINT 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 3 4 5 6 7 7 3 9 9 10 11 11 12	Byte offset 0 63 64 65 66 67 68 71 and 3-axis modul 72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	EnableBits StructInfoAxisTypeID StructInfoSize StructInfoVersion es UseAutoResetAtStartup FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Axis type ID of the SafeMOTION module Size of the parameter structure StructInfoVersion Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
UINT UINT UINT UINT UINT USINT 0 USINT 1 USINT 2 USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 10 USINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 13 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 13 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 10 USINT 11 USINT 12 USINT 12 USINT 13 USINT 14 USINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 USINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 24 USINT 24	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 111 112	64 65 66 67 68 71 and 3-axis modul 72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99	StructInfoAxisTypeID StructInfoSize StructInfoVersion es UseAutoResetAtStartup FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Size of the parameter structure StructInfoVersion Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
UINT UDINT Axis 1 - For 1-axi USINT USINT 1 USINT 2 USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 7 USINT 10 USINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 13 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 11 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 13 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 10 DINT 11 USINT 12 USINT 13 USINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 24	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 111 112	66 67 68 71 and 3-axis modul 72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	StructInfoSize StructInfoVersion es UseAutoResetAtStartup FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Size of the parameter structure StructInfoVersion Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
UDINT	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 111 112	68 71 and 3-axis modul 72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	StructInfoVersion es UseAutoResetAtStartup FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	StructInfoVersion Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
Axis 1 - For 1-axi	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 111 112	and 3-axis modul 72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	UseAutoResetAtStartup FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 0 USINT 1 USINT 2 USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 12 USINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 18 USINT 20 DINT 21 USINT 22 USINT 22 USINT 24 USINT 24	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 111 112	72 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 1 USINT 2 USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 USINT 22 USINT 22 USINT 24 USINT 24	1 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	73 73 74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	FuncFailSafeMode AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1 FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 2 USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 24	2 3 4 5 6 7 3 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	74 74 75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	AlignmentByte0 AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 3 DINT 4 DINT 5 USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 24	3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 3 8 9 9 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	75 75 76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	AlignmentByte1 FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 10 111 112 113 114 115 116	76 79 80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	FFS - STO Enable delay time FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	7 3 3 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	80 83 84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 6 USINT 7 USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 17 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 USINT 21 USINT 22 USINT 22 USINT 24 USINT 24	7 3 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	84 84 85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	EncoderType AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 7 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 USINT 21 USINT 22 USINT 22 USINT 23 USINT 24	7 3 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15 16	85 85 86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111	AlignmentByte2 AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0 Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 8 USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	3 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	86 86 87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	AlignmentByte3 AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 9 DINT 10 DINT 11 DINT 12 DINT 13 DINT 14 DINT 15 USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25 USINT 25	9 10 11 12 13 13 14 15 16	87 87 88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	AlignmentByte4 ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use! EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	10 11 12 13 13 14 15 16	88 91 92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	ScaleRevo ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Count of physical reference system EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	11 12 13 14 15 16	92 95 96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	ScaleUnits ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	13 14 15 16	96 99 100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	ScaleDirection ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	13 14 15 16	100 103 104 107 108 111 112 112	ScaleLength ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	Default = 0 Inverse = 1 EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	14 15 16	104 107 108 111 112 112	ScaleNormSpeedMax AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
DINT	15 16 17	108 111 112 112	AccelerationMax UseEncPosMon	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 16 USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	17	112 112	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 17 USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	17			Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1 Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 18 USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25		113 113	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	
USINT 19 DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	18			Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
DINT 20 DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25		114 114	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
DINT 21 DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24	19	115 115	AlignmentByte5	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT 22 DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	20	116 119	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	
DINT 23 USINT 24 USINT 25	21	120 123	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	
USINT 24	22	124 127	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	
USINT 25	23	128 131	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	
	24	132 132	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
LICINIT	25	133 133	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 26	26	134 134	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 27	27	135 135	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT 28	28	136 139	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time	
DINT 29	29	140 143	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	
DINT 30	30	144 147	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	
USINT 31	31	148 148	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0 Lowside = 1	
USINT 32	32	149 149	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 33	33	150 150	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 34		151 151	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
	35	152 152	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1	
USINT 36	36	153 153	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 37	37	154 154	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 38	38	155 155	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
DINT 39	39	156 159	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time	
DINT 40	40	160 163	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time	
USINT 41	41	164 164	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0	
LICINIT	12	165 16F	Alignment Pute 15	Enabled = 1	
	42	165 165	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
	12	166 166	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!	
USINT 44 DINT 45	43	167 167	AlignmentByte17 RampMonTimeSS2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! SS2 - Ramp monitoring time	

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Data type ACOPOS EnDat 2.		S P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
	Index	Byte offset				
DINT	46	172 175	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	47	176 179	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	48 49	180 183	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	50	184 187 188 191	DecelerationLimNeg DelaySLA	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction SLA - Enable delay time		
USINT	51	192 192	UseSMS	SMS - Enable		
USINT	51	192 192	USESIVIS	Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	52	193 193	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	53	194 194	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	54	195 195	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	55	196 199	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit		
DINT	56	200 203	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit		
DINT	57	204 207	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit		
DINT	58	208 211	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit		
DINT	59	212 215	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit		
USINT	60	216 216	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	61	217 217	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	62	218 218	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	63	219 219	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	64	220 223	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	65	224 227	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	66	228 231	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	67	232 235	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	68	236 239	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time		
DINT	69	240 243	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit		
DINT	70	244 247	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time		
USINT	71	248 248	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3		
USINT	72	249 249	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	73	250 250	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	74	251 251	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	75 76	252 255 256 256	HomingPos HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Home position or home offset Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	77	257 257	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	78	258 258	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	79	259 259	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	80	260 260	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance		
USINT	81	261 261	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	82	262 262	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	83	263 263	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	84	264 267	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed		
DINT	85	268 271	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time		
USINT	86	272 272	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	87	273 273	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	88	274 274	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	89	275 275	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	90	276 279	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit		
DINT	91	280 283	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit		
DINT	92	284 287	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit		
DINT	93	288 291	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit		
DINT	94	292 295	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time		
			2-axis and 3-axis modules	A transfer and the state E. C.		
USINT	95	296 296	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	96	297 297	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1		

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Data type	ACOPOS EnDat 2.2	P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset		
USINT	97	298 298	AlignmentByte0	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	98	299 299	AlignmentByte1	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	99	300 303	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
	_		•	,
DINT	100	304 307	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
USINT	101	308 308	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1
			<u> </u>	Encoder not used = 0
USINT	102	309 309	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	103	310 310	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	104	311 311	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	105	312 315	ScaleRevo	EUS - Count of physical reference system
DINT	106	316 319	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system
DINT	107	320 323	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction Default = 0
				Inverse = 1
DINT	108	324 327	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder
DINT	109	328 331	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range
DINT	110	332 335	AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit
USINT	111	336 336	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	112	337 337	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	113	338 338	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	114	339 339	AlignmentByte5	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	115	340 343	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance
				<u> </u>
DINT	116	344 347	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance
DINT	117	348 351	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance
DINT	118	352 355	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance
USINT	119	356 356	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	120	357 357	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	121	358 358	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	122	359 359	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	123	360 363	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time
DINT	124	364 367	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit
DINT	125	368 371	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time
USINT	126	372 372	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel Highside = 0
	10-	0=0	10.0	Lowside = 1
USINT	127	373 373	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	128	374 374	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	129	375 375	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	130	376 376	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	131	377 377	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	132	378 378	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT			<u> </u>	
	133	379 379	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	134	380 383	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time
DINT	135	384 387	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time
USINT	136	388 388	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0
				Enabled = 1
USINT	137	389 389	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	138	390 390	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	139	391 391	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	140	392 395	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time
DINT	141	396 399	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	142	400 403	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction
DINT	143	404 407	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	144	408 411	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction
DINT	145	412 415	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time
	146	416 416	UseSMS	SMS - Enable Enabled = 0
USINT				Disabled = 1
USINT	147	417 417	AlignmentByte18	Disabled = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
	147 148	417 417 418 418	AlignmentByte18 AlignmentByte19	

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Data type	ACOPOS EnDat 2.2	P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER
	Index	Byte offset		
DINT	150	420 423	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit
DINT	151	424 427	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit
DINT	152	428 431	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit
DINT	153	432 435	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit
DINT	154	436 439	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit
USINT	155	440 440	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	156	441 441	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	157	442 442	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	158	443 443	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	159	444 447	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	160	448 451	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	161	452 455	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	162	456 459	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time
DINT	163	460 463	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time
DINT	164	464 467	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit
DINT	165	468 471	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time
USINT	166	472 472	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3
USINT	167	473 473	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	168	474 474	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	169	475 475	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	170	476 479	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset
USINT	171	480 480	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)
		100 100	nonning tomanontouror co	Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	172	481 481	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	173	482 482	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1
USINT	174	483 483	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1
USINT	175	484 484	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance
USINT	176	485 485	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	177	486 486	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	178	487 487	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	179	488 491	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed
DINT	180	492 495	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time
USINT	181	496 496	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0
				Disabled = 1
USINT	182	497 497	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	183	498 498	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	184	499 499	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	185	500 503	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit
DINT	186	504 507	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit
DINT	187	508 511	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit
DINT	188	512 515	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit
DINT	189	516 519	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time
Axis3 - Only f	or ACOPOS	P3 SafeMOTION 3	<u> </u>	
USINT	190	520 520	UseAutoResetAtStartup	Automatic reset on start - Enable
			·	Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1
USINT	191	521 521	FuncFailSafeMode	FFS - Mode STO = 0 STO1 and STO with time delay = 1
USINT	192	522 522	AlignmentByte0	STO1 and STO with time delay = 1 Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	_			<u> </u>
	193	523 523	AlignmentByte1	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	194	524 527	FuncFailSafeDelaySTO	FFS - STO Enable delay time
DINT	195	528 531	FuncFailSafeDelayBrk	FFS - Delay time until the brake engages
USINT	196	532 532	EncoderType	EUS - Encoder type Encoder used = 1 Encoder not used = 0
USINT	197	533 533	AlignmentByte2	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	198	534 534	AlignmentByte3	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
USINT	199	535 535	AlignmentByte4	Alignment placeholder. Do not use! Alignment placeholder. Do not use!
DINT	200	536 539	-	EUS - Count of physical reference system
ואווט	200	JJU JJB	ScaleRevo	200 - Outrit or priyatear reference system

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Data type ACOPOS P3 SafeM0 EnDat 2.2			Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
	Index	Byte offset				
DINT	201	540 543	ScaleUnits	EUS - Units per count of physical reference system		
DINT	202	544 547	ScaleDirection	EUS - Counting direction		
2		01101.		Default = 0		
				Inverse = 1		
DINT	203	548 551	ScaleLength	EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder		
DINT	204	552 555	ScaleNormSpeedMax	EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range		
		556 559	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
DINT	205		AccelerationMax	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit		
USINT	206	560 560	UseEncPosMon	Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable		
				Disabled = 0		
LIOINIT	007	504 504	11. 5. 0 114.	Enabled = 1		
USINT	207	561 561	UseEncSpeedMon	Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable		
				Disabled = 0		
LIOINIT	000	500 500	List On ID and I'm a Total	Enabled = 1		
USINT	208	562 562	UseSetPosAliveTest	Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable Disabled = 0		
				Enabled = 0		
LICINIT	200	F00 F00	A/'			
USINT	209	563 563	AlignmentByte5	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	210	564 567	EncMonitoringPosTol	Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance		
DINT	211	568 571	EncMonitoringSpeedTol	Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance		
DINT	212	572 575	PositionTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance		
DINT	213	576 579	SpeedTolerance	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance		
USINT	214	580 580	UseEarlyLimitMon	Early limit monitoring - Enable		
		355 556		Disabled = 0		
				Enabled = 1		
USINT	215	581 581	AlignmentByte6	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	216	582 582	AlignmentByte7	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
	_		+			
USINT	217	583 583	AlignmentByte8	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	218	584 587	EarlyLimitMonTime	Early limit monitoring - Time		
DINT	219	588 591	DecelerationRamp	Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit		
DINT	220	592 595	DelayRampMonitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time		
USINT	221	596 596	SelectSTO1channel	STO1 - Channel		
				Highside = 0		
				Lowside = 1		
USINT	222	597 597	AlignmentByte9	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	223	598 598	AlignmentByte10	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	224	599 599	AlignmentByte11	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	225	600 600	UseRampMonitoringSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable		
OOIIVI	223	000 000	Oser kampivionitoring 55 i	Disabled = 0		
				Enabled = 1		
USINT	226	601 601	AlignmentByte12	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	227	602 602	AlignmentByte13	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
	_		, ,			
USINT	228	603 603	AlignmentByte14	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	229	604 607	RampMonTimeSS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring time		
DINT	230	608 611	DelaySBC	SBC - Enable delay time		
USINT	231	612 612	UseRampMonitoringSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable		
				Disabled = 0		
				Enabled = 1		
USINT	232	613 613	AlignmentByte15	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	233	614 614	AlignmentByte16	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	234	615 615	AlignmentByte17	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	235	616 619	RampMonTimeSS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring time		
DINT	236	620 623	AccelerationLimPos	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction		
	_			•		
DINT	237	624 627	DecelerationLimPos	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction		
DINT	238	628 631	AccelerationLimNeg	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	239	632 635	DecelerationLimNeg	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction		
DINT	240	636 639	DelaySLA	SLA - Enable delay time		
USINT	241	640 640	UseSMS	SMS - Enable		
				Enabled = 0		
				Disabled = 1		
USINT	242	641 641	AlignmentByte18	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	243	642 642	AlignmentByte19	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	244	643 643	AlignmentByte20	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
	245	_				
DINT		644 647	SpeedLimitSMS	SMS - Speed limit		
DINT	246	648 651	SpeedLimitSLS1	SLS1 - Speed limit		
DINT	247	652 655	SpeedLimitSLS2	SLS2 - Speed limit		
DINT	248	656 659	SpeedLimitSLS3	SLS3 - Speed limit		
DINT	249	660 663	SpeedLimitSLS4	SLS4 - Speed limit		
USINT	250	664 664	UseRampMonitoringSLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable		
		00001		Disabled = 0		
				Enabled = 1		
USINT	251	665 665	AlignmentByte21	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
			<u> </u>			
USINT	252	666 666	AlignmentByte22	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	253	667 667	AlignmentByte23	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Data type	ACOPO EnDat 2	S P3 SafeMOTION	Name	Constant / Name in SafeDESIGNER		
	Index	Byte offset				
DINT	254	668 671	RampMonTimeSLS1	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	255	672 675	RampMonTimeSLS2	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	256	676 679	RampMonTimeSLS3	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	257	680 683	RampMonTimeSLS4	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time		
DINT	258	684 687	DelaySDI	SDI - Enable delay time		
DINT	259	688 691	SliPositionWindow	SLI - Position limit		
DINT	260	692 695	SliToffDelay	SLI - Disable delay time		
USINT	261	696 696	HomingMode	Homing - Mode Direct = 0 Reference switch = 1 Home offset = 2 Home offset with correction = 3		
USINT	262	697 697	AlignmentByte24	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	263	698 698	AlignmentByte25	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	264	699 699	AlignmentByte26	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	265	700 703	HomingPos	Homing - Home position or home offset		
USINT	266	704 704	HomingRemanentSafePos	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position) Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	267	705 705	HomingRefSwEdge	Homing - Edge of reference switch Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	268	706 706	HomingTriggerDir	Homing - Trigger direction Negative = 0 Positive = 1		
USINT	269	707 707	HomingRefPulse	Homing - Enable reference pulse Disabled = 0 Enabled = 1		
USINT	270	708 708	HomingRefPBlock	Homing - Blocking distance		
USINT	271	709 709	AlignmentByte27	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	272	710 710	AlignmentByte28	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	273	711 711	AlignmentByte29	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	274	712 715	HomingMaxSpeed	Homing - Maximum trigger speed		
DINT	275	716 719	HomingTMon	Homing - Monitoring time		
USINT	276	720 720	UseSMP	SMP - Enable Enabled = 0 Disabled = 1		
USINT	277	721 721	AlignmentByte30	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	278	722 722	AlignmentByte31	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
USINT	279	723 723	AlignmentByte32	Alignment placeholder. Do not use!		
DINT	280	724 727	PosLimitMinSMP	SMP - Lower position limit		
DINT	281	728 731	PosLimitMaxSMP	SMP - Upper position limit		
DINT	282	732 735	PosLimitMinSLP	SLP - Lower position limit		
DINT	283	736 739	PosLimitMaxSLP	SLP - Upper position limit		
DINT	284	740 743	DelaySLP	SLP - Enable delay time		

Table 235: Data structure of safe machine options in Safety Release 1.10 and later

In order for the SafeMOTION module to interpret and verify the data correctly, information regarding module type, size and version must be entered in the structure. The structure elements "StructInfoAxisTypeID", "StructInfoSize" and "StructInfoVersion" are provided for this purpose.

For these structure elements, the correct values must be entered for the module type and structure version being used.

Variable	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION		NC
	EnDat 2.2	SinCos		1-axis	2-axis	3-axis mod-
				module	module	ule
StructInfoAxisTypeID	1	2	1	3	4	5
StructInfoSize	196	220	196	224	448	672
StructInfoVersion	4	5	4	6	7	8

Danger!

Entering the wrong values will cause the data to be interpreted incorrectly and may result in dangerous situations when using the SafeMOTION module.

5 LED status indicators

For ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules, see 2 "Status indicators" on page 29.

For ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules, see 2 "Status indicators" on page 165.

For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, see 1.2.1 "Status indicators" on page 203.

6 SafeMOTION register description

6.1 Parameters in the I/O configuration of the SafeMOTION module

Group: Function model

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Function model		This parameter is reserved for future functional expansions.	Default

Table 236: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Function model

Group: General

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description	
Module supervised	on/off	System behavior whe	System behavior when a module is missing	
		Parameter value	Description	
		On	A missing module causes service mode to be activated.	
		Off	A missing module is ignored.	
SafeLOGIC ID		SafeMOTION module	In applications with multiple SafeLOGIC controllers, this parameter specifies the SafeMOTION module's association with a particular SafeLOGIC controller. • Permissible values: 1 - 1024	
SafeMODULE ID		' '	Unique safety address of the module Permissible values: 2 to 1023	

Table 237: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: General

Group: Extended

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Turn-off delay in µs	[µs]	This parameter defines the delay before the SafeMOTION module should turn	0
		off if POWERLINK communication is lost.	

Table 238: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Extended

Group: Encoders

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Encoder model	-	SafeMOTION E	EnDat 2.2	EnDat 2.2 encoder
		Selects the encoder sys	stem and corresponding parameters	
		Parameter value	Description	
		EnDat 2.2 encoder	Configuration for an EnDat 2.1 encoder]
		Encoder not used	No encoder active	
		SafeMOTION S Salecte the encoder system	SinCos stem and corresponding parameters	EnDat 2.1 encoder
		Parameter value	Description	1
		EnDat 2.1 encoder	Configuration for an EnDat 2.1 encoder	-
		SSI absolute encoder	Configuration for an EnDat 2.1 encoder Configuration for an SSI absolute encoder	-
		SSI sinusoidal encoder	Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution SSI number of leading zeros SSI number of data bits SSI data coding SSI parity check Baud rate [kbaud] Configuration for an SSI sinusoidal encoder Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution SSI number of leading zeros SSI number of data bits SSI data coding Serial resolution per sine period Phasing of the serial position Baud rate [kbaud] Configuration for a sinusoidal encoder	
		Sine encoder	Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution	
		Sinusoidal encoder with DCM	Configuration for a sinusoidal encoder Encoder scale: Increments per encoder revolution DCM general distance [pulses] DCM distance difference [pulses]	
		Encoder not used	No encoder active	

Table 239: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Encoders (only ACOPOS-multi SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 and ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos)

Information:

For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives, the encoder group is located under the configuration of the power inverter.

The following settings are only available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives:

Group: Safety features: Axis 1

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled	Always enabled	
Speed function set -		Makes it possible to hin SafeDESIGNER	ide the configuration parameters of the speed function set	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Position function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the position function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 240: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 1

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Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 2 applies to 1-axis, 2-axis and 3-axis modules.

Group: Safety features: Axis 2

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled	Always enabled	
Speed function set -		Makes it possible to h in SafeDESIGNER	Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the speed function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Position function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the position function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 241: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 2

Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 2 applies only to 2-axis and 3-axis modules.

Group: Safety features: Axis 3

These settings make it possible to hide parameters for unused function sets in SafeDESIGNER.

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value
Basic function set	-	Always enabled	Always enabled	
Speed function set -		Makes it possible to h in SafeDESIGNER	nide the configuration parameters of the speed function set	Enabled
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Advanced function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the advanced function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	
Position function set	-		Makes it possible to hide the configuration parameters of the position function set in SafeDESIGNER	
		Parameter value	Description	
		Enabled	Configuration parameters are available.	
		Disabled	Configuration parameters are hidden.	

Table 242: SafeMOTION I/O configuration parameters: Safety features: Axis 3

Information:

Group: Safety features: Axis 3 applies only to 3-axis modules.

6.2 Parameters in SafeDESIGNER

Group: Basic in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Parameter		Description Default value Unit						
Min required FW Rev	This parameter is reser	This parameter is reserved for future functional expansions. Basic release						
Optional	modules do not have to dicate that these modul	This parameter can be used to configure the module as "optional". Optional modules do not have to be present, i.e. the SafeLOGIC controller will not indicate that these modules are not present. However, this parameter does not influence the module's signal or status data.						
	Parameter value	Description						
	No	This module is absolutely necessary for the applic	ation.					
		The module must be in OPERATIONAL mode aft tion to the SafeLOGIC controller must be establish = SAFETRUE). Processing of the safety application delayed after startup until this state is achieved for After startup, module problems are indicated by a	ed without errors on on the SafeLO all modules with a quickly blinking	(SafeModuleOK GIC controller is "Optional = No". "MXCHG" LED				
	Voc	on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is also mad	de in the logbook	-				
	res	Yes This module is not necessary for the application.						
		The module is not taken into account during startup, which means the safety application is started regardless of whether the modules with "Optional = Yes" are in OPERATIONAL mode or if safe communication is properly established between these modules and the SafeLOGIC controller.						
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NO						
	Startup	Startup This module is optional. The system determines h startup.						
		If it is determined that the module is physically prof whether it is in OPERATIONAL mode or not); "Optional = No" is set.						
		If it is determined that the module is not physically module behaves as if "Optional = Yes" is set.	present during	startup, then the				
	Not present	Not present This module is not necessary for the application						
		The module is ignored during startup, which mea ed regardless of whether the modules with "Optio present.						
		Unlike "Optional = Yes", with "Optional = Not present" the module is not started, so the boot behavior of the system is optimized.						
		After startup, module problems are NOT indicated by a quickly blinking "MXCHG" LED on the SafeLOGIC controller. An entry is NOT made in the logbook.						
E (
External UDID	This parameter enables specified externally by t	the option on the module for the expected UDID to be the CPU.	No	-				
	Parameter value	Description						
	Yes-ATTENTION	The UDID is determined by the CPU. The SafeLC if the UDID is changed.	GIC controller m	ust be restarted				
	No	The UDID is specified by a teach-in procedure du	ring startup.					

Table 243: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Basic

Danger!

If the "External UDID = Yes-ATTENTION" option is used, incorrect specifications from the CPU can lead to safety-critical situations.

Perform an FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis) in order to detect these situations and implement additional safety measures to handle them.

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Group: Safety Responsetime in Safety Release 1.10 and later

safety response time for the The parameters for the sa same way for all stations i parameters are configured For application situations ii	fety response time are generally configured in the involved in the application. For this reason, these for the SafeLOGIC controller in SafeDESIGNER. In which individual safety functions require optimal e parameters for the safety response time can be the respective module. Description	No No source to cal	-	
Yes	Data from the module's "Safety Responsetime" gro	oup is used to cal		
	Data from the module's "Safety Responsetime" gro	oup is used to cal		
No		Data from the module's "Safety Responsetime" group is used to calculate the safety		
	The parameters for the safety response "Safety Responsetime" group on the SafeLOGIC of		ken from the	
tween the SafeLOGIC cont For additional information a Diagnostics and service -> Calculation of safety runtim	roller and SafelO module. bout the actual data transmission time, see section Diagnostics tools -> Network analyzer -> Editor -> le in Automation Help.	20000	μs	
s)	2000 to 10,000,000 μs (corresponds to 2 ms to 10			
This parameter specifies th data transfer.	e number of additional tolerated lost packets during	0	Packages	
Permissible values: 0 to 20				
This parameter specifies the maximum number of packets used for node guarding. Permissible values: 1 to 255 Package			Packages	
Note				
nous data traffic. This setting is not c	ritical to safety functionality. The time for safely cut-			
	tween the SafeLOGIC cont For additional information a Diagnostics and service -> Calculation of safety runtim	This parameter specifies the number of additional tolerated lost packets during data transfer. Permissible values: 0 to 20 This parameter specifies the maximum number of packets used for node guarding. Permissible values: 1 to 255 Note The larger the configured value, the greater the amount of asynchro-	tween the SafeLOGIC controller and SafeIO module. For additional information about the actual data transmission time, see section Diagnostics and service -> Diagnostics tools -> Network analyzer -> Editor -> Calculation of safety runtime in Automation Help. • Permissible values: 2000 to 10,000,000 µs (corresponds to 2 ms to 10 s) This parameter specifies the number of additional tolerated lost packets during data transfer. • Permissible values: 0 to 20 This parameter specifies the maximum number of packets used for node guarding. • Permissible values: 1 to 255 Note • The larger the configured value, the greater the amount of asynchronous data traffic. • This setting is not critical to safety functionality. The time for safely cut-	

Table 244: SafeDESIGNER parameters: Safety Responsetime

Information:

Safe parameters are divided into module-specific and axis-specific parameters. Module-specific parameter apply once per module, while axis-specific parameters apply once per axis.

Information:

The following SafeMOTION parameter groups are module-specific:

• Safe machine options

Information:

The following SafeMOTION parameter groups are axis-specific:

- General settings ...
- Basic functions ...
- Speed functions ...
- Advanced functions ...
- Absolute position functions ...

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Activate Safe Machine Options)				

Table 245: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit			Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En- Enabled/		Activates automati	c reset of the function block at startup	Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 246: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesortivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL (SAFE state		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])			-		

Table 247: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder type (previously <i>Encoder Type</i>)	Rotary encoder / Linear encoder / Encoder used /	• ACOP	Determines the type of encoder used: • ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos (Safety Release 1.7 or higher)		R 1.7
	Encoder not used	• ACOP higher ACOP	 Rotary encoder Linear encoder Encoder not used: No encoder being used OSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 (Safety Release 1.9 or	Encoder used (EnDat 2.2)	R 1.9
			° Encoder not used: No encoder being used		
EUS - Number of signal periods (previously <i>Number of signal</i>	-		nal periods per revolution (rotary encoder) or length of the ence system (linear encoder)	1	R 1.7
periods) EUS - Count of physical reference system	-		er unit scale: x revolutions r unit scale: x reference lengths (reference length = length	1	R 1.4
(previously Count of physical reference system)		Any unit (mm, positions (and For this reaso (units per x rev	I reference system) 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data which can result such as speed and acceleration). n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit rolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain numtions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system</i> [units])	[units]	Any unit (mm, positions (and For this reaso (units per x rev	er unit scale: Units per x revolutions er unit scale: Units per x reference lengths 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data which can result such as speed and acceleration). n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit rolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num- tions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		R 1.4
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /		ction of the position or speed	Standard	R 1.3
_	Inverse	Value	Description		
(previously Counting direction)		Standard Inverse	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Encoder counting direction is negative to the count-		
			ing direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nm))	[nm]	tem is defined This value is r	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum peri	missible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))					

Table 248: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(annuisment of the section of the		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag erro	Position lag error tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring		R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error toler	rance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 249: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 250: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 251: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 252: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	STO1 - Channel High-side/		Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High-s	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 253: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 254: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i>	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
SBC (us)				

Table 255: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Description		Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		R 1.3		
		Value	Description				
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time				
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored				
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3		

Table 256: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	arameter Unit Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 257: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of	the maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 f	or SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 f	or SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 f	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 f	or SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - En-	Enabled/	Activates ram	p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring)	Enabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	when the SLS	function is requested		
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		

Table 258: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS1 (us</i>))	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us</i>))	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3

Table 258: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Danger!

The respective monitored speed limit must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous speed cannot be exceeded in the event of error.

The dangerous speed must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} \leq EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i>	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
SDI (us)				

Table 259: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[ps]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 260: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SBT (previously Safe Brake Test)

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SBT - Threshold (previously Safe Brake Test threshold (uA))	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0	R 1.7	
SBT - External load (previously Safe Brake Test external load (uA))	[µA]	External load	0	R 1.7	
SBT - Position tolerance (previously Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance	0	R 1.7	
SBT - Maximum torque duration (previously Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us))	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0	R 1.7	
SBT - Test interval (previously Safe Brake Test interval (s))	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800	R 1.7	
SBT - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay Time to start</i> <i>SBT</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.7	

Table 261: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SBT

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset /	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only	Direct	R 1.4	
	Home Offset with Cor- rection	available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!			
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))					
Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled	R 1.9	
(previously Remanent safe position)		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!			
Homing - Edge of reference switch	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE	Positive	R 1.4	
(previously Edge of reference switch)		in the positive direction of movement.			
Homing - Trigger direction	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter spec-	Positive	R 1.4	
(previously Trigger direction)		ifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.			

Table 262: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit	Description		nit Description Default valu		Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4		
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	0	R 1.4		
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4		
Homing - Monitoring time (previously Homing Monitoring Time (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4		

Table 262: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit Description			Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SM	P safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position lin	mit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the machine's full range of movement		0	R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position lin	Lower position limit for the monitoring range		R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range		0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between	een the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 263: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

6.3 Parameter names

Changed parameter names in Safety Release 1.10 and later

Parameter		
Previous name	Name in Safety Release 1.10 and later	Formula symbols
Basic	Basic	
Min_required_FW_Rev	Min required FW Rev	
Optional	Optional	
External_UDID	External UDID	
Safety_Response_Time	Safety Responsetime	
Manual_Configuration	Manual Configuration	
Synchronous_Network_Only	Synchronous Network Only	
Max_X2X_CycleTime_us	-	
Max_Powerlink_CycleTime_us	-	
Max_CPU_CrossLinkTask_Cycle- Time_us	-	
Min_X2X_CycleTime_us	-	
Min Powerlink CycleTime us	-	
Min_CPU_CrossLinkTask_Cycle- Time_us	-	
Worst_Case_Response_Time_us	_	
-	Safe Data Duration	
_	Additional Tolerated Packet Loss	
_	Packets per Node Guarding	
Additional Parameter	Safe machine options	
	'	
Activate Safe Machine Options	Safe machine options - Enable	
General Settings	General settings - Automatic reset on start	
Automatic Reset at Startup	Automatic reset on start - Enable	
Behavior of Functional Fail Safe	General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)	
Behavior of Functional Fail Safe	FFS - Mode	
Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs]	FFS - STO Enable delay time	t _{FFS_STO}
Delay time until the brake engages [µs]	FFS - Delay time until brake engages	t _{FFS_BRAKE}
Encoder Unit System	General settings - Encoder Unit System	
-	(EUS)	
Encoder Type	EUS - Encoder type	
Number of signal periods Count of physical reference system	EUS - Number of signal periods EUS - Count of physical reference sys-	
Units per count of physical reference	EUS - Units per count of physical refer-	
system [units] Counting direction	ence system EUS - Counting direction	
Length of physical reference system	EUS - Length of physical reference sys-	
for linear encoder (nm) Maximum speed to normalize the	tem for linear encoder EUS - Maximum speed to normalize	v
speed range (units/s)	speed range	VEUS_MAX_NORM
Maximum acceleration (rad/s² or mm/s²)	EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	a _{EUS_ENC_L}
Encoder Monitoring	General settings - Encoder monitoring	
Encoder Position monitoring	Encoder monitoring - Position error	
Encoder Speed monitoring	monitoring - Enable Encoder monitoring - Speed error mon-	
Set position alive testing	itoring - Enable Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint	
	alive testing (SPA) - Enable	
Encoder Monitoring Tolerances Encoder monitoring Position tolerance	- Encoder monitoring - Position error tol-	S _{EM_T}
(units) Encoder monitoring Speed tolerance	erance Encoder monitoring - Speed error toler-	V _{EM T}
(units/s)	ance	- CM_I
Safety Standstill and Direction Toler- ances	General settings - Standstill monitoring	
Speed Tolerance (units/s)	Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	V _{SM_T}
Position Tolerance (units)	Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	S _{SM_T}
Early Limit Monitoring	General settings - Early limit monitoring	
Early Limit Monitoring	Early limit monitoring - Enable	
,	Early limit monitoring - Time	t _{elm}
Early Limit Monitoring time		I LEIVI
Early Limit Monitoring time Safety Deceleration Ramp		
Early Limit Monitoring time Safety Deceleration Ramp Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]	General settings - Ramp monitoring Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	a _{RM_L}

Table 264: SafeMOTION parameters

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Safety technology • SafeMOTION register description

Parameter		
Delay time to start ramp monitoring	Ramp monitoring - Enable delay time	t _{RM_ED}
(us)	, , , , , ,	-NW_ED
General Settings	Basic functions - STO1	
Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1)	STO1 - Channel	
General Settings	Basic functions - SS1	
Rampmonitoring for SS1	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times	-	
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us)	SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{ss1_RM}
Safety Additional Parameters	Basic functions - SBC	
Delay time to start SBC (us)	SBC - Enable delay time	t _{sbc_ed}
General Settings	Speed functions - SS2	
Rampmonitoring for SS2	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times	- CS2 Roma monitoring Time	+
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us) Safely Limited Acceleration	SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time Speed functions - SLA	t _{SS2_RM}
Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/	SLA - Acceleration limit in positive di-	a _{SLA_ACC_P_L}
s²) in positive direction	rection	SLA_ACC_P_L
Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction	SLA - Deceleration limit in positive di- rection	a _{SLA_DEC_P_L}
Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction	SLA - Acceleration limit in negative di- rection	a _{SLA_ACC_N_L}
Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/	SLA - Deceleration limit in negative di-	a _{SLA_DEC_N_L}
s²) in negative direction	rection	
Safety Additional Parameters	-	
Delay time to start SLA (us)	SLA - Enable delay time	t _{sla_ed}
General Settings Safe Maximum Speed	Speed functions - SMS/SLS SMS - Enable	
Rampmonitoring for SLS	SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	
Safety Speed Limits	-	
Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s)	SMS - Speed limit	V _{SMS_L}
Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s)	SLS1 - Speed limit	V _{SLS1_L}
Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s)	SLS2 - Speed limit	V _{SLS2_L}
Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s)	SLS3 - Speed limit	V _{SLS3_L}
Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s)	SLS4 - Speed limit	V _{SLS4_L}
Safety Ramp Monitoring Times	-	
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us)	SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS1_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us)	SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS2_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us)	SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{SLS3_RM}
Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us)	SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	t _{sls4_RM}
Safety Additional Parameters	Advanced functions - SDI	+
Delay time to start SDI (us) Safely Limited Increment	SDI - Enable delay time Advanced functions - SLI	t _{SDI_ED}
Safe Increments (units)	SLI - Position limit	S _{SLI L}
SLI Off Delay (µs)	SLI - Disable delay time	t _{SLI_DD}
Safe Brake Test	Advanced functions - SBT	151,00
Safe Brake Test threshold (uA)	SBT - Threshold	İ _{SBT_TRESH}
Safe Brake Test external load (uA)	SBT - External load	İ _{SBT_EXT_LOAD}
Safe Brake Test position tolerance	SBT - Position tolerance	S _{SBT_L}
(units) Safe Brake Test maximum torque du-	SRT - Maximum torque duration	 t
ration (us)	SBT - Maximum torque duration	t _{sbt_d}
Safe Brake Test interval (s)	SBT - Test interval	t _{sbt_Ti}
Safety Additional Parameters	-	
Delay Time to start SBT (us)	SBT - Enable delay time	t _{sbt_ed}
Homing	Absolute position functions - Homing	
Mode	Homing - Mode	
Home Position or Home Offset (units)	Homing - Home position or home offset	S _{HOME}
Remanent Safe Position	Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	
Edge of reference switch	Homing - Edge of reference switch	
Trigger direction Reference pulse	Homing - Trigger direction Homing - Enable reference pulse	
Liverence haise		1
Blocking distance (% encoder reference system)	Homing - Blocking distance	
ence system)	Homing - Blocking distance	Violentia
ence system) Max. trigger speed (units/s)	Homing - Blocking distance Homing - Maximum trigger speed	VHOME_MAX
ence system) Max. trigger speed (units/s) Homing Monitoring Time (µs)	Homing - Blocking distance Homing - Maximum trigger speed Homing - Monitoring time	VHOME_MAX thome_m
ence system) Max. trigger speed (units/s)	Homing - Blocking distance Homing - Maximum trigger speed	,
ence system) Max. trigger speed (units/s) Homing Monitoring Time (µs) General Settings	Homing - Blocking distance Homing - Maximum trigger speed Homing - Monitoring time Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP	,
ence system) Max. trigger speed (units/s) Homing Monitoring Time (µs) General Settings Safe Maximum Position	Homing - Blocking distance Homing - Maximum trigger speed Homing - Monitoring time Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP	,

Table 264: SafeMOTION parameters

Safety technology • SafeMOTION register description

Parameter						
Safe Upper Positionlimit for SMP (units)	SMP - Upper position limit	S _{SMP_UL}				
Safe Lower Positionlimit for SLP (units)	SLP - Lower position limit	S _{SLP_LL}				
Safe Upper Positionlimit for SLP (units)	SLP - Upper position limit	S _{SLP_UL}				
Safety Additional Parameters	-					
Delay time to start SLP (us)	SLP - Enable delay time	t _{SLP_ED}				

Table 264: SafeMOTION parameters

Associated group name

6.4 Channel list For ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

	Starting with afety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
ModuleOK F	₹ 1.3	Read		BOOL	Indicates if the module is OK
SerialNumber F	R 1.3	Read 1)		UDINT	Module serial number
ModuleID F	₹ 1.3	Read 1)		UINT	Module code
	R 1.3	Read 1)		UINT	Hardware variant
	R 1.3	Read ²⁾		UINT	Module firmware version
_	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UDINT	UDID, lower 4 bytes
	₹ 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	UDID, upper 2 bytes
SafetyFWversion1 F	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 1
SafetyFWversion2 F	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 2
Diag1_Temp F	₹ 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Module temperature in °C
Diag1 24V F	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement μP1 - 24V
<u> </u>	₹ 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement µP1 - 3V3
	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement μP1 - 5V
· -	R 1.3	, ,		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 24V
-	-	(Read) 2)			
0 -	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement μP2 - 3V3
0 -	R 1.3	(Read) 2)		UINT	Voltage measurement μP2 - 5V
SafeModuleOK F	R 1.3		Read	SAFEBOOL	Indicates if the safe communication channel is OK
SafetyActiveSTO F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of STO safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSBC F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SBC safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSOS F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SOS safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSS1 F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SS1 safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSS2 F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SS2 safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSLS1 F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SLS1 safety function
SafetyActiveSLS2 F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS2 safety function
SafetyActiveSLS3 F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS3 safety function
SafetyActiveSL4 F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLS4 safety function
SafetyActiveSTO1 F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of STO1 safety function
SafetyActiveSDIpos F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SDIpos safety function
SafetyActiveSLI F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLI safety function
SafetyActiveSDIneg F	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SDIneg safety function
SafetyActiveSLP F	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	(TRUE = safe state) Status of SLP safety function
					(TRUE = safe state)
SafetyActiveSMP F	₹ 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of SMP safety function (TRUE = safe state)
SafePositionValid F	₹ 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the safe position (TRUE = valid position referencing and no errors found)
SafetyActiveSLA F	₹ 1.9	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the SLA safety function (TRUE = safe status)
,	₹ 1.3	Read		SAFEBOOL	Status of position setpoint "Alive Testing" (TRUE = valid)
	₹ 1.9	(Read) 4)	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (TRUE = safe position is valid and request for safe homing is TRUE)
AllReqFuncAct F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the requested safety functions (TRUE = all requested safety functions are active)
SafetyActiveSDC F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the delay monitor (TRUE = delay monitoring is active)
Operational F	₹ 1.3	Read		SAFEBOOL	Status of the function block (TRUE = function block is in the state OPERATIONAL, SAFE or WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION)
NotErrENC F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the safe encoder (FALSE = pending encoder error)
NotErrFUNC F	₹ 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Status of the SafeMOTION module (FALSE = SafeMOTION module is in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state)
CoolodCnood	212	Dood	(Pood) 3)	CAECINIT	·
·	R 1.3	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEINT	Safe scaled speed
	R 1.4	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEDINT	Safe position
SafetyActiveSBT F	R 1.7	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	SBT Active bit (TRUE = active)
SafetyStatusSBT F	R 1.7	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	SBT Status bit (TRUE = valid)

Table 265: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

Safety technology • SafeMOTION register description

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
RSPValid	R 1.9	Read	(Read) 3)	SAFEBOOL	Remanent safe position is validated and saved (TRUE = safe position is saved, Power Off for homing with RSP is possible)
RequestSTO	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the STO safety function
RequestSBC	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SBC safety function
RequestSOS	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SOS safety function
RequestSS1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SS1 safety function
RequestSS2	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SS2 safety function
RequestSLS1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS1 safety function
RequestSLS2	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS2 safety function
RequestSLS3	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS3 safety function
RequestSLS4	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLS4 safety function
RequestSTO1	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the STO1 safety function
RequestSDIpos	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SDIpos safety function
RequestSLI	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLI safety function
RequestSDIneg	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SDIneg safety function
RequestSLP	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLP safety function
RequestHoming	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Requests safe homing
ReferenceSwitch	R 1.4	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Safe input for using a reference switch
RequestSBT	R 1.7	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	SBT control bit
RequestSLA	R 1.9	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Selects/Deselects the SLA safety function
SwitchHomingMode	R 1.9	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Activates homing with RSP (TRUE = RSP homing mode is active)
Activate	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Enables the function block
Reset	R 1.3	(Read) 4)	(Write) 5)	SAFEBOOL	Reset input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

Table 265: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

- 1) Channel only visible if the "Module Information" parameter has been set to "on".
- 2) This data is accessed in Automation Studio using the ASIOACC library.
- 3) This data is accessed indirectly via the outputs of the function blocks SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR, SF_SafeMC_Position_BR or SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2.
- 4) This data can be accessed via NC Action or Trace.
- 5) This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs of the function blocks SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR_V2 or SF_SafeMC_BR_V3.

6.5 Channel list For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release		Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
ModuleOK	R 1.10	Read		BOOL	Indicates if the module is OK
SerialNumber	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UDINT	Module serial number
ModuleID	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UINT	Module code
HardwareVariant	R 1.10	Read ¹⁾		UINT	Hardware variant
FirmwareVersion	R 1.10	Read ²⁾		UINT	Module firmware version
UDID_low	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UDINT	UDID, lower 4 bytes
UDID_high	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	UDID, upper 2 bytes
SafetyFWversion1	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 1
SafetyFWversion2	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Firmware version of safety processor 2
SCError	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		USINT	Error in safety communication
SCError Englis	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Error in safety communication
SCErrorEnable	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾ (Read) ²⁾		INT	Error in safety communication Module temperature in °C
Diag1_Temp	R 1.10	` '		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 24V
Diag2_24V Diag2_3V3	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾ (Read) ²⁾		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 3V3
Diag2_5V5	R 1.10	(Read) ²⁾		UINT	Voltage measurement µP2 - 5V
SafeModuleOK	R 1.10	(Reau)=/	Read	SAFEBOOL	Indicates if the safe communication channel is OK
For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 1-a.				SAFEBOOL	indicates if the sale communication channel is OK
AX1_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE status bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 1
AX1 StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 1 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX1 StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX1_StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1_StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSDI Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSDI Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusAllRegActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active
AX1 StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX1_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX1 StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX1 StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX1 StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX1 SafePOSITION 4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read)8)	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX1 ScaledSafeSPEED 2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁷⁾	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION		xis modules	,		'
AX2_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE status bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 2
AX2_StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 2 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX2_StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX2_StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSDI_Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSDI_Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2 StatusAllRegActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active

Table 266: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description
AX2 StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX2_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX2_StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX2_StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX2 StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX2 SafePOSITION 4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁸⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX2 ScaledSafeSPEED 2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁷⁾	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTIO			(1.1000)	0, 11 22 0 0 2	
AX3_StatusNotErrorFunc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE bit (FALSE = functional error) for axis 3
AX3_StatusOperational	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	Function block axis 2 is in state OPERATIONAL.
AX3 StatusSTO	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSBC	R 1.10	Read	(Read)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusNotErrorEnc	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Encoder error status bit (FALSE = encoder error)
AX3 StatusSTO1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3 StatusSDC	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDC status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSOS	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
			, ,	+	SLA status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLA	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	,
AX3_StatusSLS1	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLS2	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLS3	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLS4	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSDI_Pos	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSDI_Neg	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSLI	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLI status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusAllReqActive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	All requested safety functions are active
AX3_StatusHoming	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Safe position valid bit (TRUE = valid)
AX3_StatusRequestHomingOK	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Status of the request for safe homing
AX3_StatusSLP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusSMP	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SMP status bit (TRUE = active)
AX3_StatusRSPValid	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	RSP Valid Bit
AX3 StatusSetPosAlive	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	"Alive testing" of position setpoint is valid.
AX3_SafePOSITION_4Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read)8)	SAFEBOOL	Safe position
AX3 ScaledSafeSPEED 2Byte	R 1.10	Read	(Read) ⁷⁾	SAFEBOOL	Scaled safe speed
For ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 1-a	xis, 2-axis and	3-axis module:	s	*	
AX1_ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit
AX1 ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component
AX1 ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit
AX1_ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit
AX1 ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit
AX1 ControlSTO1	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit
AX1 ControlSOS	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit
AX1 ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit
AX1_ControlSLA	R 1.10	· /	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLA control bit
_	+	(Read)9)		SAFEBOOL	
AX1_ControlSLS1	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾		SLS1 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit
AX1_ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit
AX1_ControlSDI_Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit
AX1_ControlSDI_Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁵⁾	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit
AX1_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit
AX1_ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit
AX1_ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit
AX1_ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit
AX1_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position (SAFE TRUE)
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTIO	N 2-axis and 3-a	xis modules			
AX2_ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit
AX2_ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component
AX2 ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit
AX2 ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit
AX2_ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit
AX2_ControlSTO1			, ,		
	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ³⁾	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit
	D 1 10	(Doc4/0)			
AX2_ControlSOS	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit
AX2_ControlSOS AX2_ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁴⁾	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit
AX2_ControlSOS	+	,	, ,		

Table 266: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

Safety technology • SafeMOTION register description

Channel name	Starting with Safety Release	Access via Automation Studio	Access via SafeDESIGNER	Data type	Description			
AX2_ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit			
AX2_ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit			
AX2_ControlSDI_Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit			
AX2_ControlSDI_Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit			
AX2_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit			
AX2_ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit			
AX2_ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit			
AX2_ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit			
AX2_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position (SAFE TRUE)			
Only for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION 3-axis modules								
AX3_ControlReset	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Reset bit			
AX3_ControlActivate	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	Activates the SafeMOTION component			
AX3_ControlSTO	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO control bit			
AX3_ControlSBC	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SBC control bit			
AX3_ControlSS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	SS1 control bit			
AX3_ControlSTO1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)3)	SAFEBOOL	STO1 control bit			
AX3_ControlSOS	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SOS control bit			
AX3_ControlSS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SS2 control bit			
AX3_ControlSLA	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLA control bit			
AX3_ControlSLS1	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS1 control bit			
AX3_ControlSLS2	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS2 control bit			
AX3_ControlSLS3	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS3 control bit			
AX3_ControlSLS4	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)4)	SAFEBOOL	SLS4 control bit			
AX3_ControlSDI_Pos	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI pos control bit			
AX3_ControlSDI_Neg	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SDI neg control bit			
AX3_ControlSLI	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)5)	SAFEBOOL	SLI control bit			
AX3_ControlHoming	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Homing control bit			
AX3_ControlReferenceSwitch	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Reference switch bit			
AX3_ControlSLP	R 1.10	(Read)9)	(Write)6)	SAFEBOOL	SLP control bit			
AX3_ControlSwitchHomingMode	R 1.10	(Read) ⁹⁾	(Write) ⁶⁾	SAFEBOOL	Switching between the configured homing mode (SAFE FALSE) and restore remanent safe position (SAFE TRUE)			

Table 266: SafeMOTION channel list for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

- Channel only visible if parameter "Module Information" is set to "on".
- 2) This data is accessed in Automation Studio using library ASIOACC.
- This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.
- This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

- This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

 This data is accessed indirectly via the inputs/outputs of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR. 7)
- This data can only be accessed via NC Action or Trace.

7 Configuring the safety functions

The concept of integrated safety technology is based on keeping all functional control in the inverter unit, with the SafeMOTION module dedicated to monitoring configurable limits.

The only exception is that the SafeMOTION module activates safe pulse disabling and the safe motor holding brake.

The standard application must react accordingly to the request for a safety function.

To ensure proper interaction between the standard and the safety application (and thereby ensuring maximum availability of the system), the different timing of the two applications must be taken into account.

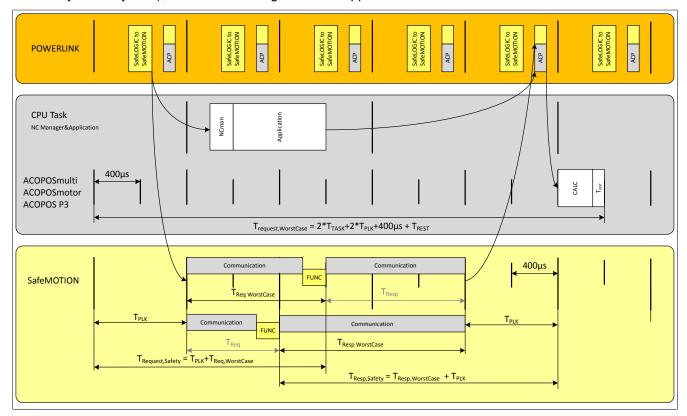


Figure 86: Inverter unit timing - SafeMOTION module

Delay time	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION
Request control bits (T _{ReqWorstCase})	1200 µs	1250 µs
Response status bits (T _{RespWorstCase})	1600 μs	1550 µs

Table 267: SafeMOTION module - Delay time

The differing runtimes of the standard and the safety application can be taken into account with the "Delay times for requesting a safety function" parameters.

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Delay time to start ramp moni-	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of mon-	0
toring (us)		itoring	
Delay time to start SDI (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay time to start SBC (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay time to start SLP (us) 1)	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0
Delay Time to start SBT (us) 2)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0
Delay Time to start SLA (us) 3)	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0

Table 268: Delay times for requesting a safety function

- 1) Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or higher!
- 2) Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or higher and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or higher!

7.1 SafeMOTION Help Tool

The SafeMOTION Help Tool assists in the development of SafeMOTION projects. This program can be used to make calculations that are required frequently.

7.1.1 "Status and control bits" tab

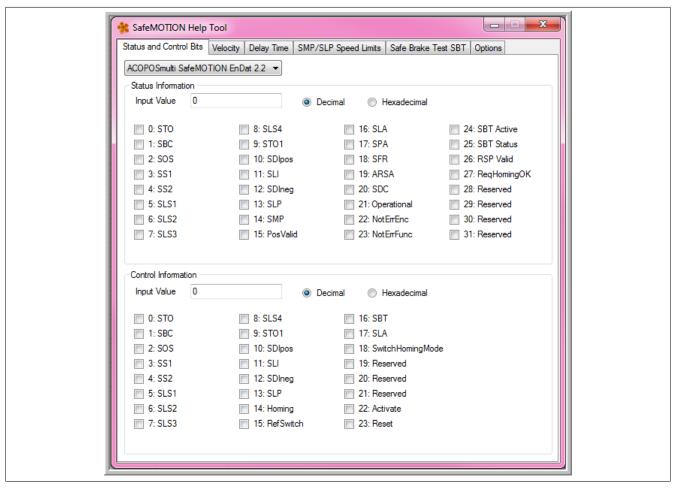


Figure 87: SafeMOTION Help Tool - "Status and control bits" tab

"Status Information" section

Information:

Status information can be determined by running a trace on the cyclic data (ParID 4).

Showing status bits for the status information that has been determined

- 1. Specify whether the value that has been determined for the status information is decimal or hexadecimal.
- 2. Enter the value that has been determined in the *Input value* field.
 - → The checkboxes now show the status bits for the determined status information.

Determining the input value for a combination of status bits

- 1. Specify whether the input value should be displayed as a decimal or hexadecimal value.
- 2. Set the desired combination of status bits by selecting the checkboxes.
 - → The input value that corresponds with the combination of status bits is shown.

"Control Information" section

Information:

Control information can be determined by running a trace on the cyclic data (ParID 5).

Showing status bits for the control information that has been determined

- 1. Specify whether the value that has been determined for the control information is decimal or hexadecimal.
- 2. Enter the value that has been determined in the *Input value* field.
 - → The check boxes now show the control bits for the determined control information.

Determining the input value for a combination of control bits

- 1. Specify whether the input value should be displayed as a decimal or hexadecimal value.
- 2. Set the desired combination of control bits by selecting the check boxes.
 - → The input value that corresponds with the combination of control bits is shown.

Information:

Selecting the SafeMOTION module displays the corresponding status and control bits.



7.1.2 "Velocity" tab

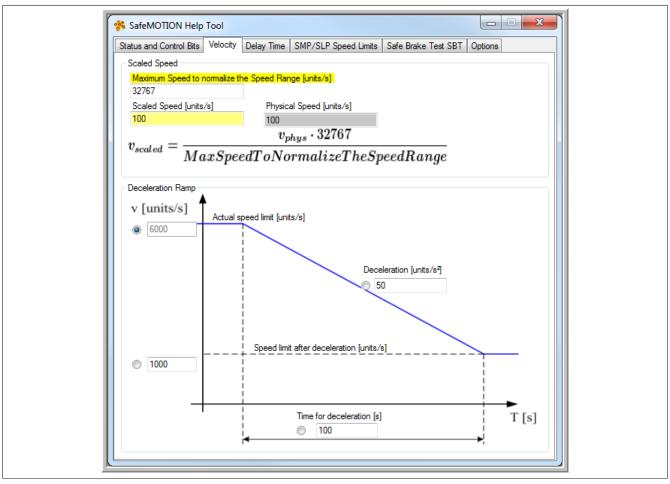


Figure 88: SafeMOTION Help Tool - "Velocity" tab

"Scaled Speed" section

In the *Scaled Speed* section, a scaled speed can be converted to a physical speed [units/s] and back again based on the "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]" value.

Parameter names marked in yellow correspond to parameters in SafeDESIGNER.

Scaled → physical speed conversion

- 1. Enter the value for "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]".
- 2. Enter the value for the scaled speed [units/s].
 - → The respective value for the physical speed [units/s] is shown.

Physical → scaled speed conversion

- 1. Enter the value for "Maximum speed to normalize the speed range [units/s]".
- 2. Enter the value for the physical speed [units/s].
 - → The respective value for the scaled speed [units/s] is shown.

"Deceleration Ramp" section

In the *Deceleration Ramp* section, three parameters are used to calculate a fourth parameter in order to define a deceleration ramp. You can choose which parameter should be determined.

Procedure

- 1. Choose the parameter to determine:
 - ° Current speed limit [units/s]
 - ° Delay [units/s]
 - Speed limit after the delay [units/s]
 - ° Delay time [s]
- 2. Enter the values for the three remaining parameters in their respective fields.
 - → The calculated value for the fourth parameter is displayed.

7.1.3 "Delay Time" tab

This tab can be used to calculate the delay time for the SafeMOTION module, such as the "Delay time to start ramp monitoring" (see "Inverter unit timing - SafeMOTION module" on page 397). The delay time is the difference between the times $T_{\text{Request, Safety}}$ and $T_{\text{Request, WorstCase}}$.

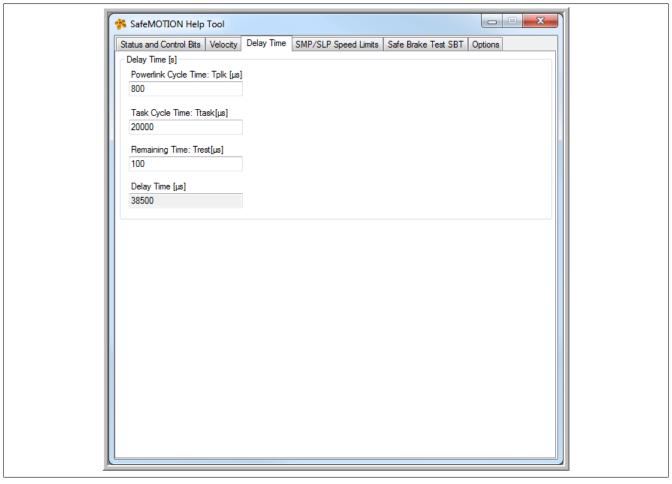


Figure 89: SafeMOTION Help Tool - "Delay Time" tab

"Delay Time" section

Procedure

- 1. Enter value for the POWERLINK cycle time [µs].
- 2. Enter value for the task cycle time [µs].
- 3. Enter value for the remaining time $[\mu s]$.
 - → The value calculated for the delay time [µs] is displayed.

7.1.4 "SMP/SLP Speed Limits" tab

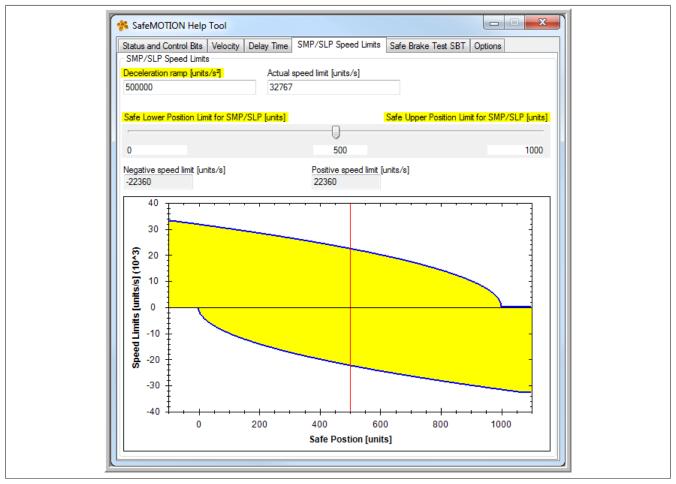


Figure 90: SafeMOTION Help Tool - "SMP/SLP Speed Limits" tab

SMP/SLP Speed Limits section

In the SMP/SLP Speed Limits section, the "Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]" and "Actual speed limit [units/s]" parameters are used to determine the negative and positive speed limit and display them in a diagram.

The "Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" and the "Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" values can be preset. When a value between these limits is entered, the corresponding values for the negative and positive speed limit [units/s] are determined and displayed.

Parameter names marked in yellow correspond to parameters in SafeDESIGNER.

Calculating negative and positive speed limits

- 1. Enter the value for "Deceleration Ramp [units/s²]".
- 2. Enter the value for "Actual speed limit [units/s]".
- 3. Preset the values for "Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]" and the "Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP/SLP [units]".
- 4. Enter a value between the limits or move the arrow with the left mouse button

 This value is shown in the diagram as a red vertical line. The red line can be scrolled or shifted using the arrow pointer.
 - → The corresponding values for the negative and positive speed limit [units/s] are displayed in the fields and in the diagram.

Diagram

This diagram illustrates the speed limit [units/s] in relation to the safe position [units].

Displaying and using the diagram

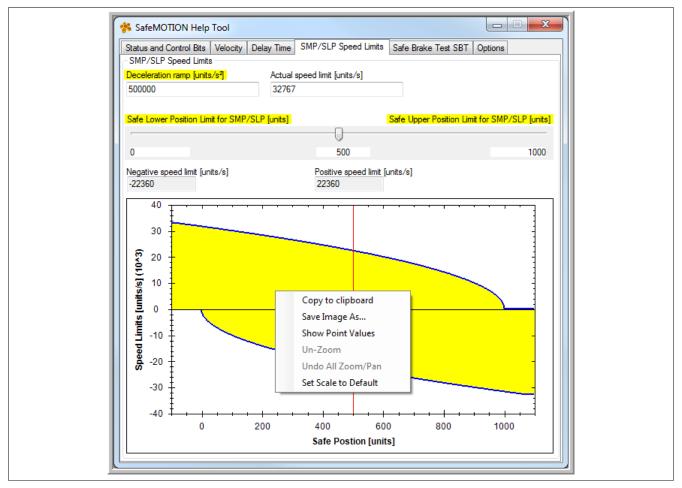


Figure 91: Displaying the diagram with the selection menu

Move the mouse pointer over the diagram.

→ A cross-hair pointer appears.

Holding the left mouse button and marking a section zooms in the diagram.

Scrolling with the mouse also zooms in the diagram.

Right-click inside the diagram.

Set Scale to Default

 \rightarrow A selection menu appears.

Select a menu item with the left mouse button.

Copy to clipboard Copies the image to the clipboard

Save Image As... Saves the image

Show Point Values Displays the values of individual points when moving the cross-hair pointer

Sets scaling to the default values

over the line in the diagram

 Un-Zoom
 Reverts back to the previous zoom setting

 Undo All Zoom/Pan
 Resets all zoom/pan actions

7.1.5 "Safe Brake Test SBT" tab

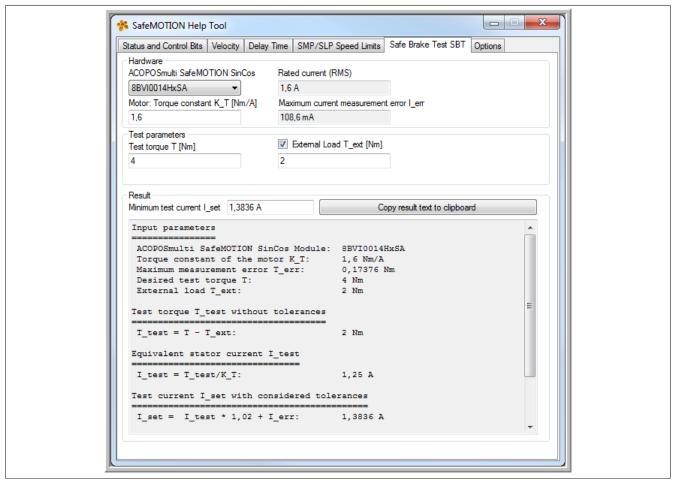


Figure 92: SafeMOTION Help Tool - "Safe Brake Test SBT" tab

The SafeMOTION Help Tool offers support for calculating the minimum required test torque for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules, which is calculated taking into account the drive parameters, the *external load* T_{ext} and measurement imprecision.

The calculation is performed as described in the user's manual under ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test (SBT).

"Hardware" section

The ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module being used can be specified under "Hardware". This setting is necessary since the "*Maximum current measurement error* (I_{err})" parameter depends on the performance class.

The torque constant (K_T) of the motor must also be set; this can be found in the data sheet for the motor. The SafeMOTION Help Tool outputs the "Maximum current measurement error (I_{err}) " parameter for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter module being used.

"Test Parameters" section

The parameters for the "Safe Brake Test (SBT)" are set in this section. It is possible to select whether an "External Load (T_{ext})" should be taken into account. The input values depend on the currently configured performance class. If an invalid value is entered, the respective limit value is shown.

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"Result" section

The result of the calculation is the "Minimum test current (I_{set})", which needs to be set while taking the External Load (T_{ext}) and measurement imprecision into account.

If an invalid value is entered, then the respective limit value is output in the *Hardware* section and the results are not calculated.

The text of the results can be copied directly to the clipboard.

Information:

The SafeMC Help Tool is not designed according to strict safety criteria. It simply provides support for calculating the values to be set. The calculation and its results must be checked!

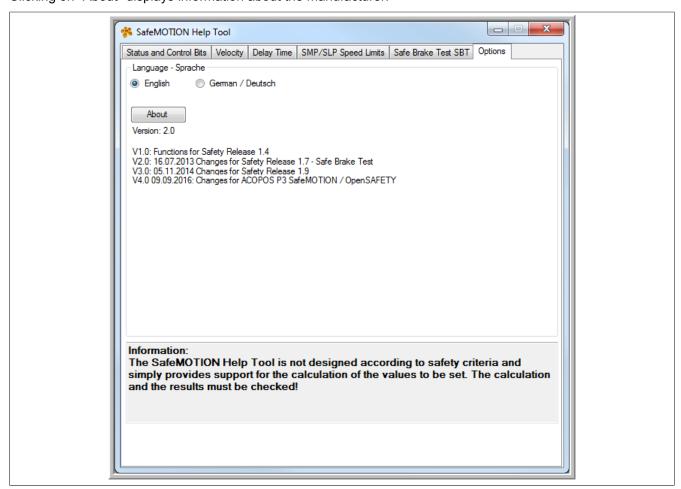
7.1.6 "Options" tab

"Language" section

Select English or German.

"About" button

Clicking on "About" displays information about the manufacturer.



7.2 The application in SafeDESIGNER

The safety application is implemented in SafeDESIGNER.

Library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

The following function blocks in library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 are available for controlling ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter modules and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION modules:

Function block	Safety Release
SF_SafeMC_BR	Safety Release 1.3 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR	
SF_SafeMC_BR_V2	Safety Release 1.4 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR	
SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR	Safety Release 1.7 or higher
SF_SafeMC_BR_V3	Safety Release 1.9 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2	

Table 269: Function blocks in library PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

For information about using these function blocks as well as the underlying safety functions and associated safe parameters, see 7 "PLCopen_Motion_SF_2" on page 423.

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive support the openSAFETY Motion profiles. For this reason, the function blocks in library openSAFETY BuR Motion SF must be used to control the safety functions.

Function block	Safety Release
SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR	Safety Release 1.10 and later:
SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR	
SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR	

Table 270: Function blocks in library openSAFETY BuR Motion SF

For information about using these function blocks as well as the underlying safety functions and associated safe parameters, see 8 "openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF" on page 658.

Danger!

The safety application should only be developed by qualified personnel. The respective processes specified in the standards must be followed!

The information provided in the "Integrated safety" user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG) under <u>SafeDESIGNER</u> must also be taken into consideration.

Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

7.3 Accessing data on the SafeMOTION module from Automation Studio

There are three ways to access safety-related data from a safe axis in Automation Studio.

7.3.1 I/O mapping

The states of individual safety functions can be accessed via the I/O mapping window for the respective SafeMOTION module. This information is provided in the form of status bits.

To connect PVs to the status bits, the "I/O mapping" window must be opened. As can be seen in the following image, the PV can then be selected in the "PV or channel name" column.

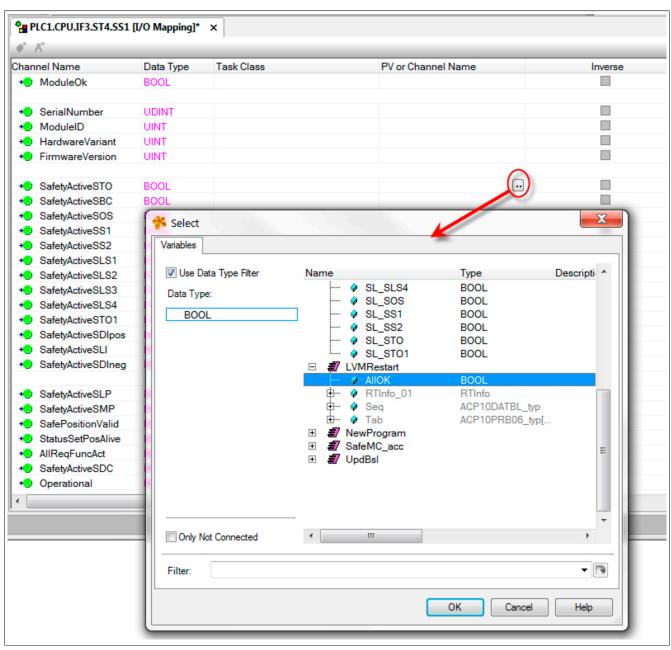


Figure 93: PV mapping

7.3.2 ACOPOS parameter ID

The following parameter IDs are available to make SafeMOTION data available to the non-safety-related part of the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION.

ParID	Data type	NC constant (Define)	Description
4	UDINT	SAFEMC_STATUS	Status bits
5	UDINT	SAFEMC_CONTROL	Control bits
6	INT	SAFEMC_SPEED_ACT	Actual speed [scaled units/s]
7	INT	SAFEMC_SPEED_LIM	Speed limit value [scaled units/s], currently monitored speed limit
309	DINT	SAFEMC_POS_ACT	Safe position [units]

Table 271: ACOPOS parameter ID for SafeMOTION

With these Par IDs, you can use all the familiar features of the SafeMOTION module (e.g. NC Trace, reading parameters via service channel, SPT function block connections, etc.).

NC Trace can be used, for example, to optimize how the standard application handles approaching speed limit values. This also provides an easy way of checking whether the values configured for "Delay times for requesting a safety function" are correct or sufficient.

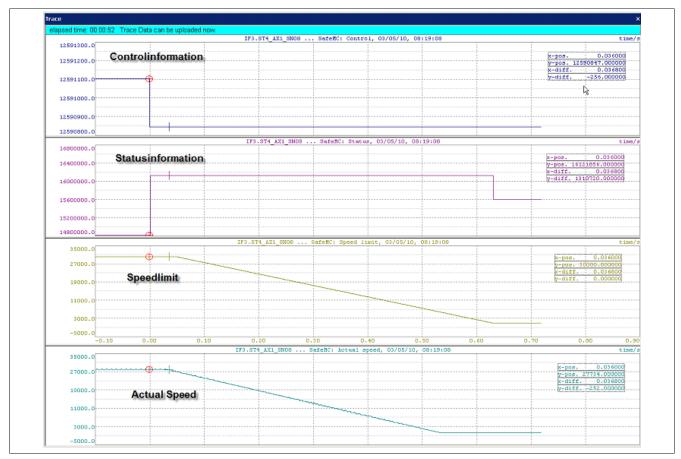


Figure 94: NC Trace: Example with SafeMOTION data

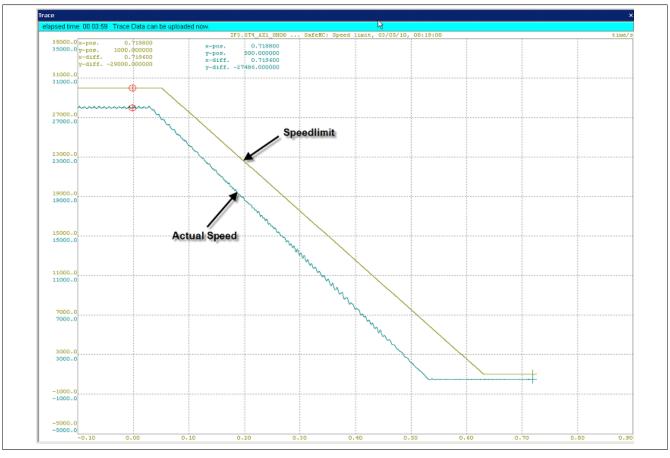


Figure 95: NC Trace: Speed reserve

The parameter IDs "4 status bits" and "5 control bits" are bit-coded, with only the lower three bytes actually relevant. The following tables indicate the bit assignments:

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Basic function set)
0	Status STO	Status Not Err Func
1	Status SBC	Status Operational
2	Status SOS	Status STO
3	Status SS1	Status SBC
4	Status SS2	Status SS1
5	Status SLS1	Status Not Err Enc
6	Status SLS2	Status STO1
7	Status SLS3	Status SDC

Table 272: Status bits - Byte 0

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Speed function set)	
8	Status SLS4	Status SOS	
9	Status STO1	Status SS2	
10	Status SDIpos	Status SLA	
11	Status SLI	Status SLS1	
12	Status SDIneg	Status SLS2	
13	Status SLP ¹⁾	Reserved for openSAFETY	
14	Status SMP¹)	Status SLS3	
15	Status PosValid ¹⁾	Status SLS4	

Table 273: Status bits - Byte 1

1) Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or higher!

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Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
16	Status SLA ¹⁾	Status SDIpos
17	Status SPA	Status SDIneg
18	Status SFR	Status SLI
19	Status All requested safety functions active	Reserved for SBT
20	Status SDC	Reserved for SBT valid
21	Status Operational	Reserved for SLT
22	Status Not Err Enc	Status SFR
23	Status Not Err Func	Status All requested safety functions active

Table 274: Status bits - Byte 2

Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or higher!

	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION
	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos	(Absolute position function set)
Bit	ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	
24	Status SBT_ACTIVE¹)	Status Not err enc (copy of bit 5)
25	Status SBT_STATUS ¹⁾	Status SafePositionValid
26	Status RSPValid ²⁾	Status ReqHomingOK
27	Status ReqHomingOK ³⁾	Status SLP
28	Not used	Status SMP
29	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
30	Not used	Status RSPValid
31	Not used	Status SetPosAlive

Table 275: Status bits - Byte 3

- Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or higher and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos! Only available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or higher!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Basic function set)
0	Control STO	Control Reset
1	Control SBC	Control Activate
2	Control SOS	Control STO
3	Control SS1	Control SBC
4	Control SS2	Control SS1
5	Control SLS1	Reserved for openSAFETY
6	Control SLS2	Control STO1
7	Control SLS3	Not used

Table 276: Control bits - Byte 0

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Speed function set)
8	Control SLS4	Control SOS
9	Control STO1	Control SS2
10	Control SDIpos	Control SLA
11	Control SLI	Control SLS1
12	Control SDIneg	Control SLS2
13	Control SLP ¹⁾	Reserved for openSAFETY
14	Homing ¹⁾	Control SLS3
15	RefSwitch ¹⁾	Control SLS4

Table 277: Control bits - Byte 1

Only available with Safety Release 1.4 or higher!

Bit		ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
16	Control SBT ¹⁾	Control SDIpos
17	Control SLA ²⁾	Control SDIneg
18	SwitchHomingMode ³⁾	Control SLI
19	Not used	Reserved for SBT

Table 278: Control bits - Byte 2

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Advanced function set)
20	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
21	Not used	Reserved for SLT
22	Control Activate	Not used
23	Control Reset	Not used

Table 278: Control bits - Byte 2

- 1) Only available with Safety Release 1.7 or higher and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 2) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 or higher!
- 3) Only available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

Bit	ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION (Absolute position function set)
24	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
25	Not used	Control Homing
26	Not used	Control Reference Switch
27	Not used	Control SLP
28	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
29	Not used	Reserved for openSAFETY
30	Not used	Control SwitchHomingMode
31	Not used	Not used

Table 279: Control bits - Byte 3

7.3.3 SafeMC library

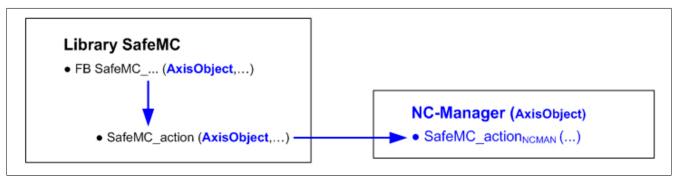
If SafeMOTION modules are being used, it is sometimes necessary to be able to read SafeMOTION data for an axis:

- Safe OUT: Data from the SafeLOGIC (SL) controller to the SafeMOTION module
- Safe IN: Data from the SafeMOTION module to the SafeLOGIC (SL) controller

For **Safe IN** data, it would be possible in the I/O configuration to define PVs to which the data would then be copied cyclically. However, this data must be explicitly assigned to specific axes by the user.

Automation Studio does not include a mechanism for read access to Safe OUT data.

The **SafeMC_action()** function in the SafeMC library makes it possible to access the SafeMOTION data of an axis (described below). The SafeMOTION function blocks call the global **SafeMC_action()** function. Using the specified axis object, **SafeMC_action()** calls a **SafeMC_action_{NCMAN}()** function that is included in the NC Manager belonging to this NC object.



Information:

The SafeMC_action() function only contains a call frame. The actual functionality is part of the corresponding NC Manager function.

For this reason, the constants and data types for the functionalities implemented for the SafeMC_action() function are not included in the SafeMC library:

- Constants are included in library NcGlobal.
- Data types are included in library Acp10man.

7.3.3.1 Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action

status = SafeMC_action(nc_object, action, par_ptr, par_size)			
Input parameters:	Input parameters:		
nc_object	UDINT	NC object	
action	UDINT	Action to be executed	
par_ptr	UDINT	Address of the parameter data	
par_size	UDINT	Size of the parameter data in bytes	
Output parameters:			
Status	UINT	ncOK or error code	

Table 280: SafeMC_action()

Error codes (also used for function blocks SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData(2)) and SafeMC_ReadSafeInData(2)):

10720	Invalid function pointer:	
	Error during NC software initialization (see Logger)	
	The NC Manager version on the PLC does not yet contain the SafeMC_action() function.	
10721	Invalid NC object (parameter: "nc_object")	
10723	The action ("action" parameter) is not defined or not allowed for this NC object.	
10724	Invalid NC object type	
10726	This action is not allowed since the corresponding initializations are not yet complete.	
10729	The "par_ptr" parameter is zero.	
10731	Invalid NC object data (is a PV being used as an NC object for which an INIT value is defined in the variable declaration?)	
10732	The "par_size" parameter is not valid for this action.	
10733	The network status is not valid for this action.	
10734	Invalid network type (the NC object does not belong to a module on the POWERLINK network)	
10735	Invalid length of corresponding network data	
10736	The type of network data is not compatible with "action":	
	SafeOUT/IN data compatible with "action =DATA"	
	SafeOUT/IN data 2 compatible with "action =DATA2"	

In addition, the following error codes are output for some actions, which suggests an initialization error in the SafeMOTION data:

10712	NC object not enabled (channel number too high or no PDO data defined)
20918	"data_len" provided by plAction(plACTION_GET_DP_INFO) too large
20953	"direction_id" provided by plAction(plACTION_GET_DP_INFO) invalid

All other error codes are provided by the functions in the "Powerlnk" library. The following error code deserves special mention:

20923	Data point not available (not entered in the PDO mapping)	
	Data point not available (not ontolog in the 1 Do mapping)	

7.3.3.2 Accessing SafeMOTION data with the SafeMC_action() function

7.3.3.2.1 READ_SAFEOUT_DATA: Read SafeOUT data

Parameters:

ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ safeout_data;

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEOUT_DATA,
&safeout data,sizeof(safeout data));
```

Condition(s):

p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE

ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ data structure (also used for the SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData function block):

RequestSTO	USINT	STO control bit
RequestSBC	USINT	SBC control bit
RequestSOS	USINT	SOS control bit
RequestSS1	USINT	SS1 control bit
RequestSS2	USINT	SS2 control bit
RequestSLS1	USINT	SLS1 control bit
RequestSLS2	USINT	SLS2 control bit
RequestSLS3	USINT	SLS3 control bit
RequestSLS4	USINT	SLS4 control bit
RequestSTO1	USINT	STO1 control bit
RequestSDIpos	USINT	SDI control bit (positive direction)
RequestSLI	USINT	SLI control bit
RequestSDIneg	USINT	SDI control bit (negative direction)
RequestSLP 1)	USINT	SLP control bit 1)

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RequestHoming 1)	USINT	Homing control bit 1)
RequestSwitch 1)	USINT	Reference switch 1)
RequestSBT 2)	USINT	SBT control bit 2)
RequestSLA ³⁾	USINT	SLA control bit 3)
SwitchHomingMode 4)	USINT	Switch Homing Mode Bit 4)
reserved_ctrl_b19	USINT	Reserved
	LIONIT	D

reserved_ctrl_b20 USINT Reserved reserved_ctrl_b21 USINT Reserved

Activate USINT Activates the SafeMOTION module

Reset USINT Reset bit

- 1) Available with V2.250 or higher for Safety Release 1.4.
- 2) Available with V2.340 or higher for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with V2.480 or higher for Safety Release 1.9!
- 4) Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

7.3.3.2.2 READ_SAFEIN_DATA: Read SafeIN data

Parameters:

ACP10SAFEINDAT typ safein data;

Function call:

```
SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA,
&safein_data,sizeof(safein_data));
```

Condition(s):

p ax dat->network.init == ncTRUE

ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ data structure (also used for SafeMC_ReadSafeInData function block):

SafetyActiveSTO	USINT	STO status bit
SafetyActiveSBC	USINT	SBC status bit
SafetyActiveSOS	USINT	SOS status bit
SafetyActiveSS1	USINT	SS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSS2	USINT	SS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS1	USINT	SLS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS2	USINT	SLS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS3	USINT	SLS3 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS4	USINT	SLS4 status bit
SafetyActiveSTO1	USINT	STO1 status bit
SafetyActiveSDIpos	USINT	SDI status bit (positive direction)
SafetyActiveSLI	USINT	SLI status bit
SafetyActiveSDIneg	USINT	SDI status bit (negative direction)
SafetyActiveSLP 1)	USINT	SLP status bit 1)
SafetyActiveSMP 1)	USINT	SMP status bit 1)
SafePositionValid 1)	USINT	Safe position successfully homed and is valid 1)
SafetyActiveSLA 4)	USINT	SLA status bit
StatusSetPosAlive	USINT	Position setpoint has been tested
StatusSFR	USINT	At least one safety function has been requested
AllReqFuncAct	USINT	All requested safety functions are active
SafetyActiveSDC	USINT	Delay monitoring is active
Operational	USINT	Function block is in the OPERATIONAL state
NotErrENC	USINT	Encoder error status bit
NotErrFUNC	USINT	Functional fail safe status bit
SafetyActiveSBT 2)	USINT	SBT is active 2)
SaftetyStatusSBT 2)	USINT	SBT status bit 2)
RSPValid 3)	USINT	RSP Valid Bit 3)
ReqHomingOK 4)	USINT	Request Homing OK Bit 4)
reserved_stat_b28	USINT	Reserved
reserved_stat_b29	USINT	Reserved
reserved_stat_b30	USINT	Reserved
reserved_stat_b31	USINT	Reserved
ScaledSpeed	INT	Scaled safe speed
SafePosition 1)	DINT	Safe position 1)

- 1) Available with V2.250 or higher for Safety Release 1.4.
- 2) Available with V2.340 or higher for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- 4) Available with V2.480 or higher for Safety Release 1.9!

7.3.3.2.3 READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2: Read SafeOUT data 2

Parameters:

ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2 typ safeout data;

Function call:

SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2,
&safeout data2,sizeof(safeout data2));

Condition(s):

p ax dat->network.init == ncTRUE

Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ (also used for function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData2):

USINT Reset bit Reset Activate **USINT** Activates the SafeMOTION module RequestSTO USINT STO control bit RequestSBC USINT SBC control bit RequestSS1 USINT SS1 control bit reserved_ctrl_b5 USINT Reserved RequestSTO1 **USINT** STO1 control bit reserved_ctrl_b7 USINT Reserved RequestSOS USINT SOS control bit RequestSS2 USINT SS2 control bit RequestSLA3) USINT SLA control bit 3) USINT SLS1 control bit RequestSLS1 RequestSLS2 **USINT** SLS2 control bit reserved_ctrl_b13 USINT Reserved **USINT** SLS3 control bit RequestSLS3 RequestSLS4 USINT SLS4 control bit USINT RequestSDIpos SDI control bit (positive direction) RequestSDIneg **USINT** SDI control bit (negative direction) USINT RequestSLI SLI control bit RequestSBT 2) USINT SBT control bit 2) reserved_ctrl_b20 USINT Reserved USINT Reserved reserved_ctrl_b21 USINT Reserved reserved_ctrl_b22 reserved_ctrl_b23 USINT Reserved USINT reserved_ctrl_b24 Reserved Homing control bit 1) RequestHoming 1) USINT RequestSwitch 1) **USINT** Reference switch 1) RequestSLP 1) **USINT** SLP control bit 1) reserved_ctrl_b28 USINT Reserved

SwitchHomingMode 4) USINT Switch Homing Mode Bit 4)

USINT

reserved_ctrl_b31 USINT Reserved

1) Available with V2.250 or higher for Safety Release 1.4.

- 2) Available with V2.340 or higher for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with V2.480 or higher for Safety Release 1.9!
- 4) Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

7.3.3.2.4 READ_SAFEIN_DATA2: Read SafeIN data 2

Parameters:

reserved_ctrl_b29

ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ safein_data2;

Function call:

SafeMC_action(ax_obj,SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA2,
&safein data2,sizeof(safein data2));

Condition(s):

p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE

Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ (also used for function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData2):

Reserved

NotErrFUNC USINT Functional fail safe status bit

Operational USINT Function block is in the OPERATIONAL state

SafetyActiveSTO USINT STO status bit SafetyActiveSBC USINT SBC status bit

SafetyActiveSS1	USINT	SS1 status bit
NotErrENC	USINT	Encoder error status bit
SafetyActiveSTO1	USINT	STO1 status bit
SafetyActiveSDC	USINT	Delay monitoring is active
SafetyActiveSOS	USINT	SOS status bit
SafetyActiveSS2	USINT	SS2 status bit
SafetyActiveSLA 4)	USINT	SLA status bit
SafetyActiveSLS1	USINT	SLS1 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS2	USINT	SLS2 status bit
reserved stat b13	USINT	Reserved
SafetyActiveSLS3	USINT	SLS3 status bit
SafetyActiveSLS4	USINT	SLS4 status bit
SafetyActiveSDIpos	USINT	SDI status bit (positive direction)
SafetyActiveSDIneg	USINT	SDI status bit (negative direction)
SafetyActiveSLI	USINT	SLI status bit
SafetyActiveSBT 2)	USINT	SBT is active 2)
SafetyStatusSBT 2)	USINT	SBT status bit 2)
reserved_stat_b21	USINT	Reserved
StatusSFR	USINT	At least one safety function has been requested
AllReqFuncAct	USINT	All requested safety functions are active
NotErrENC2	USINT	Encoder error status bit 2
SafePositionValid 1)	USINT	Safe position successfully homed and is valid 1)
ReqHomingOK 4)	USINT	Request Homing OK Bit 4)
SafetyActiveSLP 1)	USINT	SLP status bit 1)
SafetyActiveSMP 1)	USINT	SMP status bit 1)
reserved_stat_b29	USINT	Reserved
RSPValid 3)	USINT	RSP Valid Bit 3)
StatusSetPosAlive	USINT	Position setpoint has been tested
ScaledSpeed	INT	Scaled safe speed
SafePosition 1)	DINT	Safe position 1)
reserve1	UINT	Reserved
reserve2	UDINT	Reserved

- 1) Available with V2.250 or higher for Safety Release 1.4.
- 2) Available with V2.340 or higher for Safety Release 1.7 and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with V2.480 and later for Safety Release 1.9 and only for SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!
- 4) Available with V2.480 or higher for Safety Release 1.9!

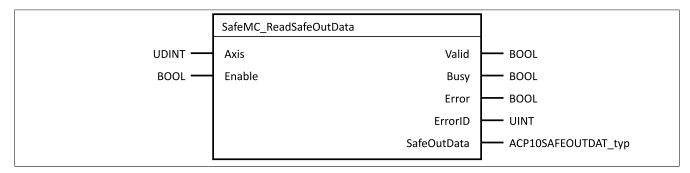
7.3.3.2.5 Example: Accessing SafeOUT and SafeIN data

```
#include <bur/plctypes.h>
#include <SafeMC.h>
LOCAL UINT
                          status ncaccess;
_LOCAL UINT
                         status_safeout;
_LOCAL UINT
                          status_safein;
_LOCAL UDINT
                          ax obj;
                       *p_ax_dat;
LOCAL ACP10AXIS typ
LOCAL ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ safeout_data;
LOCAL ACP10SAFEINDAT typ safein data;
void _INIT SafeMC_accessINIT( void )
   status_ncaccess = ncaccess(ncACP10MAN,"AxisObj1",(void *)&ax obj);
   p_ax_dat = (ACP10AXIS_typ*)ax_obj;
void _CYCLIC SafeMC_accessCYCLIC( void )
   if ( status_ncaccess != ncOK )
       return;
   if ( p_ax_dat->network.init == ncTRUE )
       status safeout = SafeMC action(ax obj, SafeMC action READ SAFEOUT DATA,
                                       &safeout_data, sizeof(safeout_data));
       status_safein = SafeMC_action(ax_obj, SafeMC_action_READ_SAFEIN_DATA,
                                       &safein data, sizeof(safein data));
```

7.3.3.3 Accessing SafeMOTION data using SafeMOTION function blocks

7.3.3.3.1 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData: Read SafeOUT data

Function block



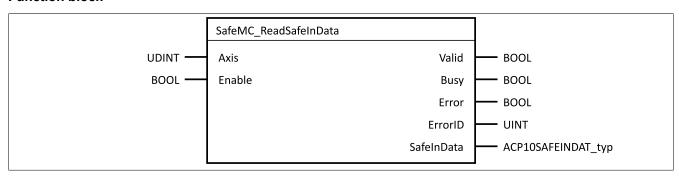
Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see 7.3.3.1 "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION
			action / Error codes" on page 414)
OUT	SafeOutData	ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ	Output data structure

Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT_typ, see 7.3.3.2.1 "READ_SAFEOUT_DATA: ReadSafeOUT data / data structure" on page 414

7.3.3.3.2 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData: Read SafeIN data

Function block



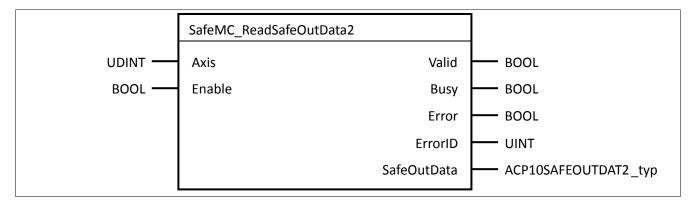
Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page)7.3.3.1 "Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action" on page 414
OUT	SafeInData	ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ	Output data structure

Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ, see 7.3.3.2.2 "READ_SAFEIN_DATA: Read SafeIN data / data structure" on page 415

7.3.3.3.3 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData2: Read SafeOut data 2

Function block



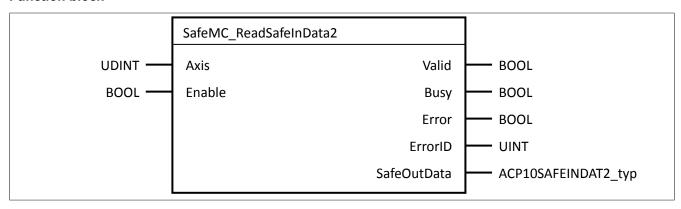
Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see 7.3.3.1 "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION
			action / Error codes" on page 414)
OUT	SafeOutData	ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ	Output data structure

Data structure ACP10SAFEOUTDAT2_typ, see 7.3.3.2.3 "READ_SAFEOUT_DATA2: Read SafeOUT data 2 / data structure" on page 416

7.3.3.3.4 Function block SafeMC_ReadSafeInData2: Read SafeIN data 2

Function block



Parameter

I/O	Parameter	Data type	Description
IN	Axis	UDINT	Axis reference (NC object)
IN	Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is set, then the data will be read.
OUT	Valid	BOOL	Indicates that data in the output data structure is valid
OUT	Busy	BOOL	Function block not yet completed
OUT	Error	BOOL	Indicates a function block error
OUT	ErrorID	UINT	Function block error code (see "function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action / Error codes" on page)7.3.3.1 "Function SafeMC_action(): Perform SafeMOTION action" on page 414
OUT	SafeInData	ACP10SAFEINDAT2_typ	Output data structure

Data structure ACP10SAFEINDAT_typ, see 7.3.3.2.4 "READ_SAFEIN_DATA2: Read SafeIN data 2 / data structure" on page 416

7.3.3.3.5 Example: Accessing SafeOUT and SafeIN data

```
#include <bur/plctypes.h>
#include <SafeMC.h>
LOCAL UINT
                                 status_ncaccess;
LOCAL UDINT
                                ax obj;
_LOCAL ACP10AXIS_typ
                                *p_ax_dat;
_LOCAL SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_typ SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_0;
LOCAL SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_typ SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0;
void INIT SafeMC accessINIT( void )
   status ncaccess = ncaccess(ncACP10MAN, "AxisObj1", (void *) &ax_obj);
   p ax dat = (ACP10AXIS typ*)ax obj;
   SafeMC_ReadSafeOutData_0.Axis = ax_obj;
   SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0.Axis = ax_obj;
void CYCLIC SafeMC accessCYCLIC( void )
   if ( status_ncaccess != ncOK )
       return;
   SafeMC ReadSafeOutData 0.Enable = p ax dat->network.init;
   SafeMC ReadSafeOutData(&SafeMC ReadSafeOutData 0);
   SafeMC_ReadSafeInData_0.Enable = p_ax_dat->network.init;
   SafeMC ReadSafeInData(&SafeMC ReadSafeInData 0);
```

7.4 Validating the safety functions

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Information:

Applicable standards specify certain processes that must be followed when developing safety-related applications. You are solely responsible for establishing and adhering to these processes.

Danger!

Safety applications are only permitted to be developed by qualified personnel. Acceptance of the final product, validation and verification in particular, must also be performed by qualified personnel.

When commissioning a machine, the complete safety application must be tested, validated and verified in accordance with the SRS (Safety Requirements Specification).

When performing a comprehensive safety function test, all specified limits and timing values must be tested in accordance with the SRS. All monitored limits must be violated and the respective error responses then evaluated.

Each of the safety functions being used must be fully tested in regard to their respective limit values.

The physical units of the monitored limits must be tested! A function is considered "in use" if the respective function block input is used in the safety application.

The following tests are mandatory in all cases:

Safety function	Select/Deselect the safety function	Check the safe outputs	Violation of the deceleration ramp	Violation of the monitored speed limit	Violation of the monitored path	
STO	✓	✓				
STO1	√	✓				
SBC	√	✓				
SOS	√			✓	✓	
SS1	√	✓	1			
SS2	✓		1	✓		
SLS1	√		1	✓		
SLS2	√		1	✓		
SLS3	√		1	✓		
SLS4	✓		1	✓		
SMS				✓		
SDIpos	√				✓	
SDIneg	✓				✓	
SLI	√				✓	
SLP	√		√ 1)	√ 1)	✓	
SMP			√ 1)	√ 1)	✓	
SBT ²⁾	√	Violation of uppe	/lower limit for test torque o	r torque of external load	✓	
SLA 3)	1	Violation of monitored limit for acceleration or deceleration with respect to current direction of movement				
RSP 4)		Check	ed by performing the RSP p	procedure		

Table 281: Test matrix for the safety functions

- 1) Speed limit calculated dynamically according to the current position.
- 2) Available with Safety Release 1.7 or higher and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos!
- 3) Available with Safety Release 1.9 or higher!
- 4) Available with Safety Release 1.9 and later and only for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!

Danger!

Check the parameter settings for the unit system! An incorrectly configured unit system can cause dangerous situations since the monitored limits may not correspond to the physical limits under certain conditions!

7.5 Maintenance scenarios

7.5.1 Commissioning

When commissioning a machine, its safety functions must always undergo comprehensive testing, as described in 7.4 "Validating the safety functions" on page 421.

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Danger!

All of the safety functions that are being used must be tested.

A function is considered to be "in use" if the corresponding input is connected or the safety function has been configured!

7.5.2 Replacing safe modules

The SafeLOGIC controller independently detects when safe modules have been replaced. Following a module replacement, the overall system (SafeLOGIC, openSAFETY) automatically ensures that the module is operated again using the correct parameters and that incompatible modules are rejected.

Replacing a safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION inverter module or ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive can result in the following potential errors. These errors must be excluded through testing:

- · Wiring errors in the motor connection
- Wiring errors in the motor holding brake connection
- · Connection of the wrong encoder

Danger!

Check all safety functions that are implemented on the replaced SafeMOTION inverter module! Be sure to validate the entire safety function!

7.5.3 Replacing a safe encoder/motor

If a safe EnDat 2.2 FS encoder is replaced on a safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2 inverter module or safe ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drive, this will be detected as a module replacement on the SafeLOGIC controller and must be acknowledged accordingly.

The SafeLOGIC controller <u>does not</u> detect when a motor or encoder is replaced on the safe ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter!

After the replacement, test the safety functions configured on the affected axis.

Danger!

An ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION module can only be replaced in its entirety.

Replacing individual components is not possible since they are permanently installed.

Danger!

Check all safety functions that are implemented on the replaced SafeMOTION inverter module! Be sure to validate the entire safety function!

7.5.4 Firmware updates / Acknowledging updated firmware

Changes to safety-related parts of the firmware are distributed by B&R as firmware updates.

Safety-relevant firmware is only permitted to be updated by qualified personnel.

A firmware update is indicated on the SafeLOGIC controller and must be acknowledged accordingly.

Danger!

A complete functional test must be performed following any modification to the firmware.

7.5.5 Decommissioning a system

SafeMOTION modules have a mission time of maximum 20 years.

This means that all SafeMOTION modules must be taken out of service one week (at the latest) before the expiration of this 20 year time span (starting from B&R's delivery date).

Danger!

Operating SafeMOTION modules beyond the specified mission time is not permitted!

The user must ensure that all SafeMOTION modules are replaced by new SafeMOTION modules or removed from operation <u>before</u> their mission time expires.

Chapter 7 • PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

1 Overview

Overview of the function blocks in the PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 library

Function block	Description	Safety Release
SF_SafeMC_BR	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.3 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR	Links the safe speed of an axis and the associated status of the encoder error	
SF_SafeMC_BR_V2	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.4 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status	
SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR	Safe brake test	Safety Release 1.7 or higher
SF_SafeMC_BR_V3	Assignment of safety functions	Safety Release 1.9 or higher
SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status	

Table 282: Overview of the function blocks in the PLCopen_Motion_SF_2 library

2 Term definitions

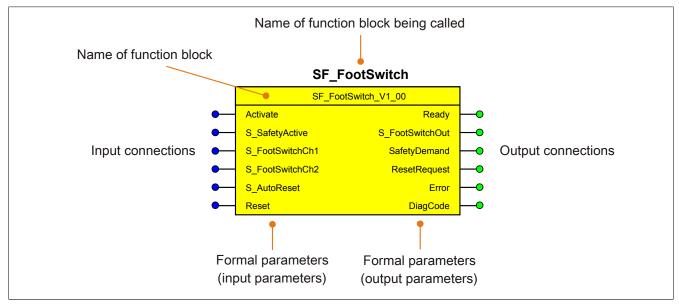


Figure 96: Function block label

When calling a function block, the inputs supply the input parameters with the current values of the variables or constants.

The output parameters supply the outputs with the associated values.

Inputs or outputs do not need to share the same name as the associated formal parameters, but they must be of the same data type. A difference in data type between formal parameters and inputs/outputs is reported as an error following compilation.

A function block's name is created from the function itself (e.g. "SF_FootSwitch", SF = safety function) and its version (Vx_yz). The format used to represent the version number in this document, Vx_yz , is a placeholder. The actual version can be determined from the function block in use.

3 SF_SafeMC_BR

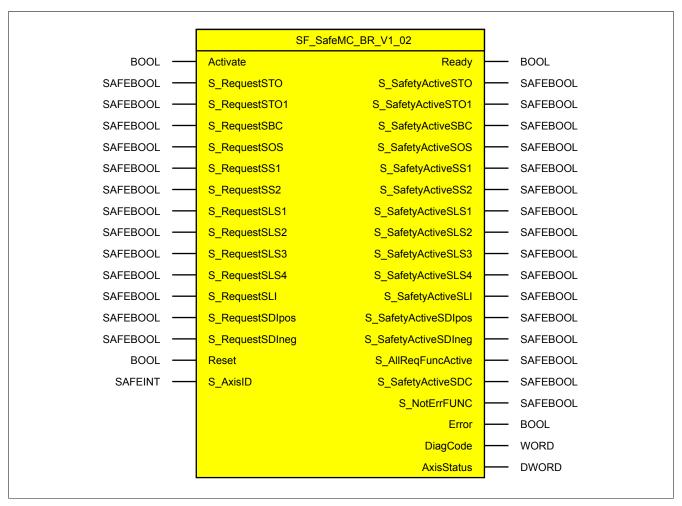


Figure 97: SF_SafeMC_BR function block

3.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the error has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 283: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a mon- itored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)

Table 284: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of output parameters

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Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	Status	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 284: SF_SafeMC_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 285: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

3.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system	-		unit scale: x revolutions init scale: x reference lengths (reference length = length eference system)	1	R 1.4
(previously Count of physical		. ,	• ,		
reference system)		positions (and da For this reason, (units per x revolu	100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for ata which can result such as speed and acceleration). the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit utions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num- ons / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system	[units]		unit scale: Units per x revolutions unit scale: Units per x reference lengths	1000	R 1.4
(previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])		positions (and da For this reason, (units per x revolu	100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for ata which can result such as speed and acceleration). the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit utions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain numbers / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /	Counting direction	on of the position or speed	Standard	R 1.3
	Inverse	Value	Description		
(previously Counting direction)		Standard	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system.		
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
(previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))					

Table 286: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 287: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously *General Settings*)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	3 (Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 288: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

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Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release		
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested			
		Value	Description			
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time			
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored			
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3	

Table 289: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 290: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	High-side	R 1.3	
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 291: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SI	MS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of th	ne maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	r SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	r SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 fo	r SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 292: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description D		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2 0		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 292: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description Description		Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deac SafeMOTION r	tivates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the nodule	Enabled	R 1.3
_		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deac SafeMOTION r	tivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the nodule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(annuisment Oct annuities alime		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag err	or tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Encoder monitor-ing Position tolerance (units)</i>)					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tol	erance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 293: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately, or STO1 is activated and then STO after a delay.		STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)	STO STO1 and STO with time delay	STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.			
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between SAFE state	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])					

Table 294: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 295: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 296: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable Enabled/ Disabled (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)		Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-			R 1.3
		vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 297: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

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Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 298: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

•		,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 299: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range } \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

3.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

3.4 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

3.4.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

The following points must be considered in order to prevent a monitored limit from being violated:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

3.4.2 Plausibility error⁹⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

3.4.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals 10)

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters causes the function block to interpret the signal as an edge, which results in an unintended action being triggered in the function block if error prevention measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

⁹⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

¹⁰⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SAfeMC_BR_V3, SF_OS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR

- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

3.4.4 Simultaneous edge change¹¹⁾

Make sure that the **Reset** formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

3.4.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment¹²⁾

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

¹¹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BRSIC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR
12) This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR
13) This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR

¹²⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

3.5 Input parameters

3.5.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the Activate and S_AxisID inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

3.5.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

3.5.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

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3.5.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 300: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

3.5.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 301: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

3.5.6 S RequestSOS

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 302: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[h2]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 303: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
	Dis	En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 304: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 305: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.8 S RequestSS2

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 306: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 307: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously Position Tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 308: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp	p monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls mit	Disabled	R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring)		"Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 309: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.9 S RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[μs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 310: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) E when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 t	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS1 (us</i>))	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 311: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Disabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active! Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to		0	R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		prematurely end the end state	ne deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		

Table 312: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.10 S RequestSLS2

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[h2]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 313: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) Er when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled Disabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ran	np monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3

Table 314: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 315: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.11 S RequestSLS3

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 316: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) Er when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)	Enabled Disabled	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		0	R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS3 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3

Table 317: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description Enabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Disabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active! Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state		0	R 1.3

Table 318: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.12 S RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 319: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) En when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3

Table 320: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 321: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

3.5.13 S RequestSLI

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 322: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 323: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

3.5.14 S RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 324: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 325: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

3.5.15 S RequestSDIneg

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 326: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 327: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

3.5.16 Reset

General function

 Reset input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Reset input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A rising edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of the "Automatic Reset at Startup" parameter, a rising edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from the INIT state to the OPERATIONAL state after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled F	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 328: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

3.5.17 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

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3.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

3.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

3.6.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off" (STO) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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3.6.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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3.6.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_

3.6.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_

3.6.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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3.6.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Increment" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_N tion_SF_

3.6.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_N tion_SF_

3.6.15 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

3.6.16 S_AllReqFuncActive

General function

• Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

3.6.17 S_NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on the "Reset" input from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S NotErrFUNC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

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3.6.18 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on the **Reset** input must change from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge).

3.6.19 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

3.6.20 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible remedy
0000	IDLE	The function block is not enabled.	Enable the function block by setting Activate to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure the "Startreset" parameter accordingly or execute a rising edge on the Reset input.
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	No action required
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error has occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 329: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): Diagnostic codes

3.6.21 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostic message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

DWORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

The **AxisStatus** output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information corresponds to a summary of the **S_xxx** outputs in a DWORD. The individual bits have the following meaning:

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	-	-	-
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg			
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
-	Status Setposition Alive	Status SFR	Status "All requested	Status	Status	Status	Status Not Functional Er-
	Test	SFR	"All requested safety functions active"		operational	Not Encoder Entit	ror

Table 330: SF_SafeMC_BR: SafeMOTION module status bits

3.7 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

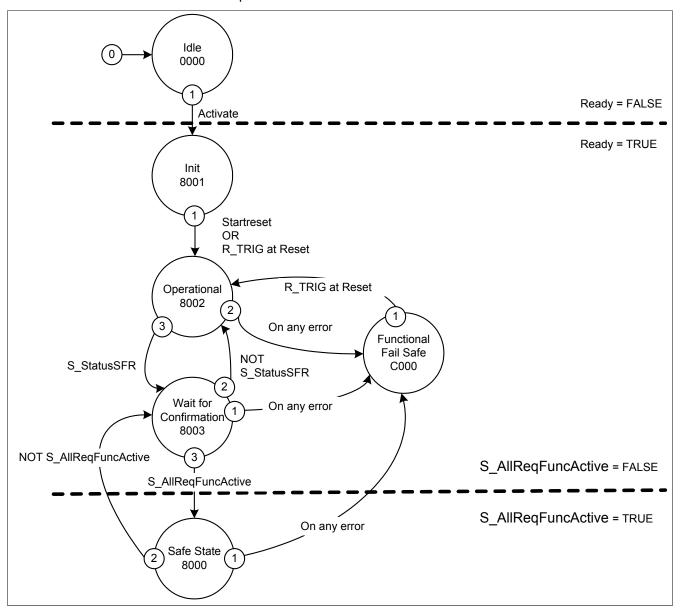


Figure 98: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): State machine

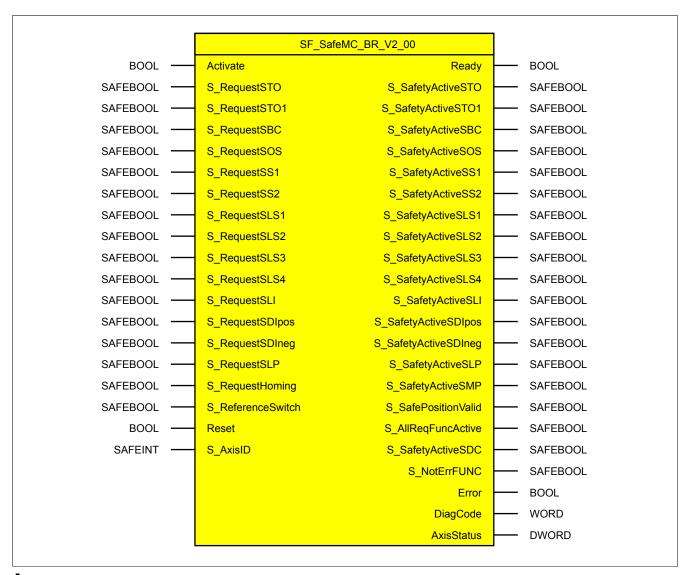
Individual states are reflected by the **DiagCode** output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

3.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

4 SF_SafeMC_BR_V2



Information:

The SF_SafeMC_BR_V2_00 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.4.

If Safety Release 1.3 is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

4.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestHoming	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for Safe Homing Request is made on a rising edge!
S_ReferenceSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable / Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the er- ror has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 331: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration mon- itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)

Table 332: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

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Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SMP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	Status	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 332: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 333: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

4.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description			
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Linear encoder of the physical Any unit (mm, opositions (and For this reasor (units per x rev	er unit scale: x revolutions r unit scale: x reference lengths (reference length = length reference system) 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for data which can result such as speed and acceleration). n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit olutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain num- tions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.		R 1.4	
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system</i> [units])	[units]	Any unit (mm, 1 positions (and For this reasor (units per x rev	Rotary encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: Units per x reference lengths Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data which can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.			
EUS - Counting direction (previously Counting direction)	Standard / Inverse	Counting direction Value Standard Inverse	Counting direction of the position or speed Value Description		R 1.3	
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear en- coder (nml)	[nm]	tem is defined This value is n	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		R 1.4	
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum spee	ed to which the displayed speed should be normalized	32767	R 1.3	
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously <i>Maximum acceler-</i> ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum pern	nissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4	

Table 334: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Maximum trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
(previously Homing Monitoring Time (µs))				
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference Switch /	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	The modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		

Table 335: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously Edge of reference switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2.		R 1.4

Table 335: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 336: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Disabled additi		ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 337: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp SS2 function is	o monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Value Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 338: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automati	c reset of the function block at startup	Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 339: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	de or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function	High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 340: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SN	AS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
l <u></u> .	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of th	ne maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	r SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	r SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	r SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for	r SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					

Table 341: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

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Parameter	Unit	Description D		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1 0		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration r	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration r	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration r	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 341: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMP safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))					
SLP - Lower position limit	[units]	Lower position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Upper position limit	[units]	Upper position	limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
(previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))					
SLP - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time bet	ween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4
(previously Delay time to start SLP (us))					

Table 342: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	rates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(proviously Set position alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error toler	ance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 343: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description I		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immes activated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between SAFE state	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages (previously <i>Delay time until the</i>	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		0	R 1.3
brake engages [µs])					

Table 344: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 345: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

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Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 346: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end	ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 347: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 348: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

		(1)		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Delay time to start SDI (us)</i>				

Table 349: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

4.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

4.4 Safe encoder connection monitoring

4.4.1 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength¹³⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

4.4.2 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring¹⁴⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

¹³⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

¹⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for drive systems with synchronous motors.
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing)
 must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- The Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP safety functions must not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- . There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{S} \right]$$

with the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ and the number of motor pole pairs p_z

Danger!

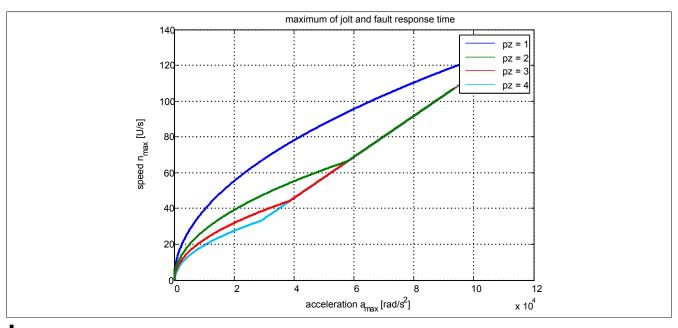
When viewing the worst-case scenario for a safety function, the highest value of the maximum speed of the forward movement n_{Jolt} and the speed must be used as maximum speed due to the maximum error response time. $n_{T_{worst-case}}$.

$$n_{max} = max(n_{Jolt}, n_{T_{worstcase}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{P_z}}, \frac{T_{worstcase}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{max}\right)$$

with maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of spin-out.

$$n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

-			3		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position	Enabled/	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the	Enabled	R 1.3
error monitoring - Enable	Disabled	SafeMOTION module			
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	rates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position	Enabled/	nabled/ Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects wheth		Disabled	R 1.3
setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Disabled	generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.			
Enable		Value	Description		
(proviously Set position alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active	1	
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor-					
ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed	[units/s]	Speed error tolerance for encoder monitoring		0	R 1.3
error tolerance					
(previously Encoder monitor-					
ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 350: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously *Encoder Unit System*)

•	•	, ,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 351: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring can only be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

4.4.2.1 Activating monitoring¹⁵⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enabled" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

4.4.2.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance¹⁶⁾

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance cannot be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

4.4.2.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance¹⁷⁾

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

¹⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF oS_MOTION_BR, SF oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

¹⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

¹⁷⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

4.5 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

4.5.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

The following points must be considered in order to prevent a monitored limit from being violated:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

4.5.2 Plausibility error¹⁸⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

4.5.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals 19)

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters causes the function block to interpret the signal as an edge, which results in an unintended action being triggered in the function block if error prevention measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

¹⁸⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

¹⁹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SAfeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR

- · Programming error in the application program (user error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

4.5.4 Simultaneous edge change²⁰⁾

Make sure that the **Reset** formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

4.5.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment²¹⁾

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

²⁰⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_ADSPOS_BR, SF_OS_MOTION_BR

²¹⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

4.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

4.6.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S_Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the Activate and S_AxisID inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

4.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

4.6.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

PLCopen_ tion_SF_

4.6.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	Low-side	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		Value	Description		
		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 352: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

4.6.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 353: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

4.6.6 S RequestSOS

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 354: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[h2]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 355: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS1 function is requested			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	ion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 356: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value			R 1.3
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 357: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.8 S_RequestSS2

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[h2]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 358: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates rample SS2 function is	p monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 359: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 360: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•		5 (1) 5 5		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description			R 1.3
		Enabled Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active! "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 361: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.9 S RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 362: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					

Table 363: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 364: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.10 S_RequestSLS2

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 365: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		ased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) nction is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					

Table 366: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable Disabled (previously Early Limit Monitoring)		below the lower li "Early limit monito falls below the en	oring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined hen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 367: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.11 S_RequestSLS3

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[μs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 368: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description I		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) En when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		0	R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS3 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ram	np monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3

Table 369: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 370: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.12 S_RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[μs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 371: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) Ewhen the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		0	R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ram	p monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 372: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

•	•	-			
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description			R 1.3
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state		0	R 1.3

Table 373: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.13 S RequestSLI

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 374: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (µs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 375: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

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Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

4.6.14 S RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 376: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 377: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

4.6.15 S RequestSDIneg

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 378: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety
				Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 379: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

4.6.16 S RequestSLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safely Limited Position" (SLP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

FALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 380: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Init Description		Starting in Safety Release	
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4	
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4	
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4	

Table 381: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

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Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously Position Tolerance (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 382: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the S_SafePositionValid status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNC-TIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of the S_NotErrFUNC function block is reset.

4.6.17 S_RequestHoming

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A rising edge of the input starts the safety function.

Rising edge: Change from FALSE to TRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Falling edge: Change from TRUE to FALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the falling edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Mode Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Correction		Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.9	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4	
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4	

Table 383: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 383: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

Chapter PLCopen_ tion_SF_

4.6.18 S ReferenceSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input S_ReferenceSwitch is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

The S_ReferenceSwitch input is only evaluated in "Reference Switch" homing mode. The input is ignored in other homing modes!

4.6.19 Reset

General function

 Reset input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Reset input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A rising edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of the "Automatic Reset at Startup" parameter, a rising edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from the INIT state to the OPERATIONAL state after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automati	c reset of the function block at startup	Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 384: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

PLCopen_Mo

4.6.20 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

4.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

4.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

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4.7.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off" (STO) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_

4.7.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

4.7.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

4.7.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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4.7.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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4.7.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Increment" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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4.7.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.15 S_SafetyActiveSLP

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Position" (SLP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

TRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLP safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

4.7.16 S_SafetyActiveSMP

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

TRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not active because the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed, the function or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

4.7.17 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_SafePositionValid does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

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4.7.18 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

4.7.19 S_AllReqFuncActive

General function

• Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

-2 No-

4.7.20 S NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on the "Reset" input from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S NotErrFUNC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

4.7.21 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on the **Reset** input must change from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge).

4.7.22 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

4.7.23 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible remedy
0000	IDLE	The function block is not enabled.	Enable the function block by setting Activate to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure the "Startreset" parameter accordingly or execute a rising edge on the Reset input.
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	No action required
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error has occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 385: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): Diagnostic codes

4.7.24 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostic message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

DWORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

The **AxisStatus** output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information is equal to a summary of the **S_xxx** outputs in a DWORD.

The state of the s	I 1I	£ - 11	
The individual bits	nava tna	TOUGNAIDA	mpaning.
THE IIIUIVIUUAI DIG	Have the	IOIIOWIIIG	mcamma.

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg	SLP	SMP	PositionValid
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
-	Status Setposition Alive Test	Status SFR	Status "All requested safety functions active"	Status SDC	Status operational	Status Not Encoder Error	Status Not Functional Er- ror

Table 386: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2: SafeMOTION module status bits

4.8 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

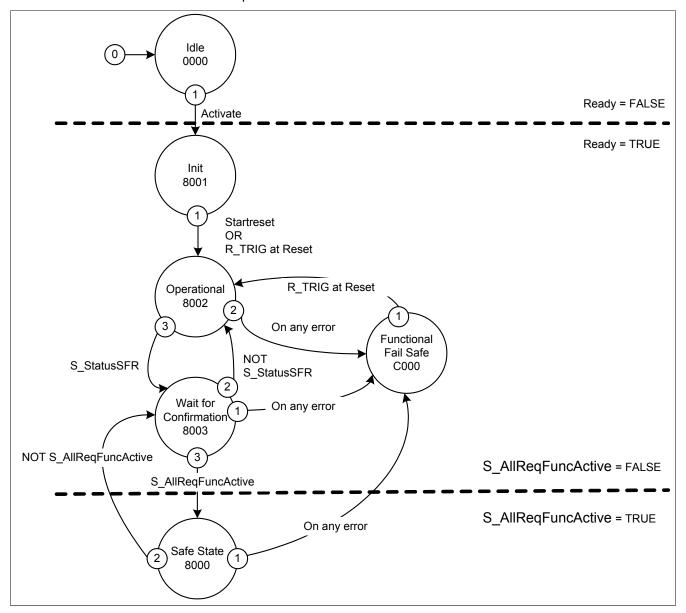


Figure 99: SF_SafeMC_BR(_V2, _V3): State machine

Individual states are reflected by the **DiagCode** output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

4.9 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

5 SF_SafeMC_BR_V3

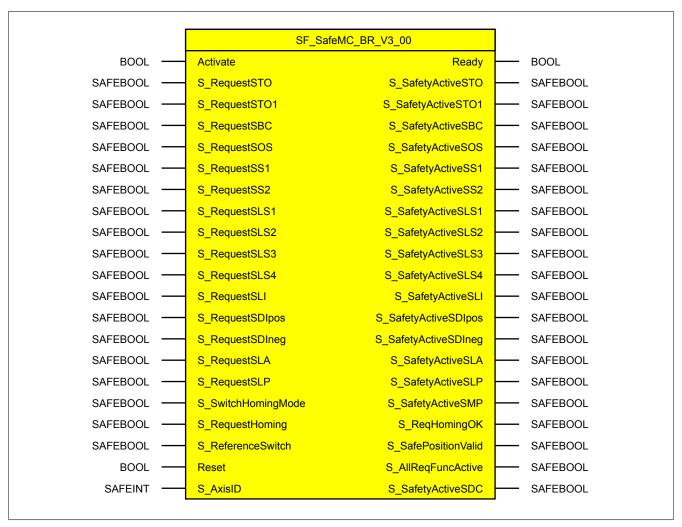


Figure 100: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3 function block

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_BR_V3_00 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.9.

If a previous Safety Release is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

5.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
S_RequestSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIneg safety function request: SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLA safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_RequestSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function request SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_SwitchHomingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Homing with RSP enabled. SAFEFALSE: Homing with RSP disabled.
S_RequestHoming	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for Safe Homing Request is made on a rising edge!
S_ReferenceSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
Reset	BOOL	Variable	Edge	FALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the er- ror has been removed
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 387: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled
S_SafetyActiveSTO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	STO safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSTO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function STO1 active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBC safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SOS safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS1 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SS2 safety function active, deceleration mon itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS1 safety function active, deceleration mon itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS2 safety function active, deceleration mon itoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)

Table 388: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of output parameters

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Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSLS3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS3 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLS4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLS4 safety function active, deceleration monitoring completed, no violation of a monitored limit detected (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLI safety function active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIpos	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SDIpos safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDIneg	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function SDIneg active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLA safety function is active, no violation of a monitored limit (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SLP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SMP safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_ReqHomingOK	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (=SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_AllReqFuncActive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	All requested safety functions have achieved their safe state. (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyActiveSDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring active (= SAFETRUE)
S_NotErrFUNC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state (= SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
AxisStatus	DWORD	Variable	Status	32#00000000	Status information from axis

Table 388: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 389: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

5.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Safe machine options (previously Additional Parameter)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Used starting in Safety Release
Safe machine options - Enable		Activates/Deactivates the "Safe machine options" safety function	Disabled	R 1.9
	Disabled			
(previously Activate Safe Ma-				
chine Options)				

Table 390: SafeMOTION parameter group: Safe machine options

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously Count of physical reference system)	-	Linear encode length of the pl Any unit (mm, used for position). For this reason unit (units per)	r unit scale: x revolutions r unit scale: x reference lengths (reference length = hysical reference system) 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be ons (and data which can result such as speed and active revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a cerx revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously		R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system [units]</i>)	[units]	Any unit (mm, used for position celeration). For this reason unit (units per)	r unit scale: Units per x revolutions r unit scale: Units per x reference lengths 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be ons (and data which can result such as speed and ac- n, the relationship between an integer multiple of this x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a cer- x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously	1000	R 1.4
EUS - Counting direction	Standard /	Counting direction of the position or speed		Standard	R 1.3
(previously Counting direction)	Inverse	Standard Inverse	Description Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Encoder counting direction is negative to the		
EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nm))	[nm]	system is defin	ot used for rotary encoders, where the reference sys-	100000000	R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum pern	nissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 391: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Maximum trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
(previously Homing Monitoring Time (µs))				
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference Switch /	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	The modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!		
Homing - Edge of reference switch	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE	Positive	R 1.4
(previously <i>Edge of reference</i> switch)		in the positive direction of movement.		
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En-	Disabled	R 1.4
(previously Reference pulse)		Dat 2.2.		
Homing - Blocking distance	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed.		R 1.4
(previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys-		This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system.		
tem))		A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders.		
		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.		

Table 392: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 393: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested	Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	ion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 394: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates rample SS2 function is	p monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 395: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 396: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 397: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description D		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SN	MS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]		ne maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	r SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	r SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	r SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4)		0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[ps]	Deceleration rar	mp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration rar	mp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration rar	mp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration rar	mp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 398: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 399: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMI	Safety function from the configuration	Disabled	R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Posi-	[units]	Lower position limit for the machine's full range of movement		0	R 1.4
tion Limit for SMP (units))					
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position lim	nit for the machine's full range of movement	0	R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position lim	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position lim	nit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between	en the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 400: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

			<u> </u>		
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position	Enabled/	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the	Enabled	R 1.3
error monitoring - Enable	Disabled	SafeMOTION mo	odule		
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position	Enabled/			Disabled	R 1.3
setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Disabled	generated on the	SafeMOTION module is frozen.		
Enable		Value	Description		
(previously Set position alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor-					
ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error toler	rance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 401: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immessactivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between SAFE state	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake engages	[µs]	Delay time before The second enable time-delayed STO	0	R 1.3	
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])					

Table 402: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 403: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 404: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable Enabled/ Disabled (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)		Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 405: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 406: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 407: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

5.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

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5.4 Safe encoder connection monitoring

5.4.1 Encoder mounting with proof of fatigue strength²²⁾

To prevent errors caused by encoder slippage or shaft breakage, the mechanical mounting of the encoder requires proof of fatigue strength.

This proof and the corresponding mounting guidelines can be provided either by the manufacturer of the measuring instrument or by the manufacturer of the machine.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

Danger!

Proof of fatigue strength for the encoder's mechanical mounting is to be dimensioned to the maximum rotor acceleration. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Mechanical tolerances in the encoder mounting must be taken into account when calculating the residual distance. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

Danger!

To ensure safe operation up to and including the motor shaft, any errors in the connection between the motor shaft and encoder must be identified and prevented.

There are specific guidelines that must be followed when installing a functional safety encoder.

The motor manufacturer must ensure that these specifications are adhered to.

Danger!

The frictional connection between the cone-shaped shaft of the rotor and measuring instrument can be dimensioned for maximum rotor acceleration in accordance with the mounting instructions provided by the encoder manufacturer. This acceleration value must not be exceeded in the worst case. The maximum acceleration is monitored on the SafeMOTION module and can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

If the terminal screw for the coupling ring becomes loose on installed measuring instruments, then the form-fit pin will be the only thing holding the encoder to the motor housing. A movement in accordance with the mounting tolerances is possible. The encoder is not able to register this movement. This residual movement must be taken into account by the safety functions.

5.4.2 Encoder mounting without proof of fatigue strength - Safe lag error monitoring²³⁾

If "General settings - Encoder monitoring" is activated in the SafeMOTION module, in some applications the proof of fatigue strength for the mechanical mounting of the encoder is not required.

The following safety-related restrictions must be taken into account!

Danger!

Only safety functions in which no safe absolute position is monitored are permitted to be used (STO, SBC, SOS, SS1, SS2, SLS, SMS, SLI, SDI, SLA, SBT (only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos) and Safe Speed).

²²⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

²³⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

Danger!

The application must meet the following requirements for safety-related monitoring of the encoder-motor connection:

- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for encoders that are integrated in position control.
- Encoder connection monitoring can only be used for drive systems with synchronous motors.
- The encoder must be protected against shearing in standstill (e.g. with encasement in the motor housing)!
- Monitoring for position lag errors, speed errors and position setpoints change (Alive Testing) must be enabled in the safety application, and sufficiently strict limits must be monitored!
- The Safe Position, SLP and/or SMP safety functions must not be used!
- Safe monitoring can only be guaranteed when closed-loop control is enabled.

Danger!

- An electrical offset of <90° will not be detected sufficiently.
- . There is no way to monitor the encoder connection if the setpoint remains constant.
- An encoder connection error or an error in encoder evaluation is always assumed as the cause for the lag error.
- The error reaction in the standard application to a position lag error or speed error is disabled by the SafeMOTION module (overridden). When lag errors occur, only the error responses STO or STO1 with an induction stop are possible.

Danger!

Note that an error can result in a forward movement. The maximum angle of rotation ϕ of the motor shaft during this forward movement depends on the motor being used.

For permanent magnet synchronous motors, ϕ = 360°/2p. For three-phase induction motors, there is a relatively small angle of rotation between 5° and 15°.

The maximum speed of the forward movement can be calculated as follows:

$$n_{Jolt} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}} \left[\frac{U}{S} \right]$$

with the maximum acceleration $a_{max} = \frac{M_{max}}{J} \left[\frac{rad}{s^2} \right]$ and the number of motor pole pairs p_z

Danger!

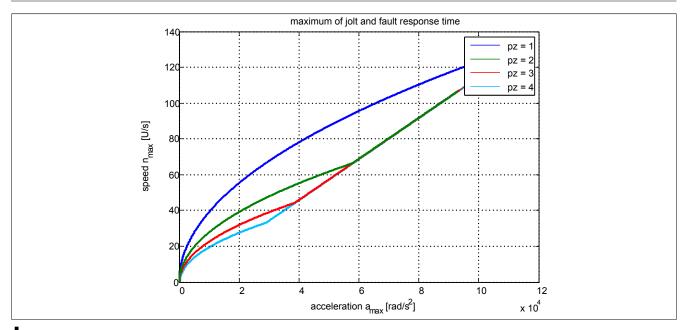
When viewing the worst-case scenario for a safety function, the highest value of the maximum speed of the forward movement n_{Jolt} and the speed must be used as maximum speed due to the maximum error response time. $n_{T_{worstcase}}$.

$$n_{max} = max(n_{Jolt}, n_{T_{worstcase}}) = max\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{6a_{max}}{p_z}}, \frac{T_{worstcase}}{2\pi} \cdot a_{max}\right)$$

with maximum error response time $T_{worstcase} = 7.2[ms]$

The maximum speed n_{max} resulting from this must be considered together with the speed when the safety function n_{LIM} is violated in order to determine the maximum possible speed $n_{worstcase}$ at the time of spin-out.

$$n_{worstcase} = n_{LIM} + n_{max}$$



Information:

In order to check the plausibility of setpoint selection after each power on, the axis must be moved by at least twice the configured lag error limit before the first request of a safety function, which requires a safe encoder evaluation, or at least within 15 min.

If this is not done, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Danger!

Situations involving external forces (e.g. hanging loads) can result in dangerous movements! If this poses a safety risk, then the user must implement the necessary equipment to eliminate the risk (e.g. mechanical brakes)! This equipment must correspond to the required safety level!

Information:

A 24-hour timeout begins after successfully checking the plausibility of the setpoint.

The timeout is reset any time the position setpoint changes by more than twice the position lag error tolerance.

If the position setpoint does not change during 24 hours of continuous controller operation, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state. The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

The following parameters are relevant for safe monitoring of the encoder-motor shaft connection (Encoder Monitoring):

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously Encoder Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the SafeMOTION module		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Dead SafeMOTION	tivates monitoring of the speed error generated on the module	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed monitoring)		Enabled	Monitoring active		
		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag en	Position lag error tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring		R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitoring Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error to	Speed error tolerance for encoder monitoring		R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 408: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

•	•	, ,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum permissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))				

Table 409: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Information:

The physical drive speed is not permitted to exceed the value set for the "EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range" parameter; otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will switch to the error state!

Danger!

If the manufacturer of the measuring instrument specifies a limitation of the maximum acceleration, this must be monitored by the SafeMOTION module. The acceleration to be monitored can be configured using the "EUS - Encoder acceleration limit" parameter.

Danger!

Incorrectly configuring the unit system can result in dangerous situations.

When validating the application, the monitored speed limits must be intentionally violated and their physical values tested! The same must also be done for the monitored direction of rotation!

Danger!

The machine manufacturer is responsible for determining whether or not the application is suited for safe encoder connection monitoring if there is no mechanical mechanism for detecting encoder shaft breakage.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the safe encoder monitoring has been configured correctly!

Danger!

Encoder connection monitoring can only be used in a safety-related capacity if the aforementioned requirements for the application have been fulfilled!

5.4.2.1 Activating monitoring²⁴⁾

The following parameters must be set to "Enabled" in SafeDESIGNER in order to enable safe encoder connection monitoring:

- "Encoder monitoring Position error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Speed error monitoring Enable" = Enabled
- "Encoder monitoring Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) Enable" = Enabled

Danger!

In order to ensure safety-related monitoring of the encoder/motor connection, all three parameters "Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable", "Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable" and "Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) - Enable" must be set to "Enabled"!

If this is not the case, then the monitoring system cannot be used for safety purposes and a mechanical solution for detecting errors must be implemented!

5.4.2.2 Configuration rule for position lag error tolerance²⁵⁾

The position lag error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability. This can be done by first measuring the position lag error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and at maximum acceleration and then setting the position lag error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

The position lag error tolerance cannot be higher than half of one pole length!

If the safety function is activated, the size of the position lag error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance".

5.4.2.3 Configuration rule for speed error tolerance²⁶⁾

The speed error tolerance must be set large enough to ensure availability.

This can be done by first measuring the speed error under the highest influence of disturbance variables and reference variables (e.g. at maximum acceleration) and then setting the speed error tolerance accordingly higher.

Danger!

When the safety function is enabled, the size of the speed error tolerance value affects how long it will take to look for errors and therefore also the error response time and estimation of the residual distance.

This must be taken into account by the machine manufacturer in the risk analysis!

Information:

Due to rounding errors, a reserve of 1 unit/s should be taken into account with the parameter "Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance".

²⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

²⁵⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

²⁶⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR_V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR.

5.5 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

5.5.1 Exceeding monitored limits

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

The following points must be considered in order to prevent a monitored limit from being violated:

- The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The S_NotErrFUNC output on the function block is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop!

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

5.5.2 Plausibility error²⁷⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

5.5.3 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals²⁸⁾

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on edge-controlled formal input parameters causes the function block to interpret the signal as an edge, which results in an unintended action being triggered in the function block if error prevention measures are not taken.

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on status-controlled input formal parameters will cause the signal to trigger an undesired corresponding action if error prevention measures are not taken.

Impermissible signals on input formal parameters can lead to an unexpected initial movement, non-execution of a requested action or an error message.

Possible causes of these signals:

²⁷⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

²⁸⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

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- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- Error on the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- Using signals from safe devices
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control on the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- · Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

These measures can also be combined to prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

5.5.4 Simultaneous edge change²⁹⁾

Make sure that the **Reset** formal parameter is only connected to a signal from a manual resetting device to reduce the risk of an unexpected initial movement. This signal is based on your risk analysis.

5.5.5 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment³⁰⁾

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- · Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

²⁹⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_SafeMC_BR, SF_SafeMC_BR, V2, SF_SafeMC_BR_V3, SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR

³⁰⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

5.6.1 General information about the "S_Request" inputs

The "S_Request" inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

If a safety function should not be used in the safety application, then the respective input should not be connected.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

At a minimum, the Activate and S_AxisID inputs must be connected. Otherwise, the SafeMOTION module will not be operated by the SafeLOGIC controller. As a result, the pulse disabling and motor holding brake outputs will be permanently set to 0 V, which means that the controller cannot be turned on.

5.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

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5.6.3 S_RequestSTO

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

5.6.4 S_RequestSTO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		Value	Description		
		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 410: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

5.6.5 S_RequestSBC

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 411: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

5.6.6 S_RequestSOS

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 412: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.7 S_RequestSS1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 413: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested	Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	ion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 414: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

-	•				
Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely.		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 415: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.8 S_RequestSS2

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

•	•			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[h2]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 416: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp mo SS2 function is req	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 417: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 418: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp	Disabled	R 1.3	
(previously Early Limit Monitoring)		"Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 419: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.9 S_RequestSLS1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 420: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Unit Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3		
		Value	Description				
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time				
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored				
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3		
Time for SLS1 (us))							

Table 421: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 422: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.10 S_RequestSLS2

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 423: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		pased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) unction is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		0	R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS2 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3

Table 424: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower lir "Early limit monitor falls below the end	ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined nen the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 425: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.11 S_RequestSLS3

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 426: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 427: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls I below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 428: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.12 S_RequestSLS4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 429: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		b-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 f	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 430: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls I below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 431: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.13 S_RequestSLI

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 432: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (us))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 433: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

5.6.14 S_RequestSDIpos

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 434: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 435: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

5.6.15 S_RequestSDIneg

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

FALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 436: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 437: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

5.6.16 S_RequestSLA

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

FALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 438: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

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Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 439: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

5.6.17 S_RequestSLP

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safely Limited Position" (SLP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

TRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

FALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 440: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4	
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Posi- tion Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4	
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SLP (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4	

Table 441: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 442: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{POS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{POS}}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the S_SafePositionValid status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNC-TIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of the S_NotErrFUNC function block is reset.

5.6.18 S_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by the "Remanent Safe Position" safety function and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

TRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge of the **S_RequestHoming** input), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

FALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge of the **S_RequestHoming** input), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Homing			
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled
		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.	
Safety Standstill and Direction	Tolerances		
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0

Table 443: RSP safety function - Parameters

5.6.19 S_RequestHoming

General function

· Selects/Deselects the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A rising edge of the input starts the safety function.

Rising edge: Change from FALSE to TRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Falling edge: Change from TRUE to FALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the falling edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously Mode) Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Correction		Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4

Table 444: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 444: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

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5.6.20 S ReferenceSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input S_ReferenceSwitch is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

The S_ReferenceSwitch input is only evaluated in "Reference Switch" homing mode. The input is ignored in other homing modes!

5.6.21 Reset

General function

 Reset input for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state or for putting the SafeMOTION module into OPERATIONAL state after STARTUP

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Reset input to acknowledge the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A rising edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of the "Automatic Reset at Startup" parameter, a rising edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from the INIT state to the OPERATIONAL state after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 445: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

Chapter / PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.6.22 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and the SF_SafeMC_BR or SF_SafeMC_BR_Vx function block in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

5.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

5.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

PLCopen_N tion_SF_

5.7.2 S_SafetyActiveSTO

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off" (STO) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

TRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.3 S_SafetyActiveSTO1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

TRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The STO1 safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_

5.7.4 S_SafetyActiveSBC

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

TRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SBC safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.5 S_SafetyActiveSOS

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

TRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SOS safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter / PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.7.6 S_SafetyActiveSS1

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

TRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.7 S_SafetyActiveSS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

TRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_

5.7.8 S_SafetyActiveSLS1

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

TRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS1 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.9 S_SafetyActiveSLS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

TRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS2 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter 7 PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.7.10 S_SafetyActiveSLS3

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

TRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS3 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.11 S_SafetyActiveSLS4

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

TRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLS4 safety function is not requested, has not yet achieved its safe state, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.7.12 S_SafetyActiveSLI

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Increment" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

TRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLI safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.13 S_SafetyActiveSDIpos

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

TRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIpos safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

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5.7.14 S_SafetyActiveSDIneg

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Direction" safety function. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

TRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SDIneg safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.15 S_SafetyActiveSLA

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

TRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLA safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter / PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.7.16 S_SafetyActiveSLP

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Position" (SLP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

TRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

The SLP safety function is not requested, the function or the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.17 S_SafetyActiveSMP

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

TRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

FALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not active because the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed, the function or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Chapter PLCopen_N tion_SF_3

5.7.18 S_ReqHominOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state (**S_RequestHoming** and **S_SafePositionValid** are set).

TRUE

The input for homing is set (**S_RequestHoming** = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid (**S_SafePosition-Valid** = SAFETRUE).

FALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid.

5.7.19 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_SafePositionValid does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

Chapter / PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

5.7.20 S_SafetyActiveSDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

TRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

FALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active, the SafeMOTION module is currently in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

5.7.21 S_AIIReqFuncActive

General function

• Information about the status of the requested safety functions

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the status of the requested safety functions.

TRUE

All requested safety functions are currently in their functional safe state.

FALSE

One or more safety functions have not yet achieved their safe state, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled.

5.7.22 S_NotErrFUNC

General function

Information about the error state of the safe SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the error state of the SafeMOTION module.

TRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

FALSE

An error was detected on the SafeMOTION module (e.g. a monitored limit was exceeded), or the function block has not been enabled.

In the event of an error, additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on the "Reset" input from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S NotErrFUNC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

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PLCopen_Motion_SF_2

5.7.23 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on the **Reset** input must change from FALSE to TRUE (rising edge).

5.7.24 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

5.7.25 Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	State	Description	Possible remedy
0000	IDLE	The function block is not enabled.	Enable the function block by setting Activate to TRUE.
8001	INIT		Configure the "Startreset" parameter accordingly or execute a rising edge on the Reset input.
8002	OPERATIONAL	The SafeMOTION module is in the OPERATIONAL state. No safety function is selected. The SMS speed limit is monitored according to the configuration.	No action required
8003	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	The SafeMOTION module is in the internal OPERATION-AL state. At least one safety function has been requested and at least one safety function has not yet achieved its functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
8000	SAFE STATE	All requested safety functions have achieved their functional safe state. None of the limits currently being monitored have been violated.	·
C000	FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE	An error has occurred!	Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio. It will provide detailed information about the current error. Depending on the type of error, check the standard and/or safety application. For functional errors, check the configuration of the SafeMOTION module or replace the faulty SafeMOTION module.

Table 446: SF SafeMC BR(V2, V3): Diagnostic codes

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5.7.26 AxisStatus

General function

· Diagnostic message from the function block, representation of the axis status bits in a DWORD

Data type

DWORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

The **AxisStatus** output returns bit-coded information about the status of individual safety functions. This information corresponds to a summary of the **S_xxx** outputs in a DWORD. The individual bits have the following meaning:

Bit 0	Bit 1	Bit 2	Bit 3	Bit 4	Bit 5	Bit 6	Bit 7
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
STO	SBC	SOS	SS1	SS2	SLS1	SLS2	SLS3
Bit 8	Bit 9	Bit 10	Bit 11	Bit 12	Bit 13	Bit 14	Bit 15
Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
SLS4	STO1	SDI pos	SLI	SDI neg	SLP	SMP	PositionValid
Bit 16	Bit 17	Bit 18	Bit 19	Bit 20	Bit 21	Bit 22	Bit 23
Status SLA	Status Setposition Alive Test	Status SFR	Status "All requested safety functions active"	Status SDC	Status operational	Status Not Encoder Error	Status Not Functional Er- ror

Table 447: SF_SafeMC_BR_V3: SafeMOTION module status bits

5.8 State machine

The state machine illustrated here is implemented on the SafeMOTION module.

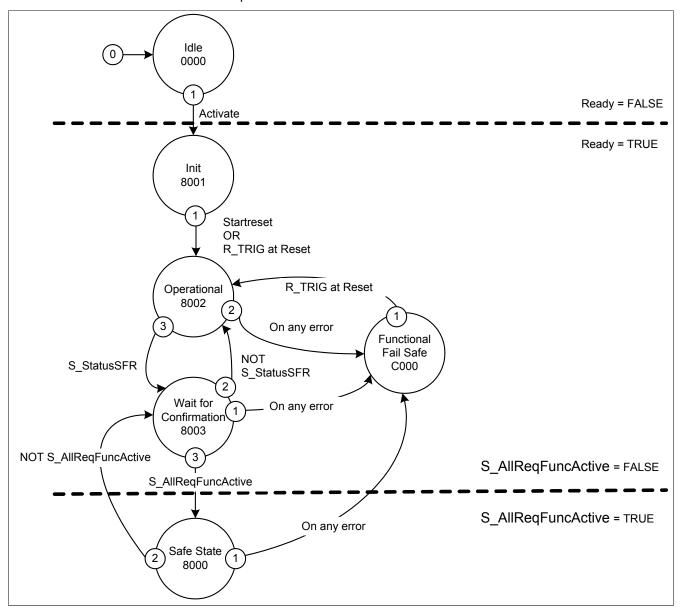


Figure 101: SF SafeMC BR(V2, V3): State machine

Individual states are reflected by the **DiagCode** output parameter. In this way, the function block provides a representation of the state machine on the SafeMOTION module.

5.9 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

6 SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR

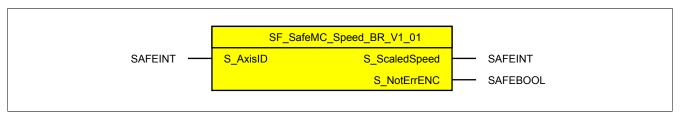


Figure 102: Function block SF SafeMC Speed BR

6.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type ¹⁾	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 448: SF SafeMC Speed BR: Overview of input parameters

l) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type ¹⁾	Initial value	Description / General function
S_ScaledSpeed	SAFEINT	Variable	Value	-	Scaled safe speed
S_NotErrENC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (=SAFETRUE), the signal S_ScaledSpeed is valid

Table 449: SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 450: Format description of the data types

6.2 Function

The primary purpose of the SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR function block is to establish a connection between the safe speed of an axis and the associated encoder error status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR function block can be used to process the current safe speed of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the speed signal, the corresponding encoder error status bit must also always be checked.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to TRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

6.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

6.3.1 Plausibility errors

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not always possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block cannot check whether:

- Actual parameter values or constants within the valid range are in fact incorrect for the safety functions being executed. A static TRUE signal on the Reset input is detected by the function block and indicated as an error, however.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- I/O formal parameters were not connected inadvertently.

Therefore, note the following:

Danger!

The user is responsible for the connection of the safety function (sub-application).

The connection for validating the sub-application must be checked

6.3.2 Validating the speed signal

In order for the speed signal to undergo a valid evaluation, the associated encoder error status bit must always be checked as well.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to TRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

6.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

6.4 Input parameters

6.4.1 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR can be used more than once in the safety application!

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6.5 Output parameters

6.5.1 S_ScaledSpeed

General function

· Indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed for a real axis.

Danger!

The value of the S_ScaledSpeed output parameter is only valid if the S_NotErrENC output parameter is TRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

6.5.2 S_NotErrENC

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

TRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal. The value of the safe speed on the **S_ScaledSpeed** output parameter is valid.

FALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_NotErrENC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the S_ScaledSpeed output parameter is only valid if the S_NotErrENC output parameter is TRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

6.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

6.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible comparison of the scaled safe speed with a permanent defined value in the safety application.

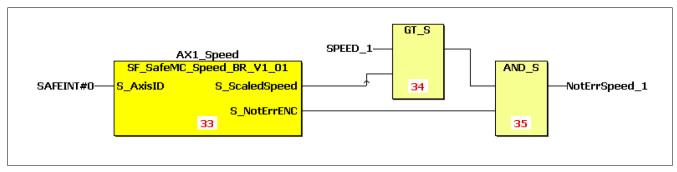


Figure 103: SF_SafeMC_Speed_BR: Evaluation of the scaled safe speed

7 SF SafeMC Position BR

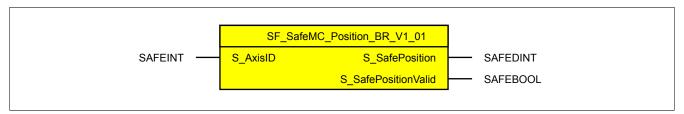


Figure 104: Function block SF SafeMC Position BR

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V1_01 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.4. If Safety Release 1.3 is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

7.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 451: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: Overview of input parameters

() Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafePosition	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)

Table 452: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 453: Format description of the data types

7.2 Function

The primary purpose of the SF_SafeMC_Position_BR function block is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and its associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR function block can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

7.3.1 Plausibility errors

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- · Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

7.3.2 Validating the position signal

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

7.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment.

You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- · Faulty devices (hardware error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

7.4 Input parameters

7.4.1 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR can be used more than once in the safety application!

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

7.5 Output parameters

7.5.1 S_SafePosition

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.5.2 S_SafePositionValid

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_SafePositionValid does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

7.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible use of the Safe Position Monitor function on the SafeL-OGIC controller.

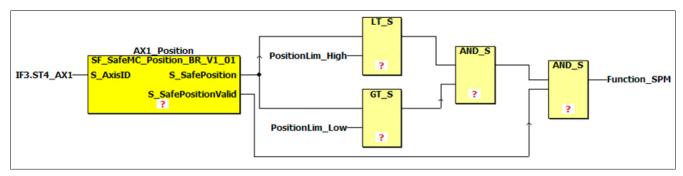


Figure 105: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR: The Safe Position Monitor function

8 SF SafeMC Position BR V2

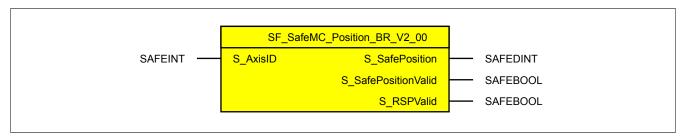


Figure 106: SF SafeMC Position BR V2 function block

Information:

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 function block can only be used with Safety Release 1.9.

If a previous Safety Release is being used, then SafeDESIGNER will return an error when compiling the safety application!

8.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 454: SF SafeMC Position BR V2: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafePosition	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units
S_SafePositionValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (=SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)

Table 455: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 456: Format description of the data types

8.2 Function

The primary purpose of the SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 function block is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and its associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

The SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2 function block can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

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Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

8.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

8.3.1 Plausibility error³¹⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

8.3.2 Validating the position signal

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_PositionValid** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

8.3.3 Machine/System startup without performing functional testing of protective equipment³²⁾

Faulty protective equipment can only be detected following functional testing. Functional testing is not supported by this function block. If additional measures are not taken, faulty protective equipment can result in errors.

Danger!

You are responsible for performing functional testing of protective equipment. You must therefore ensure that your protective equipment undergoes validation!

Possible causes of faulty protective equipment:

- Faulty devices (hardware error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)

³¹⁾ This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

This section applies to all function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

PLCopen_M tion_SF_2

8.4 Input parameters

8.4.1 **S_AxisID**

General function

· This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

The combination of AxisID and function block SF_SafeMC_Position_BR can be used more than once in the safety application!

8.5 Output parameters

8.5.1 S_SafePosition

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

8.5.2 S SafePositionValid

General function

Status information for the "Safe Homing" safety function and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

TRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

FALSE

The axis has not yet been safely homed, the axis encoder signal contains errors, the SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the function block has not been enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_SafePositionValid does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of the S_SafePosition output parameter is only valid if the S_SafePositionValid output parameter is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

8.5.3 S_RSPValid

General function

Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

TRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

FALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of **S_SafePositionValid** is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.

8.6 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

8.7 Application example

The following application example illustrates one possible use of the Safe Position Monitor function on the SafeL-OGIC controller.

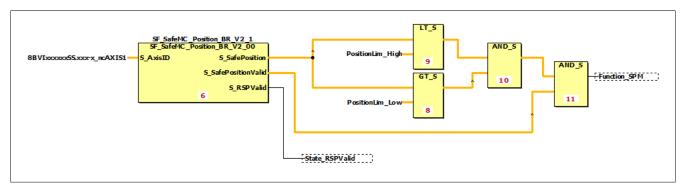


Figure 107: SF_SafeMC_Position_BR_V2: The "Safe Position Monitor" function

9 SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR

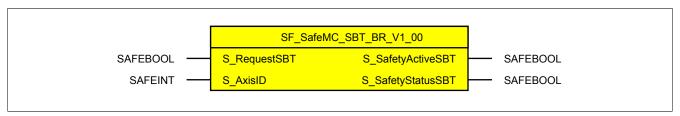


Figure 108: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR function block

9.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type	Initial value	Description / General function
S_RequestSBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Requests the SBT safety function on a falling edge
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 457: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR: Overview of input parameters

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type	Initial value	Description / General function
S_SafetyActiveSBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SBT safety function active (= SAFETRUE)
S_SafetyStatusSBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function completed successfully, valid test status (= SAFETRUE)

Table 458: SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR: Overview of output parameters

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 459: Format description of the data types

9.2 Safe Brake Test (SBT)

See ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test (SBT).

9.3 Fault avoidance

Danger!

Validation

Each safety function that is used must be validated separately.

It is also necessary to test the entire safety application, including the interactions between individual functions.

9.3.1 Plausibility error³³⁾

Plausibility errors (limit values, data types, variables/constants) that occur when using the function block are detected and reported by either the function block or compiler.

This is not possible in the event of connection errors, however.

The function block does not check for the following errors:

- Actual parameter values or constants are within their valid range but incorrect for the safety function being executed.
- Actual parameters have been connected incorrectly.
- · Formal input/output parameters that should have been connected have not been connected.

Danger!

Ensuring proper safety function connections (sub-application) is your responsibility as the user! Make sure to check these connections when validating the sub-application!

9.3.2 Sporadically changing/toggling signal levels or impermissible signals

Sporadically changing or toggling signal levels on

Edge-controlled formal input parameters cause the function block to interpret the signal as an edge, which
results in an unintended action being triggered in the function block if error prevention measures are not
in place.

Possible causes of these signals:

- Programming error in the application program (user error)
- Cross fault, short circuit or open circuit (user error, wiring error)
- · Error in the standard controller

To prevent this, the following measures can be taken depending on the safety function:

- · Use of safe device signals
- Implementing additional measures for preventing a hazard if using a signal from a standard controller (e.g. executing an additional function start after a safety function has been triggered or an error has been corrected)
- · Line control in the safe control system
- · Suitable cabling when using non-safe signals from the standard controller
- Verifying the source code in the application program and final validation of the safety functionality

The measures listed above can also be taken in combination to safely prevent errors.

It is important to note that a signal change detected on a status-controlled formal parameter will be output as a diagnostic code.

9.4 Input parameters

9.4.1 S_RequestSBT

General function

• Selects/Deselects the "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to start the SBT safety function.

Falling edge

A falling edge or state transition from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE on the **S_RequestSBT** input parameter starts the "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) safety function.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Safety Additional Parameters			
Delay time to start SBT (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SBT request and activation of the safety function	0
Safe Brake Test			
Safe Brake Test interval (s)	[s]	Retry interval for the safe brake test	28800
Safe Brake Test threshold (uA)	[µA]	Threshold value for the stator current that must be exceeded during the brake test	0
Safe Brake Test external load (uA)	[µA]	External load	0
Safe Brake Test maximum torque duration (us)	[µs]	Duration of the test for which the maximum torque must be present	0
Safe Brake Test position tolerance (units)	[units]	Position tolerance	0

Table 460: SBT safety function - Parameters

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9.4.2 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and SF_SafeMC_SBT_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

9.5 Output parameters

9.5.1 S_SafetyActiveSBT

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBT safety function

TRUE

The SBT safety function is being executed.

FALSE

The SBT safety function has not been requested.

9.5.2 S SafetyStatusSBT

General function

· Additional information for testing the holding brake with "Safe Brake Test" (SBT)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Returns the status of the holding brake test "Safe Brake Test" (SBT)

TRUE

The SBT safety function has been executed. The status of the testing is valid.

FALSE

The SBT safety function has not been executed. The status of the testing is invalid or expired.

9.6 Signal sequence diagram

Signal sequence diagram for the "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) safety function (see "ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions / Safe Brake Test (SBT)").

10 Exceeding monitored limits³⁴⁾

The SafeMOTION module monitors configurable limits. The drive itself, however, is controlled by the standard application on the standard PLC.

The following points must be considered in order to prevent a monitored limit from being violated:

- · The movement of the drive must be adapted to the requested safety function and initiated on time.
- The monitored limits must match the calculated limits and movement limitations. Make sure that the different configurations of the unit system match in the safety application and in the standard application!

Danger!

Any violation of a monitored limit will cause the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Function block output S_Status_NotErrFUNC is reset, and the drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop.

Depending on the configuration, the motor holding brake will also be switched to 0 V.

In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous.

Check the Safety Logger in Automation Studio for detailed information about monitoring.

³⁴⁾ This section applies to the following function blocks in libraries PLCopen_MOTION_SF_2 and openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_BR.

Chapter 8 • openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF is the vendor-specific implementation of the openSAFETY Safe Motion profile specification for B&R.

All function blocks are equipped with the general connections defined in the PLCopen specification (**Activate**, **Ready**, **Error**, **DiagCode**).

Input **Activate** solely affects the functionality of the function block; outputs **Ready**, **Error** and **DiagCode** are exclusively generated by the function block.

- · Input Activate: Enables the function block
- · Output Ready: Function block executing
- · Output Error: Boolean error message
- Output DiagCode: Error code

Connection **S_AxisID** references the axis to be used. This axis ID is made available as a constant by SafeDESIGNER.

All other connections correspond to the requirements or the status of the safety functions made available by the safe axis.

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

Information:

Only the inputs of safety functions that are actually used in the safety application are permitted to be linked.

Linking an input of a safety function to SAFETRUE or SAFEFALSE is not permitted since this identifies the function as being used but does not allow it to be tested!

1 Overview

Overview of function blocks in library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF.

Function block	Description
SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR	Interface to the Basic Set of the openSAFETY Safe Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR	Interface to the Speed Extension Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR	Interface to the Advanced Extension Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR	Interface to the Encoder Basic Set of the openSAFETY Motion profile
SF_oS_MOTION_BR	Combination of function blocks SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Ad-
	vanced_BR and SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR
SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR	Links the safe speed of an axis and the associated status of the encoder error
SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR	Links the safe position of an axis and the associated status

2 System requirements

Library openSAFETY BuR Motion SF is part of SafeDESIGNER and only permitted to be used there.

The following requirements apply in order to use library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF:

- · SafeDESIGNER: 4.2.2 or later
- Automation Studio: 4.2.5 or later
- · SafeLOGIC: Safety Release 1.10 or later
- SafeLOGIC-X: Currently not supported
- ACP10 motion software: 3.15.0 or later
- The safety functions being used must be unlocked using a Technology Guard.

3 Term definitions

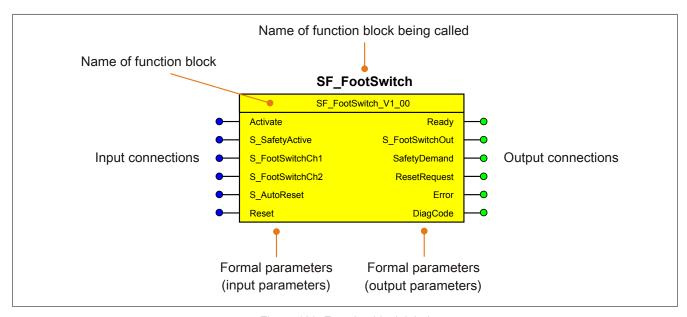


Figure 109: Function block label

When calling a function block, the inputs supply the input parameters with the current values of the variables or constants.

The output parameters supply the outputs with the associated values.

Inputs or outputs do not need to share the same name as the associated formal parameters, but they must be of the same data type. A difference in data type between formal parameters and inputs/outputs is reported as an error following compilation.

A function block's name is created from the function itself (e.g. "SF_FootSwitch", SF = safety function) and its version (Vx_yz). The format used to represent the version number in this document, Vx_yz , is a placeholder. The actual version can be determined from the function block in use.

4 SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR

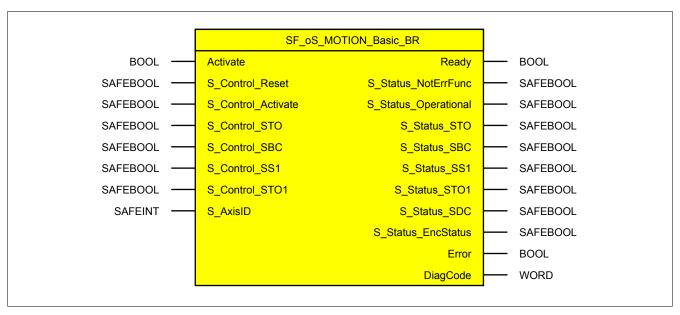


Figure 110: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

4.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_Reset	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the error has been removed
S_Control_Activate	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SAFETRUE: Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled. SAFEFALSE: Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE
S_Control_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Chan- nel" (STO1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 461: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR: Overview of input parameters

¹⁾ Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. The signals must be controlled accordingly by the user.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard	
S_Status_NotErrFunc	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_Operational	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Status of the state machine of the safe axis SAFEFALSE: State machine not in state OPERATION- AL SAFETRUE: State machine in state OPERATIONAL	
S_Status_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).	
S_Status_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).	
S_Status_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) is active, decelera- tion monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).	
S_Status_SDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).	
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE) signal S_ScaledSpeed is valid.	
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message	
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message	

Table 462: SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. The signals must be evaluated and/or further processed accordingly by the user.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 463: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

4.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description I		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automati	Disabled	R 1.3	
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 464: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously Encoder Unit System)

Parameter	Unit	Description			Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system	-	Linear encode	r unit scale: x revolutions r unit scale: x reference lengths (reference l ference system)	ength = length of	1	R 1.4
(previously Count of physical reference system)		positions (and For this reason per x revolution	1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc. data which can result such as speed and act, the relationship between an integer multiple ns / units per x reference lengths) and a ce reference lengths has to be previously define	celeration). of this unit (units rtain number of x		
ical reference system	[units]	Linear encoder	r unit scale: Units per x revolutions r unit scale: Units per x reference lengths	1000	R 1.4	
(previously Units per count of physical reference system [units])		positions (and For this reason per x revolution	1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.] data which can result such as speed and ac i, the relationship between an integer multiple ins / units per x reference lengths) and a ce reference lengths has to be previously define	celeration). of this unit (units rtain number of x		
EUS - Counting direction	Standard / Inverse	Counting direct	tion of the position or speed Description		Standard	R 1.3
(previously Counting direction)	Involue	Standard	Encoder counting direction is equal to rection of the unit system.	the counting di-		
		Inverse	Encoder counting direction is negative direction of the unit system.	to the counting		
EUS - Length of physical ref- erence system for linear en- coder (previously <i>Length of physical</i> reference system for linear en- coder (nml))	[nm]	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.			R 1.4	
. ,,,	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized			32767	R 1.3
(previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))						
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit	[rad/s ²] or [mm/s ²]	Maximum pern	nissible encoder acceleration		100000	R 1.4
(previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))						

Table 465: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

openSAFE-

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the SafeMOTION module		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactiv	vates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(proviously Set position alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag error	tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error toler	ance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 466: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(units/s)) Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))				

Table 467: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description			R 1.3
		Enabled Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active! "Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to 0 prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 468: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 469: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 470: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descript	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested Description	Disabled	R 1.3
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring Time for</i> <i>SS1 (us)</i>)	[µs]	Decelera SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 471: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 472: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

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4.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

4.4 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

4.5 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

4.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

4.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

S_Control inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs Activate and S AxisID must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs Activate and S_AxisID, inputs S_Control_Reset and S_Control_Activate must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

4.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

4.6.3 S_Control_Reset

General function

 Input S_Control_Reset for acknowledging state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE or for putting the SafeMOTION module into state OPERATIONAL after STARTUP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Input Reset for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A rising edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of the "Automatic Reset at Startup" parameter, a rising edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from the INIT state to the OPERATIONAL state after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description C		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled R 1.3	
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 473: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

4.6.4 S_Control_Activate

General function

• Enables the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function.

SAFETRUE

Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled.

SAFEFALSE

Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE

4.6.5 S_Control_STO

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

4.6.6 S_Control_SBC

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 474: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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4.6.7 S_Control_SS1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 475: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	on	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested	Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelerat SS1	ion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 476: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely. Value Description Enabled "Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			R 1.3
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 477: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

4.6.8 S_Control_STO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))	High-sid	High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 478: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

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4.6.9 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and function block oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

4.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

4.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

4.7.2 S_Status_NotErrFunc

General function

Information about the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module.

SAFETRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

SAFEFALSE

An error was detected on the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module (e.g. monitored limit exceeded), or the function block was not enabled.

In the event of an error, additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S Status NotErrFUNC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

4.7.3 S_Status_Operational

General function

· Information about the status of the state machine of the safe axis

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the status of the state machine of the safe axis.

SAFETRUE

The state machine is in state OPERATIONAL.

SAFEFALSE

The state machine is not in state OPERATIONAL.

4.7.4 S_Status_STO

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

4.7.5 S_Status_SBC

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

SAFETRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

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4.7.6 S_Status_SS1

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

4.7.7 S_Status_STO1

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

4.7.8 S_Status_SDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

SAFETRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

SAFEFALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

4.7.9 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE.

This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_Status_EncStatus does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

4.7.10 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

4.7.11 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets Error to TRUE.

4.7.12 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral error detected), or correct the error in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	Function set for control byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	Function set for status byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read status byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	Could not write control byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 479: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

4.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

5 SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR

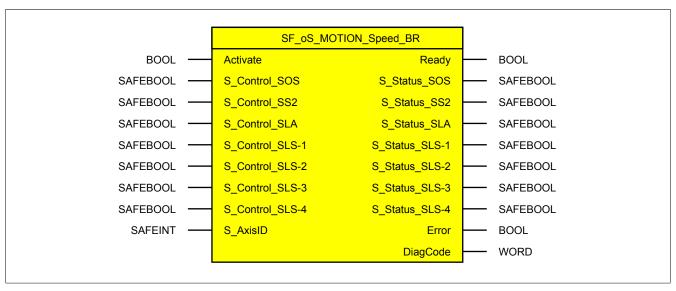


Figure 111: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

5.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2 (SLS-2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3 (SLS-3). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4 (SLS-4). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 480: SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR: Overview of input parameters

Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_Status_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1" (SLS-1) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2" (SLS-2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3" (SLS-3) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4" (SLS-4) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 481: SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 482: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

5.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp mo	Enabled	R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp	monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 483: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in pos- itive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 484: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	MS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit (previously <i>Maximum Speed</i>	[units/s]	Speed limit of t	Speed limit of the maximum speed (SMS)		R 1.3
for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 fo	or SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 fo	or SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 fo	or SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3

Table 485: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 f	Speed limit 4 for SLS (SLS4)		R 1.3
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		o-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
Time for SLS2 (us))					
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))					
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 485: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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5.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

5.4 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

5.5 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

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5.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

5.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

S_Control inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs Activate and S_AxisID must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

5.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

5.6.3 S_Control_SOS

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 486: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.4 S_Control_SS2

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 487: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp SS2 function is	σ monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the σ requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ra	amp monitoring time for SS2	0	R 1.3

Table 488: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 489: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp	p monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls mit	Disabled	R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring)		"Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely			
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 490: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.5 S_Control_SLA

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 491: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 492: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 493: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description I		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) Er when the SLS function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 t	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i> <i>Time for SLS1 (us</i>))	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		R 1.3

Table 494: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		Disabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 495: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[ps]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 496: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description I		Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3

Table 497: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 498: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

5.6.8 S_Control_SLS-3

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[ps]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 499: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description I		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		pased monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) unction is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 for	Speed limit 3 for SLS (SLS3)		R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[[[Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		0	R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 500: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ram below the lower lin "Early limit monito falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 501: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[ps]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 502: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
	Value	Description		
	Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
	Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
[units/s]	Speed limit 2	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
	Enabled/ Disabled	Enabled/ Disabled Activates ram when the SLS Value Enabled Disabled [units/s] Speed limit 2	Enabled/ Disabled Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested Value Description Enabled When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time Disabled When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored [units/s] Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)	Enabled/ Disabled Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested Value Description Enabled When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time Disabled When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored [units/s] Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)

Table 503: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lowe "Early limit mon falls below the amount of time	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring time (us)</i>)	[µs]		Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state		R 1.3

Table 504: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

openSAFE-

5.6.10 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and function block oS_MOTION_Basic_BR or oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

5.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

5.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

openSAFE-

5.7.2 S_Status_SOS

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

SAFETRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

5.7.3 **S_Status_SS2**

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

5.7.4 S_Status_SLA

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

5.7.5 S_Status_SLS-1

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

5.7.6 S_Status_SLS-2

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

5.7.7 S_Status_SLS-3

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

5.7.8 S_Status_SLS-4

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

5.7.9 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

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5.7.10 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

5.7.11 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	represents the state of a connected safe device (active inactive
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	Function set for control byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	Function set for status byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read status byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	Could not write control byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 505: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

5.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

6 SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR

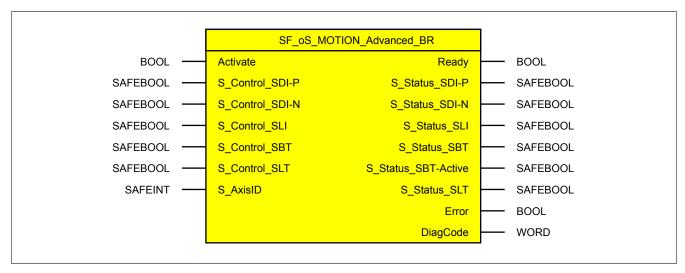


Figure 112: Function block SF oS MOTION Advanced BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

6.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI). Movement in the positive direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI). Movement in the negative direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT). The request is made on a falling edge! Function not yet available
S_Control_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Torque" (SLT) SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested Function not yet available
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 506: SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR: Overview of input parameters

Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF • SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_Status_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, positive direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	us SAFEFALSE Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, no tion) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) completed successfully, status of test is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
S_Status_SBT-Active	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) active (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
S_Status_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Torque" (SLT) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 507: SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR: Overview of output parameters

¹⁾ Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 508: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_8

6.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 509: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs</i>))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 510: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range } \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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6.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

6.4 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

6.5 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_8

6.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

6.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

S_Control inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs Activate and S_AxisID must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

6.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

6.6.3 S_Control_SDI-P

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 511: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Oroup: Maramood rai	Group: Advanced functions ODI (providuoly durity Additional Advancedo)					
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release		
SDI - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SDI (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3		

Table 512: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

6.6.4 S_Control_SDI-N

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 513: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Oroup: Maramood rai	Group: Advanced functions ODI (providuoly durity Additional Advancedo)					
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release		
SDI - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> SDI (us)	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3		

Table 514: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

6.6.5 S_Control_SLI

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 515: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Croup: rear amount of the crown				
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously <i>SLI Off Delay (μs)</i>)	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 516: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

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6.6.6 S_Control_SBT

General function

• This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

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6.6.7 S_Control_SLT

General function

• This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

6.6.8 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

6.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

6.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

6.7.2 S_Status_SDI-P

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

6.7.3 S_Status_SDI-N

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

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6.7.4 S_Status_SLI

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Increment"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

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6.7.5 S_Status_SBT

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

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6.7.6 S_Status_SBT-Active

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

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6.7.7 S_Status_SLT

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

6.7.8 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

6.7.9 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets Error to TRUE.

6.7.10 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral error detected), or correct the error in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	Function set for control byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	Function set for status byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read status byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	Could not write control byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 517: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

6.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

7 SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR



Figure 113: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

7.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE) Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_Control_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing. The request is made on a rising edge!
S_Control_RefSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
S_Control_SwitchHom- ingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Enables homing with remanent safe position (RSP). SAFEFALSE: Homing variant "RSP" not active
S_Control_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 518: SF oS MOTION AbsPos BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output "Ready" according to the PLCopen standard	
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)	
S_Status_ReqHomin- gOk	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (i.e. SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_EncStatus2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte is valid.	
S_Status_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_SMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)	
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSF (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homin with RSP is now possible)	
S_Status_SetPosAlive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint	
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message	
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message	

Table 519: SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 520: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

7.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing*)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Maximum trigger speed	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
(previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))				
Homing - Monitoring time	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4
(previously Homing Monitoring Time (μs))				
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Selects the homing mode The modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2.		R 1.4

Table 521: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the	Activates the SMP safety function from the configuration		R 1.4
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated		
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated		
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Lower position	Lower position limit for the machine's full range of movement		R 1.4
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the machine's full range of movement		0	R 1.4
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position	n limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position	n limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time be	tween the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 522: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

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Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesactivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time betwee SAFE state	en STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay for STO in					
Functional Fail Safe [µs])					
FFS - Delay time until brake	[µs]		e the brake engages	0	R 1.3
engages		The second enabl time-delayed STO			
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])			-		

Table 523: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} \le EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SOS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS3}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS2}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS1}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMS}} \leq \mathsf{EUS} \text{ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range } \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLS4}}$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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7.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

7.4 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

7.5 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

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7.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

7.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

S_Control inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs Activate and S AxisID must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs Activate and S_AxisID, inputs S_Control_Reset and S_Control_Activate must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

7.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

7.6.3 S_Control_Homing

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A rising edge of the input starts the safety function.

Rising edge: Change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Falling edge: Change from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the falling edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode	Direct / Reference Switch /	Selects the homing mode	Direct	R 1.4
(previously <i>Mode</i>)	Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		
Homing - Home position or home offset	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
(previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))				
Homing - Enable RSP (Remanent safe position)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En-	Disabled	R 1.9
(previously Remanent safe position)		Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously Edge of reference	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
switch) Homing - Trigger direction	Positive /	Selects the trigger direction	Positive	R 1.4
(previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Negative	If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.		

Table 524: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (μs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 524: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

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7.6.4 S Control RefSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input S_Control_RefSwitch is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

Input S_Control_RefSwitch is only evaluated in homing mode "Reference Switch". The input is ignored in other homing modes!

7.6.5 S_Control_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by safety function "Remanent Safe Position" and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

SAFETRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge on input **S_Control_RequestHoming**), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

SAFEFALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge on input **S_Control_RequestHoming**), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value
Homing			
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled
		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2	
Safety Standstill and Direction	n Tolerances		
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0

Table 525: RSP safety function - Parameters

7.6.6 S Control SLP

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 526: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 527: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

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Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 528: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the S_SafePositionValid status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of the S_NotErrFUNC function block is reset.

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7.6.7 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

7.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

7.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

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7.7.2 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_Status_Homing does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter S_SafePosition_4Byte is only valid if output parameter S_SafePosition-Valid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

7.7.3 S_Status_ReqHomingOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state (**S_Control_Homing** and **S_Status_Homing** are set).

SAFETRUE

The input for homing is set (**S_Control_Homing** = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid (**S_Status_Homing** = SAFETRUE).

SAFEFALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion

7.7.4 S_Status_EncStatus2

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_Status_EncStatus2 does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

7.7.5 S_Status_SLP

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is not requested or has not yet reached its safe state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-

7.7.6 S_Status_SMP

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not yet active since the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

7.7.7 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of **S_Status_Homing** is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

7.7.8 S_Status_SetPosAlive

General function

· Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether the plausibility of the position setpoint has been checked.

SAFETRUE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was checked successfully.

SAFEFALSE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was faulty or not checked. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

7.7.9 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

7.7.10 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

7.7.11 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	represents the state of a connected safe device (active inactive
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	Function set for control byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	Function set for status byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read status byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	Could not write control byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 529: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

7.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

8 SF_oS_MOTION_BR

			•
	SF_oS_M	OTION_BR	
BOOL —	Activate	Ready	BOOL
SAFEINT -	S_AxisID	Error	BOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_Reset	DiagCode	WORD
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_Activate	S_Status_NotErrFunc	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_STO	S_Status_Operational	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SBC	S_Status_STO	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SS1	S_Status_SBC	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_STO1	S_Status_SS1	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SOS	S_Status_STO1	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SS2	S_Status_SDC	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL -	S_Control_SLA	S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SLS-1	S_Status_SOS	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL -	S_Control_SLS-2	S_Status_SS2	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL -	S_Control_SLS-3	S_Status_SLA	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SLS-4	S_Status_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SDI-P	S_Status_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SDI-N	S_Status_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SLI	S_Status_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL	S_Control_SBT	S_Status_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SLT	S_Status_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL -	S_Control_Homing	S_Status_SLI	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL	S_Control_RefSwitch	S_Status_SBT	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SwitchHomingMode	S_Status_SBT-Active	SAFEBOOL
SAFEBOOL —	S_Control_SLP	S_Status_SLT	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_ReqHomingOK	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_EncStatus2	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_SLP	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_SMP	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL
		S_Status_SetPosAlive	SAFEBOOL

Figure 114: Function block "SF_oS_MOTION_BR"

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

This function block provides access to all available function sets.

If this function block is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the same S_AxisID is not permitted to be simultaneously used with function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR!

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8.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
		Constant			Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block
S_Control_Reset	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Resets error messages and the SafeMOTION module after the cause of the error has been removed
S_Control_Activate	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	SAFETRUE: Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled. SAFEFALSE: Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE
S_Control_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safety Limited Accelera- tion" (SLA). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1 (SLS-1). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2 (SLS-2). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3 (SLS-3). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4 (SLS-4). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI). Movement in the positive direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI). Movement in the negative direction is allowed. SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested
S_Control_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT). The request is made on a falling edge! Function not yet available
S_Control_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Function not yet available
S_Control_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Edge	SAFEFALSE	Request for safe homing. The request is made on a rising edge!
S_Control_RefSwitch	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safe input for a reference switch
S_Control_SwitchHom- ingMode	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Enables homing with remanent safe position (RSP). SAFEFALSE: Homing variant "RSP" not active
S_Control_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable/ Constant	Status	SAFEFALSE	Request for safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP). SAFEFALSE: Safety function requested

Table 530: "SF_oS_MOTION_BR": Overview of input parameters

¹⁾ Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message
S_Status_NotErrFunc	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	SafeMOTION module not in state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_Operational	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Status of the state machine of the safe axis SAFEFALSE: State machine not in state OPERATION- AL SAFETRUE: State machine in state OPERATIONAL
S_Status_STO	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SBC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SS1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1) is active, decelera- tion monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_STO1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1) is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_SDC	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Deceleration monitoring is active (i.e. SAFETRUE).
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed" is valid - TBD.
S_Status_SOS	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SS2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) is active, decelera- tion monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLA	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-1	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 1" (SLS-1) is active, deceleration monitoring is complet- ed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 2" (SLS-2) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-3	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safety Limited Speed, Speed Limit 3" (SLS-3) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLS-4	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Speed, Speed Limit 4" (SLS-4) is active, deceleration monitoring is completed, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-P	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, positive direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SDI-N	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Direction" (SDI, negative direction) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SLI	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SBT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) completed successfully, status of test is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
S_Status_SBT-Active	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Brake Test" (SBT) active (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
S_Status_SLT	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safely Limited Torque" (SLT) active, no violation of a monitored limit (i.e. SAFETRUE) Function not yet available
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_Status_ReqHomin- gOK	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER (i.e. SAFETRUE, safe position is valid and request for safe homing is SAFETRUE)
S_Status_EncStatus2	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal "S_ScaledSpeed" is valid - TBD.
S_Status_SLP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safety Limited Position" (SLP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_SMP	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Safety function "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP) active (i.e. SAFETRUE)
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSP) (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)
S_Status_SetPosAlive	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Status information about the plausibility of the position setpoint - TBD

Table 531: "SF_oS_MOTION_BR": Overview of output parameters

¹⁾ Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF • SF_oS_MOTION_BR

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 532: Format description of the data types

You have the option of linking a safe signal with a non-safe input parameter. To do so, use a function block for type conversion.

Caution!

You are responsible for any conversion of a non-safe input parameter to a safe signal.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_S

8.2 SafeMOTION module parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 533: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS) (previously *Behavior of Functional Fail Safe*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
FFS - Mode	STO / STO1 and STO		AL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immesortivated and then STO after a delay.	STO	R 1.3
(previously Behavior of Func-	with time delay	Value	Description		
tional Fail Safe)		STO	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO and SBC are activated immediately.		
		STO1 and STO with time delay	In the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state, STO1 and SBC are activated first, and then STO after a delay.		
FFS - STO Enable delay time (previously Delay for STO in Functional Fail Safe [µs])	[µs]	Delay time between STO1 and STO (and SBC) in the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state		0	R 1.3
FFS - Delay time until brake	[uo]	Dolov time before	the broke engages	0	R 1.3
engages	[µs]	Delay time before the brake engages The second enable channel is activated after this delay time if STO1 and time-delayed STO and SBC are configured for FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE.		1.7	K 1.3
(previously Delay time until the brake engages [µs])					

Table 534: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Behavior of Functional Fail Safe (FFS)

Group: General settings - Encoder Unit System (previously *Encoder Unit System*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
EUS - Count of physical reference system (previously <i>Count of physical reference system</i>)	-	Rotary encoder unit scale: x revolutions Linear encoder unit scale: x reference lengths (reference length = length of the physical reference system) Any unit (mm, 1/100 mm, 1/20 inch, degree of angle, etc.) can be used for positions (and data which can result such as speed and acceleration). For this reason, the relationship between an integer multiple of this unit (units per x revolutions / units per x reference lengths) and a certain number of x revolutions / x reference lengths has to be previously defined.			R 1.4
EUS - Units per count of physical reference system (previously <i>Units per count of physical reference system</i> [units])	[units]	1 1			R 1.4
EUS - Counting direction	Standard / Inverse	Counting direction of the position or speed Value Description		Standard	R 1.3
(previously Counting direction)		Standard	Encoder counting direction is equal to the counting direction of the unit system. Encoder counting direction is negative to the counting direction of the unit system.		
EUS - Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (previously Length of physical reference system for linear encoder (nm))	[nm]	is defined here This value is n	For linear measurement systems, the length of a physical reference system is defined here. This value is not used for rotary encoders, where the reference system is a single revolution.		R 1.4
EUS - Maximum speed to nor- malize speed range (previously Maximum speed to normalize the speed range (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum speed to which the displayed speed should be normalized		32767	R 1.3
EUS - Encoder acceleration limit (previously Maximum acceler- ation (rad/s² or mm/s²))	[rad/s²] or [mm/s²]	Maximum perr	nissible encoder acceleration	100000	R 1.4

Table 535: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder Unit System

Group: General settings - Encoder monitoring (previously *Encoder Monitoring*)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Encoder monitoring - Position error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deacti SafeMOTION m	vates monitoring of the position lag error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Position		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Speed error monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deacti SafeMOTION m	vates monitoring of the speed error generated on the odule	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Encoder Speed		Enabled	Monitoring active		
monitoring)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position setpoint alive testing (SPA) -	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates/Deactivates the monitor that detects whether the position setpoint generated on the SafeMOTION module is frozen.		Disabled	R 1.3
Enable		Value	Description		
(proviously Set position alive		Enabled	Monitoring active		
(previously Set position alive testing)		Disabled	Monitoring not active		
Encoder monitoring - Position error tolerance	[units]	Position lag erro	r tolerance for shaft breakage monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Position tolerance (units))					
Encoder monitoring - Speed error tolerance	[units/s]	Speed error tole	rance for encoder monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Encoder monitor- ing Speed tolerance (units/s))					

Table 536: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Encoder monitoring

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance (units</i>))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 537: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/	Deceleration ramp	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls		
(previously Early Limit Moni- toring)	Disabled	"Early limit monitor falls below the end	ring": If the current speed during the deceleration process I speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined ten the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's			R 1.3
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		end state			

Table 538: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 539: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		High-side	R 1.3
	High	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 540: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descripti	ion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) SS1 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[µs]	Decelerat SS1	tion ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 541: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 542: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		Activates ramp monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SS2 function is requested		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		0	R 1.3

Table 543: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously Delay time to start SLA (us))				

Table 544: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Jnit Description I		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SMS - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the S	SMS safety function by configuration	Enabled	R 1.3
	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Safe Maximum		Enabled	SMS activated		
Speed)		Disabled	SMS deactivated		
SMS - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit of	the maximum speed (SMS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Maximum Speed for SMS (units/s))					
SLS1 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 f	for SLS (SLS1)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS2 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 f	for SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS3 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 3 f	for SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS4 - Speed limit	[units/s]	Speed limit 4 f	for SLS (SLS4)	0	R 1.3
(previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))					
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		

Table 545: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

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Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))				
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))				
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS3 (us))				
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS4	0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))				

Table 545: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

<u> </u>		" ,		
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 546: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

•	\	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3	
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (µs))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3	

Table 547: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously *Homing***)**

Parameter Unit		Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release	
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (µs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4	
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Correction	Selects the homing mode The modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2!	Direct	R 1.4	

Table 548: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit Description		Default value Star in Si Rele	
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously Edge of reference switch)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.	Disabled	R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference sys- tem))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders.	0	R 1.4
		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2.		

Table 548: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Description		Starting in Safety Release	
SMP - Enable	Enabled/	Activates the SMP safety function from the configuration Disabled		Disabled	R 1.4	
	Disabled	Value	Description			
(previously Safe Maximum Po-		Enabled	SMP is activated			
sition)		Disabled	SMP is deactivated			
SMP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Lower position I	Lower position limit for the machine's full range of movement		R 1.4	
SMP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SMP (units))	[units]	Upper position I	Upper position limit for the machine's full range of movement		R 1.4	
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position I	Lower position limit for the monitoring range		R 1.4	
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position I	imit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4	
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time betw	een the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4	

Table 549: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

In a safety application, it is possible for multiple safety functions to be requested at the same time. In order to prevent this from turning into an unsafe situation, the individual safety functions are prioritized on the SafeMOTION module.

If several functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} \leq EUS - Maximum \ speed \ to \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ range \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \ normalize \ speed \ normalize \$

This is required for setting priority of the safety functions on the SafeMOTION module.

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

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8.3 Integrated safety functions

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

8.4 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

8.5 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

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8.6 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

8.6.1 General information about "S_Control" inputs

S_Control inputs are used to request the respective safety functions.

Information:

If a safety function is not used in the application, then the respective input must remain open.

Danger!

The safety functions that are used must be tested.

A function is considered to be used if the respective input variable is connected!

Information:

To enable the function block itself and assign the functions to a defined axis, inputs Activate and S AxisID must be connected at a minimum.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR (or alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR) to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application.

In addition to inputs Activate and S_AxisID, inputs S_Control_Reset and S_Control_Activate must also be used. Otherwise, the SafeDESIGNER project cannot be compiled.

8.6.2 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

General function

 Input S_Control_Reset for acknowledging state FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE or for putting the SafeMOTION module into state OPERATIONAL after STARTUP

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Input Reset for acknowledging the FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE state

A rising edge triggers the reset function.

Depending on the configuration of the "Automatic Reset at Startup" parameter, a rising edge may be necessary to get the SafeMOTION module from the INIT state to the OPERATIONAL state after startup.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Automatic reset on start (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Used Starting in Safety Release
Automatic reset on start - En-	Enabled/	Activates automatic reset of the function block at startup		Disabled	R 1.3
able	Disabled	Value	Description		
(previously Automatic Reset at Startup)		Enabled	After starting up, the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (Startreset). The Reset input does not have to be enabled!		
		Disabled	After startup, the module remains in an Init state until a rising edge of the Reset input is detected.		

Table 550: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Automatic reset on start

Danger!

The "Automatic reset on start" parameter activates/deactivates the restart inhibit during startup or when a network failure occurs.

If the "Automatic reset on start" parameter is set to "Enabled", then the module automatically switches to the OPERATIONAL state (i.e. pulse disabling and the motor holding brake are enabled)!

Configuring an automatic restart can result in critical situations in relation to safety. Implement additional measures to ensure proper safety-related functionality!

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8.6.4 S_Control_Activate

General function

• Enables the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the module-internal state machine for a safe axis on the SafeMOTION module to execute the selected safety function.

SAFETRUE

Starts the state machine of the safe axis, safety functions can be enabled.

SAFEFALSE

Sets the state machine of the safe axis to state IDLE

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8.6.5 S_Control_STO

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

None

8.6.6 S_Control_SBC

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SBC safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. The motor holding brake output is enabled and can be used by the standard application.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. The motor holding brake output is switched to 0 V!

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - SBC (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SBC - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SBC request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SBC (us)				

Table 551: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SBC

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

8.6.7 S_Control_SS1

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Safe pulse disabling is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 552: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

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Group: Basic functions - SS1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Descrip	tion	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Rampmonitoring for SS1</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	addition	s ramp-based monitoring (in to time-based monitoring) s SS1 function is requested	I .	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		En- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, a deceleration ramp is monitored in addition to the configurable time.		
		Dis- abled	When transitioning to the safe state of the SS1 function, only a configurable time is monitored.		
SS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SS1 (us))	[he]	Decelera SS1	ation ramp monitoring time for	0	R 1.3

Table 553: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - SS1

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]		the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to ne deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's		R 1.3

Table 554: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

To use this function without safe encoder evaluation, "Ramp monitoring for SS1" and "Early Limit Monitoring" must be disabled.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

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8.6.8 S_Control_STO1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the STO1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Safe pulse disabling is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Depending on the configuration, the high-side or low-side of safe pulse disabling is active! Torque/Power are switched off on the drive.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Basic functions - STO1 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
STO1 - Channel	High-side/	Selects the high-sid	Selects the high-side or low-side IGBT in the STO1 function		
	Low-side	Value	Description		
(previously Channel selection for One Channel STO (STO1))		High-side	The high-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		
		Low-side	The low-side IGBTs are actuated with the function STO1.		

Table 555: SafeMOTION parameter group: Basic functions - STO1

8.6.9 S_Control_SOS

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SOS safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. Standstill tolerances are not being monitored.

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill tolerances are being monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 556: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \leq LIM_{SLS4} \leq LIM_{SLS3} \leq LIM_{SLS2} \leq LIM_{SLS1} \leq LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.10 **S_Control_SS2**

General function

• Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Stop 2" (SS2)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Standstill monitoring is activated after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 557: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Speed functions - SS2 (previously General Settings)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SS2 - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates rample SS2 function is	\ensuremath{p} monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the s requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SS2)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SS2 function, only a configurable time is monitored		
Ramp Monitoring Time for SS2 (us)	[µs]	Deceleration r	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SS2		R 1.3

Table 558: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SS2

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Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 559: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease	
Early limit monitoring - Enable	Enabled/	Deceleration ramp	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls			
(previously Early Limit Moni- toring)	Disabled	"Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely				
		Value	Description			
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!			
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!			
Early limit monitoring - Time	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's			R 1.3	
(previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))		end state				

Table 560: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.11 S_Control_SLA

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLA safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLA is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe limit value for acceleration/deceleration is monitored with respect to the direction of movement.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 561: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

Group: Speed functions - SLA (previously Safely Limited Acceleration)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLA - Acceleration limit in pos- itive direction (previously Safe acceleration	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in positive direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for deceleration in the positive direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in positive direction)				
SLA - Acceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s ²]	Limit value for acceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe acceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Deceleration limit in negative direction	[units/s²]	Limit value for deceleration in the negative direction of movement	0	R 1.9
(previously Safe deceleration limit for SLA (units/s²) in negative direction)				
SLA - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SLA request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.9
(previously <i>Delay time to start SLA (us)</i>)				

Table 562: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SLA

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.12 S_Control_SLS-1

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS1 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS1 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 1 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 563: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-"Y_BuR_Motion_S

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description C		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based mowhen the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS1 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 1 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 1 for	Speed limit 1 for SLS (SLS1)		R 1.3
SLS1 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS1		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS1 (us))					

Table 564: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 565: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SOS} \le LIM_{SLS4} \le LIM_{SLS3} \le LIM_{SLS2} \le LIM_{SLS1} \le LIM_{SMS} < EUS$ - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.13 S_Control_SLS-2

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS2 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS2 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 2 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 566: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-"Y_BuR_Motion_S

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description C		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled	Activates ramp-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) when the SLS function is requested		Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS2 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 2 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2 for	Speed limit 2 for SLS (SLS2)		R 1.3
SLS2 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		0	R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS2 (us))					

Table 567: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp monitoring is terminated prematurely if the value falls below the lower limit "Early limit monitoring": If the current speed during the deceleration process falls below the end speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined amount of time, then the safe state of the respective function will be activated prematurely.			R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 568: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.14 S_Control_SLS-3

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS3 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS3 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 3 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 569: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-"Y_BuR_Motion_S

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS3 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 3 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 3	for SLS (SLS3)	0	R 1.3
SLS3 - Ramp monitoring - Time (previously <i>Ramp Monitoring</i>	[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS3		R 1.3
Time for SLS3 (us))					

Table 570: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously Early Limit Monitoring)	Enabled/ Disabled	below the lower li "Early limit monito falls below the en	oring": If the current speed during the deceleration process d speed limit of the activated safety function for a defined then the safe state of the respective function will be acti-		R 1.3
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[µs]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 571: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.15 S_Control_SLS-4

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Speed", Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Function description

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLS4 safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLS4 is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. Speed limit 4 is monitored after the end of ramp monitoring.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
(previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])				
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start ramp monitoring (us))				

Table 572: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-

Group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS (previously Safety Speed Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLS - Ramp monitoring - Enable	Enabled/ Disabled		p-based monitoring (in addition to time-based monitoring) function is requested	Enabled	R 1.3
		Value	Description		
(previously Rampmonitoring for SLS)		Enabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, a deceleration ramp is also monitored, in addition to the configurable time		
		Disabled	When changing to the safe state of the SLS function, only a configurable time is monitored		
SLS4 - Speed limit (previously Safe Speedlimit 4 for SLS (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed limit 2	for SLS (SLS2)	0	R 1.3
SLS4 - Ramp monitoring - Time	[µs]	Deceleration I	Deceleration ramp monitoring time for SLS2		R 1.3
(previously Ramp Monitoring Time for SLS4 (us))					

Table 573: SafeMOTION parameter group: Speed functions - SMS/SLS

Group: General settings - Early limit monitoring (previously Early Limit Monitoring)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Early limit monitoring - Enable (previously <i>Early Limit Monitoring</i>)	Enabled/ Disabled	Deceleration ramp below the lower lin "Early limit monitor falls below the end amount of time, the vated prematurely		R 1.3	
		Value	Description		
		Enabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is active!		
		Disabled	"Early Limit Monitoring" is not active!		
Early limit monitoring - Time (previously Early Limit Monitoring time (us))	[he]	Time during which the speed must be below the target speed limit in order to prematurely end the deceleration ramp and to assume the safety function's end state			R 1.3

Table 574: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Early limit monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

If several safety functions are active, then the lowest speed limit is always the value being monitored.

The following application rule must be observed:

LIM_{SOS} ≤ LIM_{SLS4} ≤ LIM_{SLS3} ≤ LIM_{SLS2} ≤ LIM_{SLS1} ≤ LIM_{SMS} < EUS - Maximum speed to normalize speed range

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

8.6.16 S_Control_SDI-P

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the positive direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 575: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously <i>Delay time to start SDI</i> (us)				

Table 576: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_S

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.17 S_Control_SDI-N

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the safety function SDI, movement is allowed in the negative direction of movement.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SDI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The direction of movement is monitored after the delay time has expired. Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3
(previously Position Tolerance (units))				

Table 577: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SDI (previously Safety Additional Parameters)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SDI - Enable delay time	[µs]	Delay time between the SDI request and activation of the safety function	0	R 1.3
(previously Delay time to start SDI (us)				

Table 578: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SDI

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_S

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed. If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

8.6.18 S_Control_SLI

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Increment" (SLI)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLI safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLI is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The safety function is selected. A safe range of increments is monitored.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description		Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
(previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))				

Table 579: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Group: Advanced functions - SLI (previously Safely Limited Increment)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLI - Position limit (previously Safe Increments (units))	[units]	Maximum movable increments when SLI is active	0	R 1.3
SLI - Disable delay time (previously SLI Off Delay (μs))	[µs]	Switch off delay of SLI	0	R 1.3

Table 580: SafeMOTION parameter group: Advanced functions - SLI

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

Danger!

The maximum increment range must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

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8.6.19 S_Control_SBT

General function

• This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

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8.6.20 S_Control_SLT

General function

• This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

8.6.21 S_Control_Homing

General function

· Selects/Deselects safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to start a "Safe Homing" procedure. A rising edge of the input starts the safety function.

Rising edge: Change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE

Starts "Safe Homing".

Falling edge: Change from SAFETRUE to SAFEFALSE

If still active, the homing procedure will be terminated by the falling edge. This state transition has no effect if the homing procedure has already been completed.

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: Absolute position functions - Homing (previously Homing)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Mode (previously <i>Mode</i>)	Direct / Reference Switch / Home Offset / Home Offset with Cor- rection	Selects the homing mode Modes "Home offset" and "Home offset with correction" are only available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Direct	R 1.4
Homing - Home position or home offset (previously Home Position or Home Offset (units))	[units]	Home position or home offset	0	R 1.4
Homing - Enable RSP (Rema- nent safe position) (previously Remanent safe po- sition)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!	Disabled	R 1.9
Homing - Edge of reference switch (previously <i>Edge of reference</i> <i>switch</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the switching edge for the reference switch The switching edge for the reference switch input is positive if the logical state of the reference switch changes from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE in the positive direction of movement.	Positive	R 1.4
Homing - Trigger direction (previously <i>Trigger direction</i>)	Positive / Negative	Selects the trigger direction If the homing procedure requires a movement, then this parameter specifies the direction for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse.	Positive	R 1.4

Table 581: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Homing - Enable reference pulse (previously Reference pulse)	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use a reference pulse for homing This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION En- Dat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Blocking distance (previously Blocking distance (% encoder reference system))	%	Distance within which evaluation of the reference pulse will be suppressed. This is calculated starting at the configured reference switch edge and indicated as a percentage of the encoder reference system. A single revolution is used as the encoder reference system for rotary encoders. This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION Endat 2.2, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION and ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION!		R 1.4
Homing - Maximum trigger speed (previously Max. trigger speed (units/s))	[units/s]	Maximum permissible speed for evaluating the reference switch / reference pulse	0	R 1.4
Homing - Monitoring time (previously <i>Homing Monitoring Time</i> (µs))	[µs]	Monitoring time for the homing procedure	0	R 1.4

Table 581: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - Homing

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The Safe Homing function is needed in order to implement the safety functions SLP and SMP and for using the safe position.

The SafePositionValid status bit will remain set to SAFEFALSE until safe homing has been performed!

8.6.22 S_Control_RefSwitch

General function

· Reference switch input for safety function "Safe Homing"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter serves as a reference switch input for the "Safe Homing" safety function and is only evaluated in the "Reference Switch" homing mode.

The status of a safe reference switch that was read into the safety application via a safe input module (X20SIxxxx), for example, should be linked to the input.

Not connected

The reference switch is not being used!

Information:

If "Reference Switch" homing mode is configured and the reference switch input S_Control_RefSwitch is not wired on the function block, then the SafeMOTION module will switch to the FAIL SAFE state. The only way to exit the FAIL SAFE state is to complete a power off/on cycle and modify the safety application!

Information:

Input S_Control_RefSwitch is only evaluated in homing mode "Reference Switch". The input is ignored in other homing modes!

openSAFE-TY BuR Motion

8.6.23 S_Control_SwitchHomingMode

General function

• This input is used by safety function "Remanent Safe Position" and enables a homing procedure that confirms the remanent safe position.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to switch between homing with RSP and the configured homing mode.

SAFETRUE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge on input **S_Control_RequestHoming**), then homing mode "Homing with RSP" is used.

SAFEFALSE

When a homing command is given (i.e. rising edge on input **S_Control_RequestHoming**), then the configured homing mode is used.

Relevant configuration parameters

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value		
Homing					
Remanent Safe Position	Enabled/ Disabled	Selects whether or not to use the remanent safe position	Disabled		
		This parameter is only available for the ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION EnDat 2.2.			
Safety Standstill and Direction	Tolerances				
Speed Tolerance	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring	0		
Position Tolerance	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0		

Table 582: RSP safety function - Parameters

8.6.24 S_Control_SLP

General function

Selects/Deselects safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to select or deselect the SLP safety function.

SAFETRUE

The safety function is deselected. SLP is not active!

SAFEFALSE

The configured position window will be safety-monitored after "Delay time to start SLP (us)".

Not connected

The safety function is deactivated.

Relevant configuration parameters

Group: General settings - Ramp monitoring (previously Safety Deceleration Ramp)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
Ramp monitoring - Speed deceleration limit (previously Deceleration Ramp [units/s²])	[units/s²]	Slope of the deceleration ramp to be monitored	1073676289	R 1.3
Ramp monitoring - Enable de- lay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> ramp monitoring (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the request for ramp-based monitoring and the start of monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 583: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Ramp monitoring

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP (previously Safety Position Limits)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Release
SLP - Lower position limit (previously Safe Lower Position Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Lower position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Upper position limit (previously Safe Upper Posi- tion Limit for SLP (units))	[units]	Upper position limit for the monitoring range	0	R 1.4
SLP - Enable delay time (previously <i>Delay time to start</i> <i>SLP</i> (us))	[µs]	Delay time between the SLP request and start of monitoring	0	R 1.4

Table 584: SafeMOTION parameter group: Absolute position functions - SMP/SLP

Danger!

The position limits being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of a worst case scenario.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $LIM_{SMP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,NEG} \le LIM_{SLP,POS} \le LIM_{SMP,POS}$

If this rule is not adhered to, then the SafeMOTION module immediately switches to the FAIL SAFE state after startup. The application must be set accordingly in SafeDESIGNER!

Danger!

The delay parameters cause a delay before the safety function is started. This delay must be taken into account when determining the intervals and performing the risk analysis!

Group: General settings - Standstill monitoring (previously Safety Standstill and Direction Tolerances)

Parameter	Unit	Description	Default value	Starting in Safety Re- lease
Standstill monitoring - Speed tolerance (previously Speed Tolerance (units/s))	[units/s]	Speed tolerance for standstill monitoring (SOS)	0	R 1.3
Standstill monitoring - Position tolerance (previously <i>Position Tolerance</i> (units))	[units]	Position tolerance for standstill and direction monitoring	0	R 1.3

Table 585: SafeMOTION parameter group: General settings - Standstill monitoring

Danger!

The speed limit and position limit being monitored must be set in such a manner that, with consideration for the error response time and the resulting movement in the worst case scenario, a dangerous movement cannot occur in the event of error.

The dangerous movement must be determined by a risk analysis.

Information:

This safety function requires safe evaluation of the position and speed.

If an evaluation error is detected, then the SafeMOTION module switches to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

Information:

The following application rule must be observed:

 $\mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{NEG}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SLP},\mathsf{POS}} \leq \mathsf{LIM}_{\mathsf{SMP},\mathsf{POS}}$

Failure to follow the application rule will cause the SafeMOTION module to enter the FAIL SAFE state. If this occurs, it can only be brought back to the OPERATIONAL state by modifying the safety application and completing a power off/on cycle!

Information:

Safe homing of the axis must be completed prior to using this safety function.

If a homing procedure is not completed successfully or the S_SafePositionValid status changes, then the request for the SLP safety function causes the module to switch to the acknowledgeable FUNCTIONAL FAIL SAFE error state.

The drive loses all torque/power and coasts to a stop! In the event of an error, a synchronous axis will no longer be synchronous. The output of the S_NotErrFUNC function block is reset.

8.6.25 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

If function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR is used in SafeDESIGNER, then the same S_AxisID is not permitted to be simultaneously used with function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Speed_BR, SF_oS_MOTION_Advanced_BR or SF_oS_MOTION_AbsPos_BR!

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

8.7.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

8.7.2 S_Status_NotErrFunc

General function

Information about the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the error state of the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module.

SAFETRUE

No error was found on the SafeMOTION module.

SAFEFALSE

An error was detected on the safe axis of the SafeMOTION module (e.g. monitored limit exceeded), or the function block was not enabled.

In the event of an error, additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

If the error is a functional error, then it can be acknowledged by changing the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge)!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S Status NotErrFUNC does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7.3 S_Status_Operational

General function

· Information about the status of the state machine of the safe axis

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies the status of the state machine of the safe axis.

SAFETRUE

The state machine is in state OPERATIONAL.

SAFEFALSE

The state machine is not in state OPERATIONAL.

8.7.4 S_Status_STO

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

8.7.5 S_Status_SBC

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SBC safety function

SAFETRUE

The SBC safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.6 **S_Status_SS1**

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

8.7.7 S_Status_STO1

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Torque Off, One Channel" (STO1)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the STO1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The STO1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.8 S_Status_SDC

General function

· Information about the status of ramp monitoring

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the status of ramp monitoring.

SAFETRUE

Ramp monitoring is active.

SAFEFALSE

Ramp monitoring is not active. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

Danger!

This signal should only be used for status information.

openSAFE TY_BuR_Motic

8.7.9 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S Status EncStatus does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.7.10 S_Status_SOS

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Operating Stop" (SOS)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SOS safety function

SAFETRUE

The SOS safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7.11 S_Status_SS2

General function

• Status information for the "Safe Stop 2" (SS2) safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.12 S_Status_SLA

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Acceleration" (SLA)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLA safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLA safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

8.7.13 S_Status_SLS-1

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 1

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS1 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS1 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.14 S_Status_SLS-2

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 2

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS2 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS2 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

8.7.15 S_Status_SLS-3

General function

• Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 3

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS3 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS3 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.16 S_Status_SLS-4

General function

· Status information for the "Safely Limited Speed" safety function, Speed Limit 4

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLS4 safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLS4 safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-

8.7.17 S_Status_SDI-P

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the positive direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIpos safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIpos safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

8.7.18 S_Status_SDI-N

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Direction". Movement is allowed in the negative direction.

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SDIneg safety function

SAFETRUE

The SDIneg safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7.19 S_Status_SLI

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Increment"

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLI safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLI safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF • SF_oS_MOTION_BR

8.7.20 S_Status_SBT

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

openSAFE-FY_BuR_Motion_SI

8.7.21 S_Status_SBT-Active

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF • SF_oS_MOTION_BR

8.7.22 S_Status_SLT

This safety function is not yet available for ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION.

8.7.23 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_Status_Homing does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter S_SafePosition_4Byte is only valid if output parameter S_SafePosition-Valid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_SF

8.7.24 S_Status_ReqHomingOK

General function

· Feedback for homing in SafeDESIGNER

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This status is set to provide feedback in the event that homing is requested when already in a homed state (**S_Control_Homing** and **S_Status_Homing** are set).

SAFETRUE

The input for homing is set (**S_Control_Homing** = SAFETRUE), and the safe position is valid (**S_Status_Homing** = SAFETRUE).

SAFEFALSE

The input for homing is not set or the safe position is not valid. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7.25 S_Status_EncStatus2

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to FALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_Status_EncStatus2 does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

8.7.26 S_Status_SLP

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safely Limited Position" (SLP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SLP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SLP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

8.7.27 S_Status_SMP

General function

• Status information for safety function "Safe Maximum Position" (SMP)

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

Indicates the functional safe state of the SMP safety function

SAFETRUE

The SMP safety function is active and currently in its safe state.

SAFEFALSE

Monitoring of the SMP position limits is not active. Monitoring is not yet active since the SafeMOTION module has not yet been homed. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.28 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of **S_Status_Homing** is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

8.7.29 S_Status_SetPosAlive

General function

· Status information about plausibility check of the position setpoint

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether the plausibility of the position setpoint has been checked.

SAFETRUE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was checked successfully.

SAFEFALSE

The plausibility of the position setpoint was faulty or not checked. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

8.7.30 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

openSAFE-FY_BuR_Motion_

8.7.31 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

8.7.32 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to SAFETRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral error detected), or correct the error in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
C001	Function set for control byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C002	Function set for status byte not found.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read status byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C006	Could not write control byte.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 586: SF_oS_MOTION_(Basic, Speed, Advanced, AbsPos)_BR: Diagnostic codes

8.8 Signal sequence diagram of the function block

A general signal sequence diagram of the function block cannot be specified since it depends on which safety functions are selected or deselected.

See 4 "SafeMOTION user's manual / Safety technology / Integrated safety functions" on page 293.

9 SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR

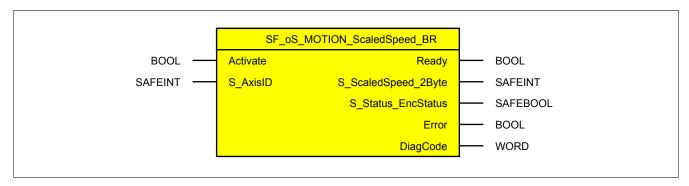


Figure 115: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

9.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Activate	BOOL	Variable/	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)
		Constant			Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block

Table 587: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte	SAFEINT	Variable	Value	-	Scaled safe speed
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal S_ScaledSpeed is valid.
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 588: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 589: Format description of the data types

9.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR is to establish a connection between the safe speed of an axis and the associated encoder error status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

Function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR can be used to process the current safe speed of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the speed signal, the corresponding encoder error status bit must also always be checked.

The speed signal itself is only considered valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the speed signal is not validated, then an invalid speed value could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

9.3 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

9.4 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

9.5 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

9.5.1 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

9.5.2 **S_AxisID**

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and function block SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

openSAFE-

9.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

9.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

9.6.2 S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte

General function

· Indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the current value of the scaled safe speed for a real axis.

Danger!

The value of output parameter S_ScaledSpeed_2BYTE is valid if output parameter S_Status_EncStaus is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

9.6.3 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal. The value of the safe speed on output **S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte** is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S Status EncStatus does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte is valid if output S_ Status_EncStatus is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

9.6.4 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

openSAFE-

9.6.5 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to TRUE.

9.6.6 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	represents the state of a connected safe device (active inactive
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
8001	No function set for this InstanceID. 2 or 4 bytes not read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C001	Could not read back position value properly from axis.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read 2 or 4 bytes.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 590: SF_oS_MOTION_ScaledSpeed_BR: Diagnostic codes

9.7 Signal sequence diagram of function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

10 SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR

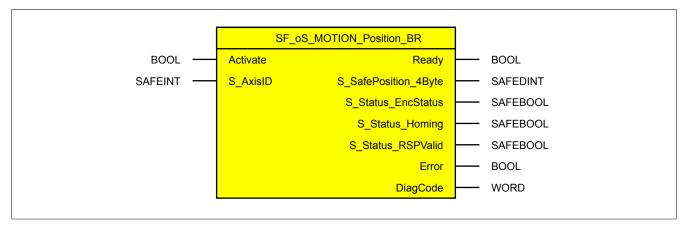


Figure 116: Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR

Information:

Library openSAFETY_BuR_Motion_SF can only be used to control ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION servo drives.

Information:

It is mandatory for function block SF_oS_MOTION_Basic_BR to be applied to each axis being used in the safety application. Otherwise, the internal state machine of the axis remains in state IDLE, and pulse disabling and the holding brake output cannot be enabled.

Alternatively, function block SF_oS_MOTION_BR can be used; it represents the combination of all available function sets.

10.1 Formal parameters of the function block

In the following, the term "variable" refers to both a variable as well as a graphic connection.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function	
Activate	BOOL	Variable/	Status	FALSE	Enables the function block (= TRUE)	
		Constant			Input Activate according to the PLCopen standard	
S_AxisID	SAFEINT	Constant	Status	-1	Assigns an axis to the function block	

Table 591: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Overview of input parameters

1) Evaluation of the input parameter signals in the function block. You must control the signals accordingly.

Name	Туре	Connection	Signal type 1)	Initial value	Description / General function
Ready	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Indicates that the function block is enabled Output Ready according to the PLCopen standard
S_SafePosition_4Byte	SAFEDINT	Variable	Value	-	Safe position in units
S_Status_EncStatus	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	No encoder error has been detected (i.e. SAFETRUE), signal S_ScaledSpeed_2Byte is valid.
S_Status_Homing	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Specifies whether the safe position is valid (i.e. SAFETRUE, homing procedure has completed successfully and there are no encoder errors)
S_Status_RSPValid	SAFEBOOL	Variable	Status	SAFEFALSE	Validates and stores the remanent safe position (RSP) (TRUE = safe position is stored, power off for homing with RSP is now possible)
Error	BOOL	Variable	Status	FALSE	Function block error message
DiagCode	WORD	Variable	Status	16#0000	Function block diagnostic message

Table 592: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Overview of output parameters

1) Output of the output parameter signals. You must evaluate and/or further process the signals accordingly.

Туре	Description	Size in bits	Format option
BOOL	Bit	1	Bit string
WORD	Word	16	Bit string
SAFEBOOL	Bit	1	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDWORD	Double word	32	Bit string (signal source: safe device)
SAFEDINT	Double integer	32	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)
SAFEINT	Integer	16	Binary number, hexadecimal number, signed decimal number (signal source: safe device)

Table 593: Format description of the data types

10.2 Function

The primary purpose of function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR is to establish a connection between the safe position of an axis and the associated status. An assignment is then made to a defined safe axis.

Function block SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR can be used to process the current safe position of an axis in the safety application.

Danger!

Make sure that the correct AxisID is always used on the input! Each assignment must be validated separately.

To ensure valid evaluation of the position signal, the corresponding status bit **S_Status_Homing** must also always be checked.

The position itself is only considered homed and valid if this output parameter is set to SAFETRUE.

Danger!

If the position signal is not validated, then an invalid position could be used in the safety application. This can result in hazardous situations!

10.3 Safe encoder connection

See 2.3.3 "Safe encoder connection" on page 278.

10.4 Fault avoidance

See 3.4 "Fault avoidance" on page 432.

openSAFE-FY_BuR_Motion_SI

10.5 Input parameters

Information:

For detailed information about individual safety functions, see "SafeMOTION user's manual / chapter "Safety technology" / Integrated safety functions"!

10.5.1 Activate

General function

· Enables the function block

Data type

BOOL

Connection

· Constant or variable

Description of function

This input parameter is used to enable the function block.

- If you are activating or deactivating safe devices, link Activate to a variable that indicates the status (deactivated or activated) of the corresponding safe devices. This ensures that the function block does not
 output a triggered safety function as diagnostic information when a device is cut off.
- It is also possible to connect "Activate" to a constant (TRUE) in order to enable the function block.

TRUE

The function block is enabled.

FALSE

The function block is disabled.

All binary output parameters are set to FALSE.

Sets the DiagCode diagnostic parameter to WORD#16#0000.

If you want to control function block diagnostics as needed in your diagnostic concept whenever error messages from safe devices and/or deactivated safe devices occur, connect "Activate" to a signal that indicates the status of the safe devices that are involved with the safety function supported by the function block. Create this signal only for safe devices whose I/O signals are connected to the function block via actual parameters. This prevents triggered safety functions from being reported by inactive safe devices. This measure is only used to control diagnostics in the event of inactive safe devices.

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

10.5.2 S_AxisID

General function

• This input parameter assigns a real axis to the function block.

Data type

SAFEINT

Connection

Constant

Description of function

The corresponding axis can be connected to the input in SafeDESIGNER using drag-and-drop.

Information:

There can only be one combination of AxisID and SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR in the safety application. Otherwise, it will not be possible to compile the safety application.

10.6 Output parameters

Output parameters provide information about the state of the SafeMOTION module and the individual safety functions.

10.6.1 Ready

General function

· Message: Function block is enabled/disabled.

Data type

• BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates whether or not the function block is enabled.

TRUE

The function block is enabled (**Activate** = TRUE). The output parameters indicate the current status of the safety function.

FALSE

The function block is disabled (**Activate = FALSE**). The function block outputs are set to FALSE.

openSAFE-TY_BuR_Motion_3

10.6.2 S_SafePosition_4Byte

General function

· Indicates the current safe position in units

Data type

SAFEDINT

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the current value of the safe position for a real axis in units.

Danger!

The value of output parameter S_SafePosition_4Byte is valid if output parameter S_Status_EncStatus is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and not permitted to be used further!

10.6.3 S_Status_EncStatus

General function

· Information about the error state of the safe encoder signal

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the error state of the signal for a defined safe encoder.

If an encoder error is detected or the SafeMOTION module is in an error state, then the output is set to SAFEFALSE. This state is maintained until the error has been corrected.

SAFETRUE

An error was not detected on the encoder signal.

SAFEFALSE

The encoder signal from a defined safe axis is faulty, or the axis itself is in an error state. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. Additional information about the error can be found in the Safety Logger in Automation Studio.

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information. It only provides information in connection with the requested safety functions.

S_Status_EncStatus does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

openSAFE-

10.6.4 S_Status_Homing

General function

· Status information for safety function "Safe Homing" and the safe position

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter specifies whether or not safe homing of the axis has been completed and whether or not the position signal is valid.

SAFETRUE

The axis has been safely homed, and the safe position is valid.

SAFEFALSE

The axis has not yet been successfully homed; the encoder signal of the axis is faulty. The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled. The safe position is invalid!

Danger!

The purpose of this signal is only to provide additional information.

S_Status_Homing does not represent the functional safe state of the SafeMOTION module!

Danger!

The value of output parameter S_SafePosition_4Byte is only valid if output parameter S_SafePosition-Valid is SAFETRUE. Otherwise, it is invalid and is not permitted to be used further.

10.6.5 S_Status_RSPValid

General function

Status information for the "Remanent safe position" safety function

Data type

SAFEBOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter indicates the following:

- The current safe position has been homed, validated and saved.
- Changes to the safe position are prevented by the active STO and SOS safety functions.
- Powering off the module does not result in loss of the safe remanent position.

SAFETRUE

The safe position has been saved successfully. Power off for homing with RSP is possible in this state.

SAFEFALSE

One or more of the following is true:

- The axis was not successfully homed. (The state of **S_Status_Homing** is not TRUE.)
- The STO safety function is not selected/active.
- The SOS safety function is not selected/active.
- The SafeMOTION module is in an error state or the state machine of the safe axis or the function block itself was not enabled.

openSAFE-Y_BuR_Motion_S

10.6.6 Error

General function

· Function block error message

Data type

BOOL

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This formal parameter indicates a pending function block error message.

TRUE

The enabled function block has detected an error. **DiagCode** indicates the error code.

FALSE

The function block is not enabled, or the enabled function block has not detected any errors. **DiagCode** indicates the status.

Danger!

It is your responsibility to ensure that all necessary repair measures are initiated after an error occurs since subsequent errors can result in dangerous situations!

In order to exit an error state (**Error** = TRUE), the signal on input **S_Control_Reset** must change from SAFEFALSE to SAFETRUE (rising edge).

10.6.7 DiagCode

General function

· Function block diagnostic message

Data type

WORD

Connection

Variable

Description of function

This output parameter is used to output diagnostic and status messages specific to the function block and make them available automatically to diagnostic tools.

These diagnostic tools cannot acknowledge diagnostic messages from function blocks. This is done exclusively in the **safety** application.

The function block indicates the presence of an error message on the **DiagCode** output via the **Error** output parameter.

Diagnostic code

The diagnostic code is specified as a WORD data type. The values and meanings of these diagnostic codes are listed below.

In the event of status messages ($0xxx_{hex}$, $8xxx_{hex}$), the function block sets **Error** to FALSE.

In the event of error messages ($Cxxx_{hex}$), the function block sets Error to TRUE.

openSAFE-

10.6.8 Overview of diagnostic codes

Diagnostic codes

Code (hex)	Description	Corrective measures
0000	The function block is disabled. If "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of the connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), then the safe device is not active or has detected an error in the connected peripheral.	 Enable the function block by setting "Activate" to TRUE. Enable the safe device if "Activate" is connected to a variable that represents the state of a connected safe device (active, inactive or peripheral fault detected), or correct the fault in the peripheral according to the device description.
8000	The function block has not detected a status event or error in order to set the enable output to SAFEFALSE.	 No measures are necessary if the signal combination on the signal inputs is intended. If the signal combination on the signal inputs is unintended, check the connected peripheral and correct any faults.
8001	No function set for this InstanceID. 2 or 4 bytes not read.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C001	Could not read back position value properly from axis.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C003	Read function set ID does not match.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C004	Data length of read function set is invalid.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.
C005	Could not read 2 or 4 bytes.	Check whether the required safety function is supported by the connected axis.

Table 594: SF_oS_MOTION_Position_BR: Diagnostic codes

10.7 Signal sequence diagram of function block

A signal sequence diagram cannot be specified for this function block.

11 Version history

Version	Date	Comment
1.00	October 2016	First edition

Table 595: Version history

Chapter 9 • SafeDESIGNER

See Integrated Safety user's manual (MASAFETY-ENG), Chapter "SafeDESIGNER".

Chapter 10 • Standards and certifications

1 Applicable European directives

- EMC directive 2014/30/EU
- Low voltage directive 2014/35/EU
- Machinery directive 2006/42/EC35)

2 Applicable standards

Standard	Description	Valid for		
		ACOPOS- multi SafeMOTION	ACOPOS- motor SafeMOTION	ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION
EN 61800-2:1998	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	X	X	X
	 Part 2: General requirements; Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable frequency AC power drive systems 			
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	X
+AC:2012	Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods			
EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	Х	Х	Х
	Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy			
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems	X	X	X
LIN 0 1000-3-2.2007		^	^	^
EN 2000 / / 2000	Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional	.,	.,	
EN 60204-1:2006 +AC:2010	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines	X	X	X
	Part 1: General requirements			
EN 61508:2010	Functional safety of electrical / electronic / programmable electronic safety-related systems	X	X	X
EN 1037:1995 +A1:2008	Safety of machinery - Prevention of unexpected startup	X	X	X
EN 13849-1:2008	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems	X	Х	Х
+AC:2009	Part 1: General principles for design			
EN 62061:2005 +A1:2013	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems	Х	Х	Х
EN 60034-1:2010	Rotating electrical machines		Х	
+AC:2010	Part 1: Rating and performance			
EN 60034-5:2001	Rotating electrical machines		X	
+A1:2007	Part 5: Degrees of protection provided by the integral design of rotating electrical machines (IP code) - Classification			
EN 60034-6:1993	Rotating electrical machines		Х	
	Part 6: Methods of cooling (IC code)			
EN 60034-7:1993	Rotating electrical machines		X	
+A1:2001	Part 7: Classification of types of construction, mounting arrangements and terminal box position (IM code)		^	
EN 60034-11:2004	Rotating electrical machines		X	
LIV 00004-11.2004			^	
EN 00004 44 0004	Part 11: Thermal protection			
EN 60034-14:2004 +A1:2007	Rotating electrical machines		X	
771.2007	 Part 14: Mechanical vibration of certain machines with shaft heights 56 mm and higher – Measurement, evaluation and limits of vibration severity 			
DIN ISO 281:2010-10	Rolling bearings – Dynamic load ratings and rating life (ISO 281:2007)		X	
DIN 580:2010-09	Lifting eye bolts		X	
DIN 3760:1996-09	Radial shaft seals		X	
DIN 6885-1:1968-08	Drive type fastenings without taper action – Parallel keys, keyways, deep pattern		X	
UL 508c Ed.3:2002 +Rev.:2013	Power conversion equipment	X	X	
UL 61800-5-1 Ed.1:2012	Power conversion equipment			Х
UL 1004-1 Ed.2:2012 +Rev.:2013	Rotating electrical machines – General requirements		X	
CSA-C22.2 No. 274 Ed.1:2013	Adjustable speed drives	Х	Х	Х

Table 596: Applicable standards

³⁵⁾ This machinery directive only applies to logic units for safety functions that are initially made available by B&R for sale or use.

2.1 Limit values

The limit values specified from section Mechanical conditions during operation to section Additional environmental limit values are taken from the product standard EN 61800 (or IEC 61800) for servo drives in industrial environments (Category C3³⁶)).

3 Environmental limits

3.1 Mechanical conditions in accordance with EN 61800-2

Operation

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M1		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	0.3 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	1 m/s² acceleration	

Table 597: Mechanical conditions during operation

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M7		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	10 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	30 m/s² acceleration	

Table 598: Mechanical conditions during operation

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M4		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during operation		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s² acceleration	

Table 599: Mechanical conditions during operation

Transport

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2M1	
	EN 61800-2
Vibration during transport 1)2)	
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3.5 mm amplitude
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s² acceleration
200 ≤ f < 500 Hz	15 m/s² acceleration
Drop height in free fall 1)	
Weight < 100 kg	0.25 m

Table 600: Mechanical conditions during transport

- 1) Only valid for components in original packaging.
- The values for "Vibration during operation" apply to components that are not in their original packaging.

ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2M2		
	EN 61800-2	
Vibration during transport 1) 2)		
2 ≤ f < 9 Hz	3.5 mm amplitude	
9 ≤ f < 200 Hz	10 m/s² acceleration	
200 ≤ f < 500 Hz	15 m/s² acceleration	
Drop height in free fall 1)		
Weight <10 kg	0.8 m ³⁾	

Table 601: Mechanical conditions during transport

- 1) Only valid for components in original packaging.
- 2) The values for "Vibration during operation" apply to components that are not in their original packaging.
- 3) Fall height in accordance with EN ISO 4180

3.2 Climate conditions in accordance with EN 61800-2

Operation

IEC 60721-3-3, class 3K3		
	EN 61800-2	
Ambient temperature during operation	5 to 55°C	
Relative humidity during operation	5 - 85%, non-condensing	

Table 602: Climate conditions during operation

Storage

IEC 60721-3-1, class 1K4	
	EN 61800-2
Storage temperature	-25 to +55°C

Table 603: Climate conditions during storage (temperature)

IEC 60721-3-1, class 1K3	
	EN 61800-2
Relative humidity during storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing

Table 604: Climate conditions during storage (relative humidity)

Transport

IEC 60721-3-2, class 2K3		
	EN 61800-2	
Transport temperature	-25 to +70°C	
Relative humidity during transport	Max. 95% at +40°C	

Table 605: Climate conditions during transport

4 Requirements for immunity to disturbances (EMC)

- EN 61800-3 requirements apply.
- For all modules that have certified safety functions, stricter requirements apply for section 4.3 "High-frequency disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3" in accordance with IFA (previously BGIA): EMC and functional safety for drive systems 2/2012.

4.1 Evaluation criteria (performance criteria)

Performance criteria (PC)	Description
A	The test object is not interfered with during testing.
В	The test object is only interfered with temporarily during testing.
С	The system does not reboot itself automatically (reset required).
FS	Functional safety - Behavior of test object in accordance with EN 61800-5-2, Item 6.2.5.3

Table 606: Evaluation criteria (performance criteria) for immunity to disturbances

4.2 Low-frequency disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3

The following limit values are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Power mains harmonics and commutation notches / voltage distortions

IEC 61000-2-4, class 3		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Harmonics	THD = 12%	A

Table 607: Limit values for power mains harmonics

IEC 60146-1-1, class B		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Commutation notches	Depth = 40%,	A
	Total area = 250% in % degrees	

Table 608: Limit values for commutation notches / voltage distortions

Voltage deviations, voltage dips and short-term interruptions

IEC 61000-2-4, class 2		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Voltage deviations (>60 s)	±10%	A

Table 609: Limit values for voltage deviations

IEC 61000-4-34, class 3				
	EN 61800-3		Performance criteria	
	Remaining volt-	Periods		
	age			
Voltage dips	0%	1	С	
	40%	10/12 1)		
	70%	25/30 ¹⁾		
	80%	250/300 1)		
Short-term interruptions	0%	250/300 ¹⁾		

Table 610: Limit values for voltage dips and short-term interruptions

Voltage unbalance and frequency changes

IEC 61000-2-4, class 3		
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria
Voltage unbalance	3% of negative component	A

Table 611: Limit values for voltage unbalance

IEC 61000-2-4			
	EN 61800-3	Performance criteria	
Frequency changes	±2%	A	
	(±4% if the power supply is isolated		
	from public power supply networks)		
Speed of frequency change	1%/s		
	(2%/s if the power supply is isolated		
	from public power supply networks)		

Table 612: Limit values for frequency changes

^{1) &}quot;x/y periods" means "x periods for 50 Hz test" and "y periods for 60 Hz test".

4.3 High-frequency disturbances in accordance with EN 61800-3

These immunity tests are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Electrostatic discharge

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-2				
	EN 61800-3		Increased immunity to disturbances	
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC
Contact discharge to powder-coated and bare metal housing	4 kV	В	6 kV	FS
parts				
Discharge through the air to plastic housing parts	8 kV		15 kV	

Table 613: Limit values for electrostatic discharge

1) The total number of discharges depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

Electromagnetic fields

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-3				
	EN 61800-3	EN 61800-3		s
	Requirement	PC	Requirement	PC
Housing	80 MHz to 1000 MHz 10 V/m	Α	80 MHz to 1000 MHz 20 V/m	FS
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	
	1.4 GHz to 2.0 GHz		1.4 GHz to 2.0 GHz	
	3 V/m		10 V/m	
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	
	2.0 GHz to 2.7 GHz		2.0 GHz to 2.7 GHz	
	1 V/m		3 V/m	
	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)	

Table 614: Limit values for electromagnetic fields

Burst

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-4						
	EN 61800-3 Increased immunity to disturbances					
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC		
Power supply connections	2 kV, 1 min, direct coupling	В	4 kV, direct coupling	FS		
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-	2 kV, 1 min	1	4 kV	1		
loop process control						
Signal interfaces	1 kV, 1 min		2 kV]		

Table 615: Limit values for burst

 The duration of the effect depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

Surge

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-5						
EN 61800-3 Increased immunity to disturbances						
	Requirement	PC	Requirement 1)	PC		
Power supply connections	1 kV, DM, symmetrical 2 kV, CM, asymmetrical	В	2 kV, DM, symmetrical 4 kV, CM, asymmetrical	FS		
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-loop process control	1 kV, CM, asymmetrical		2 kV, CM, asymmetrical			
Signal interfaces			0.5 kV, CM, asymmetrical			

Table 616: Limit values for surge

1) The number of pulses depends on the required safety integrity level (SIL) and can be found in IFA (formerly BGIA): EMC and functional safety for power drive systems 2/2012.

High-frequency conducted disturbances

Tests in accordance with EN 61000-4-6							
EN 61800-3 Increased immunity to dis							
	Requirement	PC	Requirement	PC			
Power supply connections	0.15 MHz to 80 MHz	Α	0.15 MHz to 80 MHz	FS			
Connections for process measurement, open-loop and closed-			20 V				
loop process control	80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)		80% amplitude modulation (1 kHz)				
Signal interfaces							

Table 617: Limit values for high-frequency conducted disturbances

5 Requirements for emissions (EMC)

5.1 High-frequency emissions in accordance with EN 61800-3

These emission tests are applicable for industrial environments (category C3).

Disturbance voltages on the mains connections

Tests in accordance with EN 55011					
Continuous current I	Frequency band [MHz]	Quasi-peak value [dB (μV)]	Average value [dB (μV)]		
	0.15 ≤ f < 0.5	100	90		
	0.5 ≤ f < 5	86	76		
I ≤ 100 A	5 ≤ f < 30	90	80		
		Decreases with the loga-	Decreases with the loga-		
		rithm of the frequency to 70	rithm of the frequency to 60		
	0.15 ≤ f < 0.5	130	120		
100 A < I	0.5 ≤ f < 5	125	115		
	5 ≤ f < 30	115	105		

Table 618: Limit values for disturbance voltages on power mains connection

Radiated emissions

Tests in accordance with EN 55011				
Frequency band [MHz]	Limit values of the quasi-peak value [dB (µV/m)]			
30 ≤ f ≤ 230	50 1)			
230 < f < 1000	60 ¹⁾			

Table 619: Limit values for radiated emissions

6 Additional environmental limit values in accordance with EN 61800-2

ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION, ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION

	EN 61800-2
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III
EN 60529 protection	IP20
Reduction of the continuous current at installation elevations over 500 m above sea level	10% per 1000 m
Maximum installation elevation	4000 m ¹⁾

Table 620: Additional environmental limit values

ACOPOSmotor SafeMOTION

	EN 61800-2
Pollution degree in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	2 (non-conductive pollution)
Overvoltage category in accordance with EN 61800-5-1	III
EN 60529 protection	IP65
Reduction of the continuous current at installation elevations over 500 m above	10% per 1000 m
sea level	
Maximum installation elevation	4000 m ¹⁾

Table 621: Additional environmental limit values

¹⁾ Test distance 10 m.

¹⁾ Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B&R.

Requirements that go beyond this must be arranged with B&R.

7 International certifications

B&R products and services comply with applicable standards. This includes international standards from organizations such as ISO, IEC and CENELEC, as well as national standards from organizations such as UL, CSA, FCC, VDE, ÖVE, etc. We are committed to ensuring the reliability of our products in an industrial environment.

Certifications	
Europe	B&R products with this mark satisfy all harmonized EN standards for the applicable guidelines.
CE	
CUL US E225616	B&R products with this mark are tested and listed by Underwriters Laboratories and checked quarterly by a UL inspector. This mark is valid for the USA and Canada and simplifies the certification of your machines and systems in these regions.
E	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Russian Federation.
EAC	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Eurasian Economic Union.
	Products with this mark have been tested by an accredited testing laboratory and approved for import to the Korean market.
SAFETY certified product	Products with this mark were designed, developed and manufactured for special applications for machine and personnel protection. The products are certified by the recognized authorities (TÜV Rheinland, TÜV Süd).

Table 622: International certifications

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8 Standards and definitions for safety technology

Stop functions in accordance with EN 60204-1 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

There are three categories of stop functions:

Category	Description
0	Stopping by immediate removal of power to the machine actuators (i.e. an uncontrolled stop).
1	A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators to allow for stopping. Power is only interrupted when standstill is achieved.
2	A controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators.

Table 623: Overview of stop function categories

The necessary stop functions must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine. Category 0 and category 1 stop functions must be functional regardless of operating mode. A category 0 stop must have priority. Stop functions must have priority over assigned start functions. Resetting the stop function is not permitted to trigger a dangerous state.

Emergency stops in accordance with IEC 60204-1:2006 (Electrical equipment of machines, Part 1: General requirements)

In addition to the requirements for stop functions, the emergency stop function has the following requirements:

- It must have priority over all other functions and operations in all operating modes.
- Power to the machine actuators that can cause a hazardous situation shall be removed as quickly as possible without creating other hazards.
- · Reset shall not initiate a restart.

Emergency stops must be category 0 or category 1 stop functions. The necessary stop function must be determined based on a risk assessment of the machine.

Performance levels (PL) in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1 (Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems, Part 1: General principles for design)

The safety-related parts of control systems must meet one or more of the requirements for five defined performance levels. These performance levels define the required behavior of safety-related controller parts with regard to their resistance to errors.

Performance level (in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1)	Safety integrity level - SIL (in ac- cordance with IEC 61508-2)	Short description	System behavior
а		Safety-related components must be designed and built in such away that they can meet the expected operational requirements (no specific safety measures are implemented).	Caution! The occurrence of a fault can lead to the loss of the safety function.
b	1	Safety-related components must be designed and built in such a way that only reliable components and safety principles are used (e.g. preventing short circuits by using sufficient distances, reducing the probability of errors by using oversized components, defining the failure route, idle current principle, etc.).	Caution! The occurrence of a fault can lead to the loss
С	1	Safety related parts shall be designed so that their safe- ty functions shall be checked at suitable intervals by the machine control system. (e.g. automatic or manual check during start-up)	I Caution!
d	2	Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not lead to the loss of the safety function. Individual errors should – if possible – be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required.	I Caution!
е	3	Safety-related parts shall be designed so that a single fault does not lead to the loss of the safety function. Individual errors must be detected the next time (or before) the safety function is required. If this type of detection is not possible, a buildup of errors is not permitted to cause safety functionality to fail.	Information:

Table 624: Overview of performance levels (PL)

A suitable performance level must be selected separately for each drive system (or for each axis) based on a risk assessment. This risk assessment is a part of the total risk assessment for the machine.

The following risk graph (in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1, Appendix A) provides a simplified procedure for risk assessment:

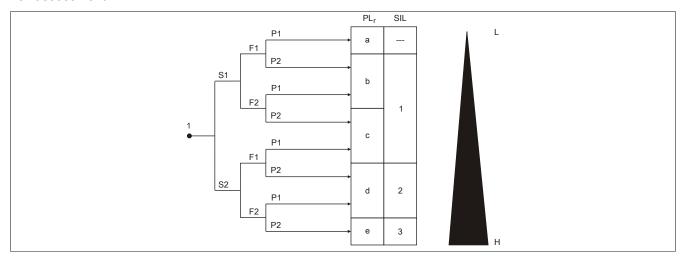


Figure 117: Risk diagram for determining the PL_r for each safety function in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1, Appendix A

Key

- 1 Starting point for assessing the impact on risk reduction
- L Low contribution to risk reduction
- H High contribution to risk reduction
- PL_r Required performance level
- SIL Safety Integrity Level in accordance with IEC 61508-2

Risk parameters

S Severity of injury

Standards and certifications • Standards and definitions for safety technology

- S1 Slight (normally reversible injury)
- S2 Serious (normally irreversible injury or death)
- F Frequency and/or duration of the exposure to the hazard
- F1 Seldom to less often and/or exposure time is short.
- F2 Frequent to continuous and/or exposure time is long.
- P Possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm
- P1 Possible under specific conditions

P2 Scarcely possible

The performance level to be used is determined by starting at the specified starting point and taking the risk parameters S, F and P into consideration.

Restart inhibit in accordance with EN 1037/04.96 (Safety of machinery – Prevention of unexpected startup)

Keeping a machine in a state of rest while personnel are working in the danger zone is one of the most important requirements for safely operating machines.

Startup refers to the transition of a machine or its parts from a state of rest to a moving state. A startup is considered unexpected if caused by one of the following:

- A startup command generated due to controller failure or external influences on the controller.
- A startup command generated due to incorrect operation of a startup control actuator or another part of the machine.
- Restoration of the power supply after an interruption.
- External/Internal influences on parts of the machine.

To prevent unexpected startup of machines or parts of machines, power should be removed and dissipated. If this is not practical (e.g. frequent brief interventions in danger zones), other measures must be taken:

- · Measures to prevent randomly generated startup commands.
- Measures to prevent randomly generated startup commands from causing unexpected startup.
- Measures to automatically stop the dangerous part of the machine before a dangerous situation can be caused by unexpected startup.

Appendix A • EC declaration of conformity

This document was originally written in the German language. The German edition therefore represents the original instruction manual in accordance with the 2006/42/EC machinery directive. Documents in other languages are to be interpreted as translations of the original instruction manual.

Product manufacturer:

Bernecker + Rainer Industrie-Elektronik Ges.m.b.H. B&R Strasse 1 5142 Eggelsberg AUSTRIA

The EC declarations of conformity for B&R products can be downloaded from the B&R website at www.br-automation.com.

Appendix B • Safety level overview for ACOPOS product family safety functions

Standard safety technology ("hardwired safety technology")

Safety function	ACOPOS	ACOPOSmulti	ACOPOS P3	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOSremote	ACOPOSmicro
Enable (STO)	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS1, SS2 With corresponding external wiring	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 ¹⁾
SOS and SLS With corresponding external wiring	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 31)	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3 ¹⁾	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 ¹⁾

Table 625: Safety level for standard safety technology

SafeMOTION integrated safety technology ("network-based safety technology")

0.51.5	ACOPOSmu	Iti SafeMOTION	ACOPOSmotor	ACOPOS P3
Safety function ²⁾	EnDat 2.2	SinCos¹)	SafeMOTION	SafeMOTION
STO	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
STO, single-channel	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SBC	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SOS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS1 with time monitoring	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SS1 with ramp monitoring	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SS2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SDI	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLI	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLA	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SMS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SMP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
Safe Homing	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SBT	-	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	-	Project step 2
RSP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	-	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SLT	No	No	No	Project step 2

Table 626: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

B&R motors for applications with SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

			B&I	R motor options			
Safety function	S0, S1 ²⁾)	D0, D1 1)2)	SA, SB ²⁾	DA, DB 1)2)	E0, E1, E4, E5, E6, E7 ¹⁾²⁾	E2, E3, E8, E9, EA, EB	Resolver
STO			CA	Γ4/PLe/SIL3			
STO, single-channel			CA	Γ3/PLd/SIL2			_
SBC ³⁾				No			
sos		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SS1 with time monitoring			CA	T 4 / PL e / SIL 3	,		,
SS1 with ramp monitoring		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SS2		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLS		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SDI		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLI		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SLA	CAT 3		Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
SMS		CAT 3 / P	Ld/SIL2		CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No

Table 627: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with B&R motors

¹⁾ The actual safety level that can be achieved depends on the external wiring!

In order to achieve CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3, special certified encoders are needed that meet B&R's catalog of requirements.
 Only 1-axis modules are available for ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules due to the amount of space inside the device.

²⁾ The safety functions are configured using SafeDESIGNER.

			B&F	R motor options			
Safety function	S0, S1 ²⁾)	D0, D1 1)2)	SA, SB ²⁾	DA, DB 1)2)	E0, E1, E4, E5, E6, E7 1)2)	E2, E3, E8, E9, EA, EB	Resolver
SLP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No
SMP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No
Safe Homing	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No	No	No
SBT ⁴⁾	No ⁵⁾	No ⁵⁾	No ⁵⁾	No ⁵⁾	CAT 2 / PL d / SIL 2	No	No
RSP		CAT 3 / P	L d / SIL 2	,	No	No	No
SLT				No ⁵⁾			

Table 627: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with B&R motors

- 1) Motors with a D0, D1, DA, DB, E0, E1, E4, E5 encoder option do not have a safety-oriented encoder mount. See chapter "Safety technology Safe monitoring without fault exclusion" in the SafeMOTION user's manual.
- 2) B&R motor and encoder cables must be used (see SafeMOTION user's manual).
- 3) Safety function SBC for safety-oriented control of a safe motor holding brake achieves a maximum safety level of CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 depending on the safety level of the motor holding brake being controlled.
- Only for synchronous motors.
- 5) Possible when operating with ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in project step 2 (motor options Sx and Dx).

Third-party motors for applications with SafeMOTION integrated safety technology

Sofoty function	EnDat226)	EnDat016)	SinCos
Safety function	3rd-party motors ³⁾	3rd-party motors ³⁾	3rd-party motors ²⁾³⁾
STO	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
STO, single-channel	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
SBC ⁴⁾		No	
SOS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SS1 with time monitoring	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3	CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SS1 with ramp monitoring	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SS2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SLS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SDI	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SLI	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SLA	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SMS	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SLP ¹⁾	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SMP¹)	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
Safe Homing ¹⁾	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	No	Max. CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3
SBT ⁵⁾	No	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2
RSP	CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2	-	-
SLT		No ⁷⁾	

Table 628: Safety level for SafeMOTION integrated safety technology with 3rd-party motors

- 1) This safety function can only be used if a third-party motor is demonstrably equipped with a safe encoder mounting.
- 2) ACOPOSmulti SafeMOTION SinCos inverter modules are certified up to CAT 4 / PL e / SIL 3. In order to achieve this level, special certified encoders are needed that meet B&R's catalog of requirements.
- 3) When using third-party motors for applications with FS (functional safety), other measures may need to be taken (e.g. using B&R motor and encoder cables). In addition, the catalog of measures from manufacturers of products (e.g. encoder manufacturer) used throughout the entire safety system must be taken into consideration. For details, see the SafeMOTION user's manual.
- 4) Safety function SBC for safety-oriented control of a safe motor holding brake achieves a maximum safety level of CAT 3 / PL d / SIL 2 depending on the safety level of the motor holding brake being controlled.
- 5) Only for synchronous motors.
- 6) Model number (with regard to incremental signals) of manufacturer DR. JOHANNES HEIDENHAIN GmbH (www.heidenhain.de)
- 7) Possible when operating with ACOPOS P3 SafeMOTION in project step 2 (motor options Sx and Dx).

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